



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC G2_LE
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	266MHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Communications; RISC CPM
RAM Controllers	DRAM, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100Mbps (3)
SATA	-
USB	USB 2.0 (1)
Voltage - I/O	3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	516-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	516-PBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/kmpc8275vrmiba

- Provides management for BRI devices as general-circuit interface (GCI) controllers in time-division-multiplexed (TDM) channels
- Transparent
- UART (low-speed operation)
- One serial peripheral interface identical to the MPC860 SPI
- One I²C controller (identical to the MPC860 I²C controller)
 - Microwire compatible
 - Multiple-master, single-master, and slave modes
- Up to eight TDM interfaces (four on the MPC8270)
 - Supports two groups of four TDM channels for a total of eight TDMs (one group of four on the MPC8270 and the MPC8275)
 - 2,048 bytes of SI RAM
 - Bit or byte resolution
 - Independent transmit and receive routing, frame synchronization
 - Supports T1, CEPT, T1/E1, T3/E3, pulse code modulation highway, ISDN basic rate, ISDN primary rate, Freescale interchip digital link (IDL), general circuit interface (GCI), and user-defined TDM serial interfaces
- Eight independent baud rate generators and 20 input clock pins for supplying clocks to FCCs, SCCs, SMCs, and serial channels
- Four independent 16-bit timers that can be interconnected as two 32-bit timers
- Inverse multiplexing for ATM capabilities (IMA) (MPC8280 only). Supported by eight transfer transmission convergence (TC) layers between the TDMs and FCC2.
- Transmission convergence (TC) layer (MPC8280 only)

2 Operating Conditions

This table shows the maximum electrical ratings.

Table 3. Absolute Maximum Ratings¹

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Core supply voltage ²	VDD	–0.3 – 2.25	V
PLL supply voltage ²	VCCSYN	–0.3 – 2.25	V
I/O supply voltage ³	VDDH	–0.3 – 4.0	V
Input voltage ⁴	VIN	GND(–0.3) – 3.6	V
Junction temperature	T _j	120	°C
Storage temperature range	T _{STG}	(–55) – (+150)	°C

¹ Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only; functional operation (see [Table 4](#)) at the maximums is not guaranteed. Stress beyond those listed may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage.

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics¹ (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{OL} = 6.0\text{mA}$ $\overline{BR}$ $\overline{BG}$ $\overline{ABB}/\overline{IRQ2}$ $\overline{TS}$ $A[0-31]$ $TT[0-4]$ $\overline{TBST}$ $TSIZE[0-3]$ $\overline{AACK}$ $\overline{ARTRY}$ $\overline{DBG}$ $\overline{DBB}/\overline{IRQ3}$ $D[0-63]$ $DP(0)/\overline{RSRV}/\overline{EXT_BR2}$ $DP(1)/\overline{IRQ1}/\overline{EXT_BG2}$ $DP(2)/\overline{TLBISYNC}/\overline{IRQ2}/\overline{EXT_DBG2}$ $DP(3)/\overline{IRQ3}/\overline{EXT_BR3}/\overline{CKSTP_OUT}$ $DP(4)/\overline{IRQ4}/\overline{EXT_BG3}/\overline{CORE_SREST}$ $DP(5)/\overline{TBEN}/\overline{EXT_DBG3}/\overline{IRQ5}/\overline{CINT}$ $DP(6)/\overline{CSE(0)}/\overline{IRQ6}$ $DP(7)/\overline{CSE(1)}/\overline{IRQ7}$ $\overline{PSDVAL}$ $\overline{TA}$ $\overline{TEA}$ $\overline{GBL}/\overline{IRQ1}$ $\overline{CI}/\overline{BADDR29}/\overline{IRQ2}$ $\overline{WT}/\overline{BADDR30}/\overline{IRQ3}$ $\overline{L2_HIT}/\overline{IRQ4}$ $\overline{CPU_BG}/\overline{BADDR31}/\overline{IRQ5}/\overline{CINT}$ $\overline{CPU_DBG}$ $\overline{CPU_BR}$ $\overline{IRQ0}/\overline{NMI_OUT}$ $\overline{IRQ7}/\overline{PCI_RSTINT_OUT}/\overline{APE}$ $\overline{PORESET}$ $\overline{HRESET}$ $\overline{SRESET}$ $\overline{RSTCONF}$	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics¹ (continued)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
$I_{OL} = 5.3\text{mA}$ $\overline{CS}[0-9]$ $\overline{CS}(10)/\overline{BCTL1}$ $\overline{CS}(11)/\overline{AP}(0)$ $\overline{BADDR}[27-28]$ $\overline{ALE}$ $\overline{BCTL0}$ $\overline{PWE}[0-7]/\overline{PSDDQM}[0-7]/\overline{PBS}[0-7]$ $\overline{PSDA10}/\overline{PGPL0}$ $\overline{PSDWE}/\overline{PGPL1}$ $\overline{POE}/\overline{PSDRAS}/\overline{PGPL2}$ $\overline{PSDCAS}/\overline{PGPL3}$ $\overline{PGTA}/\overline{PUPMWAIT}/\overline{PGPL4}/\overline{PPBS}$ $\overline{PSDAMUX}/\overline{PGPL5}$ $\overline{LWE}[0-3]/\overline{LSDDQM}[0-3]/\overline{LBS}[0-3]/\overline{PCI_CFG}[0-3]$ $\overline{LSDA10}/\overline{LGPL0}/\overline{PCI_MODCKH0}$ $\overline{LSDWE}/\overline{LGPL1}/\overline{PCI_MODCKH1}$ $\overline{LOE}/\overline{LSDRAS}/\overline{LGPL2}/\overline{PCI_MODCKH2}$ $\overline{LSDCAS}/\overline{LGPL3}/\overline{PCI_MODCKH3}$ $\overline{LGTA}/\overline{LUPMWAIT}/\overline{LGPL4}/\overline{LPBS}$ $\overline{LSDAMUX}/\overline{LGPL5}/\overline{PCI_MODCK}$ $\overline{LWR}$ $\overline{MODCK}[1-3]/\overline{AP}[1-3]/\overline{TC}[0-2]/\overline{BNKSEL}[0-2]$ $I_{OL} = 3.2\text{mA}$ $\overline{L_A14}/\overline{PAR}$ $\overline{L_A15}/\overline{FRAME}/\overline{SMI}$ $\overline{L_A16}/\overline{TRDY}$ $\overline{L_A17}/\overline{IRDY}/\overline{CKSTP_OUT}$ $\overline{L_A18}/\overline{STOP}$ $\overline{L_A19}/\overline{DEVSEL}$ $\overline{L_A20}/\overline{IDSEL}$ $\overline{L_A21}/\overline{PERR}$ $\overline{L_A22}/\overline{SERR}$ $\overline{L_A23}/\overline{REQ0}$ $\overline{L_A24}/\overline{REQ1}/\overline{HSEJSW}$ $\overline{L_A25}/\overline{GNT0}$ $\overline{L_A26}/\overline{GNT1}/\overline{HSLED}$ $\overline{L_A27}/\overline{GNT2}/\overline{HSENUM}$ $\overline{L_A28}/\overline{RST}/\overline{CORE_SRESET}$ $\overline{L_A29}/\overline{INTAL_A30}/\overline{REQ2}$ $\overline{L_A31}$ $\overline{LCL_D}[0-31]/\overline{AD}[0-31]$ $\overline{LCL_DP}[03]/\overline{C}/\overline{BE}[0-3]$ $\overline{PA}[0-31]$ $\overline{PB}[4-31]$ $\overline{PC}[0-31]$ $\overline{PD}[4-31]$ $\overline{TDO}$ $\overline{QREQ}$	V_{OL}	—	0.4	V

¹ The default configuration of the CPM pins ($\overline{PA}[0-31]$, $\overline{PB}[4-31]$, $\overline{PC}[0-31]$, $\overline{PD}[4-31]$) is input. To prevent excessive DC current, either pull unused pins to GND or VDDH or configure them as outputs.

² TCK, TRST and PORESET have min $V_{IH} = 2.5\text{V}$.

³ The leakage current is measured for nominal VDDH, VCCSYN, and VDD.

4.2 Estimation with Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance

Historically, the thermal resistance has frequently been expressed as the sum of a junction-to-case thermal resistance and a case-to-ambient thermal resistance:

$$R_{\theta JA} = R_{\theta JC} + R_{\theta CA}$$

where:

$R_{\theta JA}$ = junction-to-ambient thermal resistance ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)

$R_{\theta JC}$ = junction-to-case thermal resistance ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)

$R_{\theta CA}$ = case-to-ambient thermal resistance ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)

$R_{\theta JC}$ is device related and cannot be influenced by the user. The user adjusts the thermal environment to affect the case-to-ambient thermal resistance, $R_{\theta CA}$. For instance, the user can change the air flow around the device, add a heat sink, change the mounting arrangement on the printed circuit board, or change the thermal dissipation on the printed circuit board surrounding the device. This thermal model is most useful for ceramic packages with heat sinks where some 90% of the heat flows through the case and the heat sink to the ambient environment. For most packages, a better model is required.

4.3 Estimation with Junction-to-Board Thermal Resistance

A simple package thermal model which has demonstrated reasonable accuracy (about 20%) is a two-resistor model consisting of a junction-to-board and a junction-to-case thermal resistance. The junction-to-case thermal resistance covers the situation where a heat sink is used or where a substantial amount of heat is dissipated from the top of the package. The junction-to-board thermal resistance describes the thermal performance when most of the heat is conducted to the printed circuit board. It has been observed that the thermal performance of most plastic packages, especially PBGA packages, is strongly dependent on the board temperature.

If the board temperature is known, an estimate of the junction temperature in the environment can be made using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_B + (R_{\theta JB} \times P_D)$$

where:

$R_{\theta JB}$ = junction-to-board thermal resistance ($^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$)

T_B = board temperature ($^{\circ}\text{C}$)

P_D = power dissipation in package

If the board temperature is known and the heat loss from the package case to the air can be ignored, acceptable predictions of junction temperature can be made. For this method to work, the board and board mounting must be similar to the test board used to determine the junction-to-board thermal resistance, namely a 2s2p (board with a power and a ground plane) and by attaching the thermal balls to the ground plane.

4.4 Estimation Using Simulation

When the board temperature is not known, a thermal simulation of the application is needed. The simple two-resistor model can be used with the thermal simulation of the application, or a more accurate and complex model of the package can be used in the thermal simulation.

4.5 Experimental Determination

To determine the junction temperature of the device in the application after prototypes are available, the thermal characterization parameter (Ψ_{JT}) can be used to determine the junction temperature with a measurement of the temperature at the top center of the package case using the following equation:

$$T_J = T_T + (\Psi_{JT} \times P_D)$$

where:

Ψ_{JT} = thermal characterization parameter

T_T = thermocouple temperature on top of package

P_D = power dissipation in package

The thermal characterization parameter is measured per JEDEC JESD51-2 specification using a 40-gauge type T thermocouple epoxied to the top center of the package case. The thermocouple should be positioned so that the thermocouple junction rests on the package. A small amount of epoxy is placed over the thermocouple junction and over 1 mm of wire extending from the junction. The thermocouple wire is placed flat against the case to avoid measurement errors caused by cooling effects of the thermocouple wire.

4.6 Layout Practices

Each VDD and VDDH pin should be provided with a low-impedance path to the board's power supplies. Each ground pin should likewise be provided with a low-impedance path to ground. The power supply pins drive distinct groups of logic on chip. The VDD and VDDH power supplies should be bypassed to ground using bypass capacitors located as close as possible to the four sides of the package. For filtering high frequency noise, a capacitor of 0.1uF on each VDD and VDDH pin is recommended. Further, for medium frequency noise, a total of 2 capacitors of 47uF for VDD and 2 capacitors of 47uF for VDDH are also recommended. The capacitor leads and associated printed circuit traces connecting to chip VDD, VDDH and ground should be kept to less than half an inch per capacitor lead. Boards should employ separate inner layers for power and GND planes.

All output pins on the SoC have fast rise and fall times. Printed circuit (PC) trace interconnection length should be minimized to minimize overdamped conditions and reflections caused by these fast output switching times. This recommendation particularly applies to the address and data buses. Maximum PC trace lengths of six inches are recommended. Capacitance calculations should consider all device loads as well as parasitic capacitances due to the PC traces. Attention to proper PCB layout and bypassing becomes especially critical in systems with higher capacitive loads because these loads create higher transient currents in the VDD and GND circuits. Pull up all unused inputs or signals that will be inputs during reset. Special care should be taken to minimize the noise levels on the PLL supply pins.

6 AC Electrical Characteristics

The following sections include illustrations and tables of clock diagrams, signals, and CPM outputs and inputs for 66.67/83.33/100 MHz devices. Note that AC timings are based on a 50-pf load for MAX Delay and 10-pf load for MIN delay. Typical output buffer impedances are shown in this table.

Table 8. Output Buffer Impedances¹

Output Buffers	Typical Impedance (Ω)
60x bus	45 or 27 ²
Local bus	45
Memory controller	45 or 27 ²
Parallel I/O	45
PCI	27

¹ These are typical values at 65° C. Impedance may vary by $\pm 25\%$ with process and temperature.

² On silicon revision 0.0 (mask #: 0K49M), selectable impedance is not available. Impedance is set at 45 Ω .
On all other revisions, impedance value is selected through the SIUMCR[20,21]. See the SoC reference manual.

6.1 CPM AC Characteristics

This table lists CPM output characteristics.

Table 9. AC Characteristics for CPM Outputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)					
Max	Min		Maximum Delay			Minimum Delay		
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp36a	sp37a	FCC outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	5.5	5.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp36b	sp37b	FCC outputs—external clock (NMSI)	8	8	8	2	2	2
sp38a	sp39a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—internal clock (NMSI)	10	10	10	0	0	0
sp38b	sp39b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C outputs—external clock (NMSI)	8	8	8	2	2	2
sp40	sp41	TDM outputs/SI	11	11	11	2.5	2.5	2.5
sp42	sp43	TIMER/IDMA outputs	11	11	11	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp42a	sp43a	PIO outputs	11	11	11	0.5	0.5	0.5

¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE: Conditions

The following conditions must be met in order to operate the MPC8272 family devices with 133 MHz bus: single PowerQUICC II Bus mode must be used (no external master, BCR[EBM] = 0); data bus must be in Pipeline mode (BRx[DR] = 1); internal arbiter and memory controller must be used. For expected load of above 40 pF, it is recommended that data and address buses be configured to low (25 Ω) impedance (SIUMCR[HLBE0] = 1, SIUMCR[HLBE1] = 1).

Table 11. AC Characteristics for SIU Inputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)							
Setup	Hold		Setup				Hold			
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz
sp11	sp10	AACK/TA/TSDBG/BG/BR/ARTRY/TEA	6	5	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A
sp12	sp10	Data bus in normal mode	5	4	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A
sp13	sp10	Data bus in pipeline mode (without ECC and PARITY)	N/A	4	2.5	1.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5
sp15	sp10	All other pins	5	4	3.5	N/A	0.5	0.5	0.5	N/A

¹ Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

This table lists SIU output characteristics.

Table 12. AC Characteristics for SIU Outputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)							
Max	Min		Maximum Delay				Minimum Delay			
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	133 MHz
sp31	sp30	PSDVAL/TEA/TA	7	6	5.5	N/A	1	1	1	N/A
sp32	sp30	ADD/ADD_atr./BADDR/CI/GBL/WT	8	6.5	5.5	4.5 ²	1	1	1	1 ²
sp33	sp30	Data bus ³	6.5	6.5	5.5	4.5	0.8	0.8	0.8	1
sp34	sp30	Memory controller signals/ALE	6	5.5	5.5	4.5	1	1	1	1
sp35	sp30	All other signals	6	5.5	5.5	N/A	1	1	1	N/A

¹ Output specifications are measured from the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN to the 50% level of the signal. Timings are measured at the pin.

² Value is for ADD only; other sp32/sp30 signals are not applicable.

³ To achieve 1 ns of hold time at 66.67/83.33/100 MHz, a minimum loading of 20 pF is required.

Table 19. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0110_011	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	4	240.0	320.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_100	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	4.5	270.0	360.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_101	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	5	300.0	400.0	3	50.0	66.7
0110_110	60.0	80.0	2.5	150.0	200.0	6	360.0	480.0	3	50.0	66.7
0111_000	Reserved										
0111_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0111_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3.5	175.0	233.3	3	50.0	66.7
0111_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4	200.0	266.6	3	50.0	66.7
0111_100	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4.5	225.0	300.0	3	50.0	66.7
1000_000	Reserved										
1000_001	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1000_010	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	3.5	233.3	311.1	4	50.0	66.7
1000_011	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	4	50.0	66.7
1000_100	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	4	50.0	66.7
1000_101	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	6	400.0	533.3	4	50.0	66.7
1000_110	66.7	88.9	3	200.0	266.6	6.5	433.3	577.7	4	50.0	66.7
1001_000	Reserved										
1001_001	Reserved										
1001_010	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	3.5	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1001_011	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	4	228.6	304.7	4	50.0	66.7
1001_100	57.1	76.2	3.5	200.0	266.6	4.5	257.1	342.8	4	50.0	66.7
1001_101	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	5	428.6	571.4	6	50.0	66.7
1001_110	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	5.5	471.4	628.5	6	50.0	66.7
1001_111	85.7	114.3	3.5	300.0	400.0	6	514.3	685.6	6	50.0	66.7
1010_000	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	2	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
1010_001	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	2.5	187.5	250.0	3	50.0	66.7
1010_010	75.0	100.0	2	150.0	200.0	3	225.0	300.0	3	50.0	66.7

Table 20. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
0010_110	37.5	75.0	4	150.0	300.0	6	225.0	450.0	6	25.0	50.0
0011_000	30.0	50.0	5	150.0	250.0	5	150.0	250.0	5	30.0	50.0
0011_001	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	6	150.0	300.0	5	25.0	50.0
0011_010	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	7	175.0	350.0	5	25.0	50.0
0011_011	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	8	200.0	400.0	5	25.0	50.0
0100_000	Reserved										
0100_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	6	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0100_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	7	175.0	350.0	6	25.0	50.0
0100_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	8	200.0	400.0	6	25.0	50.0
0101_000	60.0	100.0	2	120.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	250.0	4	30.0	50.0
0101_001	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	25.0	50.0
0101_010	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	3.5	175.0	350.0	4	25.0	50.0
0101_011	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	4	200.0	400.0	4	25.0	50.0
0101_100	50.0	100.0	2	100.0	200.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	4	25.0	50.0
0110_000	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_001	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3	180.0	360.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_010	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_011	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	4	240.0	480.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_100	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_101	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	5	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
0110_110	60.0	120.0	2.5	150.0	300.0	6	360.0	720.0	6	25.0	50.0
0111_000	Reserved										
0111_001	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
0111_010	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	3.5	175.0	350.0	6	25.0	50.0
0111_011	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	4	200.0	400.0	6	25.0	50.0
0111_100	50.0	100.0	3	150.0	300.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	6	25.0	50.0

Table 20. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
1000_000	Reserved										
1000_001	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_010	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	3.5	233.3	466.7	8	25.0	50.0
1000_011	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	8	25.0	50.0
1000_100	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_101	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6	400.0	800.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_110	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6.5	433.3	866.7	8	25.0	50.0
1001_000	Reserved										
1001_001	Reserved										
1001_010	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	3.5	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1001_011	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	4	228.6	457.1	8	25.0	50.0
1001_100	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	257.1	514.3	8	25.0	50.0
1001_101	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	5	214.3	428.6	6	25.0	50.0
1001_110	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	5.5	235.7	471.4	6	25.0	50.0
1001_111	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	6	257.1	514.3	6	25.0	50.0
1010_000	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_001	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2.5	187.5	375.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_010	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3	225.0	450.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_011	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3.5	262.5	525.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_100	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	4	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
1011_000	Reserved										
1011_001	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_010	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_011	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3.5	280.0	560.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_100	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4	320.0	640.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_101	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	360.0	720.0	8	25.0	50.0
1101_000	50.0	100.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	25.0	50.0

Table 21. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]											
1001_000	Reserved										
1001_001	Reserved										
1001_010	Reserved										
1001_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	200.0	266.6	4	50.0	66.7
1001_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4.5	225.0	300.0	4	50.0	66.7
1010_000	Reserved										
1010_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	3	66.7	88.9
1010_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3.5	233.3	311.1	3	66.7	88.9
1010_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	3	66.7	88.9
1010_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	3	66.7	88.9
1011_000	Reserved										
1011_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	2.5	200.0	266.6	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	240.0	320.0	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3.5	280.0	373.3	2.5	80.0	106.7
1011_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	320.0	426.6	2.5	80.0	106.7
1100_101	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4	400.0	533.3	3	100.0	133.3
1100_110	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4.5	450.0	599.9	3	100.0	133.3
1100_111	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5	500.0	666.6	3	100.0	133.3
1101_000	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5.5	550.0	733.3	3	100.0	133.3
1101_001	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	3.5	420.0	559.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_010	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4	480.0	639.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_011	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	4.5	540.0	719.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1101_100	50.0	66.7	6	300.0	400.0	5	600.0	799.9	2.5	120.0	160.0
1110_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	2.5	312.5	416.6	2	125.0	166.7
1110_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3	375.0	500.0	2	125.0	166.7
1110_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3.5	437.5	583.3	2	125.0	166.7

Table 22. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
1011_010	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_011	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	3.5	280.0	560.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1011_100	25.0	50.0	8	200.0	400.0	4	320.0	640.0	2.5	80.0	160.0
1100_101	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	200.0	400.0	3	50.0	100.0
1100_110	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	225.0	450.0	3	50.0	100.0
1100_111	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5	250.0	500.0	3	50.0	100.0
1101_000	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5.5	275.0	550.0	3	50.0	100.0
1101_001	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	3.5	210.0	420.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1101_010	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4	240.0	480.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1101_011	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	4.5	270.0	540.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1101_100	25.0	50.0	6	150.0	300.0	5	300.0	600.0	2.5	60.0	120.0
1110_000	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	2.5	156.3	312.5	2	62.5	125.0
1110_001	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3	187.5	375.0	2	62.5	125.0
1110_010	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	3.5	218.8	437.5	2	62.5	125.0
1110_011	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4	250.0	500.0	2	62.5	125.0
1110_100	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4	166.7	333.3	3	41.7	83.3
1110_101	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	4.5	187.5	375.0	3	41.7	83.3
1110_110	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	5	208.3	416.7	3	41.7	83.3
1110_111	25.0	50.0	5	125.0	250.0	5.5	229.2	458.3	3	41.7	83.3
1100_000	Reserved										
1100_001	Reserved										
1100_010	Reserved										

¹ The “low” values are the minimum allowable frequencies for a given clock mode. The minimum bus frequency in a table entry guarantees only the required minimum CPU operating frequency. The “high” values are for the purpose of illustration only. Users must select a mode and input bus frequency so that the resulting configuration does not violate the frequency rating of the user’s device. The minimum CPM frequency is 120 MHz. Minimum CPU frequency is determined by the clock mode. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≤ 3, the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices. For modes with a CPU multiplication factor ≥ 3.5: for Rev 0.1 the minimum CPU frequency is 250 MHz; for Rev A or later the minimum CPU frequency is 150 MHz for commercial temperature devices and 175 MHz for extended temperature devices.

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
TDO		AF5
TRIS		AB4
$\overline{\text{PORESET}}^1$		AG6
$\overline{\text{HRESET}}$		AH5
$\overline{\text{SRESET}}$		AF6
$\overline{\text{QREQ}}$		AA3
$\overline{\text{RSTCONF}}$		AJ4
MODCK1/AP1/TC0/BNKSEL0		W2
MODCK2/AP2/TC1/BNKSEL1		W3
MODCK3/AP3/TC2/BNKSEL2		W4
CLKIN1		AH4
PA0/ $\overline{\text{RESTART1}}$ / $\overline{\text{DREQ3}}$	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR2	AC29 ²
PA1/ $\overline{\text{REJECT1}}$ / $\overline{\text{DONE3}}$	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR1	AC25 ²
PA2/ $\overline{\text{CLK20}}$ / $\overline{\text{DACK3}}$	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR0	AE28 ²
PA3/ $\overline{\text{CLK19}}$ / $\overline{\text{DACK4}}$ /L1RXD1A2	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR0	AG29 ²
PA4/ $\overline{\text{REJECT2}}$ / $\overline{\text{DONE4}}$	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR1	AG28 ²
PA5/ $\overline{\text{RESTART2}}$ / $\overline{\text{DREQ4}}$	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR2/FCC1_UT_RXPRTY	AG26 ²
PA6/FCC2_RXADDR3	L1RSYNCA1	AE24 ²
PA7/SMSYN2/FCC2_TXADDR3	L1TSYNCA1/L1GNTA1	AH25 ²
PA8/SMRXD2/FCC2_TXADDR4	L1RXD0A1/L1RXDA1	AF23 ²
PA9/SMTXD2	L1TXD0A1	AH23 ²
PA10/MSNUM5	FCC1_UT8_RXD0/FCC1_UT16_RXD8	AE22 ²
PA11/MSNUM4	FCC1_UT8_RXD1/FCC1_UT16_RXD9	AH22 ²
PA12/MSNUM3	FCC1_UT8_RXD2/ FCC1_UT16_RXD10	AJ21 ²
PA13/MSNUM2	FCC1_UT8_RXD3/ FCC1_UT16_RXD11	AH20 ²
PA14/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC1_UT8_RXD4/ FCC1_UT16_RXD12	AG19 ²
PA15/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD2	FCC1_UT8_RXD5/ FCC1_UT16_RXD13	AF18 ²
PA16/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC1_RMII_RXD1	FCC1_UT8_RXD6/ FCC1_UT16_RXD14	AF17 ²

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
PA17/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_RXD/ FCCI_RMII_RXD0	FCC1_UT8_RXD7/ FCC1_UT16_RXD15	AE16 ²
PA18/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_TXD/ FCC1_RMII_TXD0	FCC1_UT8_TXD7/FCC1_UT16_TXD15	AJ16 ²
PA19/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC1_RMII_TXD1	FCC1_UT8_TXD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD14	AG15 ²
PA20/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD2	FCC1_UT8_TXD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD13	AJ13 ²
PA21/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD3	FCC1_UT8_TXD4/FCC1_UT16_TXD12	AE13 ²
PA22	FCC1_UT8_TXD3/FCC1_UT16_TXD11	AF12 ²
PA23	FCC1_UT8_TXD2/FCC1_UT16_TXD10	AG11 ²
PA24/MSNUM1	FCC1_UT8_TXD1/FCC1_UT16_TXD9	AH9 ²
PA25/MSNUM0	FCC1_UT8_TXD0/FCC1_UT16_TXD8	AJ8 ²
PA26/FCC1_RMII_RX_ER	FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_RXCLAV	AH7 ²
PA27/FCC1_MII_RX_DV/ FCC1_RMII_CRS_DV	FCC1_UT_RXSOC	AF7 ²
PA28/FCC1_MII_TX_EN/ FCC1_RMII_TX_EN	FCC1_UTM_RXENB/ FCC1_UTS_RXENB	AD5 ²
PA29/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	FCC1_UT_TXSOC	AF1 ²
PA30/FCC1_MII_CRS/FCC1_RTS	FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_TXCLAV	AD3 ²
PA31/FCC1_MII_COL	FCC1_UTM_TXENB/ FCC1_UTS_TXENB	AB5 ²
PB4/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD3/ L1RSYNCA2/FCC3_RTS	FCC2_UT8_RXD0	AD28 ²
PB5/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD2/ L1TSYNCA2/L1GNTA2	FCC2_UT8_RXD1	AD26 ²
PB6/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC3_RMII_TXD1/ L1RXDA2/L1RXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AD25 ²
PB7/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC3_RMII_TXD0/ FCC3_TXD/L1TXDA2/L1TXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AE26 ²
PB8/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC3_RMII_RXD0/ FCC3_RXD/TXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD3/L1RSYNCD1	AH27 ²
PB9/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC3_RMII_RXD1/L1TXD2A2	FCC2_UT8_TXD2/L1TSYNCD1/ L1GNTD1	AG24 ²

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
PB10/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD2	FCC2_UT8_TXD1/L1RXDD1	AH24 ²
PB11/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD0/L1TXDD1	AJ24 ²
PB12/FCC3_MII_CRS/TXD2	L1CLKOB1/L1RSYNCC1	AG22 ²
PB13/FCC3_MII_COL/L1TXD1A2	L1RQB1/L1TSYNCC1/L1GNTC1	AH21 ²
PB14/FCC3_MII_RMII_TX_EN/RXD3	L1RXDC1	AG20 ²
PB15/FCC3_MII_TX_ER/RXD2	L1TXDC1	AF19 ²
PB16/FCC3_MII_RMII_RX_ER/CLK18	L1CLKOA1	AJ18 ²
PB17/FCC3_MII_RX_DV/CLK17/ FCC3_RMII_CRS_DV	L1RQA1	AJ17 ²
PB18/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD3/ L1CLKOD2/L1RXD2A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD4	AE14 ²
PB19/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RXD2/ L1RQD2/L1RXD3A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD5	AF13 ²
PB20/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD1/ L1RSYNCD2	FCC2_UT8_RXD6/L1TXD1A1	AG12 ²
PB21/FCC2_MII_HDLC_RMII_RXD0/ FCC2_TRAN_RXD/L1TSYNCD2/ L1GNTD2	FCC2_UT8_RXD7/L1TXD2A1	AH11 ²
PB22/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC2_TXD/FCC2_RMII_TXD0/ L1RXDD2	FCC2_UT8_TXD7/L1RXD1A1	AH16 ²
PB23/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ L1RXD2A1/L1TXDD2/ FCC2_RMII_TXD1	FCC2_UT8_TXD6/L1RXD2A1	AE15 ²
PB24/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD2/ L1RSYNCC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD5/L1RXD3A1	AJ9 ²
PB25/FCC2_MII_HDLC_TXD3/ L1TSYNCC2/L1GNTC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD4/L1TXD3A1	AE9 ²
PB26/FCC2_MII_CRS/L1RXDC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD1	AJ7 ²
PB27/FCC2_MII_COL/L1TXDC2	FCC2_UT8_TXD0	AH6 ²
PB28/FCC2_MII_RX_ER/ FCC2_RMII_RX_ER/FCC2_RTS/ L1TSYNCB2/L1GNTB2/TXD1		AE3 ²
PB29/L1RSYNCB2/FCC2_MII_TX_EN/ FCC2_RMII_TX_EN	FCC2_UTM_RXCLAV/ FCC2_UTS_RXCLAV	AE2 ²
PB30/FCC2_MII_RX_DV/ FCC2_RMII_CRS_DV/L1RXDB2	FCC2_UT_TXSOC	AC5 ²
PB31/FCC2_MII_TX_ER/L1TXDB2	FCC2_UT_RXSOC	AC4 ²

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
D53		J2
D54		H5
D55		F3
D56		V3
D57		R5
D58		R2
D59		N5
D60		L2
D61		J3
D62		H1
D63		F4
DP0/RSRV/EXT_BR2		AB3
IRQ1/DP1/EXT_BG2		W5
IRQ2/DP2/TLBISYNC/EXT_DBG2		AC2
IRQ3/DP3/CKSTP_OUT/EXT_BR3		AA3
IRQ4/DP4/CORE_SRESET/EXT_BG3		AD1
IRQ5/CINT/DP5/TBEN/EXT_DBG3		AC1
IRQ6/DP6/CSE0		AB2
IRQ7/DP7/CSE1		Y3
PSDVAL		D15
TA		Y4
TEA		D16
GBL/IRQ1		E15
CI/BADDR29/IRQ2		D14
WT/BADDR30/IRQ3		E14
L2_HIT/IRQ4		A17
CPU_BG/BADDR31/IRQ5/CINT		B14
CPU_DBG		F13
CPU_BR		B17
CS0		AC6
CS1		AD6
CS2		AE6
CS3		AB7

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
$\overline{CS4}$		AF7
$\overline{CS5}$		AC7
$\overline{CS6}$		AD7
$\overline{CS7}$		AF8
$\overline{CS8}$		AE8
$\overline{CS9}$		AD8
$\overline{CS10/BCTL1}$		AC8
$\overline{CS11/AP0}$		AB8
BADDR27		C13
BADDR28		A12
ALE		D13
$\overline{BCTL0}$		AF4
$\overline{PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0}$		AA5
$\overline{PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1}$		AE4
$\overline{PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2}$		AD4
$\overline{PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3}$		AF3
$\overline{PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4}$		AB4
$\overline{PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5}$		AE3
$\overline{PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6}$		AF2
$\overline{PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7}$		AD3
$\overline{PSDA10/PGPL0}$		AE2
$\overline{PSDWE/PGPL1}$		AD2
$\overline{POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2}$		AE1
$\overline{PSDCAS/PGPL3}$		AC3
$\overline{PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS}$		W6
$\overline{PSDAMUX/PGPL5}$		AA4
$\overline{LWE0/LSDDQM0/LBS0/PCI_CFG0}$		AC9
$\overline{LWE1/LSDDQM1/LBS1/PCI_CFG1}$		AD9
$\overline{LWE2/LSDDQM2/LBS2/PCI_CFG2}$		AE9
$\overline{LWE3/LSDDQM3/LBS3/PCI_CFG3}$		AF9
$\overline{LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0}$		AB6
$\overline{LSDWE/LGPL1/PCI_MODCKH1}$		AF5
$\overline{LOE/LSDRAS/LGPL2/PCI_MODCKH2}$		AE5

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PA19/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC1_RMII_TXD1	FCC1_UT8_TXD6/FCC1_UT16_TXD14	N23 ²
PA20/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD2	FCC1_UT8_TXD5/FCC1_UT16_TXD13	K26 ²
PA21/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD3	FCC1_UT8_TXD4/FCC1_UT16_TXD12	L23 ²
PA22	FCC1_UT8_TXD3/FCC1_UT16_TXD11	K23 ²
PA23	FCC1_UT8_TXD2/FCC1_UT16_TXD10	H26 ²
PA24/MSNUM1	FCC1_UT8_TXD1/FCC1_UT16_TXD9	F25 ²
PA25/MSNUM0	FCC1_UT8_TXD0/FCC1_UT16_TXD8	D26 ²
PA26/FCC1_MII_RMII_RX_ER/ FCC1_RMII_RX_ER	FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_RXCLAV	D25 ²
PA27/FCC1_MII_RX_DV/ FCC1_RMII_CRD_DV	FCC1_UT_RXSOC	C25 ²
PA28/FCC1_MII_TX_EN/ FCC1_RMII_TX_EN	FCC1_UTM_RXENB/ FCC1_UTS_RXENB	C22 ²
PA29/FCC1_MII_TX_ER	FCC1_UT_TXSOC	B21 ²
PA30/FCC1_MII_CRD/FCC1_RTS	FCC1_UTM_TXCLAV/ FCC1_UTS_TXCLAV	A20 ²
PA31/FCC1_MII_COL	FCC1_UTM_TXENB/ FCC1_UTS_TXENB	A19 ²
PB4/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD3/ L1RSYNCA2/FCC3_RTS	FCC2_UT8_RXD0	AD21 ²
PB5/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD2/ L1TSYNCA2/L1GNCA2	FCC2_UT8_RXD1	AD22 ²
PB6/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD1/ FCC3_RMII_TXD1/ L1RXDA2/L1RXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD2	AC22 ²
PB7/FCC3_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC3_RMII_TXD0/ FCC3_TXD/L1TXDA2/L1TXD0A2	FCC2_UT8_RXD3	AE26 ²
PB8/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC3_RMII_RXD0/ FCC3_RXD/TXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD3	AB23 ²
PB9/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC3_RMII_RXD1/L1TXD2A2	FCC2_UT8_TXD2	AC26 ²
PB10/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD2	FCC2_UT8_TXD1	AB26 ²
PB11/FCC3_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC2_UT8_TXD0	AA25 ²
PB12/FCC3_MII_CRD/TXD2		W26 ²
PB13/FCC3_MII_COL/L1TXD1A2		W25 ²
PB14/FCC3_MII_RMII_TX_EN/RXD3		V24 ²

9.1 Package Parameters

This table provides package parameters.

NOTE: Temperature Reflow for the VR Package

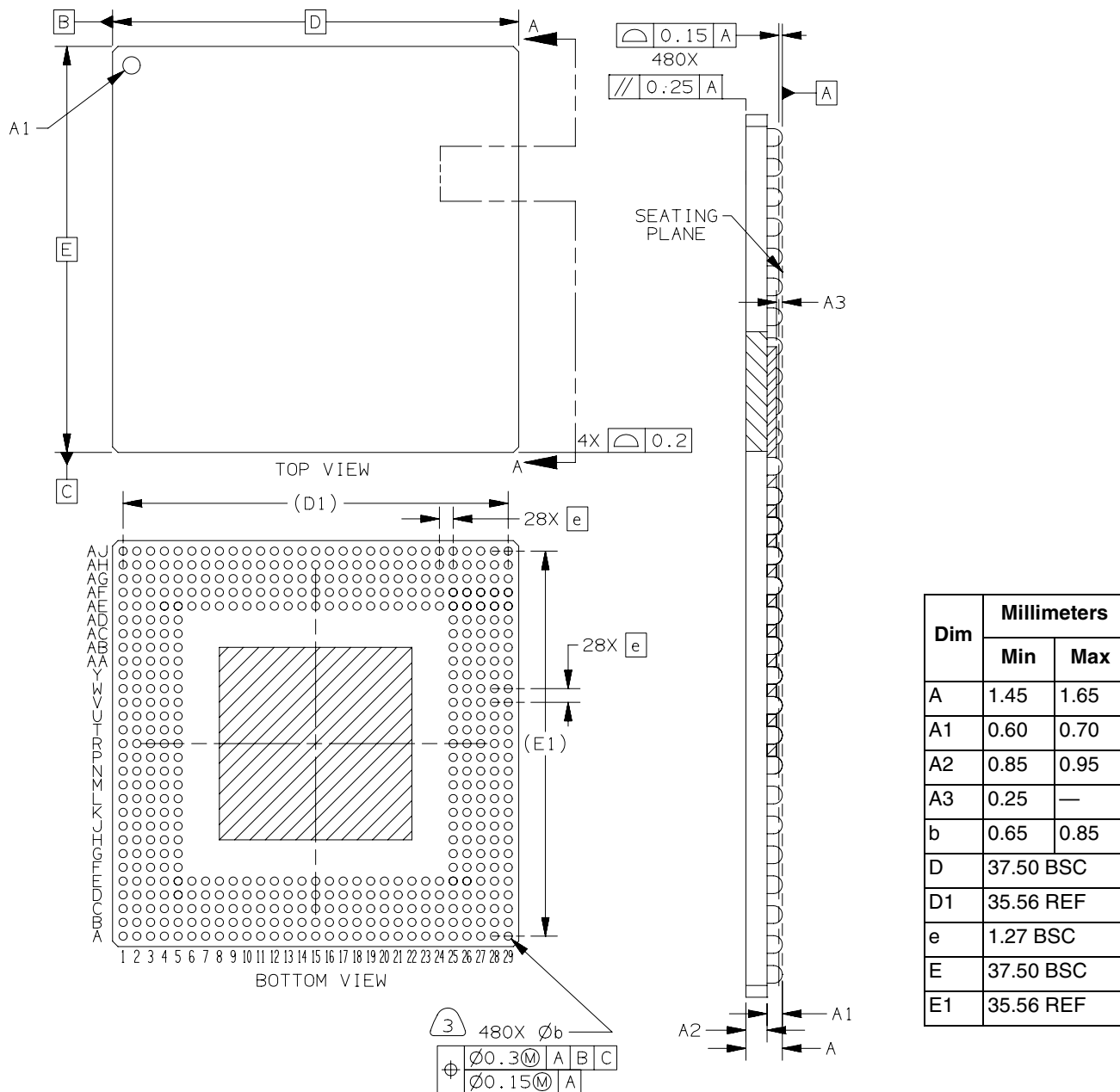
In the VR package, sphere composition is lead-free (see [Table 2](#)). This requires higher temperature reflow than what is required for other PowerQUICC II packages. Consult “Freescale PowerQUICC II Pb-Free Packaging Information” (MPC8250PBFREEPKG) available on www.freescale.com.

Table 26. Package Parameters

Package	SoCs	Outline (mm)	Type	Interconnects	Pitch (mm)	Nominal Unmounted Height (mm)
ZU	MPC8280 MPC8270	37.5 × 37.5	TBGA	480	1.27	1.55
VV	MPC8280 MPC8270	37.5 × 37.5	TBGA	480	1.27	1.55
VR	MPC8275VR MPC8270VR	27 × 27	PBGA	516	1	2.25
ZQ	MPC8275ZQ MPC8270ZQ	27 × 27	PBGA	516	1	2.25

9.2 Mechanical Dimensions

This figure provides the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature of the 480 TBGA (ZU/VV) package. See Table 2, “HiP7 PowerQUICC II Device Packages.”



Notes:

1. Dimensions and Tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. Dimensions in millimeters.
3. Dimension b is measured at the maximum solder ball diameter, parallel to primary data A.
4. Primary data A and the seating plane are defined by the spherical crowns of the solder balls.

Figure 17. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature—480 TBGA