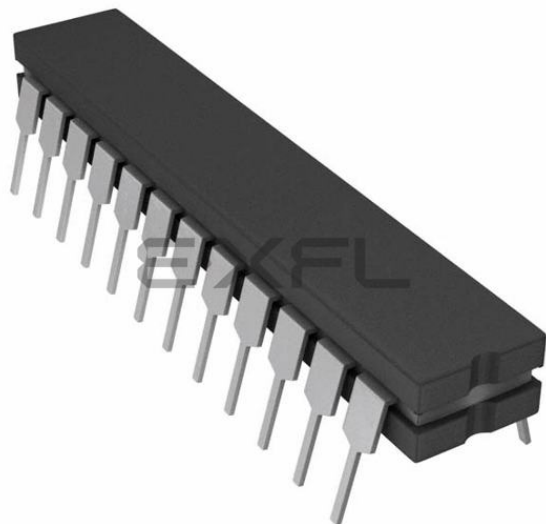




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding [Embedded - CPLDs \(Complex Programmable Logic Devices\)](#)

Embedded - CPLDs, or Complex Programmable Logic Devices, are highly versatile digital logic devices used in electronic systems. These programmable components are designed to perform complex logical operations and can be customized for specific applications. Unlike fixed-function ICs, CPLDs offer the flexibility to reprogram their configuration, making them an ideal choice for various embedded systems. They consist of a set of logic gates and programmable interconnects, allowing designers to implement complex logic circuits without needing custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - CPLDs

Details

Product Status	Active
Programmable Type	EE PLD
Delay Time tpd(1) Max	10 ns
Voltage Supply - Internal	4.5V ~ 5.5V
Number of Logic Elements/Blocks	-
Number of Macrocells	10
Number of Gates	-
Number of I/O	10
Operating Temperature	-55°C ~ 125°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Through Hole
Package / Case	24-CDIP (0.300", 7.62mm)
Supplier Device Package	24-CDIP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atf750c-10gm-883

4. Absolute Maximum Ratings*

Temperature Under Bias	-55°C to +125°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground	-2.0V to +7.0V ⁽¹⁾
Voltage on Input Pins with Respect to Ground During Programming.....	-2.0V to +14.0V ⁽¹⁾
Programming Voltage with Respect to Ground	-2.0V to +14.0V ⁽¹⁾

*NOTICE: Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Note: 1. Minimum voltage is -0.6V DC, which may undershoot to -2.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns. Maximum output pin voltage is $V_{CC} + 0.75V$ DC, which may overshoot to 7.0V for pulses of less than 20 ns.

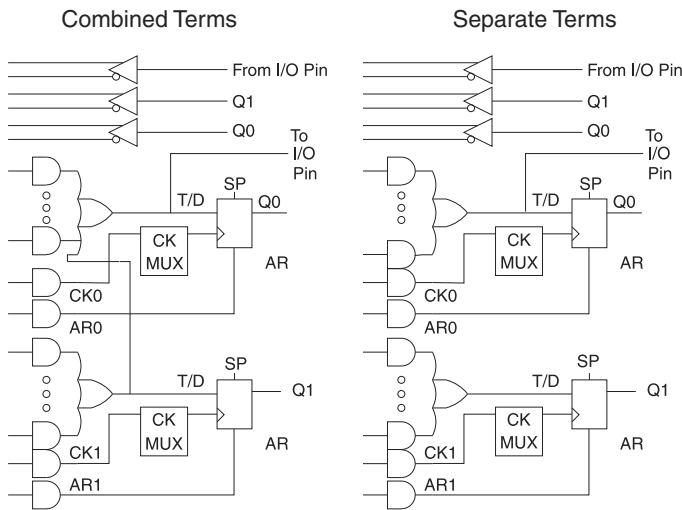
5. DC and AC Operating Conditions

All members of the family are specified to operate in either one of two voltage ranges. Parameters are specified as noted to be either 2.7V to 3.6V, 5V $\pm 5\%$ or 5V $\pm 10\%$.

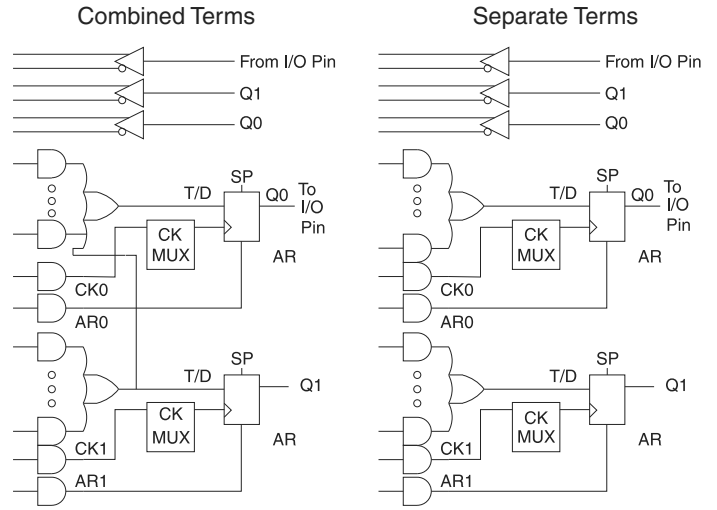
5V Operation	Commercial -7.5, -10, -15	Industrial -10, -15	Military
Operating Temperature (Ambient)	0°C - 70°C	-40°C - +85°C	-55°C - +125°C (case)
V_{CC} Power Supply	5V $\pm 5\%$	5V $\pm 10\%$	5V $\pm 10\%$

6. Logic Options

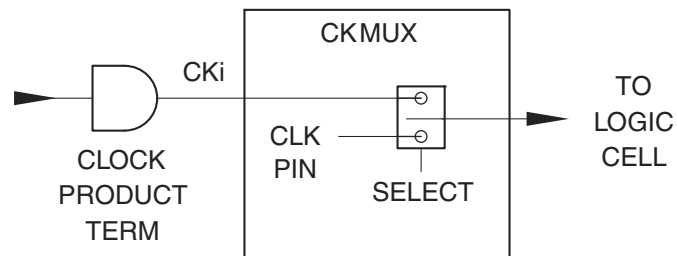
Combinatorial Output



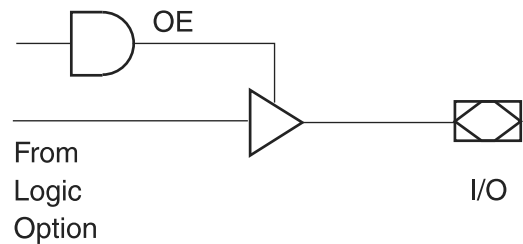
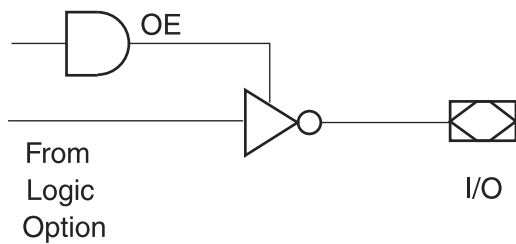
Registered Output



7. Clock Mux



8. Output Options



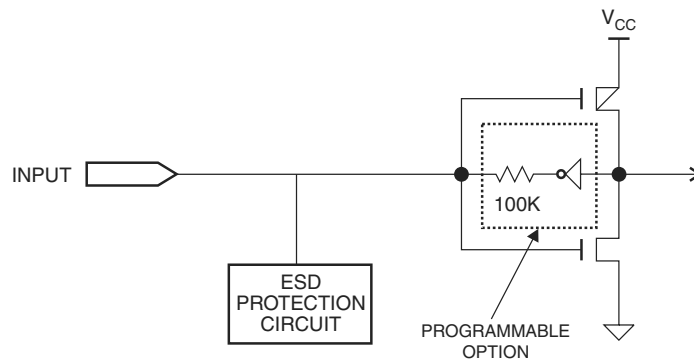
9. Bus-friendly Pin-keeper Input and I/Os

All input and I/O pins on the ATF750C(L) have programmable “pin-keeper” circuits. If activated, when any pin is driven high or low and then subsequently left floating, it will stay at that previous high or low level.

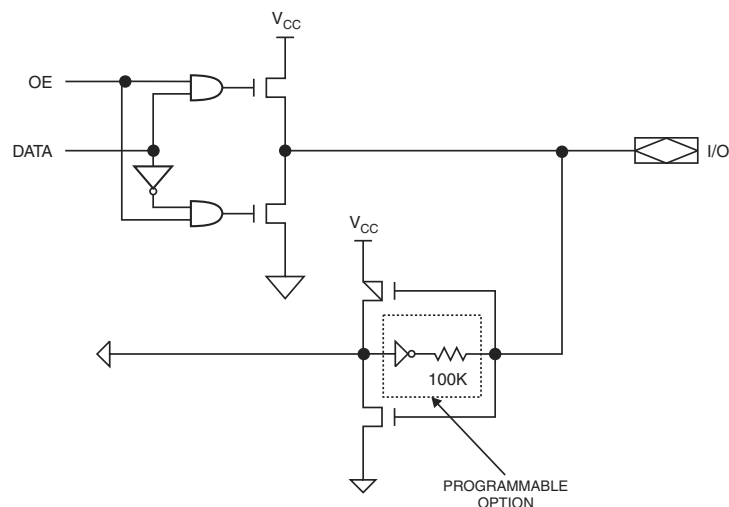
This circuitry prevents unused input and I/O lines from floating to intermediate voltage levels, which causes unnecessary power consumption and system noise. The keeper circuits eliminate the need for external pull-up resistors and eliminate their DC power consumption.

Enabling or disabling of the pin-keeper circuits is controlled by the device type chosen in the logic compiler device selection menu. Please refer to the software compiler table for more details. Once the pin-keeper circuits are disabled, normal termination procedures are required for unused inputs and I/Os.

10. Input Diagram



11. I/O Diagram

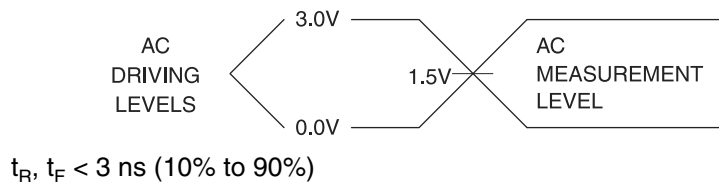


12. DC Characteristics

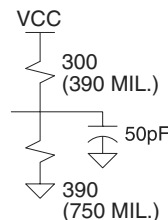
Symbol	Parameter	Condition			Min	Typ	Max	Units
I _{LI}	Input Load Current	V _{IN} = -0.1V to V _{CC} + 1V					10	μA
I _{LO}	Output Leakage Current	V _{OUT} = -0.1V to V _{CC} + 0.1V					10	μA
I _{CC}	Power Supply Current, Standby	V _{CC} = Max, V _{IN} = Max, Outputs Open	C-7, -10	Com.		125	180	mA
				Ind., Mil.		135	190	mA
			C-15	Com.		125	180	mA
				Ind., Mil.		135	190	mA
			CL-15	Com.		0.12	1	mA
				Ind.		0.15	2	mA
I _{OS} ⁽¹⁾	Output Short Circuit Current	V _{OUT} = 0.5V					-120	mA
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	4.5 ≤ V _{CC} ≤ 5.5V			-0.6		0.8	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage				2.0		V _{CC} + 0.75	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , V _{CC} = Min	I _{OL} = 16 mA	Com., Ind.			0.5	V
			I _{OL} = 12 mA	Mil.			0.5	V
			I _{OL} = 24 mA	Com.			0.8	V
V _{OH}	Output High Voltage	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} , V _{CC} = Min	I _{OH} = -4.0 mA		2.4			V

Note: 1. Not more than one output at a time should be shorted. Duration of short circuit test should not exceed 30 sec.

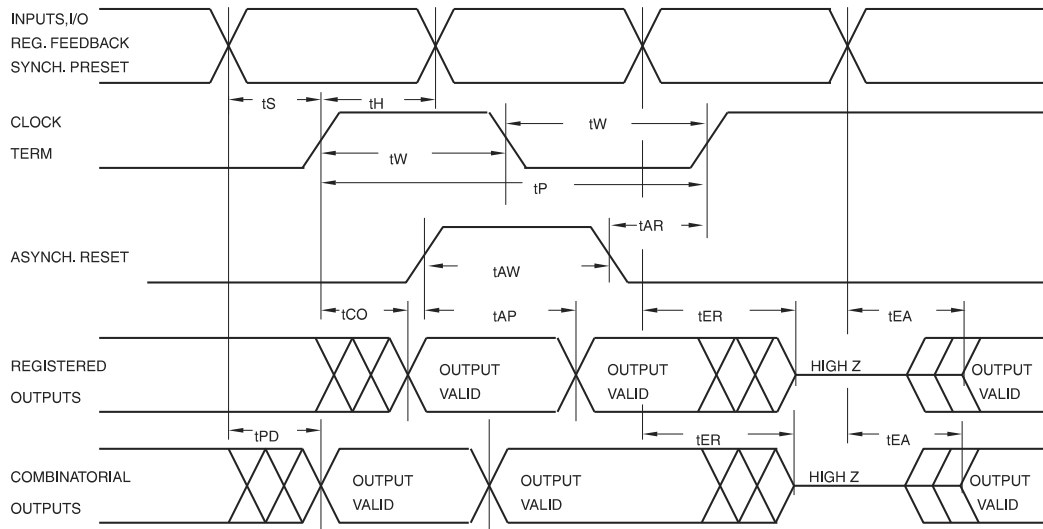
13. Input Test Waveforms and Measurement Levels



14. Output Test Load



15. AC Waveforms, Product Term Clock⁽¹⁾



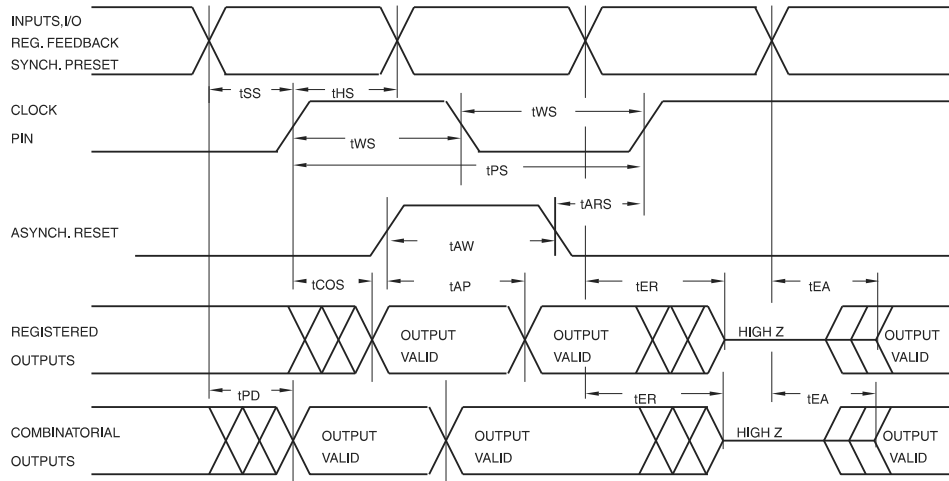
Note: 1. Timing measurement reference is 1.5V. Input AC driving levels are 0.0V and 3.0V, unless otherwise specified.

16. AC Characteristics, Product Term Clock⁽¹⁾

Symbol	Parameter	-7		-10		C/CL-15		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD}	Input or Feedback to Non-registered Output		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{EA}	Input to Output Enable		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{ER}	Input to Output Disable		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{CO}	Clock to Output	3	7.5	4	10	5	12	ns
t_{CF}	Clock to Feedback	1	5	4	7.5	5	9	ns
t_S	Input Setup Time	3		4		8/12		ns
t_{SF}	Feedback Setup Time	3		4		7		ns
t_H	Hold Time	1		2		5		ns
t_P	Clock Period	7		11		14		ns
t_W	Clock Width	3.5		5.5		7		ns
f_{MAX}	External Feedback $1/(t_S + t_{CO})$		95		71		50/41	MHz
	Internal Feedback $1/(t_{SF} + t_{CF})$		125		86		62	MHz
	No Feedback $1/(t_P)$		142		90		71	MHz
t_{AW}	Asynchronous Reset Width	5		10		15		ns
t_{AR}	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	3		10		15		ns
t_{AP}	Asynchronous Reset to Registered Output Reset		8		12		15	ns
t_{SP}	Setup Time, Synchronous Preset	4		7		8		ns

Note: 1. See ordering information for valid part numbers.

17. AC Waveforms, Input Pin Clock⁽¹⁾

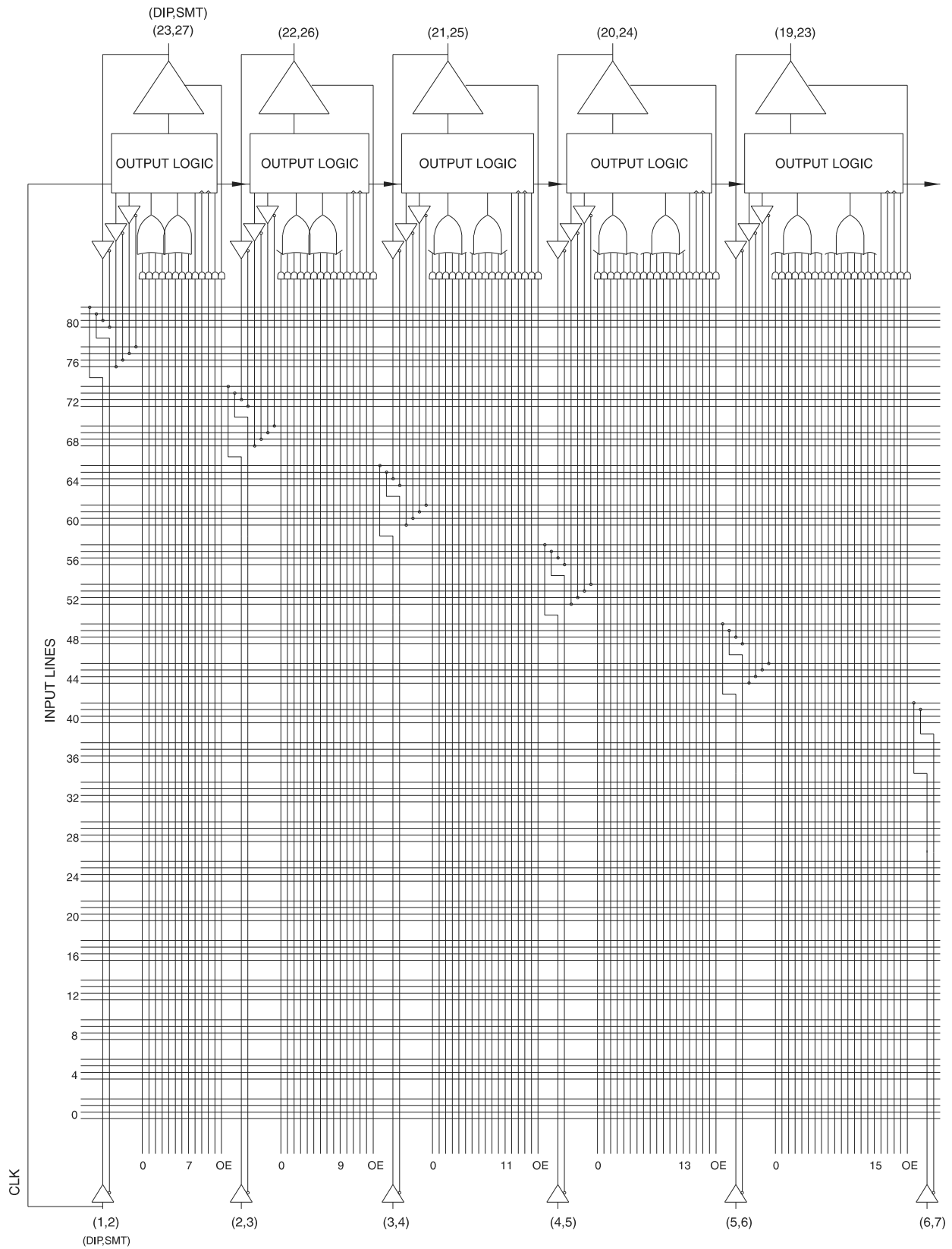


Note: 1. Timing measurement reference is 1.5V. Input AC driving levels are 0.0V and 3.0V, unless otherwise specified.

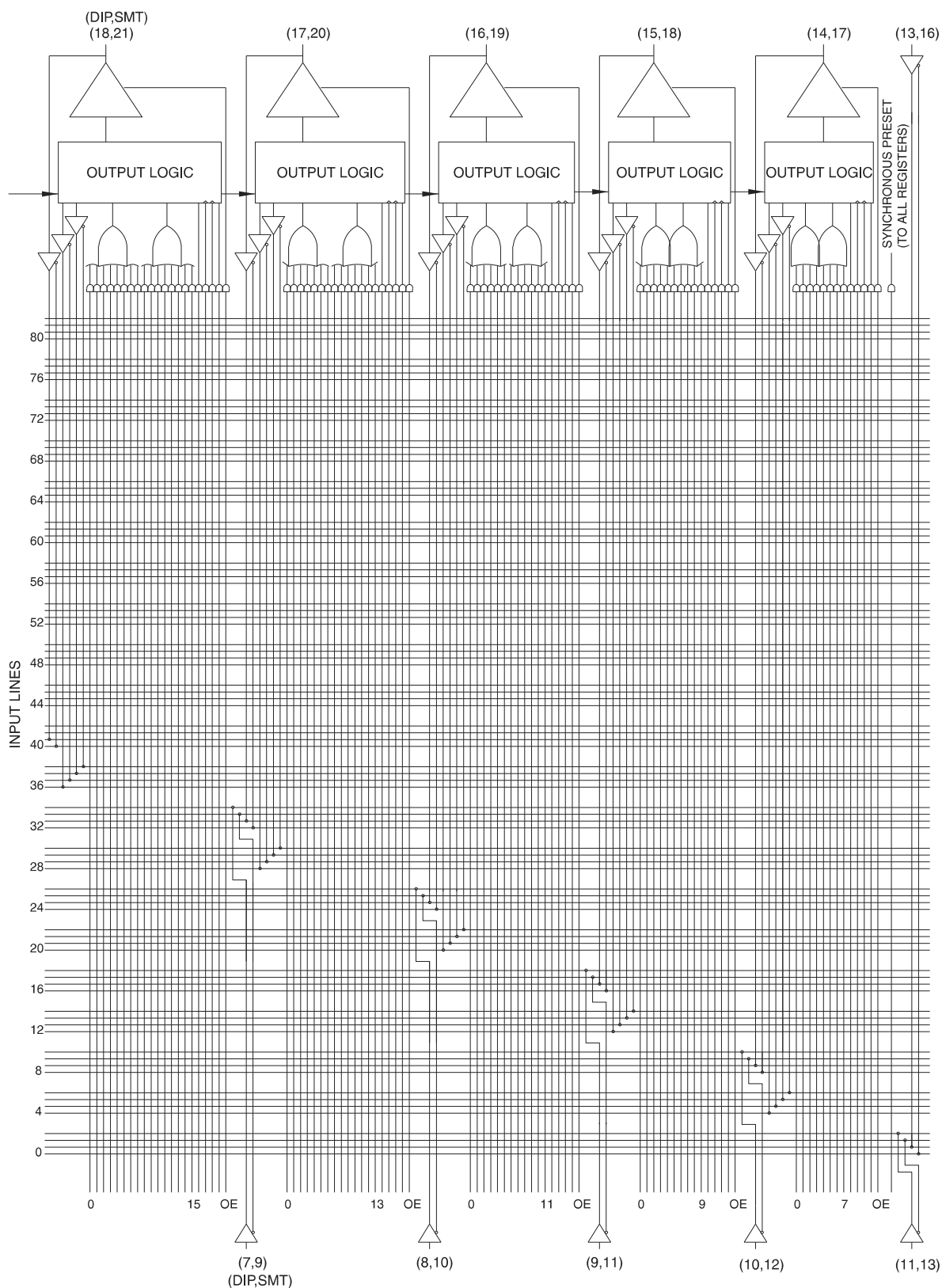
18. AC Characteristics, Input Pin Clock

Symbol	Parameter	-7		-10		C/CL-15		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PD}	Input or Feedback to Non-registered Output		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{EA}	Input to Output Enable		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{ER}	Input to Output Disable		7.5		10		15	ns
t_{COS}	Clock to Output	0	6.5	0	7	0	10	ns
t_{CFS}	Clock to Feedback	0	3.5	0	5	0	5.5	ns
t_{SS}	Input Setup Time	4		5		8/12.5		ns
t_{SFS}	Feedback Setup Time	4		5		7		ns
t_{HS}	Hold Time	0		0		0		ns
t_{PS}	Clock Period	7		10		12		ns
t_{WS}	Clock Width	3.5		5		6		ns
f_{MAXS}	External Feedback $1/(t_{SS} + t_{COS})$		95		83		55/44	MHz
	Internal Feedback $1/(t_{SFS} + t_{CFS})$		133		100		80	MHz
	No Feedback $1/(t_{PS})$		142		100		83	MHz
t_{AW}	Asynchronous Reset Width	5		10		15		ns
t_{ARS}	Asynchronous Reset Recovery Time	5		10		15		ns
t_{AP}	Asynchronous Reset to Registered Output Reset		8		10		15	ns
t_{SPS}	Setup Time, Synchronous Preset	5		5/9		11		ns

19. Functional Logic Diagram ATF750C, Upper Half



20. Functional Logic Diagram ATF750C, Lower Half

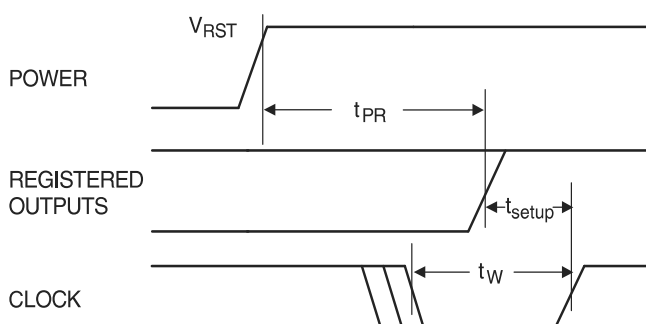


21. Power-up Reset

The registers in the ATF750C(L)s are designed to reset during power-up. At a point delayed slightly from V_{CC} crossing V_{RST} , all registers will be reset to the low state. The output state will depend on the polarity of the output buffer.

This feature is critical for state machine initialization. However, due to the asynchronous nature of reset and the uncertainty of how V_{CC} actually rises in the system, the following conditions are required:

1. The V_{CC} rise must be monotonic,
2. After reset occurs, all input and feedback setup times must be met before driving the clock terms or pin high, and
3. The clock pin, or signals from which clock terms are derived, must remain stable during t_{PR} .



Parameter	Description	Typ	Max	Units
t_{PR}	Power-up Reset Time	600	1000	ns
V_{RST}	Power-up Reset Voltage	2.0	4.5	V

22. Pin Capacitance

$f = 1 \text{ MHz}$, $T = 25^\circ\text{C}^{(1)}$

	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions
C_{IN}	5	8	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$
C_{OUT}	6	8	pF	$V_{OUT} = 0V$

Note: 1. Typical values for nominal supply voltage. This parameter is only sampled and is not 100% tested.

26. Software Compiler Mode Selection

Table 26-1. Software Compiler Mode Selection

Device	Atmel - WinCupL Device Mnemonic	Pin-keeper
ATF750C-DIP	V750C V750CPPK	Disabled Enabled
ATF750C-PLCC	V750LCC V750CPPKLCC	Disabled Enabled

27. Third Party Programmer Support

Table 27-1. Third Party Programmer Support

Device	Description
ATF750C (V750)	V750 Cross-programming. JEDEC file compatible with standard V750 JEDEC file (total fuses in JEDEC file = 14394). The Programmer will automatically program "0"s into the User Row (UES), and disable the Pin-keeper features. The Fuse Checksum will be the same as the old ATV750/L file. This device type is recommended for customers that are directly migrating from an ATV750/L device to an ATF750C/CL device.
ATF750C (V750B)	V750B Cross-programming. JEDEC file compatible with standard V750B JEDEC file (total fuses in JEDEC file = 14435). The Programmer will automatically program "0"s into the User Row (UES), and disable the Pin-keeper feature. The Fuse Checksum will be the same as the old ATV750B/BL file. This device type is recommended for customers that are directly migrating from an ATV750B/BL device to an ATF750C/CL device.
ATF750C	Programming of User Row (UES) bits supported and Pin-keeper bit is user-programmable. (Total fuses in JEDEC file = 14504). This is the default device type and is recommended for users that have re-compiled their source design files to specifically target the ATF750C device.

Note: 1. The ATF750C has 14,504 JEDEC fuses.

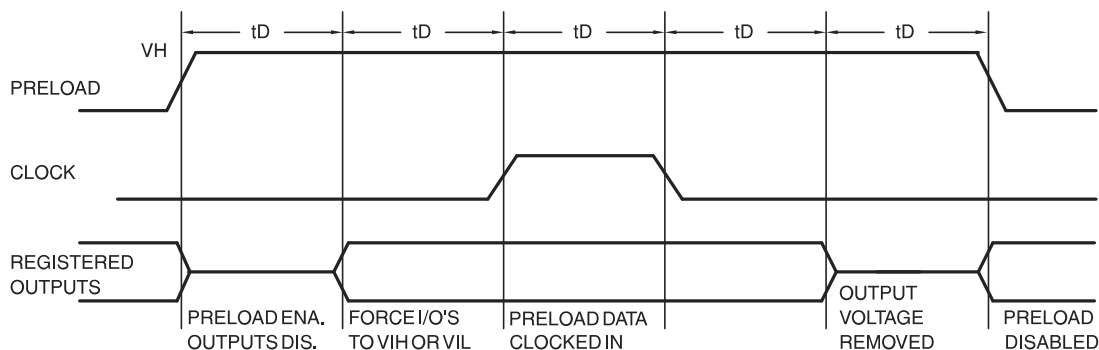
28. Security Fuse Usage

A single fuse is provided to prevent unauthorized copying of the ATF750C(L) fuse patterns. Once the security fuse is programmed, all fuses will appear programmed during verify.

The security fuse should be programmed last, as its effect is immediate.

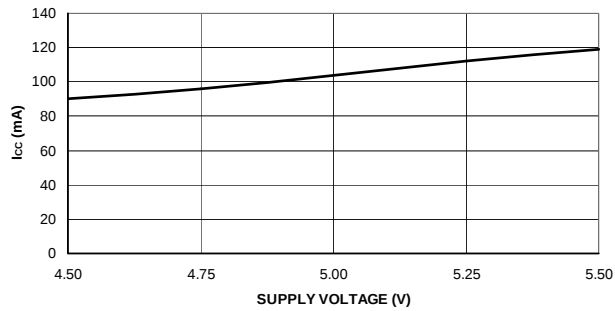
29. Preload of Registered Outputs

The ATF750C(L)'s registers are provided with circuitry to allow loading of each register asynchronously with either a high or a low. This feature will simplify testing since any state can be forced into the registers to control test sequencing. A V_{IH} level on the I/O pin will force the register high; a V_{IL} will force it low, independent of the output polarity. The PRELOAD state is entered by placing a 10.25V to 10.75V signal on pin 8 on DIPs, and lead 10 on SMDs. When the clock term is pulsed high, the data on the I/O pins is placed into the register chosen by the select pin

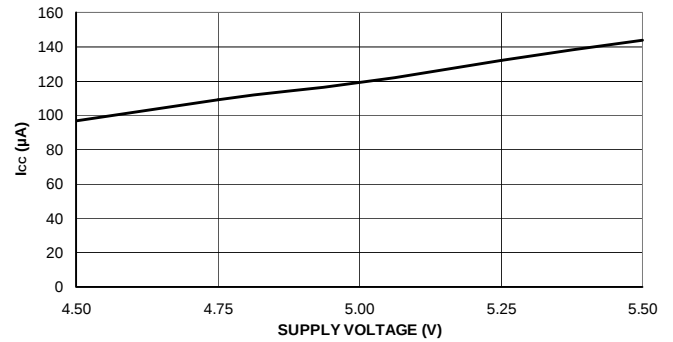


Level Forced on Registered Output Pin during Preload Cycle	Select Pin State	Register #0 State after Cycle	Register #1 State after Cycle
V_{IH}	Low	High	X
V_{IL}	Low	Low	X
V_{IH}	High	X	High
V_{IL}	High	X	Low

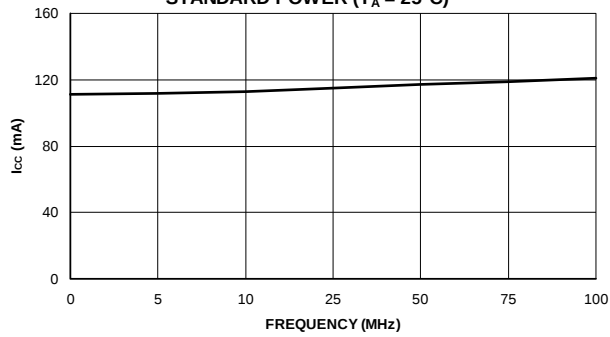
**ATF750C SUPPLY CURRENT VS.
SUPPLY VOLTAGE ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)**



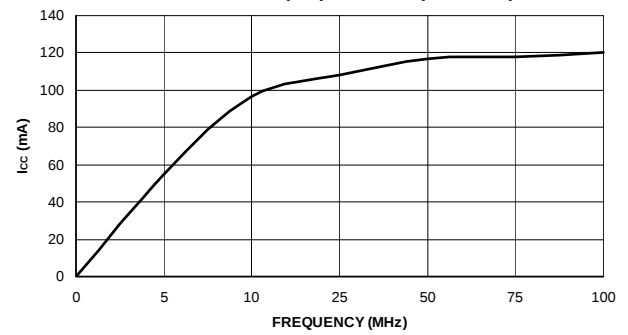
**ATF750CL SUPPLY CURRENT
VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)**



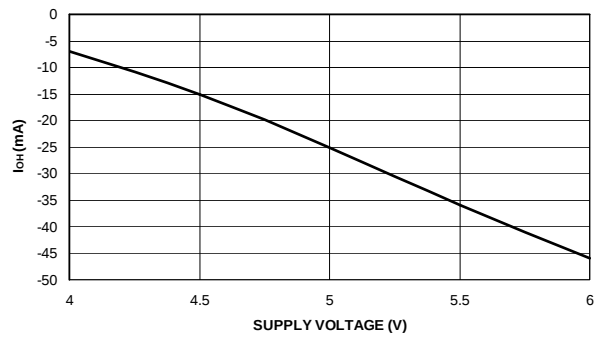
**SUPPLY CURRENT VS. FREQUENCY
STANDARD POWER ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)**



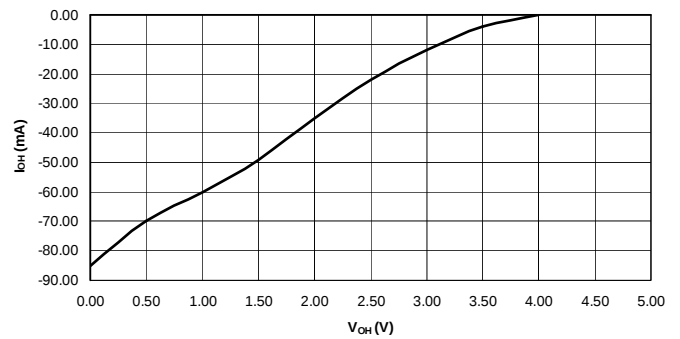
**SUPPLY CURRENT VS. FREQUENCY
LOW-POWER ("L") VERSION ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)**



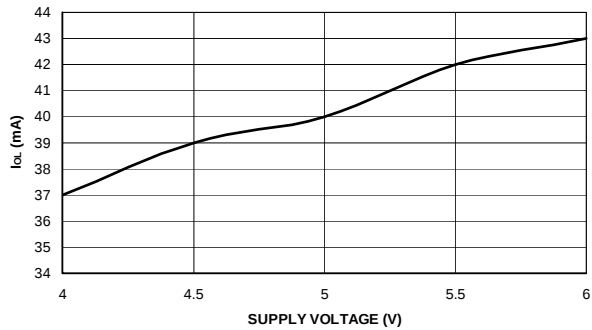
**ATF750C/CL OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT
VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE ($V_{OH} = 2.4\text{V}$)**



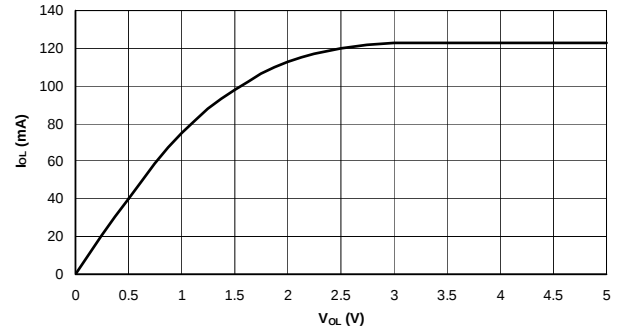
**ATF750C/CL OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT
VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE ($V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)**



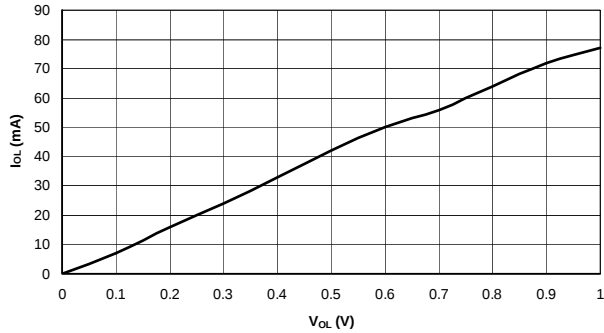
**ATF750C/CL OUTPUT SINK CURRENT
VS. SUPPLY VOLTAGE ($V_{OL} = 0.5V$)**



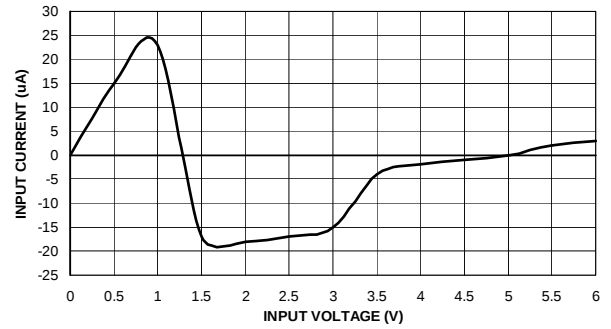
**ATF750C/CL OUTPUT SINK CURRENT
VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$)**



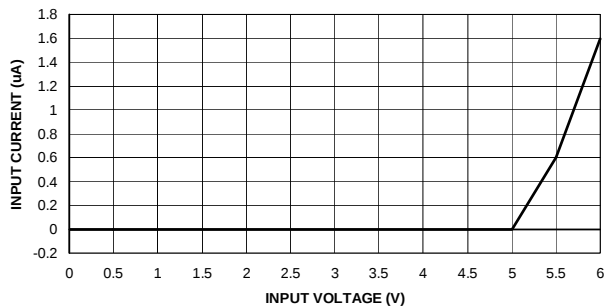
**ATF750C/CL OUTPUT SINK CURRENT
VS. OUTPUT VOLTAGE ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$)**



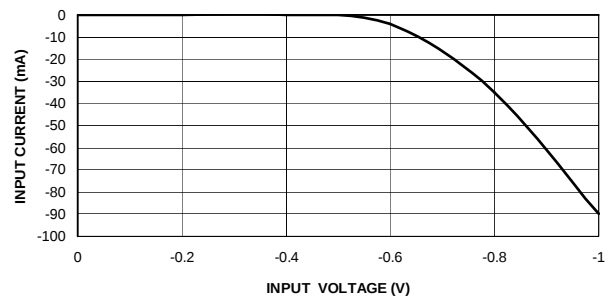
**ATF750C/CL INPUT CURRENT VS. INPUT VOLTAGE
($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$)**



**ATF750C/CL INPUT CURRENT VS. INPUT VOLTAGE
($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$)
WITHOUT PIN-KEEPER**



**ATF750C/CL INPUT CLAMP CURRENT
VS. INPUT VOLTAGE ($V_{CC} = 5V$, $T_A = 35^\circ C$)**



30. ATF750C(L) Military Ordering Information

t_{PD} (ns)	t_{COS} (ns)	Ext. f_{MAXS} (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
10	7	83	ATF750C-10GM/883 ATF750C-10NM/883 5962-0720101MLA 5962-0720101M3A	24D3 28L 24D3 28L	Military/883 (-55°C to 125°C) Class B, Fully Compliant
15	10	55	ATF750C-15GM/883 ATF750C-15NM/883 5962-0720102MLA 5962-0720102M3A	24D3 28L 24D3 28L	

Note: 1. Special order only: TSSOP package requires special thermal management.

31. ATF750C(L) Green Package Options (Pb/Halide-free/RoHS Compliant)

t_{PD} (ns)	t_{COS} (ns)	Ext. f_{MAXS} (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
7.5	6.5	95	ATF750C-7JX ATF750C-7PX ATF750C-7SX	28J 24P3 24S	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
10	7	83	ATF750C-10JU ATF750C-10PU ATF750C-10SU ATF750C-10XU	28J 24P3 24S 24X	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
15	10	44	ATF750CL-15JU ATF750CL-15PU ATF750CL-15SU ATF750CL-15XU	28J 24P3 24S 24X	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

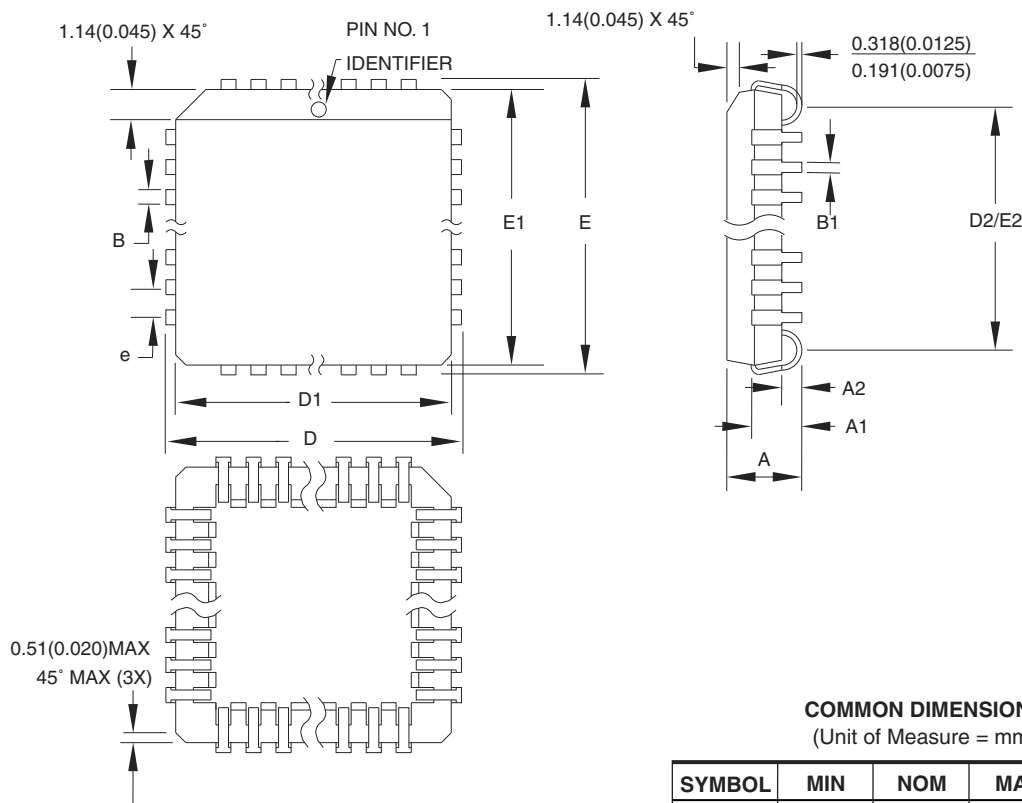
32. Using “C” Product for Industrial

To use commercial product for industrial ranges, down-grade one speed grade from the Industrial to the Commercial device (7 ns “X” = 10 ns “U”) and de-rate power by 30%.

Package Type	
24D3	24-lead, 0.300" Wide, Non-windowed Ceramic Dual Inline Package (CerDIP)
28J	28-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)
28L	28-pad, Non-Windowed Ceramic Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC)
24P3	24-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
24S	24-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC)
24X⁽¹⁾	24-lead, 0.173" Wide, Thin Shrink Small Outline (TSSOP)

Note: 1. Special order only: TSSOP package requires special thermal management.

33.2 28J – PLCC



COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	4.191	—	4.572	
A1	2.286	—	3.048	
A2	0.508	—	—	
D	12.319	—	12.573	
D1	11.430	—	11.582	Note 2
E	12.319	—	12.573	
E1	11.430	—	11.582	Note 2
D2/E2	9.906	—	10.922	
B	0.660	—	0.813	
B1	0.330	—	0.533	
e	1.270 TYP			

- Notes:
1. This package conforms to JEDEC reference MS-018, Variation AB.
 2. Dimensions D1 and E1 do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is .010" (0.254 mm) per side. Dimension D1 and E1 include mold mismatch and are measured at the extreme material condition at the upper or lower parting line.
 3. Lead coplanarity is 0.004" (0.102 mm) maximum.

10/04/01

2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131

TITLE

28J, 28-lead, Plastic J-leaded Chip Carrier (PLCC)

DRAWING NO.

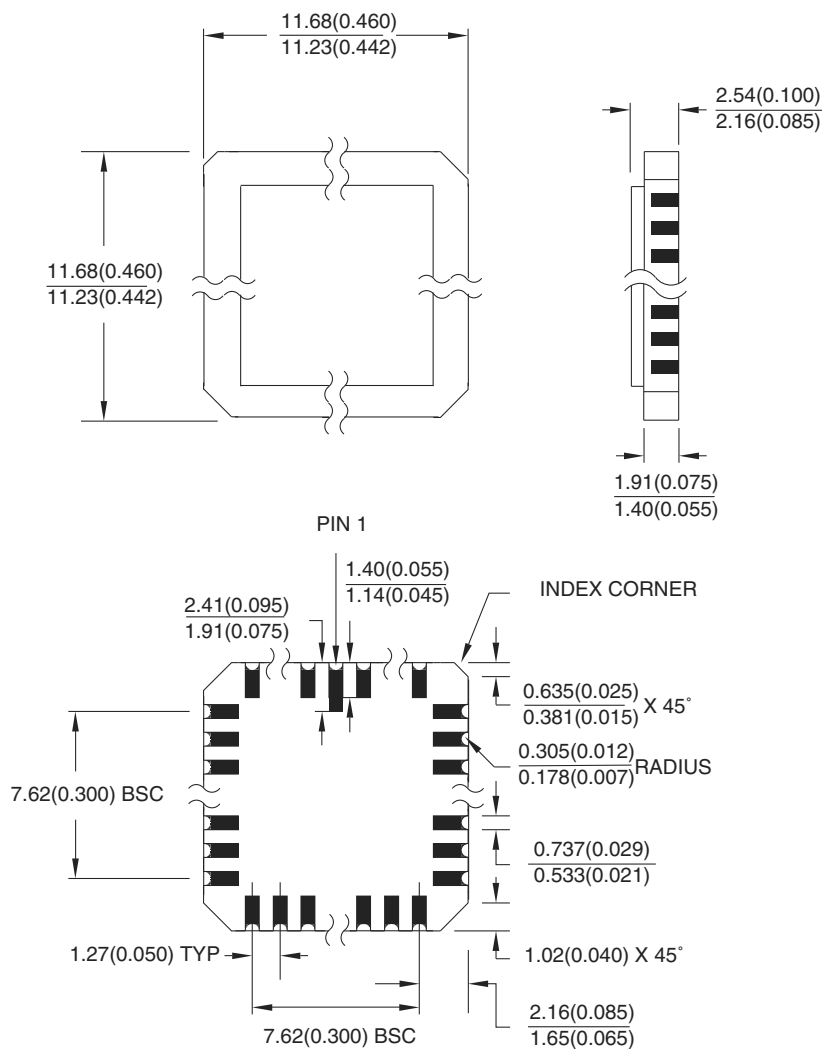
28J

REV.

B

33.3 28L – LCC

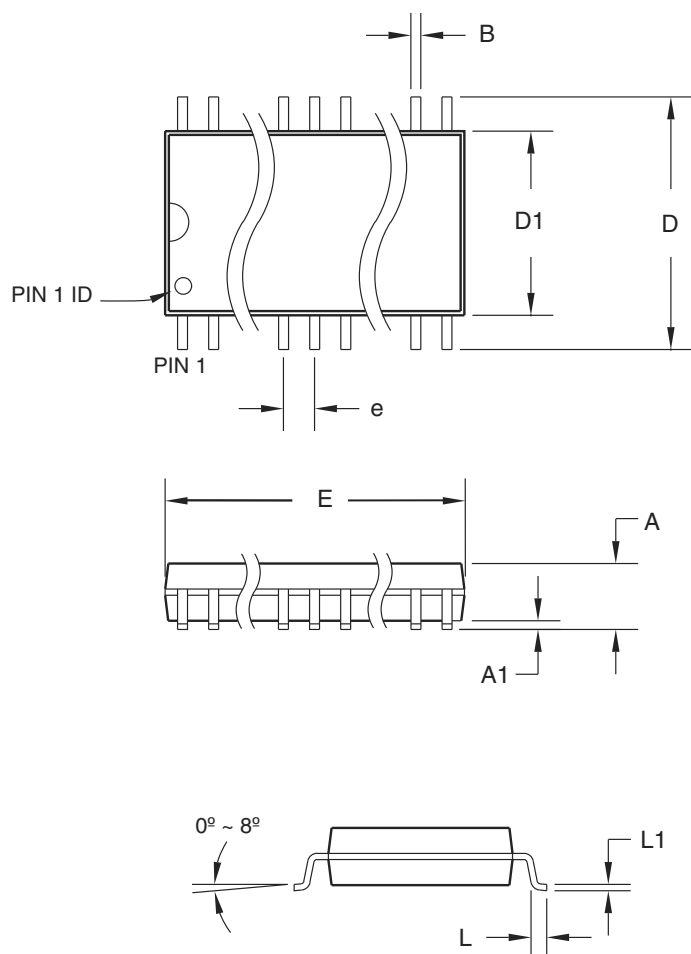
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches).
Controlling dimension: Inches.
MIL-STD 1835 C-4



10/21/03

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	TITLE 28L , 28-pad, Non-windowed, Ceramic Lid, Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC)	DRAWING NO. 28L	REV. B
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33.5 24S – SOIC



COMMON DIMENSIONS
(Unit of Measure = mm)

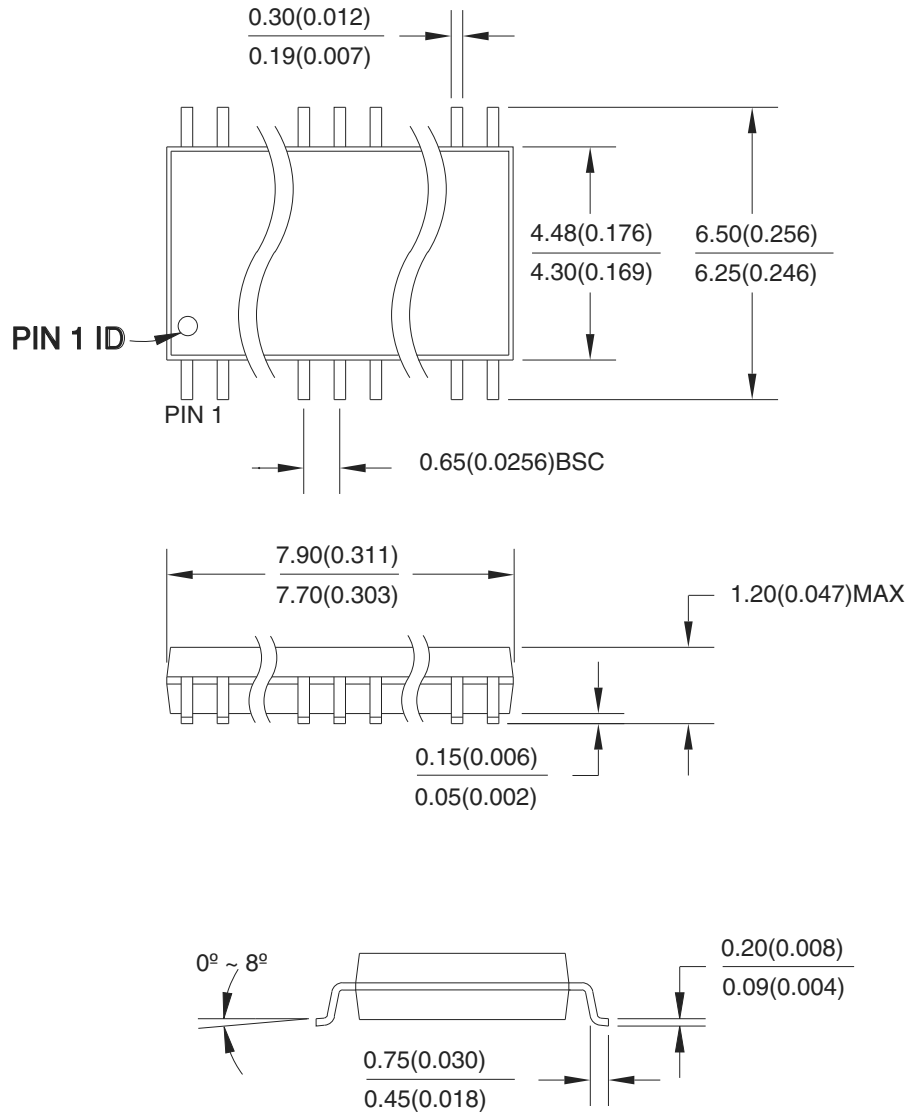
SYMBOL	MIN	NOM	MAX	NOTE
A	–	–	2.65	
A1	0.10	–	0.30	
D	10.00	–	10.65	
D1	7.40	–	7.60	
E	15.20	–	15.60	
B	0.33	–	0.51	
L	0.40	–	1.27	
L1	0.23	–	0.32	
e	1.27 BSC			

06/17/2002

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	TITLE 24S, 24-lead (0.300" body) Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline (SOIC)	DRAWING NO. 24S	REV. B
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33.6 24X – TSSOP

Dimensions in Millimeter and (Inches)*
JEDEC STANDARD MO-153 AD
Controlling dimension: millimeters



04/11/2001

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131	TITLE 24X , 24-lead (4.4 mm body width) Plastic Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP)	DRAWING NO. 24X	REV. A
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34. Revision History

Revision Level – Release Date	History
K – July 2007	Added military-grade devices. Added fully-green RoHS-compliant devices in select speed grades and packages.
L – November 2008	Removed commercial grade leaded package options.



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