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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-VQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-3vqg100i

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2 40MX and 42MX FPGA Families

2.1 Features

The following sections list out various features of the 40MX and 42MX FPGA family devices.

2.1.1 High Capacity

- Single-Chip ASIC Alternative
- 3,000 to 54,000 System Gates
- Up to 2.5 kbits Configurable Dual-Port SRAM
- Fast Wide-Decode Circuitry
- Up to 202 User-Programmable I/O Pins

2.1.2 High Performance

- 5.6 ns Clock-to-Out
- 250 MHz Performance
- 5 ns Dual-Port SRAM Access
- 100 MHz FIFOs
- 7.5 ns 35-Bit Address Decode

2.1.3 HiRel Features

- Commercial, Industrial, Automotive, and Military Temperature Plastic Packages
- Commercial, Military Temperature, and MIL-STD-883 Ceramic Packages
- QML Certification
- Ceramic Devices Available to DSCC SMD

2.1.4 Ease of Integration

- Mixed-Voltage Operation (5.0 V or 3.3 V for core and I/Os), with PCI-Compliant I/Os
- Up to 100% Resource Utilization and 100% Pin Locking
- Deterministic, User-Controllable Timing
- Unique In-System Diagnostic and Verification Capability with Silicon Explorer II
- Low Power Consumption
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing

2.2 Product Profile

The following table gives the features of the products.

Table 1 • Product profile

Device	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
Capacity						
System Gates	3,000	6,000	14,000	24,000	36,000	54,000
SRAM Bits	—	—	—	—	—	2,560
Logic Modules						
Sequential	—	—	348	624	954	1,230
Combinatorial	295	547	336	608	912	1,184
Decode	—	—	—	—	24	24
Clock-to-Out						
	9.5 ns	9.5 ns	5.6 ns	6.1 ns	6.1 ns	6.3 ns
SRAM Modules (64x4 or 32x8)						
	—	—	—	—	—	10
Dedicated Flip-Flops						
	—	—	348	624	954	1,230

Table 1 • Product profile

Device	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
Maximum Flip-Flops	147	273	516	928	1,410	1,822
Clocks	1	1	2	2	2	6
User I/O (maximum)	57	69	104	140	176	202
PCI	–	–	–	–	Yes	Yes
Boundary Scan Test (BST)	–	–	–	–	Yes	Yes
Packages (by pin count)						
PLCC	44, 68	44, 68, 84	84	84	84	–
PQFP	100	100	100, 144, 160	100, 160, 208	160, 208	208, 240
VQFP	80	80	100	100	–	–
TQFP	–	–	176	176	176	–
CQFP	–	–	–	172	–	208, 256
PBGA	–	–	–	–	–	272
CPGA	–	–	132	–	–	–

3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45 μ m triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins’ behavior in either mode.

Figure 15 • Device Selection Wizard

Table 11 • Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html>.

3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools.

Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

Table 23 • DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)¹

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
C _{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance			10	—	10	pF
C _{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	—	10	pF
L _{PIN}	Pin Inductance			20	—	< 8 nH ⁴	nH

1. PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.1.1.

2. Maximum rating for VCCI –0.5 V to 7.0 V

3. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V.

4. Dependent upon the chosen package. PCI recommends QFP and BGA packaging to reduce pin inductance and capacitance.

Table 24 • AC Specifications (5.0V PCI Signaling)*

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
ICL	Low Clamp Current	–5 < VIN ≤ –1	–25 + (VIN +1) /0.015		–60	–10	mA
Slew (r)	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load	1		5	1.8	2.8
Slew (f)	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load	1		5	2.8	4.3
					V/ns	V/ns	

Note: *PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.1.2.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQ176 package at commercial temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (\text{°C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (\text{°C})}{\theta_{ja}(\text{°C/W})} = \frac{150\text{°C} - 70\text{°C}}{(28\text{°C})/\text{W}} = 2.86\text{W}$$

EQ 5

The maximum power dissipation for military-grade devices is a function of θ_{jc} . A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for CQFP 208-pin package at military temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max} \cdot \text{junction temp} \cdot (\text{°C}) - \text{Max} \cdot \text{ambient temp} \cdot (\text{°C})}{\theta_{jc}(\text{°C/W})} = \frac{150\text{°C} - 125\text{°C}}{(6.3\text{°C})/\text{W}} = 3.97\text{W}$$

EQ 6

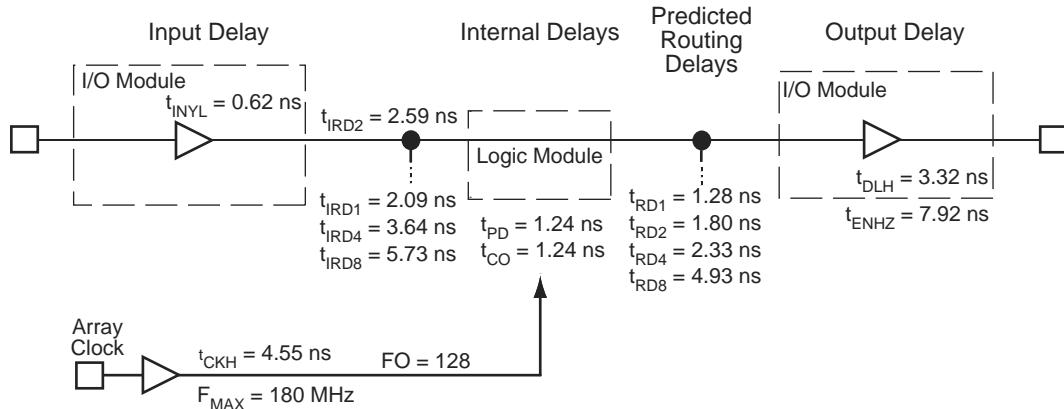
Table 27 • Package Thermal Characteristics

Plastic Packages	Pin Count	θ_{jc}	θ_{ja}			Units
			Still Air	1.0 m/s 200 ft/min.	2.5 m/s 500 ft/min.	
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	12.0	27.8	23.4	21.2	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	144	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	160	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	240	8.5	25.6	22.3	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	44	16.0	20.0	24.5	22.0	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	68	13.0	25.0	21.0	19.4	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12.0	22.5	18.9	17.6	°C/W
Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	176	11.0	24.7	19.9	18.0	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	80	12.0	38.2	31.9	29.4	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array	272	3.0	18.3	14.9	13.9	°C/W
Ceramic Packages						
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	132	4.8	25.0	20.6	18.7	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	208	2.0	22.0	19.8	18.0	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	256	2.0	20.0	16.5	15.0	°C/W

3.10 Timing Models

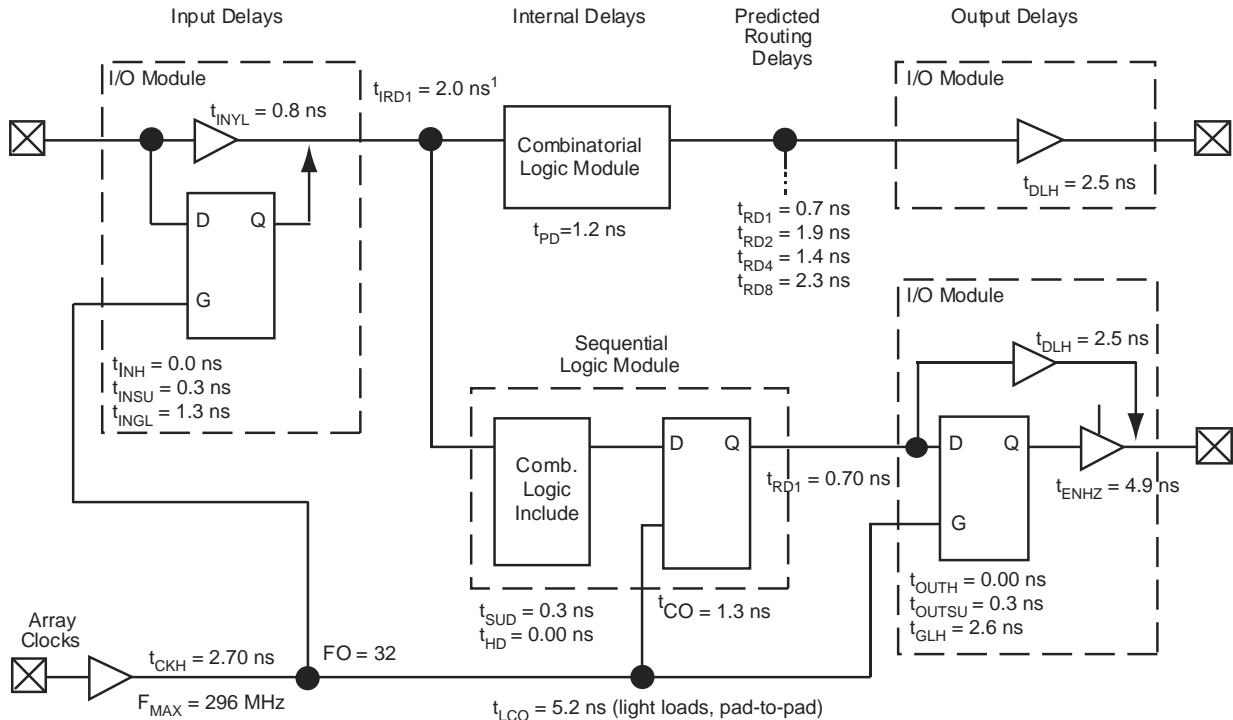
The following figures show various timing models.

Figure 17 • 40MX Timing Model*



Note: Values are shown for 40MX –3 speed devices at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

Figure 18 • 42MX Timing Model



Note: 1. Input module predicted routing delay

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX09 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency	268		244		224		195		117		MHz

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions¹											
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.7	ns				
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.3	ns				
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.0	ns				
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.4	ns				
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
t _{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns				
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}											
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns				
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns				
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns				
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4	4.8	5.5	6.4	9.0	ns				
Synchronous SRAM Operations											
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	6.8	7.5	8.5	10.0	14.0	ns				
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	6.8	7.5	8.5	10.0	14.0	ns				
t _{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t _{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.4	ns				
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)											
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns				
t _{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	2.7	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns				
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t _{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				

Clock signal to shift the Boundary Scan Test (BST) data into the device. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDI, I/OTest Data In

Serial data input for BST instructions and data. Data is shifted in on the rising edge of TCK. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDO, I/OTest Data Out

Serial data output for BST instructions and test data. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TMS, I/OTest Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set LOW, the TCK, TDI and TDO pins are boundary scan pins. Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The "logic reset" state is reached 5 TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set HIGH. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications. IEEE JTAG specification recommends a 10kΩ pull-up resistor on the pin. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

VCC, Supply Voltage

Input supply voltage for 40MX devices

VCCA, Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for array in 42MX devices

VCCI, Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for I/Os in 42MX devices

WD, IOWide Decode Output

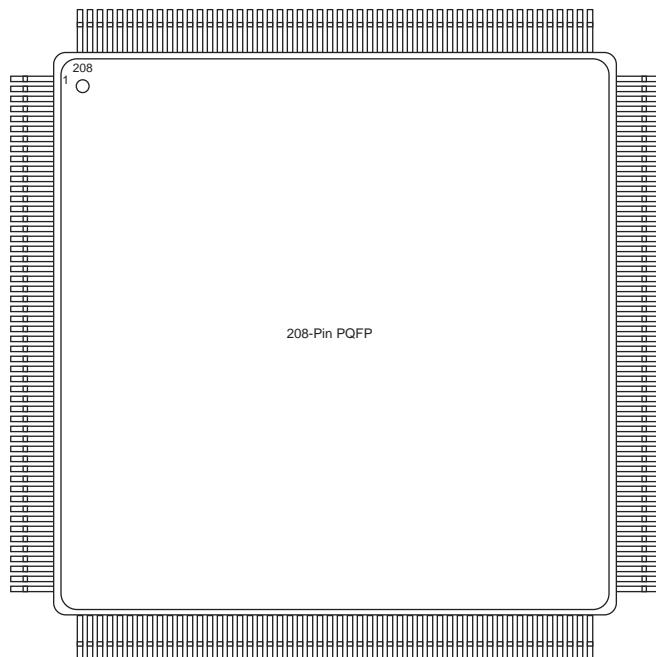
When a wide decode module is used in a 42MX device this pin can be used as a dedicated output from the wide decode module. This direct connection eliminates additional interconnect delays associated with regular logic modules. To implement the direct I/O connection, connect an output buffer of any type to the output of the wide decode macro and place this output on one of the reserved WD pins.

Table 50 • PQ 100

PQ100	Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
19	VCC	V _{CC}		I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	GND		GND
23	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
27	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
28	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
29	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
30	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
32	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
33	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	GND		GND
35	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND		I/O	I/O
37	GND	GND		I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	VCCA		VCCA
41	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
43	VCC	VCC		I/O	I/O
44	VCC	VCC		I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	GND		GND
47	I/O	I/O		I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
49	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O		I/O	I/O
51	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
52	NC	NC	SDO, I/O		SDO, I/O
53	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
54	NC	NC		I/O	I/O
55	NC	NC		I/O	I/O

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160	Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
	58	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	59	GND	GND	GND
	60	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	61	LP	LP	LP
	62	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
	63	I/O	I/O	I/O
	64	GND	GND	GND
	65	I/O	I/O	I/O
	66	I/O	I/O	I/O
	67	I/O	I/O	I/O
	68	I/O	I/O	I/O
	69	GND	GND	GND
	70	NC	I/O	I/O
	71	I/O	I/O	I/O
	72	I/O	I/O	I/O
	73	I/O	I/O	I/O
	74	I/O	I/O	I/O
	75	NC	I/O	I/O
	76	I/O	I/O	I/O
	77	NC	I/O	I/O
	78	I/O	I/O	I/O
	79	NC	I/O	I/O
	80	GND	GND	GND
	81	I/O	I/O	I/O
	82	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
	83	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	85	I/O	I/O	I/O
	86	NC	VCCI	VCCI
	87	I/O	I/O	I/O
	88	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	89	GND	GND	GND
	90	NC	I/O	I/O
	91	I/O	I/O	I/O
	92	I/O	I/O	I/O
	93	I/O	I/O	I/O
	94	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 44 • PQ208**Table 53 • PQ208**

PQ208	Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
	1	GND	GND	GND
	2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	3	MODE	MODE	MODE
	4	I/O	I/O	I/O
	5	I/O	I/O	I/O
	6	I/O	I/O	I/O
	7	I/O	I/O	I/O
	8	I/O	I/O	I/O
	9	NC	I/O	I/O
	10	NC	I/O	I/O
	11	NC	I/O	I/O
	12	I/O	I/O	I/O
	13	I/O	I/O	I/O
	14	I/O	I/O	I/O
	15	I/O	I/O	I/O
	16	NC	I/O	I/O
	17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	18	I/O	I/O	I/O
	19	I/O	I/O	I/O
	20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176	Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
	121	NC	NC	I/O
	122	I/O	I/O	I/O
	123	I/O	I/O	I/O
	124	NC	I/O	I/O
	125	NC	I/O	I/O
	126	NC	NC	I/O
	127	I/O	I/O	I/O
	128	I/O	I/O	I/O
	129	I/O	I/O	I/O
	130	I/O	I/O	I/O
	131	I/O	I/O	I/O
	132	I/O	I/O	I/O
	133	GND	GND	GND
	134	I/O	I/O	I/O
	135	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
	136	NC	I/O	I/O
	137	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	138	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	139	I/O	I/O	I/O
	140	NC	VCCI	VCCI
	141	I/O	I/O	I/O
	142	I/O	I/O	I/O
	143	NC	I/O	I/O
	144	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
	145	NC	NC	WD, I/O
	146	I/O	I/O	I/O
	147	NC	I/O	I/O
	148	I/O	I/O	I/O
	149	I/O	I/O	I/O
	150	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	151	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
	152	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
	153	I/O	I/O	I/O
	154	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
	155	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	156	GND	GND	GND
	157	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
F2	I/O
F1	I/O
G1	I/O
G4	VSV
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
J1	I/O
K1	I/O
L1	I/O
K2	I/O
M1	I/O
K3	I/O
L2	I/O
N1	I/O
L3	BININ
M2	BINOUT
N2	I/O
M3	I/O
L4	I/O
N3	I/O
M4	I/O
N4	I/O
M5	I/O
K6	I/O
N5	I/O
N6	I/O
L6	I/O
M6	I/O
M7	I/O
N7	I/O
N8	I/O
M8	I/O
L8	I/O
K8	I/O
N9	I/O

Table 62 • CQ172

60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	GND
66	VCC
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	GND
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	VCCI
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	SDO
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	GND

Table 62 • CQ172

138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	GND
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	PROBA
149	I/O
150	CLKA
151	VCC
152	GND
153	I/O
154	CLKB
155	I/O
156	PROBB
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	I/O
160	I/O
161	GND
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	I/O
166	VCCI
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O
170	I/O
171	DCLK