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#### Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

#### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

##### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	69
Number of Gates	6000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Package / Case	80-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	80-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-vq80a">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a40mx04-vq80a</a>

# Figures

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Figure 1	Ordering Information . . . . .	3
Figure 2	42MX C-Module Implementation . . . . .	7
Figure 3	42MX C-Module Implementation . . . . .	7
Figure 4	42MX S-Module Implementation . . . . .	8
Figure 5	A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation . . . . .	9
Figure 6	A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block . . . . .	9
Figure 7	MX Routing Structure . . . . .	10
Figure 8	Clock Networks of 42MX Devices . . . . .	11
Figure 9	Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices . . . . .	11
Figure 10	42MX I/O Module . . . . .	12
Figure 11	PCI Output Structure of A42MX24 and A42MX36 Devices . . . . .	12
Figure 12	Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX . . . . .	16
Figure 13	Silicon Explorer II Setup with 42MX . . . . .	17
Figure 14	42MX IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan Circuitry . . . . .	18
Figure 15	Device Selection Wizard . . . . .	19
Figure 16	Typical Output Drive Characteristics (Based Upon Measured Data) . . . . .	28
Figure 17	40MX Timing Model* . . . . .	30
Figure 18	42MX Timing Model . . . . .	30
Figure 19	42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks) . . . . .	31
Figure 20	42MX Timing Model (SRAM Functions) . . . . .	32
Figure 21	Output Buffer Delays . . . . .	32
Figure 22	AC Test Loads . . . . .	33
Figure 23	Input Buffer Delays . . . . .	33
Figure 24	Module Delays . . . . .	33
Figure 25	Flip-Flops and Latches . . . . .	34
Figure 26	Input Buffer Latches . . . . .	34
Figure 27	Output Buffer Latches . . . . .	35
Figure 28	Decode Module Timing . . . . .	35
Figure 29	SRAM Timing Characteristics . . . . .	35
Figure 30	42MX SRAM Write Operation . . . . .	36
Figure 31	42MX SRAM Synchronous Read Operation . . . . .	36
Figure 32	42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 1 (Read Address Controlled) . . . . .	36
Figure 33	42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 2 (Write Address Controlled) . . . . .	37
Figure 34	42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $VCCA = 5.0\text{ V}$ ) . . . . .	38
Figure 35	40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $VCC = 5.0\text{ V}$ ) . . . . .	39
Figure 36	42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $VCCA = 3.3\text{ V}$ ) . . . . .	39
Figure 37	40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $VCC = 3.3\text{ V}$ ) . . . . .	40
Figure 38	PL44 . . . . .	86
Figure 39	PL68 . . . . .	88
Figure 40	PL84 . . . . .	90
Figure 41	PQ100 . . . . .	93
Figure 42	PQ144 . . . . .	97
Figure 43	PQ160 . . . . .	102
Figure 44	PQ208 . . . . .	107
Figure 45	PQ240 . . . . .	113
Figure 46	VQ80 . . . . .	120
Figure 47	VQ100 . . . . .	123
Figure 48	TQ176 . . . . .	126
Figure 49	CQ208 . . . . .	131
Figure 50	CQ256 . . . . .	138

# Tables

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Table 1	Product profile .....	1
Table 2	Plastic Device Resources .....	4
Table 3	Ceramic Device Resources .....	4
Table 4	Temperature Grade Offerings .....	5
Table 5	Speed Grade Offerings .....	5
Table 6	Voltage Support of MX Devices .....	13
Table 7	Fixed Capacitance Values for MX FPGAs (pF) .....	16
Table 8	Device Configuration Options for Probe Capability .....	17
Table 9	Test Access Port Descriptions .....	18
Table 10	Supported BST Public Instructions .....	18
Table 11	Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality .....	19
Table 12	Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*	20
Table 13	Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*	20
Table 14	Recommended Operating Conditions .....	21
Table 15	5V TTL Electrical Specifications .....	21
Table 16	Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*	22
Table 17	Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*	22
Table 18	Recommended Operating Conditions .....	22
Table 19	3.3V LVTTL Electrical Specifications .....	23
Table 20	Absolute Maximum Ratings*	23
Table 21	Recommended Operating Conditions .....	24
Table 22	Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications .....	25
Table 23	DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling) .....	25
Table 24	AC Specifications (5.0V PCI Signaling)* .....	26
Table 25	DC Specification (3.3 V PCI Signaling) .....	27
Table 26	AC Specifications for (3.3 V PCI Signaling)* .....	27
Table 27	Package Thermal Characteristics .....	29
Table 28	42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $\text{VCCA} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ) .....	38
Table 29	40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors(Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $\text{VCC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ ) .....	38
Table 30	42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors(Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $\text{VCCA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ) .....	39
Table 31	40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $\text{VCC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ) .....	39
Table 32	Clock Specification for 33 MHz PCI .....	40
Table 33	Timing Parameters for 33 MHz PCI .....	40
Table 34	A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) .....	41
Table 35	A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) .....	43
Table 36	A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCC} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	46
Table 37	A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	49
Table 38	A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	52
Table 39	A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	56
Table 40	A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	60
Table 41	A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	64
Table 42	A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	67
Table 43	A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	71
Table 44	A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 4.75 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	75
Table 45	A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, $\text{VCCA} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ , $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$ ) .....	75

## 3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

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### 3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45 $\mu$ m triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

### 3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

#### 3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

### 3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins’ behavior in either mode.

**Figure 15 • Device Selection Wizard**

**Table 11 • Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality**

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

### 3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

### 3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html>.

## 3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

**Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns				
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.1	ns				
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.9	11.1	ns				
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	5.2	5.8	6.6	7.7	10.8	ns				
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	7.4	8.2	9.3	10.9	15.3	ns				
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				

**Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1 ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0 ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5 ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.1 ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.3		10.2 ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.9		11.1 ns
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8 ns
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3 ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

- For dual-module macros, use  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ ,  $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ , or  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$ , whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
- Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
- Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Single Module	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t <sub>GO</sub>	Latch G-to-Q	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t <sub>RS</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.5	1.6	1.8		2.17		3.0	ns
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW			1.2	1.3	1.4		1.7		2.4	ns
t <sub>INGH</sub>	G to Y HIGH			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>INGL</sub>	G to Y LOW			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8	3.2	3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2	3.5	4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.5	3.9	4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.9	4.3	4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.2	5.8	6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>											
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.1	4.5	5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
		FO = 256		4.5	5.0	5.6		6.7		9.3	ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.0	5.5	6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
		FO = 256		5.4	6.0	6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
		FO = 256		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t <sub>SUEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
		FO = 256	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9		6.9		ns	
		FO = 256	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.5		7.6		ns	
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 32	5.6	6.2	6.7	7.8		12.9		ns	
		FO = 256	6.1	6.8	7.4	8.5		14.2		ns	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32	177	161	148	129		77		MHz	
		FO = 256	161	146	135	117		70		MHz	

**Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.7	5.2	ns				
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	3.0	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.7	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns				
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	3.0	3.3	3.8	4.4	6.2	ns				
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	5.4	6.0	6.8	8.0	11.2	ns				
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.4	ns				
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.9	ns				
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	8.0	8.9	10.1	11.9	16.7	ns				
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				

Clock signal to shift the Boundary Scan Test (BST) data into the device. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

#### **TDI, I/OTest Data In**

Serial data input for BST instructions and data. Data is shifted in on the rising edge of TCK. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

#### **TDO, I/OTest Data Out**

Serial data output for BST instructions and test data. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

#### **TMS, I/OTest Mode Select**

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set LOW, the TCK, TDI and TDO pins are boundary scan pins. Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The "logic reset" state is reached 5 TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set HIGH. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications. IEEE JTAG specification recommends a 10kΩ pull-up resistor on the pin. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

#### **VCC, Supply Voltage**

Input supply voltage for 40MX devices

#### **VCCA, Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage for array in 42MX devices

#### **VCCI, Supply Voltage**

Supply voltage for I/Os in 42MX devices

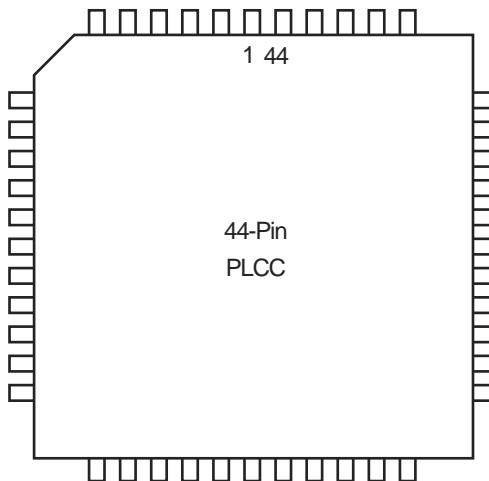
#### **WD, IOWide Decode Output**

When a wide decode module is used in a 42MX device this pin can be used as a dedicated output from the wide decode module. This direct connection eliminates additional interconnect delays associated with regular logic modules. To implement the direct I/O connection, connect an output buffer of any type to the output of the wide decode macro and place this output on one of the reserved WD pins.

## 4 Package Pin Assignments

The following figures and tables give the details of the package pin assignments.

**Figure 38 • PL44**

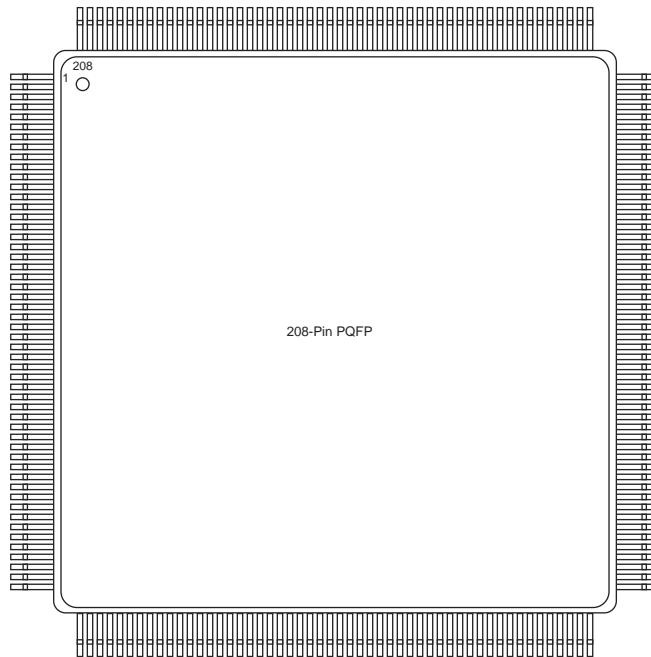


**Table 47 • PL44**

<b>PL44</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	VCC	VCC
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	GND	GND
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCC	VCC
15	I/O	I/O
16	VCC	VCC
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O

**Table 51 • PQ144**

<b>PQ144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>
117	GNDI
118	NC
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	PROBA
124	I/O
125	CLKA
126	VCC
127	VCCI
128	NC
129	I/O
130	CLKB
131	I/O
132	PROBB
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	GND
137	GNDI
138	NC
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	DCLK

**Figure 44 • PQ208****Table 53 • PQ208**

PQ208	Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
	1	GND	GND	GND
	2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	3	MODE	MODE	MODE
	4	I/O	I/O	I/O
	5	I/O	I/O	I/O
	6	I/O	I/O	I/O
	7	I/O	I/O	I/O
	8	I/O	I/O	I/O
	9	NC	I/O	I/O
	10	NC	I/O	I/O
	11	NC	I/O	I/O
	12	I/O	I/O	I/O
	13	I/O	I/O	I/O
	14	I/O	I/O	I/O
	15	I/O	I/O	I/O
	16	NC	I/O	I/O
	17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	18	I/O	I/O	I/O
	19	I/O	I/O	I/O
	20	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 53 • PQ208**

<b>PQ208</b>	<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
	21	I/O	I/O	I/O
	22	GND	GND	GND
	23	I/O	I/O	I/O
	24	I/O	I/O	I/O
	25	I/O	I/O	I/O
	26	I/O	I/O	I/O
	27	GND	GND	GND
	28	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	29	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	30	I/O	I/O	I/O
	31	I/O	I/O	I/O
	32	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	33	I/O	I/O	I/O
	34	I/O	I/O	I/O
	35	I/O	I/O	I/O
	36	I/O	I/O	I/O
	37	I/O	I/O	I/O
	38	I/O	I/O	I/O
	39	I/O	I/O	I/O
	40	I/O	I/O	I/O
	41	NC	I/O	I/O
	42	NC	I/O	I/O
	43	NC	I/O	I/O
	44	I/O	I/O	I/O
	45	I/O	I/O	I/O
	46	I/O	I/O	I/O
	47	I/O	I/O	I/O
	48	I/O	I/O	I/O
	49	I/O	I/O	I/O
	50	NC	I/O	I/O
	51	NC	I/O	I/O
	52	GND	GND	GND
	53	GND	GND	GND
	54	I/O	TMS, I/O	TMS, I/O
	55	I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
	56	I/O	I/O	I/O
	57	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

**Table 54 • PQ240**

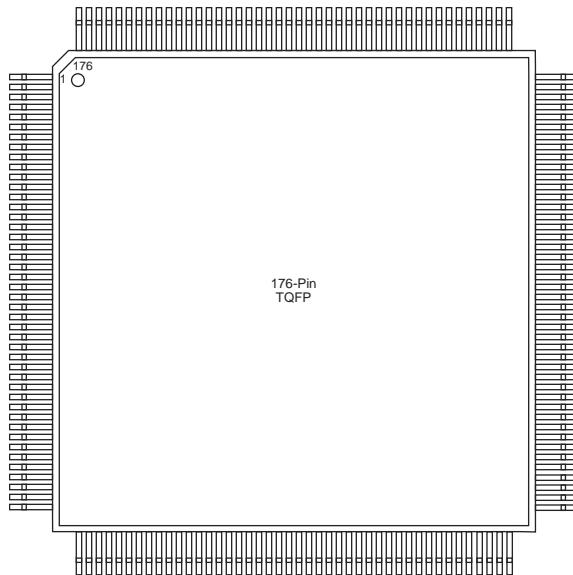
<b>PQ240</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
89	VCCI
90	VCCA
91	LP
92	TCK, I/O
93	I/O
94	GND
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	VCCI
109	I/O
110	I/O
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	VCCA
119	GND
120	GND
121	GND
122	I/O
123	SDO, TDO, I/O
124	I/O
125	WD, I/O

**Table 55 • VQ80**

<b>VQ80</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
13	VCC	VCC
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O
18	NC	I/O
19	NC	I/O
20	VCC	VCC
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	VCC
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O
42	NC	I/O
43	NC	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	I/O	I/O

**Table 56 • VQ100**

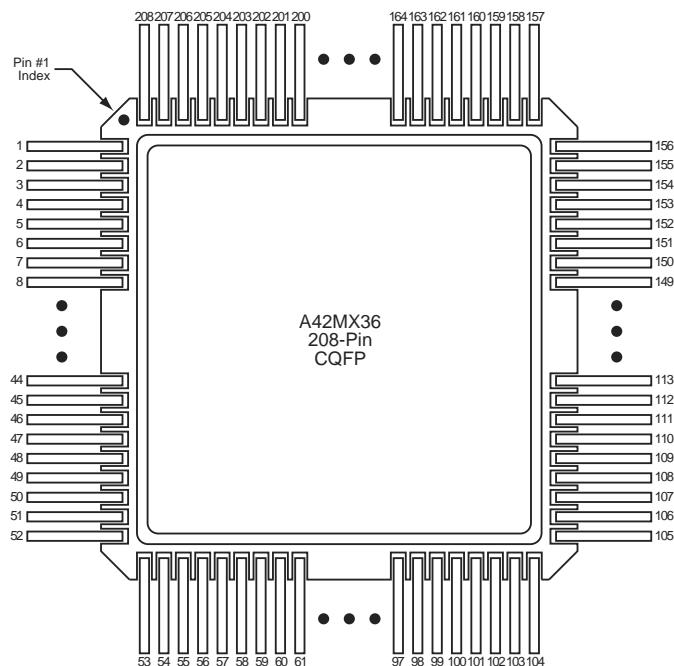
VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
93	I/O	I/O
94	GND	GND
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

**Figure 48 • TQ176****Table 57 • TQ176**

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	MODE	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	NC	NC	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 57 • TQ176**

<b>TQ176</b>	<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
158		CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
159		I/O	I/O	I/O
160		PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
161		NC	I/O	WD, I/O
162		I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
163		I/O	I/O	I/O
164		I/O	I/O	I/O
165		NC	NC	WD, I/O
166		NC	I/O	WD, I/O
167		I/O	I/O	I/O
168		NC	I/O	I/O
169		I/O	I/O	I/O
170		NC	VCCI	VCCI
171		I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
172		I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
173		NC	I/O	I/O
174		I/O	I/O	I/O
175		DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
176		I/O	I/O	I/O

**Figure 49 • CQ208**

**Table 58 • CQ208**

<b>CQ208</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

**Table 59 • CQ256**

<b>CQ256</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O

**Table 60 • BG272**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O