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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	83
Number of Gates	24000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	100-BQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-PQFP (20x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx16-pq100

Figure 5 • **A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation**

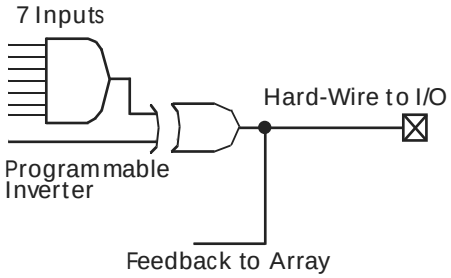
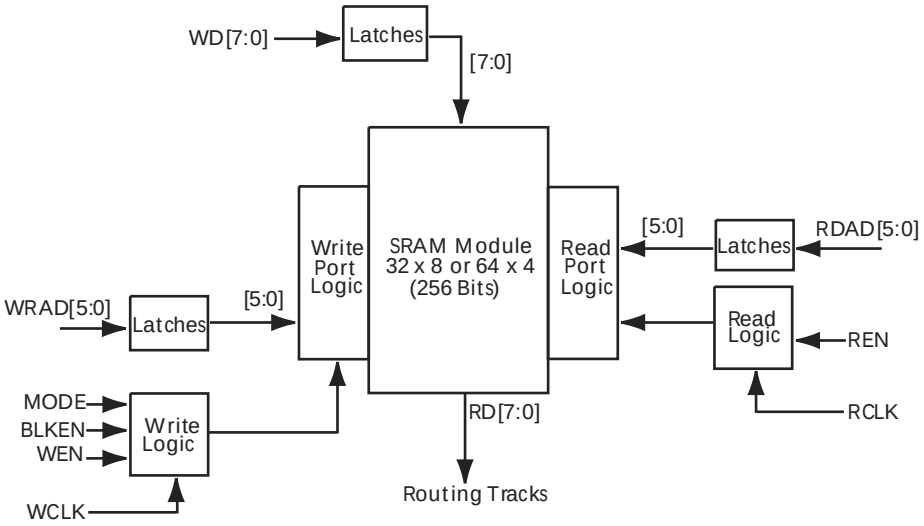


Figure 6 • **A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block**



3.2.3 Routing Structure

The MX architecture uses vertical and horizontal routing tracks to interconnect the various logic and I/O modules. These routing tracks are metal interconnects that may be continuous or split into segments. Varying segment lengths allow the interconnect of over 90% of design tracks to occur with only two antifuse connections. Segments can be joined together at the ends using antifuses to increase their lengths up to the full length of the track. All interconnects can be accomplished with a maximum of four antifuses.

3.2.3.1 Horizontal Routing

Horizontal routing tracks span the whole row length or are divided into multiple segments and are located in between the rows of modules. Any segment that spans more than one-third of the row length is considered a long horizontal segment. A typical channel is shown in Figure 7, page 10. Within horizontal routing, dedicated routing tracks are used for global clock networks and for power and ground tie-off tracks. Non-dedicated tracks are used for signal nets.

3.2.3.2 Vertical Routing

Another set of routing tracks run vertically through the module. There are three types of vertical tracks: input, output, and long. Long tracks span the column length of the module, and can be divided into multiple segments. Each segment in an input track is dedicated to the input of a particular module; each segment in an output track is dedicated to the output of a particular module. Long segments are uncommitted and can be assigned during routing.

Each output segment spans four channels (two above and two below), except near the top and bottom of the array, where edge effects occur. Long vertical tracks contain either one or two segments. An example of vertical routing tracks and segments is shown in Figure 7, page 10.

f_{q2} = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz)

Table 7 • **Fixed Capacitance Values for MX FPGAs (pF)**

Device Type	r1 routed_Clk1	r2 routed_Clk2
A40MX02	41.4	N/A
A40MX04	68.6	N/A
A42MX09	118	118
A42MX16	165	165
A42MX24	185	185
A42MX36	220	220

3.4.6 Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe

MX devices contain probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, via the use of Silicon Explorer II. Silicon Explorer II is an integrated hardware and software solution that, in conjunction with the Designer software, allow users to examine any of the internal nets of the device while it is operating in a prototyping or a production system. The user can probe into an MX device without changing the placement and routing of the design and without using any additional resources. Silicon Explorer II's noninvasive method does not alter timing or loading effects, thus shortening the debug cycle and providing a true representation of the device under actual functional situations.

Silicon Explorer II samples data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

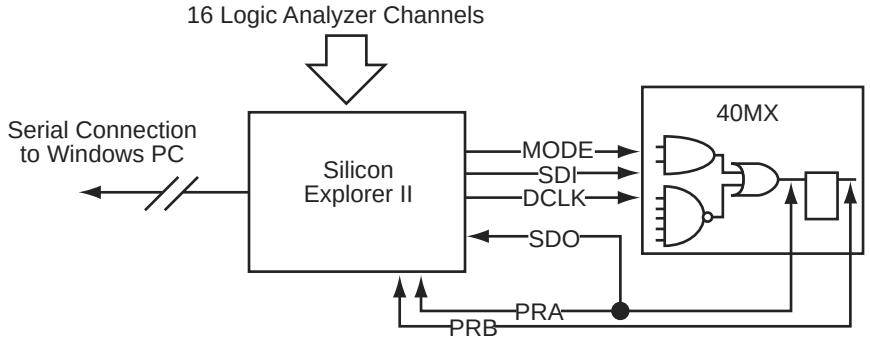
Silicon Explorer II is used to control the MODE, DCLK, SDI and SDO pins in MX devices to select the desired nets for debugging. The user simply assigns the selected internal nets in the Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Probing functionality is activated when the MODE pin is held HIGH.

Figure 12, page 16 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 40MX devices, while Figure 13, page 17 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 42MX devices

To allow for probing capabilities, the security fuses must not be programmed. (See User Security, page 12 for the security fuses of 40MX and 42MX devices). Table 8, page 17 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing.

PRA and PRB pins are dual-purpose pins. When the “Reserve Probe Pin” is checked in the Designer software, PRA and PRB pins are reserved as dedicated outputs for probing. If PRA and PRB pins are required as user I/Os to achieve successful layout and “Reserve Probe Pin” is checked, the layout tool will override the option and place user I/Os on PRA and PRB pins.

Figure 12 • **Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX**



reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 21 • **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCCA	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI	3.14 to 3.47	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

Table 35 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)***
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			4.2		4.8		5.4		6.3		8.9	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			7.1		8.2		9.2		10.9		15.2	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[2]													
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_{HD}[3]	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		4.3		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)			109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[1]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.9		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			8.0		9.26		10.5		12.6		17.3	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.4 6.4		7.4 7.4		8.3 8.3		9.8 9.8		13.7 13.7	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128		6.7 6.7		7.8 7.8		8.8 8.8		10.4 10.4		14.5 14.5	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	3.1 3.3		3.6 3.8		4.1 4.3		4.8 5.1		6.7 7.1		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16 FO = 128		0.6 0.8		0.6 0.9		0.7 1.0		0.8 1.2		1.2 1.6	ns

Table 35 • **A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)***
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing[4]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		5.5		6.4		7.2		8.5		11.9	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.8		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		4.7		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		6.8		7.9		8.9		10.5		14.7	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility.
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 36 • **A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t_{PD1}	Single Module		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		2.3		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[1]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.2		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.4		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.9		3.4		3.9		4.5		6.3	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.0		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[2]												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_{HD}[3]	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	3.1		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns

Table 38 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.5		4.9		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	3.5		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		268		244		224		195		117	MHz

Table 38 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.9		11.1	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays[1]												
t_{PD1}	Single Module		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t_{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t_{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t_{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns

Table 41 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad),64 Clock Loading		11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros use tPD1 + tRD1 + taped, to + tRD1 + taped, or tPD1 + tRD1 + tusk, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing ansalysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.3		6.5		9.0		ns

Table 43 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.2		3.6		4.0		4.8		6.6	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.8		5.3		6.1		7.1		10.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.4		4.8		5.5		6.5		9.1	ns
		FO = 486		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		10.0	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.1		5.7		6.4		7.6		10.6	ns
		FO = 486		6.0		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.0		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.0		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
		FO = 486		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 486	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.3	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			3.9		4.4		5.0		5.8		8.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.2		8.0		9.1		10.7		14.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.7		7.5		8.5		9.9		13.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2		3.5		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			4.2		4.6		5.3		6.2		8.7	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.6		5.1		5.7		6.7		9.3	ns
		FO = 635		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.3	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
		FO = 635		6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1		ns
		FO = 635	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1		ns
		FO = 635	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.2	ns
		FO = 635		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.2	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 635	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.2		ns
		FO = 635	4.6		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period ($1/f_{MAX}$)	FO = 32	9.2		10.2		11.1		12.7		21.2		ns
		FO = 635	9.9		11.0		12.0		13.8		23.0		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32		108		98		90		79		47	MHz
		FO = 635		100		91		83		73		44	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.2		4.6		5.2		6.2		8.6	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.7		4.2		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.34		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O			7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

Table 48 • **PL68**

PL68		
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	GND	GND
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O

Figure 40 • **PL84**

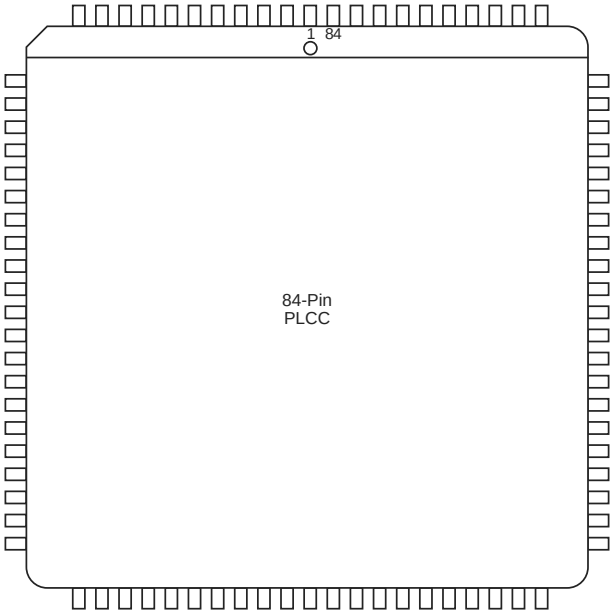


Table 49 • **PL84**

PL84				
Pin Number	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
1	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	I/O	GND	GND	GND
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 49 • **PL84**

PL84				
Pin Number	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	GND	GND	GND
50	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
52	I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O	SDO, TDO, I/O
53	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
55	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
61	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O	TCK, I/O
63	I/O	LP	LP	LP
64	CLK, I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
65	I/O	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
66	MODE	I/O	I/O	I/O
67	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
68	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	GND	GND	GND
71	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	SDI, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	DCLK, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	PRA, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	PRB, I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
80	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
81	I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
82	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
99	GND	GND	GND
100	NC	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
107	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	NC	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
112	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	NC	VCCI	VCCI
115	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
116	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
119	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
120	GND	GND	GND
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	GND	GND	GND
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	NC	I/O	I/O
130	GND	GND	GND
131	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	I/O	I/O	I/O
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	NC	VCCA	VCCA
136	I/O	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	NC	VCCA	VCCA
139	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
140	GND	GND	GND
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	GND	GND	GND
146	NC	I/O	I/O
147	I/O	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	NC	VCCA	VCCA
151	NC	I/O	I/O
152	NC	I/O	I/O
153	NC	I/O	I/O
154	NC	I/O	I/O
155	GND	GND	GND
156	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	I/O	I/O	I/O
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	MODE	MODE	MODE
160	GND	GND	GND

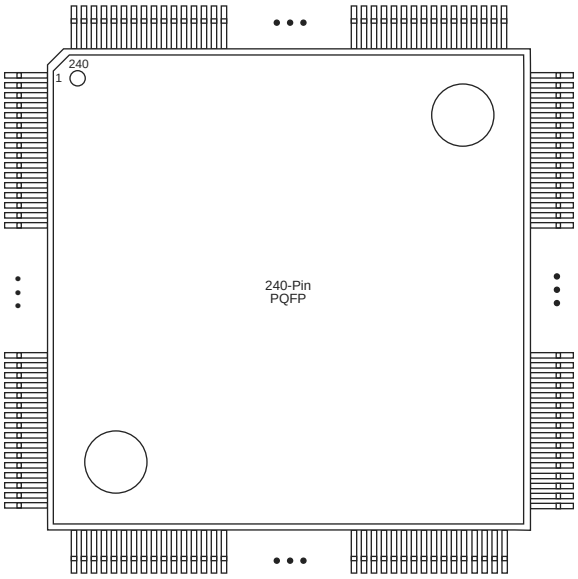
Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
58	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
59	I/O	I/O	I/O
60	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	NC	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	QCLKA, I/O
66	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
67	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
68	NC	I/O	I/O
69	I/O	I/O	I/O
70	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	I/O	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	I/O	I/O	I/O
78	GND	GND	GND
79	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
80	NC	VCCI	VCCI
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	I/O	I/O	I/O
83	I/O	I/O	I/O
84	I/O	I/O	I/O
85	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
86	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
87	I/O	I/O	I/O
88	I/O	I/O	I/O
89	NC	I/O	I/O
90	NC	I/O	I/O
91	I/O	I/O	QCLKB, I/O
92	I/O	I/O	I/O
93	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
94	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 45 • **PQ240**



Note: This figure shows the 240-Pin PQFP Package top view.

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
1	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	WD, I/O
7	WD, I/O
8	VCCI
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O

Table 57 • **TQ176**

TQ176			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
121	NC	NC	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O
126	NC	NC	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	I/O	I/O	I/O
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	I/O	I/O	I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	GND	GND	GND
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
136	NC	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
138	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	NC	VCCI	VCCI
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
144	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
145	NC	NC	WD, I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
151	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
152	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
155	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
156	GND	GND	GND
157	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • **CQ208**

CQ208	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	GND
53	GND
54	TMS, I/O
55	TDI, I/O
56	I/O
57	WD, I/O
58	WD, I/O
59	I/O
60	VCCI
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	QCLKA, I/O
66	WD, I/O
67	WD, I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	WD, I/O
72	I/O
73	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
96	VCCA
97	GND
98	GND
99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	WD, I/O
106	WD, I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	WD, I/O
110	WD, I/O
111	I/O
112	QCLKA, I/O
113	I/O
114	GND
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	VCCI
120	I/O
121	WD, I/O
122	WD, I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	GND
128	NC
129	NC
130	NC
131	GND
132	I/O

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O