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Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Active
Number of LABs/CLBs	-
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	-
Total RAM Bits	2560
Number of I/O	176
Number of Gates	54000
Voltage - Supply	3V ~ 3.6V, 4.5V ~ 5.5V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/a42mx36-pqg208i

2.3 Ordering Information

The following figure shows ordering information.All the following tables show plastic and ceramic device resources, temperature and speed grade offerings.

Figure 1 • **Ordering Information**

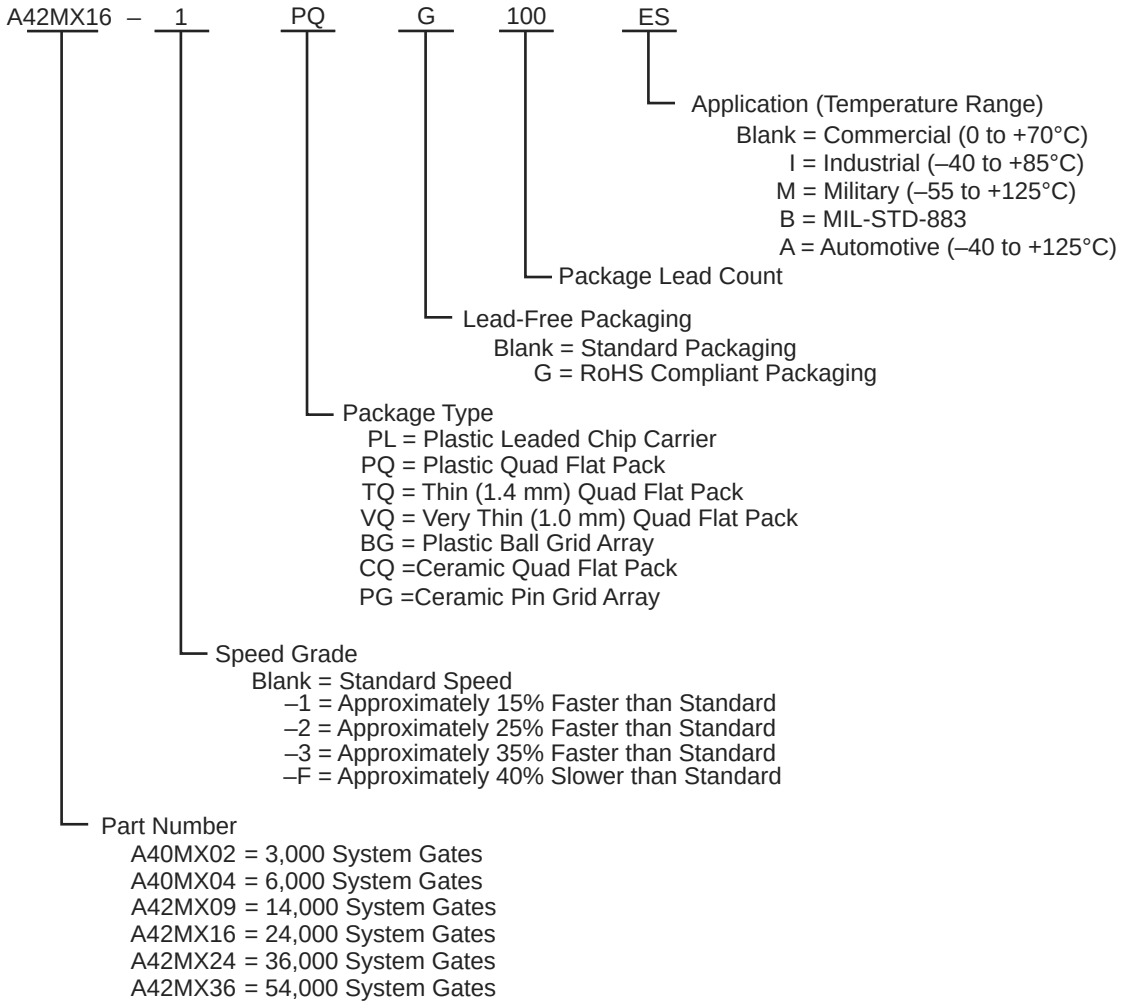
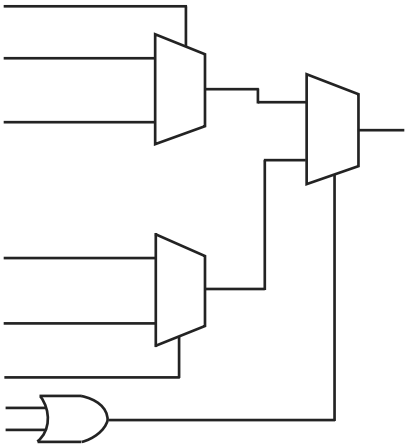


Figure 2 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**



The 42MX devices contain three types of logic modules: combinatorial (C-modules), sequential (S-modules) and decode (D-modules). The following figure illustrates the combinatorial logic module. The S-module, shown in Figure 4, page 8, implements the same combinatorial logic function as the C-module while adding a sequential element. The sequential element can be configured as either a D-flip-flop or a transparent latch. The S-module register can be bypassed so that it implements purely combinatorial logic.

Figure 3 • **42MX C-Module Implementation**

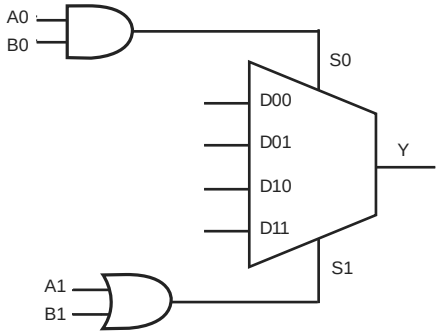


Figure 5 • **A42MX24 and A42MX36 D-Module Implementation**

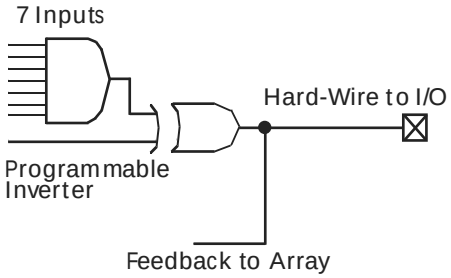
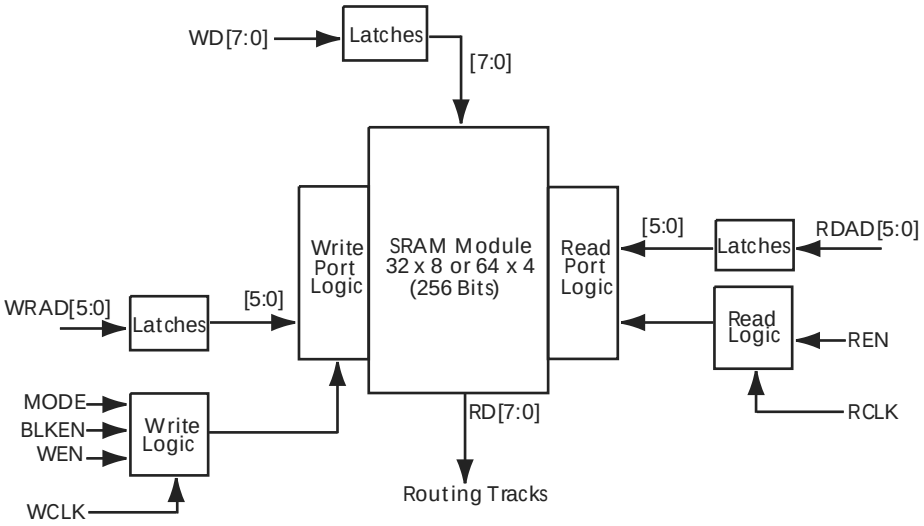


Figure 6 • **A42MX36 Dual-Port SRAM Block**



3.2.3 Routing Structure

The MX architecture uses vertical and horizontal routing tracks to interconnect the various logic and I/O modules. These routing tracks are metal interconnects that may be continuous or split into segments. Varying segment lengths allow the interconnect of over 90% of design tracks to occur with only two antifuse connections. Segments can be joined together at the ends using antifuses to increase their lengths up to the full length of the track. All interconnects can be accomplished with a maximum of four antifuses.

3.2.3.1 Horizontal Routing

Horizontal routing tracks span the whole row length or are divided into multiple segments and are located in between the rows of modules. Any segment that spans more than one-third of the row length is considered a long horizontal segment. A typical channel is shown in Figure 7, page 10. Within horizontal routing, dedicated routing tracks are used for global clock networks and for power and ground tie-off tracks. Non-dedicated tracks are used for signal nets.

3.2.3.2 Vertical Routing

Another set of routing tracks run vertically through the module. There are three types of vertical tracks: input, output, and long. Long tracks span the column length of the module, and can be divided into multiple segments. Each segment in an input track is dedicated to the input of a particular module; each segment in an output track is dedicated to the output of a particular module. Long segments are uncommitted and can be assigned during routing.

Each output segment spans four channels (two above and two below), except near the top and bottom of the array, where edge effects occur. Long vertical tracks contain either one or two segments. An example of vertical routing tracks and segments is shown in Figure 7, page 10.

Figure 8 • **Clock Networks of 42MX Devices**

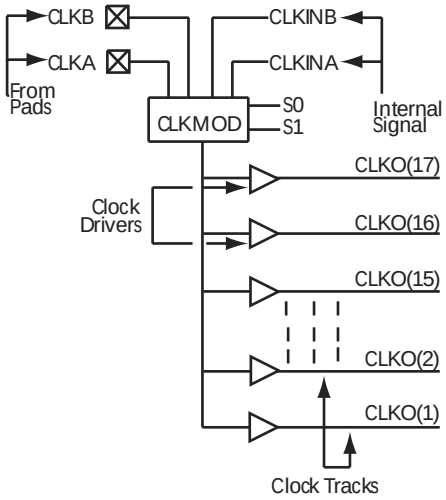
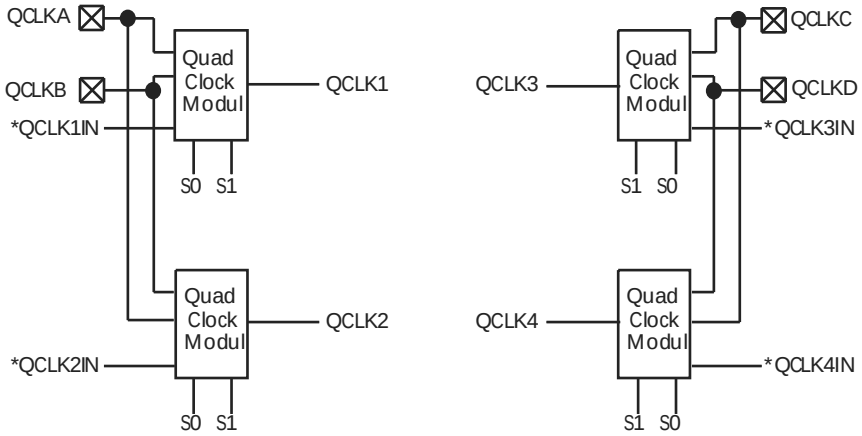


Figure 9 • **Quadrant Clock Network of A42MX36 Devices**



Note: *QCLK1IN, QCLK2IN, QCLK3IN, and QCLK4IN are internally-generated signals.

3.2.5 MultiPlex I/O Modules

42MX devices feature Multiplex I/Os and support 5.0 V, 3.3 V, and mixed 3.3 V/5.0 V operations.

The MultiPlex I/O modules provide the interface between the device pins and the logic array. Figure 10, page 12 is a block diagram of the 42MX I/O module. A variety of user functions, determined by a library macro selection, can be implemented in the module. (See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more information.) All 42MX I/O modules contain tristate buffers, with input and output latches that can be configured for input, output, or bidirectional operation.

All 42MX devices contain flexible I/O structures, where each output pin has a dedicated output-enable control (Figure 10, page 12). The I/O module can be used to latch input or output data, or both, providing fast set-up time. In addition, the Designer software tools can build a D-type flip-flop using a C-module combined with an I/O module to register input and output signals. See the *Antifuse Macro Library Guide* for more details.

A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices also offer selectable PCI output drives, enabling 100% compliance with version 2.1 of the PCI specification. For low-power systems, all inputs and outputs are turned off to reduce current consumption to below 500 µA.

To achieve 5.0 V or 3.3 V PCI-compliant output drives on A42MX24 and A42MX36 devices, a chip-wide PCI fuse is programmed via the Device Selection Wizard in the Designer software (Figure 11, page 12). When the PCI fuse is not programmed, the output drive is standard.

3.8.1 3.3 V LVTTL Electrical Specifications

Table 19 • **3.3V LVTTL Electrical Specifications**

		Commercial		Commercial -F		Industrial		Military		
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
VOH[1]	IOH = –4 mA	2.15		2.15		2.4		2.4		V
VOL[1]	IOL = 6 mA		0.4		0.4		0.48		0.48	V
VIL		–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	–0.3	0.8	V
VIH (40MX)		2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	2.0	VCC + 0.3	V
VIH (42MX)		2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	2.0	VCCI + 0.3	V
IIL			–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
IIH			–10		–10		–10		–10	µA
Input Transition Time, T_R and T_F			500		500		500		500	ns
C_{IO} I/O Capacitance			10		10		10		10	pF
Standby Current, ICC[2]	A40MX02, A40MX04		3		25		10		25	mA
	A42MX09		5		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX16		6		25		25		25	mA
	A42MX24, A42MX36		15		25		25		25	mA
Low-Power Mode Standby Current	42MX devices only		0.5		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0		ICC - 5.0	mA
IIO, I/O source sink current	Can be derived from the *IBIS model* (http://www.microsemi.com/soc/techdocs/models/ibis.html)									

1. Only one output tested at a time. VCC/VCCI = min.
2. All outputs unloaded. All inputs = VCC/VCCI or GND.

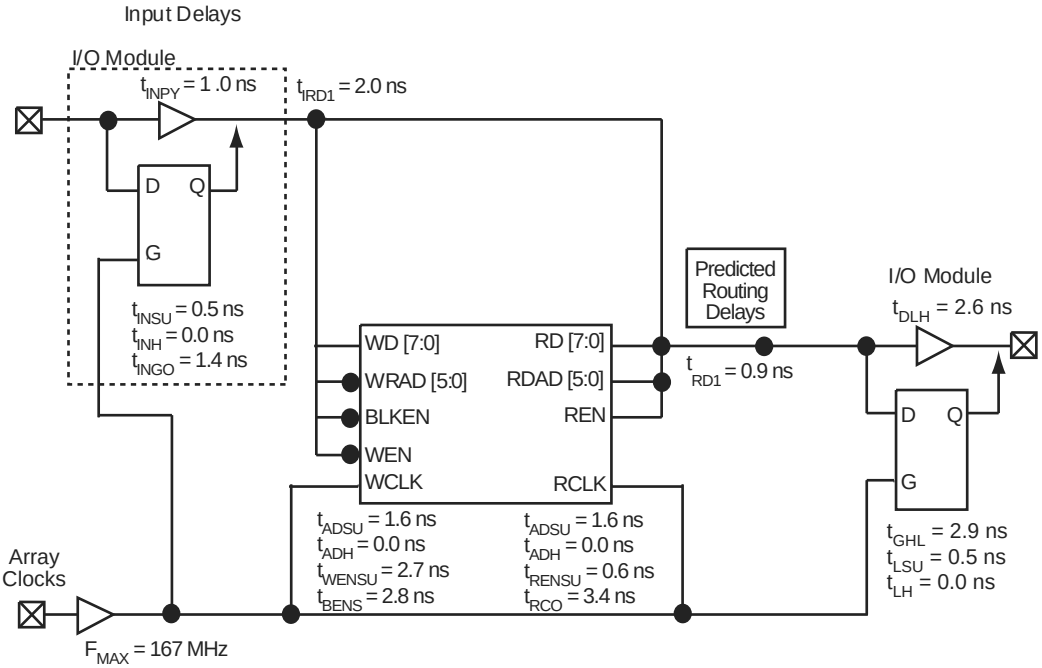
3.9 Mixed 5.0 V / 3.3 V Operating Conditions (for 42MX Devices Only)

Table 20 • **Absolute Maximum Ratings***

Symbol	**Parameter**	**Limits**	**Units**
VCCI	DC Supply Voltage for I/Os	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VCCA	DC Supply Voltage for Array	–0.5 to +7.0	V
VI	Input Voltage	–0.5 to VCCA +0.5	V
VO	Output Voltage	–0.5 to VCCI + 0.5	V
t_{STG}	Storage Temperature	–65 to +150	°C

Note: *Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device

Figure 20 42MX Timing Model (SRAM Functions)



Note: Values are shown for A42MX36 3 at 5. 0 V worst-case commercial conditions.

3.10.1 Parameter Measurement

The following figures show parameter measurement details.

Figure 21 Output Buffer Delays

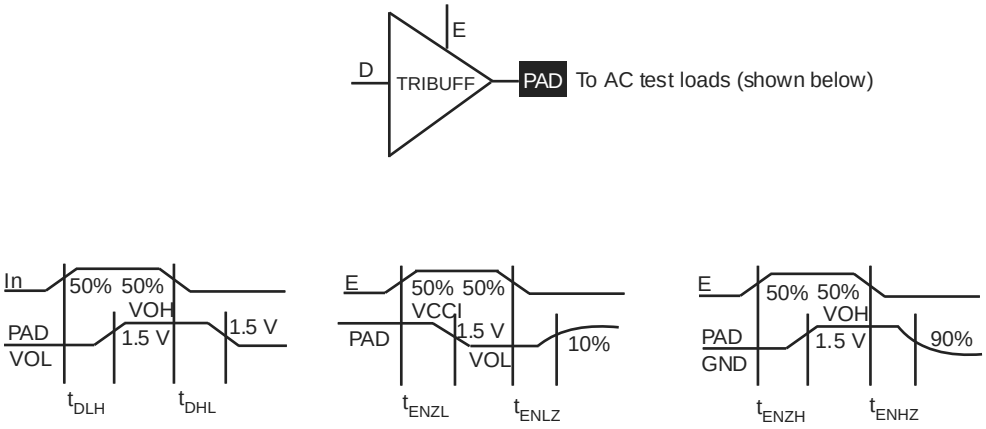


Table 37 • **A40MX04 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCC = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays1													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.9		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			3.6		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			4.4		5.0		5.7		6.7		9.4	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			5.1		5.9		6.7		7.8		11.0	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			8.0		9.3		10.5		12.4		17.2	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 16		6.4		7.4		8.4		9.9		13.8	ns
		FO = 128		6.4		7.4		8.4		9.9		13.8	
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 16		6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	ns
		FO = 128		6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6	
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 16	3.1		3.6		4.1		4.8		6.7		ns
		FO = 128	3.3		3.8		4.3		5.1		7.1		
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 16		0.6		0.6		0.7		0.8		1.2	ns
		FO = 128		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.6	
t_P	Minimum Period	FO = 16	6.5		7.5		8.5		10.1		14.1		ns
		FO = 128	6.8		7.8		8.9		10.4		14.6		
f_{MAX}	Maximum Frequency	FO = 16		113		105		96		83		50	MHz
		FO = 128		109		101		92		80		48	
TTL Output Module Timing[4]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			4.7		5.4		6.1		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			5.6		6.4		7.3		8.6		12.0	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			5.2		6.0		6.9		8.1		11.3	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			6.6		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			11.1		12.8		14.5		17.1		23.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			8.2		9.5		10.7		12.6		17.7	ns
d_{TLH}	Delta LOW to HIGH			0.03		0.03		0.04		0.04		0.06	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Delta HIGH to LOW			0.04		0.04		0.05		0.06		0.08	ns/pF

Table 40 • **A42MX16 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
t_{RD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t_{RD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3,4]													
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Set-Up		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Data Input Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2		ns
t_A	Flip-Flop Clock Input Period		6.8		7.6		8.6		10.1		14.1		ns
t_{INH}	Input Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{INSU}	Input Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{OUTH}	Output Buffer Latch Hold		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTSU}	Output Buffer Latch Set-Up		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
f_{MAX}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Frequency			215		195		179		156		94	MHz
Input Module Propagation Delays													
t_{INYH}	Pad-to-Y HIGH			1.1		1.2		1.3		1.6		2.2	ns
t_{INYL}	Pad-to-Y LOW			0.8		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.7	ns
t_{INGH}	G to Y HIGH			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
t_{INGL}	G to Y LOW			1.4		1.6		1.8		2.1		2.9	ns
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		4.0	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.1		2.3		2.6		3.1		4.3	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			2.3		2.6		3.0		3.5		4.9	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			2.6		3.0		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			3.6		4.0		4.6		5.4		7.5	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		2.6		2.9		3.3		3.9		5.4	ns
		FO = 384		2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		3.8		4.2		4.8		5.6		7.8	ns
		FO = 384		4.5		5.0		5.6		6.6		9.2	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.2		3.5		4.0		4.7		6.6		ns
		FO = 384	3.7		4.1		4.6		5.4		7.6		ns

Table 43 • **A42MX24 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description			–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
			Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Input Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]													
t_{IRD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay			2.6		2.9		3.2		3.8		5.3	ns
t_{IRD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay			2.9		3.2		3.6		4.3		6.0	ns
t_{IRD3}	FO = 3 Routing Delay			3.2		3.6		4.0		4.8		6.6	ns
t_{IRD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay			3.5		3.9		4.4		5.2		7.3	ns
t_{IRD8}	FO = 8 Routing Delay			4.8		5.3		6.1		7.1		10.0	ns
Global Clock Network													
t_{CKH}	Input LOW to HIGH	FO = 32		4.4		4.8		5.5		6.5		9.1	ns
		FO = 486		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.1		10.0	ns
t_{CKL}	Input HIGH to LOW	FO = 32		5.1		5.7		6.4		7.6		10.6	ns
		FO = 486		6.0		6.6		7.5		8.8		12.4	ns
t_{PWH}	Minimum Pulse Width HIGH	FO = 32	3.0		3.3		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{PWL}	Minimum Pulse Width LOW	FO = 32	3.0		3.4		3.8		4.5		6.3		ns
		FO = 486	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{CKSW}	Maximum Skew	FO = 32		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
		FO = 486		0.8		0.8		1.0		1.1		1.6	ns
t_{SUEXT}	Input Latch External Set-Up	FO = 32	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
		FO = 486	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
TTL Output Module Timing[5]													
t_{DLH}	Data-to-Pad HIGH			3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.1	ns
t_{DHL}	Data-to-Pad LOW			4.0		4.4		5.0		5.9		8.3	ns
t_{ENZH}	Enable Pad Z to HIGH			3.6		4.0		4.5		5.3		7.4	ns
t_{ENZL}	Enable Pad Z to LOW			3.9		4.4		5.0		5.8		8.2	ns
t_{ENHZ}	Enable Pad HIGH to Z			7.2		8.0		9.1		10.7		14.9	ns
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z			6.7		7.5		8.5		9.9		13.9	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW			4.8		5.3		6.0		7.2		10.0	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up		0.7		0.7		0.8		1.0		1.4		ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		Units
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
Logic Module Combinatorial Functions[1]												
t_{PD}	Internal Array Module Delay		1.3		1.5		1.7		2.0		2.7	ns
t_{PDD}	Internal Decode Module Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.3	ns
Logic Module Predicted Routing Delays[2]												
t_{RD1}	FO = 1 Routing Delay		0.9		1.0		1.2		1.4		2.0	ns
t_{RD2}	FO = 2 Routing Delay		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{RD3}	FO =3 Routing Delay		1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4	ns
t_{RD4}	FO = 4 Routing Delay		2.0		2.2		2.5		2.9		4.1	ns
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9	ns
t_{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.3		0.4		0.4		0.5		0.7	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.3		1.4		1.6		1.9		2.7	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.3		0.3		0.4		0.5		0.7		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		1.6		1.7		2.0		2.3		3.2	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	0.7		0.8		0.9		1.0		1.4		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	3.3		3.7		4.2		4.9		6.9		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	4.4		4.8		5.5		6.4		9.0		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0		ns
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	6.8		7.5		8.5		10.0		14.0		ns
t_{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0	ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	1.6		1.8		2.0		2.4		3.4		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations (continued)												
t_{ADH}	Address/Data Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RENSU}	Read Enable Set-Up	0.6		0.7		0.8		0.9		1.3		ns
t_{RENH}	Read Enable Hold	3.4		3.8		4.3		5.0		7.0		ns
t_{WENSU}	Write Enable Set-Up	2.7		3.0		3.4		4.0		5.6		ns
t_{WENH}	Write Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{BENS}	Block Enable Set-Up	2.8		3.1		3.5		4.1		5.7		ns
t_{BENH}	Block Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns

Table 44 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 5.0 V Operation)(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 4.75 V, T_J = 70°C)**

		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
Parameter / Description		**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Min.**	**Max.**	**Units**
TTL Output Module Timing[5] (Continued)												
t_{ENLZ}	Enable Pad LOW to Z		4.9		5.5		6.2		7.3		10.2	ns
t_{GLH}	G-to-Pad HIGH		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t_{GHL}	G-to-Pad LOW		2.9		3.3		3.7		4.4		6.1	ns
t_{LSU}	I/O Latch Output Set-Up	0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0		ns
t_{LH}	I/O Latch Output Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{LCO}	I/O Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		5.7		6.3		7.1		8.4		11.8	ns
t_{ACO}	Array Latch Clock-to-Out (Pad-to-Pad) 32 I/O		7.8		8.6		9.8		11.5		16.1	ns
d_{TLH}	Capacitive Loading, LOW to HIGH		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF
d_{THL}	Capacitive Loading, HIGH to LOW		0.07		0.08		0.09		0.10		0.14	ns/pF

Table 45 • **A42MX36 Timing Characteristics (Nominal 3.3 V Operation) *(continued)*(Worst-Case Commercial Conditions, VCCA = 3.0 V, T_J = 70°C)**

Parameter / Description		–3 Speed		–2 Speed		–1 Speed		Std Speed		–F Speed		
		Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Units
t_{RD5}	FO = 8 Routing Delay		4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6	ns
t_{RDD}	Decode-to-Output Routing Delay		0.5		0.5		0.6		0.7		1.0	ns
Logic Module Sequential Timing[3, 4]												
t_{CO}	Flip-Flop Clock-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{GO}	Latch Gate-to-Output		1.8		2.0		2.3		2.7		3.7	ns
t_{SUD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Set-Up Time	0.4		0.5		0.6		0.7		0.9		ns
t_{HD}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Hold Time	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{RO}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Reset-to-Output		2.2		2.4		2.7		3.2		4.5	ns
t_{SUENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Set-Up	1.0		1.1		1.2		1.4		2.0		ns
t_{HENA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Enable Hold	0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{WCLKA}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Clock Active Pulse Width	4.6		5.2		5.8		6.9		9.6		ns
t_{WASYN}	Flip-Flop (Latch) Asynchronous Pulse Width	6.1		6.8		7.7		9.0		12.6		ns
Synchronous SRAM Operations												
t_{RC}	Read Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t_{WC}	Write Cycle Time	9.5		10.5		11.9		14.0		19.6		ns
t_{RCKHL}	Clock HIGH/LOW Time	4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8		ns
t_{RCO}	Data Valid After Clock HIGH/LOW		4.8		5.3		6.0		7.0		9.8	ns
t_{ADSU}	Address/Data Set-Up Time	2.3		2.5		2.8		3.4		4.8		ns

Table 59 • **CQ256**

CQ256	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
244	WD, I/O
245	I/O
246	I/O
247	I/O
248	VCCI
249	I/O
250	WD, I/O
251	WD, I/O
252	I/O
253	SDI, I/O
254	I/O
255	GND
256	NC

Figure 51 • **BG272**

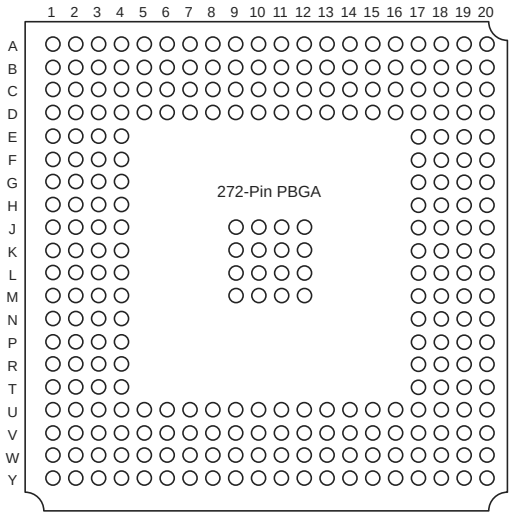


Table 60 • **BG272**

BG272	
Pin Number	**A42MX36 Function**
A1	GND
A2	GND
A3	I/O
A4	WD, I/O
A5	I/O

Table 62 • **CQ172**

21	I/O
22	GND
23	VCCI
24	VSV
25	I/O
26	I/O
27	VCC
28	I/O
29	I/O
30	I/O
31	I/O
32	GND
33	I/O
34	I/O
35	I/O
36	I/O
37	GND
38	I/O
39	I/O
40	I/O
41	I/O
42	I/O
43	I/O
44	BININ
45	BINOUT
46	I/O
47	I/O
48	I/O
49	I/O
50	VCCI
51	I/O
52	I/O
53	I/O
54	I/O
55	GND
56	I/O
57	I/O
58	I/O
59	I/O

Table 62 • **CQ172**

99	I/O
100	I/O
101	I/O
102	I/O
103	GND
104	I/O
105	I/O
106	VKS
107	VPP
108	GND
109	VCCI
110	VSV
111	I/O
112	I/O
113	VCC
114	I/O
115	I/O
116	I/O
117	I/O
118	GND
119	I/O
120	I/O
121	I/O
122	I/O
123	GNDI
124	I/O
125	I/O
126	I/O
127	I/O
128	I/O
129	I/O
130	I/O
131	SDI
132	I/O
133	I/O
134	I/O
135	I/O
136	VCCI
137	I/O