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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4F
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	48MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	81
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 8x12b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-LQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32wg980f256-qfp100t

1 Ordering Information

Table 1.1 (p. 2) shows the available EFM32WG980 devices.

Table 1.1. Ordering Information

Ordering Code	Flash (kB)	RAM (kB)	Max Speed (MHz)	Supply Voltage (V)	Temperature (°C)	Package
EFM32WG980F64-QFP100	64	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32WG980F128-QFP100	128	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100
EFM32WG980F256-QFP100	256	32	48	1.98 - 3.8	-40 - 85	LQFP100

Visit www.silabs.com for information on global distributors and representatives.

3.3.2 Environmental

Table 3.3. Environmental

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ESDHBM}	ESD (Human Body Model HBM)	$T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}C$			2000	V
V_{ESDCDM}	ESD (Charged Device Model, CDM)	$T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}C$			750	V

Latch-up sensitivity passed: $\pm 100 \text{ mA}/1.5 \times V_{SUPPLY}(\text{max})$ according to JEDEC JESD 78 method Class II, 85°C .

3.4 Current Consumption

Table 3.4. Current Consumption

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{EM0}	EM0 current. No prescaling. Running prime number calculation code from Flash. (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	48 MHz HF XO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		225	236	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HF XO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		225		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		226	238	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		227		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		228	240	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		229		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		230	243	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		231		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		232	245	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		233		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$		238	250	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD}= 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB}=85^{\circ}\text{C}$		238		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{EM1}	EM1 current (Production test condition = 14 MHz)	1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		271	286	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		275		$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		63	75	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		48 MHz HFXO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		65	76	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		64	75	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		28 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		65	77	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		65	76	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		21 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		66	78	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		67	79	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		14 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		68	82	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		68	81	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		11 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		70	83	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		74	87	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		6.6 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		76	89	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
I_{EM2}	EM2 current	1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		106	120	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
		1.2 MHz HFRCO, all peripheral clocks disabled, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		112	129	$\mu\text{A}/\text{MHz}$
I_{EM2}	EM2 current	EM2 current with RTC prescaled to 1 Hz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO, $V_{DD} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.95 ¹	1.7 ¹	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		EM2 current with RTC prescaled to 1 Hz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO, $V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		3.0 ¹	4.0 ¹	μA
I_{EM3}	EM3 current	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.65	1.3	μA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		2.65	4.0	μA
I_{EM4}	EM4 current	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		0.02	0.055	μA
		$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, $T_{AMB} = 85^\circ\text{C}$		0.44	0.9	μA

¹Using backup RTC.

3.4.1 EM1 Current Consumption

Figure 3.1. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFXO running at 48MHz

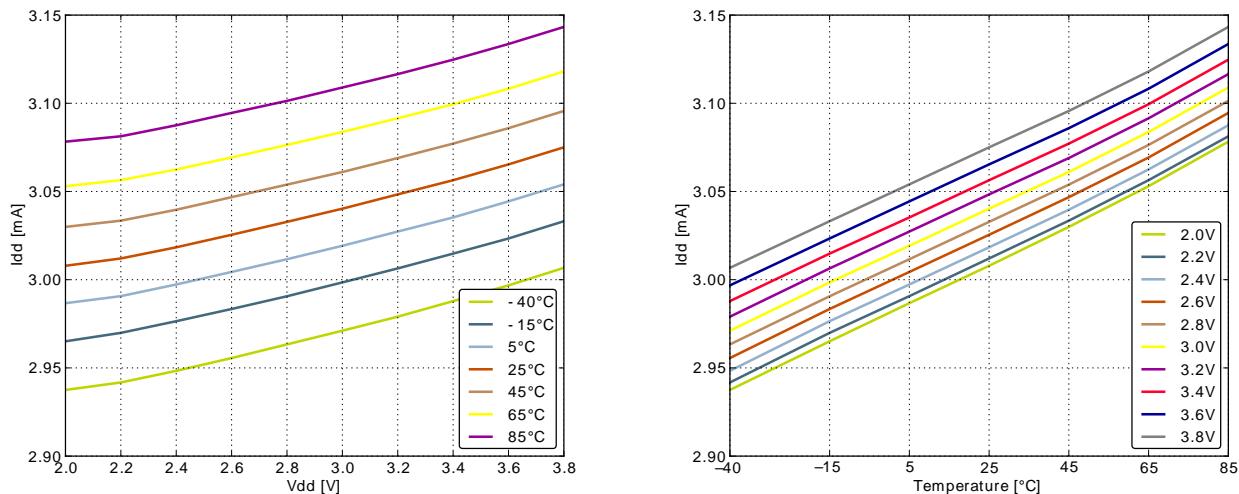
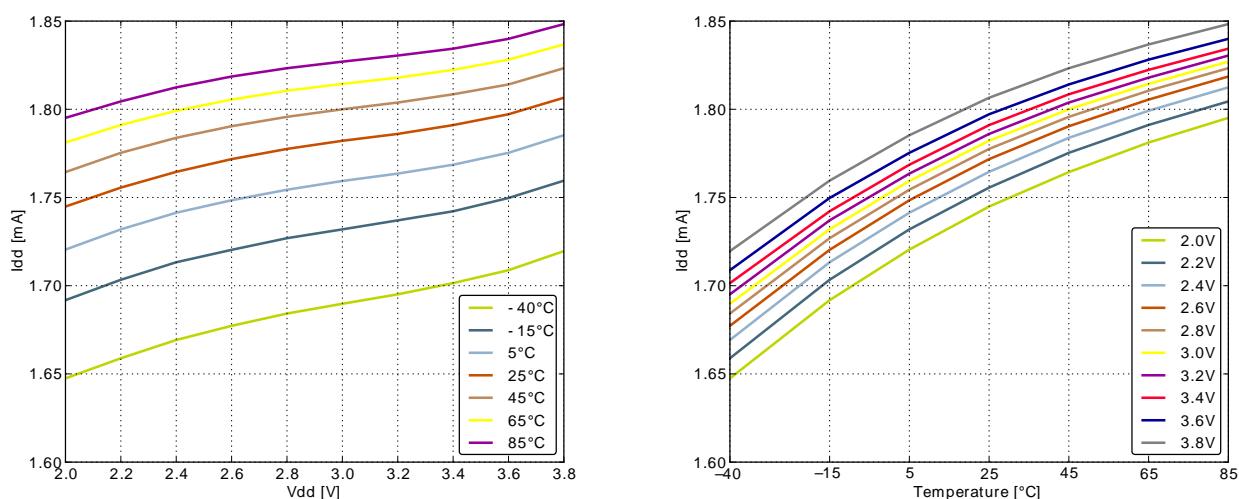
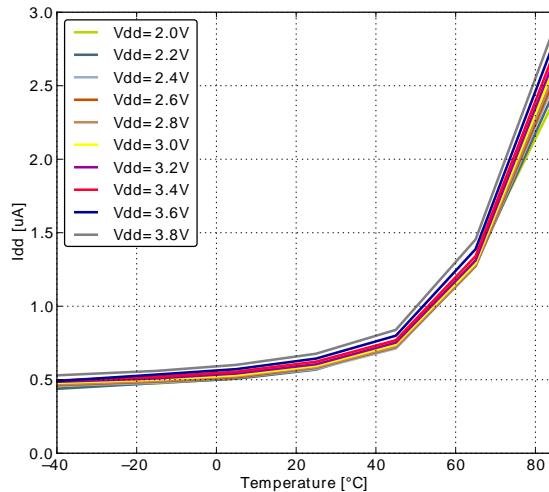
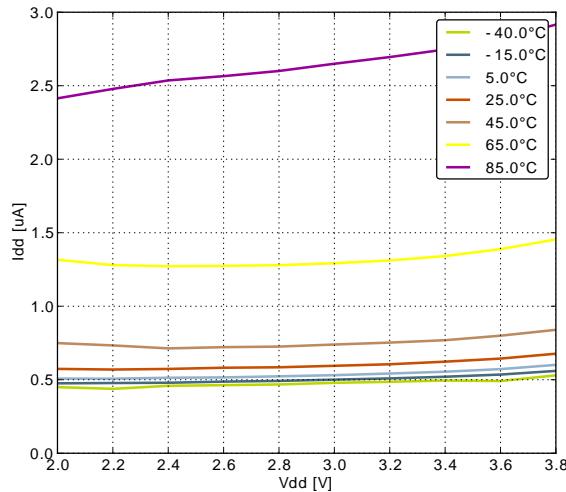


Figure 3.2. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 28MHz



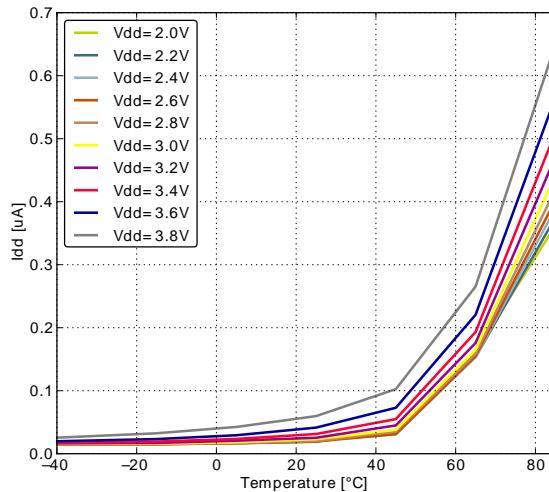
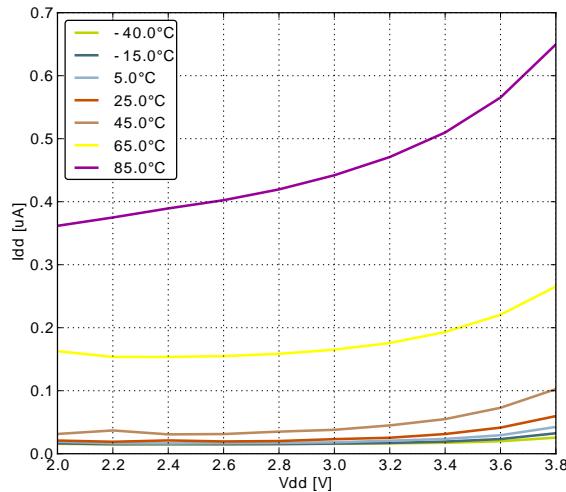
3.4.3 EM3 Current Consumption

Figure 3.9. EM3 current consumption.



3.4.4 EM4 Current Consumption

Figure 3.10. EM4 current consumption.



3.5 Transition between Energy Modes

The transition times are measured from the trigger to the first clock edge in the CPU.

Table 3.5. Energy Modes Transitions

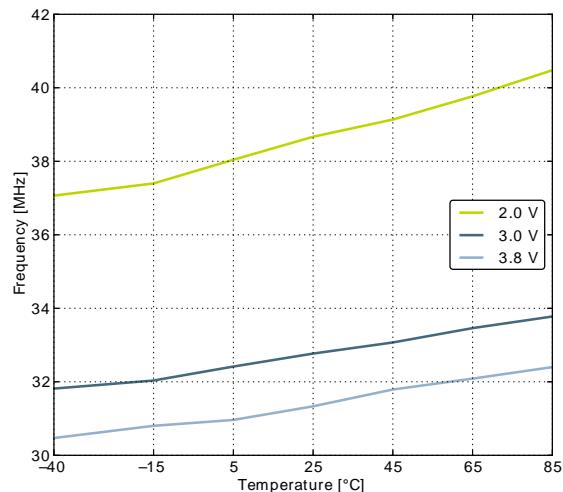
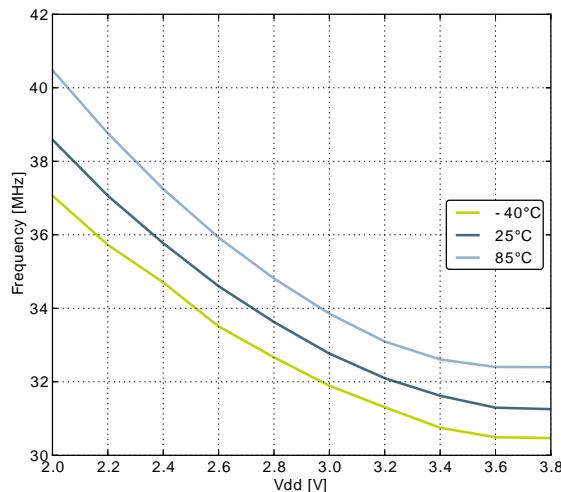
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{EM10}	Transition time from EM1 to EM0		0		HF-CORE-CLK cycles
t_{EM20}	Transition time from EM2 to EM0		2		μs
t_{EM30}	Transition time from EM3 to EM0		2		μs
t_{EM40}	Transition time from EM4 to EM0		163		μs

3.9.3 LFRCO

Table 3.11. LFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFRCO}	Oscillation frequency , $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		31.29	32.768	34.28	kHz
t_{LFRCO}	Startup time not including software calibration			150		μs
I_{LFRCO}	Current consumption			300		nA
TUNESTEP _{L-FRCO}	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value			1.5		%

Figure 3.17. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage



Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		78		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference	68	79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		79		dBc
V _{ADCOFFSET}	Offset voltage	After calibration, single ended	-3.5	0.3	3	mV
		After calibration, differential		0.3		mV
TGRAD _{ADCTH}	Thermometer output gradient			-1.92		mV/°C
				-6.3		ADC Codes/°C
DNL _{ADC}	Differential non-linearity (DNL)		-1	±0.7	4	LSB
INL _{ADC}	Integral non-linearity (INL), End point method			±1.2	±3	LSB
MC _{ADC}	No missing codes		11.999 ¹	12		bits
GAIN _{ED}	Gain error drift	1.25V reference		0.01 ²	0.033 ³	%/°C
		2.5V reference		0.01 ²	0.03 ³	%/°C
OFFSET _{ED}	Offset error drift	1.25V reference		0.2 ²	0.7 ³	LSB/°C
		2.5V reference		0.2 ²	0.62 ³	LSB/°C

¹On the average every ADC will have one missing code, most likely to appear around 2048 +/- n*512 where n can be a value in the set {-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3}. There will be no missing code around 2048, and in spite of the missing code the ADC will be monotonic at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbour codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

²Typical numbers given by abs(Mean) / (85 - 25).

³Max number given by (abs(Mean) + 3x stddev) / (85 - 25).

The integral non-linearity (INL) and differential non-linearity parameters are explained in Figure 3.24 (p. 37) and Figure 3.25 (p. 37) , respectively.

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
SNDR_{DAC}	Signal to Noise-pulse Distortion Ratio (SNDR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		58		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		59		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		57		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		54		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		56		dB
	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range(SFDR)	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		53		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		55		dB
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		62		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		56		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		61		dBc
SFDR_{DAC}	Offset voltage	500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		55		dBc
		500 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference		60		dBc
		After calibration, single ended		2	9	mV
		After calibration, differential		2		mV
DNL_{DAC}	Differential non-linearity			± 1		LSB
INL_{DAC}	Integral non-linearity			± 5		LSB
MC_{DAC}	No missing codes			12		bits

¹Measured with a static input code and no loading on the output.

3.12 Operational Amplifier (OPAMP)

The electrical characteristics for the Operational Amplifiers are based on simulations.

Table 3.17. OPAMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{OPAMP}	Active Current	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0, Unity Gain		370	460	μA
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1, Unity Gain		95	135	μA

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1, Unity Gain		13	25	µA
G_{OL}	Open Loop Gain	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0		101		dB
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		98		dB
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		91		dB
GBW_{OPAMP}	Gain Bandwidth Product	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0		6.1		MHz
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		1.8		MHz
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		0.25		MHz
PM_{OPAMP}	Phase Margin	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0, $C_L=75\text{ pF}$		64		°
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1, $C_L=75\text{ pF}$		58		°
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1, $C_L=75\text{ pF}$		58		°
R_{INPUT}	Input Resistance			100		Mohm
R_{LOAD}	Load Resistance		200			Ohm
I_{LOAD_DC}	DC Load Current				11	mA
V_{INPUT}	Input Voltage	OPAxHCMDIS=0	V_{SS}		V_{DD}	V
		OPAxHCMDIS=1	V_{SS}		$V_{DD}-1.2$	V
V_{OUTPUT}	Output Voltage		V_{SS}		V_{DD}	V
V_{OFFSET}	Input Offset Voltage	Unity Gain, $V_{SS} < V_{in} < V_{DD}$, OPAxHCMDIS=0	-13	0	11	mV
		Unity Gain, $V_{SS} < V_{in} < V_{DD}-1.2$, OPAxHCMDIS=1		1		mV
V_{OFFSET_DRIFT}	Input Offset Voltage Drift				0.02	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
SR_{OPAMP}	Slew Rate	(OPA2)BIASPROG=0xF, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x0		3.2		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x7, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		0.8		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
		(OPA2)BIASPROG=0x0, (OPA2)HALFBIAS=0x1		0.1		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
N_{OPAMP}	Voltage Noise	$V_{out}=1\text{V}$, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz< f <10 kHz, OPAx-HCMDIS=0		101		μV_{RMS}
		$V_{out}=1\text{V}$, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz< f <10 kHz, OPAx-HCMDIS=1		141		μV_{RMS}

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		V _{out} =1V, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		196		µV _{RMS}
		V _{out} =1V, RESSEL=0, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		229		µV _{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<10 kHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		1230		µV _{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<10 kHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		2130		µV _{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=0		1630		µV _{RMS}
		RESSEL=7, 0.1 Hz<f<1 MHz, OPAxHCMDIS=1		2590		µV _{RMS}

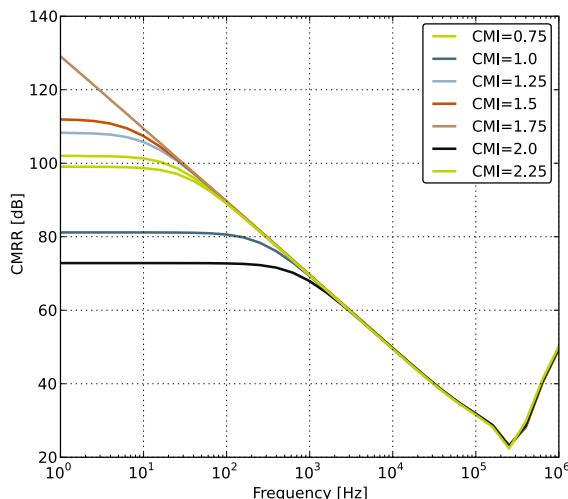
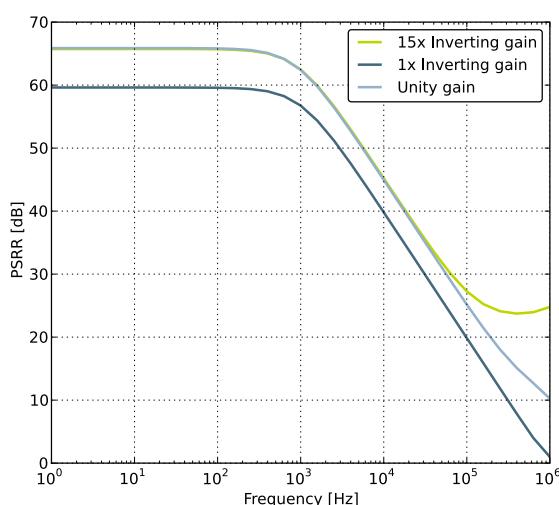
Figure 3.32. OPAMP Common Mode Rejection Ratio**Figure 3.33. OPAMP Positive Power Supply Rejection Ratio**

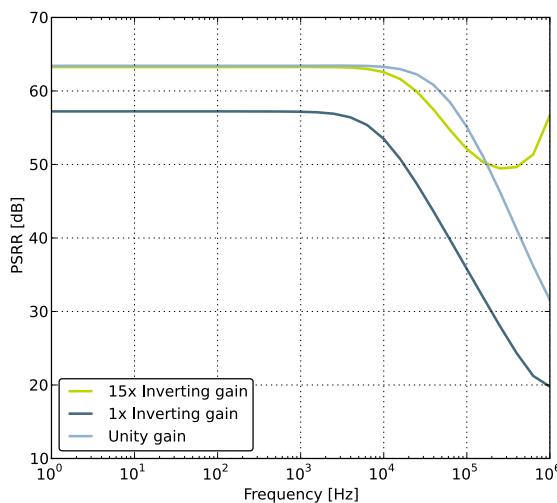
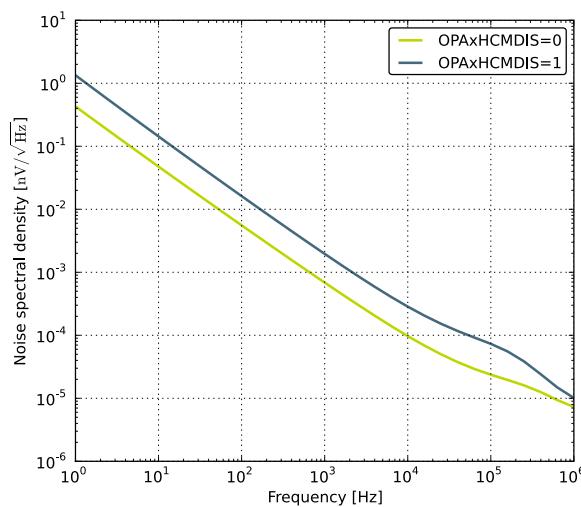
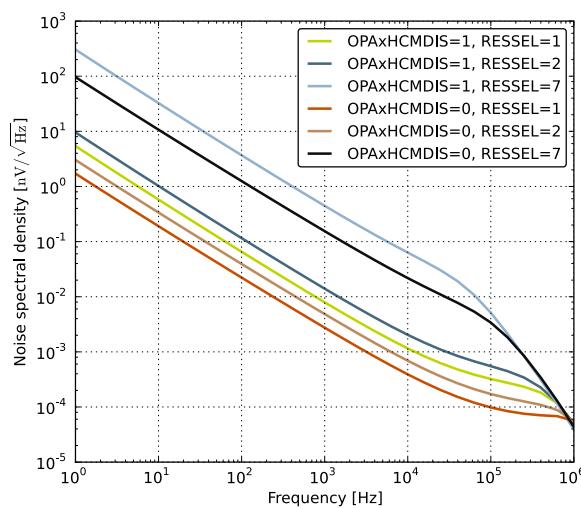
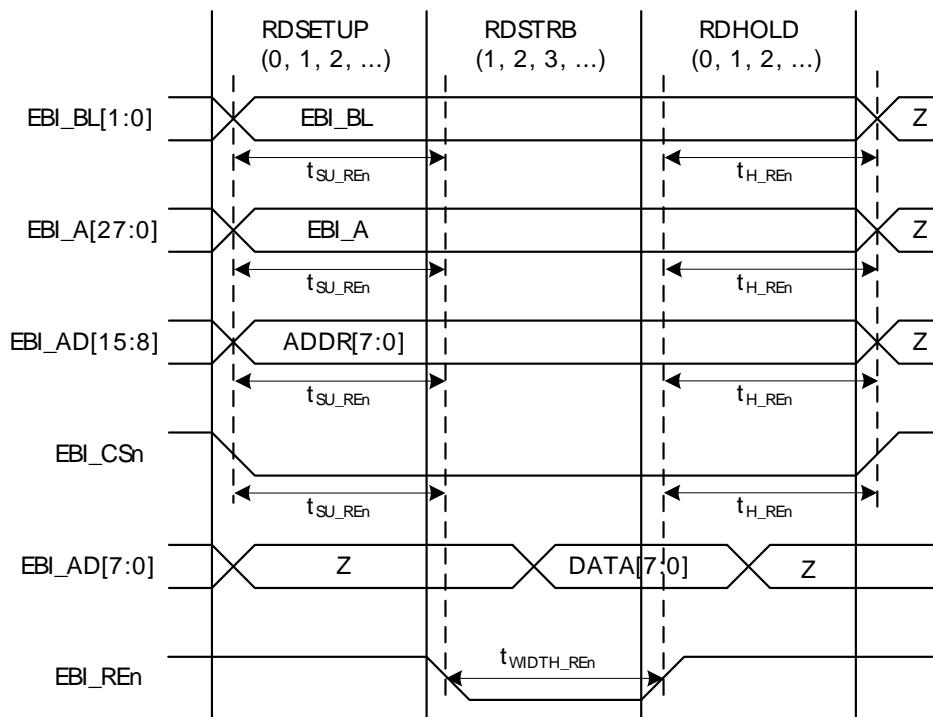
Figure 3.34. OPAMP Negative Power Supply Rejection Ratio**Figure 3.35. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Unity Gain) $V_{out}=1V$** **Figure 3.36. OPAMP Voltage Noise Spectral Density (Non-Unity Gain)**

Figure 3.40. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing**Table 3.22. EBI Read Enable Related Output Timing**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{OH_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4}$	Output hold time, from trailing EBI_REn/EBI_NANDREn edge to EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn invalid	$-10.00 + (RDHOLD * t_{HFCoreCLK})$			ns
$t_{OSU_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5}$	Output setup time, from EBI_AD, EBI_A, EBI_CSn, EBI_BLn valid to leading EBI_REn/EBI_NANDREn edge	$-10.00 + (RDSETUP * t_{HFCoreCLK})$			ns
$t_{WIDTH_REn}^{1\ 2\ 3\ 4\ 5\ 6}$	EBI_REn pulse width	$-9.00 + ((RDSTRB+1) * t_{HFCoreCLK})$			ns

¹Applies for all addressing modes (figure only shows D8A8. Output timing for EBI_AD only applies to multiplexed addressing modes D8A24ALE and D16A16ALE)

²Applies for both EBI_REn and EBI_NANDREn (figure only shows EBI_REn)

³Applies for all polarities (figure only shows active low signals)

⁴Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

⁵The figure shows the timing for the case that the half strobe length functionality is not used, i.e. HALFRE=0. The leading edge of EBI_REn can be moved to the right by setting HALFRE=1. This decreases the length of t_{WIDTH_REn} and increases the length of t_{OSU_REn} by $1/2 * t_{HFCLKNODIV}$.

⁶When page mode is used, RDSTRB is replaced by RDPA for page hits.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{SCLK_hi} ¹²	SCLK high period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_lo} ¹²	SCLK low period	$3 * t_{HFPER-CLK}$			ns
$t_{CS_ACT_MI}$ ¹²	CS active to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
$t_{CS_DIS_MI}$ ¹²	CS disable to MISO	5.00		35.00	ns
t_{SU_MO} ¹²	MOSI setup time	5.00			ns
t_{H_MO} ¹²	MOSI hold time	$2 + 2 * t_{HFPERCLK}$			ns
t_{SCLK_MI} ¹²	SCLK to MISO	$-264 + t_{HFPERCLK}$		$-234 + 2 * t_{HFPERCLK}$	ns

¹ Applies for both CLKPHA = 0 and CLKPHA = 1 (figure only shows CLKPHA = 0)

² Measurement done at 10% and 90% of V_{DD} (figure shows 50% of V_{DD})

3.19 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.33. Digital Peripherals

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		4.0		µA/MHz
I _{UART}	UART current	UART idle current, clock enabled		3.8		µA/MHz
I _{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		194.0		nA
I _{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		7.6		µA/MHz
I _{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		6.5		µA/MHz
I _{LETIMER}	LETIMER current	LETIMER idle current, clock enabled		85.8		nA
I _{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		91.4		nA
I _{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		54.6		nA
I _{LCD}	LCD current	LCD idle current, clock enabled		72.7		nA
I _{AES}	AES current	AES idle current, clock enabled		1.8		µA/MHz
I _{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		3.4		µA/MHz
I _{EBC}	EBC current	EBC idle current, clock enabled		6.5		µA/MHz
I _{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		3.9		µA/MHz
I _{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		10.9		µA/MHz

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
59	DECUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external capacitance of size $C_{DECUPLE}$ is required at this pin.				
60	PE0		EBI_A07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #1 PCNT0_S0IN #1	U0_TX #1 I2C1_SDA #2	
61	PE1		EBI_A08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #1 PCNT0_S1IN #1	U0_RX #1 I2C1_SCL #2	
62	PE2	BU_VOUT	EBI_A09 #0	TIM3_CC2 #1	U1_TX #3	ACMP0_O #1
63	PE3	BU_STAT	EBI_A10 #0		U1_RX #3	ACMP1_O #1
64	PE4	LCD_COM0	EBI_A11 #0/1/2		US0_CS #1	
65	PE5	LCD_COM1	EBI_A12 #0/1/2		US0_CLK #1	
66	PE6	LCD_COM2	EBI_A13 #0/1/2		US0_RX #1	
67	PE7	LCD_COM3	EBI_A14 #0/1/2		US0_TX #1	
68	PC8	ACMP1_CH0	EBI_A15 #0/1/2	TIM2_CC0 #2	US0_CS #2	LES_CH8 #0
69	PC9	ACMP1_CH1	EBI_A09 #1/2	TIM2_CC1 #2	US0_CLK #2	LES_CH9 #0 GPIO_EM4WU2
70	PC10	ACMP1_CH2	EBI_A10 #1/2	TIM2_CC2 #2	US0_RX #2	LES_CH10 #0
71	PC11	ACMP1_CH3	EBI_ALE #1/2		US0_TX #2	LES_CH11 #0
72	USB_VREGI	USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator.				
73	USB_VREGO	USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output.				
74	PF10				U1_TX #1 USB_DM	
75	PF11				U1_RX #1 USB_DP	
76	PF0			TIM0_CC0 #5 LETIM0_OUT0 #2	US1_CLK #2 LEU0_TX #3 I2C0_SDA #5	DBG_SWCLK #0/1/2/3
77	PF1			TIM0_CC1 #5 LETIM0_OUT1 #2	US1_CS #2 LEU0_RX #3 I2C0_SCL #5	DBG_SWDIO #0/1/2/3 GPIO_EM4WU3
78	PF2	LCD_SEG0	EBI_ARDY #0/1/2	TIM0_CC2 #5	LEU0_TX #4	ACMP1_O #0 DBG_SWO #0 GPIO_EM4WU4
79	USB_VBUS	USB 5.0 V VBUS input.				
80	PF12				USB_ID	
81	PF5	LCD_SEG3	EBI_REn #0/2	TIM0_CDTI2 #2/5	USB_VBUSEN #0	PRS_CH2 #1
82	IOVDD_5	Digital IO power supply 5.				
83	VSS	Ground				
84	PF6	LCD_SEG24	EBI_BL0 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC0 #2	U0_TX #0	
85	PF7	LCD_SEG25	EBI_BL1 #0/1/2	TIM0_CC1 #2	U0_RX #0	
86	PF8	LCD_SEG26	EBI_WEn #1	TIM0_CC2 #2		ETM_TCLK #1
87	PF9	LCD_SEG27	EBI_REn #1			ETM_TD0 #1
88	PD9	LCD_SEG28	EBI_CS0 #0/1/2			
89	PD10	LCD_SEG29	EBI_CS1 #0/1/2			
90	PD11	LCD_SEG30	EBI_CS2 #0/1/2			
91	PD12	LCD_SEG31	EBI_CS3 #0/1/2			
92	PE8	LCD_SEG4	EBI_AD00 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S0IN #1		PRS_CH3 #1

LQFP100 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	EBI	Timers	Communication	Other
93	PE9	LCD SEG5	EBI_AD01 #0/1/2	PCNT2_S1IN #1		
94	PE10	LCD SEG6	EBI_AD02 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC0 #1	US0_TX #0	BOOT_TX
95	PE11	LCD SEG7	EBI_AD03 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC1 #1	US0_RX #0	LES_ALTEX5 #0 BOOT_RX
96	PE12	LCD SEG8	EBI_AD04 #0/1/2	TIM1_CC2 #1	US0_RX #3 US0_CLK #0 I2C0_SDA #6	CMU_CLK1 #2 LES_ALTEX6 #0
97	PE13	LCD SEG9	EBI_AD05 #0/1/2		US0_TX #3 US0_CS #0 I2C0_SCL #6	LES_ALTEX7 #0 ACMP0_O #0 GPIO_EM4WU5
98	PE14	LCD SEG10	EBI_AD06 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC0 #0	LEU0_TX #2	
99	PE15	LCD SEG11	EBI_AD07 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC1 #0	LEU0_RX #2	
100	PA15	LCD SEG12	EBI_AD08 #0/1/2	TIM3_CC2 #0		

4.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in Table 4.2 (p. 62). The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note

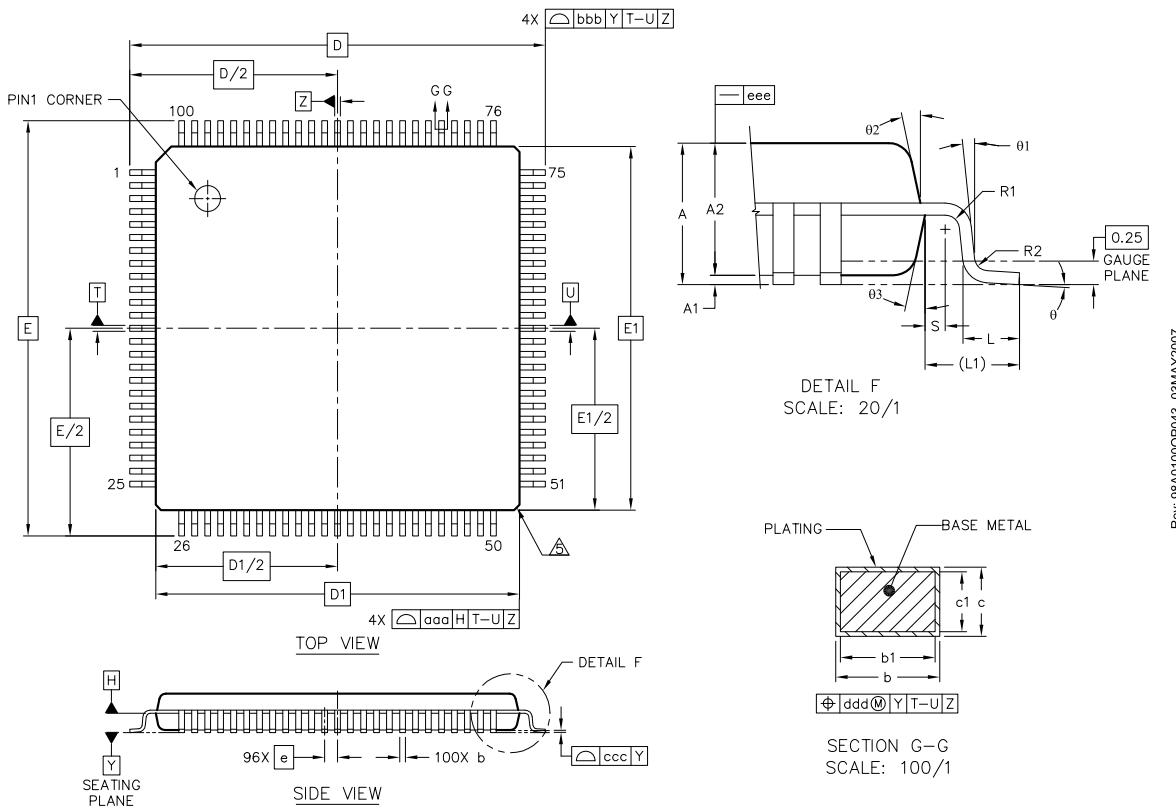
Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 4.2. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_CH2	PC2							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 2.
ACMP0_CH3	PC3							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 3.
ACMP0_CH4	PC4							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 4.
ACMP0_CH5	PC5							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 5.
ACMP0_CH6	PC6							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 6.
ACMP0_CH7	PC7							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 7.
ACMP0_O	PE13	PE2	PD6					Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ACMP1_CH0	PC8							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 0.
ACMP1_CH1	PC9							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 1.
ACMP1_CH2	PC10							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 2.
ACMP1_CH3	PC11							Analog comparator ACMP1, channel 3.
ACMP1_O	PF2	PE3	PD7					Analog comparator ACMP1, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PD0							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PD1							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.

4.5 LQFP100 Package

Figure 4.3. LQFP100



Note:

1. Datum 'T', 'U' and 'Z' to be determined at datum plane 'H'.
2. Datum 'D' and 'E' to be determined at seating plane datum 'Y'.
3. Dimension 'D1' and 'E1' do not include mold protrusions. Allowable protrusion is 0.25 per side. Dimensions 'D1' and 'E1' do include mold mismatch and are determined at datum plane datum 'H'.
4. Dimension 'b' does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall not cause the lead width to exceed the maximum 'b' dimension by more than 0.08 mm. Dambar can not be located on the lower radius or the foot. Minimum space between protrusion and an adjacent lead is 0.07 mm
5. Exact shape of each corner is optional.

5 PCB Layout and Soldering

5.1 Recommended PCB Layout

Figure 5.1. LQFP100 PCB Land Pattern

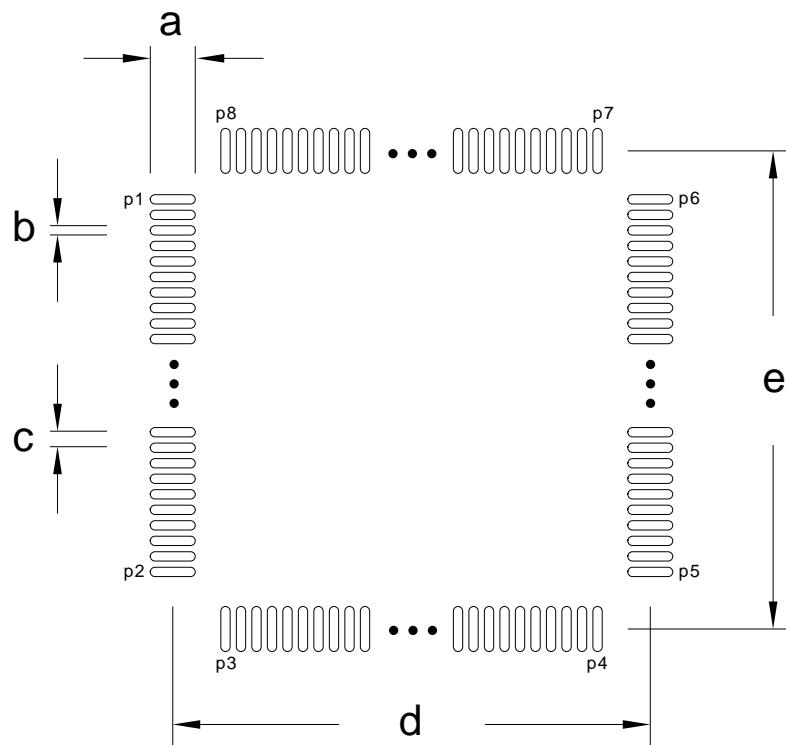


Table 5.1. QFP100 PCB Land Pattern Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	Dim. (mm)	Symbol	Pin number	Symbol	Pin number
a	1.45	P1	1	P6	75
b	0.30	P2	25	P7	76
c	0.50	P3	26	P8	100
d	15.40	P4	50	-	-
e	15.40	P5	51	-	-

7 Revision History

7.1 Revision 1.40

June 13th, 2014

Removed "Preliminary" markings.

Corrected single power supply voltage minimum value from 1.85V to 1.98V.

Added AUXHFRCO to blockdiagram and electrical characteristics.

Updated current consumption data.

Updated transition between energy modes data.

Updated power management data.

Updated GPIO data.

Updated LFRCO, HFRCO and ULFRCO data.

Updated ADC data.

Updated DAC data.

Updated OPAMP data.

Updated ACMP data.

Updated VCMP data.

Added EBI timing chapter.

7.2 Revision 1.31

November 21st, 2013

Updated figures.

Updated errata-link.

Updated chip marking.

Added link to Environmental and Quality information.

Re-added missing DAC-data.

7.3 Revision 1.30

September 30th, 2013

Added I2C characterization data.

Added SPI characterization data.

Corrected the DAC and OPAMP2 pin sharing information in the Alternate Functionality Pinout section.

Added the USB bootloader information.

Corrected the ADC resolution from 12, 10 and 6 bit to 12, 8 and 6 bit.

Updated the EM0 and EM1 current consumption numbers. Updated the the EM1 plots and removed the EM0 plots.

Updated Environmental information.

Updated trademark, disclaimer and contact information.

Other minor corrections.

7.4 Revision 1.20

June 28th, 2013

Updated power requirements in the Power Management section.

Removed minimum load capacitance figure and table. Added reference to application note.

Other minor corrections.

7.5 Revision 1.10

May 6th, 2013

Updated current consumption table and figures in Electrical characteristics section.

Other minor corrections.

7.6 Revision 1.00

September 11th, 2012

Updated the HFRCO 1 MHz band typical value to 1.2 MHz.

Updated the HFRCO 7 MHz band typical value to 6.6 MHz.

Other minor corrections.

7.7 Revision 0.95

May 3rd, 2012

Updated EM2/EM3 current consumption at 85°C.

7.8 Revision 0.90

February 27th, 2012

Initial preliminary release.

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