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Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2_LE
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	450MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	USB 2.0 (1)
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	480-LBGA Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	480-TBGA (37.5x37.5)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/kmpc8270zuupea

- ATM—Full-duplex SAR protocols at 155 Mbps, through UTOPIA interface, AAL5, AAL1, AAL0 protocols, TM 4.0 CBR, VBR, UBR, ABR traffic types, up to 64 K external connections (no ATM support for the MPC8270)
- Transparent
- HDLC—Up to T3 rates (clear channel)
- FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer (MPC8280 only)

— Two multichannel controllers (MCCs) (one MCC on the MPC8270)

- Each MCC handles 128 serial, full-duplex, 64-Kbps data channels. Each MCC can be split into four subgroups of 32 channels each.
- Almost any combination of subgroups can be multiplexed to single or multiple TDM interfaces up to four TDM interfaces per MCC

— Four serial communications controllers (SCCs) identical to those on the MPC860, supporting the digital portions of the following protocols:

- Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS
- HDLC/SDLC and HDLC bus
- Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART)
- Synchronous UART
- Binary synchronous (BISYNC) communications
- Transparent

• Universal serial bus (USB) controller

— Supports USB 2.0 full/low rate compatible

— USB host mode

- Supports control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
- CRC16 generation and checking
- NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
- Supports both 12- and 1.5-Mbps data rates (automatic generation of preamble token and data rate configuration). Note that low-speed operation requires an external hub.
- Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
- Supports local loopback mode for diagnostics (12 Mbps only)

— Supports USB slave mode

- Four independent endpoints support control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
- CRC16 generation and checking
- CRC5 checking
- NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
- 12- or 1.5-Mbps data rate
- Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
- Automatic retransmission upon transmit error

— Two serial management controllers (SMCs), identical to those of the MPC860

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics[1] (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
I_{OL} = 5.3mA CS[0-9] CS(10)/BCTL1 CS(11)/AP(0) BADDR[27–28] ALE BCTL0 PWE[0–7]/PSDDQM[0–7]/PBS[0–7] PSDA10/PGPL0 PSDWE/PGPL1 POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2 PSDCAS/PGPL3 PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS PSDAMUX/PGPL5 LWE[0–3]LSDDQM[0–3]/LBS[0–3]/PCI_CFG[0–3] LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0 LSDWE/LGPL1/PCI_MODCKH1 LOE/LSDRAS/LGPL2/PCI_MODCKH2 LSDCAS/LGPL3/PCI_MODCKH3 LGTA/LUPMWAIT/LGPL4/LPBS LSDAMUX/LGPL5/PCI_MODCK LWR MODCK[1–3]/AP[1–3]/TC[0–2]/BNKSEL[0–2]	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V
I_{OL} = 3.2mA L_A14/PAR L_A15/FRAME/SMI L_A16/TRDY L_A17/IRDY/CKSTP_OUT L_A18/STOP L_A19/DEVSEL L_A20/IDSEL L_A21/PERR L_A22/SERR L_A23/REQ0 L_A24/REQ1/HSEJSW L_A25/GNT0 L_A26/GNT1/HSLED L_A27/GNT2/HSENUM L_A28/RST/CORE_SRESET L_A29/INTAL_A30/REQ2 L_A31 LCL_D[0-31)]/AD[0-31] LCL_DP[03]/C/BE[0-3] PA[0–31] PB[4–31] PC[0–31] PD[4–31] TDO QREQ				

1 The default configuration of the CPM pins (PA[0–31], PB[4–31], PC[0–31], PD[4–31]) is input. To prevent excessive DC current, either pull unused pins to GND or VDDH or configure them as outputs.

2 TCK, TRST and PORESET have min VIH = 2.5V.

3 The leakage current is measured for nominal VDDH,VCCSYN, and VDD.

4.4 Estimation Using Simulation

When the board temperature is not known, a thermal simulation of the application is needed. The simple two-resistor model can be used with the thermal simulation of the application, or a more accurate and complex model of the package can be used in the thermal simulation.

4.5 Experimental Determination

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application after prototypes are available, the thermal characterization parameter (Ψ_{JT}) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

Ψ_{JT} = thermal characterization parameter

T_T = thermocouple temperature on top of package

P_D = power dissipation in package

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JEDEC JESD51-2 specification using a 40-gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

4.6 Layout Practices

Each VDD and VDDH pin should be provided with a low-impedance path to the board's power supplies. Each ground pin should likewise be provided with a low-impedance path to ground. The power supply pins drive distinct groups of logic on chip. The VDD and VDDH power supplies should be bypassed to ground using bypass capacitors located as close as possible to the four sides of the package. For filtering high frequency noise, a capacitor of 0.1uF on each VDD and VDDH pin is recommended. Further, for medium frequency noise, a total of 2 capacitors of 47uF for VDD and 2 capacitors of 47uF for VDDH are also recommended. The capacitor leads and associated printed circuit traces connecting to chip VDD, VDDH and ground should be kept to less than half an inch per capacitor lead. Boards should employ separate inner layers for power and GND planes.

All output pins on the SoC have fast rise and fall times. Printed circuit (PC) trace interconnection length should be minimized to minimize overdamped conditions and reflections caused by these fast output switching times. This recommendation particularly applies to the address and data buses. Maximum PC trace lengths of six inches are recommended. Capacitance calculations should consider all device loads as well as parasitic capacitances due to the PC traces. Attention to proper PCB layout and bypassing becomes especially critical in systems with higher capacitive loads because these loads create higher transient currents in the VDD and GND circuits. Pull up all unused inputs or signals that will be inputs during reset. Special care should be taken to minimize the noise levels on the PLL supply pins.

This figure shows the FCC external clock.

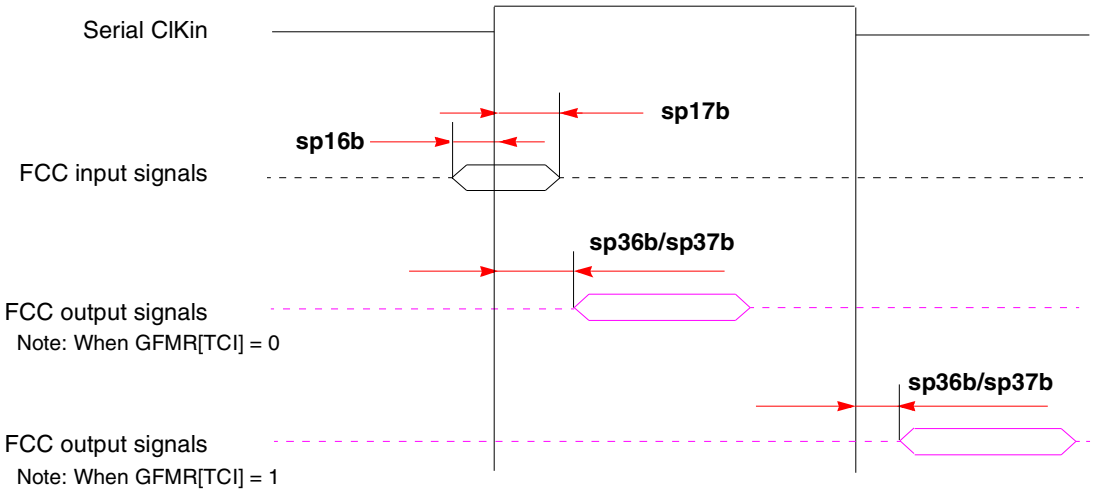
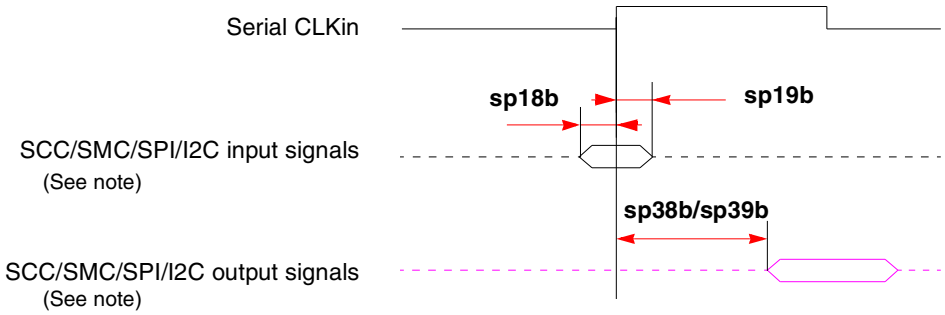


Figure 4. FCC External Clock Diagram

This figure shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I^2C external clock.



Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:
1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 5. SCC/SMC/SPI/I^2C External Clock Diagram

NOTE: Conditions

The following conditions must be met in order to operate the MPC8272 family devices with 133 MHz bus: single PowerQUICC II Bus mode must be used (no external master, BCR[EBM] = 0); data bus must be in Pipeline mode (BRx[DR] = 1); internal arbiter and memory controller must be used. For expected load of above 40 pF, it is recommended that data and address buses be configured to low (25 Ω) impedance (SIUMCR[HLBE0] = 1, SIUMCR[HLBE1] = 1).

Table 11. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs[1]

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)							
			Setup				Hold			
Setup	Hold		66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz
sp11	sp10	$\overline{AACK}/\overline{TA}/\overline{TS}/\overline{DBG}/\overline{BG}/\overline{BR}/\overline{ARTRY}/\overline{TEA}$	6	5	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A
sp13	sp10	Data bus in pipeline mode (without ECC and PARITY)	N/A	4	2.5	1.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A

1 Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

This table lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 12. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs[1]

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)							
			Maximum Delay				Minimum Delay			
Max	Min		66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz
sp31	sp30	$\overline{PSDVAL}/\overline{TEA}/\overline{TA}$	7	6	5.5	N/A	1	1	1	N/A
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	5.5	4.5[2]	1	1	1	1 [2]
sp33	sp30	Data bus[3]	6.5	6.5	5.5	4.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	1
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5.5	5.5	4.5	1	1	1	1
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	5.5	N/A	1	1	1	N/A

1 Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.
2 Value is for ADD only; other sp32/sp30 signals are not applicable.
3 To achieve 1 ns of hold time at 66.67/83.33/100 MHZ, a minimum loading of 20 pF is required.

Table 18. Clock Configurations for Local Bus Mode[1] (continued)

Mode[2]	Bus Clock[3] (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor[4]	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor[5]	CPU Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1:3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0001_001	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	5	250.0	835.0
0001_010	50.0	145.8	2	100.0	291.7	6	300.0	875.0
0001_011	Reserved							
0001_100	Reserved							
0001_101	37.5	133.3	3	112.5	400.0	4	150.0	533.3
0001_110	33.3	133.3	3	100.0	400.0	5	166.7	666.7
1000_111	33.3	133.3	3	100.0	400.0	5.5	183.3	733.3
0001_111	33.3	133.3	3	100.0	400.0	6	200.0	800.0
0010_000	Reserved							
0010_001	Reserved							
0010_010	37.5	100.0	4	150.0	400.0	4	150.0	400.0
0010_011	30.0	100.0	4	120.0	400.0	5	150.0	500.0
0010_100	25.0	100.0	4	100.0	400.0	6	150.0	600.0
0010_101	25.0	100.0	4	100.0	400.0	7	175.0	700.0
0010_110	25.0	100.0	4	100.0	400.0	8	200.0	800.0
0010_111	Reserved							
0011_000	30.0	80.0	5	150.0	400.0	5	150.0	400.0
0011_001	25.0	80.0	5	125.0	400.0	6	150.0	480.0
0011_010	25.0	80.0	5	125.0	400.0	7	175.0	560.0
0011_011	25.0	80.0	5	125.0	400.0	8	200.0	640.0
0011_100	Reserved							
0011_101	Reserved							
0011_110	25.0	66.7	6	150.0	400.0	6	150.0	400.0
0011_111	25.0	66.7	6	150.0	400.0	7	175.0	466.7
0100_000	25.0	66.7	6	150.0	400.0	8	200.0	533.3
0101_101	75.0	167.0	2	150.0	334.0	2	166.7	334.0
0101_110	60.0	167.0	2	120.0	334.0	2.5	166.7	417.5
0101_111	50.0	167.0	2	100.0	334.0	3	200.0	501.0

Table 19. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)[1,2] (continued)

Mode[3]	Bus Clock[4] (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor[5]	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor[6]	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0001_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	6	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.7
0001_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	7	350.0	466.6	3	50.0	66.7
0001_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	8	400.0	533.3	3	50.0	66.7
0010_000	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	5	250.0	333.3	4	50.0	66.7
0010_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	6	300.0	400.0	4	50.0	66.7
0010_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	7	350.0	466.6	4	50.0	66.7
0010_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	8	400.0	533.3	4	50.0	66.7
0010_100	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	5	375.0	500.0	6	50.0	66.7
0010_101	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	5.5	412.5	549.9	6	50.0	66.7
0010_110	75.0	100.0	4	300.0	400.0	6	450.0	599.9	6	50.0	66.7
0011_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	250.0	333.3	5	50.0	66.7
0011_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	6	300.0	400.0	5	50.0	66.7
0011_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	7	350.0	466.6	5	50.0	66.7
0011_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	8	400.0	533.3	5	50.0	66.7
0100_000	Reserved										
0100_001	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	6	300.0	400.0	6	50.0	66.7
0100_010	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	7	350.0	466.6	6	50.0	66.7
0100_011	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	8	400.0	533.3	6	50.0	66.7
0101_000	60.0	66.7	2	120.0	133.3	2.5	150.0	166.7	2	60.0	66.7
0101_001	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3	150.0	200.0	2	50.0	66.7
0101_010	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	3.5	175.0	233.3	2	50.0	66.7
0101_011	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	4	200.0	266.6	2	50.0	66.7
0101_100	50.0	66.7	2	100.0	133.3	4.5	225.0	300.0	2	50.0	66.7
0110_000	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_001	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_010	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	3.5	210.0	280.0	3	50.0	66.7

1 The “low” values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency in a table entry guarantees only the required minimum CPU operating frequency. The “high” values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not violate the frequency rating of the user’s device. The minimum CPM frequency is 120 MHz. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor <= 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor >= 3.5: for Rev0.1 the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz; for Rev A or later the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices.

2 As Table 17 shows, PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock frequency range. See Table 20 for lower configurations.

3 MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31]. MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.

4 60x and local bus frequency. Identical to CLKIN.

5 CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/bus clock

6 CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

Table 20. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)[1,2]

Mode[3]	Bus Clock[4] (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor[5]	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor[6]	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
Default Modes (MODCK_H=0000)											
0000_000	60.0	100.0	2	120.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	250.0	4	30.0	50.0
0000_001	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	25.0	50.0
0000_010	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_011	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_100	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	4	240.0	480.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_101	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_110	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3.5	175.0	350.0	6	25.0	50.0
0000_111	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	200.0	400.0	6	25.0	50.0
Full Configuration Modes											
0001_000	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	250.0	500.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_001	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	6	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_010	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	7	350.0	700.0	6	25.0	50.0
0001_011	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	8	400.0	800.0	6	25.0	50.0
0010_000	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	5	250.0	500.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_001	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	6	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_010	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	7	350.0	700.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_011	50.0	100.0	4	200.0	400.0	8	400.0	800.0	8	25.0	50.0
0010_100	37.5	75.0	4	150.0	300.0	5	187.5	375.0	6	25.0	50.0
0010_101	37.5	75.0	4	150.0	300.0	5.5	206.3	412.5	6	25.0	50.0

Table 22. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)[1,2] (continued)

Mode[3]	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor[4]	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor[5]	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0000_111	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
Full Configuration Modes											
0001_001	30.0	50.0	4	120.0	200.0	5	150.0	250.0	4	30.0	50.0
0001_010	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	25.0	50.0
0001_011	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	7	175.0	350.0	4	25.0	50.0
0001_100	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	25.0	50.0
0010_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0010_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0010_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	240.0	480.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0010_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
0011_000	Reserved										
0011_001	37.5	50.0	4	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0011_010	32.1	50.0	4	128.6	200.0	3.5	150.0	233.3	3	42.9	66.7
0011_011	28.1	50.0	4	112.5	200.0	4	150.0	266.7	3	37.5	66.7
0011_100	25.0	50.0	4	100.0	200.0	4.5	150.0	300.0	3	33.3	66.7
0100_000	Reserved										
0100_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	50.0	100.0
0100_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	175.0	350.0	3	50.0	100.0
0100_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	200.0	400.0	3	50.0	100.0
0100_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	3	50.0	100.0
0101_000	30.0	50.0	5	150.0	250.0	2.5	150.0	250.0	2.5	60.0	100.0
0101_001	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3	150.0	300.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_010	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3.5	175.0	350.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_011	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4	200.0	400.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_100	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_101	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	5	250.0	500.0	2.5	50.0	100.0
0101_110	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	5.5	275.0	550.0	2.5	50.0	100.0

2 As shown in Table 17, PCI_MODCK determines the PCI clock range. See Table 20 for higher range configurations.
3 MODCK_H = hard reset configuration word [28–31]. MODCK[1-3] = three hardware configuration pins.
4 CPM multiplication factor = CPM clock/PCI clock
5 CPU multiplication factor = Core PLL multiplication factor

8 Pinout

This section provides the pin assignments and pinout lists for both HiP7 PowerQUICC II packages.

8.1 ZU and VV Packages—MPC8280 and MPC8270

The following figures and table represent the standard 480 TBGA package. For information on the alternate package, see Section 8.2, “VR and ZQ Packages—MPC8275 and MPC8270.”

This figure shows the pinout of the ZU and VV packages as viewed from the top surface.

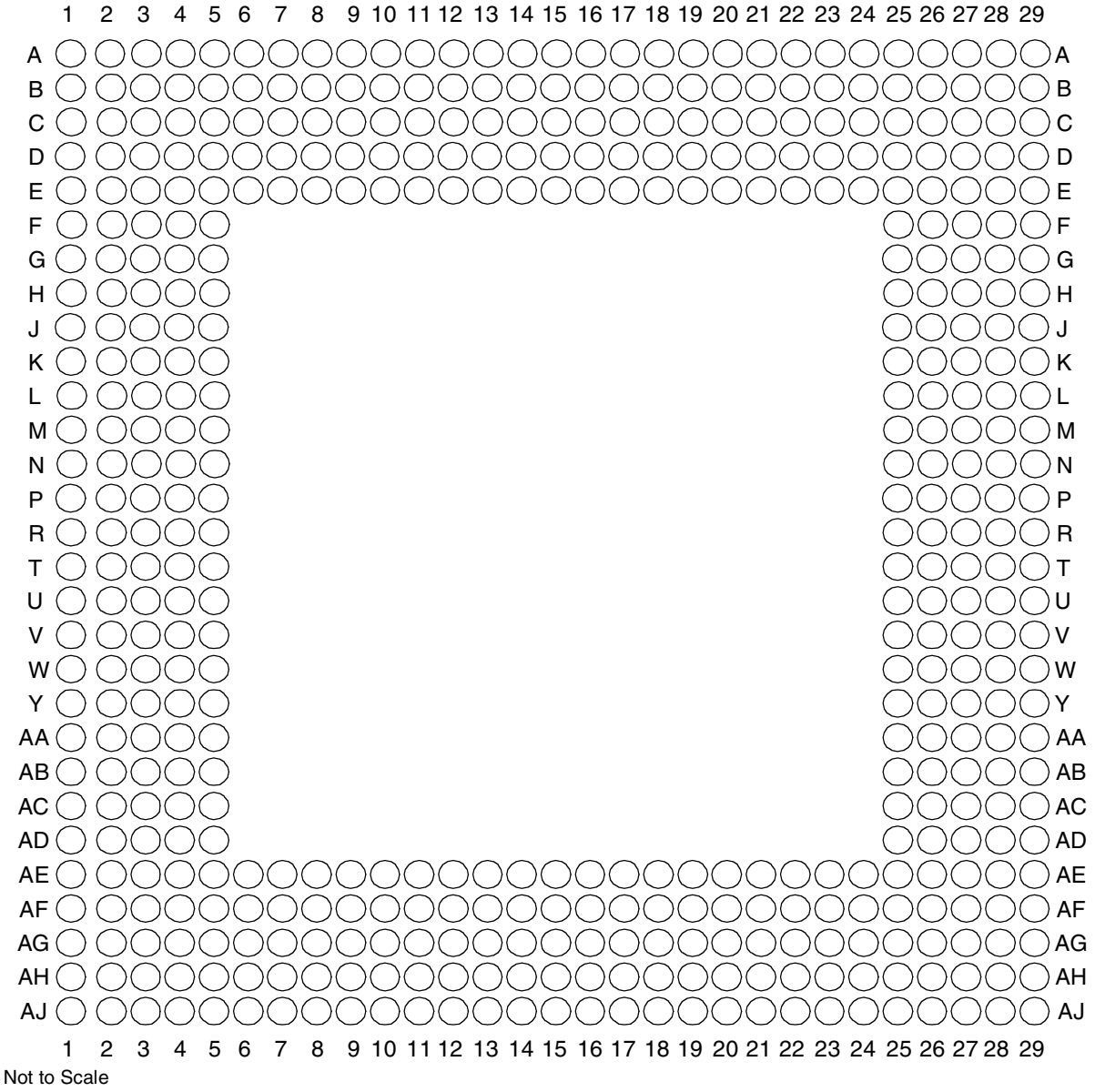


Figure 13. Pinout of the 480 TBGA Package (View from Top)

This table lists the pins of the MPC8280 and MPC8270, and Table 24 defines conventions and acronyms used in this table.

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
$\overline{BR}$		W5
$\overline{BG}$		F4

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
$\overline{ABB}$/$\overline{IRQ2}$		E2
$\overline{TS}$		E3
A0		G1
A1		H5
A2		H2
A3		H1
A4		J5
A5		J4
A6		J3
A7		J2
A8		J1
A9		K4
A10		K3
A11		K2
A12		K1
A13		L5
A14		L4
A15		L3
A16		L2
A17		L1
A18		M5
A19		N5
A20		N4
A21		N3
A22		N2
A23		N1
A24		P4
A25		P3
A26		P2
A27		P1
A28		R1
A29		R3
A30		R5

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
PC24/CLK8/TOUT4	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AF9[2]
PC25/CLK7/BRGO4	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	AE8[2]
PC26/CLK6/TOUT3/TMCLK		AJ6[2]
PC27/FCC3_TXD/FCC3_MII_TXD0/ FCC3_RMII_TXD0/CLK5/BRGO3		AG2[2]
PC28/CLK4/TIN1/TOUT2/CTS2/CLSN2/ FCC2_RXADDR4		AF3[2]
PC29/CLK3/TIN2/BRGO2/CTS1/CLSN1		AF2[2]
PC30/CLK2/TOUT1	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AE1[2]
PC31/CLK1/BRGO1		AD1[2]
PD4/BRGO8/FCC3_RTS/SMRXD2	L1TSYNCD1/L1GNTD1	AC28[2]
PD5/DONE1	FCC1_UT16_TXD3	AD27[2]
PD6/DACK1	FCC1_UT16_TXD4	AF29[2]
PD7/SMSYN1/FCC1_TXCLAV2	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR3/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR3/ FCC2_UTM_TXADDR4 FCC2_UTS_TXADDR1	AF28[2]
PD8/SMRXD1/BRGO5	FCC2_UT_TXPRTY	AG25[2]
PD9/SMTXD1/BRGO3	FCC2_UT_RXPRTY	AH26[2]
PD10/L1CLKOB2/BRGO4	FCC2_UT8_RXD1/L1RSYNCB1	AJ27[2]
PD11/L1RQB2	FCC2_UT8_RXD0/L1TSYNCB1/ L1GNTB1	AJ23[2]
PD12	SI1_L1ST2/L1RXDB1	AG23[2]
PD13	SI1_L1ST1/L1TXDB1	AJ22[2]
PD14/L1CLKOC2/I2CSCL	FCC1_UT16_RXD0	AE20[2]
PD15/L1RQC2/I2CSDA	FCC1_UT16_RXD1	AJ20[2]
PD16/SPIMISO	FCC1_UT_TXPRTY/L1TSYNCC1/ L1GNTC1	AG18[2]
PD17/BRGO2/SPIMOSI	FCC1_UT_RXPRTY	AG17[2]
PD18/SPICLK	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR4/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV3/ FCC2_UTM_RXADDR3/ FCC2_UTS_RXADDR0	AF16[2]
PD19/SPISEL/BRGO1	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR4/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR4/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV3/ FCC2_UTM_TXADDR3/ FCC2_UTS_TXADDR0	AH15[2]

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
TT1		B3
TT2		F8
TT3		A3
TT4		C3
$\overline{\text{TBST}}$		F5
TSIZ0		E3
TSIZ1		E2
TSIZ2		E1
TSIZ3		E4
$\overline{\text{AACK}}$		D3
$\overline{\text{ARTRY}}$		C2
$\overline{\text{DBG}}$		A14
$\overline{\text{DBB}}$/$\overline{\text{IRQ3}}$		C15
D0		W4
D1		Y1
D2		V1
D3		P4
D4		N3
D5		K5
D6		J4
D7		G1
D8		AB1
D9		U4
D10		U2
D11		N6
D12		N1
D13		L1
D14		J5
D15		G3
D16		AA2
D17		W1
D18		T3
D19		T1

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PORESET[2]		B25
HRESET		D24
SRESET		E23
QREQ		D18
RSTCONF		E24
MODCK1/AP1/TC0/BNKSEL0		B16
MODCK2/AP2/TC1/BNKSEL1		F16
MODCK3/AP3/TC2/BNKSEL2		A15
CLKIN1		G22
PA0/RESTART1/DREQ3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR2	AC20[2]
PA1/REJECT1/DONE3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR1	AC21[2]
PA2/CLK20/DACK3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR0	AF25[2]
PA3/CLK19/DACK4/L1RXD1A2	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR0	AE24[2]
PA4/REJECT2/DONE4	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR1	AA21[2]
PA5/RESTART2/DREQ4	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR2	AD25[2]
PA6	FCC2_UT_RXADDR3	AC24[2]
PA7/SMSYN2	FCC2_UT_TXADDR3	AA22[2]
PA8/SMRXD2	FCC2_UT_TXADDR4	AA23[2]
PA9/SMTXD2		Y26[2]
PA10/MSNUM5	FCC1_UT8_RXD0/FCC1_UT16_RXD8	W22[2]
PA11/MSNUM4	FCC1_UT8_RXD1/FCC1_UT16_RXD9	W23[2]
PA12/MSNUM3	FCC1_UT8_RXD2/ FCC1_UT16_RXD10	V26[2]
PA13/MSNUM2	FCC1_UT8_RXD3/ FCC1_UT16_RXD11	V25[2]
PA14/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC1_UT8_RXD4/ FCC1_UT16_RXD12	T22[2]
PA15/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD2	/FCC1_UT8_RXD5/ FCC1_UT16_RXD13	T25[2]
PA16/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC1_RMII_RXD1	FCC1_UT8_RXD6/ FCC1_UT16_RXD14	R24[2]
PA17/FCC_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_RXD/ FCCI_RMII_RXD0	FCC1_UT8_RXD7/ FCC1_UT16_RXD15	P22[2]
PA18/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_TXD/ FCC1_RMII_TXD0	FCC1_UT8_TXD7/FCC1_UT16_TXD15	N26[2]

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PA19/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC1_RMII_TXD1	FCC1_UT8_TXD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD14	N23[2]
PA20/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD2	FCC1_UT8_TXD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD13	K26[2]
PA21/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD3	FCC1_UT8_TXD4/FCC1_UT16_TXD12	L23[2]
PA22	FCC1_UT8_TXD3/FCC1_UT16_TXD11	K23[2]
PA23	FCC1_UT8_TXD2/FCC1_UT16_TXD10	H26[2]
PA24/MSNUM1	FCC1_UT8_TXD1/FCC1_UT16_TXD9	F25[2]
PA25/MSNUM0	FCC1_UT8_TXD0/FCC1_UT16_TXD8	D26[2]
PA26/FCC1_MII_RMII_RX_ER/	FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_RXCLAV	D25[2]
PA27/FCC1_MII_RX_DV/ FCC1_RMII_CRS_DV	FCC1_UT_RXSOC	C25[2]
PA28/FCC1_MII_TX_EN/ FCC1_RMII_TX_EN	$\overline{\text{FCC1\_UTM\_RXENB}}$/ $\overline{\text{FCC1\_UTS\_RXENB}}$	C22[2]
PA29/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	FCC1_UT_TXSOC	B21[2]
PA30/FCC1_MII_CRS/$\overline{\text{FCC1\_RTS}}$	FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_TXCLAV	A20[2]
PA31/FCC1_MII_COL	$\overline{\text{FCC1\_UTM\_TXENB}}$/ $\overline{\text{FCC1\_UTS\_TXENB}}$	A19[2]
PB4/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD3/ L1RSYNCA2/$\overline{\text{FCC3\_RTS}}$	FCC2_UT8_RXD0	AD21[2]
PB5/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD2/ L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	FCC2_UT8_RXD1	AD22[2]
PB6/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC3_RMII_TXD1/ L1RXDA2/L1RXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AC22[2]
PB7/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC3_RMII_TXD0/ FCC3_TXD/L1TXDA2/L1TXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AE26[2]
PB8/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC3_RMII_RXD0/ FCC3_RXD/TXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AB23[2]
PB9/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC3_RMII_RXD1/L1TXD2A2	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	AC26[2]
PB10/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD2	FCC2_UT8_TXD1	AB26[2]
PB11/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD0	AA25[2]
PB12/FCC3_MII_CRS/TXD2		W26[2]
PB13/FCC3_MII_COL/L1TXD1A2		W25[2]
PB14/FCC3_MII_RMII_TX_EN/RXD3		V24[2]

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PC5/SI2_L1ST3/FCC2_CTS	FCC2_UTM_TXCLAV/ FCC2_UTS_TXCLAV	AC25[2]
PC6/FCC1_CD	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR2/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV1	AB25[2]
PC7/FCC1_CTS	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR2/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR2/ FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV1	AA24[2]
PC8/CD4/RENA4/SI2_L1ST2/CTS3/ USB_RN	FCC1_UT16_TXD0	Y24[2]
PC9/CTS4/CLSN4/SI2_L1ST1/ L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2/USB_RP	FCC1_UT16_TXD1	U22[2]
PC10/CD3/RENA3	FCC1_UT16_TXD2/FCC2_UT8_RXD3	V23[2]
PC11/CTS3/CLSN3/L1TXD3A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD2	U23[2]
PC12/CD2/RENA2	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR1/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR1	T26[2]
PC13/CTS2/CLSN2	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR1/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR1	R26[2]
PC14/CD1/RENA1	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR0/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR0	P26[2]
PC15/CTS1/CLSN1/SMTXD2	FCC1_UTM_TXADDR0/ FCC1_UTS_TXADDR0	P24[2]
PC16/CLK16/TIN4		M26[2]
PC17/CLK15/TIN3/BRGO8		L26[2]
PC18/CLK14/TGATE2		M24[2]
PC19/CLK13/BRGO7/SPICLK		L22[2]
PC20/CLK12/TGATE1/USB_OE		K25[2]
PC21/CLK11/BRGO6		J25[2]
PC22/CLK10/DONE1	FCC1_UT_TXPRTY	G26[2]
PC23/CLK9/BRGO5/DACK1		F26[2]
PC24/CLK8/TOUT4	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	G24[2]
PC25/CLK7/BRGO4	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	E25[2]
PC26/CLK6/TOUT3/TMCLK		G23[2]
PC27/FCC3_TXD/FCC3_MII_TXD0/ FCC3_RMII_TXD0/CLK5/BRGO3		B23[2]
PC28/CLK4/TIN1/TOUT2/CTS2/CLSN2	FCC2_UT_RXADDR4	E22[2]
PC29/CLK3/TIN2/BRGO2/CTS1/CLSN1		E21[2]
PC30/CLK2/TOUT1	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	D21[2]

3 Must be pulled down or left floating.
4 If PCI is not desired, must be pulled up or left floating.
5 Sphere is not connected to die.
6 GNDSYN (B18): This pin exists as a separate ground signal in MPC826x(A) devices; it does not exist as a separate ground signal on the MPC8275/MPC8270. New designs must connect B18 to GND and follow the suggestions in Section 4.6, "Layout Practices." Old designs in which the MPC8275/MPC8270 is used as a drop-in replacement can leave the pin connected to GND with the noise filtering capacitors.
7 XFC (A18) pin: This pin is used in MPC826x(A) devices; it is not used in MPC8275/MPC8270 because there is no need for external capacitor to operate the PLL. New designs should connect A18 (XFC) pin to GND. Old designs in which the MPC8275/MPC8270 is used as a drop-in replacement can leave the pin connected to the current capacitor.

9 Package Description

This figure shows the side profile of the TBGA package to indicate the direction of the top surface view.

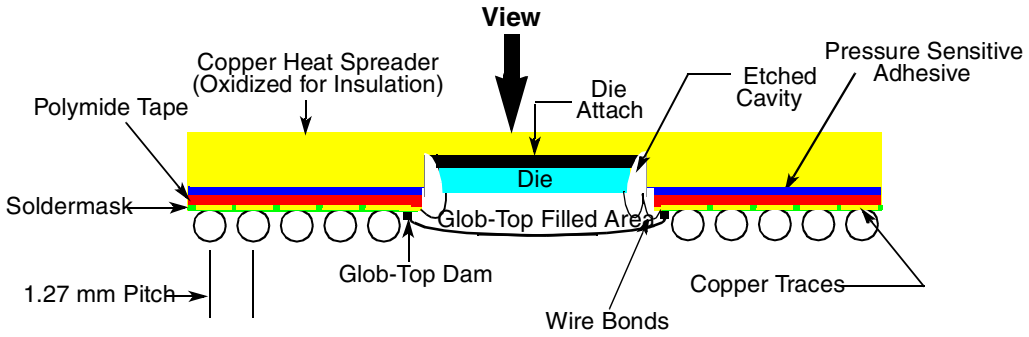


Figure 15. Side View of the TBGA Package

This figure shows the side profile of the PBGA package to indicate the direction of the top surface view.

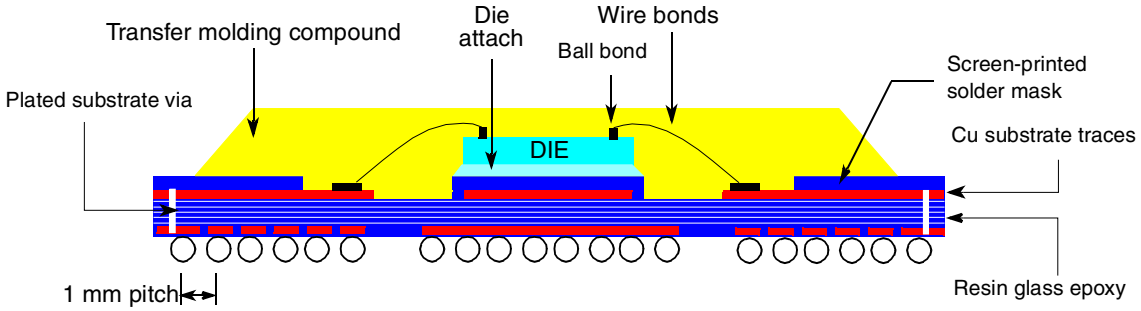


Figure 16. Side View of the PBGA Package Remove

Table 27. Document Revision History (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
1.4	11/2005	• In Section 6.2, "SIU AC Characteristics", modified the note on CLKIN Jitter and Duty Cycle. • Modified Figure 17 to display all text.
1.3	01/2005	• Modification for correct display of assertion level ("overbar") for some signals
1.2	12/2004	• Section 2: removed voltage tracking note • Table 3: Note 2 updated regarding VDD/VCCSYN relationship to VDDH during power-on reset • Table 5: Note 2 updated to reflect VIH=2.5 for TCK, TRST, PORESET; request for external pullup removed. • Table 5: Note 4 added regarding IIC compatibility • Section 4.2: New information about jumper-to-case thermal resistance • Section 4.3: New information about jumper-to-board thermal resistance • Section 4.4: New information about estimation with simulation • Section 4.6: Updated description of layout practices • Section 6: Added sentence providing derating factor • Section 6.1, "CPM AC Characteristics": added Note: Rise/Fall Time on CPM Input Pins • Table 9: updated values for following specs: sp42, sp43, sp42a • Table 20: updated values for following specs: sp16b, sp18b, sp20, sp22 • Section 6.2: added spread sprectrum clocking note • Table 11: combined specs sp11 and sp11a • Sections 7.2, 7.3: unit of ns added to Tval notes • Section 7, "Clock Configuration Modes": Updated all table footnotes reflect updated CPU Fmin of 150 MHz commercial temp devices, 175 MHz extended temp; CPM Fmin of 120 MHz.

Table 27. Document Revision History (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
0.3	6/2003	• Removal of notes stating “no local bus” on VR-package devices. The MPC8270VR and the MPC8275VR have local bus support. • References to “G2 core” changed to “G2_LE core.” See the *G2 Core Reference Manual* (G2CORERM/D). • Addition of VCCSYN to “Note” below Table 4, and to note 3 of Table 5 • Figure 2: New • Table 5: Addition of note 1 • Table 10: Addition of θ_{JB} and θ_{JC}. Modifications to ZU package values. • Table 12: Addition of various configurations, Modification of values. Addition of note 3. • Table 9: Addition of 66 MHZ and 100 MHz values. Addition of sp42a/sp43a. • Table 20: Addition of 66 MHZ and 100 MHz values • Table 12: sp30 values. sp33b @100 MHz value. Removal of previous note 2. Modification of current note 2. • Figure 5, Figure 6, Figure 7, and Figure 8: Addition of notes • Section 6.2: Addition of note on PCI timing • Table 18, Table 32, Table 33, Table 36, Table 37: Addition of note 1 concerning minimum operating frequencies • Addition of statement before clock tables about selection of clock configuration and input frequency • Table 23 and Table 25: Addition of note 1 to CPM pins
0.2	11/2002	Table 25, “VR Pinout”: Addition of C18 to the Ground (GND) pin list (page 63)
0.1	—	Initial public release