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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-1pq100m



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2.4 Plastic Device Resources

Table 2 • Plastic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os											
	PLCC 44-Pin	PLCC 68-Pin	PLCC 84-Pin	PQFP 100-Pin	PQFP 144-Pin	PQFP 160-Pin	PQFP 208-Pin	PQFP 240-Pin	VQFP 80-Pin	VQFP 100-Pin	TQFP 176-Pin	PBGA 272-Pin
A40MX02	34	57	–	57	–	–	–	–	57	–	–	–
A40MX04	34	57	69	69	–	–	–	–	69	–	–	–
A42MX09	–	–	72	83	95	101	–	–	–	83	104	–
A42MX16	–	–	72	83	–	125	140	–	–	83	140	–
A42MX24	–	–	72	–	–	125	176	–	–	–	150	–
A42MX36	–	–	–	–	–	–	176	202	–	–	–	202

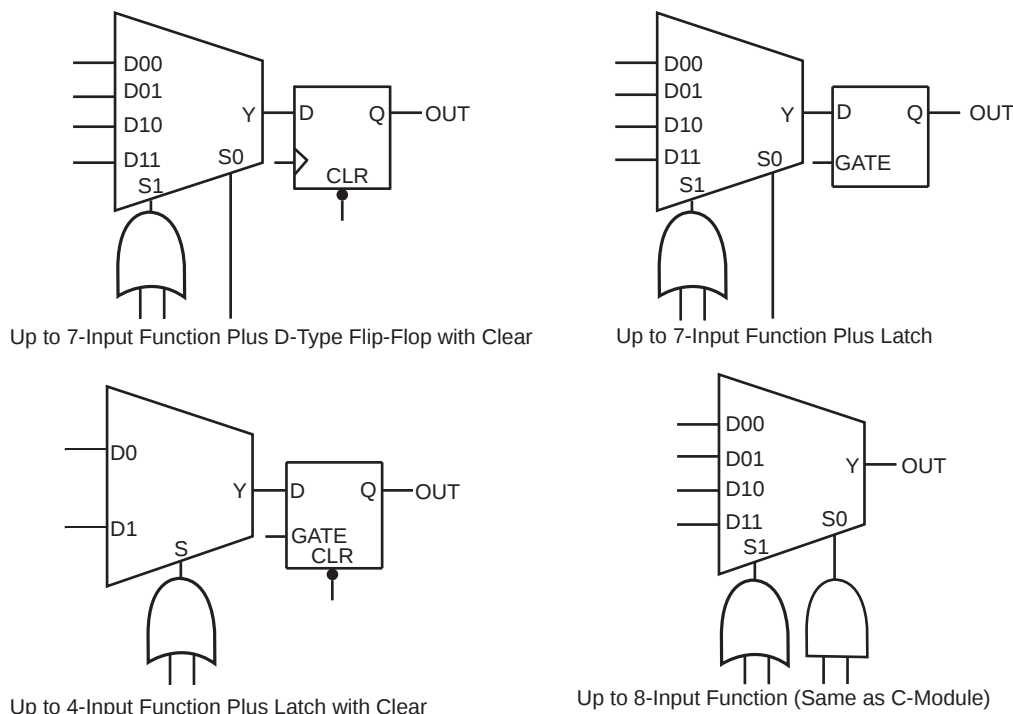
Note: Package Definitions: PLCC = Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier, PQFP = Plastic Quad Flat Pack, TQFP = Thin Quad Flat Pack, VQFP = Very Thin Quad Flat Pack, PBGA = Plastic Ball Grid Array

2.5 Ceramic Device Resources

Table 3 • Ceramic Device Resources

Device	User I/Os			
	CPGA 132-Pin	CQFP 172-Pin	CQFP 208-Pin	CQFP 256-Pin
A42MX09	95			
A42MX16		131		
A42MX36			176	202

Note: Package Definitions: CQFP = Ceramic Quad Flat Pack

Figure 4 • 42MX S-Module Implementation

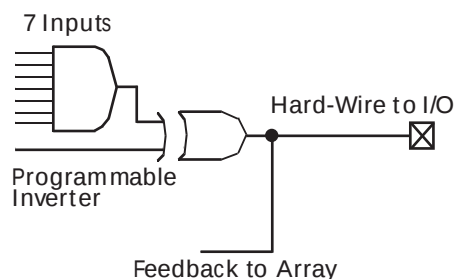
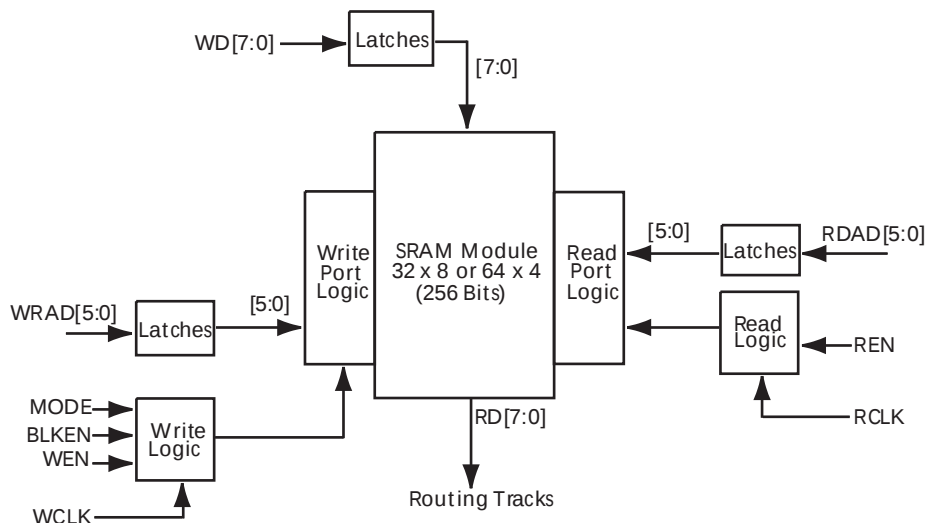
A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

Figure 5 • A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation**Figure 6 • A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block**

3.2.3 Routing Structure

The MX architecture uses vertical and horizontal routing tracks to interconnect the various logic and I/O modules. These routing tracks are metal interconnects that may be continuous or split into segments. Varying segment lengths allow the interconnect of over 90% of design tracks to occur with only two antifuse connections. Segments can be joined together at the ends using antifuses to increase their lengths up to the full length of the track. All interconnects can be accomplished with a maximum of four antifuses.

3.2.3.1 Horizontal Routing

Horizontal routing tracks span the whole row length or are divided into multiple segments and are located in between the rows of modules. Any segment that spans more than one-third of the row length is considered a long horizontal segment. A typical channel is shown in [Figure 7](#), page 10. Within horizontal routing, dedicated routing tracks are used for global clock networks and for power and ground tie-off tracks. Non-dedicated tracks are used for signal nets.

3.2.3.2 Vertical Routing

Another set of routing tracks run vertically through the module. There are three types of vertical tracks: input, output, and long. Long tracks span the column length of the module, and can be divided into multiple segments. Each segment in an input track is dedicated to the input of a particular module; each segment in an output track is dedicated to the output of a particular module. Long segments are uncommitted and can be assigned during routing.

Each output segment spans four channels (two above and two below), except near the top and bottom of the array, where edge effects occur. Long vertical tracks contain either one or two segments. An example of vertical routing tracks and segments is shown in [Figure 7](#), page 10.

reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 21 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCCA	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI	3.14 to 3.47	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

3.9.3 Output Drive Characteristics for 3.3 V PCI Signaling

Table 25 • DC Specification (3.3 V PCI Signaling)¹

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		3.0	3.6	3.0	3.6 ²	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		0.5	VCC + 0.5	0.5	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		-0.5	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70		10	μA
IIL	Input Leakage Current			-70		-10	μA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = -2 mA	0.9		3.3		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.1		0.1 VCCI	V
CIN	Input Pin Capacitance			10		10	pF
CLK	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12		10	pF
L _{PIN}	Pin Inductance			20		< 8 nH ³	nH

1. PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.1.

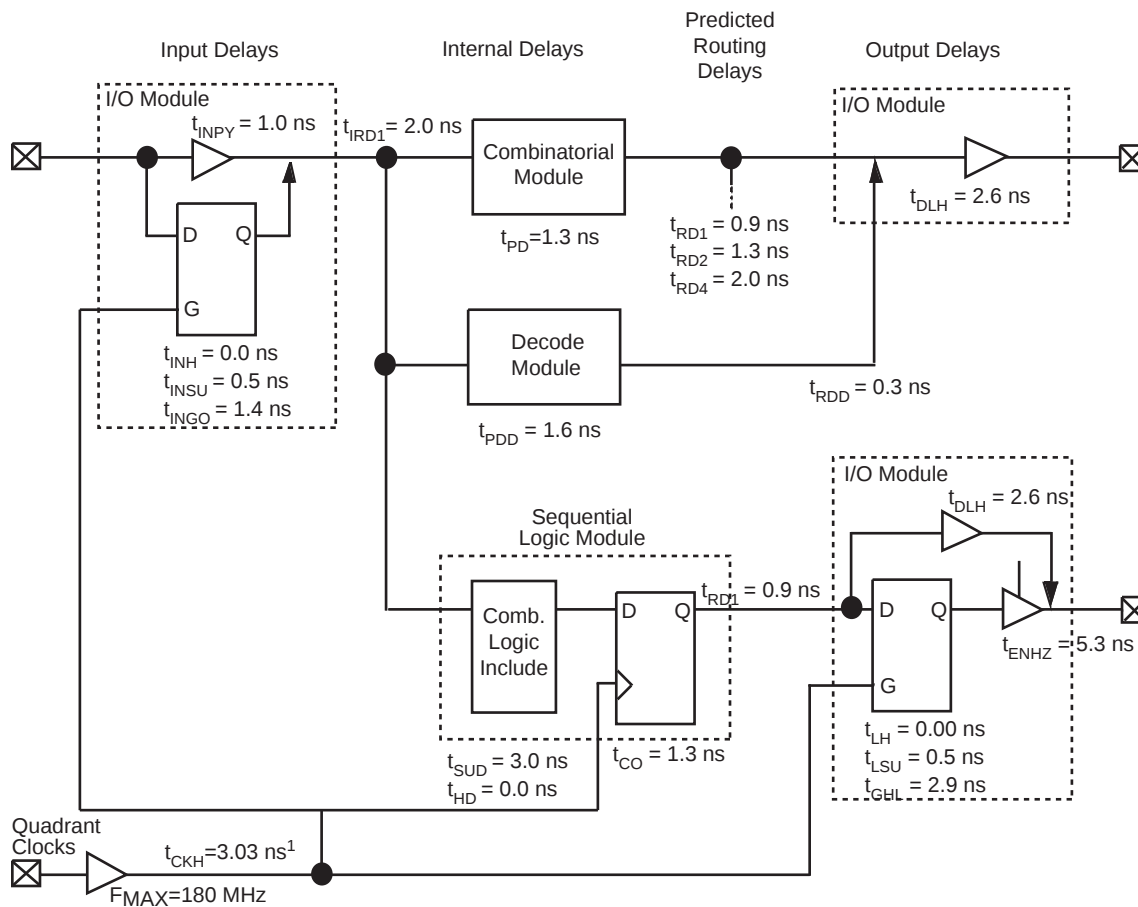
2. Maximum rating for VCCI -0.5 V to 7.0V.

3. Dependent upon the chosen package. PCI recommends QFP and BGA packaging to reduce pin inductance and capacitance.

Table 26 • AC Specifications for (3.3 V PCI Signaling)*

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI		MX		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
ICL	Low Clamp Current	-5 < VIN ≤ -1	-25 + (VIN + 1) / 0.015		-60	-10	mA
Slew (r)	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.2 V to 0.6 V load	1	4	1.8	2.8	V/ns
Slew (f)	Output Fall Slew Rate	0.6 V to 0.2 V load	1	4	2.8	4.0	V/ns

Note: *PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.2.

Figure 19 • 42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)


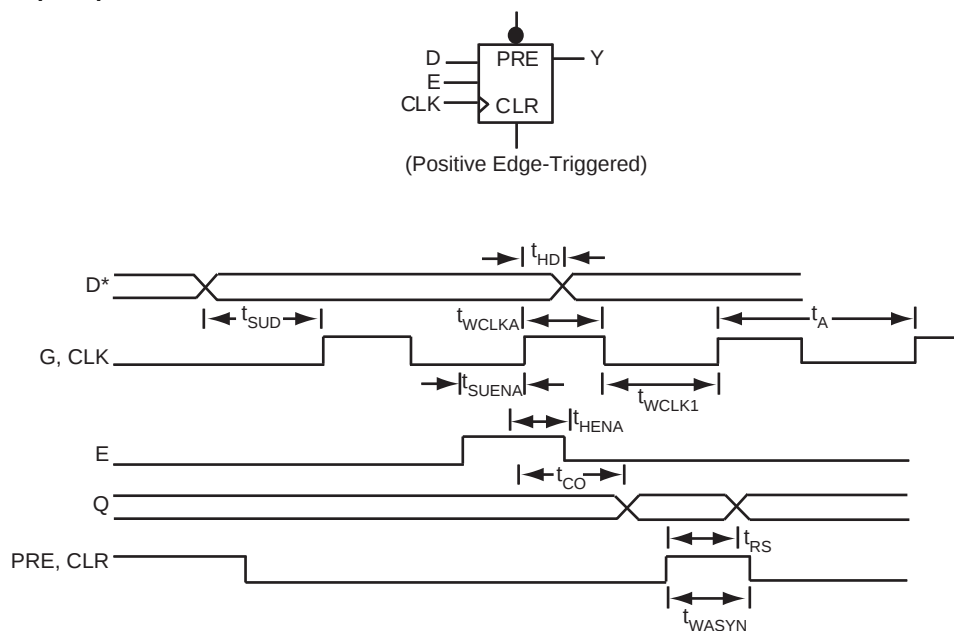
Note: 1. Load-dependent

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions

3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches



Note: *D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches

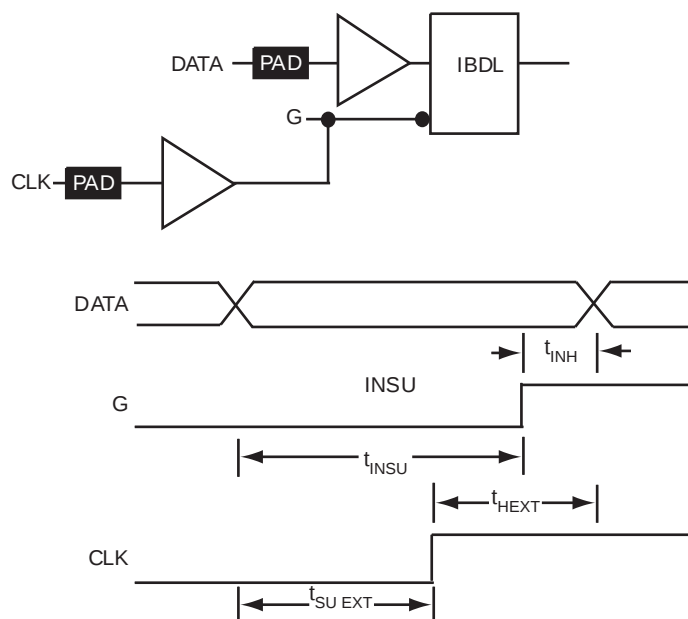
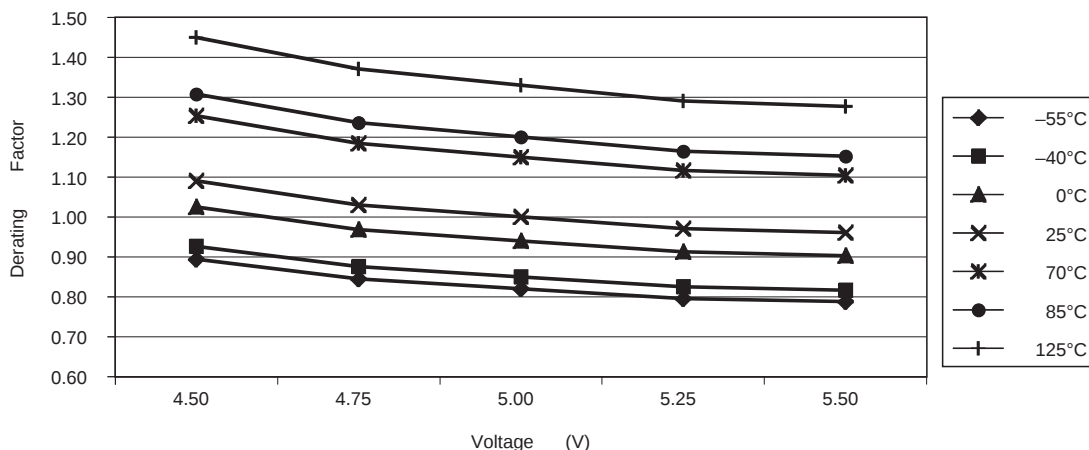
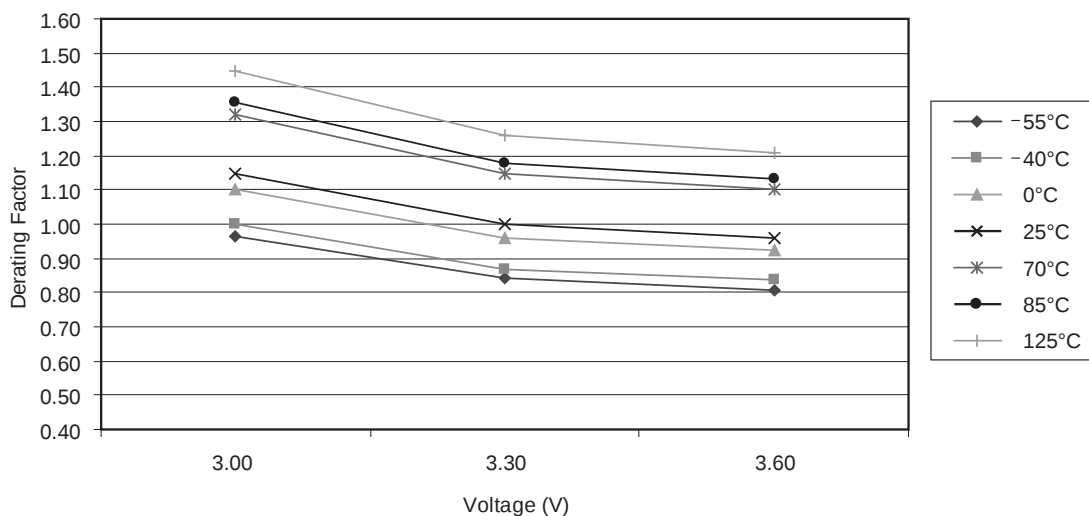


Figure 35 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 30 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

Figure 36 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
80	GNDI
81	NC
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VKS
89	VPP
90	VCC
91	VCCI
92	NC
93	VSV
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	GND
101	GNDI
102	NC
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	I/O
110	SDI
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	GNDQ

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
89	VCCI
90	VCCA
91	LP
92	TCK, I/O
93	I/O
94	GND
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	VCCI
109	I/O
110	I/O
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	VCCA
119	GND
120	GND
121	GND
122	I/O
123	SDO, TDO, I/O
124	I/O
125	WD, I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
85	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
86	NC	I/O	I/O
87	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	GND	GND	GND
90	I/O	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	I/O	I/O
94	I/O	I/O	I/O
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	I/O	I/O
101	NC	NC	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	GND	GND	GND
107	NC	I/O	I/O
108	NC	I/O	TCK, I/O
109	LP	LP	LP
110	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
111	GND	GND	GND
112	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
113	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
114	NC	I/O	I/O
115	NC	I/O	I/O
116	NC	VCCA	VCCA
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	GND
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	GND
158	I/O
159	SDI, I/O
160	I/O
161	WD, I/O
162	WD, I/O
163	I/O
164	VCCI
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	WD, I/O
169	WD, I/O
170	I/O
171	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	WD, I/O
177	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O
179	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O
181	I/O
182	VCCI
183	VCCA
184	GND

Figure 50 • CQ256

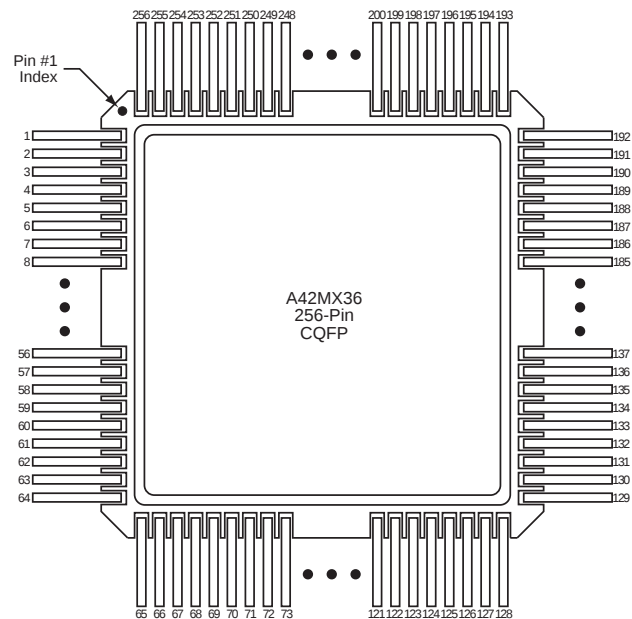


Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	NC
2	GND
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	GND
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
59	I/O
60	VCCA
61	GND
62	GND
63	NC
64	NC
65	NC
66	I/O
67	SDO, TDO, I/O
68	I/O
69	WD, I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	I/O
72	VCCI
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	WD, I/O
77	GND
78	WD, I/O
79	I/O
80	QCLKB, I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	WD, I/O
88	WD, I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	VCCI

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	QCLKC, I/O
210	I/O
211	WD, I/O
212	WD, I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	WD, I/O
216	WD, I/O
217	I/O
218	PRB, I/O
219	I/O
220	CLKB, I/O
221	I/O
222	GND
223	GND
224	VCCA
225	VCCI
226	I/O
227	CLKA, I/O
228	I/O
229	PRA, I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	WD, I/O
233	WD, I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O
237	I/O
238	I/O
239	I/O
240	QCLKD, I/O
241	I/O
242	WD, I/O
243	GND