Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TC)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-1pqg100m

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About Microsemi

Microsemi Corporation (Nasdaq: MSCC) offers a comprehensive portfolio of semiconductor and system solutions for aerospace & defense, communications, data center and industrial markets. Products include high-performance and radiation-hardened analog mixed-signal integrated circuits, FPGAs, SoCs and ASICs; power management products; timing and synchronization devices and precise time solutions, setting the world's standard for time; voice processing devices; RF solutions; discrete components; enterprise storage and communication solutions, security technologies and scalable anti-tamper products; Ethernet solutions; Power-over-Ethernet ICs and midspans; as well as custom design capabilities and services. Microsemi is headquartered in Aliso Viejo, California, and has approximately 4,800 employees globally. Learn more at www.microsemi.com.

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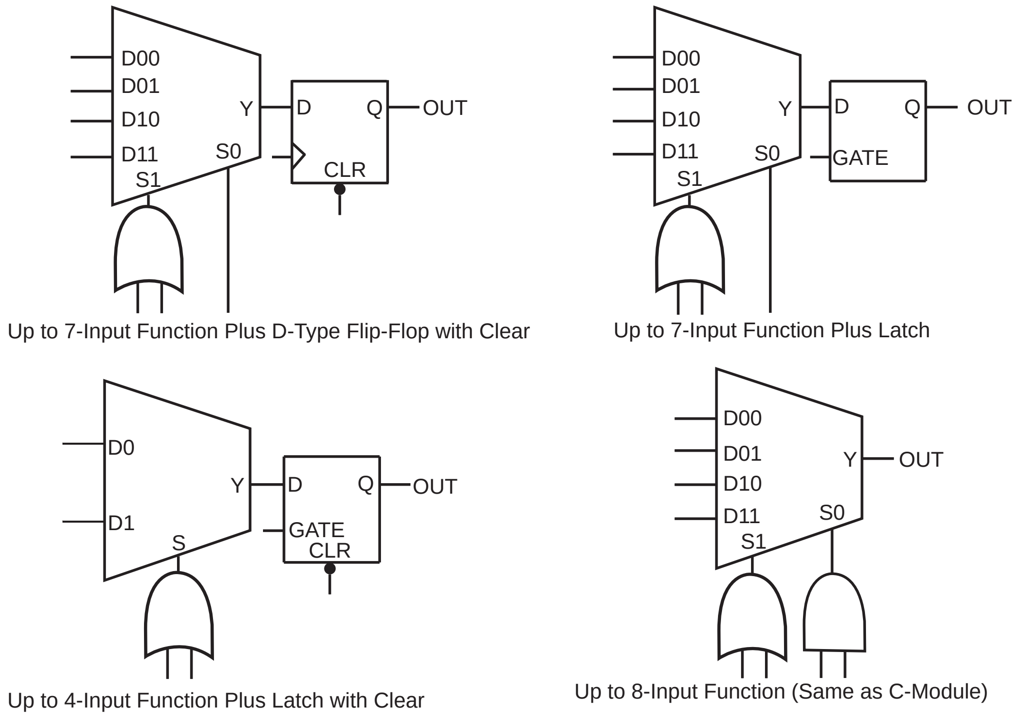
Figure 4 • 42MX S-Module Implementation



A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices contain D-modules, which are arranged around the periphery of the device. D-modules contain wide-decode circuitry, providing a fast, wide-input AND function similar to that found in CPLD architectures (Figure 5, page 9). The D-module allows A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to perform wide-decode functions at speeds comparable to CPLDs and PALs. The output of the D-module has a programmable inverter for active HIGH or LOW assertion. The D-module output is hardwired to an output pin, and can also be fed back into the array to be incorporated into other logic.

3.2.2 Dual-Port SRAM Modules

The A42MX36 device contains dual-port SRAM modules that have been optimized for synchronous or asynchronous applications. The SRAM modules are arranged in 256-bit blocks that can be configured as 32x8 or 64x4. SRAM modules can be cascaded together to form memory spaces of user-definable width and depth. A block diagram of the A42MX36 dual-port SRAM block is shown in Figure 6, page 9.

The A42MX36 SRAM modules are true dual-port structures containing independent read and write ports. Each SRAM module contains six bits of read and write addressing (RDAD[5:0] and WRAD[5:0], respectively) for 64x4-bit blocks. When configured in byte mode, the highest order address bits (RDAD5 and WRAD5) are not used. The read and write ports of the SRAM block contain independent clocks (RCLK and WCLK) with programmable polarities offering active HIGH or LOW implementation. The SRAM block contains eight data inputs (WD[7:0]), and eight outputs (RD[7:0]), which are connected to segmented vertical routing tracks.

The A42MX36 dual-port SRAM blocks provide an optimal solution for high-speed buffered applications requiring FIFO and LIFO queues. The ACTgen Macro Builder within Microsemi's designer software provides capability to quickly design memory functions with the SRAM blocks. Unused SRAM blocks can be used to implement registers for other user logic within the design.

3.9.3 Output Drive Characteristics for 3.3 V PCI Signaling

Table 25 • **DC Specification (3.3 V PCI Signaling)[1]**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI Min.	PCI Max.	MX Min.	MX Max.	Units
VCCI	Supply Voltage for I/Os		3.0	3.6	3.0	3.6[2]	V
VIH	Input High Voltage		0.5	VCC + 0.5	0.5	VCCI + 0.3	V
VIL	Input Low Voltage		–0.5	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
IIH	Input High Leakage Current	VIN = 2.7 V		70		10	µA
IIL	Input Leakage Current			–70		–10	µA
VOH	Output High Voltage	IOUT = –2 mA	0.9		3.3		V
VOL	Output Low Voltage	IOUT = 3 mA, 6 mA		0.1		0.1 VCCI	V
C_{IN}	Input Pin Capacitance			10		10	pF
C_{CLK}	CLK Pin Capacitance		5	12		10	pF
L_{PIN}	Pin Inductance			20		< 8 nH[3]	nH

1. PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.1.
2. Maximum rating for VCCI –0.5 V to 7.0V.
3. Dependent upon the chosen package. PCI recommends QFP and BGA packaging to reduce pin inductance and capacitance.

Table 26 • **AC Specifications for (3.3 V PCI Signaling)[*]**

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	PCI Min.	PCI Max.	MX Min.	MX Max.	Units
ICL	Low Clamp Current	–5 < VIN ≤ –1	–25 + (VIN +1) /0.015		–60	–10	mA
Slew (r)	Output Rise Slew Rate	0.2 V to 0.6 V load	1	4	1.8	2.8	V/ns
Slew (f)	Output Fall Slew Rate	0.6 V to 0.2 V load	1	4	2.8	4.0	V/ns

Note: *PCI Local Bus Specification, Version 2.1, Section 4.2.2.2.

A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for a TQ176 package at commercial temperature and still air is given in the following equation

$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max}\cdot\text{junction temp}\cdot(°\text{C}) - \text{Max}\cdot\text{ambient temp}\cdot(°\text{C})}{\theta_{ja}(°\text{C}/\text{W}))} = \frac{150°\text{C} - 70°\text{C}}{(28°\text{C})/\text{W}} = 2.86\text{W}$$

EQ 5

The maximum power dissipation for military-grade devices is a function of θ_{jc}. A sample calculation of the absolute maximum power dissipation allowed for CQFP 208-pin package at military temperature and still air is given in the following equation

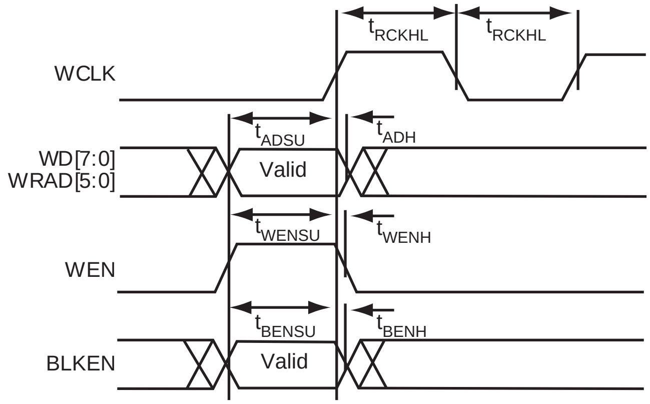
$$\text{MaximumPowerAllowed} = \frac{\text{Max}\cdot\text{junction temp}\cdot(°\text{C}) - \text{Max}\cdot\text{ambient temp}\cdot(°\text{C})}{\theta_{jc}(°\text{C}/\text{W}))} = \frac{150°\text{C} - 125°\text{C}}{(6.3°\text{C})/\text{W}} = 3.97\text{W}$$

EQ 6

Table 27 • **Package Thermal Characteristics**

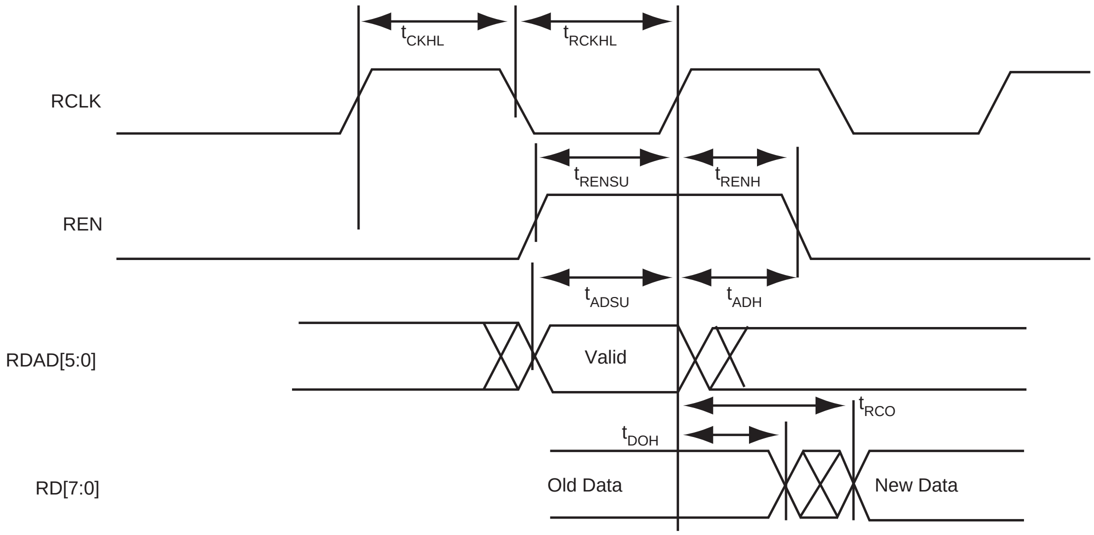
			θ_{ja}			
Plastic Packages	**Pin Count**	θ_{jc}	**Still Air**	**1.0 m/s 200 ft/min.**	**2.5 m/s 500 ft/min.**	**Units**
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	12.0	27.8	23.4	21.2	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	144	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	160	10.0	26.2	22.8	21.1	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	208	8.0	26.1	22.5	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Quad Flat Pack	240	8.5	25.6	22.3	20.8	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	44	16.0	20.0	24.5	22.0	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	68	13.0	25.0	21.0	19.4	°C/W
Plastic Leaded Chip Carrier	84	12.0	22.5	18.9	17.6	°C/W
Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	176	11.0	24.7	19.9	18.0	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	80	12.0	38.2	31.9	29.4	°C/W
Very Thin Plastic Quad Flat Pack	100	10.0	35.3	29.4	27.1	°C/W
Plastic Ball Grid Array	272	3.0	18.3	14.9	13.9	°C/W
Ceramic Packages						
Ceramic Pin Grid Array	132	4.8	25.0	20.6	18.7	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	208	2.0	22.0	19.8	18.0	°C/W
Ceramic Quad Flat Pack	256	2.0	20.0	16.5	15.0	°C/W

Figure 30 • **42MX SRAM Write Operation**



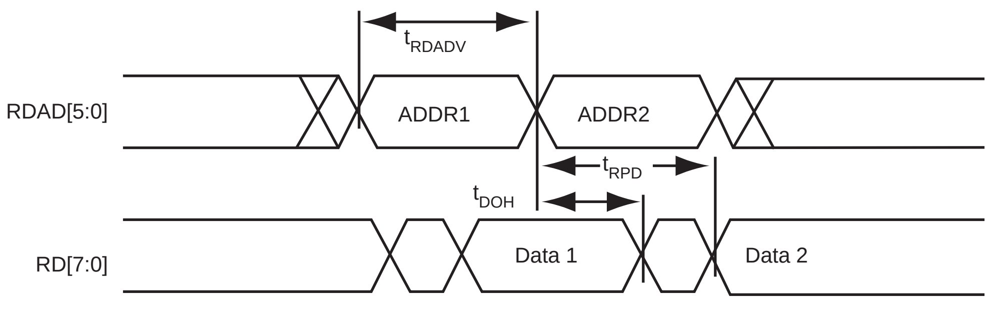
Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

Figure 31 • **42MX SRAM Synchronous Read Operation**



Note: Identical timing for falling edge clock

Figure 32 • **42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 1 (Read Address Controlled)**



approximately a 3 ns to a 6 ns delay, which is represented statistically in higher fanout (FO=8) routing delays in the data sheet specifications section, shown in Table 34, page 41.

3.11.3 Timing Derating

MX devices are manufactured with a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process changes. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature and worst-case processing.

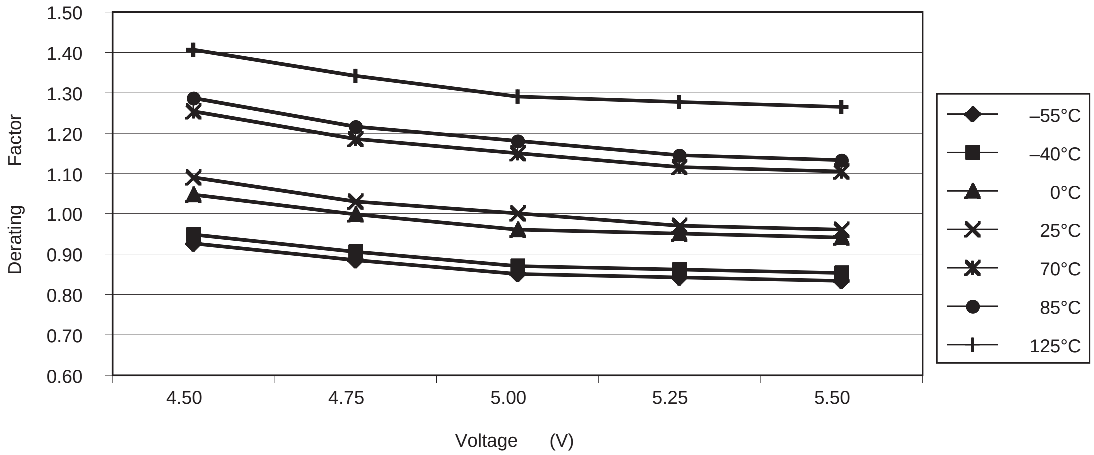
3.11.4 Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following tables and figures show temperature and voltage derating factors for 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

Table 28 • **42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to T_J = 25°C, VCCA = 5.0 V)**

	Temperature						
42MX Voltage	**–55°C**	**–40°C**	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**125°C**
4.50	0.93	0.95	1.05	1.09	1.25	1.29	1.41
4.75	0.88	0.90	1.00	1.03	1.18	1.22	1.34
5.00	0.85	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.29
5.25	0.84	0.86	0.95	0.97	1.12	1.14	1.28
5.50	0.83	0.85	0.94	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.26

Figure 34 • **42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 5.0 V)**



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 29 • **40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors(Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 5.0 V)**

	Temperature						
40MX Voltage	**–55°C**	**–40°C**	**0°C**	**25°C**	**70°C**	**85°C**	**125°C**
4.50	0.89	0.93	1.02	1.09	1.25	1.31	1.45
4.75	0.84	0.88	0.97	1.03	1.18	1.24	1.37
5.00	0.82	0.85	0.94	1.00	1.15	1.20	1.33
5.25	0.80	0.82	0.91	0.97	1.12	1.16	1.29
5.50	0.79	0.82	0.90	0.96	1.10	1.15	1.28

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)* (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 16 FO = 128	6.5 6.8		7.5 7.8		8.5 8.9		10.1 10.4		14.1 14.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16 FO = 128		113 109		105 101		96 92		83 80		50 48	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing[4]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.8		8.1		11.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed Min.	–3 Speed Max.	–2 Speed Min.	–2 Speed Max.	–1 Speed Min.	–1 Speed Max.	Std Speed Min.	Std Speed Max.	–F Speed Min.	–F Speed Max.	Units
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
		FO = 384		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		5.5		4.1		5.7		ns
		FO = 384	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	4.2		4.67		5.1		5.8		9.7		ns
		FO = 384	4.6		5.1		5.6		6.4		10.7		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		237		215		198		172		103	MHz
		FO = 384		215		195		179		156		94	MHz

Table 41 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad),64 Clock Loading		11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros use tPD1 + tRD1 + taped, to + tRD1 + taped, or tPD1 + tRD1 + tusk, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing ansalysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.3		6.5		9.0		ns

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
			Min.	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2		3.5		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 635		4.6 5.0		5.1 5.6		5.7 6.3		6.7 7.4		9.3 10.3	ns ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32 FO = 635		5.3 6.8		5.9 7.6		6.7 8.6		7.8 10.1		11.0 14.1	ns ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 635	2.5 2.8		2.7 3.1		3.1 3.5		3.6 4.1		5.1 5.7		ns ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32 FO = 635	2.5 2.8		2.7 3.1		3.1 3.5		3.6 4.1		5.1 5.7		ns ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32 FO = 635		1.0 1.0		1.2 1.2		1.3 1.3		1.5 1.5		2.2 2.2	ns ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32 FO = 635	0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		0.0 0.0		ns ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32 FO = 635	4.0 4.6		4.4 5.2		5.0 5.9		5.9 6.9		8.2 9.6		ns ns
t_P	Minimum Period ($1/f_{MAX}$)	FO = 32 FO = 635	9.2 9.9		10.2 11.0		11.1 12.0		12.7 13.8		21.2 23.0		ns ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32 FO = 635		108 100		98 91		90 83		79 73		47 44	MHz MHz
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.2		4.6		5.2		6.2		8.6	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.7		4.2		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.34		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

Table 49 • **PL84**

PL84				
Pin Number	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
21	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
22	I/O	I/O	I/O
23	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
24	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
25	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	NC	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
30	GND	GND	GND
31	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	NC	VCCI	VCCI
36	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
38	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	GND	GND	GND
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	VCCA	VCCA
55	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

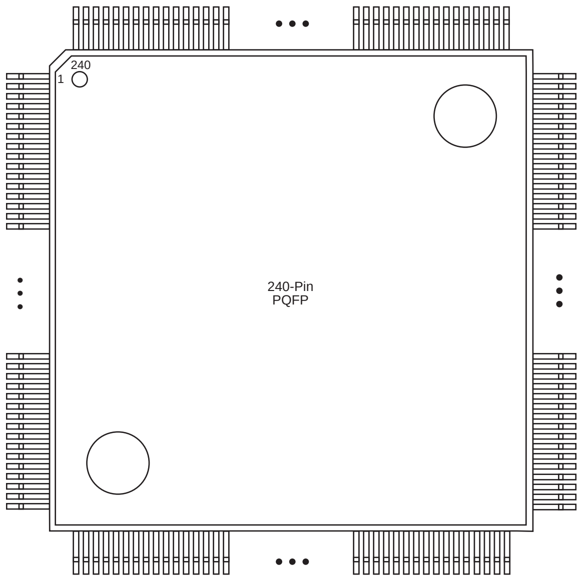
Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
95	NC	I/O	I/O
96	NC	I/O	I/O
97	NC	I/O	I/O
98	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
99	I/O	I/O	I/O
100	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
101	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	GND	GND	GND
106	NC	VCCA	VCCA
107	I/O	I/O	I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	I/O	I/O	I/O
110	I/O	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	I/O
112	NC	I/O	I/O
113	NC	I/O	I/O
114	NC	I/O	I/O
115	NC	I/O	I/O
116	I/O	I/O	I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	I/O
119	I/O	I/O	I/O
120	I/O	I/O	I/O
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	I/O	I/O	I/O
125	I/O	I/O	I/O
126	GND	GND	GND
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
129	LP	LP	LP
130	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
131	GND	GND	GND

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 45 • **PQ240**



Note: This figure shows the 240-Pin PQFP Package top view.

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
1	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	WD, I/O
7	WD, I/O
8	VCCI
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
52	VCCI
53	I/O
54	WD, I/O
55	WD, I/O
56	I/O
57	SDI, I/O
58	I/O
59	VCCA
60	GND
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	VCCI
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	VCCA
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VCCA

Table 58 • **CQ208**

CQ208	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
1	GND
2	VCCA
3	MODE
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	VCCA
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O
22	GND
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	GND
28	VCCI
29	VCCA
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	VCCA
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O

Figure 50 • **CQ256**

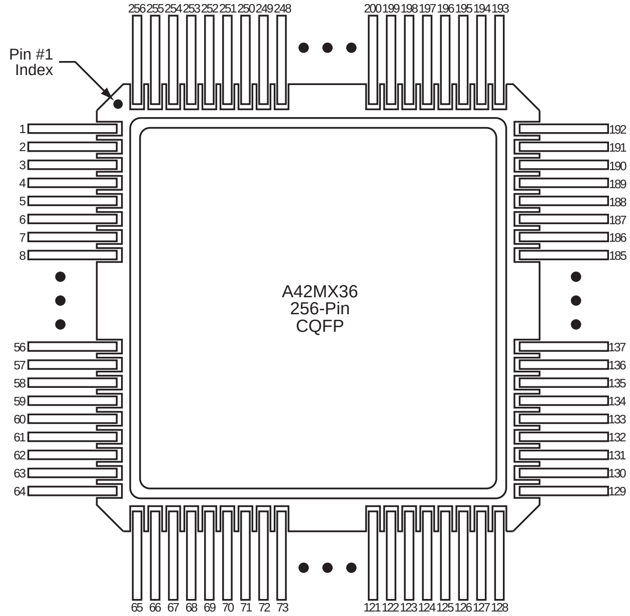


Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
1	NC
2	GND
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	GND
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	I/O

Table 60 • **BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE

Table 61 • **PG132**

PG132	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
B3	I/O
A2	I/O
C3	DCLK
B5	GNDA
E12	GNDA
J2	GNDA
M9	GNDA
B9	GNDI
C5	GNDI
E11	GNDI
F4	GNDI
J3	GNDI
J11	GNDI
L5	GNDI
L9	GNDI
C9	GNDQ
E3	GNDQ
K12	GNDQ
D7	VCCA
G3	VCCA
G10	VCCA
L7	VCCA
C7	VCCI
G2	VCCI
G11	VCCI
K7	VCCI