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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded - Microcontrollers</u>"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	AVR
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	16MHz
Connectivity	EBI/EMI, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	16KB (8K x 16)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	512 x 8
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	-
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-TQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/atmega162-16ai

#### **Features**

- High-performance, Low-power AVR® 8-bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
  - 131 Powerful Instructions Most Single-clock Cycle Execution
  - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
  - Fully Static Operation
  - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16 MHz
  - On-chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
  - 16K Bytes of In-System Self-programmable Flash

Endurance: 1,000 Write/Erase Cycles

Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles for ATmega162U

- Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits

In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program

True Read-While-Write Operation

- 512 Bytes EEPROM

Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles

- 1K Bytes Internal SRAM
- Up to 64K Bytes Optional External Memory Space
- Programming Lock for Software Security
- JTAG (IEEE std. 1149.1 Compliant) Interface
  - Boundary-scan Capabilities According to the JTAG Standard
  - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
  - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses, and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- Peripheral Features
  - Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescalers and Compare Modes
  - Two 16-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescalers, Compare Modes, and Capture Modes
  - Real Time Counter with Separate Oscillator
  - Six PWM Channels
  - Dual Programmable Serial USARTs
  - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
  - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
  - On-chip Analog Comparator
- Special Microcontroller Features
  - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
  - Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
  - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
  - Five Sleep Modes: Idle, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
- I/O and Packages
  - 35 Programmable I/O Lines
  - 40-pin PDIP, 44-lead TQFP, and 44-pad MLF
- Operating Voltages
  - 1.8 3.6V for ATmega162V
  - 2.4 4.0V for ATmega162U
  - 2.7 5.5V for ATmega162L
  - 4.5 5.5V for ATmega162
- Speed Grades
  - 0 1 MHz for ATmega162V
  - 0 8 MHz for ATmega162L/U
  - 0 16 MHz for ATmega162



8-bit **AVR**®

ATmega162 ATmega162V ATmega162U ATmega162L

Advance Information

Summary

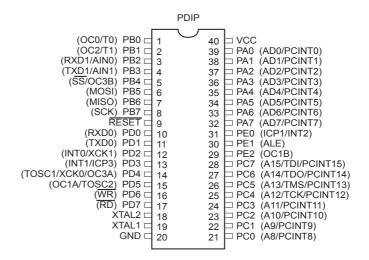


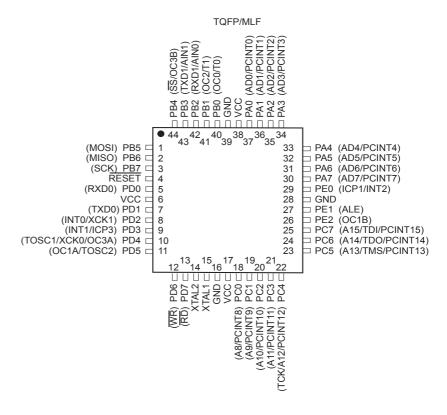
Rev. 2513CS-AVR-09/02



### **Pin Configurations**

Figure 1. Pinout ATmega162





#### **Disclaimer**

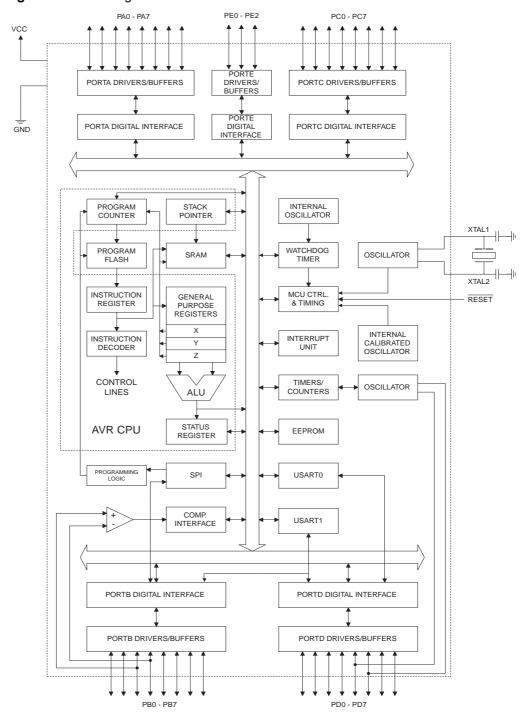
Typical values contained in this data sheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min and Max values will be available after the device is characterized.

#### Overview

The ATmega162 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega162 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

### **Block Diagram**

Figure 2. Block Diagram





The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATmega162 provides the following features: 16K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512 bytes EEPROM, 1K bytes SRAM, an external memory interface, 35 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, a JTAG interface for Boundary-scan, On-chip Debugging support and programming, four flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, two serial programmable USARTs, a programmable Watchdog Timer with Internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, and five software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or Hardware Reset. In Power-save mode, the Asynchronous Timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption. In Extended Standby mode, both the main Oscillator and the Asynchronous Timer continue to run.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot Program running on the AVR core. The Boot Program can use any interface to download the Application Program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega162 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega162 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and evaluation kits.

ATmega161 and ATmega162 Compatibility

The ATmega162 is a highly complex microcontroller where the number of I/O locations supersedes the 64 I/O locations reserved in the AVR instruction set. To ensure backward compatibility with the ATmega161, all I/O locations present in ATmega161 have the same locations in ATmega162. Some additional I/O locations are added in an Extended I/O space starting from 0x60 to 0xFF, (i.e., in the ATmega162 internal RAM space). These locations can be reached by using LD/LDS/LDD and ST/STS/STD instructions only, not by using IN and OUT instructions. The relocation of the internal RAM space may still be a problem for ATmega161 users. Also, the increased number of Interrupt Vectors might be a problem if the code uses absolute addresses. To solve these problems, an ATmega161 compatibility mode can be selected by programming the fuse M161C. In this mode, none of the functions in the Extended I/O space are in use, so the internal RAM is located as in ATmega161. Also, the Extended Interrupt Vectors are removed. The ATmega162 is 100% pin compatible with ATmega161, and can replace the ATmega161 on current Printed Circuit Boards. However, the location of Fuse bits and the electrical characteristics differs between the two devices.

# ATmega161 Compatibility Mode

Programming the M161C will change the following functionality:

- The extended I/O map will be configured as internal RAM once the M161C Fuse is programmed.
- The timed sequence for changing the Watchdog Time-out period is disabled. See
   "Timed Sequences for Changing the Configuration of the Watchdog Timer" on page
   55 for details
- The double buffering of the USART Receive Registers is disabled. See "AVR USART vs. AVR UART Compatibility" on page 166 for details.
- Pin change interrupts are not supported (Contol Registers are located in Extended I/O).
- One 16 bits Timer/Counter (Timer/Counter1) only. Timer/Counter3 is not accessible.

Note that the shared UBRRHI Register in ATmega161 is split into two separate registers in ATmega162, UBRR0H and UBRR1H. The location of these registers will not be affected by the ATmega161 compatibility fuse.

#### **Pin Descriptions**

VCC

Digital supply voltage

**GND** 

Ground

Port A (PA7..PA0)

Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. When pins PA0 to PA7 are used as inputs and are externally pulled low, they will source current if the internal pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 71.

Port B (PB7..PB0)

Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 71.

Port C (PC7..PC0)

Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PC7(TDI), PC5(TMS) and PC4(TCK) will be activated even if a Reset occurs.

Port C also serves the functions of the JTAG interface and other special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 74.





#### Port D (PD7..PD0)

Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 77.

#### Port E(PE2..PE0)

Port E is an 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 80.

RESET

Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a Reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 18 on page 47. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

XTAL1

Input to the Inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

XTAL2

Output from the Inverting Oscillator amplifier.

#### About Code Examples

This documentation contains simple code examples that briefly show how to use various parts of the device. These code examples assume that the part specific header file is included before compilation. Be aware that not all C compiler vendors include bit definitions in the header files and interrupt handling in C is compiler dependent. Please confirm with the C compiler documentation for more details.

## ATmega162 Typical Characteristics – Preliminary Data

The following charts show typical behavior. These figures are not tested during manufacturing. All current consumption measurements are performed with all I/O pins configured as inputs and with internal pull-ups enabled. A sine wave generator with rail-to-rail output is used as clock source. The CKSEL Fuses are programmed to select external clock.

The power consumption in Power-down mode is independent of clock selection.

The current consumption is a function of several factors such as: Operating voltage, operating frequency, loading of I/O pins, switching rate of I/O pins, code executed and ambient temperature. The dominating factors are operating voltage and frequency.

The current drawn from capacitive loaded pins may be estimated (for one pin) as  $C_L^*V_{CC}^*f$  where  $C_L$  = load capacitance,  $V_{CC}$  = operating voltage and f = average switching frequency of I/O pin.

The parts are characterized at frequencies higher than test limits. Parts are not guaranteed to function properly at frequencies higher than the ordering code indicates.

The difference between current consumption in Power-down mode with Watchdog Timer enabled and Power-down mode with Watchdog Timer disabled represents the differential current drawn by the Watchdog Timer.





## **Register Summary**

Res (0x9E) Res (0x9D) Res (0x9C) Res (0x9A) Res (0x8B) Res (0x8B) Res (0x8B) Res (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8A) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x8A) TCC (0x8B) TCC (0x	Reserved			Timer/Co Timer/Co Timer/Co	er/Counter3 – Co unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C		w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte			130 127 132 132 132 132 132 132
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(0x91)         Res           (0x90)         Res           (0x8F)         Res           (0x8E)         Res           (0x8D)         Res           (0x8D)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x89)         TCh           (0x88)         TCI           (0x87)         OCI           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCI           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved					FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register		- - - - - - WGM31	- - - - - - WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x90)         Res           (0x8F)         Res           (0x8E)         Res           (0x8D)         Res           (0x8C)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x88)         TCI           (0x87)         OCI           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCI           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved		- - - - COM3A0 ICES3		COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Cou	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register		- - - - - WGM31	- - - - - WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8F)         Res           (0x8E)         Res           (0x8D)         Res           (0x8C)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8A)         TCC           (0x88)         TCI           (0x87)         OCI           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCI           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved	- - - - COM3A1 ICNC3	COM3A0 ICES3	- COM3B1 - Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Cou	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	FOC3B CS32 ph Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	- - - - WGM31	- - - - WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8E)         Res           (0x8D)         Res           (0x8C)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8A)         TCC           (0x8B)         TCI           (0x8B)         TCI           (0x87)         OCi           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCI           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved	- - - COM3A1 ICNC3	- - COM3A0 ICES3	- COM3B1 - Time Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Cou	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	FOC3B CS32 gh Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	_ _ _ _ WGM31	- - - WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8D)         Res           (0x8C)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8A)         TCC           (0x88)         TCF           (0x88)         TCF           (0x87)         OCF           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCI           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved Reserved TCCR3A TCCR3B TCNT3H TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H	- COM3A1 ICNC3	COM3A0 ICES3	- COM3B1 - Time Timer/Co Timer/Co Timer/Co Timer/Co	COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Cou	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	FOC3B CS32 gh Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	– – WGM31	_ _ _ WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8C)         Res           (0x8B)         TCC           (0x8A)         TCC           (0x89)         TCP           (0x88)         TCF           (0x87)         OcF           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCF           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	Reserved TCCR3A TCCR3B TCNT3H TCNT3L TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H	COM3A1 ICNC3	COM3A0 ICES3	COM3B1  Time Timer/Co Timer/Co Timer/Co Timer/Co	COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Cou	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	FOC3B CS32 ph Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	- WGM31	- WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8B) TCC (0x8A) TCC (0x8A) TCC (0x88) TCI (0x88) TCI (0x87) OCI (0x86) OCI (0x85) OCI (0x84) OCI (0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	TCCR3A TCCR3B TCNT3H TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H	COM3A1 ICNC3	COM3A0 ICES3	COM3B1  — Time Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	COM3B0 WGM33 er/Counter3 – Counter3 – Output Counter3	FOC3A WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	FOC3B CS32 ph Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	WGM31	WGM30	127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x8A) TCC (0x89) TCh (0x88) TCh (0x87) OCf (0x86) OCl (0x85) OCf (0x84) OCl (0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICl (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	TCCR3B TCNT3H TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H	ICNC3	ICES3	Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	WGM33 er/Counter3 – Counter3 – Counter3 – Output Counter3	WGM32 unter Register Higunter Register Lo compare Register compare Register compare Register	CS32 ph Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte			127 132 132 132 132 132
(0x89)         TCh           (0x88)         TCI           (0x87)         OCF           (0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCF           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	TCNT3H TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H	-	-	Time Timer/Cou Timer/Co Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	er/Counter3 - Cor er/Counter3 - Counter3 - Output Counter3 - Coutput Counter	unter Register Hig unter Register Lo compare Register Compare Register compare Register	ph Byte w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte	1 0001	1 0000	132 132 132 132 132
(0x88) TCI (0x87) OCF (0x86) OCI (0x85) OCF (0x84) OCI (0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	TCNT3L DCR3AH DCR3AL DCR3BH DCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H			Timer/Cot Timer/Cot Timer/Cot Timer/Cot	er/Counter3 – Co unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C	unter Register Lo Compare Register Compare Register Compare Register	w Byte A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte			132 132 132 132
(0x87) OCF (0x86) OCI (0x85) OCF (0x84) OCI (0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	OCR3AH OCR3AL OCR3BH OCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H			Timer/Cou Timer/Cou Timer/Cou	unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C	compare Register Compare Register compare Register	A High Byte A Low Byte B High Byte			132 132 132
(0x86)         OCI           (0x85)         OCF           (0x84)         OCI           (0x83)         Res           (0x82)         Res           (0x81)         ICI           (0x80)         IC           (0x7F)         Res           (0x7E)         Res	OCR3AL OCR3BH OCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H			Timer/Co Timer/Co	unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C	Compare Register Compare Register	A Low Byte B High Byte			132 132
(0x85) OCF (0x84) OCI (0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	OCR3BH OCR3BL Reserved Reserved ICR3H			Timer/Co	unter3 – Output C unter3 – Output C	compare Register	B High Byte			
(0x83) Res (0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	Reserved Reserved ICR3H				1	Compare Register	B Low Byte			132
(0x82) Res (0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	Reserved ICR3H			-			D LOW Dyto			102
(0x81) ICI (0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res	ICR3H	=			_	-	_		-	
(0x80) IC (0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res			_	_	-	_	_	_	-	
(0x7F) Res (0x7E) Res				Timer/0	Counter3 – Input (	Capture Register	High Byte			133
(0x7E) Res	ICR3L			Timer/0	Counter3 – Input	Capture Register		1	1	133
· '	Reserved	-		-	-	_	-	_	-	
	Reserved	-		-	-	-	_	-	-	
· · ·	ETIMSK	_		TICIE3	OCIE3A	OCIE3B	TOIE3	_	_	134
` '	ETIFR	-		ICF3	OCF3A	OCF3B	TOV3	_	_	135
· · ·	Reserved Reserved	-	<u>-</u>	_	_	-	_	_	_	
· · ·	Reserved	_						_		
	Reserved									
	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserved	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	
	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x71) Res	Reserved	-	-	-	_	_		-	=	
(0x70) Res	Reserved	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
(0x6F) Res	Reserved	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	
(0x6E) Res	Reserved	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	
	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
· ' '	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	87
	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	87
· ' '	Reserved	-		-	_	_	_	_	_	
— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserved	-		_	_	_	_	_	_	
— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserved	-		_	-	_	_	_	_	
	Reserved	-	_	-	-		-	-	=	
	Reserved	-		_	-	_	_	-	_	
— · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reserved Reserved	_	<u>-</u>	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	Reserved	-			_	-	_	_		
	Reserved	_		_	_	_	_	_		
(0x61) CL				_	_	CLKPS3	CLKPS2	CLKPS1	CLKPS0	40

# ■ ATmega162(V/U/L)

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x60)	Reserved	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	=	
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	T	Н	S	V	N	Z	С	8
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	11
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	11
0x3C <sup>(2)</sup> (0x5C) <sup>(2)</sup>	UBRR1H	URSEL1					1	R1[11:8]		188
. ,	UCSR1C	URSEL1	UMSEL1	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11	UCSZ10	UCPOL1	187
0x3B (0x5B)	GICR	INT1	INTO	INT2	PCIE1	PCIE0	_	IVSEL	IVCE	60, 85
0x3A (0x5A) 0x39 (0x59)	GIFR TIMSK	INTF1 TOIE1	INTF0 OCIE1A	INTF2 OCIE1B	PCIF1 OCIE2	PCIF0 TICIE1	TOIE2	TOIE0	OCIE0	86 101, 133, 153
0x38 (0x58)	TIFR	TOV1	OCF1A	OCF1B	OCF2	ICF1	TOV2	TOV0	OCF0	101, 133, 133
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCR	SPMIE	RWWSB	- OCI 1B	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	219
0x36 (0x56)	EMCUCR	SM0	SRL2	SRL1	SRL0	SRW01	SRW00	SRW11	ISC2	28,43,84
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	SRE	SRW10	SE	SM1	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	28,42,83
0x34 (0x54)	MCUCSR	JTD	_	SM2	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	42,50,205
0x33 (0x53)	TCCR0	FOC0	WGM00	COM01	COM00	WGM01	CS02	CS01	CS00	99
0x32 (0x52)	TCNT0				Timer/Cou	nter0 (8 Bits)				101
0x31 (0x51)	OCR0		Ī	Tir	mer/Counter0 Out	tput Compare Re	gister	1	,	101
0x30 (0x50)	SFIOR	TSM	XMBK	XMM2	XMM1	XMM0	PUD	PSR2	PSR310	31,69,104,155
0x2F (0x4F)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	FOC1A	FOC1B	WGM11	WGM10	127
0x2E (0x4E)	TCCR1B	ICNC1	ICES1		WGM13	WGM12	CS12	CS11	CS10	130
0x2D (0x4D)	TCNT1H				er/Counter1 – Cou					132
0x2C (0x4C) 0x2B (0x4B)	TCNT1L OCR1AH				er/Counter1 – Co unter1 – Output C		•			132 132
0x2B (0x4B)	OCR1AL				unter1 - Output C					132
0x29 (0x49)	OCR1BH				unter1 - Output C					132
0x28 (0x48)	OCR1BL				unter1 – Output C					132
0x27 (0x47)	TCCR2	FOC2	WGM20	COM21	COM20	WGM21	CS22	CS21	CS20	148
0x26 (0x46)	ASSR	-	-	-	-	AS2	TCON2UB	OCR2UB	TCR2UB	151
0x25 (0x45)	ICR1H			Timer/0	Counter1 – Input (	Capture Register	High Byte			133
0x24 (0x44)	ICR1L			Timer/0	Counter1 - Input	Capture Register	Low Byte			133
0x23 (0x43)	TCNT2					nter2 (8 Bits)				150
0x22 (0x42)	OCR2			Tir	mer/Counter2 Out					150
0x21 (0x41)	WDTCR	-	_	_	WDCE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	52
0x20 <sup>(2)</sup> (0x40) <sup>(2)</sup>	UBRR0H UCSR0C	URSEL0 URSEL0	- UMSEL0	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01	R0[11:8] UCSZ00	UCPOL0	188 187
0x1F (0x3F)	EEARH	- OKSELO	- OWISELO	— — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	OF WIOO	- 03830	-	-	EEAR8	18
0x1E (0x3E)	EEARL				EEPROM Addres	s Register Low B			EE/ II (O	18
0x1D (0x3D)	EEDR					Data Register	,			19
0x1C (0x3C)	EECR	_	-	_	_	EERIE	EEMWE	EEWE	EERE	19
0x1B (0x3B)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	81
0x1A (0x3A)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	81
0x19 (0x39)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	81
0x18 (0x38)	PORTB	PORTB7	PORTB6	PORTB5	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	81
0x17 (0x37)	DDRB	DDB7	DDB6	DDB5	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	81
0x16 (0x36)	PINB	PINB7 PORTC7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	81
0x15 (0x35) 0x14 (0x34)	PORTC DDRC	DDC7	PORTC6 DDC6	PORTC5 DDC5	PORTC4 DDC4	PORTC3 DDC3	PORTC2 DDC2	PORTC1 DDC1	PORTC0 DDC0	81 81
0x14 (0x34) 0x13 (0x33)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	82
0x13 (0x33) 0x12 (0x32)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	82
0x11 (0x31)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	82
0x10 (0x30)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	82
0x0F (0x2F)	SPDR				SPI Dat	ta Register				162
0x0E (0x2E)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X	162
0x0D (0x2D)	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	160
0x0C (0x2C)	UDR0			T	1	Data Register		1		184
0x0B (0x2B)	UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	184
0x0A (0x2A)	UCSR0B	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRIE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	185
0x09 (0x29)	UBRR0L	ACD	ACBC		JSART0 Baud Ra		1	ACIC4	ACIEO	188
0x08 (0x28)	ACSR PORTE	ACD -	ACBG	ACO -	ACI –	ACIE -	ACIC PORTE2	ACIS1	ACIS0	193
0x07 (0x27) 0x06 (0x26)	DDRE			_	_	_	PORTE2 DDE2	PORTE1 DDE1	PORTE0 DDE0	82 82
0x05 (0x25)	PINE		_	_	_	_	PINE2	PINE1	PINE0	82
, ,	OSCCAL				Oscillator Cali	ibration Register	1			38
0x04 <sup>(1)</sup> (0x24) <sup>(1)</sup>	OCDR					ebug Register				200
					· · · · · ·					
0x03 (0x23)	UDR1				USARTITIC	Data Register				184





Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x01 (0x21)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	185
0x00 (0x20)	UBRR1L		USART1 Baud Rate Register Low Byte					188		

Notes:

- 1. When the OCDEN Fuse is unprogrammed, the OSCCAL Register is always accessed on this address. Refer to the debugger specific documentation for details on how to use the OCDR Register.
- 2. Refer to the USART description for details on how to access UBRRH and UCSRC.
- 3. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.
- 4. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O Register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.

## **Instruction Set Summary**

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND	LOGIC INSTRUCTIO	NS			
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh : Rdl \leftarrow Rdh : Rdl + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl - K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd v Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	Rd ← Rd + 1	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	Rd ← Rd ⊕ Rd	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd \times Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	R1:R0 ← (Rd x Rr) << 1	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
BRANCH INSTRUC		Deletive house	DO DO H - 4	None	
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	2
IJMP	1.	Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	2
JMP RCALL	k	Direct Jump	PC ← k	None	3
	K	Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	
ICALL	k	Indirect Call to (Z)  Direct Subroutine Call	PC ← Z PC ← k	None	3 4
RET	K	Subroutine Return	PC ← K PC ← STACK	None None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK PC ← STACK	None	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1/2/3
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare With Carry  Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if $(Rr(b)=0)$ PC $\leftarrow$ PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if $(Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3$	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if $(P(b)=0)$ PC $\leftarrow$ PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC $\leftarrow$ PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC←PC+k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if $(Z = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if $(N = 0)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V= 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N $\oplus$ V= 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T Flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T Flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then PC $\leftarrow$ PC + k + 1	None	1/2
DDVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS					





Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if ( I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
DATA TRANSFER	INSTRUCTIONS				
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	$Rd \leftarrow K$	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$ , $Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$ , $Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$ , $Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow Rr, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1$ , $(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
ST	- Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1$ , $(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1$ , $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	$(k) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	$Rd \leftarrow P$	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	$P \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	$Rd \leftarrow STACK$	None	2
BIT AND BIT-TES	TINSTRUCTIONS				
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0)\leftarrow C,Rd(n+1)\leftarrow Rd(n),C\leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7)\leftarrow C,Rd(n)\leftarrow Rd(n+1),C\leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	$Rd(30) \leftarrow Rd(74), Rd(74) \leftarrow Rd(30)$	None	1
BSET	S	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	S	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$	Т	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit load from T to Register	$Rd(b) \leftarrow T$	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	С	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	С	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ	1	Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI	1	Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	1 ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	Т	1
SET					
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	Т	1

# ■ ATmega162(V/U/L)

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks		
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1		
MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS							
NOP		No Operation		None	1		
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1		
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/Timer)	None	1		
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A		





## **Ordering Information**

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
1	1.8 - 3.6V	ATmega162V-1AC ATmega162V-1PC ATmega162V-1MC	44A 40P6 44M1	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
8	2.4 - 4.0V	ATmega162U-8AC ATmega162U-8PC ATmega162U-8MC	44A 40P6 44M1	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
8	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega162L-8AC ATmega162L-8PC ATmega162L-8MC	44A 40P6 44M1	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		ATmega162L-8AI ATmega162L-8PI ATmega162L-8MI	44A 40P6 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
16	4.5 - 5.5V	ATmega162-16AC ATmega162-16PC ATmega162-16MC	44A 40P6 44M1	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		ATmega162-16AI ATmega162-16PI ATmega162-16MI	44A 40P6 44M1	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

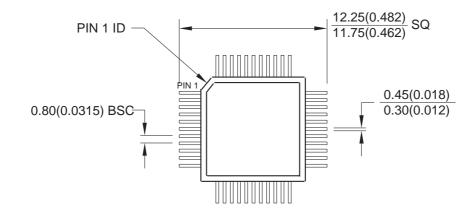
Note: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

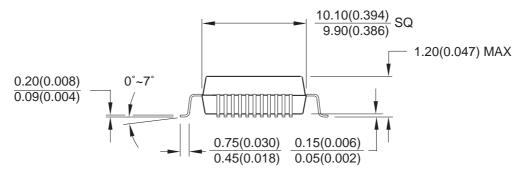
Package Type				
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)			
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)			
44M1	44-pad, 7 x 7 x 1.0 mm body, lead pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF)			

### **Packaging Information**

#### 44A

44-lead, Thin (1.0mm) Plastic Quad Flat Package (TQFP), 10x10mm body, 2.0mm footprint, 0.8mm pitch. Dimension in Millimeters and (Inches)\*
JEDEC STANDARD MS-026 ACB





\*Controlling dimension: millimeter

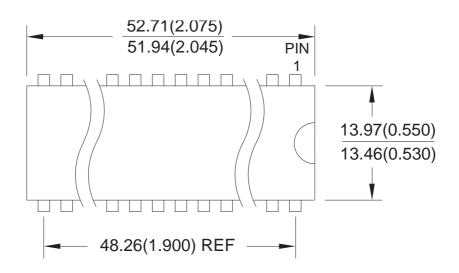
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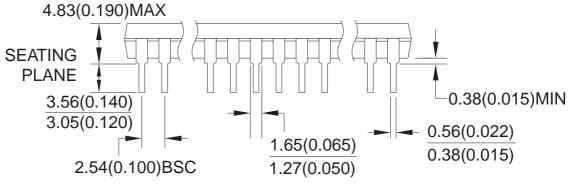


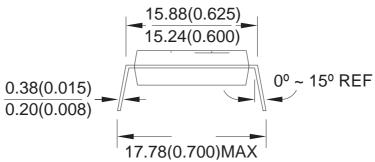


#### 40P6

40-lead, Plastic Dual Inline
Package (PDIP), 0.600" wide
Dimension in Millimeters and (Inches)\*
JEDEC STANDARD MS-011 AC



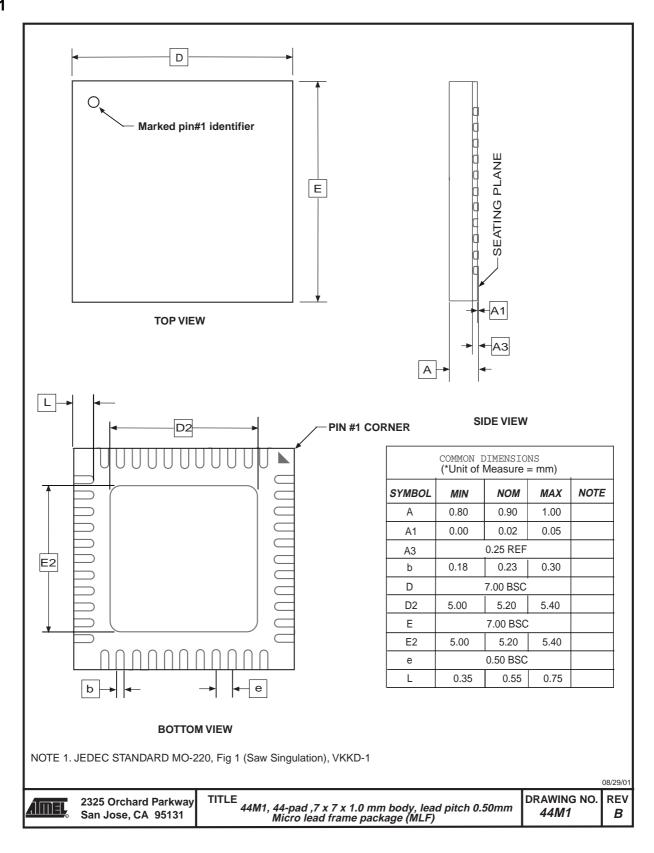




\*Controlling dimension: Inches

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#### 44M1







# Data Sheet Change Log for ATmega162

Please note that the referring page numbers in this section are referred to this document. The referring revision in this section are referring to the document revision.

Changes from Rev. 2513A-05/02 to Rev. 2513B-09/02

1. Added information for ATmega162U.

Information about ATmega162U included in "Features" on page 1, Table 19, "BODLEVEL Fuse Coding," on page 49, and "Ordering Information" on page 14.

Changes from Rev. 2513B-09/02 to Rev. 2513C-09/02

1. Canged the Endurance on the Flash to 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles.



#### **Atmel Headquarters**

Corporate Headquarters 2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 487-2600

#### Europe

Atmel Sarl Route des Arsenaux 41 Case Postale 80 CH-1705 Fribourg Switzerland TEL (41) 26-426-5555 FAX (41) 26-426-5500

#### Asia

Room 1219 Chinachem Golden Plaza 77 Mody Road Tsimhatsui East Kowloon Hong Kong TEL (852) 2721-9778 FAX (852) 2722-1369

#### Japan

9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg. 1-24-8 Shinkawa Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033 Japan TEL (81) 3-3523-3551 FAX (81) 3-3523-7581

#### **Atmel Operations**

#### Memory

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 436-4314

#### Microcontrollers

2325 Orchard Parkway San Jose, CA 95131 TEL 1(408) 441-0311 FAX 1(408) 436-4314

La Chantrerie BP 70602 44306 Nantes Cedex 3, France TEL (33) 2-40-18-18-18 FAX (33) 2-40-18-19-60

#### ASIC/ASSP/Smart Cards

Zone Industrielle 13106 Rousset Cedex, France TEL (33) 4-42-53-60-00 FAX (33) 4-42-53-60-01

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906 TEL 1(719) 576-3300 FAX 1(719) 540-1759

Scottish Enterprise Technology Park Maxwell Building East Kilbride G75 0QR, Scotland TEL (44) 1355-803-000 FAX (44) 1355-242-743

#### RF/Automotive

Theresienstrasse 2 Postfach 3535 74025 Heilbronn, Germany TEL (49) 71-31-67-0 FAX (49) 71-31-67-2340

1150 East Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd. Colorado Springs, CO 80906 TEL 1(719) 576-3300 FAX 1(719) 540-1759

Biometrics/Imaging/Hi-Rel MPU/ High Speed Converters/RF Datacom Avenue de Rochepleine BP 123 38521 Saint-Egreve Cedex, France TEL (33) 4-76-58-30-00 FAX (33) 4-76-58-34-80

e-mail
literature@atmel.com

Web Site http://www.atmel.com

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