Microchip Technology - A42MX24-PL84I Datasheet

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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	-
Number of I/O	72
Number of Gates	36000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	84-LCC (J-Lead)
Supplier Device Package	84-PLCC (29.31x29.31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx24-pl84i

3 40MX and 42MX FPGAs

3.1 General Description

Microsemi's 40MX and 42MX families offer a cost-effective design solution at 5V. The MX devices are single-chip solutions and provide high performance while shortening the system design and development cycle. MX devices can integrate and consolidate logic implemented in multiple PALs, CPLDs, and FPGAs. Example applications include high-speed controllers and address decoding, peripheral bus interfaces, DSP, and co-processor functions.

The MX device architecture is based on Microsemi’s patented antifuse technology implemented in a 0.45µm triple-metal CMOS process. With capacities ranging from 3,000 to 54,000 system gates, the MX devices provide performance up to 250 MHz, are live on power-up and have one-fifth the standby power consumption of comparable FPGAs. MX FPGAs provide up to 202 user I/Os and are available in a wide variety of packages and speed grades.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also feature multiPlex I/Os, which support mixed-voltage systems, enable programmable PCI, deliver high-performance operation at both 5.0V and 3.3V, and provide a low-power mode. The devices are fully compliant with the PCI local bus specification (version 2.1). They deliver 200 MHz on-chip operation and 6.1 ns clock-to-output performance.

The 42MX24 and 42MX36 devices include system-level features such as IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing and fast wide-decode modules. In addition, the A42MX36 device offers dual-port SRAM for implementing fast FIFOs, LIFOs, and temporary data storage. The storage elements can efficiently address applications requiring wide data path manipulation and can perform transformation functions such as those required for telecommunications, networking, and DSP.

All MX devices are fully tested over automotive and military temperature ranges. In addition, the largest member of the family, the A42MX36, is available in both CQ208 and CQ256 ceramic packages screened to MIL-STD-883 levels. For easy prototyping and conversion from plastic to ceramic, the CQ208 and PQ208 devices are pin-compatible.

3.2 MX Architectural Overview

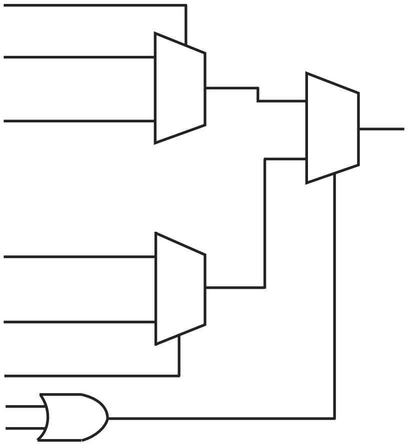
The MX devices are composed of fine-grained building blocks that enable fast, efficient logic designs. All devices within these families are composed of logic modules, I/O modules, routing resources and clock networks, which are the building blocks for fast logic designs. In addition, the A42MX36 device contains embedded dual-port SRAM modules, which are optimized for high-speed data path functions such as FIFOs, LIFOs and scratch pad memory. A42MX24 and A42MX36 also contain wide-decode modules.

3.2.1 Logic Modules

The 40MX logic module is an eight-input, one-output logic circuit designed to implement a wide range of logic functions with efficient use of interconnect routing resources.(see the following figure).

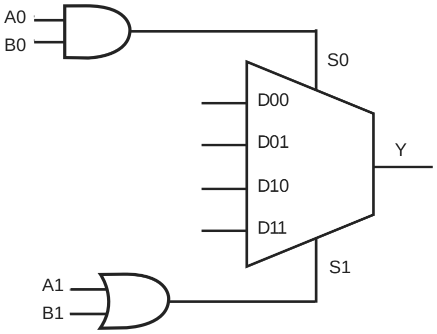
The logic module can implement the four basic logic functions (NAND, AND, OR and NOR) in gates of two, three, or four inputs. The logic module can also implement a variety of D-latches, exclusivity functions, AND-ORs and OR-ANDs. No dedicated hard-wired latches or flip-flops are required in the array; latches and flip-flops can be constructed from logic modules whenever required in the application.

Figure 2 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**



The 42MX devices contain three types of logic modules: combinatorial (C-modules), sequential (S-modules) and decode (D-modules). The following figure illustrates the combinatorial logic module. The S-module, shown in Figure 4, page 8, implements the same combinatorial logic function as the C-module while adding a sequential element. The sequential element can be configured as either a D-flip-flop or a transparent latch. The S-module register can be bypassed so that it implements purely combinatorial logic.

Figure 3 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**



3. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND

3.8 3.3 V Operating Conditions

The following table shows 3.3 V operating conditions.

Table 16 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings for 40MX Devices***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCC	DC Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCC + 0.5	V
t_{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to + 150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 17 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings for 42MX Devices***

Symbol	Parameter	Limits	Units
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI+0.5	V
t_{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

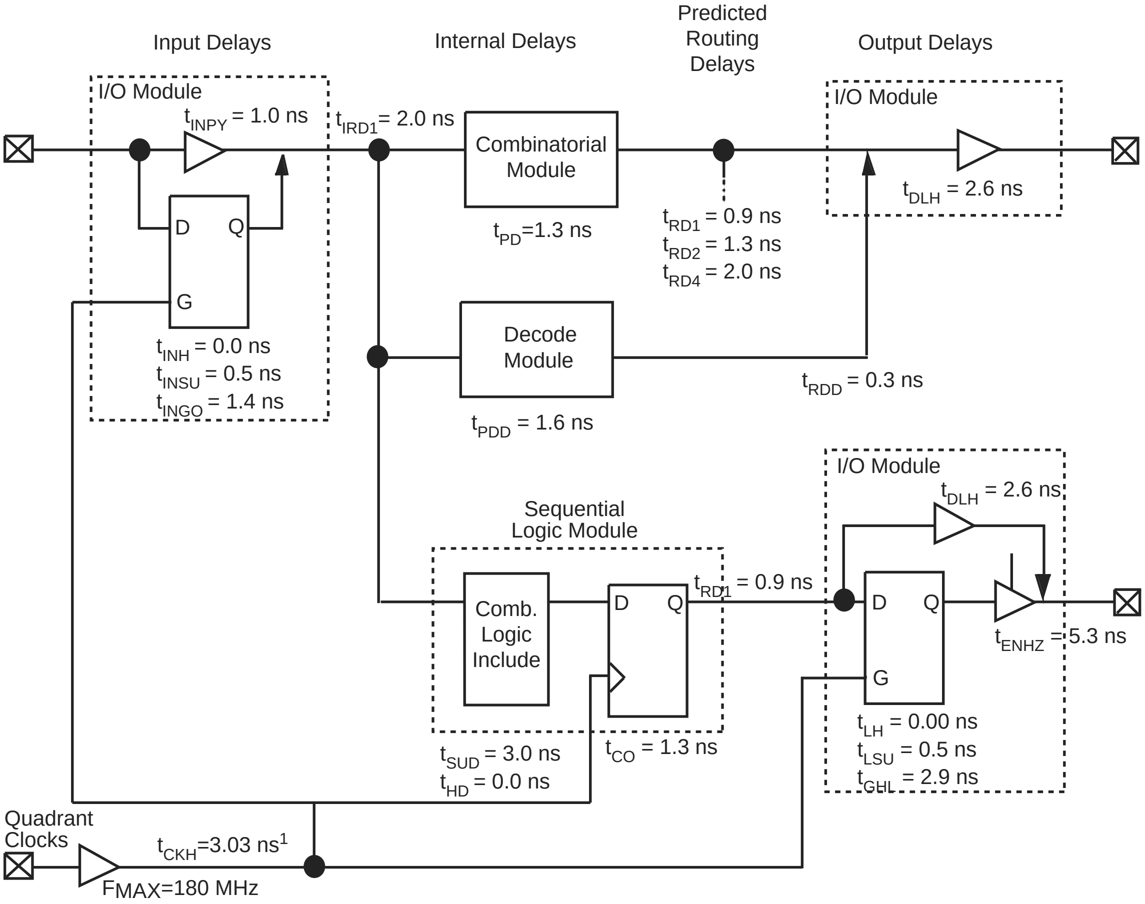
Table 18 • **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCC (40MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
VCCA (42MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V
VCCI (42MX)	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	3.0 to 3.6	V

Note: *Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

All the following tables show various specifications and operating conditions of 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

Figure 19 • **42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)**



Note: 1. Load-dependent

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions

Table 39 • **A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.9		2.1		2.4		2.9		4.0	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.2		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing [3, 4]												
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.2		6.9		7.8		9.2		12.9		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	5.0		5.6		6.2		7.1		9.9		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up	0.3		0.3		0.3		0.4		0.6		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency		161		146		135		117		70	MHz

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
		FO = 384		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 384	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		5.5		4.1		5.7		ns
		FO = 384	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	4.2		4.67		5.1		5.8		9.7		ns
		FO = 384	4.6		5.1		5.6		6.4		10.7		ns
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32		237		215		198		172		103	MHz
		FO = 384		215		195		179		156		94	MHz

Table 42 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.1		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.8	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.5		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. D*ata applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.*
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 43 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		2.0		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.1		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.7		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.3	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.0		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.1		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.8		3.7		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

			–3 Speed		**–2 Speed**		**–1 Speed**		**Std Speed**		**–F Speed**		
Parameter / Description			**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Asynchronous SRAM Operations													
t_{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time			8.1		9.0		10.2		12.0		16.8	ns
t_{RDADV}	Read Address Valid		8.8		9.8		11.1		13.0		18.2		ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4		ns
t_{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid		0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t_{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up		2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t_{WENH}	Write Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time			1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y			1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t_{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{INH}	Input Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width		4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays^2													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.3		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.0		3.3		3.8		4.4		6.2	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.3		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 635		2.7 3.0		3.0 3.3		3.4 3.8		4.0 4.4		5.6 6.2	ns ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32 FO = 635		3.8 4.9		4.2 5.4		4.8 6.1		5.6 7.2		7.8 10.1	ns ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32 FO = 635	1.8 2.0		2.0 2.2		2.2 2.5		2.6 2.9		3.6 4.1		ns ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32 FO = 635	1.8 2.0		2.0 2.2		2.2 2.5		2.6 2.9		3.6 4.1		ns ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32 FO = 635		0.8 0.8		0.8 0.8		0.9 0.9		1.0 1.0		1.4 1.4	ns ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.5		3.9		4.5		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.5		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.5	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.3		6.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.3		5.8		6.6		7.8		10.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		5.0		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.9		2.1		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		2.2		2.5		2.8		3.3		4.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7	ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) ***(continued)*****(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing[5]												
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

1. For dual-module macros, use $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$, or $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. *Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.*
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/ODiagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Table 50 • **PQ 100**

PQ100				
Pin Number	**A40MX02 Function**	**A40MX04 Function**	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**
19	VCC	V_{CC}	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
28	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
29	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
30	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
37	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
44	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
52	NC	NC	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
53	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
54	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	NC	I/O	I/O

Table 51 • **PQ144**

PQ144	
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	GNDQ
10	GNDI
11	NC
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	VSV
19	VCC
20	VCCI
21	NC
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	GNDI
30	NC
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	BININ
38	BINOUT
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O

Table 52 • **PQ160**

PQ160			
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
99	GND	GND	GND
100	NC	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
107	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	NC	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
112	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	NC	VCCI	VCCI
115	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
116	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
119	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
120	GND	GND	GND
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	GND	GND	GND
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	NC	I/O	I/O
130	GND	GND	GND
131	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 44 • PQ208

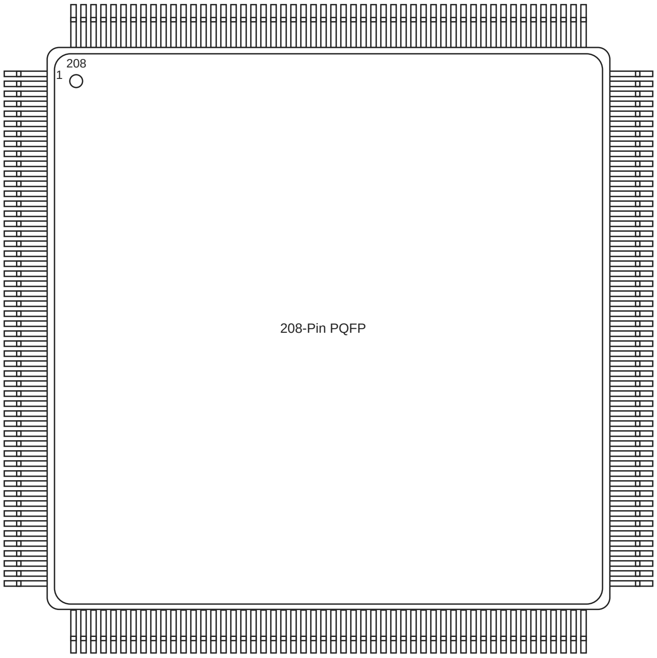


Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

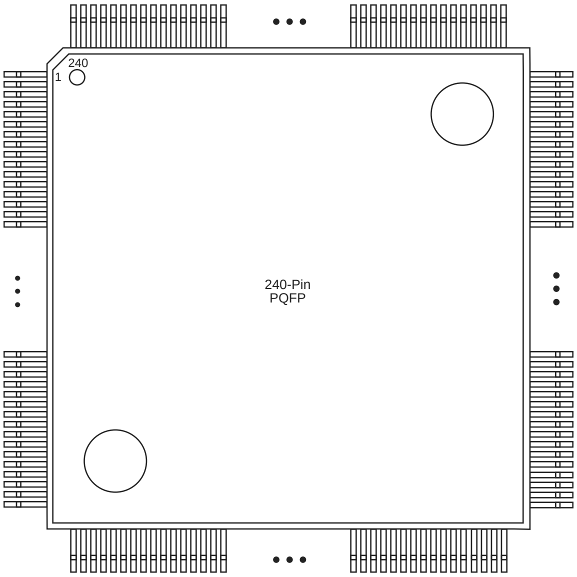
Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
21	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	GND	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	GND	GND	GND
28	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
29	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
30	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
33	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	NC	I/O	I/O
42	NC	I/O	I/O
43	NC	I/O	I/O
44	I/O	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O
51	NC	I/O	I/O
52	GND	GND	GND
53	GND	GND	GND
54	I/O	TMS, I/O	TMS, I/O
55	I/O	TDI, I/O	TDI, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	I/O
57	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

Table 53 • **PQ208**

PQ208			
Pin Number	**A42MX16 Function**	**A42MX24 Function**	**A42MX36 Function**
206	I/O	I/O	I/O
207	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
208	I/O	I/O	I/O

Figure 45 • **PQ240**



Note: This figure shows the 240-Pin PQFP Package top view.

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
1	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	WD, I/O
7	WD, I/O
8	VCCI
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O

Table 54 • **PQ240**

PQ240	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
52	VCCI
53	I/O
54	WD, I/O
55	WD, I/O
56	I/O
57	SDI, I/O
58	I/O
59	VCCA
60	GND
61	GND
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	I/O
65	I/O
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	VCCI
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	I/O
80	I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	VCCA
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VCCA

Table 56 • **VQ100**

VQ100		
Pin Number	**A42MX09 Function**	**A42MX16 Function**
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	VCCA	VCCA
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O
50	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	GND	GND
56	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • **CQ208**

CQ208	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	GND
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	GND
158	I/O
159	SDI, I/O
160	I/O
161	WD, I/O
162	WD, I/O
163	I/O
164	VCCI
165	I/O
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	WD, I/O
169	WD, I/O
170	I/O
171	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O
173	I/O
174	I/O
175	I/O
176	WD, I/O
177	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O
179	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O
181	I/O
182	VCCI
183	VCCA
184	GND

Table 60 • **BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GND
J17	VCCA
J18	I/O
J19	I/O
J20	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	VCCI
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K17	I/O
K18	VCCA
K19	VCCA
K20	LP
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	VCCA
L4	VCCA
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L17	VCCI
L18	I/O
L19	I/O
L20	TCK, I/O
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	VCCI
M9	GND