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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	140
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-1pq208i

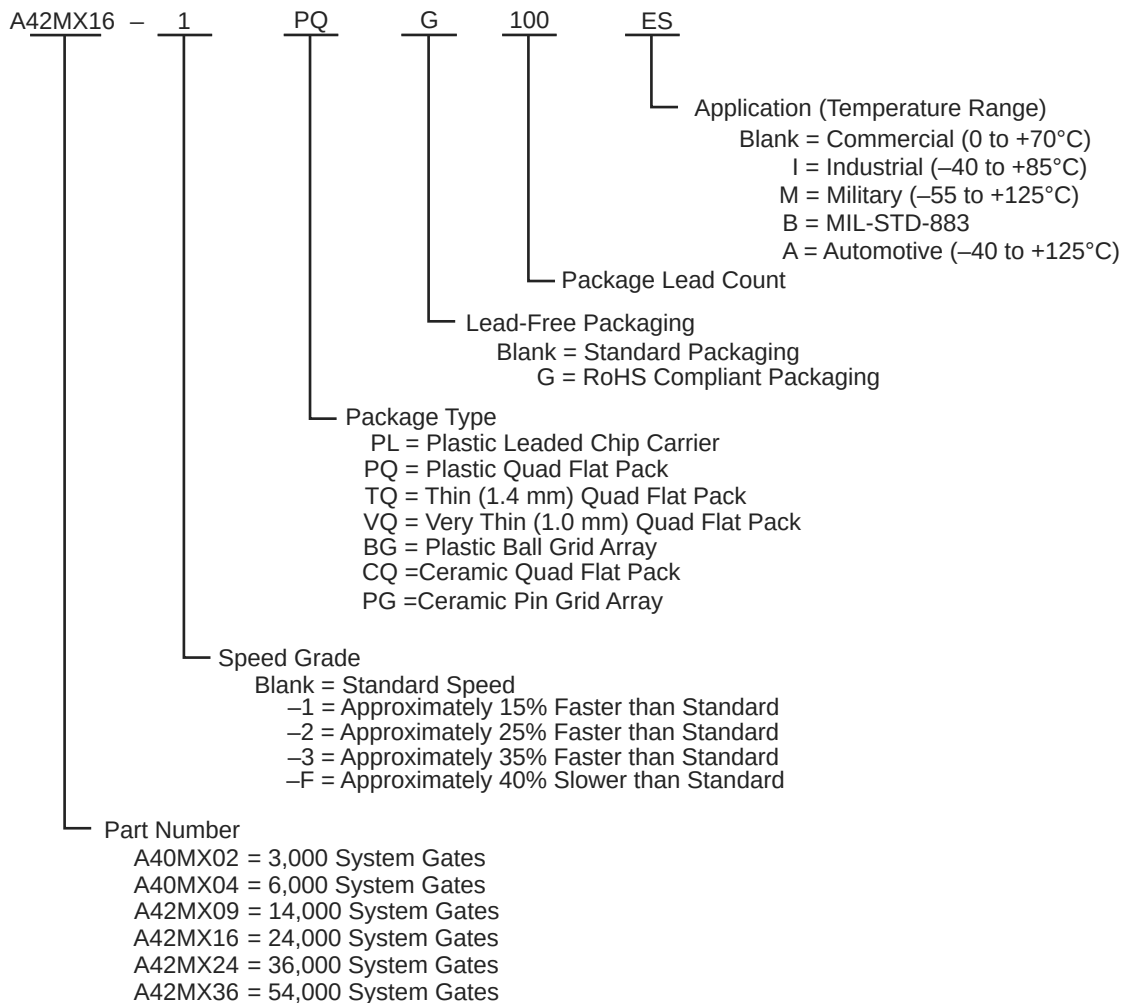
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2.3 Ordering Information

The following figure shows ordering information. All the following tables show plastic and ceramic device resources, temperature and speed grade offerings.

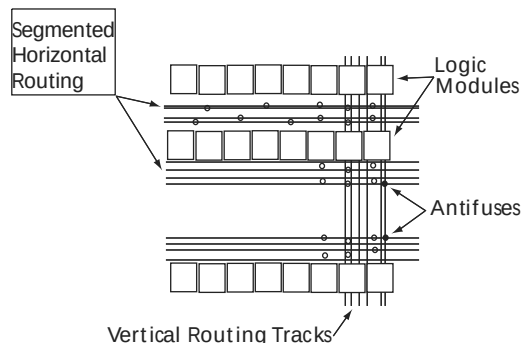
Figure 1 • Ordering Information



3.2.3.3 Antifuse Structures

An antifuse is a “normally open” structure. The use of antifuses to implement a programmable logic device results in highly testable structures as well as efficient programming algorithms. There are no pre-existing connections; temporary connections can be made using pass transistors. These temporary connections can isolate individual antifuses to be programmed and individual circuit structures to be tested, which can be done before and after programming. For instance, all metal tracks can be tested for continuity and shorts between adjacent tracks, and the functionality of all logic modules can be verified.

Figure 7 • MX Routing Structure



3.2.4 Clock Networks

The 40MX devices have one global clock distribution network (CLK). A signal can be put on the CLK network by being routed through the CLKBUF buffer.

In 42MX devices, there are two low-skew, high-fanout clock distribution networks, referred to as CLKA and CLKB. Each network has a clock module (CLKMOD) that can select the source of the clock signal from any of the following (Figure 8, page 11):

- Externally from the CLKA pad, using CLKBUF buffer
- Externally from the CLKB pad, using CLKBUF buffer
- Internally from the CLKINTA input, using CLKINT buffer
- Internally from the CLKINTB input, using CLKINT buffer

The clock modules are located in the top row of I/O modules. Clock drivers and a dedicated horizontal clock track are located in each horizontal routing channel.

Clock input pads in both 40MX and 42MX devices can also be used as normal I/Os, bypassing the clock networks.

The A42MX36 device has four additional register control resources, called quadrant clock networks (Figure 9, page 11). Each quadrant clock provides a local, high-fanout resource to the contiguous logic modules within its quadrant of the device. Quadrant clock signals can originate from specific I/O pins or from the internal array and can be used as a secondary register clock, register clear, or output enable.

Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW	4.0		4.5		5.1		6.1		8.3		ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.5		7.6		ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	4.1		4.5		5.1		6.1		8.5		ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	6.9		7.6		8.6		10.2		14.2		ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	7.5		8.3		9.4		11.1		15.5		ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0		ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	5.8		6.5		7.3		8.6		12.0		ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	8.7		9.7		10.9		12.9		18.0		ns
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	12.2		13.5		15.4		18.1		25.3		ns
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.00		0.00		0.00		0.10		0.01		ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.09		0.10		0.10		0.10		0.10		ns/pF

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3	ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{LSU} I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH} I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Clock signal to shift the Boundary Scan Test (BST) data into the device. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDI, I/O Test Data In

Serial data input for BST instructions and data. Data is shifted in on the rising edge of TCK. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TDO, I/O Test Data Out

Serial data output for BST instructions and test data. This pin functions as an I/O when "Reserve JTAG" is not checked in the Designer Software. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

TMS, I/O Test Mode Select

The TMS pin controls the use of the IEEE 1149.1 Boundary Scan pins (TCK, TDI, TDO). In flexible mode when the TMS pin is set LOW, the TCK, TDI and TDO pins are boundary scan pins. Once the boundary scan pins are in test mode, they will remain in that mode until the internal boundary scan state machine reaches the "logic reset" state. At this point, the boundary scan pins will be released and will function as regular I/O pins. The "logic reset" state is reached 5 TCK cycles after the TMS pin is set HIGH. In dedicated test mode, TMS functions as specified in the IEEE 1149.1 specifications. IEEE JTAG specification recommends a 10k Ω pull-up resistor on the pin. BST pins are only available in A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices.

VCC, Supply Voltage

Input supply voltage for 40MX devices

VCCA, Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for array in 42MX devices

VCCI, Supply Voltage

Supply voltage for I/Os in 42MX devices

WD, I/O Wide Decode Output

When a wide decode module is used in a 42MX device this pin can be used as a dedicated output from the wide decode module. This direct connection eliminates additional interconnect delays associated with regular logic modules. To implement the direct I/O connection, connect an output buffer of any type to the output of the wide decode macro and place this output on one of the reserved WD pins.

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
10	I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	NC	MODE	MODE	MODE
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	VCCA	VCCI	VCCI
23	I/O	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
40	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
46	VCC	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
80	GNDI
81	NC
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VKS
89	VPP
90	VCC
91	VCCI
92	NC
93	VSV
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	GND
101	GNDI
102	NC
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	I/O
110	SDI
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	GNDQ

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
117	GNDI
118	NC
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	PROBA
124	I/O
125	CLKA
126	VCC
127	VCCI
128	NC
129	I/O
130	CLKB
131	I/O
132	PROBB
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	GND
137	GNDI
138	NC
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	DCLK

Figure 44 • PQ208

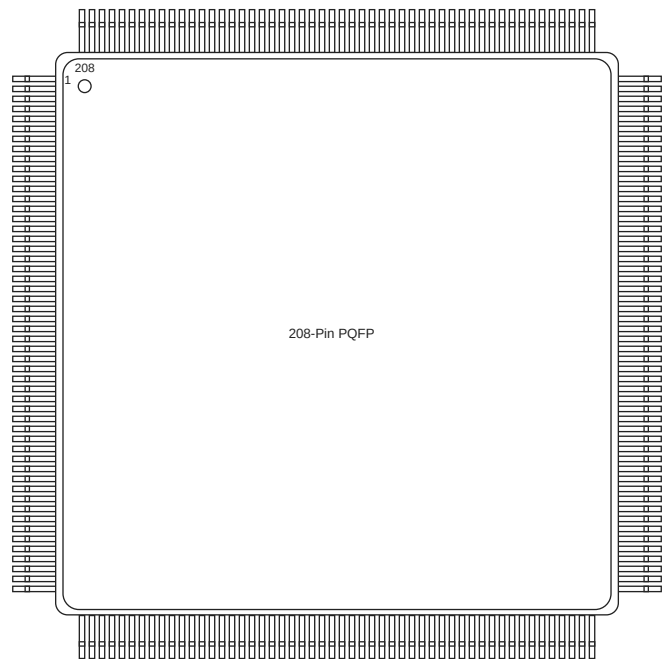


Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
95	NC	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
101	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND
106	NC	VCCA	VCCA
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	NC	I/O	I/O
113	NC	I/O	I/O
114	NC	I/O	I/O
115	NC	I/O	I/O
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	GND	GND	GND
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
129	LP	LP	LP
130	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
131	GND	GND	GND

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
15	QCLKC, I/O
16	I/O
17	WD, I/O
18	WD, I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	WD, I/O
22	WD, I/O
23	I/O
24	PRB, I/O
25	I/O
26	CLKB, I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	I/O
32	CLKA, I/O
33	I/O
34	PRA, I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	WD, I/O
38	WD, I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	QCLKD, I/O
46	I/O
47	WD, I/O
48	WD, I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O

Figure 50 • CQ256

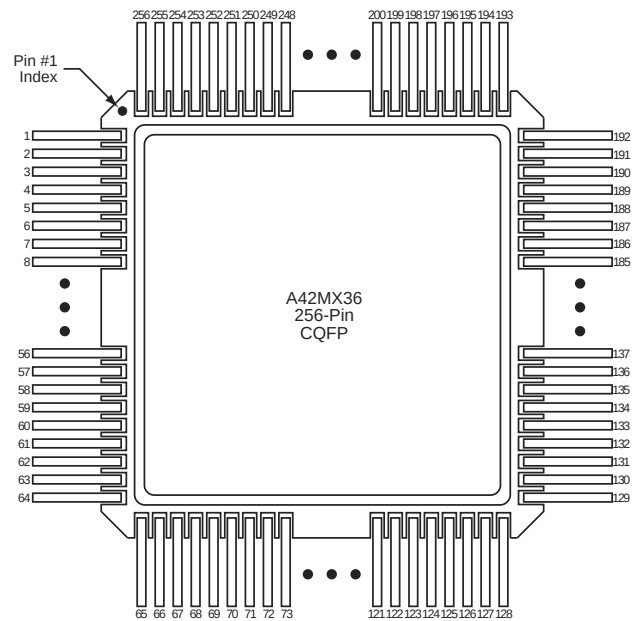


Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
1	NC
2	GND
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	GND
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	VCCA
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	GND
32	VCCA
33	LP
34	TCK, I/O
35	I/O
36	GND
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	GND
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
D20	I/O
E1	I/O
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	VCCA
E17	VCCI
E18	I/O
E19	I/O
E20	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	I/O
F3	I/O
F4	VCCI
F17	I/O
F18	I/O
F19	I/O
F20	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	VCCI
G17	VCCI
G18	I/O
G19	I/O
G20	I/O
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	VCCA
H17	I/O
H18	I/O
H19	I/O
H20	I/O
J1	I/O
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	VCCI

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
M10	GND
M11	GND
M12	GND
M17	I/O
M18	I/O
M19	I/O
M20	I/O
N1	I/O
N2	I/O
N3	I/O
N4	VCCI
N17	VCCI
N18	I/O
N19	I/O
N20	I/O
P1	I/O
P2	I/O
P3	I/O
P4	VCCA
P17	I/O
P18	I/O
P19	I/O
P20	I/O
R1	I/O
R2	I/O
R3	I/O
R4	VCCI
R17	VCCI
R18	I/O
R19	I/O
R20	I/O
T1	I/O
T2	I/O
T3	I/O
T4	I/O
T17	VCCA
T18	I/O

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99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	GND
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	VKS
107	VPP
108	GND
109	VCCI
110	VSV
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	VCC
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	GND
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	GNDI
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	I/O
128	I/O
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	SDI
132	I/O
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCI
137	I/O