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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a42mx09-2tq176i

2.6 Temperature Grade Offerings

Table 4 • **Temperature Grade Offerings**

Package	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
PLCC 44	C, I, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 68	C, I, A, M	C, I, M				
PLCC 84		C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, M	
PQFP 100	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, M		
PQFP 144			C			
PQFP 160			C, I, A, M	C, I, M	C, I, A, M	
PQFP 208				C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M
PQFP 240						C, I, A, M
VQFP 80	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M				
VQFP 100			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M		
TQFP 176			C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	C, I, A, M	
PBGA 272						C, I, M
CQFP 172				C, M, B		
CQFP 208						C, M, B
CQFP 256						C, M, B
CPGA 132			C, M, B			

Note: C = Commercial
I = Industrial
A = Automotive
M = Military
B = MIL-STD-883 Class B

2.7 Speed Grade Offerings

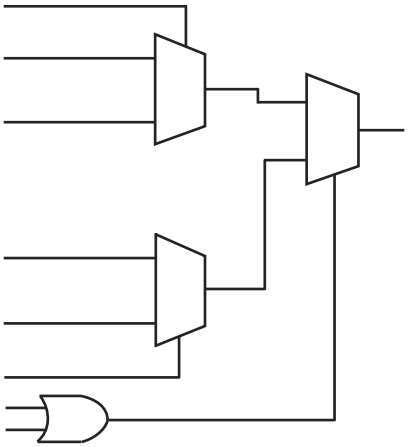
Table 5 • **Speed Grade Offerings**

	– F	Std	–1	–2	–3
C	P	P	P	P	P
I		P	P	P	P
A		P			
M		P	P		
B		P	P		

Note: See the 40MX and 42MX Automotive Family FPGAs datasheet for details on automotive-grade MX offerings.

Contact your local *Microsemi Sales representative* for device availability.

Figure 2 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**



The 42MX devices contain three types of logic modules: combinatorial (C-modules), sequential (S-modules) and decode (D-modules). The following figure illustrates the combinatorial logic module. The S-module, shown in Figure 4, page 8, implements the same combinatorial logic function as the C-module while adding a sequential element. The sequential element can be configured as either a D-flip-flop or a transparent latch. The S-module register can be bypassed so that it implements purely combinatorial logic.

Figure 3 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**

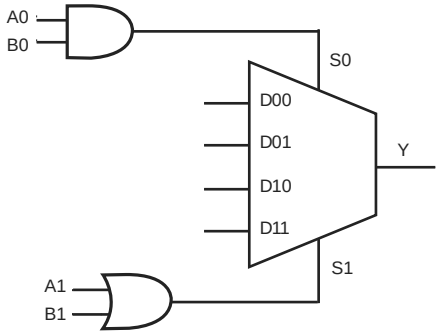
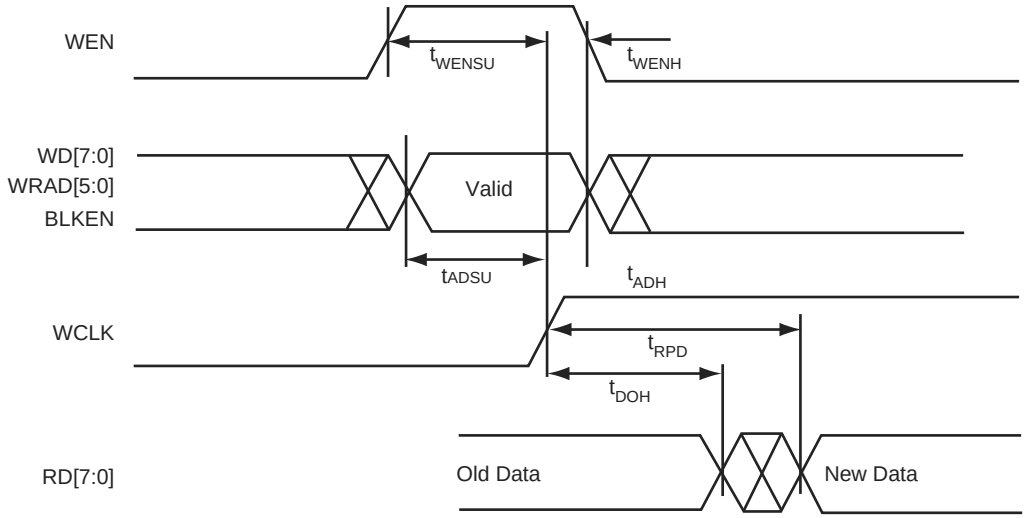


Figure 33 • **42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 2 (Write Address Controlled)**



3.10.7 Predictable Performance: Tight Delay Distributions

Propagation delay between logic modules depends on the resistive and capacitive loading of the routing tracks, the interconnect elements, and the module inputs being driven. Propagation delay increases as the length of routing tracks, the number of interconnect elements, or the number of inputs increases.

From a design perspective, the propagation delay can be statistically correlated or modeled by the fanout (number of loads) driven by a module. Higher fanout usually requires some paths to have longer routing tracks.

The MX FPGAs deliver a tight fanout delay distribution, which is achieved in two ways: by decreasing the delay of the interconnect elements and by decreasing the number of interconnect elements per path.

Microsemi's patented antifuse offers a very low resistive/capacitive interconnect. The antifuses, fabricated in 0.45 µm lithography, offer nominal levels of 100 Ω resistance and 7.0 fF capacitance per antifuse.

MX fanout distribution is also tight due to the low number of antifuses required for each interconnect path. The proprietary architecture limits the number of antifuses per path to a maximum of four, with 90 percent of interconnects using only two antifuses.

3.11 Timing Characteristics

Device timing characteristics fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all MX devices. Internal routing delays are device-dependent; actual delays are not determined until after place-and-route of the user's design is complete. Delay values may then be determined by using the Designer software utility or by performing simulation with post-layout delays.

3.11.1 Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most timing critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment in Microsemi's Designer software prior to placement and routing. Up to 6% of the nets in a design may be designated as critical.

3.11.2 Long Tracks

Some nets in the design use long tracks, which are special routing resources that span multiple rows, columns, or modules. Long tracks employ three and sometimes four antifuse connections, which increase capacitance and resistance, resulting in longer net delays for macros connected to long tracks. Typically, up to 6 percent of nets in a fully utilized device require long tracks. Long tracks add

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.4		3.8		5.5		6.4		9.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.1		4.5		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.6		5.5		7.6	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.5		5.1		6.1		8.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		6.9		7.6		8.6		10.2		14.2	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		7.5		8.3		9.4		11.1		15.5	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		8.7		9.7		10.9		12.9		18.0	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		12.2		13.5		15.4		18.1		25.3	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. *For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.*
2. *Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.*
3. *Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.*
4. *Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.*
5. *Delays based on 35 pF loading.*

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays[1]												
t_{PD1}	Single Module		1.4		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.4		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.3	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.1		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.5		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. D*ata applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.*
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 43 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		2.0		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.1		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.7		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.3	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.0		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.1		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.8		3.7		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO =3 Routing Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9	ns
t_{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0		ns
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0		ns
t_{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)												
t_{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t_{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t_{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t_{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Asynchronous SRAM Operations													
t_{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time			8.1		9.0		10.2		12.0		16.8	ns
t_{RDADV}	Read Address Valid		8.8		9.8		11.1		13.0		18.2		ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4		ns
t_{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t_{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t_{WENH}	Write Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time			1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y			1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{INH}	Input Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width		4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.3		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.3		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
		FO = 635		3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 635		4.9		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.8		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
		FO = 635	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.8		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
		FO = 635	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.8		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
		FO = 635		0.8		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.5		3.9		4.5		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.3		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns

Figure 39 • **PL68**

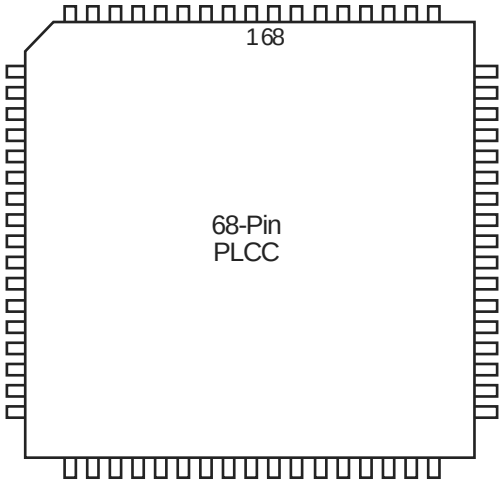


Table 48 • **PL68**

PL68		
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	VCC
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	GND	GND
15	GND	GND
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O
21	VCC	VCC
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O

Table 50 • **PQ 100**

PQ100				
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**
56	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	LP	LP
65	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
66	I/O	I/O	VCCI	VCCI
67	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
68	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
73	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
78	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
79	NC	NC	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
81	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
85	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
87	GND	GND	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	I/O	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
90	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA
91	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	MODE	MODE	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
237	GND
238	MODE
239	VCCA
240	GND

Figure 46 • **VQ80**

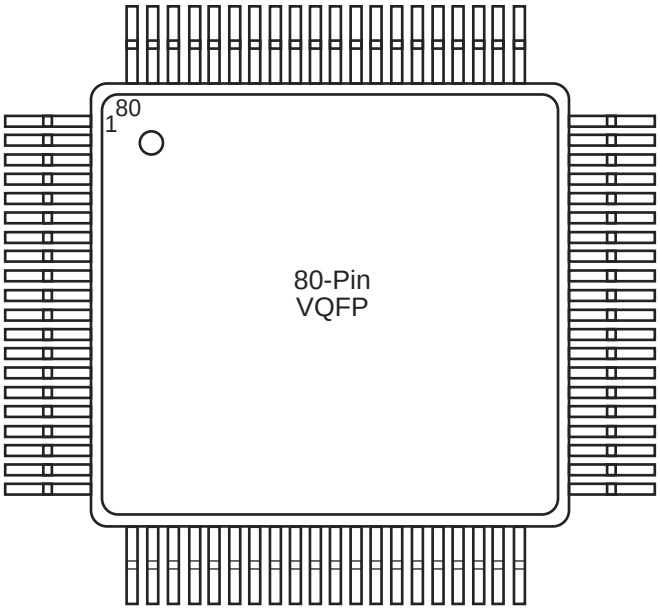


Table 55 • **VQ80**

VQ80		
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**
1	I/O	I/O
2	NC	I/O
3	NC	I/O
4	NC	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O

Figure 47 • **VQ100**

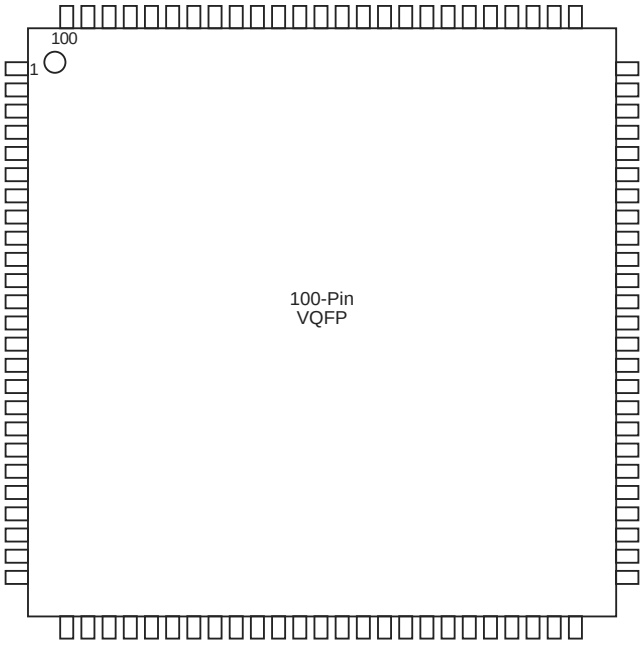


Table 56 • **VQ100**

VQ100		
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**
1	I/O	I/O
2	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCCA	NC
15	VCCI	VCCI
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	GND	GND

Table 58 • **CQ208**

CQ208	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	VCCA
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	GND
32	VCCA
33	LP
34	TCK, I/O
35	I/O
36	GND
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	GND
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
96	VCCA
97	GND
98	GND
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	WD, I/O
106	WD, I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	WD, I/O
110	WD, I/O
111	I/O
112	QCLKA, I/O
113	I/O
114	GND
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	VCCI
120	I/O
121	WD, I/O
122	WD, I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	GND
128	NC
129	NC
130	NC
131	GND
132	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	QCLKC, I/O
210	I/O
211	WD, I/O
212	WD, I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	WD, I/O
216	WD, I/O
217	I/O
218	PRB, I/O
219	I/O
220	CLKB, I/O
221	I/O
222	GND
223	GND
224	VCCA
225	VCCI
226	I/O
227	CLKA, I/O
228	I/O
229	PRA, I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	WD, I/O
233	WD, I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O
237	I/O
238	I/O
239	I/O
240	QCLKD, I/O
241	I/O
242	WD, I/O
243	GND

Table 60 • **BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
T19	I/O
T20	I/O
U1	I/O
U2	I/O
U3	I/O
U4	I/O
U5	VCCI
U6	WD, I/O
U7	I/O
U8	I/O
U9	WD, I/O
U10	VCCA
U11	VCCI
U12	I/O
U13	I/O
U14	QCLKB, I/O
U15	I/O
U16	VCCI
U17	I/O
U18	GND
U19	I/O
U20	I/O
V1	I/O
V2	I/O
V3	GND
V4	GND
V5	I/O
V6	I/O
V7	I/O
V8	WD, I/O
V9	I/O
V10	I/O
V11	I/O
V12	I/O
V13	WD, I/O
V14	I/O
V15	WD, I/O