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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	101
Number of Gates	14000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	160-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	160-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx09-pq160m

2 40MX and 42MX FPGA Families

2.1 Features

The following sections list out various features of the 40MX and 42MX FPGA family devices.

2.1.1 High Capacity

- Single-Chip ASIC Alternative
- 3,000 to 54,000 System Gates
- Up to 2.5 kbits Configurable Dual-Port SRAM
- Fast Wide-Decode Circuitry
- Up to 202 User-Programmable I/O Pins

2.1.2 High Performance

- 5.6 ns Clock-to-Out
- 250 MHz Performance
- 5 ns Dual-Port SRAM Access
- 100 MHz FIFOs
- 7.5 ns 35-Bit Address Decode

2.1.3 HiRel Features

- Commercial, Industrial, Automotive, and Military Temperature Plastic Packages
- Commercial, Military Temperature, and MIL-STD-883 Ceramic Packages
- QML Certification
- Ceramic Devices Available to DSCC SMD

2.1.4 Ease of Integration

- Mixed-Voltage Operation (5.0 V or 3.3 V for core and I/Os), with PCI-Compliant I/Os
- Up to 100% Resource Utilization and 100% Pin Locking
- Deterministic, User-Controllable Timing
- Unique In-System Diagnostic and Verification Capability with Silicon Explorer II
- Low Power Consumption
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing

2.2 Product Profile

The following table gives the features of the products.

Table 1 • **Product profile**

Device	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
Capacity						
System Gates	3,000	6,000	14,000	24,000	36,000	54,000
SRAM Bits	–	–	–	–	–	2,560
Logic Modules						
Sequential	–	–	348	624	954	1,230
Combinatorial	295	547	336	608	912	1,184
Decode	–	–	–	–	24	24
Clock-to-Out	9.5 ns	9.5 ns	5.6 ns	6.1 ns	6.1 ns	6.3 ns
SRAM Modules (64x4 or 32x8)	–	–	–	–	–	10
Dedicated Flip-Flops	–	–	348	624	954	1,230

3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins' behavior in either mode.

Figure 15 • **Device Selection Wizard**

Table 11 • **Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality**

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html.

3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 14 • **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCC (40MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCA (42MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI (42MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V

Note: * Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

3.7.1 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

The following tables show 5 V TTL electrical specifications.

Table 15 • **5V TTL Electrical Specifications**

		Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
VOH[1]	IOH = –10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = –4 mA					3.7		3.7		V
VOL[1]	IOL = 10 mA		0.5		0.5					V
	IOL = 6 mA						0.4		0.4	V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)[2]		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL	VIN = 0.5 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
IIH	VIN = 2.7 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
Input Transition Time, T_R and T_F			500		500		500		500	ns
C_{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC[3]	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		20		25		25		25	mA
Low power mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0	mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the *IBIS model* (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min
2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

Table 23 • **DC Specification (5.0 V PCI Signaling)[1]**

			PCI		MX		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Condition**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance			10	—	10	pF
C_{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12	—	10	pF
L_{PIN}	Pin Inductance			20	—	< 8 nH[4]	nH

1. PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.1.1.
2. Maximum rating for VCCI –0.5 V to 7.0 V
3. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V.
4. Dependent upon the chosen package. PCI recommends QFP and BGA packaging to reduce pin inductance and capacitance.

Table 24 • **AC Specifications (5.0V PCI Signaling)***

			PCI		MX		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Condition**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
ICL	Low Clamp Current	–5 < VIN ≤ –1	–25 + (VIN +1) /0.015		–60	–10	mA
Slew (r)	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.4 V to 2.4 V load	1	5	1.8	2.8	V/ns
Slew (f)	Output Fall Slew Rate	2.4 V to 0.4 V load	1	5	2.8	4.3	V/ns

Note: *PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.1.2.

Table 33 • **Timing Parameters for 33 MHz PCI**

		PCI		A42MX24		A42MX36		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
$t_{SU(PTP)}$	Input Set-Up Time to CLK—Point-to-Point	10, 12[2]	–	1.5	–	1.5	–	ns
t_H	Input Hold to CLK	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns

1. TOFF is system dependent. MX PCI devices have 7.4 ns turn-off time, reflection is typically an additional 10 ns.
2. REQ# and GNT# are point-to-point signals and have different output valid delay and input setup times than do bussed signals. GNT# has a setup of 10; REW# has a setup of 12.

3.11.6.1 Timing Characteristics

The following tables list the timing characteristics.

Table 34 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t_{PD1}	Single Module		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[1]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.9		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.6	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[2]												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_{HD}[3]	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		181		168		154		134		80	MHz

Table 35 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)***
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			4.2		4.8		5.4		6.3		8.9	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			7.1		8.2		9.2		10.9		15.2	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[2]													
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_{HD}[3]	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)			109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[1]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			8.0		9.26		10.5		12.6		17.3	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.4 6.4		7.4 7.4		8.3 8.3		9.8 9.8		13.7 13.7	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.7 6.7		7.8 7.8		8.8 8.8		10.4 10.4		14.5 14.5	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16 FO = 128		0.6 0.8		0.6 0.9		0.7 1.0		0.8 1.2		1.2 1.6	ns

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing [3, 4]												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.5		1.6		1.8		2.17		3.0	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			1.2		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.4	ns
t_{INGH}	G to Y HIGH			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{INGL}	G to Y LOW			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8		3.2		3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.1		4.5		5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
		FO = 256		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.7		9.3	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.0		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
		FO = 256		5.4		6.0		6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
		FO = 256		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
		FO = 256	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.5		7.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	5.6		6.2		6.7		7.8		12.9		ns
		FO = 256	6.1		6.8		7.4		8.5		14.2		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		177		161		148		129		77	MHz
		FO = 256		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 41 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	5.3		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0		ns
		FO = 384	6.2		6.9		7.9		9.2		12.9		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
		FO = 384		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0		ns
		FO = 384	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	7.0		7.8		8.4		9.7		16.2		ns
		FO = 384	7.7		8.6		9.3		10.7		17.8		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		142		129		119		103		62	MHz
		FO = 384		129		117		108		94		56	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6		8.4		9.5		11.2		15.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0		8.9		10.1		11.9		16.7	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW			0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.6		8.4		9.5		11.2		15.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			7.0		7.8		8.8		10.4		14.5	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			7.1		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			7.1		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading			8.0		8.9		10.1		11.9		16.7	ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Asynchronous SRAM Operations													
t_{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time			8.1		9.0		10.2		12.0		16.8	ns
t_{RDADV}	Read Address Valid		8.8		9.8		11.1		13.0		18.2		ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4		ns
t_{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t_{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t_{WENH}	Write Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time			1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y			1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{INH}	Input Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width		4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.3		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.3		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
		FO = 635		3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 635		4.9		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.8		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
		FO = 635	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.8		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
		FO = 635	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.8		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
		FO = 635		0.8		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
TTL Output Module Timing[5] (Continued)												
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6	ns
t_{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t_{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	GND	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND	GND
28	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
29	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	GND	GND	GND
54	I/O	TMS, I/O	TMS, I/O
55	I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 57 • **TQ176**

TQ176			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
158	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
161	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	NC	NC	WD, I/O
166	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	VCCI	VCCI
171	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
176	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 49 • **CQ208**

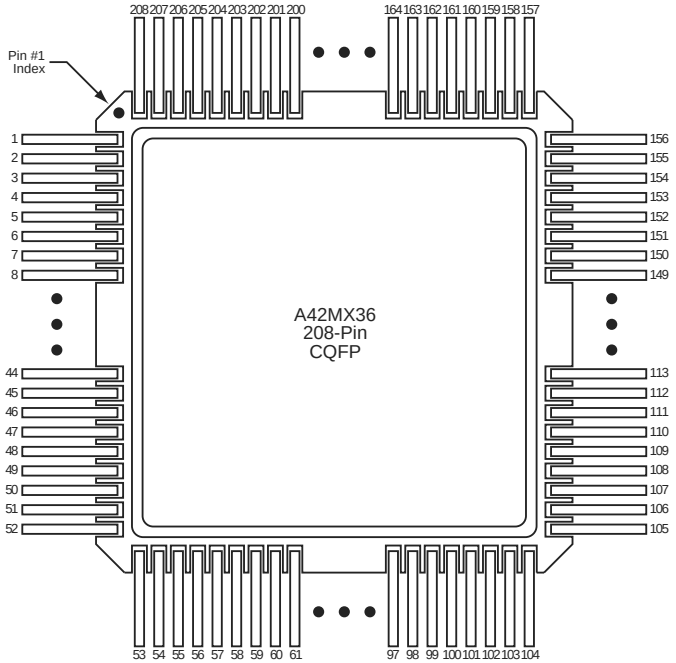

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 61 • **PG132**

PG132	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
F2	I/O
F1	I/O
G1	I/O
G4	VSV
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	I/O
J1	I/O
K1	I/O
L1	I/O
K2	I/O
M1	I/O
K3	I/O
L2	I/O
N1	I/O
L3	BININ
M2	BINOUT
N2	I/O
M3	I/O
L4	I/O
N3	I/O
M4	I/O
N4	I/O
M5	I/O
K6	I/O
N5	I/O
N6	I/O
L6	I/O
M6	I/O
M7	I/O
N7	I/O
N8	I/O
M8	I/O
L8	I/O
K8	I/O
N9	I/O

Table 61 • **PG132**

PG132	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
B3	I/O
A2	I/O
C3	DCLK
B5	GNDA
E12	GNDA
J2	GNDA
M9	GNDA
B9	GNDI
C5	GNDI
E11	GNDI
F4	GNDI
J3	GNDI
J11	GNDI
L5	GNDI
L9	GNDI
C9	GNDQ
E3	GNDQ
K12	GNDQ
D7	VCCA
G3	VCCA
G10	VCCA
L7	VCCA
C7	VCCI
G2	VCCI
G11	VCCI
K7	VCCI

Figure 53 • **CQ172**

Table 62 • **CQ172**

CQ172	
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**
1	MODE
2	I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	GND
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	VCC
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	GND
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O

Table 62 • **CQ172**

99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	GND
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	VKS
107	VPP
108	GND
109	VCCI
110	VSV
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	VCC
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	GND
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	GNDI
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	I/O
128	I/O
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	SDI
132	I/O
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCI
137	I/O