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Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	69
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	80-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-3vqg80

1 Revision History

The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

1.1 Revision 15.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 15.0 of this document.

- Table 15, page 21 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 22, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 23, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

1.2 Revision 14.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 14.0 of this document.

- Added CQFP package information for A42MX16 device in Product Profile, page 1 and Ceramic Device Resources, page 4 (SAR 79522).
- Added Military (M) and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CPGA 132 Package and added Commercial (C), Military (M), and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CQFP 172 Package in Temperature Grade Offerings, page 5 (SAR 79519)
- Changed Silicon Sculptor II to Silicon Sculptor in Programming, page 12 (SAR 38754)
- Added Figure 53, page 158 CQ172 package (SAR 79522).

1.3 Revision 13.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 13.0 of this document.

- Added Figure 42, page 97 PQ144 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)
- Added Figure 52, page 153 PQ132 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)

1.4 Revision 12.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 12.0 of this document.

- Added information on power-up behavior for A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to the Power Supply, page 13 (SAR 42096)
- Corrected the inadvertent mistake in the naming of the PL68 pin assignment table (SARs 48999, 49793)

1.5 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- The FuseLock logo and accompanying text was removed from the User Security, page 12. This marking is no longer used on Microsemi devices (PCN 0915)
- The Development Tool Support, page 19 was updated (SAR 38512)

1.6 Revision 10.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- Ordering Information, page 3 was updated to include lead-free package ordering codes (SAR 21968)
- The User Security, page 12 was revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34673)

2.4 Plastic Device Resources

Table 2 • Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os											
	PLCC		PLCC		PQFP		PQFP		VQFP		TQFP	PBGA
	44-Pin	68-Pin	84-Pin	100-Pin	144-Pin	160-Pin	208-Pin	240-Pin	80-Pin	100-Pin	176-Pin	272-Pin
A40MX02	34	57	—	57	—	—	—	—	57	—	—	—
A40MX04	34	57	69	69	—	—	—	—	69	—	—	—
A42MX09	—	—	72	83	95	101	—	—	—	83	104	—
A42MX16	—	—	72	83	—	125	140	—	—	83	140	—
A42MX24	—	—	72	—	—	125	176	—	—	—	150	—
A42MX36	—	—	—	—	—	—	176	202	—	—	—	202

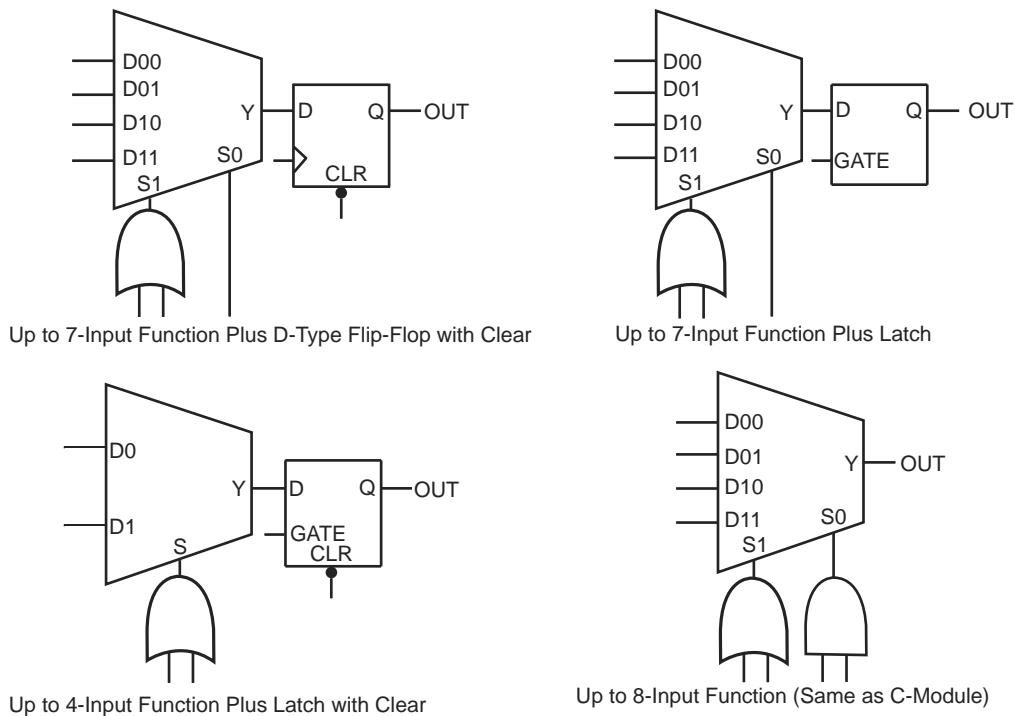
Note: **Package Definitions:** PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack, TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack, VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack, PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

2.5 Ceramic Device Resources

Table 3 • Ceramic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os			
	CPGA 132-Pin	CQFP 172-Pin	CQFP 208-Pin	CQFP 256-Pin
A42MX09	95			
A42MX16		131		
A42MX36			176	202

Note: **Package Definitions:** CQFP = Ceramic Quad Flat Pack

Figure 4 • 42MX S-Module Implementation

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

- VCCA = Power supply in volts (V)
- F = Switching frequency in megahertz (MHz)

3.4.4 Equivalent Capacitance

Equivalent capacitance is calculated by measuring ICCactive at a specified frequency and voltage for each circuit component of interest. Measurements have been made over a range of frequencies at a fixed value of VCC. Equivalent capacitance is frequency-independent, so the results can be used over a wide range of operating conditions. Equivalent capacitance values are shown below.

3.4.5 C_{EQ} Values for Microsemi MX FPGAs

Modules (C_{EQM})3.5

Input Buffers (C_{EQI})6.9

Output Buffers (C_{EQO})18.2

Routed Array Clock Buffer Loads (C_{EQCR})1.4

To calculate the active power dissipated from the complete design, the switching frequency of each part of the logic must be known. The equation below shows a piece-wise linear summation over all components.

$$\text{Power} = \text{VCCA}^2 * [(m * C_{EQM} * f_m)_{\text{modules}} + (n * C_{EQI} * f_n)_{\text{inputs}} + (p * (C_{EQO} + C_L) * f_p)_{\text{outputs}} + \\ 0.5 * (q_1 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q1})_{\text{routed_Clk1}} + (r_1 * f_{q1})_{\text{routed_Clk1}} + \\ 0.5 * (q_2 * C_{EQCR} * f_{q2})_{\text{routed_Clk2}} + (r_2 * f_{q2})_{\text{routed_Clk2}}(2)]$$

EQ 3

where:

m = Number of logic modules switching at frequency f_m

n = Number of input buffers switching at frequency f_n

p = Number of output buffers switching at frequency f_p

q₁ = Number of clock loads on the first routed array clock

q₂ = Number of clock loads on the second routed array clock

r₁ = Fixed capacitance due to first routed array clock

r₂ = Fixed capacitance due to second routed array clock

C_{EQM} = Equivalent capacitance of logic modules in pF

C_{EQI} = Equivalent capacitance of input buffers in pF

C_{EQO} = Equivalent capacitance of output buffers in pF

C_{EQCR} = Equivalent capacitance of routed array clock in pF

C_L = Output load capacitance in pF

f_m = Average logic module switching rate in MHz

f_n = Average input buffer switching rate in MHz

f_p = Average output buffer switching rate in MHz

f_{q1} = Average first routed array clock rate in MHz

3.8.1 3.3 V LVTTL Electrical Specifications

Table 19 • 3.3V LVTTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = -4 mA	2.15		2.15		2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 6 mA		0.4		0.4		0.48		0.48	V
VIL		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL			-10		-10		-10		-10	µA
IIH			-10		-10		-10		-10	µA
Input Transition Time, T _R and T _F			500		500		500		500	ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC ²	A40MX02, A40MX04	3		25		10		25		mA
	A42MX09	5		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX16	6		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36	15		25		25		25		mA
Low-Power Mode Standby Current	42MX devices only	0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the <i>IB/S model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

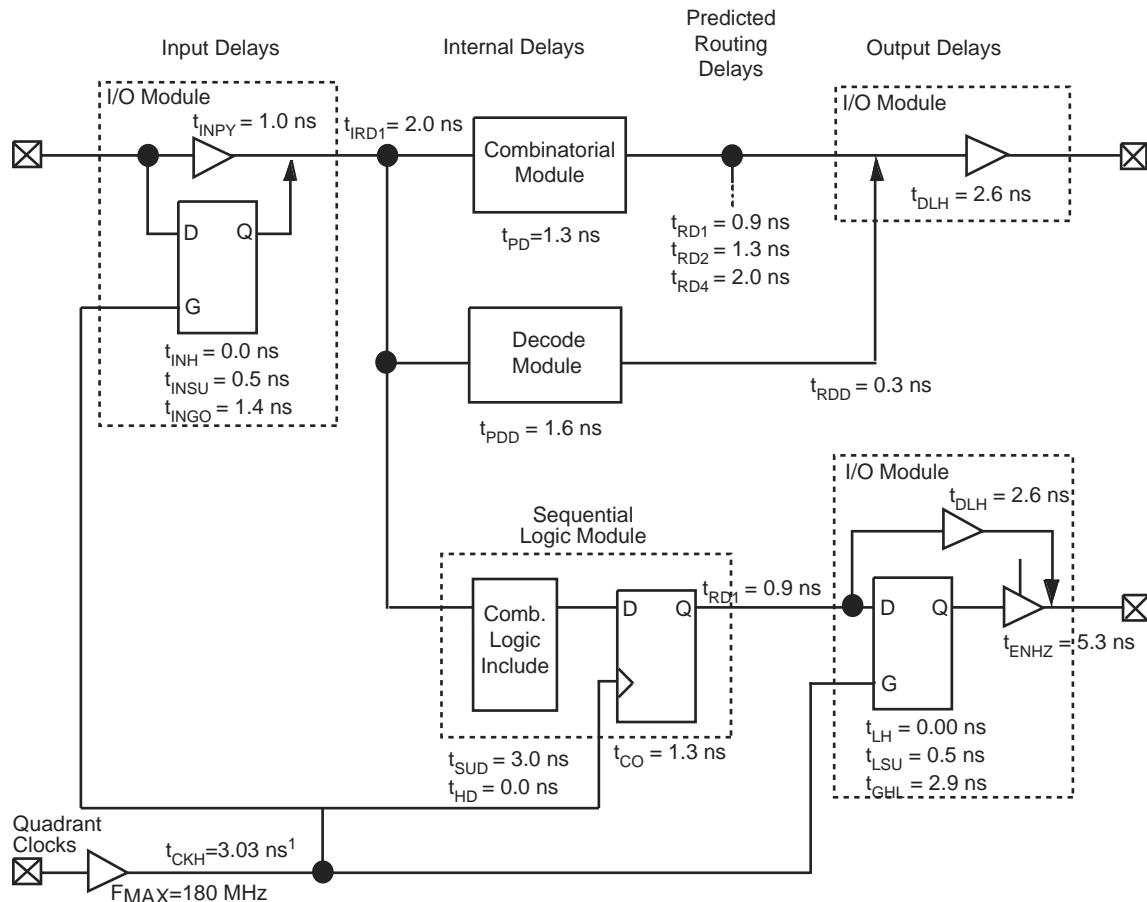
1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min.
2. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND.

3.9 Mixed 5.0 V / 3.3 V Operating Conditions (for 42MX Devices Only)

Table 20 • Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCCA + 0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI + 0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

Figure 19 • 42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)

Note: 1. Load-dependent

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions

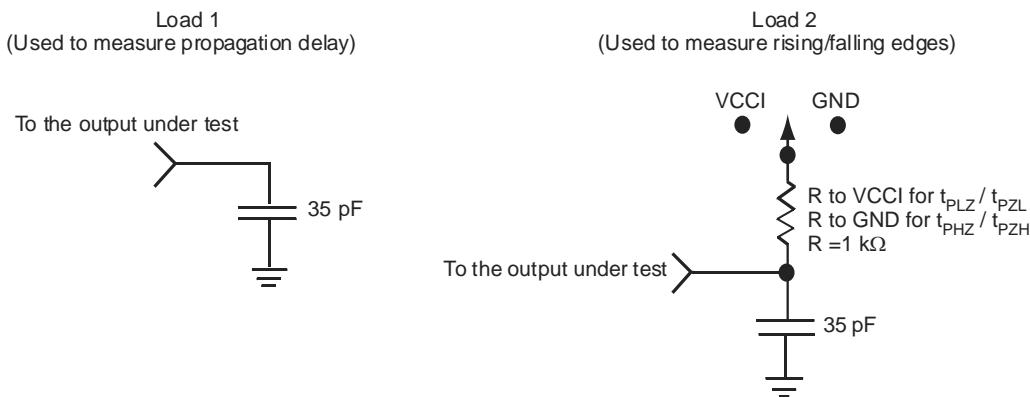
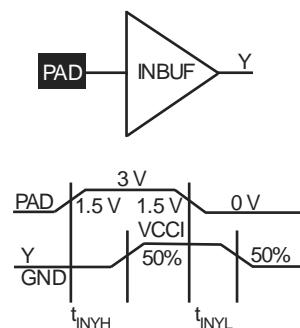
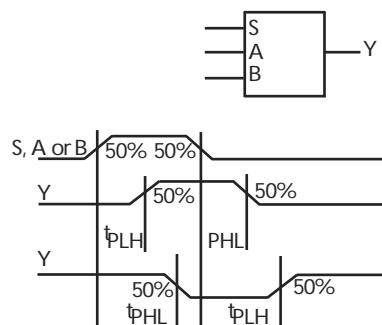
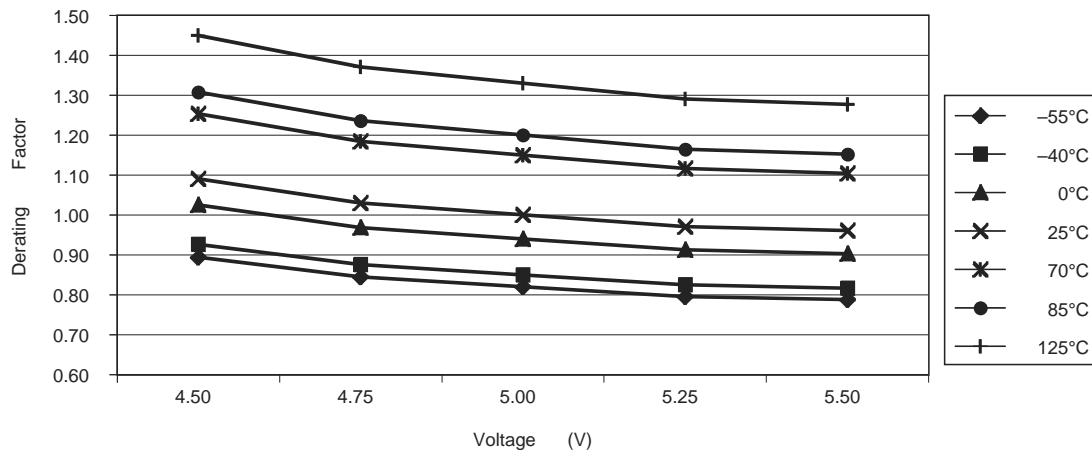
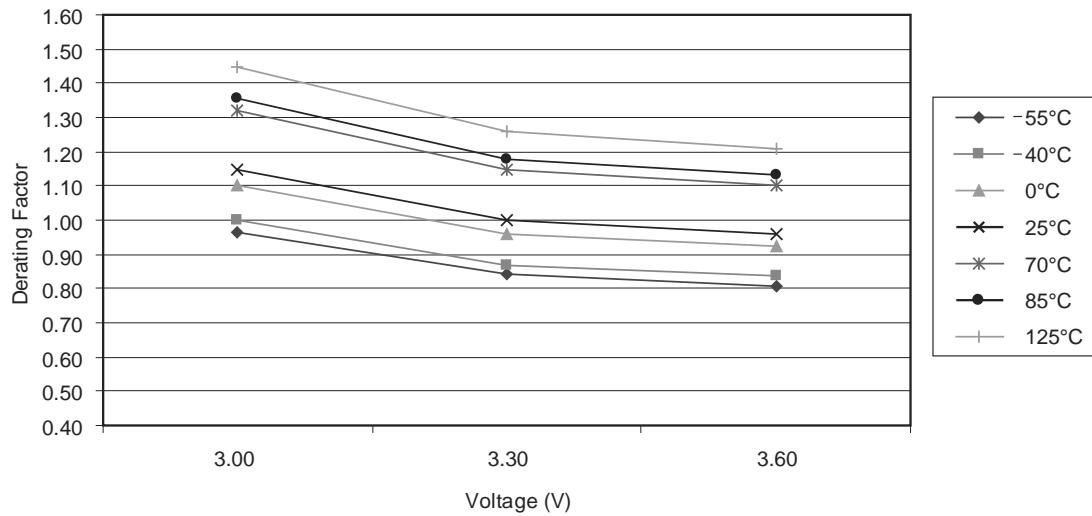
Figure 22 • AC Test Loads**Figure 23 • Input Buffer Delays****Figure 24 • Module Delays**

Figure 35 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 5.0 V)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 30 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

Figure 36 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 3.3 V)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _P Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1	ns
	FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	
f _{MAX} Maximum Frequency	FO = 16		113		105		96		83		50 MHz
	FO = 128		109		101		92		80		48
TTL Output Module Timing⁴											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0 ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0 ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.8		8.1		11.3 ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1 ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9 ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7 ns
d _{TLH} Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06 ns/pF
d _{THL} Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08 ns/pF

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		
Parameter / Description		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns	
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns	
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	5.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	7.0	ns	
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	7.5	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		181	167	154	134	80	80	80	80	MHz	
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	ns	
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.6	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	ns	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays¹												
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.1	2.4	2.2	3.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.5	ns	
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.6	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	5.6	5.6	5.6	ns	
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.1	3.6	4.1	4.8	6.7	6.7	6.7	6.7	ns	
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.6	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	ns	
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.7	6.6	7.5	8.8	12.4	12.4	12.4	12.4	ns	
Global Clock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16	4.6	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	ns	
		FO = 128	4.6	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	9.8	9.8	9.8	ns	
t _{CKL}	Input High to LOW	FO = 16	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
		FO = 128	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	ns	
		FO = 128	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	ns	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	2.2	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	4.8	4.8	4.8	ns	
		FO = 128	2.4	2.7	3.01	3.6	5.1	5.1	5.1	5.1	ns	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	ns	
		FO = 128	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	ns	
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16	4.7	5.4	6.1	7.2	10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0	ns	
		FO = 128	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.4	ns	
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16	188	175	160	139	83	83	83	83	MHz	
		FO = 128	181	168	154	134	80	80	80	80	ns	
TTL Output Module Timing⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.3	3.8	4.3	5.1	7.2	7.2	7.2	7.2	ns	
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.6	8.6	8.6	8.6	ns	
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7	4.3	4.9	5.8	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	ns	
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.7	5.4	6.1	7.2	10.1	10.1	10.1	10.1	ns	
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9	9.1	10.4	12.2	17.1	17.1	17.1	17.1	ns	

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1 ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0 ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5 ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.1 ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.3		10.2 ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.9		11.1 ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8 ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3 ns
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

- For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
- Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
- Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays¹											
t _{PD1}	Single Module	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

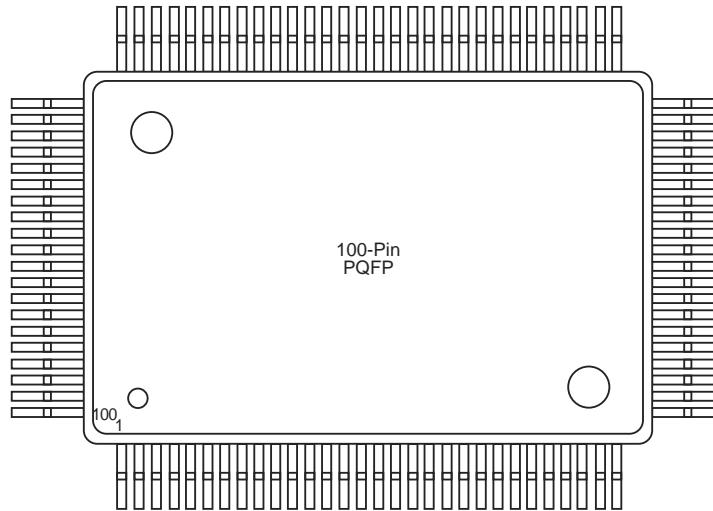
Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}											
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.9					ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.0					ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.1	9.9					ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2	6.9	7.9	9.2	12.9					ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	9.5	10.6	12.0	14.1	19.8					ns
t _{IINH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.01	1.4					ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0					ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.89	1.01	1.4					ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	129	117	108	94	56	MHz				
Input Module Propagation Delays											
t _{IINYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH	1.5	1.6	1.9	2.2	3.1	ns				
t _{IINYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.4	ns				
t _{INGH}	G to Y HIGH	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
t _{INGL}	G to Y LOW	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	2.6	2.9	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.1	ns				
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	3.3	3.6	4.1	4.9	6.8	ns				
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	3.6	4.0	4.6	5.4	7.6	ns				
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	5.1	5.6	6.4	7.5	10.5	ns				
Global Clock Network											
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	4.4	4.8	5.5	6.5	9.0	ns			
		FO = 384	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.1	9.9	ns			
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.8	11.0	ns			
		FO = 384	6.2	6.9	7.9	9.2	12.9	ns			
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.8	ns			
		FO = 384	6.6	7.4	8.3	9.8	13.7	ns			

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)											
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns	
t _{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.8	ns				
t _{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	ns				
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	ns				
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	3.9	4.3	4.9	5.7	8.0	ns				
t _{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
Asynchronous SRAM Operations											
t _{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time	11.3	12.6	14.3	16.8	23.5	ns				
t _{RDADV}	Read Address Valid	12.3	13.7	15.5	18.2	25.5	ns				
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3	2.5	2.8	3.4	4.8	ns				
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid	0.9	1.0	1.1	1.3	1.8	ns				
t _{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.0	9.8	ns				
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8	4.2	4.8	5.6	7.8	ns				
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time	1.8	2.0	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns				
Input Module Propagation Delays											
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.0	ns				
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.4	ns				
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5	7.3	8.2	9.7	13.5	ns				

Table 49 • PL84

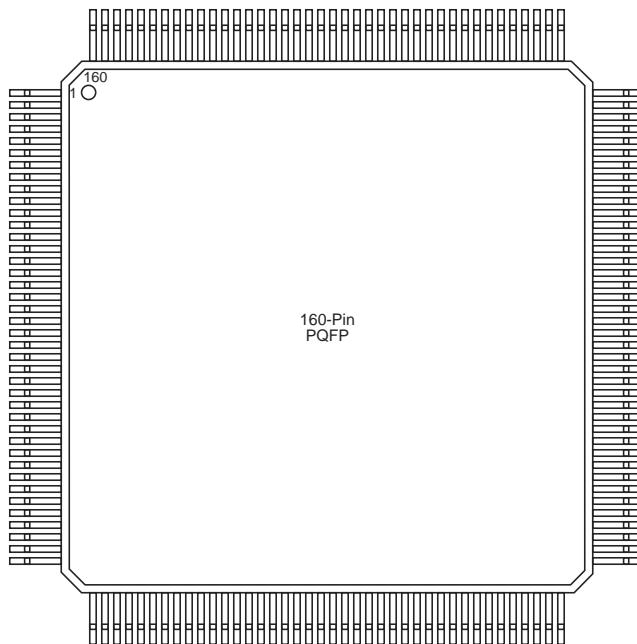
PL84	Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
84	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Figure 41 • PQ100**Table 50 • PQ 100**

PQ100	Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
1	NC	NC	I/O	I/O	
2	NC	NC	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	
3	NC	NC	I/O	I/O	
4	NC	NC	MODE	MODE	
5	NC	NC	I/O	I/O	
6	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
9	I/O	I/O	GND	GND	
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
12	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
13	GND	GND	I/O	I/O	
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	
16	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	
17	I/O	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Figure 43 • PQ160**Table 52 • PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	NC	VCCI	VCCI
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	GND	GND	GND
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
14	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
89	VCCI
90	VCCA
91	LP
92	TCK, I/O
93	I/O
94	GND
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	VCCI
109	I/O
110	I/O
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	VCCA
119	GND
120	GND
121	GND
122	I/O
123	SDO, TDO, I/O
124	I/O
125	WD, I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	GND
2	VCCA
3	MODE
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	VCCA
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	GND
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	VCCI
29	VCCA
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	VCCA
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
N10	I/O
M10	I/O
N11	I/O
L10	I/O
M11	I/O
N12	SDO
M12	I/O
L11	I/O
N13	I/O
M13	I/O
K11	I/O
L12	I/O
L13	I/O
K13	I/O
H10	I/O
J12	I/O
J13	I/O
H11	I/O
H12	I/O
H13	VKS
G13	VPP