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### **Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

#### **Details**

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-3pq100i">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-3pq100i</a>

Additionally, the back-annotation flow is compatible with all the major simulators and the simulation results can be cross-probed with Silicon Explorer II, Microsemi's integrated verification and logic analysis tool. Another tool included in the Libero software is the SmartGen macro builder, which easily creates popular and commonly used logic functions for implementation into your schematic or HDL design.

Microsemi's Libero software is compatible with the most popular FPGA design entry and verification tools from companies such as Mentor Graphics, Synopsys, and Cadence design systems.

See the Libero IDE web content at [www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx](http://www.microsemi.com/soc/products/software/libero/default.aspx) for further information on licensing and current operating system support.

## 3.6 Related Documents

The following sections give the list of related documents which can be referred for this datasheet.

### 3.6.1 Application Notes

- AC278: *BSDL Files Format Description*
- AC225: *Programming Antifuse Devices*
- AC168: *Implementation of Security in Microsemi Antifuse FPGAs*

### 3.6.2 User Guides and Manuals

- *Antifuse Macro Library Guide*
- *Silicon Sculptor Programmers User Guide*

### 3.6.3 Miscellaneous

*Libero IDE Flow Diagram*

## 3.7 5.0 V Operating Conditions

The following tables show 5.0 V operating conditions.

**Table 12 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices\***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCC+0.5	V
t <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

**Note:** \*Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

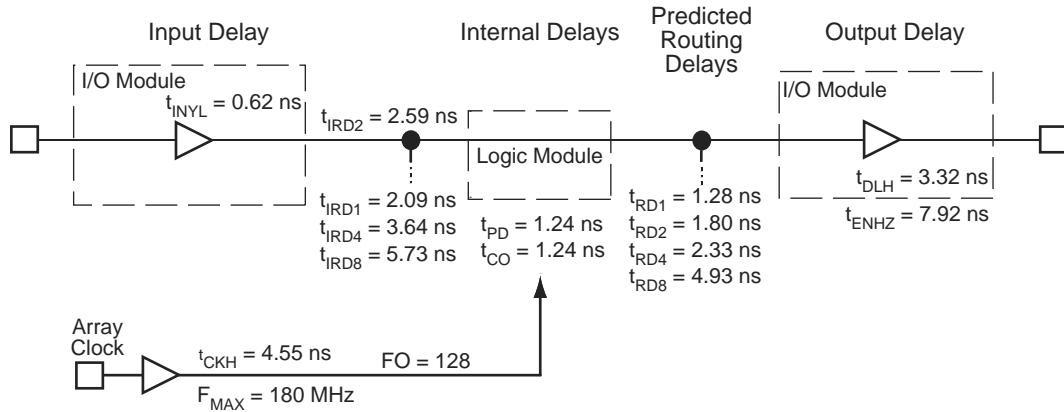
**Table 13 • Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices\***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

### 3.10 Timing Models

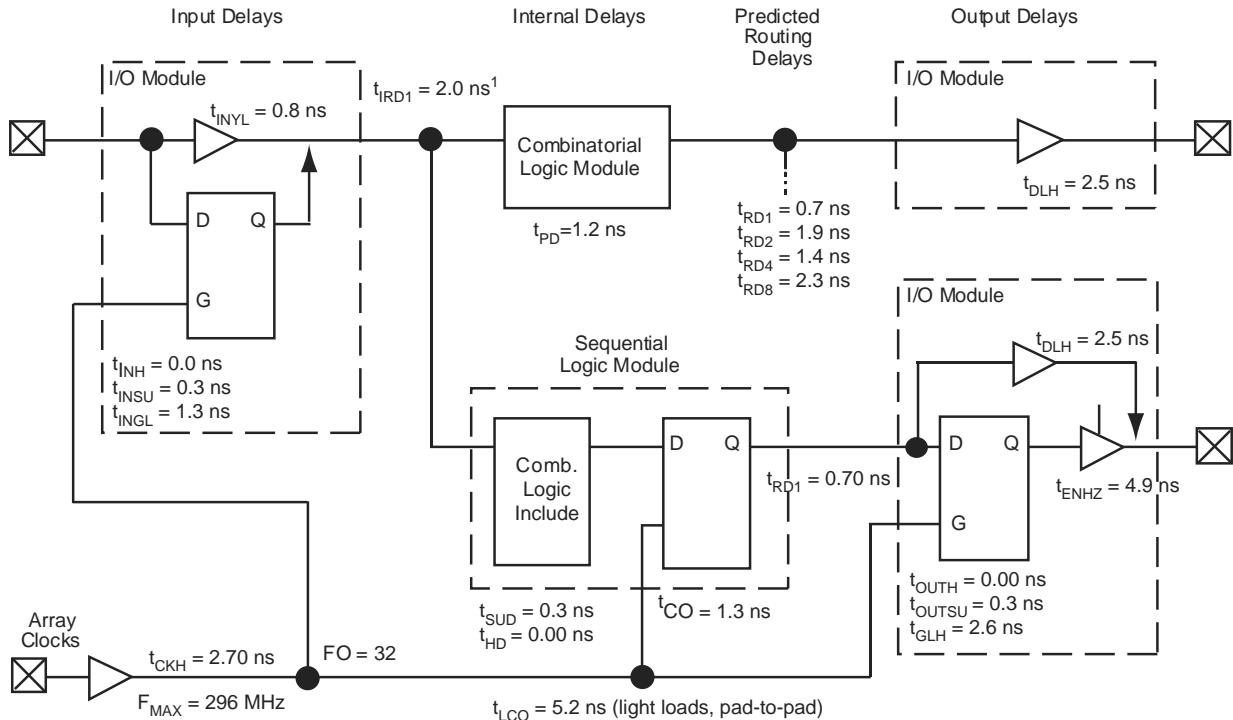
The following figures show various timing models.

**Figure 17 • 40MX Timing Model\***



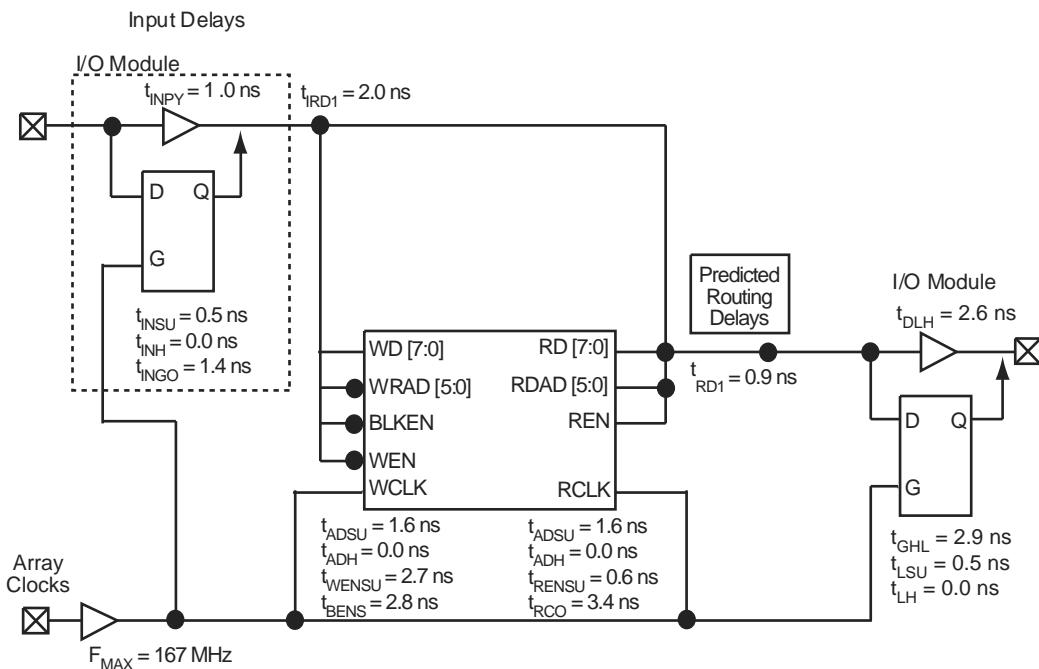
**Note:** Values are shown for 40MX –3 speed devices at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

**Figure 18 • 42MX Timing Model**



**Note:** 1. Input module predicted routing delay

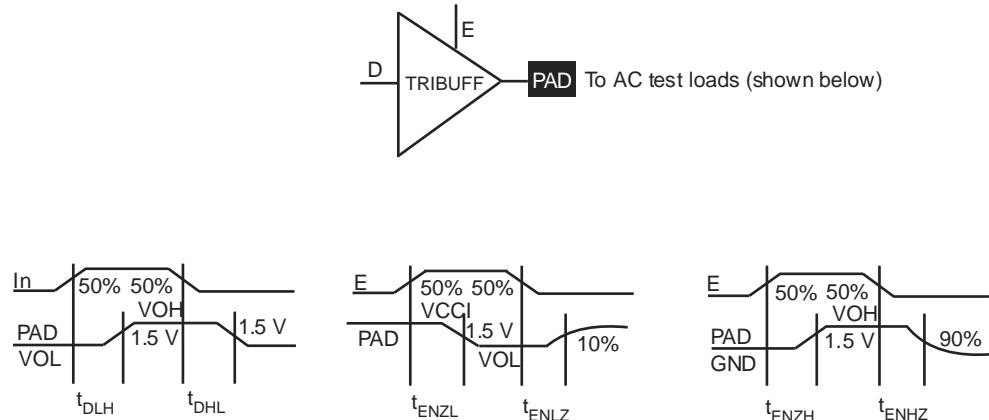
**Note:** 2. Values are shown for A42MX09 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

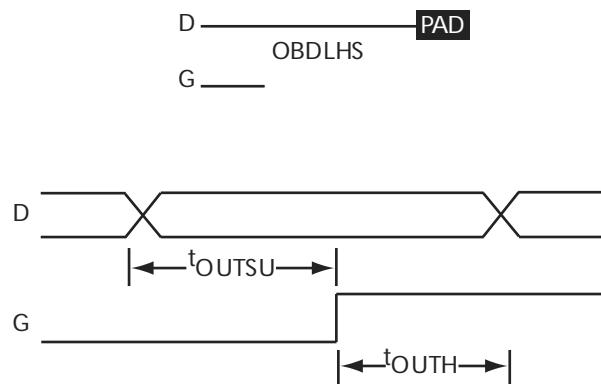
**Figure 20 • 42MX Timing Model (SRAM Functions)**

**Note:** Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

### 3.10.1 Parameter Measurement

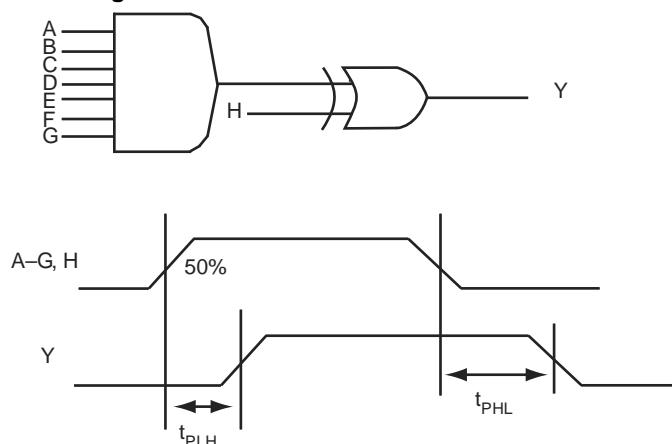
The following figures show parameter measurement details.

**Figure 21 • Output Buffer Delays**

**Figure 27 • Output Buffer Latches**

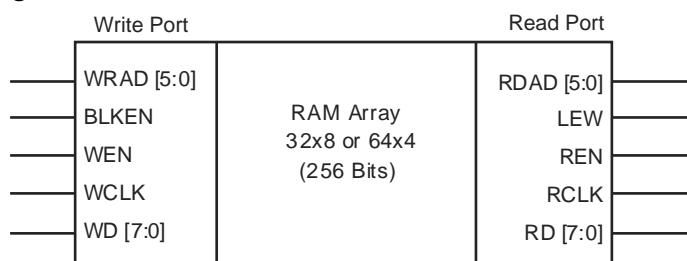
### 3.10.4 Decode Module Timing

The following figure shows decode module timing.

**Figure 28 • Decode Module Timing**

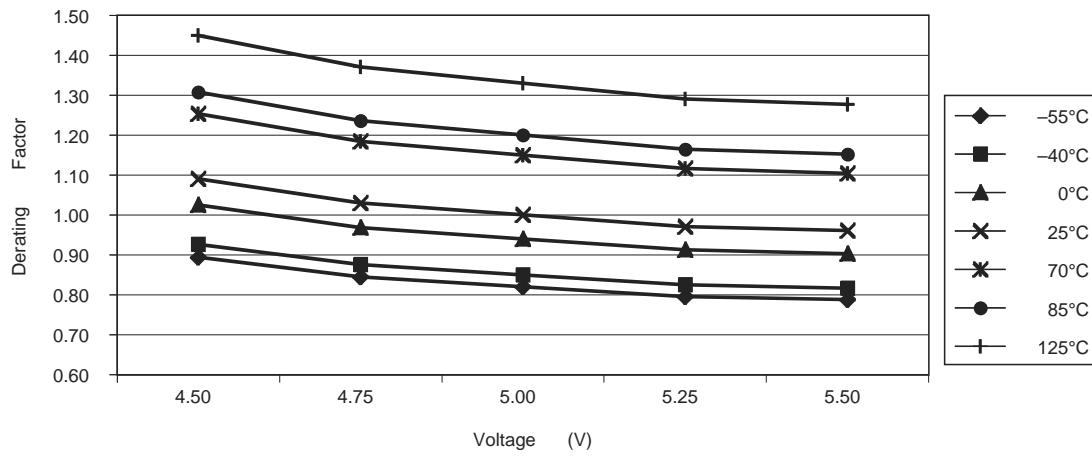
### 3.10.5 SRAM Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows SRAM timing characteristics.

**Figure 29 • SRAM Timing Characteristics**

### 3.10.6 Dual-Port SRAM Timing Waveforms

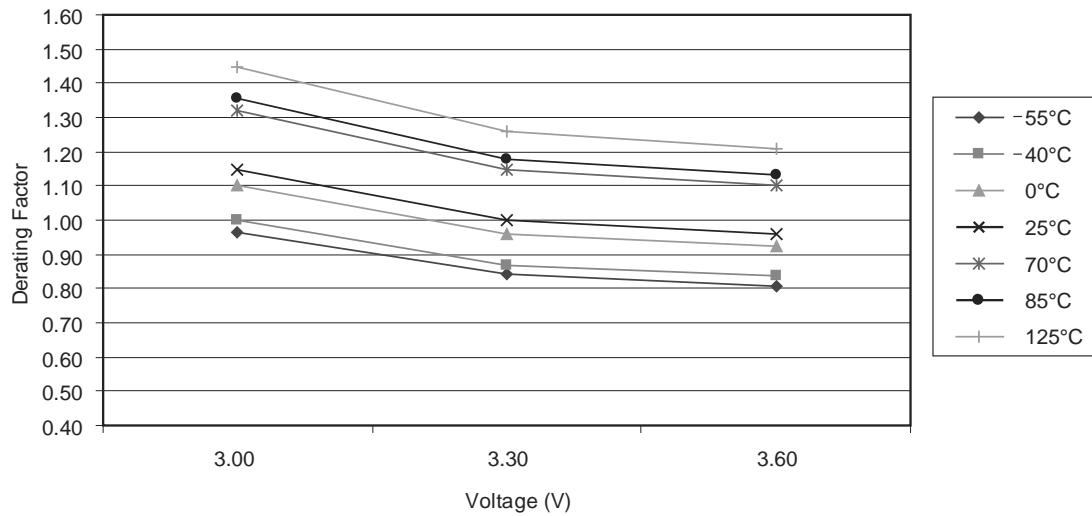
The following figures show dual-port SRAM timing waveforms.

**Figure 35 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 5.0 V)**

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

**Table 30 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)**

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	0.97	1.00	1.10	1.15	1.32	1.36	1.45
3.30	0.84	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.26
3.60	0.81	0.84	0.92	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.21

**Figure 36 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCCA = 3.3 V)**

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

**Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to TJ = 25°C, VCC = 3.3 V)**

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.00	1.08	1.12	1.21	1.26	1.50	1.64	2.00
3.30	0.86	0.89	0.96	1.00	1.19	1.30	1.59

**Table 33 • Timing Parameters for 33 MHz PCI**

Symbol	Parameter	PCI		A42MX24		A42MX36		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$t_{SU(PTP)}$	Input Set-Up Time to CLK—Point-to-Point	10, 12 <sup>2</sup>	–	1.5	–	1.5	–	ns
$t_H$	Input Hold to CLK	0	–	0	–	0	–	ns

1. TOFF is system dependent. MX PCI devices have 7.4 ns turn-off time, reflection is typically an additional 10 ns.  
 2. REQ# and GNT# are point-to-point signals and have different output valid delay and input setup times than do bussed signals. GNT# has a setup of 10; REW# has a setup of 12.

### 3.11.6.1 Timing Characteristics

The following tables list the timing characteristics.

**Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)  
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays</b>											
$t_{PD1}$	Single Module	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
$t_{PD2}$	Dual-Module Macros	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
$t_{CO}$	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
$t_{GO}$	Latch G-to-Q	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
$t_{RS}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	1.2	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											
$t_{RD1}$	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.8	ns				
$t_{RD2}$	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.8	2.1	2.4	2.8	3.9	ns				
$t_{RD3}$	FO = 3 Routing Delay	2.3	2.7	3.0	3.6	5.0	ns				
$t_{RD4}$	FO = 4 Routing Delay	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
$t_{RD8}$	FO = 8 Routing Delay	4.9	5.7	6.5	7.6	10.6	ns				
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>2</sup></b>											
$t_{SUD}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns				
$t_{HD}^3$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
$t_{SUENA}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	3.1	3.5	4.0	4.7	6.6	ns				
$t_{HEN}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
$t_{WCLKA}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
$t_{WASYN}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	3.3	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
$t_A$	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	4.8	5.6	6.3	7.5	10.4	ns				
$f_{MAX}$	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)	181	168	154	134	80	MHz				

**Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5 ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5 ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0 ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6 ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07 ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04 ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer utility from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

**Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Single Module		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t <sub>PD2</sub>	Dual-Module Macros		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0 ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t <sub>GO</sub>	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t <sub>RS</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2 ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7 ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.1		4.8		5.4		6.3		8.9 ns
t <sub>RD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		7.1		8.1		9.2		10.9		15.2 ns
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>SUD</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		4.3		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2 ns
t <sub>HD</sub> <sup>3</sup>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>SUENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	4.3		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t <sub>HENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.5	1.6	1.8		2.17		3.0	ns
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW			1.2	1.3	1.4		1.7		2.4	ns
t <sub>INGH</sub>	G to Y HIGH			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>INGL</sub>	G to Y LOW			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8	3.2	3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2	3.5	4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.5	3.9	4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.9	4.3	4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.2	5.8	6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>											
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.1	4.5	5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
		FO = 256		4.5	5.0	5.6		6.7		9.3	ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.0	5.5	6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
		FO = 256		5.4	6.0	6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
		FO = 256		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t <sub>SUEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
		FO = 256	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9		6.9		ns	
		FO = 256	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.5		7.6		ns	
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 32	5.6	6.2	6.7	7.8		12.9		ns	
		FO = 256	6.1	6.8	7.4	8.5		14.2		ns	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32	177	161	148	129		77		MHz	
		FO = 256	161	146	135	117		70		MHz	

**Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.1		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4 ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9 ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3 ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.8 ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7 ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9 ns
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1 ns
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1 ns
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.5		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.3 ns
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0 ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

- For dual-module macros, use t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, t<sub>CO</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, or t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>SUD</sub>, whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
- Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
- Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading

**Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Combinatorial Functions<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>PD</sub>	Internal Array Module Delay	2.0		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t <sub>PDD</sub>	Internal Decode Module Delay	1.1		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.7		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.3	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	2.0		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.1		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.7	ns
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.5		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t <sub>RD5</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay	1.8		3.7		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns

**Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Combinatorial Functions<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>PD</sub>	Internal Array Module Delay	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.7	ns				
t <sub>PDD</sub>	Internal Decode Module Delay	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.3	ns				
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	2.0	ns				
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.4	ns				
t <sub>RD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
t <sub>RD5</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
t <sub>RDD</sub>	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns				
<b>Logic Module Sequential Timing<sup>3, 4</sup></b>											
t <sub>CO</sub>	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t <sub>GO</sub>	Latch Gate-to-Output	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t <sub>SUD</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns				
t <sub>HD</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>RO</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output	1.6	1.7	2.0	2.3	3.2	ns				
t <sub>SUENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns				
t <sub>HENA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>WCLKA</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9	6.9	ns				
t <sub>WASYN</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4	4.8	5.5	6.4	9.0	ns				
<b>Synchronous SRAM Operations</b>											
t <sub>RC</sub>	Read Cycle Time	6.8	7.5	8.5	10.0	14.0	ns				
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write Cycle Time	6.8	7.5	8.5	10.0	14.0	ns				
t <sub>RCKHL</sub>	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t <sub>RCO</sub>	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t <sub>ADSU</sub>	Address/Data Set-Up Time	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.4	ns				
<b>Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)</b>											
t <sub>ADH</sub>	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>RENSU</sub>	Read Enable Set-Up	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.3	ns				
t <sub>RENH</sub>	Read Enable Hold	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				
t <sub>WENSU</sub>	Write Enable Set-Up	2.7	3.0	3.4	4.0	5.6	ns				
t <sub>WENH</sub>	Write Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t <sub>BENS</sub>	Block Enable Set-Up	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t <sub>BENH</sub>	Block Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				

Input, output, tristate or bidirectional buffer. Input and output levels are compatible with standard TTL and CMOS specifications. Unused I/Os pins are configured by the Designer software as shown in Table 46, page 84.

**Table 46 • Configuration of Unused I/Os**

Device	Configuration
A40MX02, A40MX04	Pulled LOW
A42MX09, A42MX16	Pulled LOW
A42MX24, A42MX36	Tristated

In all cases, it is recommended to tie all unused MX I/O pins to LOW on the board. This applies to all dual-purpose pins when configured as I/Os as well.

#### **LP, Low Power Mode**

Controls the low power mode of all 42MX devices. The device is placed in the low power mode by connecting the LP pin to logic HIGH. In low power mode, all I/Os are tristated, all input buffers are turned OFF, and the core of the device is turned OFF. To exit the low power mode, the LP pin must be set LOW. The device enters the low power mode 800 ns after the LP pin is driven to a logic HIGH. It will resume normal operation in 200  $\mu$ s after the LP pin is driven to a logic LOW.

#### **MODE, Mode**

Controls the use of multifunction pins (DCLK, PRA, PRB, SDI, TDO). The MODE pin is held HIGH to provide verification capability. The MODE pin should be terminated to GND through a 10k $\Omega$  resistor so that the MODE pin can be pulled HIGH when required.

#### **NC, No Connection**

This pin is not connected to circuitry within the device. These pins can be driven to any voltage or can be left floating with no effect on the operation of the device.

#### **PRA, I/O**

#### **PRB, I/OProbe A/B**

The Probe pin is used to output data from any user-defined design node within the device. Each diagnostic pin can be used in conjunction with the other probe pin to allow real-time diagnostic output of any signal path within the device. The Probe pin can be used as a user-defined I/O when verification has been completed. The pin's probe capabilities can be permanently disabled to protect programmed design confidentiality. The Probe pin is accessible when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

#### **QCLKA/B/C/D, I/O Quadrant Clock**

Quadrant clock inputs for A42MX36 devices. When not used as a register control signal, these pins can function as user I/Os.

#### **SDI, I/OSerial Data Input**

Serial data input for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDI is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

#### **SDO, I/OSerial Data Output**

Serial data output for diagnostic probe and device programming. SDO is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW. SDO is available for 42MX devices only.

When Silicon Explorer II is being used, SDO will act as an output while the "checksum" command is run. It will return to user I/O when "checksum" is complete.

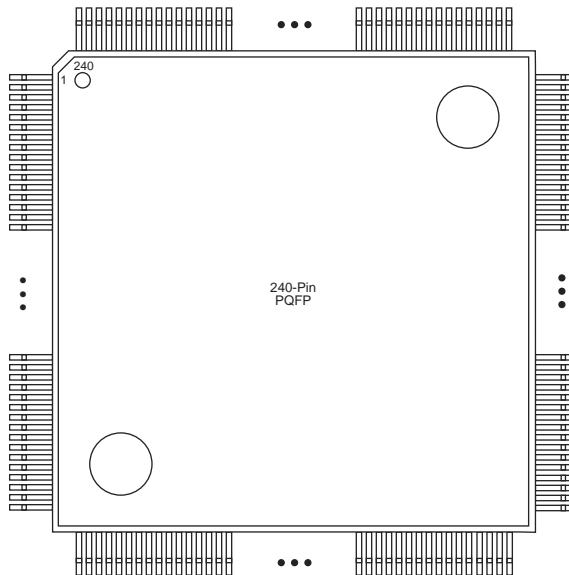
#### **TCK, I/O Test Clock**

**Table 53 • PQ208**

<b>PQ208</b>	<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
	95	NC	I/O	I/O
	96	NC	I/O	I/O
	97	NC	I/O	I/O
	98	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	99	I/O	I/O	I/O
	100	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
	101	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
	102	I/O	I/O	I/O
	103	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
	104	I/O	I/O	I/O
	105	GND	GND	GND
	106	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	107	I/O	I/O	I/O
	108	I/O	I/O	I/O
	109	I/O	I/O	I/O
	110	I/O	I/O	I/O
	111	I/O	I/O	I/O
	112	NC	I/O	I/O
	113	NC	I/O	I/O
	114	NC	I/O	I/O
	115	NC	I/O	I/O
	116	I/O	I/O	I/O
	117	I/O	I/O	I/O
	118	I/O	I/O	I/O
	119	I/O	I/O	I/O
	120	I/O	I/O	I/O
	121	I/O	I/O	I/O
	122	I/O	I/O	I/O
	123	I/O	I/O	I/O
	124	I/O	I/O	I/O
	125	I/O	I/O	I/O
	126	GND	GND	GND
	127	I/O	I/O	I/O
	128	I/O	TCK, I/O	TCK, I/O
	129	LP	LP	LP
	130	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	131	GND	GND	GND

**Table 53 • PQ208**

<b>PQ208</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Figure 45 • PQ240**

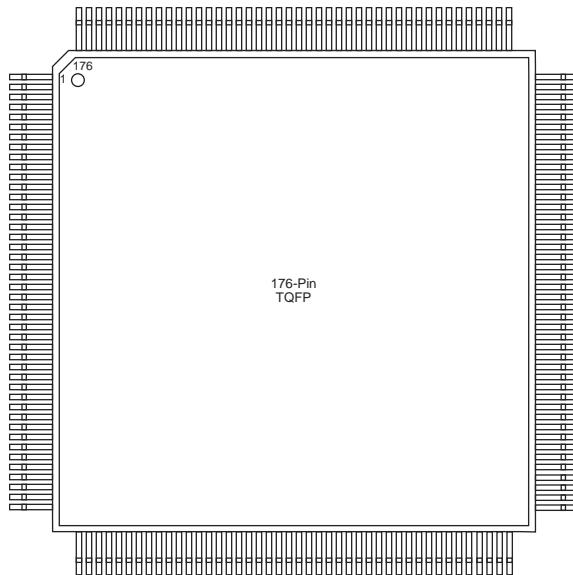
**Note:** This figure shows the 240-Pin PQFP Package top view.

**Table 54 • PQ240**

<b>PQ240</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
1	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	WD, I/O
7	WD, I/O
8	VCCI
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O

**Table 56 • VQ100**

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
93	I/O	I/O
94	GND	GND
95	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O
97	I/O	I/O
98	I/O	I/O
99	I/O	I/O
100	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O

**Figure 48 • TQ176****Table 57 • TQ176**

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	MODE	MODE	MODE
3	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	NC	NC	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 57 • TQ176**

<b>TQ176</b>	<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>
	84	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	85	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
	86	NC	I/O	I/O
	87	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
	88	I/O	I/O	I/O
	89	GND	GND	GND
	90	I/O	I/O	I/O
	91	I/O	I/O	I/O
	92	I/O	I/O	I/O
	93	I/O	I/O	I/O
	94	I/O	I/O	I/O
	95	I/O	I/O	I/O
	96	NC	I/O	I/O
	97	NC	I/O	I/O
	98	I/O	I/O	I/O
	99	I/O	I/O	I/O
	100	I/O	I/O	I/O
	101	NC	NC	I/O
	102	I/O	I/O	I/O
	103	NC	I/O	I/O
	104	I/O	I/O	I/O
	105	I/O	I/O	I/O
	106	GND	GND	GND
	107	NC	I/O	I/O
	108	NC	I/O	TCK, I/O
	109	LP	LP	LP
	110	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	111	GND	GND	GND
	112	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
	113	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
	114	NC	I/O	I/O
	115	NC	I/O	I/O
	116	NC	VCCA	VCCA
	117	I/O	I/O	I/O
	118	I/O	I/O	I/O
	119	I/O	I/O	I/O
	120	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 59 • CQ256**

<b>CQ256</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
96	VCCA
97	GND
98	GND
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	WD, I/O
106	WD, I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	WD, I/O
110	WD, I/O
111	I/O
112	QCLKA, I/O
113	I/O
114	GND
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	VCCI
120	I/O
121	WD, I/O
122	WD, I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	GND
128	NC
129	NC
130	NC
131	GND
132	I/O

**Table 60 • BG272**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE

**Table 60 • BG272**

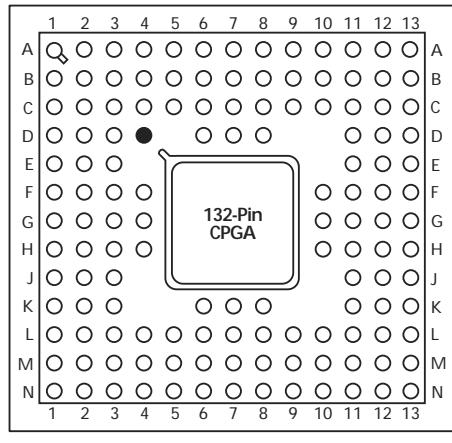
<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	WD, I/O
C6	I/O
C7	QCLKC, I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	CLKB
C11	PRA, I/O
C12	WD, I/O
C13	I/O
C14	QCLKD, I/O
C15	I/O
C16	WD, I/O
C17	SDI, I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
D1	I/O
D2	I/O
D3	I/O
D4	I/O
D5	VCCI
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	VCCA
D9	WD, I/O
D10	VCCI
D11	I/O
D12	VCCI
D13	I/O
D14	VCCI
D15	I/O
D16	VCCA
D17	GND
D18	I/O
D19	I/O

**Table 60 • BG272**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GND
J17	VCCA
J18	I/O
J19	I/O
J20	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	VCCI
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K17	I/O
K18	VCCA
K19	VCCA
K20	LP
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	VCCA
L4	VCCA
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L17	VCCI
L18	I/O
L19	I/O
L20	TCK, I/O
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	VCCI
M9	GND

**Table 60 • BG272**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
Y13	I/O
Y14	I/O
Y15	I/O
Y16	I/O
Y17	I/O
Y18	WD, I/O
Y19	GND
Y20	GND

**Figure 52 • PG132**

● Orientation Pin

**Table 61 • PG132**

<b>PG132</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>
-	PMPOUT
B2	I/O
A1	MODE
B1	I/O
D3	I/O
C2	I/O
C1	I/O
D2	I/O
D1	I/O
E2	I/O
E1	I/O
F3	I/O