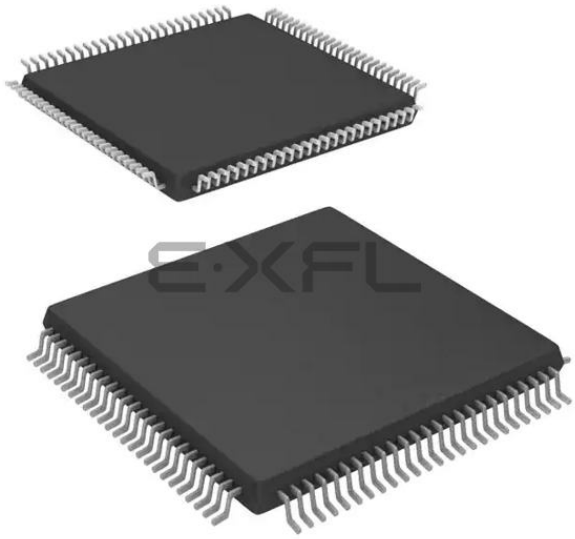

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-2vq100i

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2.4 Plastic Device Resources

Table 2 • **Plastic Device Resources**

	User I/Os											
Device	**PLCC 44-Pin**	**PLCC 68-Pin**	**PLCC 84-Pin**	**PQFP 100-Pin**	**PQFP 144-Pin**	**PQFP 160-Pin**	**PQFP 208-Pin**	**PQFP 240-Pin**	**VQFP 80-Pin**	**VQFP 100-Pin**	**TQFP 176-Pin**	**PBGA 272-Pin**
A40MX02	34	57	–	57	–	–	–	–	57	–	–	–
A40MX04	34	57	69	69	–	–	–	–	69	–	–	–
A42MX09	–	–	72	83	95	101	–	–	–	83	104	–
A42MX16	–	–	72	83	–	125	140	–	–	83	140	–
A42MX24	–	–	72	–	–	125	176	–	–	–	150	–
A42MX36	–	–	–	–	–	–	176	202	–	–	–	202

Note: Package Definitions: PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack, TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack, VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack, PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

2.5 Ceramic Device Resources

Table 3 • **Ceramic Device Resources**

	User I/Os			
Device	**CPGA 132-Pin**	**CQFP 172-Pin**	**CQFP 208-Pin**	**CQFP 256-Pin**
A42MX09	95			
A42MX16		131		
A42MX36			176	202

Note: Package Definitions: CQFP = Ceramic Quad Flat Pack

3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45µm triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

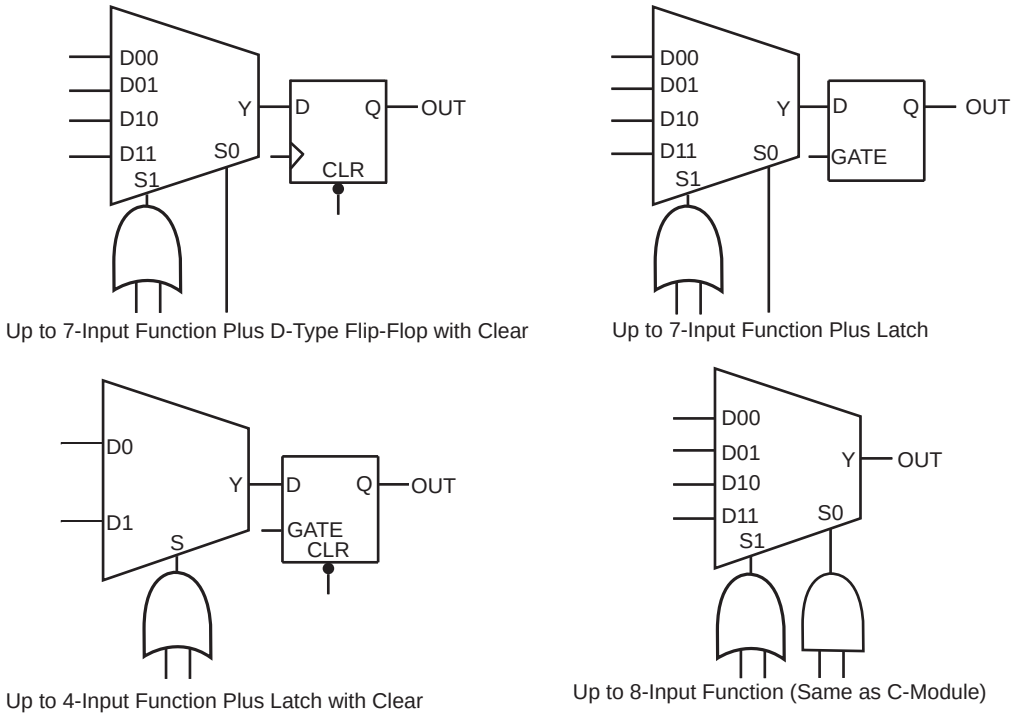
The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

Figure 4 • **42MX S-Module Implementation**



A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

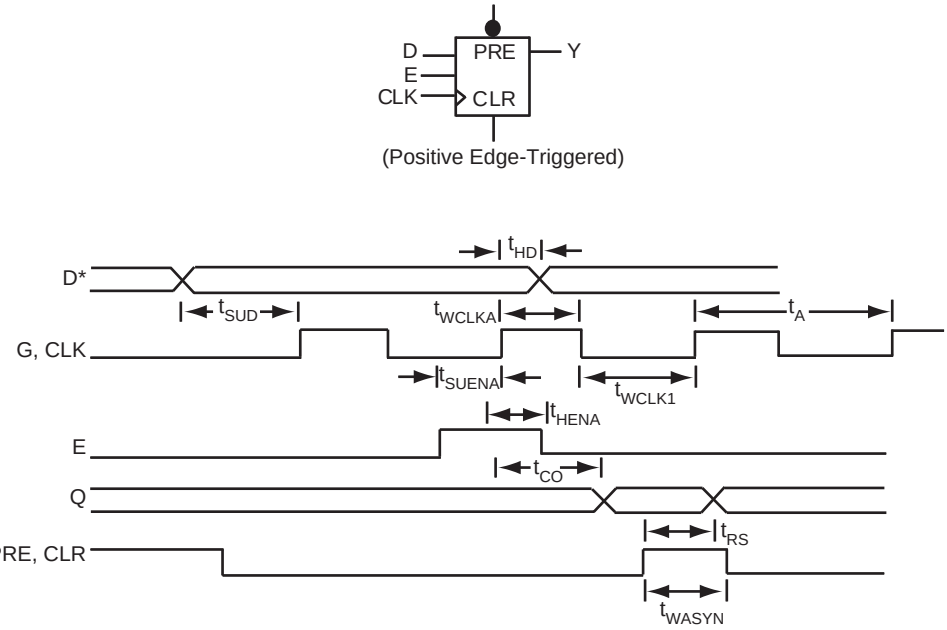
The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • **Flip-Flops and Latches**



Note: *D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • **Input Buffer Latches**

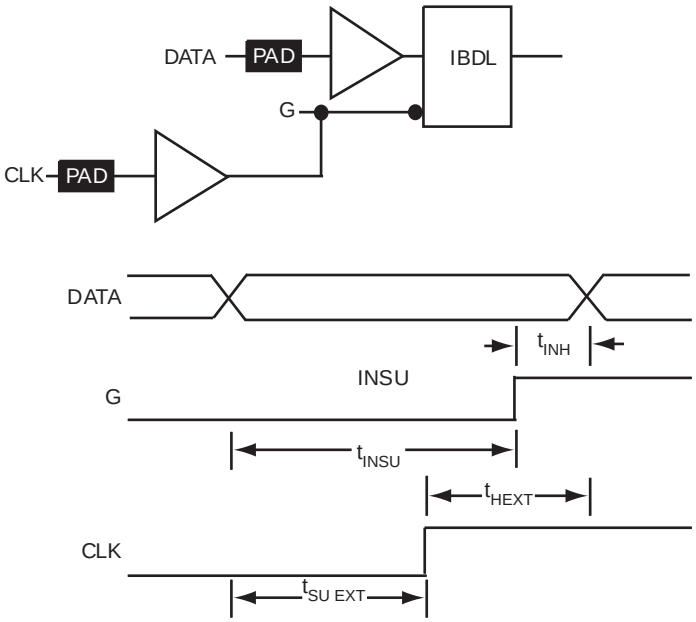
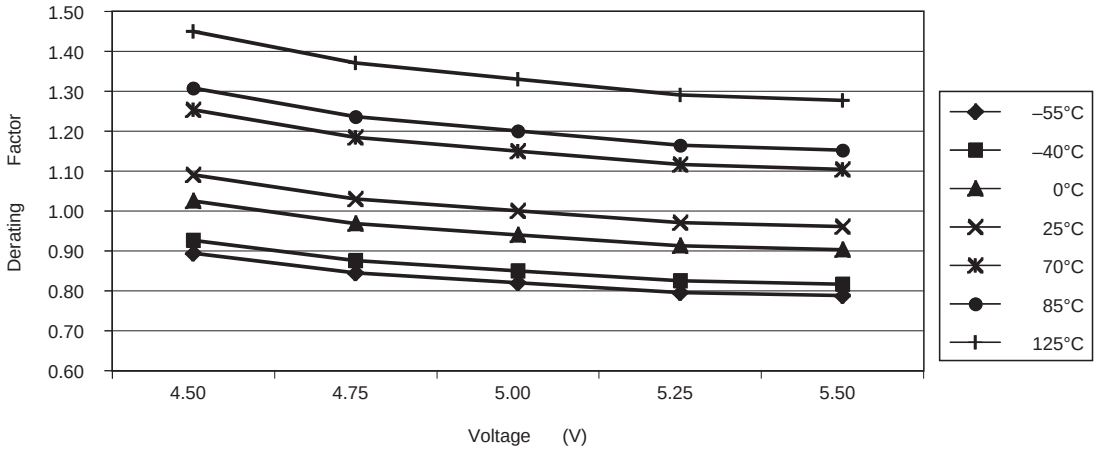


Figure 35 • **40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 5.0 V)**

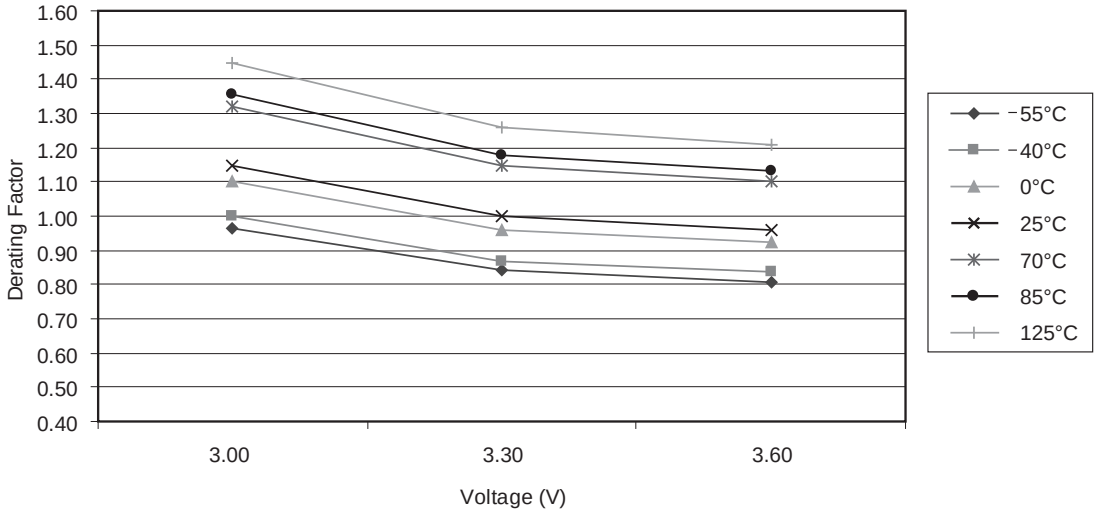


Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 30 • **42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors(Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)**

	Temperature						
42MX Voltage	**–55°C**	**–40°C**	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**125°C**
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

Figure 36 • **42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)**



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 31 • **40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 3.3 V)**

	Temperature						
40MX Voltage	**–55°C**	**–40°C**	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**125°C**
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

Table 34 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)***
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing[4]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.2	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.8		8.0	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.1	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing[4]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35pF loading

Table 35 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t_{PD1}	Single Module		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[1]												

Table 37 • **A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing [3, 4]												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
		FO = 486		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		5.9	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6	ns
		FO = 486		4.3		4.7		5.4		6.3		8.8	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns
		FO = 486	2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5		ns
		FO = 486	2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1	ns
		FO = 486		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 486	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_P	Minimum Period ($1/f_{MAX}$)	FO = 32	4.7		5.2		5.7		6.5		10.9		ns
		FO = 486	5.1		5.7		6.2		7.1		11.9		ns

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
TTL Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.9	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.6		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.4	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

Table 49 • **PL84**

PL84				
Pin Number	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
58	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
59	GND	GND	GND
60	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
61	LP	LP	LP
62	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	GND	GND	GND
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	GND	GND	GND
70	NC	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	NC	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	NC	I/O	I/O
80	GND	GND	GND
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
83	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	NC	VCCI	VCCI
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
132	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
133	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
150	GND	GND	GND
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
165	NC	I/O	I/O
166	NC	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
52	VCCI
53	I/O
54	WD, I/O
55	WD, I/O
56	I/O
57	SDI, I/O
58	I/O
59	VCCA
60	GND
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	VCCI
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	VCCA
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VCCA

Table 58 • **CQ208**

CQ208	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	GND
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	GND
158	I/O
159	SDI, I/O
160	I/O
161	WD, I/O
162	WD, I/O
163	I/O
164	VCCI
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	WD, I/O
169	WD, I/O
170	I/O
171	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	WD, I/O
177	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O
179	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O
181	I/O
182	VCCI
183	VCCA
184	GND

Table 60 • **BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	WD, I/O
C6	I/O
C7	QCLKC, I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	CLKB
C11	PRA, I/O
C12	WD, I/O
C13	I/O
C14	QCLKD, I/O
C15	I/O
C16	WD, I/O
C17	SDI, I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
D1	I/O
D2	I/O
D3	I/O
D4	I/O
D5	VCCI
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	VCCA
D9	WD, I/O
D10	VCCI
D11	I/O
D12	VCCI
D13	I/O
D14	VCCI
D15	I/O
D16	VCCA
D17	GND
D18	I/O
D19	I/O

Table 61 • **PG132**

PG132	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
B3	I/O
A2	I/O
C3	DCLK
B5	GNDA
E12	GNDA
J2	GNDA
M9	GNDA
B9	GNDI
C5	GNDI
E11	GNDI
F4	GNDI
J3	GNDI
J11	GNDI
L5	GNDI
L9	GNDI
C9	GNDQ
E3	GNDQ
K12	GNDQ
D7	VCCA
G3	VCCA
G10	VCCA
L7	VCCA
C7	VCCI
G2	VCCI
G11	VCCI
K7	VCCI

Table 62 • **CQ172**

60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	GND
66	VCC
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	GND
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	VCCI
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	SDO
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	GND