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### Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	140
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-1pqg208i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-1pqg208i</a>

# 1 Revision History

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The revision history describes the changes that were implemented in the document. The changes are listed by revision, starting with the most current publication.

## 1.1 Revision 15.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 15.0 of this document.

- Table 15, page 21 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 22, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V
- Table 23, page 25 is edited to add the footnote, VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

## 1.2 Revision 14.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 14.0 of this document.

- Added CQFP package information for A42MX16 device in Product Profile, page 1 and Ceramic Device Resources, page 4 (SAR 79522).
- Added Military (M) and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CPGA 132 Package and added Commercial (C), Military (M), and MIL-STD-883 Class B (B) grades for CQFP 172 Package in Temperature Grade Offerings, page 5 (SAR 79519)
- Changed Silicon Sculptor II to Silicon Sculptor in Programming, page 12 (SAR 38754)
- Added Figure 53, page 158 CQ172 package (SAR 79522).

## 1.3 Revision 13.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 13.0 of this document.

- Added Figure 42, page 97 PQ144 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)
- Added Figure 52, page 153 PQ132 Package for A42MX09 device (SAR 69776)

## 1.4 Revision 12.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 12.0 of this document.

- Added information on power-up behavior for A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices to the Power Supply, page 13 (SAR 42096)
- Corrected the inadvertent mistake in the naming of the PL68 pin assignment table (SARs 48999, 49793)

## 1.5 Revision 11.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 11.0 of this document.

- The FuseLock logo and accompanying text was removed from the User Security, page 12. This marking is no longer used on Microsemi devices (PCN 0915)
- The Development Tool Support, page 19 was updated (SAR 38512)

## 1.6 Revision 10.0

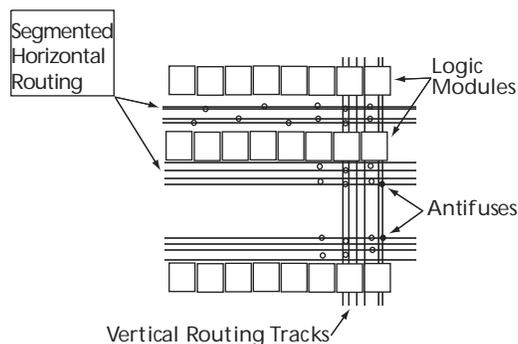
The following is a summary of the changes in revision 10.0 of this document.

- Ordering Information, page 3 was updated to include lead-free package ordering codes (SAR 21968)
- The User Security, page 12 was revised to clarify that although no existing security measures can give an absolute guarantee, Microsemi FPGAs implement the best security available in the industry (SAR 34673)

### 3.2.3.3 Antifuse Structures

An antifuse is a “normally open” structure. The use of antifuses to implement a programmable logic device results in highly testable structures as well as efficient programming algorithms. There are no pre-existing connections; temporary connections can be made using pass transistors. These temporary connections can isolate individual antifuses to be programmed and individual circuit structures to be tested, which can be done before and after programming. For instance, all metal tracks can be tested for continuity and shorts between adjacent tracks, and the functionality of all logic modules can be verified.

**Figure 7 • MX Routing Structure**



### 3.2.4 Clock Networks

The 40MX devices have one global clock distribution network (CLK). A signal can be put on the CLK network by being routed through the CLKBUF buffer.

In 42MX devices, there are two low-skew, high-fanout clock distribution networks, referred to as CLKA and CLKB. Each network has a clock module (CLKMOD) that can select the source of the clock signal from any of the following (Figure 8, page 11):

- Externally from the CLKA pad, using CLKBUF buffer
- Externally from the CLKB pad, using CLKBUF buffer
- Internally from the CLKINTA input, using CLKINT buffer
- Internally from the CLKINTB input, using CLKINT buffer

The clock modules are located in the top row of I/O modules. Clock drivers and a dedicated horizontal clock track are located in each horizontal routing channel.

Clock input pads in both 40MX and 42MX devices can also be used as normal I/Os, bypassing the clock networks.

The A42MX36 device has four additional register control resources, called quadrant clock networks (Figure 9, page 11). Each quadrant clock provides a local, high-fanout resource to the contiguous logic modules within its quadrant of the device. Quadrant clock signals can originate from specific I/O pins or from the internal array and can be used as a secondary register clock, register clear, or output enable.

### 3.4.9 JTAG Mode Activation

The JTAG test logic circuit is activated in the Designer software by selecting **Tools > Device Selection**. This brings up the Device Selection dialog box as shown in the following figure. The JTAG test logic circuit can be enabled by clicking the “Reserve JTAG Pins” check box. The following table explains the pins' behavior in either mode.

**Figure 15 • Device Selection Wizard**

**Table 11 • Boundary Scan Pin Configuration and Functionality**

Reserve JTAG	Checked	Unchecked
TCK	BST input; must be terminated to logical HIGH or LOW to avoid floating	User I/O
TDI, TMS	BST input; may float or be tied to HIGH	User I/O
TDO	BST output; may float or be connected to TDI of another device	User I/O

### 3.4.10 TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset

An active reset (TRST) pin is not supported; however, MX devices contain power-on circuitry that resets the boundary scan circuitry upon power-up. Also, the TMS pin is equipped with an internal pull-up resistor. This allows the TAP controller to remain in or return to the Test-Logic-Reset state when there is no input or when a logical 1 is on the TMS pin. To reset the controller, TMS must be HIGH for at least five TCK cycles.

### 3.4.11 Boundary Scan Description Language (BSDL) File

Conforming to the IEEE Standard 1149.1 requires that the operation of the various JTAG components be documented. The BSDL file provides the standard format to describe the JTAG components that can be used by automatic test equipment software. The file includes the instructions that are supported, instruction bit pattern, and the boundary-scan chain order. For an in-depth discussion on BSDL files, see the *BSDL Files Format Description* application note.

BSDL files are grouped into two categories - generic and device-specific. The generic files assign all user I/Os as inouts. Device-specific files assign user I/Os as inputs, outputs or inouts.

Generic files for MX devices are available on the Microsemi SoC Product Group's website:

<http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/bsdl.html>.

## 3.5 Development Tool Support

The MX family of FPGAs is fully supported by Libero® Integrated Design Environment (IDE). Libero IDE is a design management environment, seamlessly integrating design tools while guiding the user through the design flow, managing all design and log files, and passing necessary design data among tools. Libero IDE allows users to integrate both schematic and HDL synthesis into a single flow and verify the entire design in a single environment. Libero IDE includes SynplifyPro from Synopsys, ModelSim® HDL Simulator from Mentor Graphics® and Viewdraw.

Libero IDE includes place-and-route and provides a comprehensive suite of backend support tools for FPGA development, including timing-driven place-and-route, and a world-class integrated static timing analyzer and constraints editor.

reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

**Table 21 • Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	−40 to +85	−55 to +125	°C
VCCA	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI	3.14 to 3.47	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

**Note:** \*Ambient temperature ( $T_A$ ) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature ( $T_C$ ) is used for military grades.

**Table 33 • Timing Parameters for 33 MHz PCI**

Symbol	Parameter	PCI		A42MX24		A42MX36		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$t_{SU(PTP)}$	Input Set-Up Time to CLK—Point-to-Point	10, 12 <sup>2</sup>	–	1.5	–	1.5	–	ns
$t_H$	Input Hold to CLK	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns

1. TOFF is system dependent. MX PCI devices have 7.4 ns turn-off time, reflection is typically an additional 10 ns.
2. REQ# and GNT# are point-to-point signals and have different output valid delay and input setup times than do bussed signals. GNT# has a setup of 10; REW# has a setup of 12.

### 3.11.6.1 Timing Characteristics

The following tables list the timing characteristics.

**Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)  
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays</b>												
$t_{PD1}$	Single Module		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
$t_{PD2}$	Dual-Module Macros		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
$t_{CO}$	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
$t_{GO}$	Latch G-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
$t_{RS}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>												
$t_{RD1}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.8	ns
$t_{RD2}$	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.8		2.1		2.4		2.8		3.9	ns
$t_{RD3}$	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
$t_{RD4}$	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
$t_{RD8}$	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.9		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.6	ns
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>2</sup></b>												
$t_{SUD}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
$t_{HD}^3$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
$t_{SUENA}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
$t_{HENA}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
$t_{WCLKA}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
$t_{WASYN}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
$t_A$	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		4.8		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
$f_{MAX}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		181		168		154		134		80	MHz

**Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units	
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>												
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns	
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW	0.6		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.3	ns	
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>												
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	2.1		2.4		2.2		3.2		4.5	ns	
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns	
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns	
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay	3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns	
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay	5.7		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4	ns	
<b>Global Clock Network</b>												
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16	4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
		FO = 128	4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input High to LOW	FO = 16	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.4	ns
		FO = 128	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.4	
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
		FO = 128	2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
		FO = 128	2.4		2.7		3.01		3.6		5.1	
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8	ns
		FO = 128	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2	
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 16	4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
		FO = 128	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16	188		175		160		139		83	MHz
		FO = 128	181		168		154		134		80	

**Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.2	ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	4.0		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	3.7		4.3		4.9		5.8		8.0	ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.1	ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Delta LOW to HIGH	0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Delta HIGH to LOW	0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>4</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5	ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0	ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Delta LOW to HIGH	0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Delta HIGH to LOW	0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35pF loading

**Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)**  
**(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Single Module	1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	Dual-Module Macros	3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>GO</sub>	Latch G-to-Q	1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>RS</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											

**Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>TTL Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns				
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.1	ns				
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.9	11.1	ns				
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW	2.6	2.9	3.3	3.8	5.3	ns				
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	5.2	5.8	6.6	7.7	10.8	ns				
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	7.4	8.2	9.3	10.9	15.3	ns				
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				

**Table 40 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>3,4</sup></b>												
t <sub>SUD</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>SUENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4	ns
t <sub>HENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>WCLKA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t <sub>WASYN</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t <sub>A</sub>	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t <sub>OUTH</sub>	Output Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>OUTSU</sub>	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		215		195		179		156		94	MHz
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>												
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.1		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t <sub>INGH</sub>	G to Y HIGH		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t <sub>INGL</sub>	G to Y LOW		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>												
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		4.0	ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.6		4.0		4.6		5.4		7.5	ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>												
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
		FO = 384	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 384	4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6	ns

**Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>												
t <sub>INPY</sub>	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t <sub>INGO</sub>	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t <sub>INH</sub>	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>INSU</sub>	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t <sub>ILA</sub>	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns

**Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH	3.1	3.5	3.9	4.6	6.4	ns				
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.4	2.6	3.0	3.5	4.9	ns				
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.2	5.8	ns				
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	5.2	5.7	6.5	7.6	10.7	ns				
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.1	9.9	ns				
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.2	10.1	ns				
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.2	10.1	ns				
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	5.5	6.1	6.9	8.1	11.3	ns				
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	10.6	11.8	13.4	15.7	22.0	ns				
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				

1. For dual-module macros, use t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, t<sub>CO</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, or t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>SUD</sub>, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

**Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Combinatorial Functions<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>PD</sub>	Internal Array Module Delay	2.0	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.4	ns				
t <sub>PDD</sub>	Internal Decode Module Delay	1.1	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.2	ns				
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.7	1.3	1.4	1.7	2.3	ns				
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	2.0	1.6	1.8	2.1	3.0	ns				
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.1	2.0	2.2	2.6	3.7	ns				
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.5	2.3	2.6	3.1	4.3	ns				
t <sub>RD5</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.8	3.7	4.2	5.0	7.0	ns				

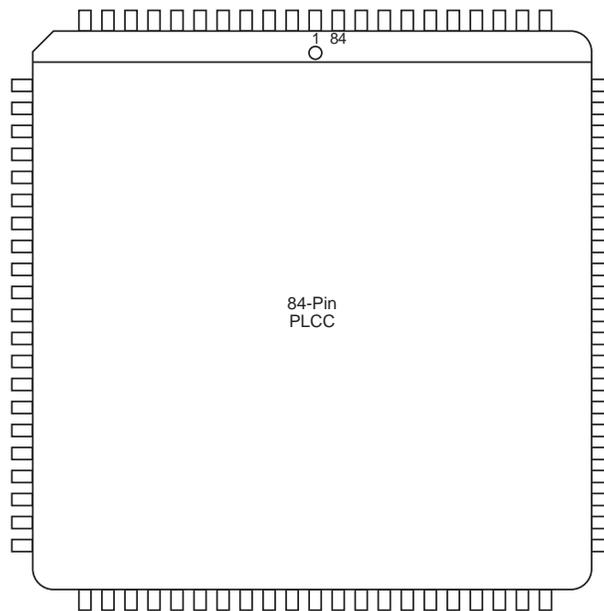
**Table 47 • PL44**

<b>PL44</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
21	GND	GND
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	VCC
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O
34	MODE	MODE
35	VCC	VCC
36	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
37	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
38	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
39	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	GND	GND
44	I/O	I/O

**Table 48 • PL68**

<b>PL68</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	GND	GND
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O

**Figure 40 • PL84**



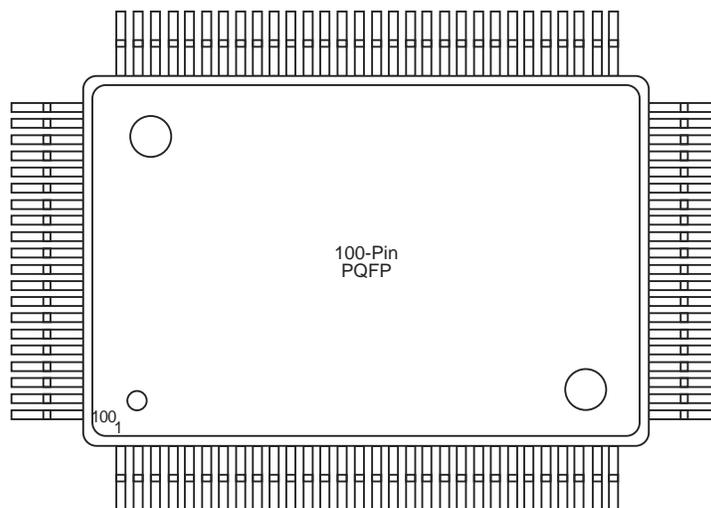
**Table 49 • PL84**

<b>PL84</b>				
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
1	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	I/O	GND	GND	GND
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

**Table 49 • PL84**

<b>PL84</b>				
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
84	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

**Figure 41 • PQ100**



**Table 50 • PQ 100**

<b>PQ100</b>				
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>
1	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
2	NC	NC	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
3	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
4	NC	NC	MODE	MODE
5	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
6	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
10	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
17	I/O	I/O	VCCI	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 51 • PQ144**

<b>PQ144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	GNDQ
10	GNDI
11	NC
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	VSV
19	VCC
20	VCCI
21	NC
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	GNDI
30	NC
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	BININ
38	BINOUT
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O

**Table 54 • PQ240**

<b>PQ240</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
163	WD, I/O
164	WD, I/O
165	I/O
166	QCLKA, I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O
170	I/O
171	I/O
172	VCCI
173	I/O
174	WD, I/O
175	WD, I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	TDI, I/O
179	TMS, I/O
180	GND
181	VCCA
182	GND
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	I/O
189	I/O
190	I/O
191	I/O
192	VCCI
193	I/O
194	I/O
195	I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	I/O

**Table 54 • PQ240**

<b>PQ240</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	VCCA
207	I/O
208	I/O
209	VCCA
210	VCCI
211	I/O
212	I/O
213	I/O
214	I/O
215	I/O
216	I/O
217	I/O
218	I/O
219	VCCA
220	I/O
221	I/O
222	I/O
223	I/O
224	I/O
225	I/O
226	I/O
227	VCCI
228	I/O
229	I/O
230	I/O
231	I/O
232	I/O
233	I/O
234	I/O
235	I/O
236	I/O

**Table 56 • VQ100**

<b>VQ100</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>
57	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O
60	I/O	I/O
61	I/O	I/O
62	LP	LP
63	VCCA	VCCA
64	VCCI	VCCI
65	VCCA	VCCA
66	I/O	I/O
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O
70	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O
77	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
78	I/O	I/O
79	I/O	I/O
80	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O
82	GND	GND
83	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O
85	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
86	I/O	I/O
87	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
88	VCCA	VCCA
89	I/O	I/O
90	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
91	I/O	I/O
92	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O

**Table 57 • TQ176**

<b>TQ176</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	NC	VCCA	VCCA
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	GND	GND
19	NC	I/O	I/O
20	NC	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	NC	I/O	I/O
23	GND	GND	GND
24	NC	VCCI	VCCI
25	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
26	NC	I/O	I/O
27	NC	I/O	I/O
28	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
29	NC	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	NC	NC	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	NC	I/O	I/O
38	NC	NC	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	GND	GND	GND
46	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O

**Table 58 • CQ208**

<b>CQ208</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O