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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

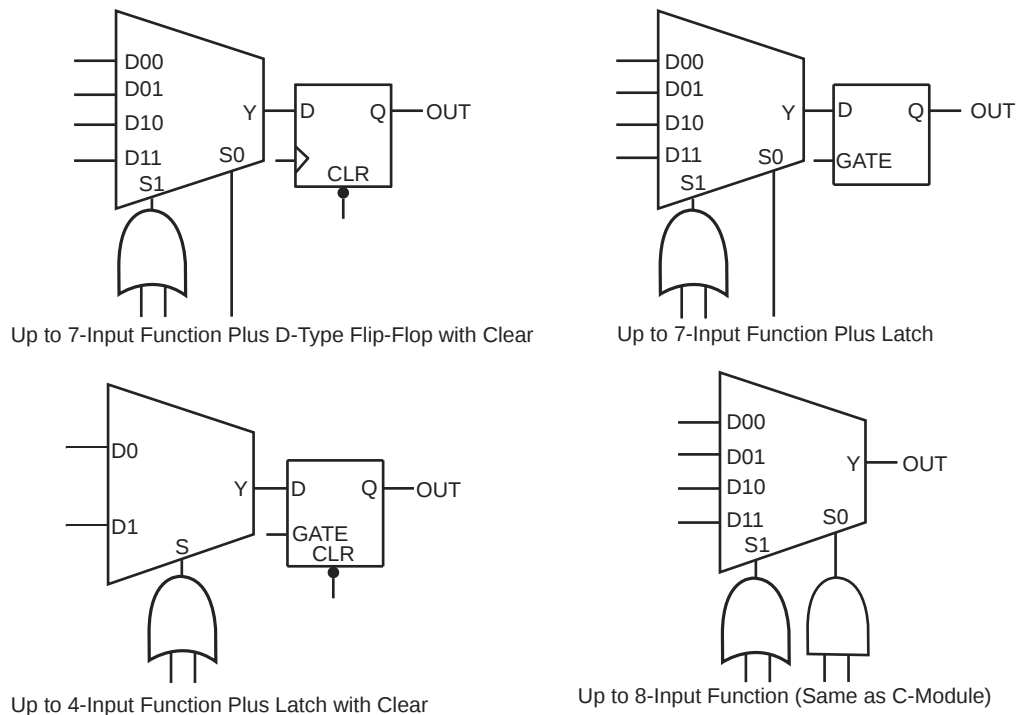
The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	72
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-2pl84

Contents

1	Revision History	1
1.1	Revision 15.0	1
1.2	Revision 14.0	1
1.3	Revision 13.0	1
1.4	Revision 12.0	1
1.5	Revision 11.0	1
1.6	Revision 10.0	1
1.7	Revision 9.0	2
1.8	Revision 6.0	2
2	40MX and 42MX FPGA Families	1
2.1	Features	1
2.1.1	High Capacity	1
2.1.2	High Performance	1
2.1.3	HiRel Features	1
2.1.4	Ease of Integration	1
2.2	Product Profile	1
2.3	Ordering Information	3
2.4	Plastic Device Resources	4
2.5	Ceramic Device Resources	4
2.6	Temperature Grade Offerings	5
2.7	Speed Grade Offerings	5
3	40MX and 42MX FPGAs	6
3.1	General Description	6
3.2	MX Architectural Overview	6
3.2.1	Logic Modules	6
3.2.2	Dual-Port SRAM Modules	8
3.2.3	Routing Structure	9
3.2.4	Clock Networks	10
3.2.5	MultiPlex I/O Modules	11
3.3	Other Architectural Features	12
3.3.1	Performance	12
3.3.2	User Security	12
3.3.3	Programming	12
3.3.4	Power Supply	13
3.3.5	Power-Up/Down in Mixed-Voltage Mode	13
3.3.6	Transient Current	13
3.3.7	Low Power Mode	14
3.4	Power Dissipation	14
3.4.1	General Power Equation	14
3.4.2	Static Power Component	14
3.4.3	Active Power Component	14
3.4.4	Equivalent Capacitance	15
3.4.5	C _{EQ} Values for Microsemi MX FPGAs	15
3.4.6	Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe	16
3.4.7	Design Consideration	17
3.4.8	IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan Test (BST) Circuitry	17
3.4.9	JTAG Mode Activation	19
3.4.10	TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset	19

Figure 4 • 42MX S-Module Implementation

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

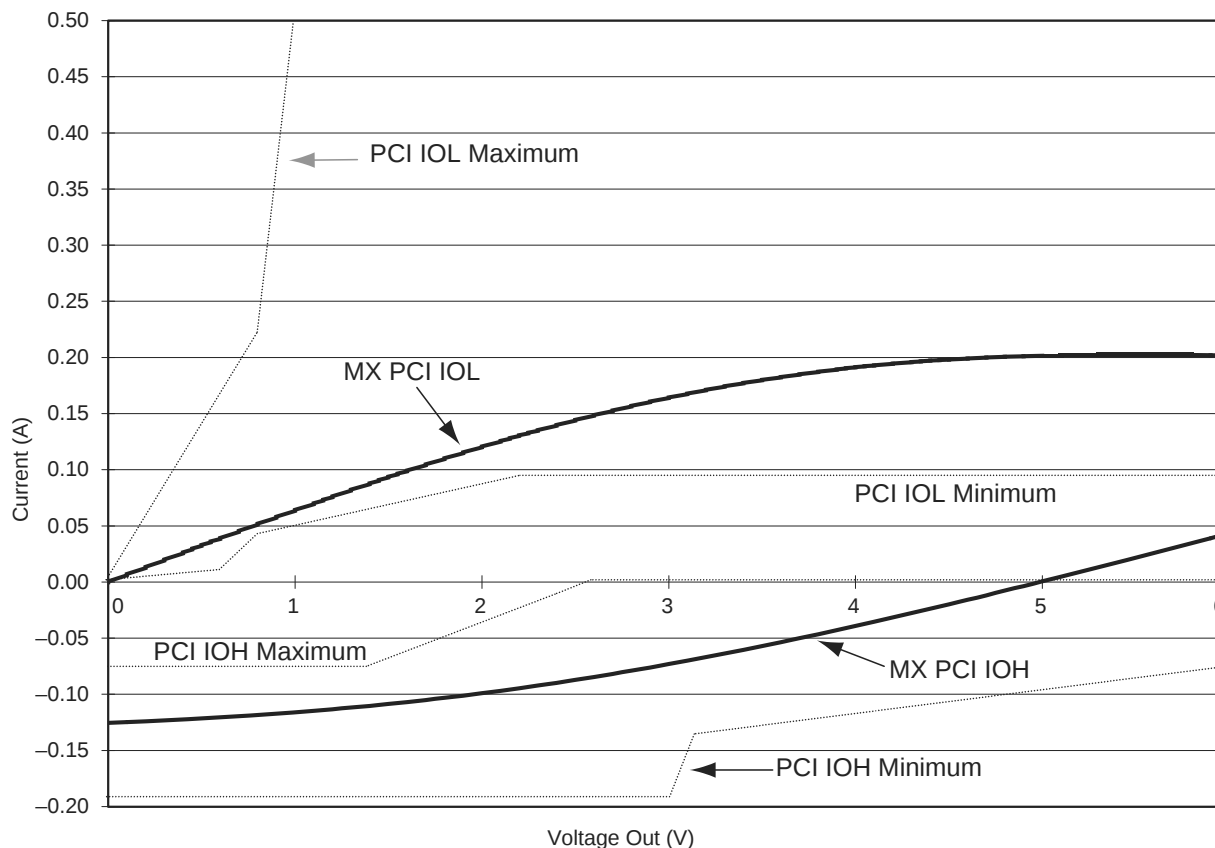
The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 21 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCCA	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI	3.14 to 3.47	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

Figure 16 • Typical Output Drive Characteristics (Based Upon Measured Data)

3.9.4 Junction Temperature (T_J)

The temperature variable in the Designer software refers to the junction temperature, not the ambient temperature. This is an important distinction because the heat generated from dynamic power consumption is usually hotter than the ambient temperature. The following equation can be used to calculate junction temperature.

$$\text{Junction Temperature} = \Delta T + T_a(1)$$

EQ 4

where:

- T_a = Ambient Temperature
- ΔT = Temperature gradient between junction (silicon) and ambient
- $\Delta T = \theta_{ja} * P$ (2)
- P = Power
- θ_{ja} = Junction to ambient of package. θ_{ja} numbers are located in Table 27, page 29.

3.9.5 Package Thermal Characteristics

The device junction-to-case thermal characteristic is θ_{jc} , and the junction-to-ambient air characteristic is θ_{ja} . The thermal characteristics for θ_{ja} are shown with two different air flow rates.

The maximum junction temperature is 150°C.

Maximum power dissipation for commercial- and industrial-grade devices is a function of θ_{ja} .

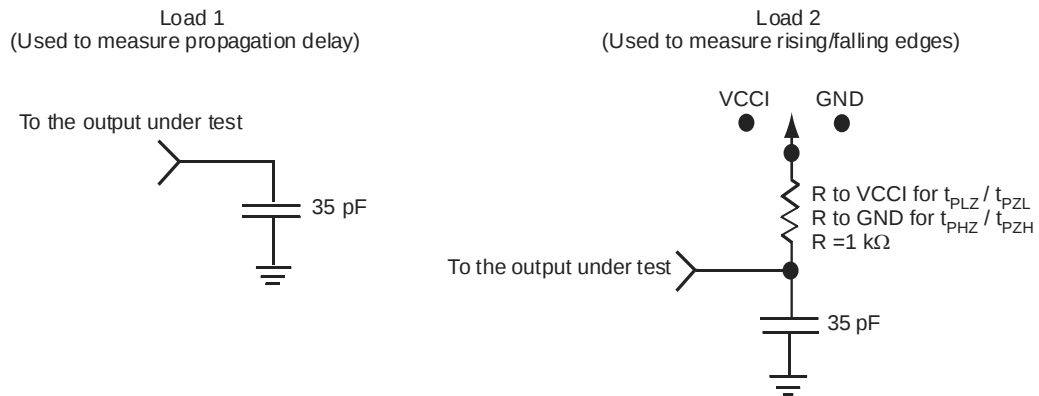
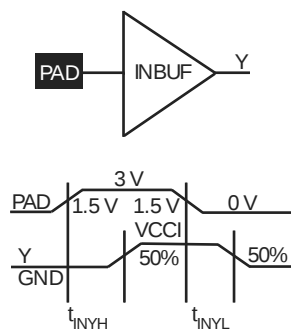
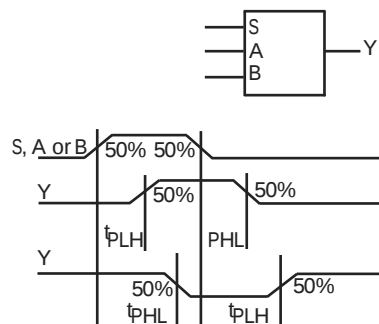
Figure 22 • AC Test Loads**Figure 23 • Input Buffer Delays****Figure 24 • Module Delays**

Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5		ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.3		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.1		2.4		2.2		3.2		4.5		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.7		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.6 4.6		5.3 5.3		6.0 6.0		7.0 7.0		9.8 9.8		ns
t _{CKL}	Input High to LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.8 4.8		5.6 5.6		6.3 6.3		7.4 7.4		10.4 10.4		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	2.2 2.4	2.6 2.7		2.9 3.1		3.4 3.6		4.8 5.1		ns	
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	2.2 2.4	2.6 2.7		2.9 3.01		3.4 3.6		4.8 5.1		ns	
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16 FO = 128	0.4 0.5		0.5 0.6		0.5 0.7		0.6 0.8		0.8 1.2		ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.7 4.8	5.4 5.6		6.1 6.3		7.2 7.5		10.0 10.4		ns	
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16 FO = 128	188 181		175 168		160 154		139 134		83 80		MHz

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.0		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y HIGH			1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y LOW			1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
		FO = 256		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.5	ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
		FO = 256		3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7		ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
		FO = 256		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6	ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns
		FO = 256	2.2		2.4		3.3		3.9		5.5		ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	3.4		3.7		4.0		4.7		7.8		ns
		FO = 256	3.7		4.1		4.5		5.2		8.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		296		269		247		215		129	MHz
		FO = 256		268		244		224		195		117	MHz

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0		ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	161		146		135		117		70		MHz

Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.2		3.6		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.4		6.0		6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.4	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.1		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.1		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.9	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		8.0		8.9		10.1		11.9		16.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, point and position whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays ¹												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		4.0	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.8		4.0	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		2.2		2.4		2.8		3.3		4.6	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.1		1.2		1.4		1.6		2.3	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.5		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.5	ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4		ns
		FO = 486	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		5.9		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
		FO = 486	4.3		4.7		5.4		6.3		8.8		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.2	2.4	2.7		3.2		4.5				ns
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6	3.0		3.5		4.9				ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.2	2.4	2.7		3.2		4.5				ns
		FO = 486	2.4	2.6	3.0		3.5		4.9				ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
		FO = 486	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0				ns
		FO = 486	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0				ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8	3.1	3.5		4.1		5.7				ns
		FO = 486	3.3	3.7	4.2		4.9		6.9				ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	4.7	5.2	5.7		6.5		10.9				ns
		FO = 486	5.1	5.7	6.2		7.1		11.9				ns

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		2.1		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		3.4		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.2		3.0	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		1.9		2.2		2.6		3.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5		7.3		8.2		9.7		13.5		ns

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 635	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9		ns
		FO = 635	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	5.5		6.1		6.6		7.6		12.7		ns
		FO = 635	6.0		6.6		7.2		8.3		13.8		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32		180		164		151		131		79	MHz
		FO = 635		166		151		139		121		73	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			2.6		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			3.0		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			2.7		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			3.0		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			5.3		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵ (Continued)												
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
117	GNDI
118	NC
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	PROBA
124	I/O
125	CLKA
126	VCC
127	VCCI
128	NC
129	I/O
130	CLKB
131	I/O
132	PROBB
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	GND
137	GNDI
138	NC
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	DCLK

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 55 • VQ80

VQ80		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
13	VCC	VCC
14	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O
17	NC	I/O
18	NC	I/O
19	NC	I/O
20	VCC	VCC
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	VCC
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O
42	NC	I/O
43	NC	I/O
44	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	GND	GND
48	I/O	I/O

Figure 47 • VQ100

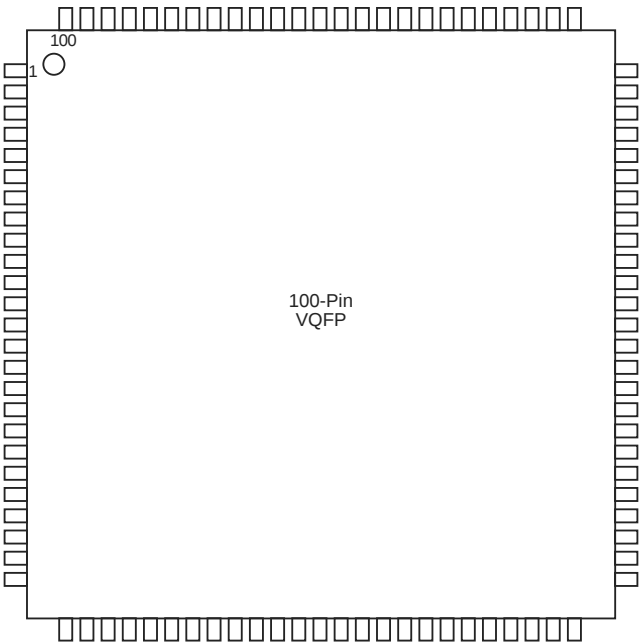


Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCCA	NC
15	VCCI	VCCI
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	GND	GND

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	VCCI	VCCI
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
57	NC	NC	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
60	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	NC	I/O	I/O
67	GND	GND	GND
68	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
69	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
70	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	WD, I/O
78	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	VCCI	VCCI
83	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
D20	I/O
E1	I/O
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	VCCA
E17	VCCI
E18	I/O
E19	I/O
E20	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	I/O
F3	I/O
F4	VCCI
F17	I/O
F18	I/O
F19	I/O
F20	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	VCCI
G17	VCCI
G18	I/O
G19	I/O
G20	I/O
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	VCCA
H17	I/O
H18	I/O
H19	I/O
H20	I/O
J1	I/O
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	VCCI