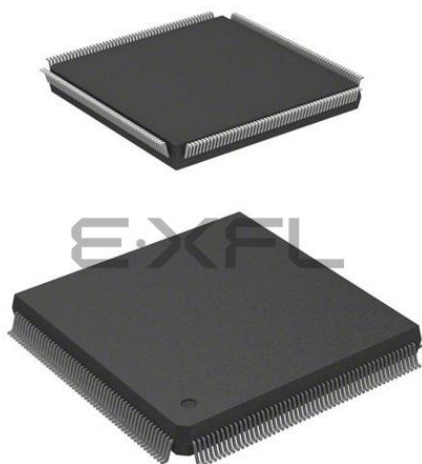




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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	2560
Number of I/O	176
Number of Gates	54000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-1pqg208

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Devices should not be operated outside the recommended operating conditions.

Table 14 • Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Commercial	Industrial	Military	Units
Temperature Range*	0 to +70	–40 to +85	–55 to +125	°C
VCC (40MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCA (42MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V
VCCI (42MX)	4.75 to 5.25	4.5 to 5.5	4.5 to 5.5	V

Note: * Ambient temperature (T_A) is used for commercial and industrial grades; case temperature (T_C) is used for military grades.

3.7.1 5 V TTL Electrical Specifications

The following tables show 5 V TTL electrical specifications.

Table 15 • 5V TTL Electrical Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
VOH ¹	IOH = –10 mA	2.4		2.4						V
	IOH = –4 mA					3.7		3.7		V
VOL ¹	IOL = 10 mA		0.5		0.5					V
	IOL = 6 mA					0.4		0.4		V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX) ²		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL	VIN = 0.5 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	μA
IIH	VIN = 2.7 V		–10		–10		–10		–10	μA
Input Transition Time, T_R and T_F			500		500		500		500	ns
C _{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC ³	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		20		25		25		25	mA
Low power mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0		ICC – 5.0	mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the <i>IBIS model</i> (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

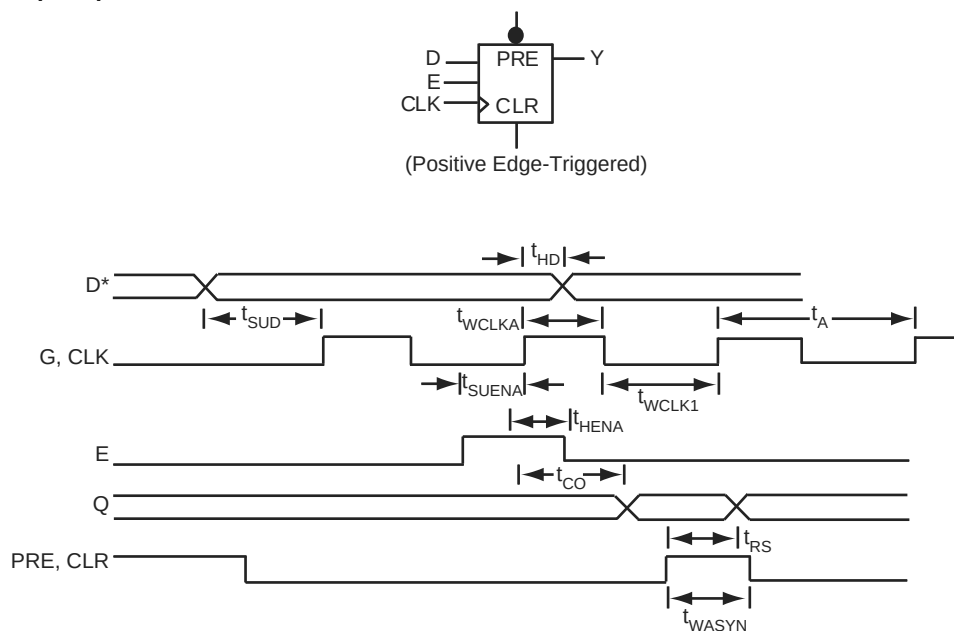
1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min

2. VIH(Min) is 2.4V for A42MX36 family. This applies only to VCCI of 5V and is not applicable to VCCI of 3.3V

3.10.2 Sequential Module Timing Characteristics

The following figure shows sequential module timing characteristics.

Figure 25 • Flip-Flops and Latches



Note: *D represents all data functions involving A, B, and S for multiplexed flip-flops.

3.10.3 Sequential Timing Characteristics

The following figures show sequential timing characteristics.

Figure 26 • Input Buffer Latches

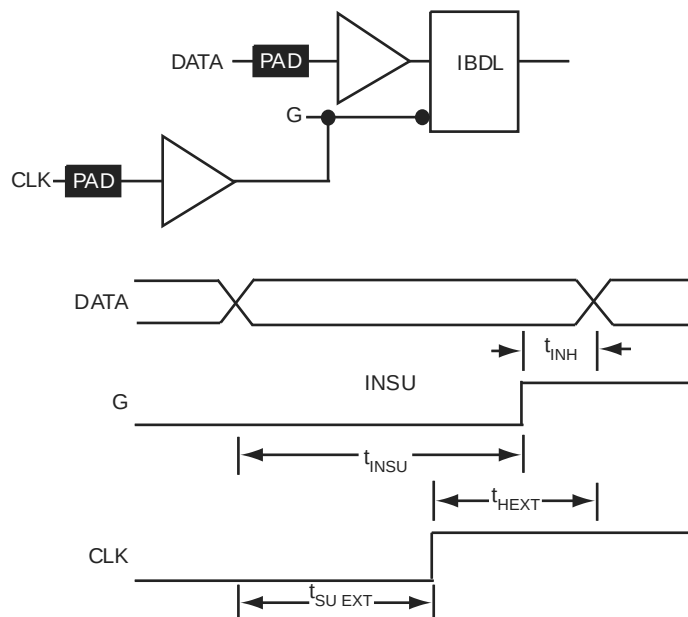
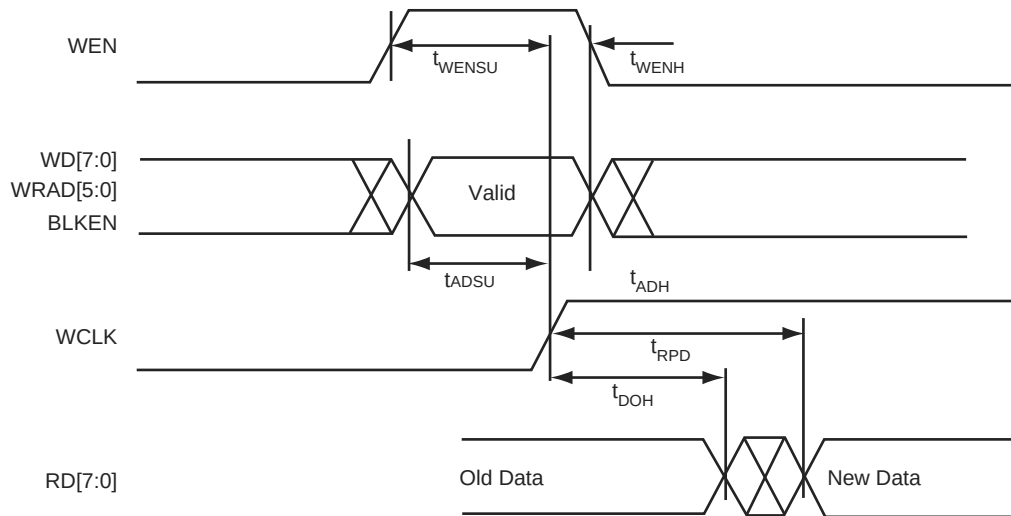


Figure 33 • 42MX SRAM Asynchronous Read Operation—Type 2 (Write Address Controlled)

3.10.7 Predictable Performance: Tight Delay Distributions

Propagation delay between logic modules depends on the resistive and capacitive loading of the routing tracks, the interconnect elements, and the module inputs being driven. Propagation delay increases as the length of routing tracks, the number of interconnect elements, or the number of inputs increases.

From a design perspective, the propagation delay can be statistically correlated or modeled by the fanout (number of loads) driven by a module. Higher fanout usually requires some paths to have longer routing tracks.

The MX FPGAs deliver a tight fanout delay distribution, which is achieved in two ways: by decreasing the delay of the interconnect elements and by decreasing the number of interconnect elements per path.

Microsemi's patented antifuse offers a very low resistive/capacitive interconnect. The antifuses, fabricated in 0.45 μm lithography, offer nominal levels of 100 Ω resistance and 7.0 fF capacitance per antifuse.

MX fanout distribution is also tight due to the low number of antifuses required for each interconnect path. The proprietary architecture limits the number of antifuses per path to a maximum of four, with 90 percent of interconnects using only two antifuses.

3.11 Timing Characteristics

Device timing characteristics fall into three categories: family-dependent, device-dependent, and design-dependent. The input and output buffer characteristics are common to all MX devices. Internal routing delays are device-dependent; actual delays are not determined until after place-and-route of the user's design is complete. Delay values may then be determined by using the Designer software utility or by performing simulation with post-layout delays.

3.11.1 Critical Nets and Typical Nets

Propagation delays are expressed only for typical nets, which are used for initial design performance evaluation. Critical net delays can then be applied to the most timing critical paths. Critical nets are determined by net property assignment in Microsemi's Designer software prior to placement and routing. Up to 6% of the nets in a design may be designated as critical.

3.11.2 Long Tracks

Some nets in the design use long tracks, which are special routing resources that span multiple rows, columns, or modules. Long tracks employ three and sometimes four antifuse connections, which increase capacitance and resistance, resulting in longer net delays for macros connected to long tracks. Typically, up to 6 percent of nets in a fully utilized device require long tracks. Long tracks add

approximately a 3 ns to a 6 ns delay, which is represented statistically in higher fanout (FO=8) routing delays in the data sheet specifications section, shown in Table 34, page 41.

3.11.3 Timing Derating

MX devices are manufactured with a CMOS process. Therefore, device performance varies according to temperature, voltage, and process changes. Minimum timing parameters reflect maximum operating voltage, minimum operating temperature and best-case processing. Maximum timing parameters reflect minimum operating voltage, maximum operating temperature and worst-case processing.

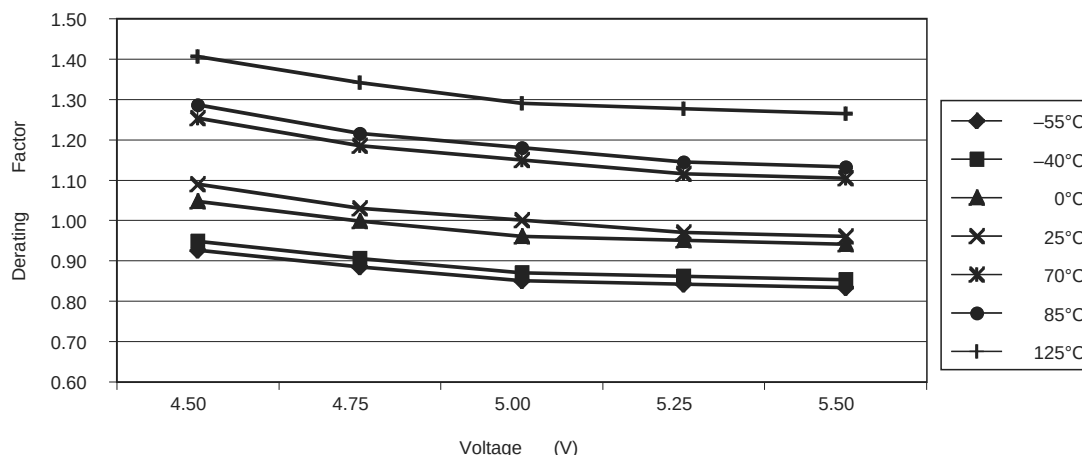
3.11.4 Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors

The following tables and figures show temperature and voltage derating factors for 40MX and 42MX FPGAs.

Table 28 • 42MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

42MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.93	0.95	1.05	1.09	1.25	1.29	1.41
4.75	0.88	0.90	1.00	1.03	1.18	1.22	1.34
5.00	0.85	0.87	0.96	1.00	1.15	1.18	1.29
5.25	0.84	0.86	0.95	0.97	1.12	1.14	1.28
5.50	0.83	0.85	0.94	0.96	1.10	1.13	1.26

Figure 34 • 42MX Junction Temperature and Voltage Derating Curves (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CCA} = 5.0\text{ V}$)



Note: This derating factor applies to all routing and propagation delays

Table 29 • 40MX Temperature and Voltage Derating Factors (Normalized to $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0\text{ V}$)

40MX Voltage	Temperature						
	-55°C	-40°C	0°C	25°C	70°C	85°C	125°C
4.50	0.89	0.93	1.02	1.09	1.25	1.31	1.45
4.75	0.84	0.88	0.97	1.03	1.18	1.24	1.37
5.00	0.82	0.85	0.94	1.00	1.15	1.20	1.33
5.25	0.80	0.82	0.91	0.97	1.12	1.16	1.29
5.50	0.79	0.82	0.90	0.96	1.10	1.15	1.28

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1		ns
		FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16		113		105		96		83		50	MHz
		FO = 128		109		101		92		80		48	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁴													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.8		8.1		11.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF

Table 38 • A42MX09 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.0		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2		ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{INGH}	G to Y HIGH		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7		ns
t _{INGL}	G to Y LOW		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7		ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ²													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		2.0		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2		ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.3		2.5		2.9		3.4		4.7		ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.7		5.2		ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.7		4.1		4.7		5.5		7.7		ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32	2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0		ns
		FO = 256	2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.5		ns
t _{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32	3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3		ns
		FO = 256	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7		ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	1.2		1.4		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
		FO = 256	1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6		ns
		FO = 256	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.6		ns
t _{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 256	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{HEXT}	Input Latch External Hold	FO = 32	2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9		ns
		FO = 256	2.2		2.4		3.3		3.9		5.5		ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 32	3.4		3.7		4.0		4.7		7.8		ns
		FO = 256	3.7		4.1		4.5		5.2		8.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 32	296		269		247		215		129		MHz
		FO = 256	268		244		224		195		117		MHz

Table 41 • A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description	–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{ACO} Array Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad), 64 Clock Loading		11.3		12.5		14.2		16.7		23.3	ns
d _{TLH} Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF
d _{THL} Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.05		0.05		0.06		0.07		0.10	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros use tPD1 + tRD1 + taped, to + tRD1 + taped, or tPD1 + tRD1 + tusk, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the input buffer latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading.

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay	1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0		ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay	0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7		ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay	1.0		1.2		1.3		1.5		2.1		ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay	1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6		ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay	1.5		1.7		1.9		2.2		3.1		ns
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay	2.4		2.7		3.0		3.6		5.0		ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing ^{3, 4}												
t _{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output	1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7		ns
t _{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output	1.2		1.3		1.5		1.8		2.5		ns
t _{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t _{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output	1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9		ns
t _{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.4		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.3		6.5		9.0		ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.6	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	4.7		5.2		5.9		6.9		9.7		ns

Table 42 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁵												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.1		3.5		3.9		4.6		6.4	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		2.4		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		2.5		2.8		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		2.8		3.1		3.5		4.2		5.8	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		5.2		5.7		6.5		7.6		10.7	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		9.9	ns
t _{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		4.9		5.4		6.2		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{LSU}	I/O Latch Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t _{LH}	I/O Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.5		6.1		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t _{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		10.6		11.8		13.4		15.7		22.0	ns
d _{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.04		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF

1. For dual-module macros, use t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, t_{CO} + t_{RD1} + t_{PDn}, or t_{PD1} + t_{RD1} + t_{SUD}, whichever is appropriate.
2. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance.
3. Data applies to macros based on the S-module. Timing parameters for sequential macros constructed from C-modules can be obtained from the Timer utility.
4. Set-up and hold timing parameters for the Input Buffer Latch are defined with respect to the PAD and the D input. External setup/hold timing parameters must account for delay from an external PAD signal to the G inputs. Delay from an external PAD signal to the G input subtracts (adds) to the internal setup (hold) time.
5. Delays based on 35 pF loading

Table 43 • A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions ¹												
t _{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		2.0		1.8		2.1		2.5		3.4	ns
t _{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.1		2.2		2.5		3.0		4.2	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ²												
t _{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		1.7		1.3		1.4		1.7		2.3	ns
t _{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		2.0		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay		1.1		2.0		2.2		2.6		3.7	ns
t _{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		1.5		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t _{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		1.8		3.7		4.2		5.0		7.0	ns

Table 45 • A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)												
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.8		ns
t _{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	3.9		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0		ns
t _{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
Asynchronous SRAM Operations												
t _{RPD}	Asynchronous Access Time		11.3		12.6		14.3		16.8		23.5	ns
t _{RDADV}	Read Address Valid	12.3		13.7		15.5		18.2		25.5		ns
t _{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns
t _{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{RENSUA}	Read Enable Set-Up to Address Valid	0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.8		ns
t _{RENHA}	Read Enable Hold	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8		ns
t _{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{DOH}	Data Out Hold Time		1.8		2.0		2.1		2.5		3.5	ns
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INPY}	Input Data Pad-to-Y		1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		3.0	ns
t _{INGO}	Input Latch Gate-to-Output		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t _{INH}	Input Latch Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{INSU}	Input Latch Set-Up	0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns
t _{ILA}	Latch Active Pulse Width	6.5		7.3		8.2		9.7		13.5		ns

Table 50 • PQ 100

PQ100				
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
19	VCC	V _{CC}	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
23	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
28	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
29	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
30	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
31	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
36	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
37	GND	GND	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O	VCCA	VCCA
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
44	VCC	VCC	I/O	I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O	GND	GND
47	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
48	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
50	NC	I/O	I/O	I/O
51	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
52	NC	NC	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
53	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
54	NC	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	NC	I/O	I/O

Figure 42 • PQ144

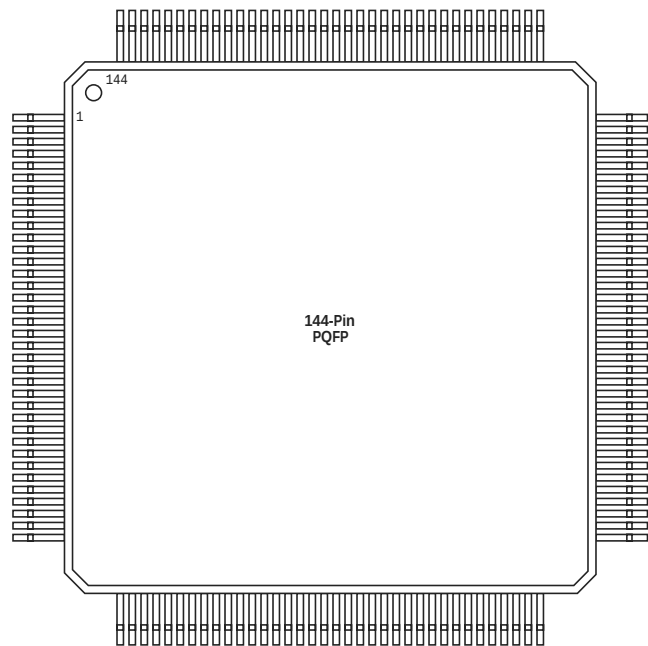


Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
1	I/O
2	MODE
3	I/O
4	I/O
5	I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
43	I/O
44	GNDQ
45	GNDI
46	NC
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	VCC
55	VCCI
56	NC
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O
60	I/O
61	I/O
62	I/O
63	I/O
64	GND
65	GNDI
66	I/O
67	I/O
68	I/O
69	I/O
70	I/O
71	SDO
72	I/O
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	I/O
77	I/O
78	I/O
79	GNDQ

Figure 43 • PQ160

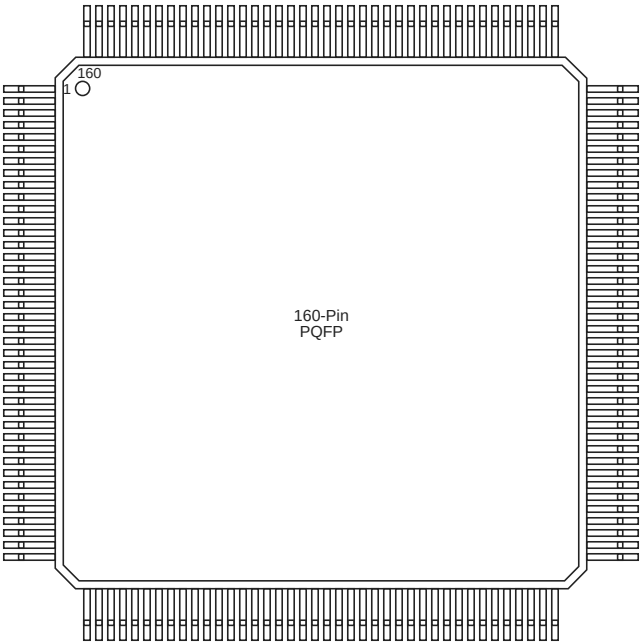


Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
3	NC	I/O	I/O
4	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	NC	VCCI	VCCI
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	GND	GND	GND
12	NC	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
14	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA

Table 52 • PQ160

PQ160			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
95	I/O	I/O	I/O
96	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
97	I/O	I/O	I/O
98	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
99	GND	GND	GND
100	NC	I/O	I/O
101	I/O	I/O	I/O
102	I/O	I/O	I/O
103	NC	I/O	I/O
104	I/O	I/O	I/O
105	I/O	I/O	I/O
106	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
107	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
108	I/O	I/O	I/O
109	GND	GND	GND
110	NC	I/O	I/O
111	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
112	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
113	I/O	I/O	I/O
114	NC	VCCI	VCCI
115	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
116	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
117	I/O	I/O	I/O
118	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
119	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
120	GND	GND	GND
121	I/O	I/O	I/O
122	I/O	I/O	I/O
123	I/O	I/O	I/O
124	NC	I/O	I/O
125	GND	GND	GND
126	I/O	I/O	I/O
127	I/O	I/O	I/O
128	I/O	I/O	I/O
129	NC	I/O	I/O
130	GND	GND	GND
131	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
169	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	I/O	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
177	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
181	NC	I/O	I/O
182	NC	VCCI	VCCI
183	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
184	GND	GND	GND
185	I/O	I/O	I/O
186	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
189	I/O	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
191	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
192	I/O	I/O	I/O
193	NC	I/O	I/O
194	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
195	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
196	I/O	I/O	QCLKC, I/O
197	NC	I/O	I/O
198	I/O	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	NC	I/O	I/O
202	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
203	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
204	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
205	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
126	WD, I/O
127	I/O
128	VCCI
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	I/O
132	WD, I/O
133	WD, I/O
134	I/O
135	QCLKB, I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	WD, I/O
143	WD, I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	VCCI
151	VCCA
152	GND
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	I/O
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	I/O
159	WD, I/O
160	WD, I/O
161	I/O
162	I/O

Table 57 • TQ176

TQ176			
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
47	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
48	I/O	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
50	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
51	I/O	I/O	I/O
52	NC	VCCI	VCCI
53	I/O	I/O	I/O
54	NC	I/O	I/O
55	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
56	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
57	NC	NC	I/O
58	I/O	I/O	I/O
59	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
60	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
61	NC	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O	I/O
64	NC	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O	I/O
66	NC	I/O	I/O
67	GND	GND	GND
68	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
69	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
70	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
71	I/O	I/O	I/O
72	I/O	I/O	I/O
73	I/O	I/O	I/O
74	NC	I/O	I/O
75	I/O	I/O	I/O
76	I/O	I/O	I/O
77	NC	NC	WD, I/O
78	NC	I/O	WD, I/O
79	I/O	I/O	I/O
80	NC	I/O	I/O
81	I/O	I/O	I/O
82	NC	VCCI	VCCI
83	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
22	I/O
23	I/O
24	I/O
25	I/O
26	VCCA
27	I/O
28	I/O
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	GND
32	VCCA
33	LP
34	TCK, I/O
35	I/O
36	GND
37	I/O
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	I/O
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	GND
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	I/O
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	I/O
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	GND
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O
148	I/O
149	I/O
150	I/O
151	I/O
152	I/O
153	I/O
154	I/O
155	VCCA
156	I/O
157	I/O
158	VCCA
159	VCCI
160	GND
161	I/O
162	I/O
163	I/O
164	I/O
165	GND
166	I/O
167	I/O
168	I/O
169	I/O