



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding **Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

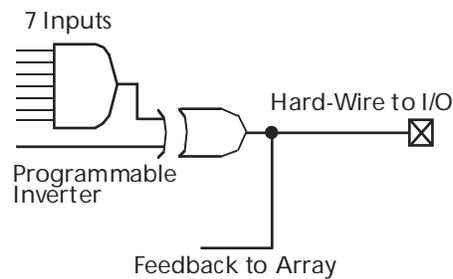
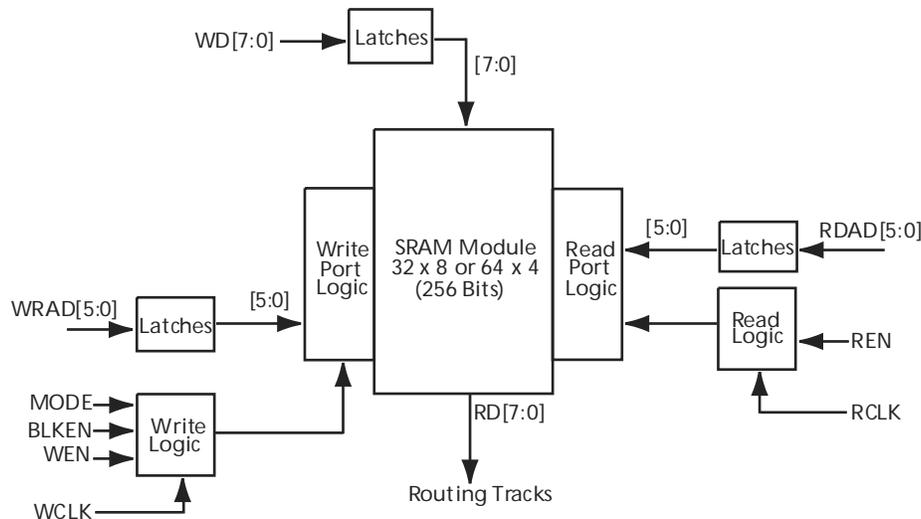
The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	176
Number of Gates	36000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx24-fpq208

Table 1 • Product profile

Device	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
Maximum Flip-Flops	147	273	516	928	1,410	1,822
Clocks	1	1	2	2	2	6
User I/O (maximum)	57	69	104	140	176	202
PCI	–	–	–	–	Yes	Yes
Boundary Scan Test (BST)	–	–	–	–	Yes	Yes
Packages (by pin count)						
PLCC	44, 68	44, 68, 84	84	84	84	–
PQFP	100	100	100, 144, 160	100, 160, 208	160, 208	208, 240
VQFP	80	80	100	100	–	–
TQFP	–	–	176	176	176	–
CQFP	–	–	–	172	–	208, 256
PBGA	–	–	–	–	–	272
CPGA	–	–	132	–	–	–

Figure 5 • A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation**Figure 6 • A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block**

3.2.3 Routing Structure

The MX architecture uses vertical and horizontal routing tracks to interconnect the various logic and I/O modules. These routing tracks are metal interconnects that may be continuous or split into segments. Varying segment lengths allow the interconnect of over 90% of design tracks to occur with only two antifuse connections. Segments can be joined together at the ends using antifuses to increase their lengths up to the full length of the track. All interconnects can be accomplished with a maximum of four antifuses.

3.2.3.1 Horizontal Routing

Horizontal routing tracks span the whole row length or are divided into multiple segments and are located in between the rows of modules. Any segment that spans more than one-third of the row length is considered a long horizontal segment. A typical channel is shown in Figure 7, page 10. Within horizontal routing, dedicated routing tracks are used for global clock networks and for power and ground tie-off tracks. Non-dedicated tracks are used for signal nets.

3.2.3.2 Vertical Routing

Another set of routing tracks run vertically through the module. There are three types of vertical tracks: input, output, and long. Long tracks span the column length of the module, and can be divided into multiple segments. Each segment in an input track is dedicated to the input of a particular module; each segment in an output track is dedicated to the output of a particular module. Long segments are uncommitted and can be assigned during routing.

Each output segment spans four channels (two above and two below), except near the top and bottom of the array, where edge effects occur. Long vertical tracks contain either one or two segments. An example of vertical routing tracks and segments is shown in Figure 7, page 10.

3.8.1 3.3 V LVTTTL Electrical Specifications

Table 19 • 3.3V LVTTTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = -4 mA	2.15		2.15		2.4		2.4		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 6 mA		0.4		0.4		0.48		0.48	V
VIL		-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	-0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL			-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
IIH			-10		-10		-10		-10	μA
Input Transition Time, T _R and T _F			500		500		500		500	ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC ²	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		15		25		25		25	mA
Low-Power Mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0	mA
I/O, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min.
2. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND.

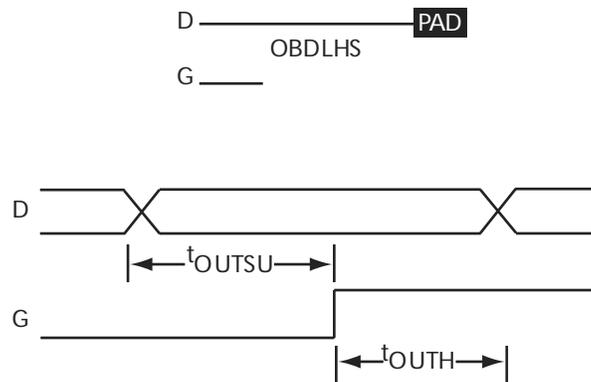
3.9 Mixed 5.0 V / 3.3 V Operating Conditions (for 42MX Devices Only)

Table 20 • Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	-0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	-0.5 to VCCA + 0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	-0.5 to VCCI + 0.5	V
t _{STG}	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

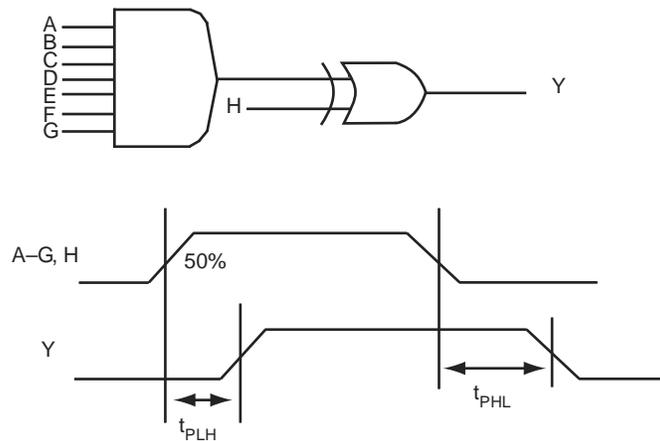
Figure 27 • Output Buffer Latches



3.10.4 Decode Module Timing

The following figure shows decode module timing.

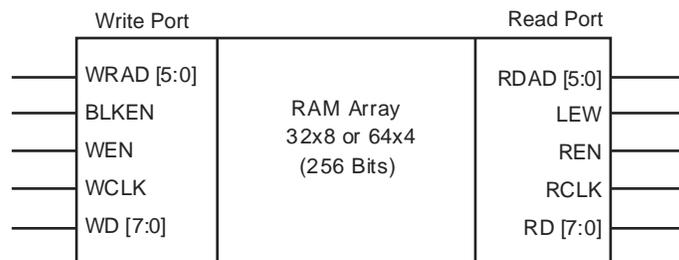
Figure 28 • Decode Module Timing



3.10.5 SRAM Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows SRAM timing characteristics.

Figure 29 • SRAM Timing Characteristics

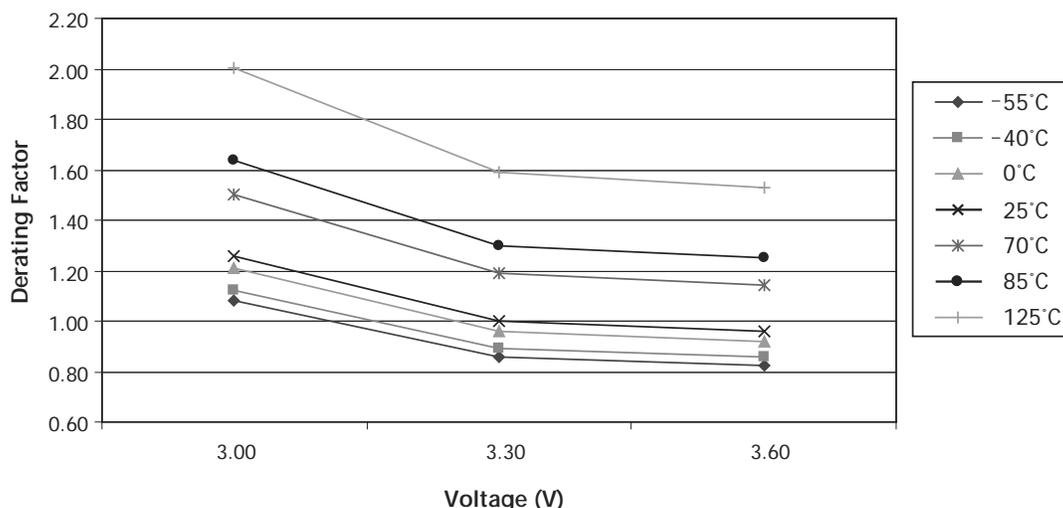


3.10.6 Dual-Port SRAM Timing Waveforms

The following figures show dual-port SRAM timing waveforms.

Table 31 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
3.60	0.83	0.85	0.92	0.96	1.14	1.25	1.53

Figure 37 • 40MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V}$)

Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

3.11.5 PCI System Timing Specification

The following tables list the critical PCI timing parameters and the corresponding timing parameters for the MX PCI-compliant devices.

3.11.6 PCI Models

Microsemi provides synthesizable VHDL and Verilog-HDL models for a PCI Target interface, a PCI Target and Target+DMA Master interface. Contact the Microsemi sales representative for more details.

Table 32 • Clock Specification for 33 MHz PCI

Symbol	Parameter	PCI		A42MX24		A42MX36		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{CYC}	CLK Cycle Time	30	–	4.0	–	4.0	–	ns
t_{HIGH}	CLK High Time	11	–	1.9	–	1.9	–	ns
t_{LOW}	CLK Low Time	11	–	1.9	–	1.9	–	ns

Table 33 • Timing Parameters for 33 MHz PCI

Symbol	Parameter	PCI		A42MX24		A42MX36		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{VAL}	CLK to Signal Valid—Based Signals	2	11	2.0	9.0	2.0	9.0	ns
$t_{\text{VAL(PTP)}}$	CLK to Signal Valid—Point-to-Point	2 ²	12	2.0	9.0	2.0	9.0	ns
t_{ON}	Float to Active	2	–	2.0	4.0	2.0	4.0	ns
t_{OFF}	Active to Float	–	28	–	8.3 ¹	–	8.3 ¹	ns
t_{SU}	Input Set-Up Time to CLK—Based Signals	7	–	1.5	–	1.5	–	ns

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing¹											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH	3.9	4.5	5.1	6.05	8.5	ns				
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW	3.4	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.3	ns				
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	3.4	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.3	ns				
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	4.9	5.6	6.4	7.5	10.5	ns				
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	7.9	9.1	10.4	12.2	17.0	ns				
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.9	6.8	7.7	9.0	12.6	ns				
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	ns/pF				

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer utility from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays											
t _{PD1}	Single Module	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.7	ns				
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros	3.7	4.3	4.9	5.7	8.0	ns				
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.7	ns				
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.7	ns				
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.7	ns				
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays¹											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.9	2.2	2.5	3.0	4.2	ns				
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	2.7	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	3.4	3.9	4.4	5.2	7.3	ns				
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	4.1	4.8	5.4	6.3	8.9	ns				
t _{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	7.1	8.1	9.2	10.9	15.2	ns				
Logic Module Sequential Timing²											
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	4.3	5.0	5.6	6.6	9.2	ns				
t _{HD} ³	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	4.3	5.0	5.6	6.6	9.2	ns				
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.7	2.9	3.3	3.9	5.5	ns				
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.9	3.2	3.7	4.3	6.1	ns				
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	4.9	5.4	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.9	11.1	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	4.2	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.6	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	4.2	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.6	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	5.2	5.8	6.6	7.7	10.8	ns				
t _{ACO}	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading	7.4	8.2	9.3	10.9	15.3	ns				
d _{TLH}	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays¹											
t _{PD1}	Single Module	1.6	1.8	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns				
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.8	2.0	2.3	2.7	3.8	ns				
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.5	ns				
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	2.0	2.2	2.5	2.9	4.1	ns				
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.4	2.0	ns				
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.9	2.7	ns				
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.3	ns				

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad),64 Clock Loading		11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros use tPD1 + tRD1 + taped, to + tRD1 + taped, or tPD1 + tRD1 + tusk, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions¹											
t _{PD} Internal Array Module Delay		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t _{PDD} Internal Decode Module Delay		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays²											
t _{RD1} FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t _{RD2} FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{RD3} FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{RD4} FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1	ns
t _{RD5} FO = 8 Routing Delay		2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing^{3, 4}											
t _{CO} Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t _{GO} Latch Gate-to-Output		1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
t _{SUD} Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t _{HD} Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{RO} Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t _{SUENA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8	ns
t _{HENA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t _{WCLKA} Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9	ns
t _{WASYN} Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.4		4.8		5.3		6.5		9.0	ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵											
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH	2.4	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW	2.8	3.2	3.6	4.2	5.9	ns				
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH	2.5	2.8	3.2	3.8	5.3	ns				
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.2	5.9	ns				
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z	5.2	5.7	6.5	7.6	10.7	ns				
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z	4.8	5.3	6.0	7.1	9.9	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW	2.9	3.2	3.6	4.3	6.0	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	5.6	6.1	6.9	8.1	11.4	ns				
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O	10.6	11.8	13.4	15.7	22.0	ns				
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.04	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.07	ns/pF				
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				

Table 44 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing⁵ (Continued)											
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns			
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns			
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9	3.3	3.7	4.4	6.1	ns			
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	1.0	ns			
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns			
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7	6.3	7.1	8.4	11.8	ns			
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8	8.6	9.8	11.5	16.1	ns			
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF			
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07	0.08	0.09	0.10	0.14	ns/pF			

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays²												
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		3.2	3.5	4.1	4.8	6.7	ns				
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.7	4.1	4.7	5.5	7.7	ns				
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		4.2	4.6	5.3	6.2	8.7	ns				
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		6.1	6.8	7.7	9.0	12.6	ns				
Global Clock Network												
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	4.6	5.1	5.7	6.7	9.3	ns				
		FO = 635	5.0	5.6	6.3	7.4	10.3	ns				
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	5.3	5.9	6.7	7.8	11.0	ns				
		FO = 635	6.8	7.6	8.6	10.1	14.1	ns				
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
		FO = 635	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.5	2.7	3.1	3.6	5.1	ns				
		FO = 635	2.8	3.1	3.5	4.1	5.7	ns				
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.2	ns				
		FO = 635	1.0	1.2	1.3	1.5	2.2	ns				
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
		FO = 635	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	4.0	4.4	5.0	5.9	8.2	ns				
		FO = 635	4.6	5.2	5.9	6.9	9.6	ns				
t _P	Minimum Period (1/f _{MAX})	FO = 32	9.2	10.2	11.1	12.7	21.2	ns				
		FO = 635	9.9	11.0	12.0	13.8	23.0	ns				
f _{MAX}	Maximum Datapath Frequency	FO = 32	108	98	90	79	47	MHz				
		FO = 635	100	91	83	73	44	MHz				
TTL Output Module Timing⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.6	4.0	4.5	5.3	7.4	ns				
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.2	4.6	5.2	6.2	8.6	ns				
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7	4.2	4.7	5.5	7.7	ns				
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1	4.6	5.2	6.1	8.5	ns				
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.34	8.2	9.3	10.9	15.3	ns				
TTL Output Module Timing⁵												
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9	7.6	8.7	10.2	14.3	ns				
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9	5.5	6.2	7.3	10.2	ns				
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.4	ns				
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	ns				
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9	8.8	10.0	11.8	16.5	ns				

Figure 39 • PL68

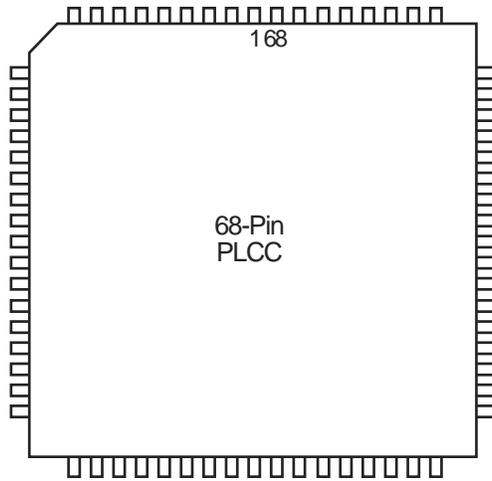


Table 48 • PL68

PL68		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	VCC
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	GND	GND
15	GND	GND
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O
21	VCC	VCC
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
117	GNDI
118	NC
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	PROBA
124	I/O
125	CLKA
126	VCC
127	VCCI
128	NC
129	I/O
130	CLKB
131	I/O
132	PROBB
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	GND
137	GNDI
138	NC
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	DCLK

Figure 43 • PQ160

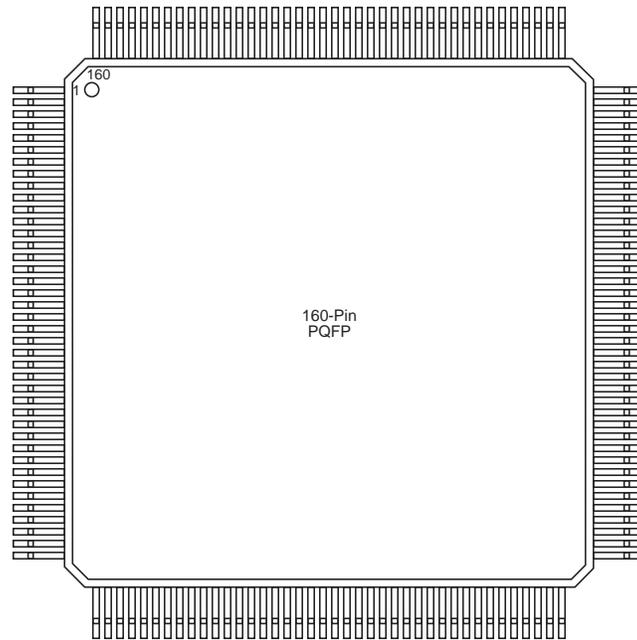


Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	NC	VCCI	VCCI
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	GND	GND	GND
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
14	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
169	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	I/O	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
177	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
181	NC	I/O	I/O
182	NC	VCCI	VCCI
183	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
184	GND	GND	GND
185	I/O	I/O	I/O
186	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
189	I/O	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
191	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
192	I/O	I/O	I/O
193	NC	I/O	I/O
194	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
195	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
196	I/O	I/O	QCLKC, I/O
197	NC	I/O	I/O
198	I/O	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	NC	I/O	I/O
202	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
203	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
204	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
205	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
121	NC	NC	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	NC	I/O	I/O
126	NC	NC	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	I/O	I/O	I/O
130	I/O	I/O	I/O
131	I/O	I/O	I/O
132	I/O	I/O	I/O
133	GND	GND	GND
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
136	NC	I/O	I/O
137	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
138	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	NC	VCCI	VCCI
141	I/O	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	NC	I/O	I/O
144	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
145	NC	NC	WD, I/O
146	I/O	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	I/O	I/O	I/O
149	I/O	I/O	I/O
150	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
151	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
152	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
155	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
156	GND	GND	GND
157	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
170	VCCA
171	I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	I/O
177	I/O
178	I/O
179	I/O
180	GND
181	I/O
182	I/O
183	I/O
184	I/O
185	I/O
186	I/O
187	I/O
188	MODE
189	VCCA
190	GND
191	NC
192	NC
193	NC
194	I/O
195	DCLK, I/O
196	I/O
197	I/O
198	I/O
199	WD, I/O
200	WD, I/O
201	VCCI
202	I/O
203	I/O
204	I/O
205	I/O
206	GND

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE