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### **Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)**

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

### **Applications of Embedded - FPGAs**

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

#### **Details**

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	2560
Number of I/O	176
Number of Gates	54000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFCQFP with Tie Bar
Supplier Device Package	208-CQFP (75x75)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-1cq208">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-1cq208</a>



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## 2 40MX and 42MX FPGA Families

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### 2.1 Features

The following sections list out various features of the 40MX and 42MX FPGA family devices.

#### 2.1.1 High Capacity

- Single-Chip ASIC Alternative
- 3,000 to 54,000 System Gates
- Up to 2.5 kbits Configurable Dual-Port SRAM
- Fast Wide-Decode Circuitry
- Up to 202 User-Programmable I/O Pins

#### 2.1.2 High Performance

- 5.6 ns Clock-to-Out
- 250 MHz Performance
- 5 ns Dual-Port SRAM Access
- 100 MHz FIFOs
- 7.5 ns 35-Bit Address Decode

#### 2.1.3 HiRel Features

- Commercial, Industrial, Automotive, and Military Temperature Plastic Packages
- Commercial, Military Temperature, and MIL-STD-883 Ceramic Packages
- QML Certification
- Ceramic Devices Available to DSCC SMD

#### 2.1.4 Ease of Integration

- Mixed-Voltage Operation (5.0 V or 3.3 V for core and I/Os), with PCI-Compliant I/Os
- Up to 100% Resource Utilization and 100% Pin Locking
- Deterministic, User-Controllable Timing
- Unique In-System Diagnostic and Verification Capability with Silicon Explorer II
- Low Power Consumption
- IEEE Standard 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary Scan Testing

### 2.2 Product Profile

The following table gives the features of the products.

**Table 1 • Product profile**

Device	A40MX02	A40MX04	A42MX09	A42MX16	A42MX24	A42MX36
<b>Capacity</b>						
System Gates	3,000	6,000	14,000	24,000	36,000	54,000
SRAM Bits	—	—	—	—	—	2,560
<b>Logic Modules</b>						
Sequential	—	—	348	624	954	1,230
Combinatorial	295	547	336	608	912	1,184
Decode	—	—	—	—	24	24
<b>Clock-to-Out</b>						
	9.5 ns	9.5 ns	5.6 ns	6.1 ns	6.1 ns	6.3 ns
<b>SRAM Modules (64x4 or 32x8)</b>						
	—	—	—	—	—	10
<b>Dedicated Flip-Flops</b>						
	—	—	348	624	954	1,230

$f_{q2}$  = Average second routed array clock rate in MHz)

**Table 7 • Fixed Capacitance Values for MX FPGAs (pF)**

Device Type	r1 routed_Clk1	r2 routed_Clk2
A40MX02	41.4	N/A
A40MX04	68.6	N/A
A42MX09	118	118
A42MX16	165	165
A42MX24	185	185
A42MX36	220	220

### 3.4.6 Test Circuitry and Silicon Explorer II Probe

MX devices contain probing circuitry that provides built-in access to every node in a design, via the use of Silicon Explorer II. Silicon Explorer II is an integrated hardware and software solution that, in conjunction with the Designer software, allow users to examine any of the internal nets of the device while it is operating in a prototyping or a production system. The user can probe into an MX device without changing the placement and routing of the design and without using any additional resources. Silicon Explorer II's noninvasive method does not alter timing or loading effects, thus shortening the debug cycle and providing a true representation of the device under actual functional situations.

Silicon Explorer II samples data at 100 MHz (asynchronous) or 66 MHz (synchronous). Silicon Explorer II attaches to a PC's standard COM port, turning the PC into a fully functional 18-channel logic analyzer. Silicon Explorer II allows designers to complete the design verification process at their desks and reduces verification time from several hours per cycle to a few seconds.

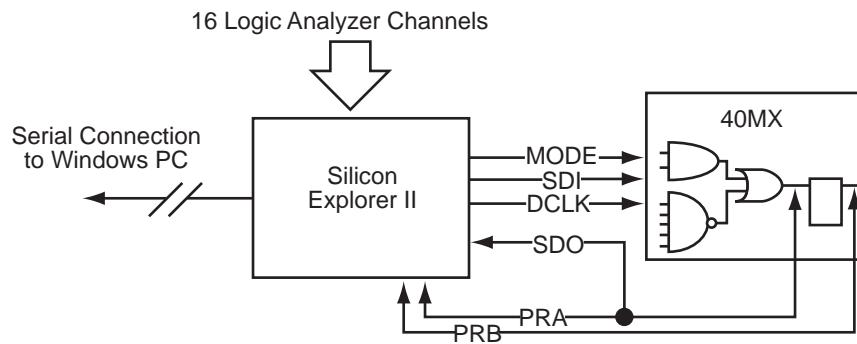
Silicon Explorer II is used to control the MODE, DCLK, SDI and SDO pins in MX devices to select the desired nets for debugging. The user simply assigns the selected internal nets in the Silicon Explorer II software to the PRA/PRB output pins for observation. Probing functionality is activated when the MODE pin is held HIGH.

Figure 12, page 16 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 40MX devices, while Figure 13, page 17 illustrates the interconnection between Silicon Explorer II and 42MX devices.

To allow for probing capabilities, the security fuses must not be programmed. (See [User Security](#), page 12 for the security fuses of 40MX and 42MX devices). [Table 8](#), page 17 summarizes the possible device configurations for probing.

PRA and PRB pins are dual-purpose pins. When the "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked in the Designer software, PRA and PRB pins are reserved as dedicated outputs for probing. If PRA and PRB pins are required as user I/Os to achieve successful layout and "Reserve Probe Pin" is checked, the layout tool will override the option and place user I/Os on PRA and PRB pins.

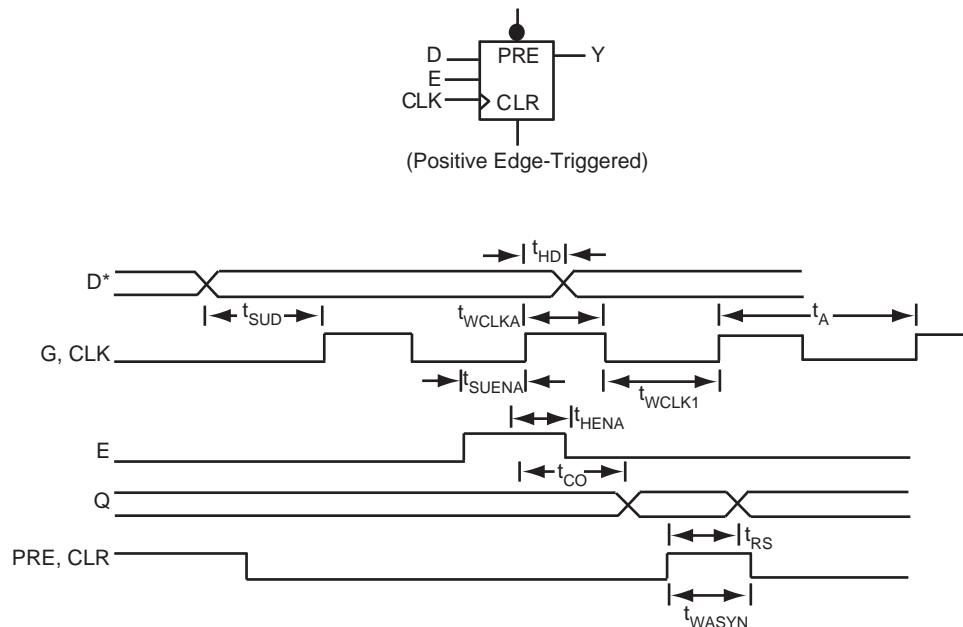
**Figure 12 • Silicon Explorer II Setup with 40MX**



### 3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

**Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches**

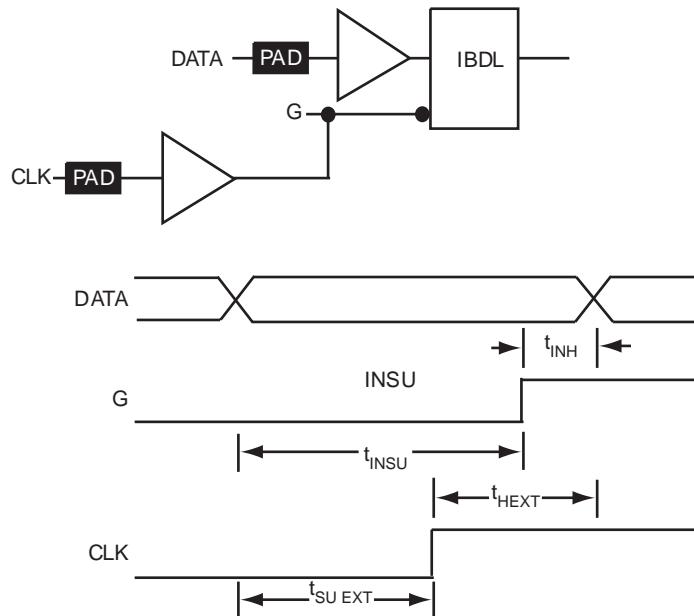


**Note:** \*D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

### 3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

**Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches**



approximately a 3 ns to a 6 ns delay, which is represented statistically in higher fanout (FO=8) routing delays in the data sheet specifications section, shown in [Table 34](#), page 41.

### 3.11.3 Timing Derating

MX devices are manufactured with a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process changes. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature and worst-case processing.

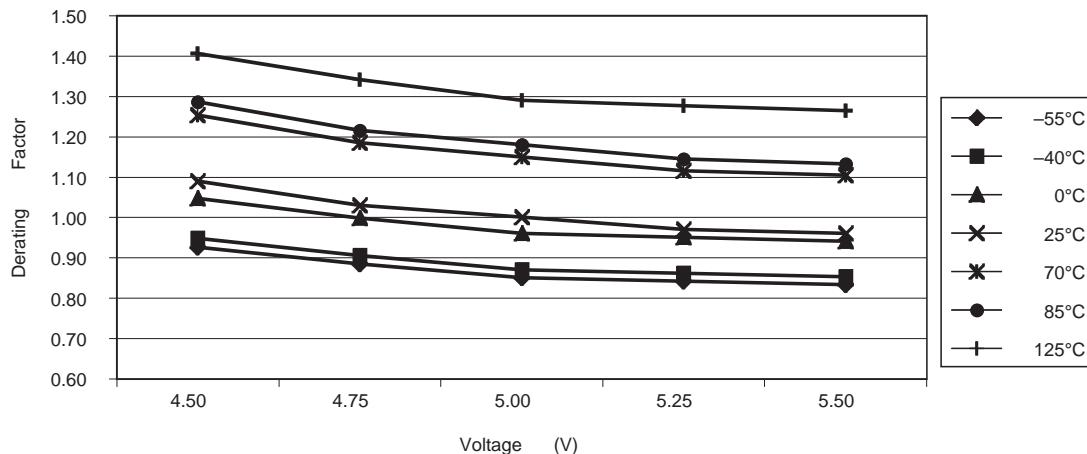
### 3.11.4 Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following tables and figures show temperature and voltage derating factors for 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

**Table 28 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $VCCA = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )**

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.93	0.95	1.05	1.09	1.25	1.29	1.41
4.75	0.88	0.90	1.00	1.03	1.18	1.22	1.34
5.00	0.85	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.29
5.25	0.84	0.86	0.95	0.97	1.12	1.14	1.28
5.50	0.83	0.85	0.94	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.26

**Figure 34 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $VCCA = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )**



**Note:** This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

**Table 29 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to  $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $VCC = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )**

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.89	0.93	1.02	1.09	1.25	1.31	1.45
4.75	0.84	0.88	0.97	1.03	1.18	1.24	1.37
5.00	0.82	0.85	0.94	1.00	1.15	1.20	1.33
5.25	0.80	0.82	0.91	0.97	1.12	1.16	1.29
5.50	0.79	0.82	0.90	0.96	1.10	1.15	1.28

**Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)**  
 (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5 ns
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.3 ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.1		2.4		2.2		3.2		4.5 ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6 ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7 ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8 ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		5.7		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4 ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>											
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16	4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8 ns
		FO = 128	4.6		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input High to LOW	FO = 16	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.4 ns
		FO = 128	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.4		10.4
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8 ns
		FO = 128	2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	2.2		2.6		2.9		3.4		4.8 ns
		FO = 128	2.4		2.7		3.01		3.6		5.1
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 16	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8 ns
		FO = 128	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 16	4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0 ns
		FO = 128	4.8		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16	188		175		160		139		83 MHz
		FO = 128	181		168		154		134		80

**Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

<b>Parameter / Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed</b>		<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std Speed</b>		<b>-F Speed</b>		<b>Units</b>
	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z	5.9	6.8	7.7	9.0	12.6	ns				
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Delta LOW to HIGH	0.02	0.02	0.03	0.03	0.04	ns/pF				
d <sub>THL</sub>	Delta HIGH to LOW	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.04	0.06	ns/pF				

**Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		2.4		2.7		3.1		3.6		5.1 ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0 ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.7		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.5 ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.9		3.2		3.7		4.3		6.1 ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.3		10.2 ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.3		5.9		6.7		7.9		11.1 ns
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW		4.2		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6 ns
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		5.2		5.8		6.6		7.7		10.8 ns
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3 ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacity Loading, LOW to HIGH	0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacity Loading, HIGH to LOW	0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF

- For dual-module macros, use  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ ,  $t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}$ , or  $t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}$ , whichever is appropriate.
- Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
- Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
- Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
- Delays based on 35 pF loading

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description	-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
<b>Logic Module Propagation Delays<sup>1</sup></b>											
t <sub>PD1</sub>	Single Module	1.6		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t <sub>CO</sub>	Sequential Clock-to-Q	1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8	ns
t <sub>GO</sub>	Latch G-to-Q	1.7		1.9		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
t <sub>RS</sub>	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q	2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
<b>Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>RD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t <sub>RD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t <sub>RD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns

**Table 39 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
<b>Input Module Propagation Delays</b>											
t <sub>INYH</sub>	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.5	1.6	1.8		2.17		3.0	ns
t <sub>INYL</sub>	Pad-to-Y LOW			1.2	1.3	1.4		1.7		2.4	ns
t <sub>INGH</sub>	G to Y HIGH			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t <sub>INGL</sub>	G to Y LOW			1.8	2.0	2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.8	3.2	3.6		4.2		5.9	ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.2	3.5	4.0		4.7		6.6	ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.5	3.9	4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.9	4.3	4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.2	5.8	6.6		7.7		10.8	ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>											
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.1	4.5	5.1		6.0		8.4	ns
		FO = 256		4.5	5.0	5.6		6.7		9.3	ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.0	5.5	6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
		FO = 256		5.4	6.0	6.8		8.0		11.2	ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.7	1.9	2.1	2.5		3.5		ns	
		FO = 256	1.9	2.1	2.3	2.7		3.8		ns	
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
		FO = 256		0.4	0.5	0.5		0.6		0.9	ns
t <sub>SUEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
		FO = 256	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0.0		0.0	ns
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	3.3	3.7	4.2	4.9		6.9		ns	
		FO = 256	3.7	4.1	4.6	5.5		7.6		ns	
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period	FO = 32	5.6	6.2	6.7	7.8		12.9		ns	
		FO = 256	6.1	6.8	7.4	8.5		14.2		ns	
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32	177	161	148	129		77	MHz		
		FO = 256	161	146	135	117		70	MHz		

**Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T<sub>J</sub> = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		-3 Speed		-2 Speed		-1 Speed		Std Speed		-F Speed	
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.
<b>Input Module Predicted Routing Delays<sup>2</sup></b>											
t <sub>IRD1</sub>	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.8 ns
t <sub>IRD2</sub>	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3 ns
t <sub>IRD3</sub>	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.8 ns
t <sub>IRD4</sub>	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2 ns
t <sub>IRD8</sub>	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1 ns
<b>Global Clock Network</b>											
t <sub>CKH</sub>	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4 ns
		FO = 486	2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		5.9 ns
t <sub>CKL</sub>	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6 ns
		FO = 486	4.3		4.7		5.4		6.3		8.8 ns
t <sub>PWH</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5 ns
		FO = 486	2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9 ns
t <sub>PWL</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5 ns
		FO = 486	2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9 ns
t <sub>CKSW</sub>	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1 ns
		FO = 486	0.5		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.1 ns
t <sub>SUEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 486	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>HEXT</sub>	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7 ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9 ns
t <sub>P</sub>	Minimum Period (1/f <sub>MAX</sub> )	FO = 32	4.7		5.2		5.7		6.5		10.9 ns
		FO = 486	5.1		5.7		6.2		7.1		11.9 ns

**Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, TJ = 70°C)**

<b>Parameter / Description</b>	<b>-3 Speed</b>		<b>-2 Speed</b>		<b>-1 Speed</b>		<b>Std Speed</b>		<b>-F Speed</b>		<b>Units</b>
	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	<b>Min.</b>	<b>Max.</b>	
t <sub>ACO</sub>	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.9		12.1		13.7		16.1		22.5 ns
d <sub>TLH</sub>	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20 ns/pF
d <sub>THL</sub>	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.10		0.11		0.12		0.14		0.20 ns/pF
<b>CMOS Output Module Timing<sup>5</sup></b>											
t <sub>DLH</sub>	Data-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.3 ns
t <sub>DHL</sub>	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1 ns
t <sub>ENZH</sub>	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7 ns
t <sub>ENZL</sub>	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.1		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.5 ns
t <sub>ENHZ</sub>	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.4		8.2		9.3		10.9		15.3 ns
t <sub>ENLZ</sub>	Enable Pad LOW to Z		6.9		7.6		8.7		10.2		14.3 ns
t <sub>GLH</sub>	G-to-Pad HIGH		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6 ns
t <sub>GHL</sub>	G-to-Pad LOW		7.0		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6 ns
t <sub>LSU</sub>	I/O Latch Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4 ns
t <sub>LH</sub>	I/O Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t <sub>LCO</sub>	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.9		8.8		10.0		11.8		16.5 ns

1. For dual-module macros, use t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, t<sub>CO</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>PDn</sub>, or t<sub>PD1</sub> + t<sub>RD1</sub> + t<sub>SUD</sub>, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. *Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.*
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

## 3.12 Pin Descriptions

This section lists the pin descriptions for 40MX and 42MX series FPGAs.

### CLK/A/B, I/O Global Clock

Clock inputs for clock distribution networks. CLK is for 40MX while CLKA and CLKB are for 42MX devices. The clock input is buffered prior to clocking the logic modules. This pin can also be used as an I/O.

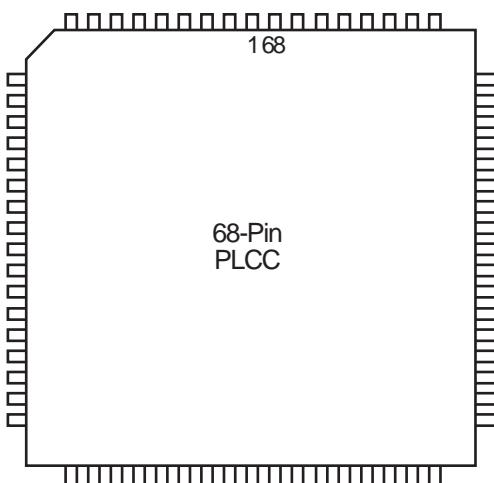
### DCLK, I/O Diagnostic Clock

Clock input for diagnostic probe and device programming. DCLK is active when the MODE pin is HIGH. This pin functions as an I/O when the MODE pin is LOW.

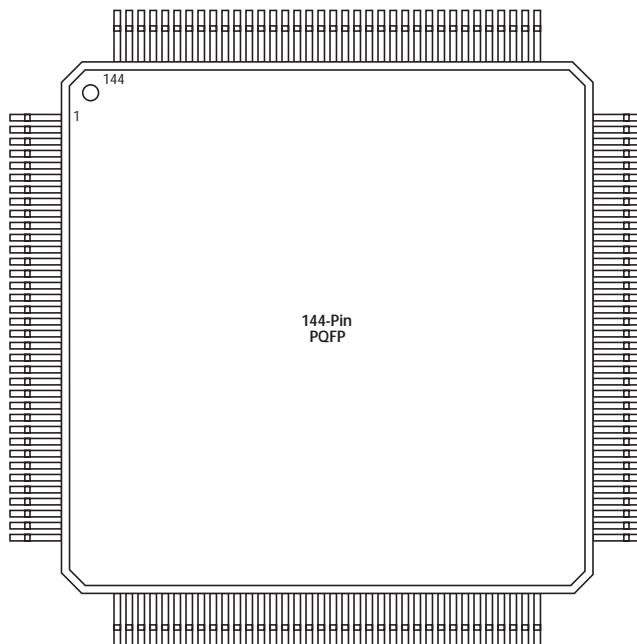
### GND, Ground

Input LOW supply voltage.

### I/O, Input/Output

**Figure 39 • PL68****Table 48 • PL68**

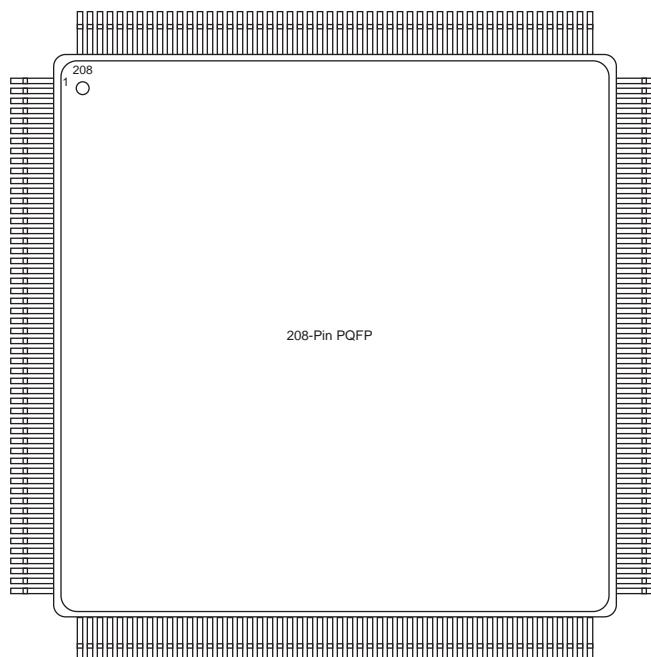
<b>PL68</b>		
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A40MX02 Function</b>	<b>A40MX04 Function</b>
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	VCC
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	I/O	I/O
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	GND	GND
15	GND	GND
16	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O
21	VCC	VCC
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O

**Figure 42 • PQ144****Table 51 • PQ144**

<b>PQ144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>
1	I/O
2	MODE
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O

**Table 51 • PQ144**

<b>PQ144</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX09 Function</b>
6	I/O
7	I/O
8	I/O
9	GNDQ
10	GNDI
11	NC
12	I/O
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	I/O
18	VSV
19	VCC
20	VCCI
21	NC
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	GNDI
30	NC
31	I/O
32	I/O
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	BININ
38	BINOUT
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O

**Figure 44 • PQ208****Table 53 • PQ208**

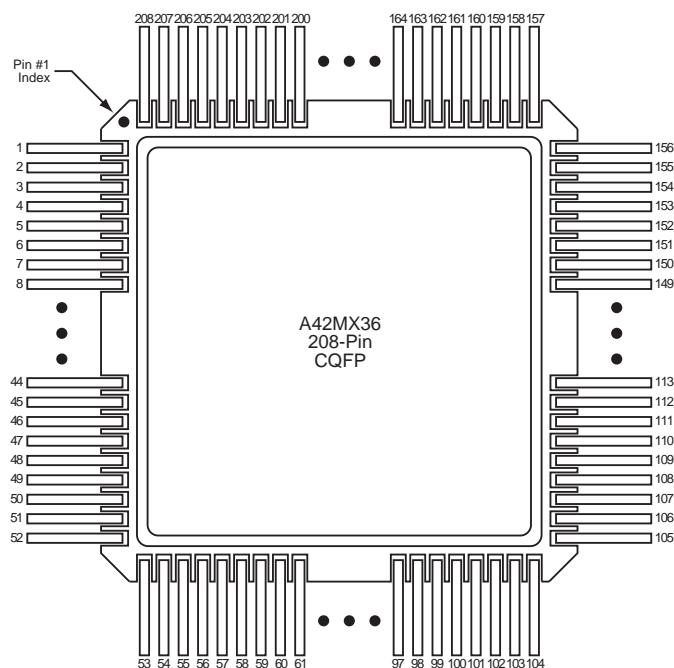
PQ208	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Table 53 • PQ208**

<b>PQ208</b>			
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX16 Function</b>	<b>A42MX24 Function</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
132	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
133	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
134	I/O	I/O	I/O
135	I/O	I/O	I/O
136	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
137	I/O	I/O	I/O
138	I/O	I/O	I/O
139	I/O	I/O	I/O
140	I/O	I/O	I/O
141	NC	I/O	I/O
142	I/O	I/O	I/O
143	I/O	I/O	I/O
144	I/O	I/O	I/O
145	I/O	I/O	I/O
146	NC	I/O	I/O
147	NC	I/O	I/O
148	NC	I/O	I/O
149	NC	I/O	I/O
150	GND	GND	GND
151	I/O	I/O	I/O
152	I/O	I/O	I/O
153	I/O	I/O	I/O
154	I/O	I/O	I/O
155	I/O	I/O	I/O
156	I/O	I/O	I/O
157	GND	GND	GND
158	I/O	I/O	I/O
159	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
160	I/O	I/O	I/O
161	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
165	NC	I/O	I/O
166	NC	I/O	I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O

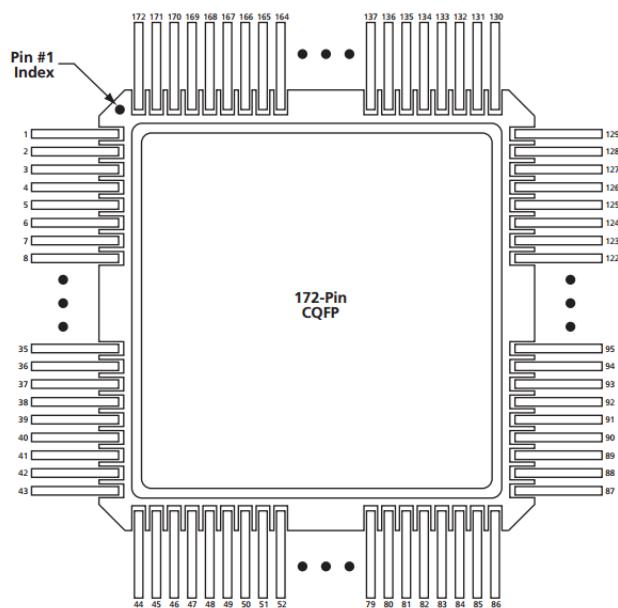
**Table 57 • TQ176**

TQ176	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
158	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
159	I/O	I/O	I/O
160	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
161	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
162	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
163	I/O	I/O	I/O
164	I/O	I/O	I/O
165	NC	NC	WD, I/O
166	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
167	I/O	I/O	I/O
168	NC	I/O	I/O
169	I/O	I/O	I/O
170	NC	VCCI	VCCI
171	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
173	NC	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
176	I/O	I/O	I/O

**Figure 49 • CQ208**

**Table 60 • BG272**

<b>BG272</b>	
<b>Pin Number</b>	<b>A42MX36 Function</b>
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE

**Figure 53 • CQ172****Table 62 • CQ172**

CQ172	
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function
1	MODE
2	I/O
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O
6	I/O
7	GND
8	I/O
9	I/O
10	I/O
11	I/O
12	VCC
13	I/O
14	I/O
15	I/O
16	I/O
17	GND
18	I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O

**Table 62 • CQ172**

21	I/O
22	GND
23	VCCI
24	VSV
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	VCC
28	I/O
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	GND
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	GND
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	BININ
45	BINOUT
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	VCCI
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	GND
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O