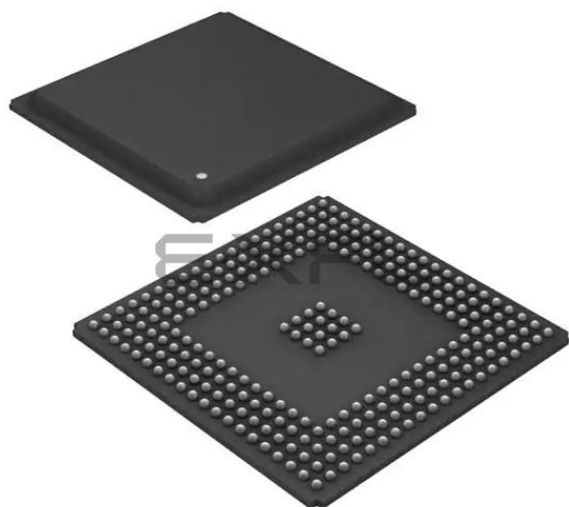




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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	2560
Number of I/O	202
Number of Gates	54000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	272-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	272-PBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-1bg272

Contents

1	Revision History	1
1.1	Revision 15.0	1
1.2	Revision 14.0	1
1.3	Revision 13.0	1
1.4	Revision 12.0	1
1.5	Revision 11.0	1
1.6	Revision 10.0	1
1.7	Revision 9.0	2
1.8	Revision 6.0	2
2	40MX and 42MX FPGA Families	1
2.1	Features	1
2.1.1	High Capacity	1
2.1.2	High Performance	1
2.1.3	HiRel Features	1
2.1.4	Ease of Integration	1
2.2	Product Profile	1
2.3	Ordering Information	3
2.4	Plastic Device Resources	4
2.5	Ceramic Device Resources	4
2.6	Temperature Grade Offerings	5
2.7	Speed Grade Offerings	5
3	40MX and 42MX FPGAs	6
3.1	General Description	6
3.2	MX Architectural Overview	6
3.2.1	Logic Modules	6
3.2.2	Dual-Port SRAM Modules	8
3.2.3	Routing Structure	9
3.2.4	Clock Networks	10
3.2.5	MultiPlex I/O Modules	11
3.3	Other Architectural Features	12
3.3.1	Performance	12
3.3.2	User Security	12
3.3.3	Programming	12
3.3.4	Power Supply	13
3.3.5	Power-Up/Down in Mixed-Voltage Mode	13
3.3.6	Transient Current	13
3.3.7	Low Power Mode	14
3.4	Power Dissipation	14
3.4.1	General Power Equation	14
3.4.2	Static Power Component	14
3.4.3	Active Power Component	14
3.4.4	Equivalent Capacitance	15
3.4.5	C _{EQ} Values for Microsemi MX FPGAs	15
3.4.6	Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe	16
3.4.7	Design Consideration	17
3.4.8	IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan Test (BST) Circuitry	17
3.4.9	JTAG Mode Activation	19
3.4.10	TRST Pin and TAP Controller Reset	19

Table 43 A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, $T_J = 70^\circ\text{C}$)

Parameter / Description		3 Speed		2 Speed		1 Speed		Std Speed		F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output	2.1		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7		ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output	3.4		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.4		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.2		3.0		ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output	1.8		1.9		2.2		2.6		3.6		ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5		7.3		8.2		9.7		13.5		ns

Table 45 A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	3 Speed		2 Speed		1 Speed		Std Speed		F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵											
t _{DLH} Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3	ns
t _{DHL} Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1	ns
t _{ENZH} Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7	ns
t _{ENZL} Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5	ns
t _{ENHZ} Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3	ns
t _{ENLZ} Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3	ns
t _{GLH} G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{GHL} G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
t _{LSU} I/O Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{LH} I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO} I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5	ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

I/O, Input/Output

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
C3	GND
C4	I/O
C5	WD, I/O
C6	I/O
C7	QCLKC, I/O
C8	I/O
C9	I/O
C10	CLKB
C11	PRA, I/O
C12	WD, I/O
C13	I/O
C14	QCLKD, I/O
C15	I/O
C16	WD, I/O
C17	SDI, I/O
C18	I/O
C19	I/O
C20	I/O
D1	I/O
D2	I/O
D3	I/O
D4	I/O
D5	VCCI
D6	I/O
D7	I/O
D8	VCCA
D9	WD, I/O
D10	VCCI
D11	I/O
D12	VCCI
D13	I/O
D14	VCCI
D15	I/O
D16	VCCA
D17	GND
D18	I/O
D19	I/O

Table 62 • CQ172

138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	GND
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	PROBA
149	I/O
150	CLKA
151	VCC
152	GND
153	I/O
154	CLKB
155	I/O
156	PROBB
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	I/O
160	I/O
161	GND
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	I/O
166	VCCI
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O
170	I/O
171	DCLK