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[Understanding Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	72
Number of Gates	36000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx24-1pl84i

Figure 51	BG272	145
Figure 52	PG132	153
Figure 53	CQ172	158

- The Transient Current, page 13 is new (SAR 36930).
- Package names were revised according to standards established in *Package Mechanical Drawings* (SAR 34774)

1.7 Revision 9.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 9.0 of this document

- In Table 20, page 23, the limits in VI were changed from -0.5 to VCCI + 0.5 to -0.5 to VCCA + 0.5
- In Table 22, page 25, V_{OH} was changed from 3.7 to 2.4 for the min in industrial and military. V_{IH} had V_{CCI} and that was changed to VCCA

1.8 Revision 6.0

The following is a summary of the changes in revision 6.0 of this document.

- The Ease of Integration, page 1 was updated
- The Temperature Grade Offerings, page 5 is new
- The Speed Grade Offerings, page 5 is new
- The General Description, page 6 was updated
- The MultiPlex I/O Modules, page 11 was updated
- The User Security, page 12 was updated
- Table 6, page 13 was updated
- The Power Dissipation, page 14 was updated.
- The Static Power Component, page 14 was updated
- The Equivalent Capacitance, page 15 was updated
- Figure 13, page 17 was updated
- Table 10, page 18 was updated.
- Figure 14, page 18 was updated.
- Table 11, page 19 was updated.

3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi's patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45 μ m triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

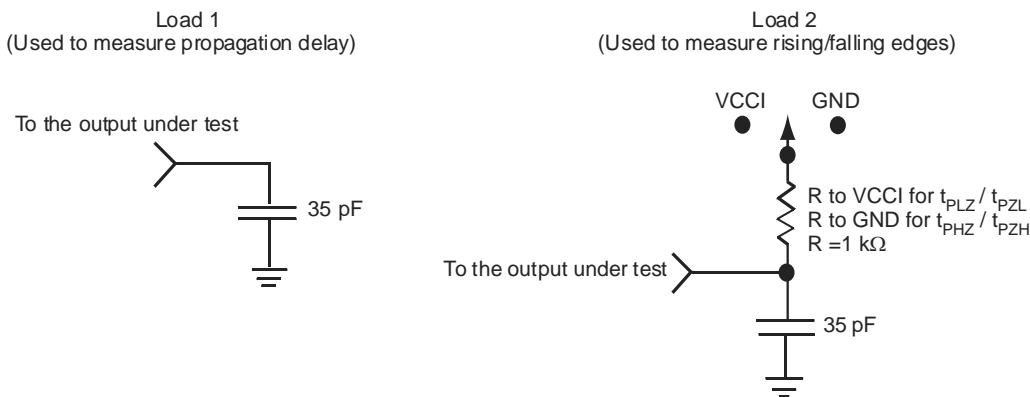
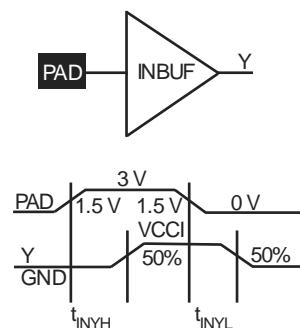
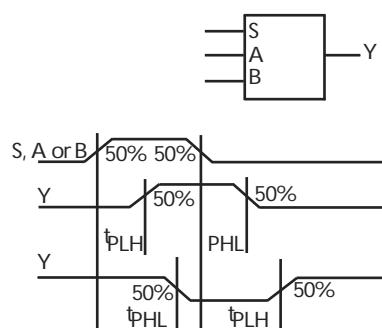
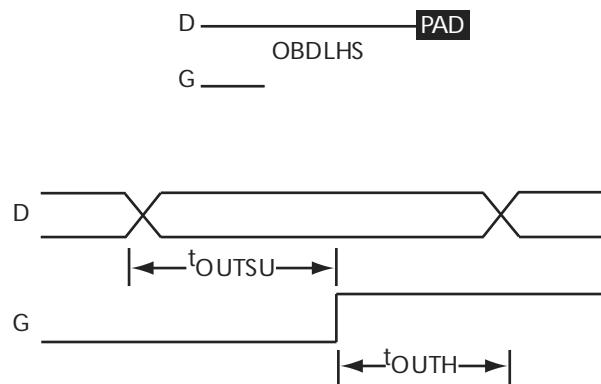
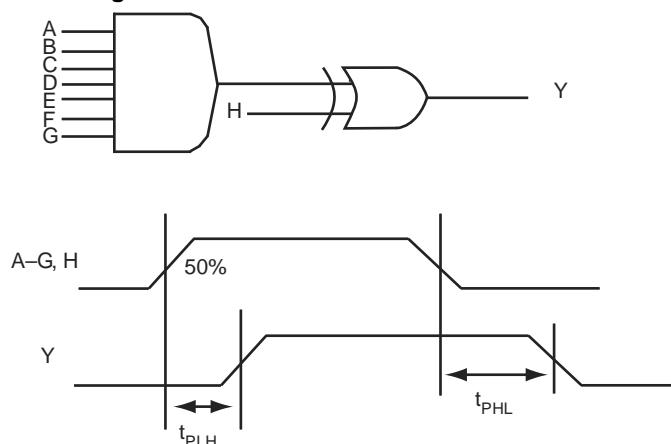
Figure 22 • AC Test Loads**Figure 23 • Input Buffer Delays****Figure 24 • Module Delays**

Figure 27 • Output Buffer Latches

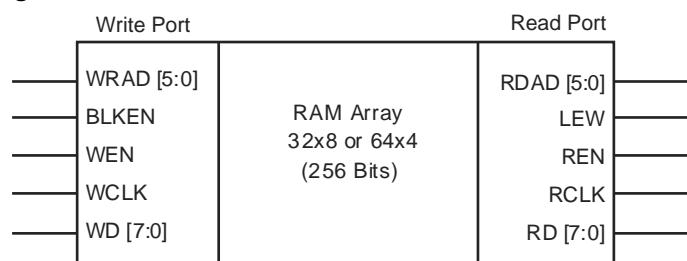
3.10.4 Decode Module Timing

The following figure shows decode module timing.

Figure 28 • Decode Module Timing

3.10.5 SRAM Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows SRAM timing characteristics.

Figure 29 • SRAM Timing Characteristics

3.10.6 Dual-Port SRAM Timing Waveforms

The following figures show dual-port SRAM timing waveforms.

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.9	6.8	7.7	9.0	12.6	ns				
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing¹											
t _{DH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5 ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5 ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0 ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6 ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07 ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04 ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer utility from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays											
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0 ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7 ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays¹											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.9		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2 ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.7		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7 ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3 ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.1		4.8		5.4		6.3		8.9 ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		7.1		8.1		9.2		10.9		15.2 ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing²											
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		4.3		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2 ns
t _{HD} ³	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	4.3		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	

Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing⁴											
t _{DH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		5.5	6.4	7.2	8.5	11.9	ns			
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.8	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns			
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		4.7	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns			
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		6.8	7.9	8.9	10.5	14.7	ns			
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		11.1	12.8	14.5	17.1	23.9	ns			
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		8.2	9.5	10.7	12.6	17.7	ns			
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.05	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.10	ns/pF			
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.06	ns/pF			

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility.
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

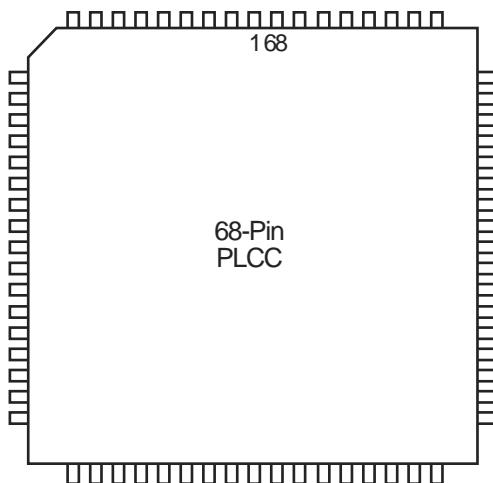
Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays¹											
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.2	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.5	ns			
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns			
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.2	1.4	1.6	1.8	2.6	ns			
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.2	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.9	ns			
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.7	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.4	ns			
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		0.9	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.9	ns			
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.2	1.3	1.5	1.7	2.4	ns			
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.4	1.5	1.7	2.0	2.9	ns			
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.3	2.6	2.9	3.4	4.8	ns			
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}											
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.7	ns			
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.8	ns				
t _{HEN} A	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.4	3.8	4.3	5.0	7.0	ns				

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0 ns
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7 ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}												
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9	ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t _{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{NSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t _{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

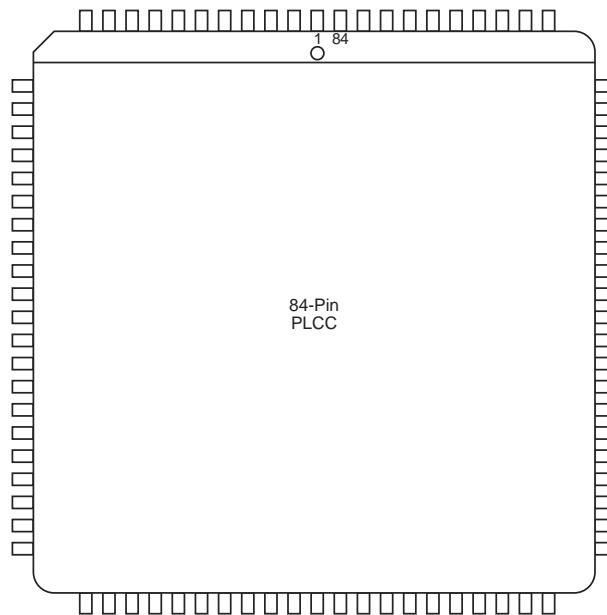
Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵ (Continued)											
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.8	ns				
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	7.8	8.6	9.8	11.5	16.1	ns				
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF				

Figure 39 • PL68**Table 48 • PL68**

PL68		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	VCC
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	GND	GND
15	GND	GND
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O
21	VCC	VCC
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O

Table 48 • PL68

PL68		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	GND	GND
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O

Figure 40 • PL84**Table 49 • PL84**

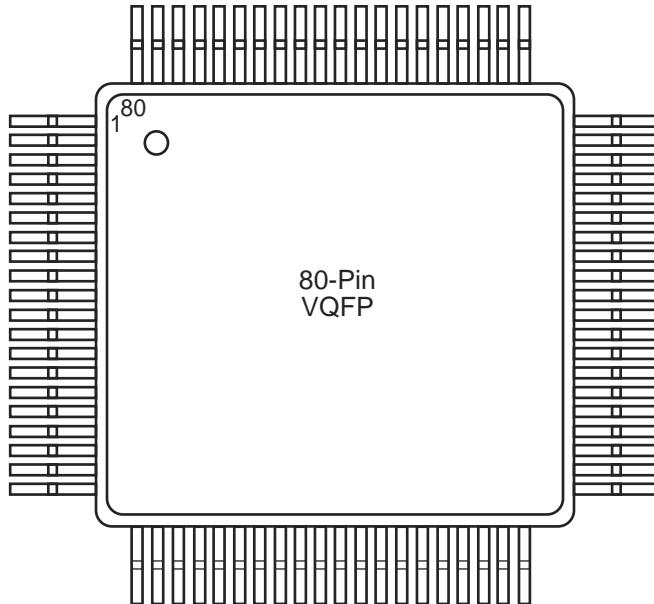
PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	I/O	GND	GND	GND
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
237	GND
238	MODE
239	VCCA
240	GND

Figure 46 • VQ80**Table 55 • VQ80**

VQ80		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	NC	I/O
3	NC	I/O
4	NC	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	GND	GND
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

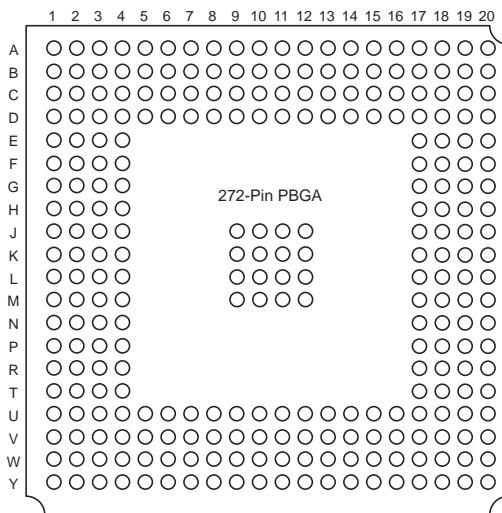
CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
185	I/O
186	CLKB, I/O
187	I/O
188	PRB, I/O
189	I/O
190	WD, I/O
191	WD, I/O
192	I/O
193	I/O
194	WD, I/O
195	WD, I/O
196	QCLKC, I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	I/O
200	I/O
201	I/O
202	VCCI
203	WD, I/O
204	WD, I/O
205	I/O
206	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	VCCA
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	GND
32	VCCA
33	LP
34	TCK, I/O
35	I/O
36	GND
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	GND
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
244	WD, I/O
245	I/O
246	I/O
247	I/O
248	VCCI
249	I/O
250	WD, I/O
251	WD, I/O
252	I/O
253	SDI, I/O
254	I/O
255	GND
256	NC

Figure 51 • BG272**Table 60 • BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	I/O
A4	WD, I/O
A5	I/O

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
D20	I/O
E1	I/O
E2	I/O
E3	I/O
E4	VCCA
E17	VCCI
E18	I/O
E19	I/O
E20	I/O
F1	I/O
F2	I/O
F3	I/O
F4	VCCI
F17	I/O
F18	I/O
F19	I/O
F20	I/O
G1	I/O
G2	I/O
G3	I/O
G4	VCCI
G17	VCCI
G18	I/O
G19	I/O
G20	I/O
H1	I/O
H2	I/O
H3	I/O
H4	VCCA
H17	I/O
H18	I/O
H19	I/O
H20	I/O
J1	I/O
J2	I/O
J3	I/O
J4	VCCI

Table 61 • PG132

PG132	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
N10	I/O
M10	I/O
N11	I/O
L10	I/O
M11	I/O
N12	SDO
M12	I/O
L11	I/O
N13	I/O
M13	I/O
K11	I/O
L12	I/O
L13	I/O
K13	I/O
H10	I/O
J12	I/O
J13	I/O
H11	I/O
H12	I/O
H13	VKS
G13	VPP