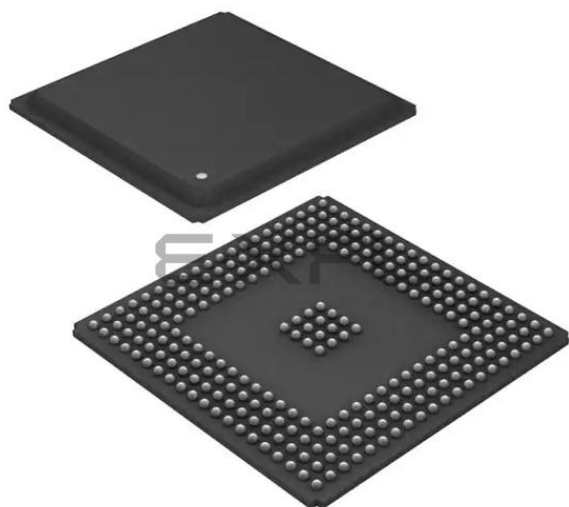




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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

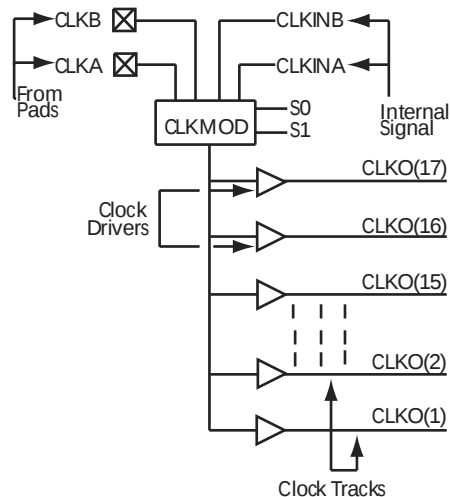
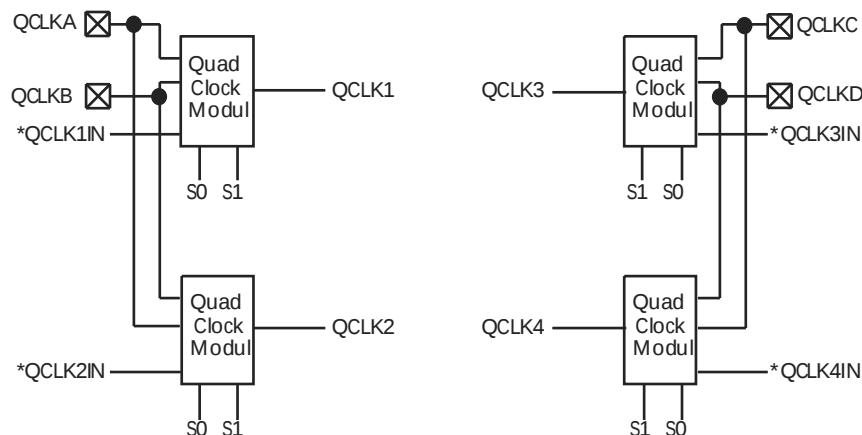
Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	2560
Number of I/O	202
Number of Gates	54000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.75V ~ 5.25V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 70°C (TA)
Package / Case	272-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	272-PBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-3bgg272

Figure 8 • Clock Networks of 42MX Devices**Figure 9 • Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices**

Note: *QCLK1IN, QCLK2IN, QCLK3IN, and QCLK4IN are internally-generated signals.

3.2.5 MultiPlex I/O Modules

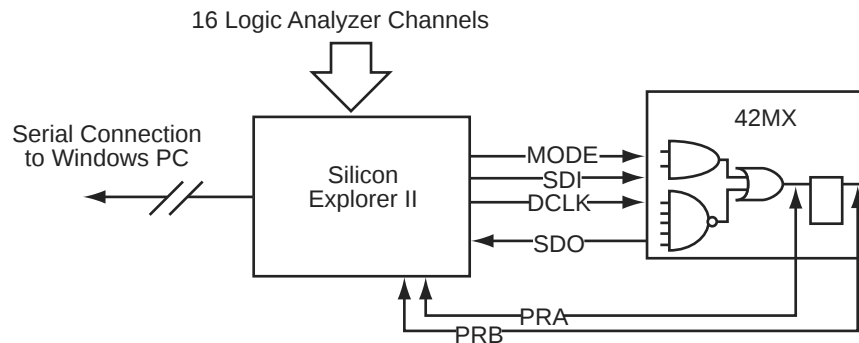
42MX devices feature Multiplex I/Os and support 5.0 V, 3.3 V, and mixed 3.3 V/5.0 V operations.

The MultiPlex I/O modules provide the interface between the device pins and the logic array. Figure 10, page 12 is a block diagram of the 42MX I/O module. A variety of user functions, determined by a library macro selection, can be implemented in the module. (See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more information.) All 42MX I/O modules contain tristate buffers, with input and output latches that can be configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation.

All 42MX devices contain flexible I/O structures, where each output pin has a dedicated output-enable control (Figure 10, page 12). The I/O module can be used to latch input or output data, or both, providing fast set-up time. In addition, the Designer software tools can build a D-type flip-flop using a C-module combined with an I/O module to register input and output signals. See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more details.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also offer selectable PCI output drives, enabling 100% compliance with version 2.1 of the PCI specification. For low-power systems, all inputs and outputs are turned off to reduce current consumption to below 500 μ A.

To achieve 5.0 V or 3.3 V PCI-compliant output drives on A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices, a chip-wide PCI fuse is programmed via the Device Selection Wizard in the Designer software (Figure 11, page 12). When the PCI fuse is not programmed, the output drive is standard.

Figure 13 • Silicon Explorer II Setup with 42MX**Table 8 • Device Configuration Options for Probe Capability**

Security Fuse(s) Programmed	Mode	PRA, PRB ¹	SDI, SDO, DCLK ¹
No	LOW	User I/Os ²	User I/Os ²
No	HIGH	Probe Circuit Outputs	Probe Circuit Inputs
Yes	–	Probe Circuit Secured	Probe Circuit Secured

1. Avoid using SDI, SDO, DCLK, PRA and PRB pins as input or bidirectional ports. Since these pins are active during probing, input signals will not pass through these pins and may cause contention.
2. If no user signal is assigned to these pins, they will behave as unused I/Os in this mode. See the Pin Descriptions, page 83 for information on unused I/O pins

3.4.7 Design Consideration

It is recommended to use a series 70 Ω termination resistor on every probe connector (SDI, SDO, MODE, DCLK, PRA and PRB). The 70 Ω series termination is used to prevent data transmission corruption during probing and reading back the checksum.

3.4.8 IEEE Standard 1149.1 Boundary Scan Test (BST) Circuitry

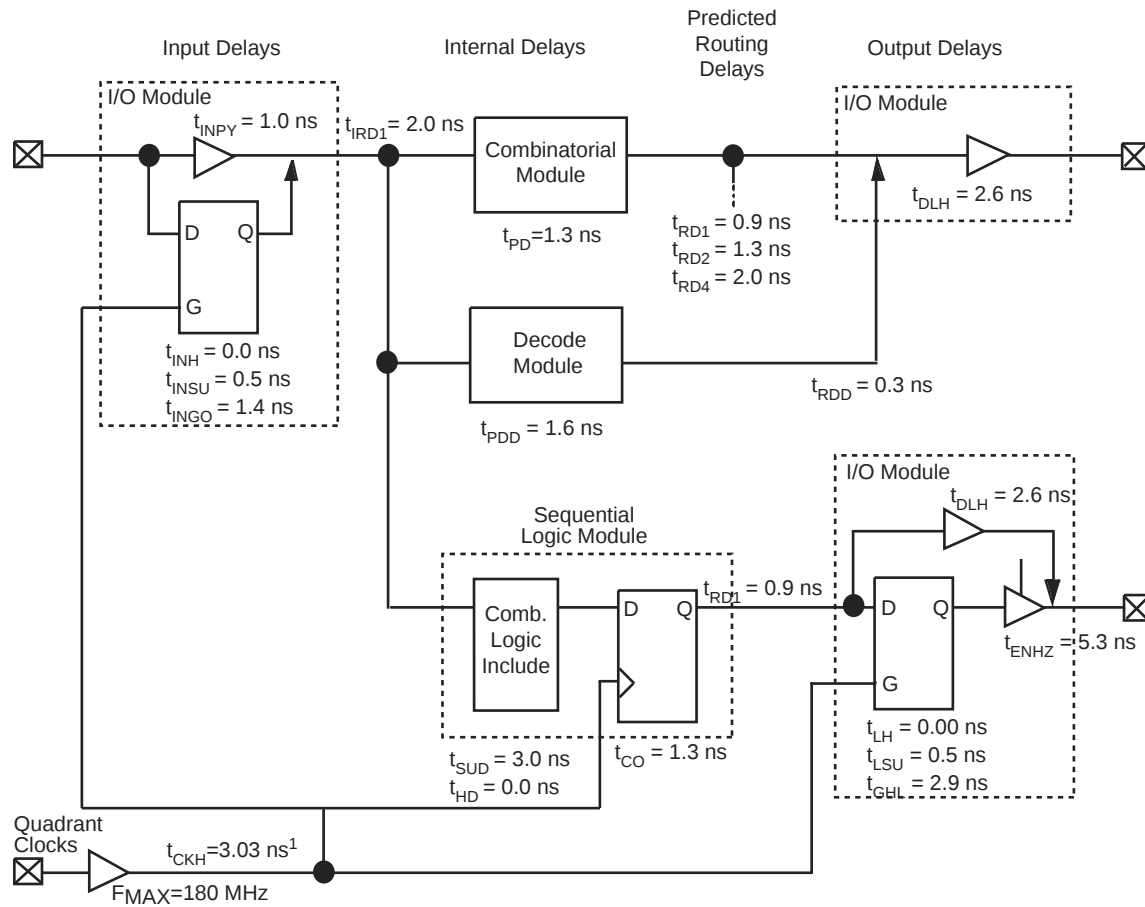
42MX24 and 42MX36 devices are compatible with IEEE Standard 1149.1 (informally known as Joint Testing Action Group Standard or JTAG), which defines a set of hardware architecture and mechanisms for cost-effective board-level testing. The basic MX boundary-scan logic circuit is composed of the TAP (test access port), TAP controller, test data registers and instruction register (Figure 14, page 18). This circuit supports all mandatory IEEE 1149.1 instructions (EXTEST, SAMPLE/PRELOAD and BYPASS) and some optional instructions. Table 9, page 18 describes the ports that control JTAG testing, while Table 10, page 18 describes the test instructions supported by these MX devices.

Each test section is accessed through the TAP, which has four associated pins: TCK (test clock input), TDI and TDO (test data input and output), and TMS (test mode selector).

The TAP controller is a four-bit state machine. The '1's and '0's represent the values that must be present at TMS at a rising edge of TCK for the given state transition to occur. IR and DR indicate that the instruction register or the data register is operating in that state.

The TAP controller receives two control inputs (TMS and TCK) and generates control and clock signals for the rest of the test logic architecture. On power-up, the TAP controller enters the Test-Logic-Reset state. To guarantee a reset of the controller from any of the possible states, TMS must remain high for five TCK cycles.

42MX24 and 42MX36 devices support three types of test data registers: bypass, device identification, and boundary scan. The bypass register is selected when no other register needs to be accessed in a device. This speeds up test data transfer to other devices in a test data path. The 32-bit device identification register is a shift register with four fields (lowest significant byte (LSB), ID number, part number and version). The boundary-scan register observes and controls the state of each I/O pin.

Figure 19 • 42MX Timing Model (Logic Functions Using Quadrant Clocks)

Note: 1. Load-dependent

Note: 2. Values are shown for A42MX36 –3 at 5.0 V worst-case commercial conditions

Figure 22 • AC Test Loads

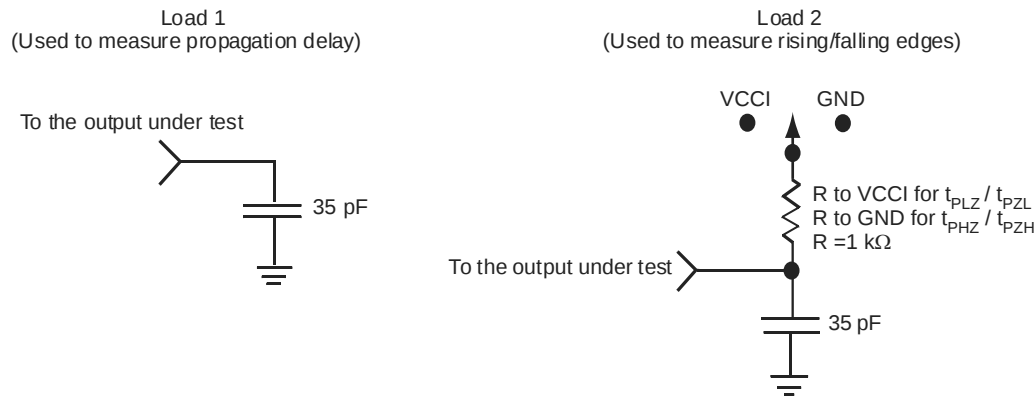


Figure 23 • Input Buffer Delays

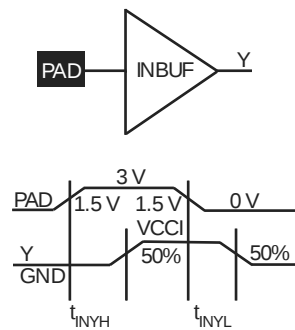


Figure 24 • Module Delays

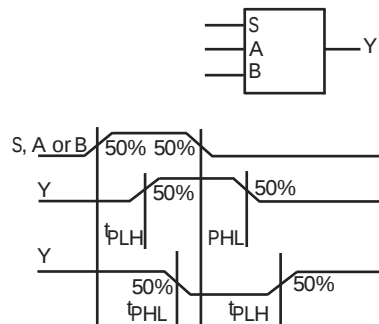


Table 34 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
TTL Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.2	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		4.0		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.8		8.0	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.1	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.03		0.03		0.03		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
CMOS Output Module Timing ⁴												
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH		3.9		4.5		5.1		6.05		8.5	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH		3.4		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW		4.9		5.6		6.4		7.5		10.5	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z		7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.0	ns
t _{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		5.9		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6	ns
d _{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.05		0.07	ns/pF
d _{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW		0.02		0.02		0.03		0.03		0.04	ns/pF

1. Routing delays are for typical designs across worst-case operating conditions. These parameters should be used for estimating device performance. Post-route timing analysis or simulation is required to determine actual performance
2. Set-up times assume fanout of 3. Further testing information can be obtained from the Timer utility
3. The hold time for the DFME1A macro may be greater than 0 ns. Use the Timer tool from the Designer software to check the hold time for this macro.
4. Delays based on 35pF loading

Table 35 • A40MX02 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation)
(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Propagation Delays												
t _{PD1}	Single Module		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{PD2}	Dual-Module Macros		3.7		4.3		4.9		5.7		8.0	ns
t _{CO}	Sequential Clock-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{GO}	Latch G-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t _{RS}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Q		1.7		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹												

Table 36 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		3.3		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		4.8		5.6		6.3		7.5		10.4		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)			181		167		154		134		80	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			0.7		0.8		0.9		1.1		1.5	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.6		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.3	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays ¹													
t _{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.1		2.4		2.2		3.2		4.5	ns
t _{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.6		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6	ns
t _{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7	ns
t _{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t _{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			5.7		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4	ns
Global Clock Network													
t _{CKH}	Input Low to HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.6 4.6		5.3 5.3		6.0 6.0		7.0 7.0		9.8 9.8		ns
t _{CKL}	Input High to LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.8 4.8		5.6 5.6		6.3 6.3		7.4 7.4		10.4 10.4		ns
t _{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16 FO = 128	2.2 2.4		2.6 2.7		2.9 3.1		3.4 3.6		4.8 5.1		ns
t _{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16 FO = 128	2.2 2.4		2.6 2.7		2.9 3.01		3.4 3.6		4.8 5.1		ns
t _{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16 FO = 128		0.4 0.5		0.5 0.6		0.5 0.7		0.6 0.8		0.8 1.2	ns
t _P	Minimum Period	FO = 16 FO = 128	4.7 4.8		5.4 5.6		6.1 6.3		7.2 7.5		10.0 10.4		ns
f _{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16 FO = 128		188 181		175 168		160 154		139 134		83 80	MHz
TTL Output Module Timing ⁴													
t _{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.2	ns
t _{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.0		4.6		5.2		6.1		8.6	ns
t _{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.7		4.3		4.9		5.8		8.0	ns
t _{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.1	ns
t _{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.9		9.1		10.4		12.2		17.1	ns

Table 37 • A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) (continued)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t _{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t _{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.6		5.3		5.6		7.0		9.8		ns
t _A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		ns
f _{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency (FO = 128)		109		101		92		80		48	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays												
t _{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.5		2.1	ns
t _{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW		0.9		1.0		1.1		1.3		1.9	ns

4 Package Pin Assignments

The following figures and tables give the details of the package pin assignments.

Figure 38 • PL44

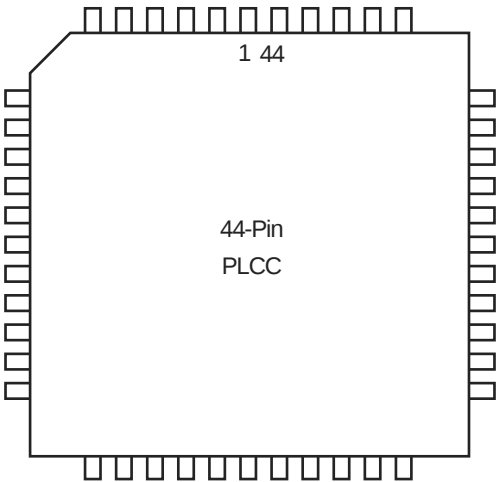


Table 47 • PL44

PL44		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
1	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	I/O
3	VCC	VCC
4	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O
9	I/O	I/O
10	GND	GND
11	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O
14	VCC	VCC
15	I/O	I/O
16	VCC	VCC
17	I/O	I/O
18	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O

Table 47 • PL44

PL44		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
21	GND	GND
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	VCC
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	CLK, I/O	CLK, I/O
34	MODE	MODE
35	VCC	VCC
36	SDI, I/O	SDI, I/O
37	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
38	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
39	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	GND	GND
44	I/O	I/O

Table 48 • PL68

PL68		
Pin Number	A40MX02 Function	A40MX04 Function
61	I/O	I/O
62	I/O	I/O
63	I/O	I/O
64	I/O	I/O
65	I/O	I/O
66	GND	GND
67	I/O	I/O
68	I/O	I/O

Figure 40 • PL84

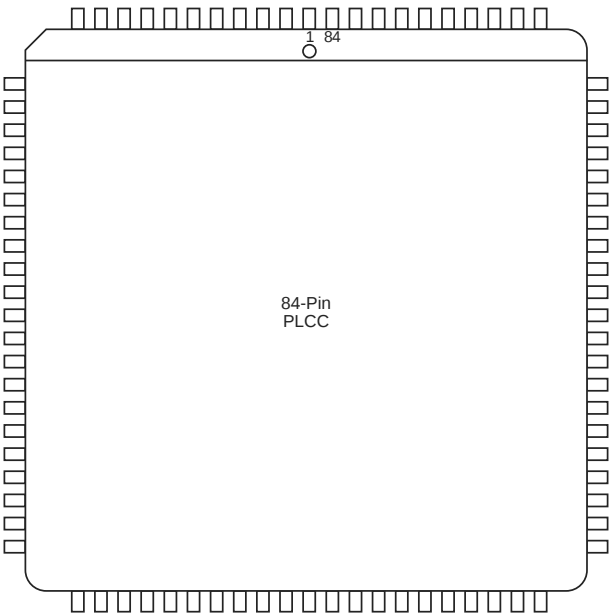


Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
1	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
2	I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
3	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
4	VCC	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
6	I/O	GND	GND	GND
7	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
9	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 49 • PL84

PL84				
Pin Number	A40MX04 Function	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function
10	I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O	DCLK, I/O
11	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
12	NC	MODE	MODE	MODE
13	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
17	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
18	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
21	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	VCCA	VCCI	VCCI
23	I/O	VCCI	VCCA	VCCA
24	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
25	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
26	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	GND	GND	GND
29	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
32	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
33	VCC	I/O	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O	I/O	TMS, I/O
35	I/O	I/O	I/O	TDI, I/O
36	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
37	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
38	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
39	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
40	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
44	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
45	I/O	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O
46	VCC	I/O	I/O	WD, I/O

Table 51 • PQ144

PQ144	
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function
80	GNDI
81	NC
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	I/O
88	VKS
89	VPP
90	VCC
91	VCCI
92	NC
93	VSV
94	I/O
95	I/O
96	I/O
97	I/O
98	I/O
99	I/O
100	GND
101	GNDI
102	NC
103	I/O
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	I/O
107	I/O
108	I/O
109	I/O
110	SDI
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	GNDQ

Figure 44 • PQ208

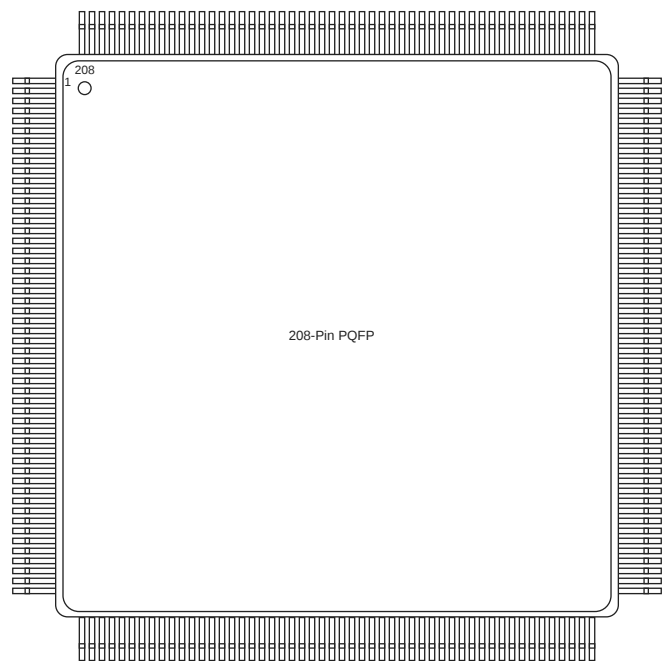


Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
1	GND	GND	GND
2	NC	VCCA	VCCA
3	MODE	MODE	MODE
4	I/O	I/O	I/O
5	I/O	I/O	I/O
6	I/O	I/O	I/O
7	I/O	I/O	I/O
8	I/O	I/O	I/O
9	NC	I/O	I/O
10	NC	I/O	I/O
11	NC	I/O	I/O
12	I/O	I/O	I/O
13	I/O	I/O	I/O
14	I/O	I/O	I/O
15	I/O	I/O	I/O
16	NC	I/O	I/O
17	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
18	I/O	I/O	I/O
19	I/O	I/O	I/O
20	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 53 • PQ208

PQ208			
Pin Number	A42MX16 Function	A42MX24 Function	A42MX36 Function
169	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
170	I/O	I/O	I/O
171	NC	I/O	QCLKD, I/O
172	I/O	I/O	I/O
173	I/O	I/O	I/O
174	I/O	I/O	I/O
175	I/O	I/O	I/O
176	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
177	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
178	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O	PRA, I/O
179	I/O	I/O	I/O
180	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O	CLKA, I/O
181	NC	I/O	I/O
182	NC	VCCI	VCCI
183	VCCA	VCCA	VCCA
184	GND	GND	GND
185	I/O	I/O	I/O
186	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O	CLKB, I/O
187	I/O	I/O	I/O
188	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O	PRB, I/O
189	I/O	I/O	I/O
190	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
191	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
192	I/O	I/O	I/O
193	NC	I/O	I/O
194	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
195	NC	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
196	I/O	I/O	QCLKC, I/O
197	NC	I/O	I/O
198	I/O	I/O	I/O
199	I/O	I/O	I/O
200	I/O	I/O	I/O
201	NC	I/O	I/O
202	VCCI	VCCI	VCCI
203	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
204	I/O	WD, I/O	WD, I/O
205	I/O	I/O	I/O

Table 54 • PQ240

PQ240	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
15	QCLKC, I/O
16	I/O
17	WD, I/O
18	WD, I/O
19	I/O
20	I/O
21	WD, I/O
22	WD, I/O
23	I/O
24	PRB, I/O
25	I/O
26	CLKB, I/O
27	I/O
28	GND
29	VCCA
30	VCCI
31	I/O
32	CLKA, I/O
33	I/O
34	PRA, I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	WD, I/O
38	WD, I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	I/O
45	QCLKD, I/O
46	I/O
47	WD, I/O
48	WD, I/O
49	I/O
50	I/O
51	I/O

Table 56 • VQ100

VQ100		
Pin Number	A42MX09 Function	A42MX16 Function
21	I/O	I/O
22	I/O	I/O
23	I/O	I/O
24	I/O	I/O
25	I/O	I/O
26	I/O	I/O
27	I/O	I/O
28	I/O	I/O
29	I/O	I/O
30	I/O	I/O
31	I/O	I/O
32	GND	GND
33	I/O	I/O
34	I/O	I/O
35	I/O	I/O
36	I/O	I/O
37	I/O	I/O
38	VCCA	VCCA
39	I/O	I/O
40	I/O	I/O
41	I/O	I/O
42	I/O	I/O
43	I/O	I/O
44	GND	GND
45	I/O	I/O
46	I/O	I/O
47	I/O	I/O
48	I/O	I/O
49	I/O	I/O
50	SDO, I/O	SDO, I/O
51	I/O	I/O
52	I/O	I/O
53	I/O	I/O
54	I/O	I/O
55	GND	GND
56	I/O	I/O

Table 58 • CQ208

CQ208	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	I/O
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	I/O
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	I/O
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	GND
127	I/O
128	TCK, I/O
129	LP
130	VCCA
131	GND
132	VCCI
133	VCCA
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCA
137	I/O
138	I/O
139	I/O
140	I/O
141	I/O
142	I/O
143	I/O
144	I/O
145	I/O
146	I/O
147	I/O

Table 59 • CQ256

CQ256	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
59	I/O
60	VCCA
61	GND
62	GND
63	NC
64	NC
65	NC
66	I/O
67	SDO, TDO, I/O
68	I/O
69	WD, I/O
70	WD, I/O
71	I/O
72	VCCI
73	I/O
74	I/O
75	I/O
76	WD, I/O
77	GND
78	WD, I/O
79	I/O
80	QCLKB, I/O
81	I/O
82	I/O
83	I/O
84	I/O
85	I/O
86	I/O
87	WD, I/O
88	WD, I/O
89	I/O
90	I/O
91	I/O
92	I/O
93	I/O
94	I/O
95	VCCI

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
A6	I/O
A7	WD, I/O
A8	WD, I/O
A9	I/O
A10	I/O
A11	CLKA
A12	I/O
A13	I/O
A14	I/O
A15	I/O
A16	WD, I/O
A17	I/O
A18	I/O
A19	GND
A20	GND
B1	GND
B2	GND
B3	DCLK, I/O
B4	I/O
B5	I/O
B6	I/O
B7	WD, I/O
B8	I/O
B9	PRB, I/O
B10	I/O
B11	I/O
B12	WD, I/O
B13	I/O
B14	I/O
B15	WD, I/O
B16	I/O
B17	WD, I/O
B18	I/O
B19	GND
B20	GND
C1	I/O
C2	MODE

Table 60 • BG272

BG272	
Pin Number	A42MX36 Function
J9	GND
J10	GND
J11	GND
J12	GND
J17	VCCA
J18	I/O
J19	I/O
J20	I/O
K1	I/O
K2	I/O
K3	I/O
K4	VCCI
K9	GND
K10	GND
K11	GND
K12	GND
K17	I/O
K18	VCCA
K19	VCCA
K20	LP
L1	I/O
L2	I/O
L3	VCCA
L4	VCCA
L9	GND
L10	GND
L11	GND
L12	GND
L17	VCCI
L18	I/O
L19	I/O
L20	TCK, I/O
M1	I/O
M2	I/O
M3	I/O
M4	VCCI
M9	GND