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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	101
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-1pqq160

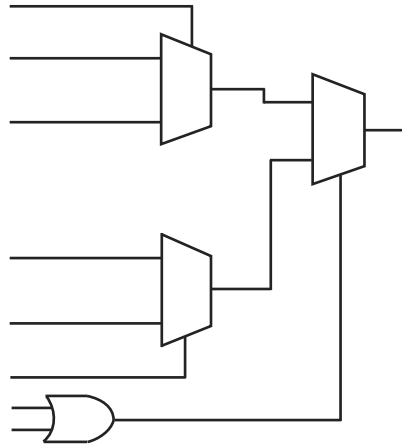
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Figure 2 • 42MX C-Module Implementation

The 42MX devices contain three types of logic modules: combinatorial (C-modules), sequential (S-modules) and decode (D-modules). The following figure illustrates the combinatorial logic module. The S-module, shown in Figure 4, page 8, implements the same combinatorial logic function as the C-module while adding a sequential element. The sequential element can be configured as either a D-flip-flop or a transparent latch. The S-module register can be bypassed so that it implements purely combinatorial logic.

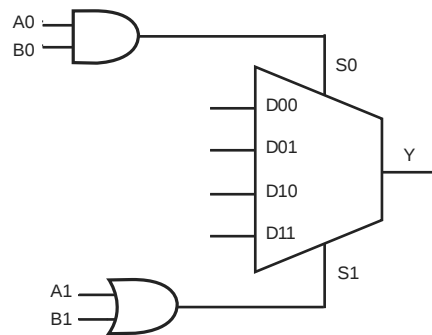
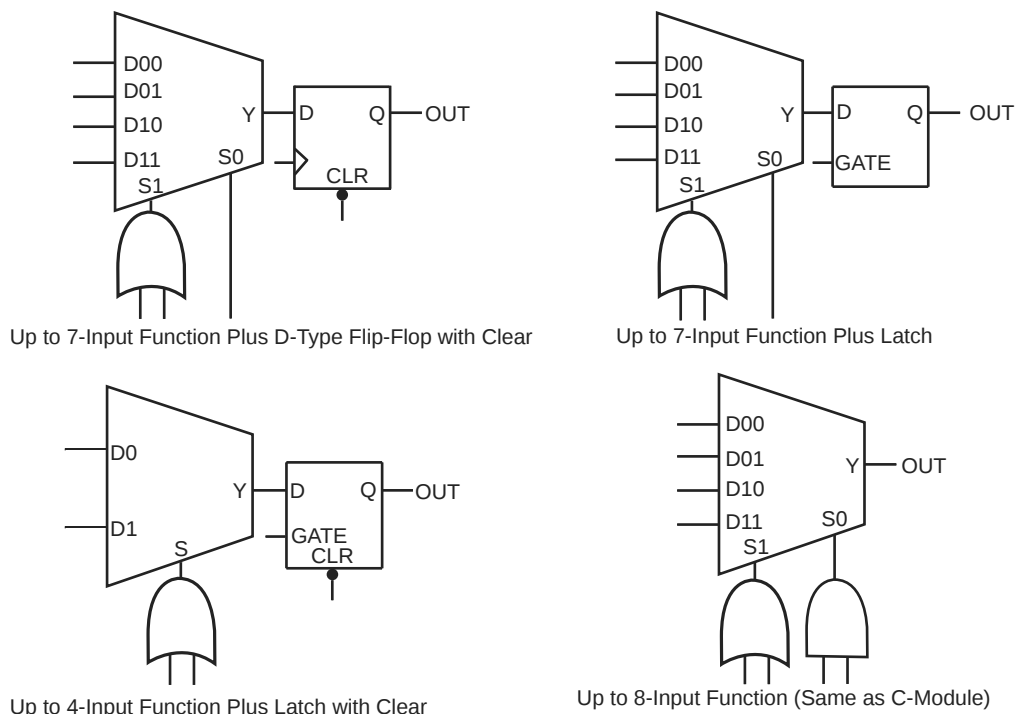
Figure 3 • 42MX C-Module Implementation

Figure 4 • 42MX S-Module Implementation

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Microsemi's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Libero software is the SmartGen macro builder, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design.

Microsemi's Libero software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synopsys, and Cadence design systems.

See the Libero IDE web content at www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx for further information on licensing and current operating system support.

3.6 Related Documents

The following sections give the list of related documents which can be referred for this datasheet.

3.6.1 Application Notes

- *AC278: BSDL Files Format Description*
- *AC225: Programming Antifuse Devices*
- *AC168: Implementation of Security in Microsemi Antifuse FPGAs*

3.6.2 User Guides and Manuals

- *Antifuse Macro Library Guide*
- *Silicon Sculptor Programmers User Guide*

3.6.3 Miscellaneous

Libero IDE Flow Diagram

3.7 5.0 V Operating Conditions

The following tables show 5.0 V operating conditions.

Table 12 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 13 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQ176 package at commercial temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (^\circ\text{C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (^\circ\text{C})}{\theta_{ja} (^\circ\text{C}/\text{W})} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 70^\circ\text{C}}{(28^\circ\text{C})/\text{W}} = 2.86\text{W}$$

EQ 5

The maximum power dissipation for military-grade devices is a function of θ_{jc} . A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for CQFP 208-pin package at military temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (^\circ\text{C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (^\circ\text{C})}{\theta_{jc} (^\circ\text{C}/\text{W})} = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 125^\circ\text{C}}{(6.3^\circ\text{C})/\text{W}} = 3.97\text{W}$$

EQ 6

Table 27 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Plastic Packages	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft/min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft/min.	
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	12.0	27.8	23.4	21.2	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	144	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	160	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	240	8.5	25.6	22.3	20.8	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	44	16.0	20.0	24.5	22.0	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	68	13.0	25.0	21.0	19.4	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12.0	22.5	18.9	17.6	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	176	11.0	24.7	19.9	18.0	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	80	12.0	38.2	31.9	29.4	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Plastic Ball Grid Array	272	3.0	18.3	14.9	13.9	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Ceramic Packages						
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	132	4.8	25.0	20.6	18.7	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	208	2.0	22.0	19.8	18.0	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	256	2.0	20.0	16.5	15.0	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.2		4.8		5.4		6.3		8.9	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		7.1		8.2		9.2		10.9		15.2	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing²												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t _{HD} ³	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays¹												
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		8.0		9.26		10.5		12.6		17.3	ns
Global Clock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16	6.4		7.4		8.3		9.8		13.7	ns
		FO = 128	6.4		7.4		8.3		9.8		13.7	
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16	6.7		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	ns
		FO = 128	6.7		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2	ns
		FO = 128	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6	

Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
		FO = 384		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		5.5		4.1		5.7		ns
		FO = 384	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	4.2		4.67		5.1		5.8		9.7		ns
		FO = 384	4.6		5.1		5.6		6.4		10.7		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		237		215		198		172		103	MHz
		FO = 384		215		195		179		156		94	MHz

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
		FO = 486	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		5.9		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
		FO = 486	4.3		4.7		5.4		6.3		8.8		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.2	2.4	2.7		3.2		4.5				ns
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6	3.0		3.5		4.9				ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.2	2.4	2.7		3.2		4.5				ns
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6	3.0		3.5		4.9				ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
		FO = 486	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0				ns
		FO = 486	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0				ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8	3.1	3.5		4.1		5.7				ns
		FO = 486	3.3	3.7	4.2		4.9		6.9				ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	4.7	5.2	5.7		6.5		10.9				ns
		FO = 486	5.1	5.7	6.2		7.1		11.9				ns

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵ (Continued)												
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

Figure 39 • PL68

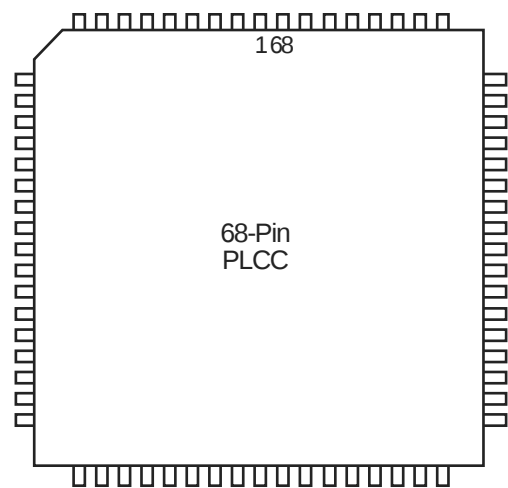
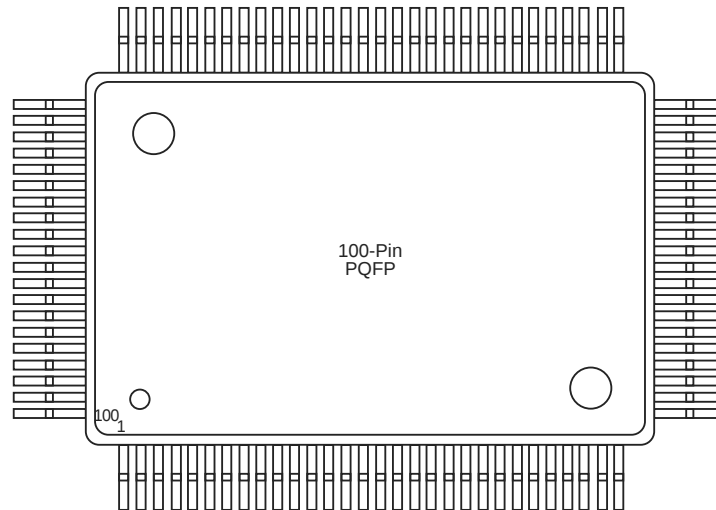


Table 48 • PL68

PL68		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	VCC
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	GND	GND
15	GND	GND
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O
21	VCC	VCC
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
84	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Figure 41 • PQ100**Table 50 • PQ 100**

PQ100				
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
1	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
2	NC	NC	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
3	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
4	NC	NC	MODE	MODE
5	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
6	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
17	I/O	I/O	VCCI	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Figure 44 • PQ208

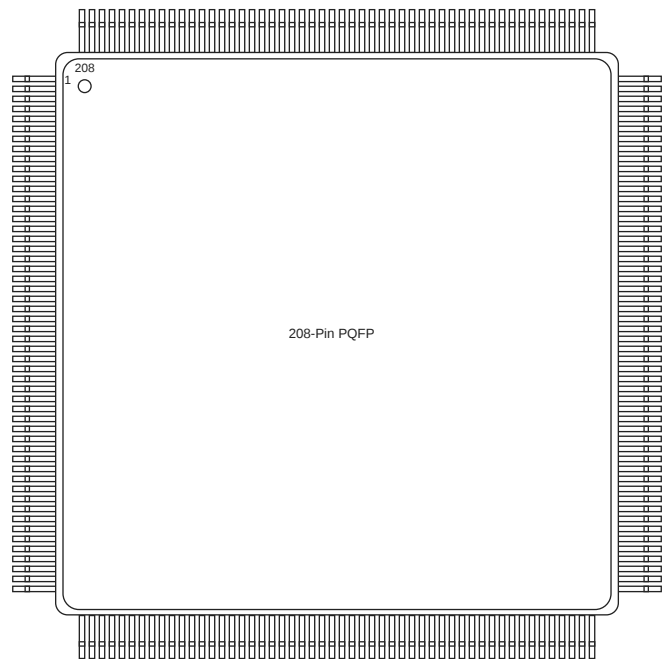


Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
237	GND
238	MODE
239	VCCA
240	GND

Figure 46 • VQ80

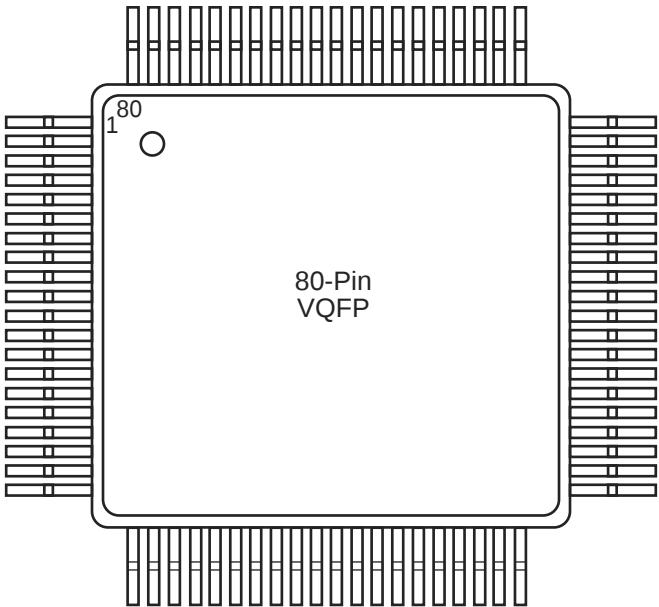


Table 55 • VQ80

VQ80		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	NC	I/O
3	NC	I/O
4	NC	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	VCCA	VCCA
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O
50	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	GND	GND
56	I/O	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	NC	VCCA	VCCA
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	GND	GND
19	NC	I/O	I/O
20	NC	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	NC	I/O	I/O
23	GND	GND	GND
24	NC	VCCI	VCCI
25	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
26	NC	I/O	I/O
27	NC	I/O	I/O
28	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
29	NC	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	NC	NC	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	NC	I/O	I/O
38	NC	NC	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	GND	GND	GND
46	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	VCCA
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	GND
32	VCCA
33	LP
34	TCK, I/O
35	I/O
36	GND
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	GND
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GND
J17	VCCA
J18	I/O
J19	I/O
J20	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	VCCI
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K17	I/O
K18	VCCA
K19	VCCA
K20	LP
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	VCCA
L4	VCCA
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L17	VCCI
L18	I/O
L19	I/O
L20	TCK, I/O
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	VCCI
M9	GND

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O