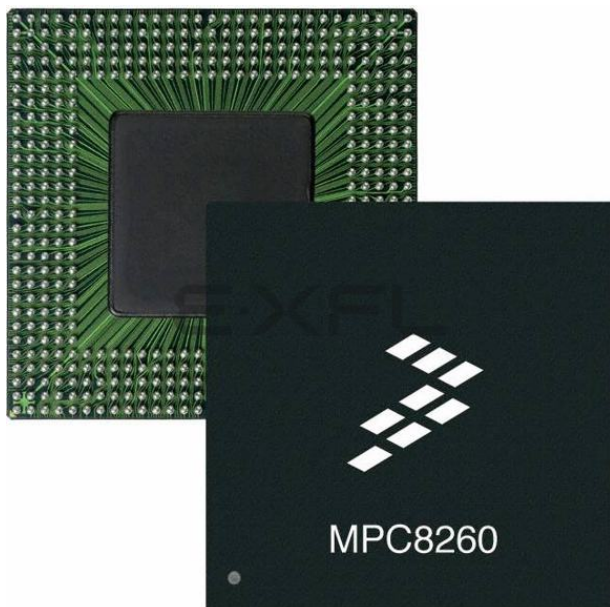




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Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

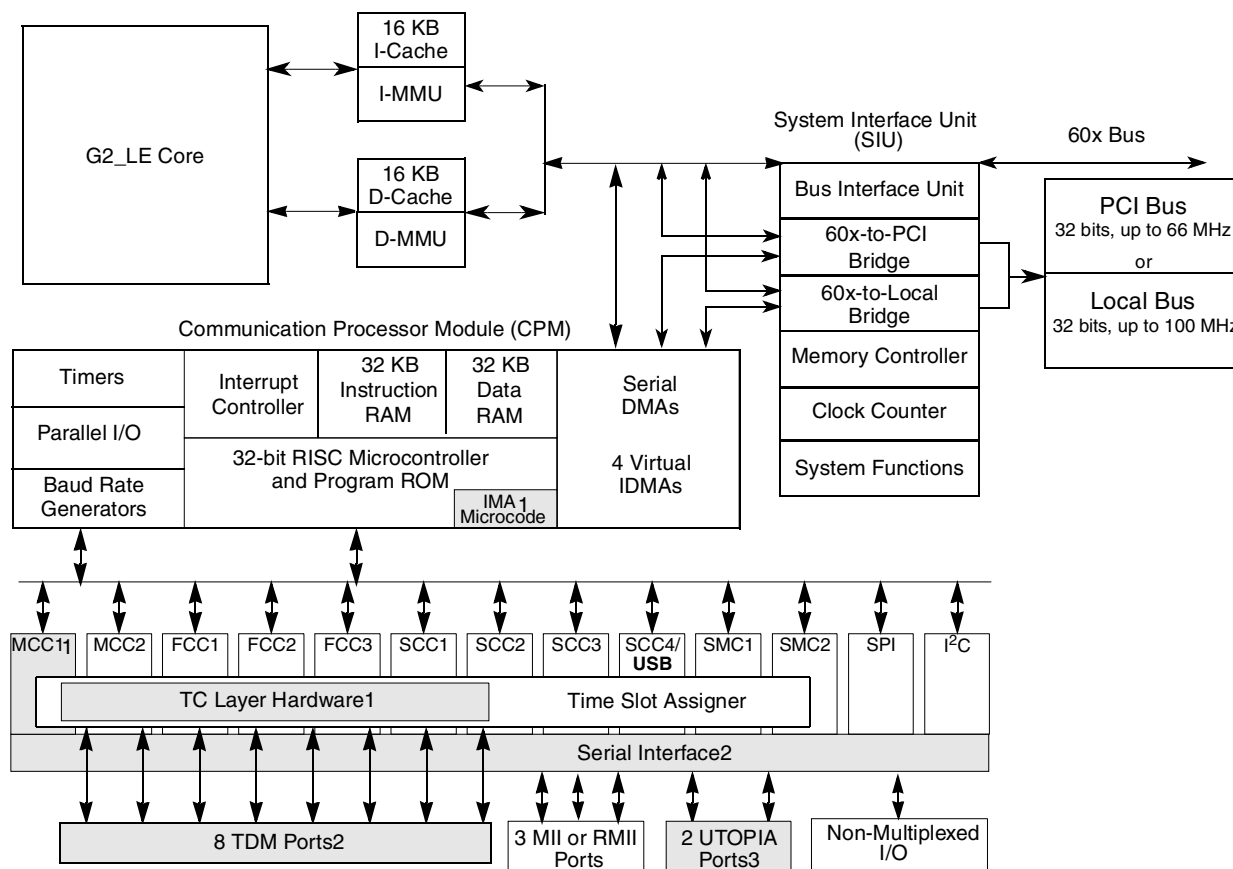
Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2_LE
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	450MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	USB 2.0 (1)
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/kmpc8270vvupea

This figure shows the block diagram of the SoC. Shaded portions are SoC-specific; see the notes below the figure.



Notes:

¹ MPC8280 only (**not on MPC8270**, the VR package, nor the ZQ package)

² MPC8280 has 2 serial interface (SI) blocks and 8 TDM ports. MPC8270 and the VR and ZQ packages have only 1 SI block and 4 TDM ports (TDM2[A–D]).

³ MPC8280, MPC8275VR, MPC8275ZQ only (**not on MPC8270**, MPC8270VR, nor MPC8270ZQ)

Figure 1. SoC Block Diagram

1.1 Features

The major features of the SoC are as follows:

- Dual-issue integer (G2_LE) core
 - A core version of the EC603e microprocessor
 - System core microprocessor supporting frequencies of 166–450 MHz
 - Separate 16 KB data and instruction caches:
 - Four-way set associative
 - Physically addressed
 - LRU replacement algorithm
 - Power Architecture®-compliant memory management unit (MMU)

- ATM—Full-duplex SAR protocols at 155 Mbps, through UTOPIA interface, AAL5, AAL1, AAL0 protocols, TM 4.0 CBR, VBR, UBR, ABR traffic types, up to 64 K external connections (no ATM support for the MPC8270)
 - Transparent
 - HDLC—Up to T3 rates (clear channel)
 - FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer (MPC8280 only)
- Two multichannel controllers (MCCs) (one MCC on the MPC8270)
 - Each MCC handles 128 serial, full-duplex, 64-Kbps data channels. Each MCC can be split into four subgroups of 32 channels each.
 - Almost any combination of subgroups can be multiplexed to single or multiple TDM interfaces up to four TDM interfaces per MCC
- Four serial communications controllers (SCCs) identical to those on the MPC860, supporting the digital portions of the following protocols:
 - Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS
 - HDLC/SDLC and HDLC bus
 - Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART)
 - Synchronous UART
 - Binary synchronous (BISYNC) communications
 - Transparent
- Universal serial bus (USB) controller
 - Supports USB 2.0 full/low rate compatible
 - USB host mode
 - Supports control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - Supports both 12- and 1.5-Mbps data rates (automatic generation of preamble token and data rate configuration). Note that low-speed operation requires an external hub.
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Supports local loopback mode for diagnostics (12 Mbps only)
 - Supports USB slave mode
 - Four independent endpoints support control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - CRC5 checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - 12- or 1.5-Mbps data rate
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Automatic retransmission upon transmit error
 - Two serial management controllers (SMCs), identical to those of the MPC860

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics¹ (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{OL} = 6.0\text{mA}$ $\overline{BR}$ $\overline{BG}$ $\overline{ABB}/\overline{IRQ2}$ $\overline{TS}$ $A[0-31]$ $TT[0-4]$ $\overline{TBST}$ $TSIZE[0-3]$ $\overline{AACK}$ $\overline{ARTRY}$ $\overline{DBG}$ $\overline{DBB}/\overline{IRQ3}$ $D[0-63]$ $DP(0)/\overline{RSRV}/\overline{EXT_BR2}$ $DP(1)/\overline{IRQ1}/\overline{EXT_BG2}$ $DP(2)/\overline{TLBISYNC}/\overline{IRQ2}/\overline{EXT_DBG2}$ $DP(3)/\overline{IRQ3}/\overline{EXT_BR3}/\overline{CKSTP_OUT}$ $DP(4)/\overline{IRQ4}/\overline{EXT_BG3}/\overline{CORE_SREST}$ $DP(5)/\overline{TBEN}/\overline{EXT_DBG3}/\overline{IRQ5}/\overline{CINT}$ $DP(6)/\overline{CSE(0)}/\overline{IRQ6}$ $DP(7)/\overline{CSE(1)}/\overline{IRQ7}$ $\overline{PSDVAL}$ $\overline{TA}$ $\overline{TEA}$ $\overline{GBL}/\overline{IRQ1}$ $\overline{CI}/\overline{BADDR29}/\overline{IRQ2}$ $\overline{WT}/\overline{BADDR30}/\overline{IRQ3}$ $\overline{L2_HIT}/\overline{IRQ4}$ $\overline{CPU_BG}/\overline{BADDR31}/\overline{IRQ5}/\overline{CINT}$ $\overline{CPU_DBG}$ $\overline{CPU_BR}$ $\overline{IRQ0}/\overline{NMI_OUT}$ $\overline{IRQ7}/\overline{PCI_RSTINT_OUT}/\overline{APE}$ $\overline{PORESET}$ $\overline{HRESET}$ $\overline{SRESET}$ $\overline{RSTCONF}$	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V

- ⁴ V_{IL} for IIC interface does not match IIC standard, but does meet IIC standard for V_{OL} and should not cause any compatibility issue.
- ⁵ MPC8280, MPC8275VR, MPC8275ZQ only.

4 Thermal Characteristics

This table describes thermal characteristics for both the packages. See [Table 2](#) for information on a given SoC's package. Discussions of each characteristic are provided in [Section 4.1, "Estimation with Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance,"](#) and [Section 4.5, "Experimental Determination."](#) For the these discussions, $P_D = (V_{DD} \times I_{DD}) + P_{I/O}$, where $P_{I/O}$ is the power dissipation of the I/O drivers.

Table 6. Thermal Characteristics

Characteristic	Symbol	Value		Unit	Air Flow
		480 TBGA	516 PBGA		
Junction to ambient—single-layer board ¹	$R_{\theta JA}$	16	27	°C/W	Natural convection
		11	21		1 m/s
Junction to ambient—four-layer board	$R_{\theta JA}$	12	19	°C/W	Natural convection
		9	16		1 m/s
Junction to board ²	$R_{\theta JB}$	6	11	°C/W	—
Junction to case ³	$R_{\theta JC}$	2	8	°C/W	—
Junction-to-package top ⁴	Ψ_{JT}	2	2	°C/W	—

¹ Assumes no thermal vias

² Thermal resistance between the die and the printed circuit board per JEDEC JESD51-8. Board temperature is measured on the top surface of the board near the package.

³ Thermal resistance between the die and the case top surface as measured by the cold plate method (MIL SPEC-883 Method 1012.1).

⁴ Thermal characterization parameter indicating the temperature difference between package top and the junction temperature per JEDEC JESD51-2. When Greek letters are not available, the thermal characterization parameter is written as Psi-JT.

4.1 Estimation with Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance

An estimation of the chip junction temperature, T_J , in °C can be obtained from the following equation:

$$T_J = T_A + (R_{\theta JA} \times P_D)$$

where:

T_A = ambient temperature (°C)

$R_{\theta JA}$ = package junction-to-ambient thermal resistance (°C/W)

P_D = power dissipation in package

The junction-to-ambient thermal resistance is an industry standard value that provides a quick and easy estimation of thermal performance. However, the answer is only an estimate; test cases have demonstrated that errors of a factor of two (in the quantity $T_J - T_A$) are possible.

6 AC Electrical Characteristics

The following sections include illustrations and tables of clock diagrams, signals, and CPM outputs and inputs for 66.67/83.33/100 MHz devices. Note that AC timings are based on a 50-pf load for MAX Delay and 10-pf load for MIN delay. Typical output buffer impedances are shown in this table.

Table 8. Output Buffer Impedances¹

Output Buffers	Typical Impedance (Ω)
60x bus	45 or 27 ²
Local bus	45
Memory controller	45 or 27 ²
Parallel I/O	45
PCI	27

¹ These are typical values at 65° C. Impedance may vary by $\pm 25\%$ with process and temperature.

² On silicon revision 0.0 (mask #: 0K49M), selectable impedance is not available. Impedance is set at 45 Ω .
On all other revisions, impedance value is selected through the SIUMCR[20,21]. See the SoC reference manual.

6.1 CPM AC Characteristics

This table lists CPM output characteristics.

Table 9. AC Characteristics for CPM Outputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)					
Max	Min		Maximum Delay			Minimum Delay		
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp36a	sp37a	FCC outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	5.5	5.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp36b	sp37b	FCC outputs—external clock (NMSI)	8	8	8	2	2	2
sp38a	sp39a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	10	10	0	0	0
sp38b	sp39b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—external clock (NMSI)	8	8	8	2	2	2
sp40	sp41	TDM outputs/SI	11	11	11	2.5	2.5	2.5
sp42	sp43	TIMER/IDMA outputs	11	11	11	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp42a	sp43a	PIO outputs	11	11	11	0.5	0.5	0.5

¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

This figure shows the FCC external clock.

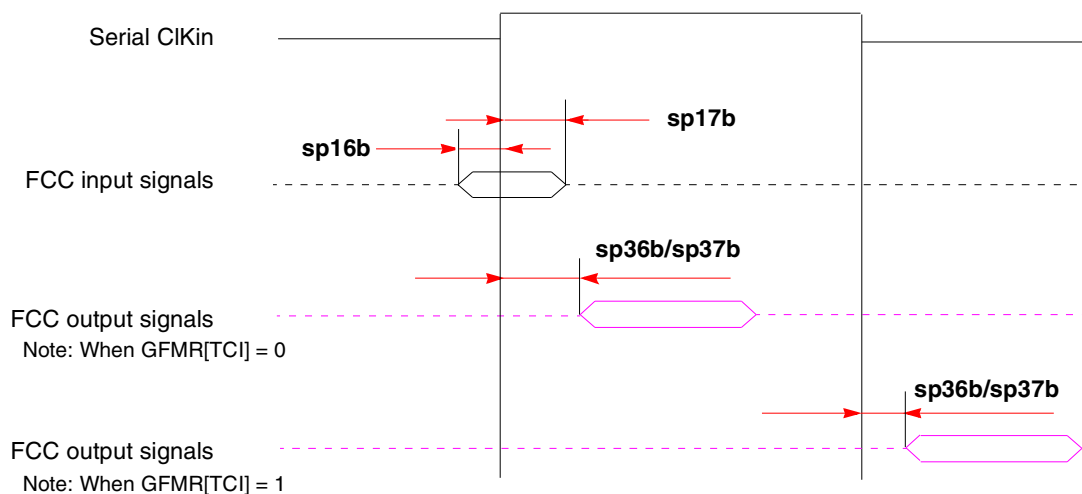
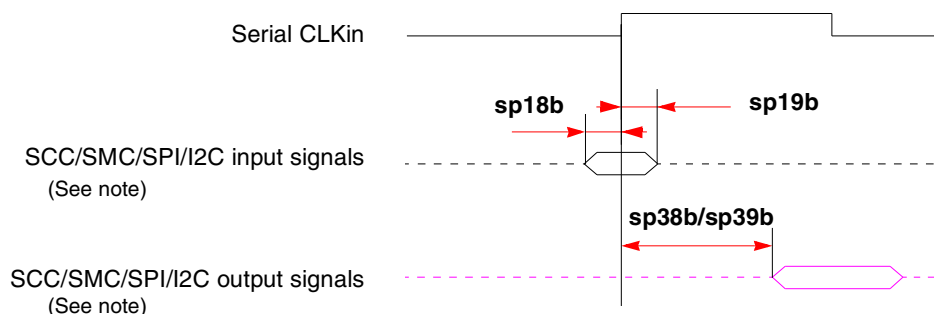


Figure 4. FCC External Clock Diagram

This figure shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C external clock.



Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 5. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C External Clock Diagram

NOTE

Activating data pipelining (setting BRx[DR] in the memory controller) improves the AC timing.

This table lists SIU input characteristics.

Table 13. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)					
Setup	Hold		Setup			Hold		
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/TA/TS/DBG/BG/BR/ARTRY/TEA	6	5	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp13	sp10	Data bus in ECC and PARITY modes	7	5	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp13a	sp10	Pipeline mode—Data bus (with or without ECC/PARITY)	5	4	2.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp14	sp10	DP pins	7	5	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp14a	sp10	Pipeline mode—DP pins	—	4	2.5	—	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	3.5	0.5	0.5	0.5

¹ Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

This table lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 14. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)					
Max	Min		Maximum Delay			Minimum Delay		
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp31	sp30	PSDVAL/TEA/TA	7	6	5.5	1	1	1
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp33a	sp30	Data bus ²	6.5	6.5	5.5	0.7	0.7	0.7
sp33b	sp30	DP	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	5.5	1	1	1
sp35a	sp30	AP	7	7	7	1	1	1

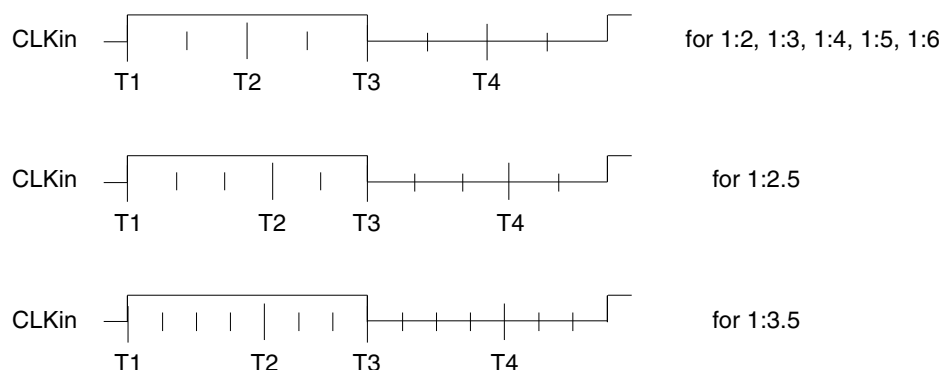
¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

² To achieve 1 ns of hold time at 66, 83, or 100 MHz, a minimum loading of 20 pF is required.

Table 15. Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

PLL Clock Ratio	Tick Spacing (T1 Occurs at the Rising Edge of CLKIn)		
	T2	T3	T4
1:2, 1:3, 1:4, 1:5, 1:6	1/4 CLKIn	1/2 CLKIn	3/4 CLKIn
1:2.5	3/10 CLKIn	1/2 CLKIn	8/10 CLKIn
1:3.5	4/14 CLKIn	1/2 CLKIn	11/14 CLKIn

This table is a representation of the information in [Table 15](#).


Figure 12. Internal Tick Spacing for Memory Controller Signals

NOTE

The UPM machine outputs change on the internal tick determined by the memory controller programming; the AC specifications are relative to the internal tick. Note that SDRAM and GPCM machine outputs change on CLKIn's rising edge.

6.3 JTAG Timings

This table lists the JTAG timings.

Table 16. JTAG Timings¹

Parameter	Symbol ²	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
JTAG external clock frequency of operation	f_{JTG}	0	33.3	MHz	—
JTAG external clock cycle time	t_{JTG}	30	—	ns	—
JTAG external clock pulse width measured at 1.4V	t_{JTKHKL}	15	—	ns	—
JTAG external clock rise and fall times	t_{JTGR} and t_{JTGF}	0	5	ns	⁶
TRST assert time	t_{TRST}	25	—	ns	^{3, 6}
Input setup times Boundary-scan data TMS, TDI	t_{JTDVKH}	4	—	ns	^{4, 7}
	t_{JTIVKH}	4	—	ns	^{4, 7}

Table 17. SoC Clocking Modes

Pins			Clocking Mode	PCI Clock Frequency Range (MHZ)	Reference
PCI_MODE	PCI_CFG[0]	PCI_MODCK ¹			
1	—	—	Local bus	—	Table 18
0	0	0	PCI host	50–66	Table 19
0	0	1		25–50	Table 20
0	1	0	PCI agent	50–66	Table 21
0	1	1		25–50	Table 22

¹ Determines PCI clock frequency range. See [Section 7.2, “PCI Host Mode,”](#) and [Section 7.3, “PCI Agent Mode.”](#)

Within each mode, the configuration of bus, core, PCI, and CPM frequencies is determined by seven bits during the power-on reset—three hardware configuration pins (MODCK[1–3]) and four bits from hardware configuration word[28–31] (MODCK_H). Both the PLLs and the dividers are set according to the selected clock operation mode as described in the following sections.

7.1 Local Bus Mode

This table lists clock configurations for the SoC in local bus mode. The frequencies listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user’s device.

NOTE

Clock configurations change only after $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ is asserted.

Table 18. Clock Configurations for Local Bus Mode¹

Mode ²	Bus Clock ³ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)	
	MODCK_H-MODCK[1:3]	Low		High	Low		High	Low
Default Modes (MODCK_H= 0000)								
0000_000	37.5	133.3	3	112.5	400.0	4	150.0	533.3
0000_001	33.3	133.3	3	100.0	400.0	5	166.7	666.7
0000_010	37.5	100.0	4	150.0	400.0	4	150.0	400.0
0000_011	30.0	100.0	4	120.0	400.0	5	150.0	500.0
0000_100	60.0	167.0	2	120.0	334.0	2.5	150.0	417.5
0000_101	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	3	150.0	501.0
0000_110	60.0	160.0	2.5	150.0	400.0	2.5	150.0	400.0
0000_111	50.0	160.0	2.5	125.0	400.0	3	150.0	480.0
Full Configuration Modes								
0001_000	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	4	200.0	668.0

Table 18. Clock Configurations for Local Bus Mode¹ (continued)

Mode ²	Bus Clock ³ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)	
	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0110_000	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	3.5	250.0	584.5
0110_001	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	4	250.0	668.0
0110_010	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	4.5	250.0	751.5
0110_011	Reserved							
0110_100	60.0	160.0	2.5	150.0	400.0	2.5	150.0	400.0
0110_101	50.0	160.0	2.5	125.0	400.0	3	150.0	480.0
0110_110	42.9	160.0	2.5	107.1	400.0	3.5	150.0	560.0
0110_111	40.0	160.0	2.5	100.0	400.0	4	160.0	640.0
0111_000	40.0	160.0	2.5	100.0	400.0	4.5	180.0	720.0
0111_001	Reserved							
0111_010	Reserved							
0111_011	50.0	133.3	3	150.0	400.0	3	150.0	400.0
0111_100	42.9	133.3	3	128.6	400.0	3.5	150.0	466.7
0111_101	37.5	133.3	3	112.5	400.0	4	150.0	533.3
0111_110	33.3	133.3	3	100.0	400.0	4.5	150.0	600.0
0111_111	Reserved							
1000_000	Reserved							
1000_001	Reserved							
1000_010	42.9	114.3	3.5	150.0	400.0	3.5	150.0	400.0
1000_011	37.5	114.3	3.5	131.3	400.0	4	150.0	457.1
1000_100	33.3	114.3	3.5	116.7	400.0	4.5	150.0	514.3
1000_101	30.0	114.3	3.5	105.0	400.0	5	150.0	571.4
1000_110	28.6	114.3	3.5	100.0	400.0	5.5	150.0	628.6
1100_000	Reserved							
1100_001	Reserved							
1100_010	Reserved							
1101_000	Reserved							

- ¹ The “low” values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency in a table entry guarantees only the required minimum CPU operating frequency. The “high” values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not violate the frequency rating of the user’s device. The minimum CPM frequency is 120 MHz. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3 , the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5 : for Rev0.1 the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz; for Rev A or later the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices.
- ² MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31]. MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.
- ³ 60x and local bus frequency. Identical to CLKIN.
- ⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock
- ⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

7.2 PCI Host Mode

These tables show clock configurations for PCI host mode. The frequency values listed are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not exceed the frequency rating of the user’s device. Note that in PCI host mode the input clock is the following:

NOTE: PCI_MODCK

In PCI mode only, PCI_MODCK comes from the LGPL5 pin and MODCK_H[0–3] comes from {LGPL0, LGPL1, LGPL2, LGPL3}.

NOTE: Tval (Output Hold)

The minimum Tval = 2 ns when PCI_MODCK = 1, and the minimum Tval = 1 ns when PCI_MODCK = 0. Therefore, designers should use clock configurations that fit this condition to achieve PCI-compliant AC timing.

Table 19. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2}

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
Default Modes (MODCK_H=0000)											
0000_000	60.0	66.7	2	120.0	133.3	2.5	150.0	166.7	2	60.0	66.7
0000_001	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3	150.0	200.0	2	50.0	66.7
0000_010	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	3	50.0	66.7
0000_011	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3.5	210.0	280.0	3	50.0	66.7
0000_100	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	4	240.0	320.0	3	50.0	66.7
0000_101	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0000_110	50.0	66.7	3.5	150.0	200.0	3.5	175.0	233.3	3	50.0	66.7
0000_111	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4	200.0	266.6	3	50.0	66.7
Full Configuration Modes											
0001_000	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	5	250.0	333.3	3	50.0	66.7

Table 19. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
1010_011	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	3.5	262.5	350.0	3	50.0	66.7
1010_100	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	4	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.7
1011_000	Reserved										
1011_001	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	2.5	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1011_010	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	3	240.0	320.0	4	50.0	66.7
1011_011	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	3.5	280.0	373.3	4	50.0	66.7
1011_100	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	4	320.0	426.6	4	50.0	66.7
1011_101	80.0	106.7	2.5	200.0	266.6	4.5	360.0	480.0	4	50.0	66.7
1101_000	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	3	300.0	400.0	5	50.0	66.7
1101_001	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	3.5	350.0	466.6	5	50.0	66.7
1101_010	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	4	400.0	533.3	5	50.0	66.7
1101_011	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	4.5	450.0	599.9	5	50.0	66.7
1101_100	100.0	133.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	5	500.0	666.6	5	50.0	66.7
1101_101	125.0	166.7	2	250.0	333.3	3	375.0	500.0	5	50.0	66.7
1101_110	125.0	166.7	2	250.0	333.3	4	500.0	666.6	5	50.0	66.7
1110_000	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	3.5	350.0	466.6	6	50.0	66.7
1110_001	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	4	400.0	533.3	6	50.0	66.7
1110_010	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	4.5	450.0	599.9	6	50.0	66.7
1110_011	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	5	500.0	666.6	6	50.0	66.7
1110_100	100.0	133.3	3	300.0	400.0	5.5	550.0	733.3	6	50.0	66.7
1100_000	Reserved										
1100_001	Reserved										
1100_010	Reserved										

Table 21. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
1110_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	500.0	666.6	2	125.0	166.7
1110_100	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	333.3	444.4	3	83.3	111.1
1110_101	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4.5	375.0	500.0	3	83.3	111.1
1110_110	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	416.7	555.5	3	83.3	111.1
1110_111	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5.5	458.3	611.1	3	83.3	111.1
1100_000	Reserved										
1100_001	Reserved										
1100_010	Reserved										

¹ The “low” values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency in a table entry guarantees only the required minimum CPU operating frequency. The “high” values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not violate the frequency rating of the user’s device. The minimum CPM frequency is 120 MHz. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3 , the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5 : for Rev 0.1 the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz; for Rev A or later the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices.

² As shown in [Table 17](#), PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. See [Table 20](#) for lower configurations.

³ MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31]. MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.

⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/PCI clock

⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

Table 22. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2}

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
Default Modes (MODCK_H=0000)											
0000_000	30.0	50.0	4	120.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	250.0	2	60.0	100.0
0000_001	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	2	50.0	100.0
0000_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	50.0	100.0
0000_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	200.0	400.0	3	50.0	100.0
0000_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0000_101	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0000_110	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	233.3	466.7	3	66.7	133.3

Table 22. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0110_000	Reserved										
0110_001	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	3	66.7	133.3
0110_010	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	233.3	466.7	3	66.7	133.3
0110_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	3	66.7	133.3
0110_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	3	66.7	133.3
0111_000	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2	150.0	300.0	2	75.0	150.0
0111_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2.5	187.5	375.0	2	75.0	150.0
0111_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	225.0	450.0	2	75.0	150.0
0111_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	262.5	525.0	2	75.0	150.0
1000_000	Reserved										
1000_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	240.0	480.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1000_101	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1001_000	Reserved										
1001_001	Reserved										
1001_010	Reserved										
1001_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	200.0	400.0	4	50.0	100.0
1001_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	4	50.0	100.0
1010_000	Reserved										
1010_001	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	3	66.7	133.3
1010_010	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	233.3	466.7	3	66.7	133.3
1010_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	3	66.7	133.3
1010_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	3	66.7	133.3
1011_000	Reserved										
1011_001	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	2.5	80.0	160.0

- ² As shown in [Table 17](#), PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock range. See [Table 20](#) for higher range configurations.
- ³ MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31]. MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.
- ⁴ CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/PCI clock
- ⁵ CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

8 Pinout

This section provides the pin assignments and pinout lists for both HiP7 PowerQUICC II packages.

8.1 ZU and VV Packages—MPC8280 and MPC8270

The following figures and table represent the standard 480 TBGA package. For information on the alternate package, see [Section 8.2, “VR and ZQ Packages—MPC8275 and MPC8270.”](#)

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
PC0/DREQ1/BRGO7/SMSYN2/ L1CLKOA2		AB26 ²
PC1/DREQ2/BRGO6/L1RQA2/ SPISEL		AD29 ²
PC2/FCC3_CD/DONE2	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AE29 ²
PC3/FCC3_CTS/DACK2/CTS4/ USB_RP	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	AE27 ²
PC4/SI2_L1ST4/FCC2_CD	FCC2_UTM_RXENB/ FCC2_UTS_RXENB	AF27 ²
PC5/SI2_L1ST3/FCC2_CTS	FCC2_UTM_TXCLAV/ FCC2_UTS_TXCLAV	AF24 ²
PC6/FCC1_CD	L1CLKOC1/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR2/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV1	AJ26 ²
PC7/FCC1_CTS	L1RQC1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR2/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV1	AJ25 ²
PC8/CD4/RENA4/SI2_L1ST2/CTS3/ USBRN	FCC1_UT16_TXD0	AF22 ²
PC9/CTS4/CLSN4/SI2_L1ST1/ L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2/USB_RP	FCC1_UT16_TXD1	AE21 ²
PC10/CD3/RENA3	FCC1_UT16_TXD2/SI1_L1ST4/ FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AF20 ²
PC11/CTS3/CLSN3/L1TXD3A2	L1CLKOD1/FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AE19 ²
PC12/CD2/RENA2	SI1_L1ST3/FCC1_UTM_RXADDR1/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR1	AE18 ²
PC13/CTS2/CLSN2	L1RQD1/FCC1_UTM_TXADDR1/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR1	AH18 ²
PC14/CD1/RENA1	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR0/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR0	AH17 ²
PC15/CTS1/CLSN1/SMTXD2	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR0/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR0	AG16 ²
PC16/CLK16/TIN4		AF15 ²
PC17/CLK15/TIN3/BRGO8		AJ15 ²
PC18/CLK14/TGATE2		AH14 ²
PC19/CLK13/BRGO7/SPICLK		AG13 ²
PC20/CLK12/TGATE1/USB_OE		AH12 ²
PC21/CLK11/BRGO6		AJ11 ²
PC22/CLK10/DONE1/FCC1_UT_TXPRTY		AG10 ²
PC23/CLK9/BRGO5/DACK1		AE10 ²

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
D53		J2
D54		H5
D55		F3
D56		V3
D57		R5
D58		R2
D59		N5
D60		L2
D61		J3
D62		H1
D63		F4
DP0/RSRV/EXT_BR2		AB3
IRQ1/DP1/EXT_BG2		W5
IRQ2/DP2/TLBISYNC/EXT_DBG2		AC2
IRQ3/DP3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3		AA3
IRQ4/DP4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3		AD1
IRQ5/CINT/DP5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3		AC1
IRQ6/DP6/CSE0		AB2
IRQ7/DP7/CSE1		Y3
PSDVAL		D15
TA		Y4
TEA		D16
GBL/IRQ1		E15
CI/BADDR29/IRQ2		D14
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3		E14
L2_HIT/IRQ4		A17
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5/CINT		B14
CPU_DBG		F13
CPU_BR		B17
CS0		AC6
CS1		AD6
CS2		AE6
CS3		AB7

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PB15/FCC3_MII_TX_ER/RXD2		U24 ²
PB16/FCC3_MII_RMII_RX_ER/CLK18		R22 ²
PB17/FCC3_MII_RX_DV/CLK17/ FCC3_RMII_CRS_DV		R23 ²
PB18/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD3/ L1CLKOD2/L1RXD2A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD4	M23 ²
PB19/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD2/ L1RQD2/L1RXD3A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD5	L24 ²
PB20/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD1/ L1RSYNCD2	FCC2_UT8_RXD6	K24 ²
PB21//FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD0/ FCC2_TRAN_RXD/L1TSYNCD2/ L1GNTD2	FCC2_UT8_RXD7	L21 ²
PB22/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_TXD0/ FCC2_TXD/FCC2_RMII_TXD0/ L1RXDD2	FCC2_UT8_TXD7	P25 ²
PB23/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ L1RXD2A1/L1TXDD2/ FCC2_RMII_TXD1	FCC2_UT8_TXD6	N25 ²
PB24/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD2/ L1RSYNCC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD5	E26 ²
PB25/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD3/ L1TSYNCC2/L1GNTC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD4	H23 ²
PB26/FCC2_MII_CRS/L1RXDC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD1	C26 ²
PB27/FCC2_MII_COL/L1TXDC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD0	B26 ²
PB28/FCC2_MII_RX_ER/FCC2_RMII_RX_ER/ FCC2_RTS/L1TSYNCB2/L1GNTB2/TXD1		A22 ²
PB29/L1RSYNCB2/ FCC2_MII_TX_EN/FCC2_RMII_TX_EN	FCC2_UTM_RXCLAV/ FCC2_UTS_RXCLAV	A21 ²
PB30/FCC2_MII_RX_DV/L1RXDB2/ FCC2_RMII_CRS_DV	FCC2_UT_TXSOC	E20 ²
PB31/FCC2_MII_TX_ER/L1TXDB2	FCC2_UT_RXSOC	C20 ²
PC0/DREQ1/BRGO7/SMSYN2/ L1CLKOA2		AE22 ²
PC1/DREQ2/SPISEL/BRGO6/L1RQA2		AA19 ²
PC2/FCC3_CD/DONE2	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AF24 ²
PC3/FCC3_CTS/DACK2/CTS4/ USB_RP	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	AE25 ²
PC4/SI2_L1ST4/FCC2_CD	FCC2_UTM_RXENB/ FCC2_UTS_RXENB	AB22 ²

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PC31/CLK1/BRGO1		B20 ²
PD4/BRGO8/ $\overline{\text{FCC3_RTS}}$ /SMRXD2		AF23 ²
PD5/ $\overline{\text{DONE1}}$	FCC1_UT16_TXD3	AE23 ²
PD6/ $\overline{\text{DACK1}}$	FCC1_UT16_TXD4	AB21 ²
PD7/SMSYN1/FCC1_TXCLAV2	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR3/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR3/ FCC2_UTM_TXADDR4 FCC2_UTS_TXADDR1	AD23 ²
PD8/SMRXD1/BRGO5	FCC2_UT_TXPRTY	AD26 ²
PD9/SMTXD1/BRGO3	FCC2_UT_RXPRTY	Y22 ²
PD10/L1CLKOB2/BRGO4	FCC2_UT8_RXD1	AB24 ²
PD11/L1RQB2	FCC2_UT8_RXD0 L1GNTB1	Y23 ²
PD12		AA26 ²
PD13		W24 ²
PD14/L1CLKOC2/I2CSCL	FCC1_UT16_RXD0	V22 ²
PD15/L1RQC2/I2CSDA	FCC1_UT16_RXD1	U26 ²
PD16/SPIMISO	FCC1_UT_TXPRTY	T23 ²
PD17/BRGO2/SPIMOSI	FCC1_UT_RXPRTY	R25 ²
PD18/SPICLK	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR4/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV3/ FCC2_UTM_RXADDR3/ FCC2_UTS_RXADDR0	P23 ²
PD19/SPISEL/BRGO1	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR4/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV3/ FCC2_UTM_TXADDR3/ FCC2_UTS_TXADDR0	N22 ²
PD20/ $\overline{\text{RTS4}}$ /TENA4/L1RSYNCA2/ USB_TP	FCC1_UT16_RXD2	M25 ²
PD21/TXD4/L1RXD0A2/L1RXDA2/ USB_TN	FCC1_UT16_RXD3	L25 ²
PD22/RXD4/L1TXD0A2/L1TXDA2/ USB_RXD	FCC1_UT16_TXD5	J26 ²
PD23/ $\overline{\text{RTS3}}$ /TENA3	FCC1_UT16_RXD4	K22 ²
PD24/TXD3	FCC1_UT16_RXD5	G25 ²
PD25/RXD3	FCC1_UT16_TXD6	H24 ²
PD26/ $\overline{\text{RTS2}}$ /TENA2	FCC1_UT16_RXD6	F24 ²

Table 27. Document Revision History (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.3	6/2003	- Removal of notes stating “no local bus” on VR-package devices. The MPC8270VR and the MPC8275VR have local bus support. - References to “G2 core” changed to “G2_LE core.” See the <i>G2 Core Reference Manual</i> (G2CORERM/D). - Addition of VCCSYN to “Note” below Table 4, and to note 3 of Table 5 Figure 2: New Table 5: Addition of note 1 Table 10: Addition of θ_{JB} and θ_{JC}. Modifications to ZU package values. Table 12: Addition of various configurations, Modification of values. Addition of note 3. Table 9: Addition of 66 MHZ and 100 MHz values. Addition of sp42a/sp43a. Table 20: Addition of 66 MHZ and 100 MHz values Table 12: sp30 values. sp33b @100 MHz value. Removal of previous note 2. Modification of current note 2. Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7, and Figure 8: Addition of notes - Section 6.2: Addition of note on PCI timing Table 18, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 37: Addition of note 1 concerning minimum operating frequencies - Addition of statement before clock tables about selection of clock configuration and input frequency Table 23 and Table 25: Addition of note 1 to CPM pins
0.2	11/2002	Table 25 , “VR Pinout”: Addition of C18 to the Ground (GND) pin list (page 63)
0.1	—	Initial public release