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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	104
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	176-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	176-TQFP (24x24)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microsemi/a42mx09-ftq176

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3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45µm triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

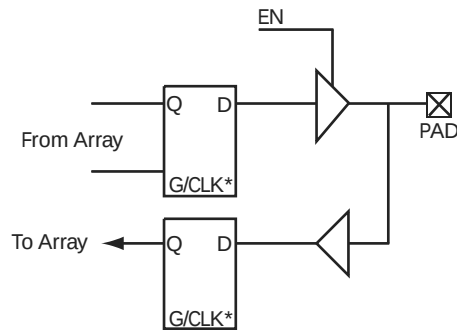
3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

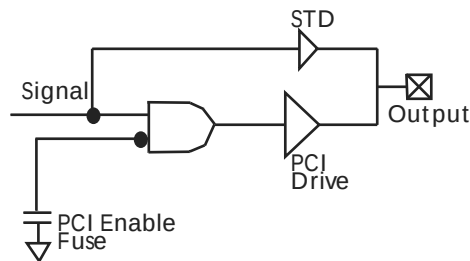
Designer software development tools provide a design library of I/O macro functions that can implement all I/O configurations supported by the MX FPGAs.

Figure 10 • 42MX I/O Module



Note: *Can be configured as a Latch or D Flip-Flop (Using C-Module)

Figure 11 • PCI Output Structure of A42MX24 and A42MX36 Devices



3.3 Other Architectural Features

The following sections cover other architectural features of 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

3.3.1 Performance

MX devices can operate with internal clock frequencies of 250 MHz, enabling fast execution of complex logic functions. MX devices are live on power-up and do not require auxiliary configuration devices and thus are an optimal platform to integrate the functionality contained in multiple programmable logic devices. In addition, designs that previously would have required a gate array to meet performance can be integrated into an MX device with improvements in cost and time-to-market. Using timing-driven place-and-route (TDPR) tools, designers can achieve highly deterministic device performance.

3.3.2 User Security

Microsemi FuseLock provides robust security against design theft. Special security fuses are hidden in the fabric of the device and protect against unauthorized users attempting to access the programming and/or probe interfaces. It is virtually impossible to identify or bypass these fuses without damaging the device, making Microsemi antifuse FPGAs protected with the highest level of security available from both invasive and noninvasive attacks.

Special security fuses in 40MX devices include the Probe Fuse and Program Fuse. The former disables the probing circuitry while the latter prohibits further programming of all fuses, including the Probe Fuse. In 42MX devices, there is the Security Fuse which, when programmed, both disables the probing circuitry and prohibits further programming of the device.

3.3.3 Programming

Device programming is supported through the Silicon Sculptor series of programmers. Silicon Sculptor is a compact, robust, single-site and multi-site device programmer for the PC. With standalone software, Silicon Sculptor is designed to allow concurrent programming of multiple units from the same PC.

Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Microsemi's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Libero software is the SmartGen macro builder, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design.

Microsemi's Libero software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synopsys, and Cadence design systems.

See the Libero IDE web content at www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx for further information on licensing and current operating system support.

3.6 Related Documents

The following sections give the list of related documents which can be referred for this datasheet.

3.6.1 Application Notes

- *AC278: BSDL Files Format Description*
- *AC225: Programming Antifuse Devices*
- *AC168: Implementation of Security in Microsemi Antifuse FPGAs*

3.6.2 User Guides and Manuals

- *Antifuse Macro Library Guide*
- *Silicon Sculptor Programmers User Guide*

3.6.3 Miscellaneous

Libero IDE Flow Diagram

3.7 5.0 V Operating Conditions

The following tables show 5.0 V operating conditions.

Table 12 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 13 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

3.9.1 Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

Table 22 • Mixed 5.0V/3.3V Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial –F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = –10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = –4 mA					2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 10 mA	0.5		0.5						V
	IOL = 6 mA					0.4		0.4		V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH ²		2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	2.0	VCCA + 0.3	V
IL	VIN = 0.5 V	–10		–10		–10		–10		μA
IH	VIN = 2.7 V	–10		–10		–10		–10		μA
Input Transition Time, TR and TF		500		500		500		500		ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance		10		10		10		10		pF
Standby Current, ICC ³	A42MX09	5		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX16	6		25		25		25		mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36	20		25		25		25		mA
Low Power Mode Standby Current		0.5		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		mA
I/O I/O source sink current Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)										

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCCI = min.

2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

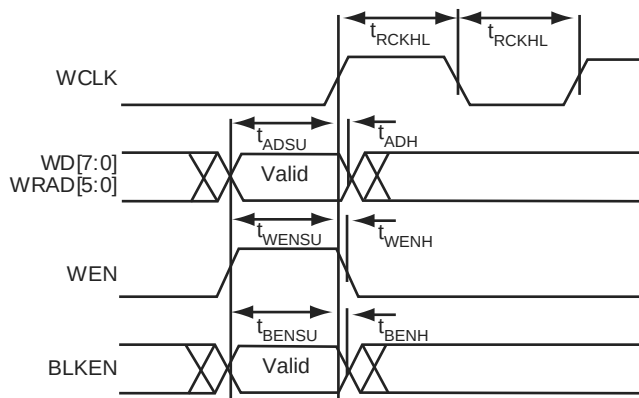
3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCCI or GND

3.9.2 Output Drive Characteristics for 5.0 V PCI Signaling

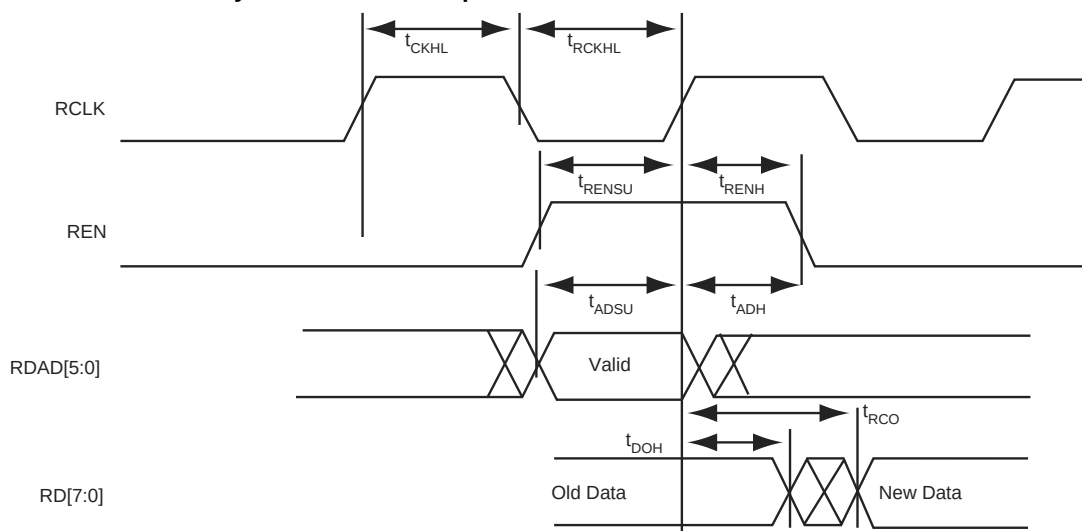
MX PCI device I/O drivers were designed specifically for high-performance PCI systems. Figure 16, page 28 shows the typical output drive characteristics of the MX devices. MX output drivers are compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification.

Table 23 • DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)¹

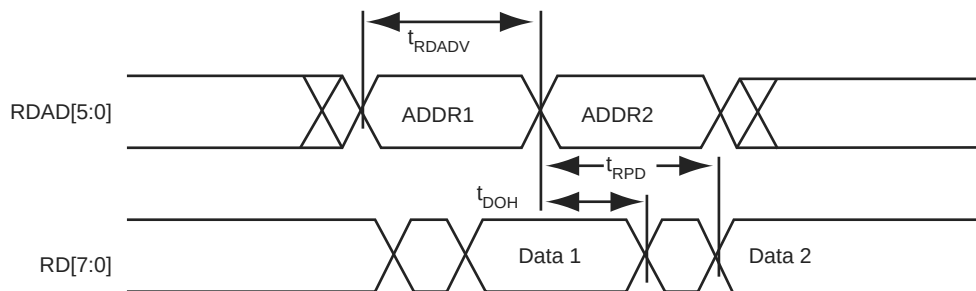
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		4.75	5.25	4.75	5.25 ²	V
VIH ³	Input High Voltage		2.0	VCC + 0.5	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		–0.5	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70	—	10	μA
IIL	Input Low Leakage Current	VIN=0.5 V		–70	—	–10	μA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = –2 mA IOUT = –6 mA	2.4		3.84		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.55	—	0.33	V

Figure 30 • 42MX SRAM Write Operation

Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

Figure 31 • 42MX SRAM Synchronous Read Operation

Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

Figure 32 • 42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 1 (Read Address Controlled)

approximately a 3 ns to a 6 ns delay, which is represented statistically in higher fanout (FO=8) routing delays in the data sheet specifications section, shown in Table 34, page 41.

3.11.3 Timing Derating

MX devices are manufactured with a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process changes. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature and worst-case processing.

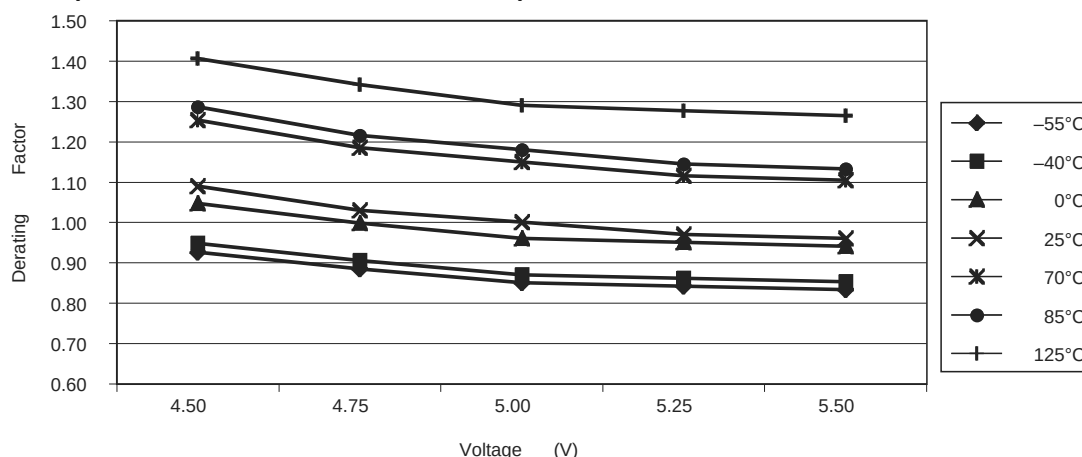
3.11.4 Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following tables and figures show temperature and voltage derating factors for 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

Table 28 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.93	0.95	1.05	1.09	1.25	1.29	1.41
4.75	0.88	0.90	1.00	1.03	1.18	1.22	1.34
5.00	0.85	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.29
5.25	0.84	0.86	0.95	0.97	1.12	1.14	1.28
5.50	0.83	0.85	0.94	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.26

Figure 34 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 5.0\text{ V}$)



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 29 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.89	0.93	1.02	1.09	1.25	1.31	1.45
4.75	0.84	0.88	0.97	1.03	1.18	1.24	1.37
5.00	0.82	0.85	0.94	1.00	1.15	1.20	1.33
5.25	0.80	0.82	0.91	0.97	1.12	1.16	1.29
5.50	0.79	0.82	0.90	0.96	1.10	1.15	1.28

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		5.5		6.4		7.2		8.5		11.9	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.8		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		4.7		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		6.8		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility.
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		2.3		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.2		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.9		3.4		3.9		4.5		6.3	ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.0		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ²												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t _{HD} ³	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		268		244		224		195		117	MHz

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{RD3}	FO =3 Routing Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9	ns
t _{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time		6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0	ns
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time		6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0	ns
t _{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4	ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)												
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3	ns
t _{RENH}	Read Enable Hold		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t _{BENH}	Block Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
10	I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	NC	MODE	MODE	MODE
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	VCCA	VCCI	VCCI
23	I/O	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
40	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
46	VCC	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
58	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
59	GND	GND	GND
60	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
61	LP	LP	LP
62	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	GND	GND	GND
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	GND	GND	GND
70	NC	I/O	I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	NC	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O
79	NC	I/O	I/O
80	GND	GND	GND
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
83	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
85	I/O	I/O	I/O
86	NC	VCCI	VCCI
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
99	GND	GND	GND
100	NC	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
107	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	NC	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
112	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	NC	VCCI	VCCI
115	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
116	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
119	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
120	GND	GND	GND
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	GND	GND	GND
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	NC	I/O	I/O
130	GND	GND	GND
131	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	GND	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND	GND
28	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
29	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	GND	GND	GND
54	I/O	TMS, I/O	TMS, I/O
55	I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
52	VCCI
53	I/O
54	WD, I/O
55	WD, I/O
56	I/O
57	SDI, I/O
58	I/O
59	VCCA
60	GND
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	VCCI
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	VCCA
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VCCA

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
89	VCCI
90	VCCA
91	LP
92	TCK, I/O
93	I/O
94	GND
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	VCCI
109	I/O
110	I/O
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	VCCA
119	GND
120	GND
121	GND
122	I/O
123	SDO, TDO, I/O
124	I/O
125	WD, I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
163	WD, I/O
164	WD, I/O
165	I/O
166	QCLKA, I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O
170	I/O
171	I/O
172	VCCI
173	I/O
174	WD, I/O
175	WD, I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	TDI, I/O
179	TMS, I/O
180	GND
181	VCCA
182	GND
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	I/O
189	I/O
190	I/O
191	I/O
192	VCCI
193	I/O
194	I/O
195	I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
V16	I/O
V17	I/O
V18	SDO, TDO, I/O
V19	I/O
V20	I/O
W1	GND
W2	GND
W3	I/O
W4	TMS, I/O
W5	I/O
W6	I/O
W7	I/O
W8	WD, I/O
W9	WD, I/O
W10	I/O
W11	I/O
W12	I/O
W13	WD, I/O
W14	I/O
W15	I/O
W16	WD, I/O
W17	I/O
W18	WD, I/O
W19	GND
W20	GND
Y1	GND
Y2	GND
Y3	I/O
Y4	TDI, I/O
Y5	WD, I/O
Y6	I/O
Y7	QCLKA, I/O
Y8	I/O
Y9	I/O
Y10	I/O
Y11	I/O
Y12	I/O

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
N10	I/O
M10	I/O
N11	I/O
L10	I/O
M11	I/O
N12	SDO
M12	I/O
L11	I/O
N13	I/O
M13	I/O
K11	I/O
L12	I/O
L13	I/O
K13	I/O
H10	I/O
J12	I/O
J13	I/O
H11	I/O
H12	I/O
H13	VKS
G13	VPP