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Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

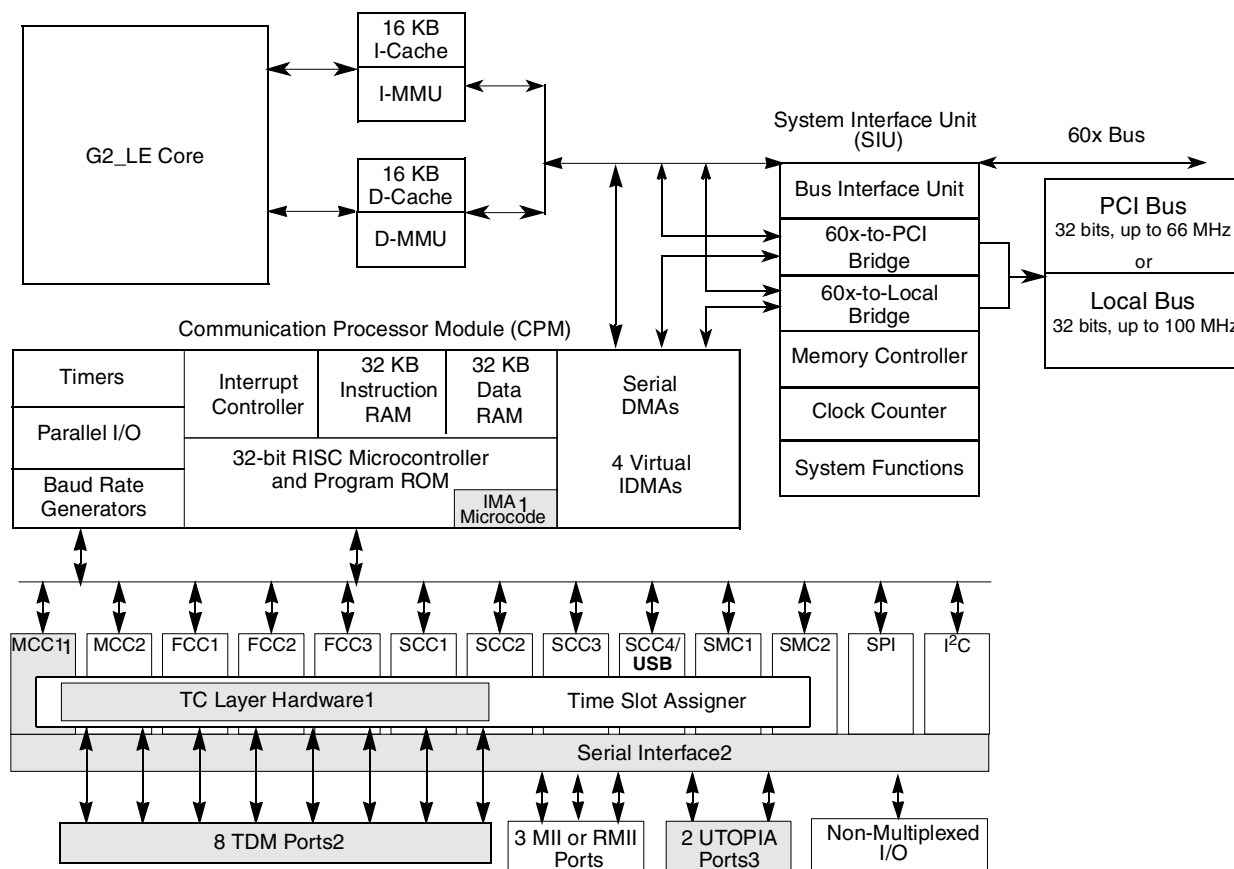
Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	-
Number of Cores/Bus Width	-
Speed	-
Co-Processors/DSP	-
RAM Controllers	-
Graphics Acceleration	-
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	-
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	-
Operating Temperature	-
Security Features	-
Package / Case	-
Supplier Device Package	-
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc8280cvvupea

This figure shows the block diagram of the SoC. Shaded portions are SoC-specific; see the notes below the figure.



Notes:

¹ MPC8280 only (**not on MPC8270**, the VR package, nor the ZQ package)

² MPC8280 has 2 serial interface (SI) blocks and 8 TDM ports. MPC8270 and the VR and ZQ packages have only 1 SI block and 4 TDM ports (TDM2[A–D]).

³ MPC8280, MPC8275VR, MPC8275ZQ only (**not on MPC8270**, MPC8270VR, nor MPC8270ZQ)

Figure 1. SoC Block Diagram

1.1 Features

The major features of the SoC are as follows:

- Dual-issue integer (G2_LE) core
 - A core version of the EC603e microprocessor
 - System core microprocessor supporting frequencies of 166–450 MHz
 - Separate 16 KB data and instruction caches:
 - Four-way set associative
 - Physically addressed
 - LRU replacement algorithm
 - Power Architecture®-compliant memory management unit (MMU)

- Common on-chip processor (COP) test interface
- High-performance (SPEC95 benchmark at 450 MHz; 855 Dhrystones MIPS at 450 MHz)
- Supports bus snooping
- Support for data cache coherency
- Floating-point unit (FPU)
- Separate power supply for internal logic and for I/O
- Separate PLLs for G2_LE core and for the communications processor module (CPM)
 - G2_LE core and CPM can run at different frequencies for power/performance optimization
 - Internal core/bus clock multiplier that provides ratios 2:1, 2.5:1, 3:1, 3.5:1, 4:1, 4.5:1, 5:1, 6:1, 7:1, 8:1
 - Internal CPM/bus clock multiplier that provides ratios 2:1, 2.5:1, 3:1, 3.5:1, 4:1, 5:1, 6:1, 8:1 ratios
- 64-bit data and 32-bit address 60x bus
 - Bus supports multiple master designs
 - Supports single- and four-beat burst transfers
 - 64-, 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes controlled by on-chip memory controller
 - Supports data parity or ECC and address parity
- 32-bit data and 18-bit address local bus
 - Single-master bus, supports external slaves
 - Eight-beat burst transfers
 - 32-, 16-, and 8-bit port sizes controlled by on-chip memory controller
- 60x-to-PCI bridge
 - Programmable host bridge and agent
 - 32-bit data bus, 66.67/83.3/100 MHz, 3.3 V
 - Synchronous and asynchronous 60x and PCI clock modes
 - All internal address space available to external PCI host
 - DMA for memory block transfers
 - PCI-to-60x address remapping
- PCI bridge
 - PCI Specification Revision 2.2 compliant and supports frequencies up to 66 MHz
 - On-chip arbitration
 - Support for PCI-to-60x-memory and 60x-memory-to-PCI streaming
 - PCI host bridge or peripheral capabilities
 - Includes 4 DMA channels for the following transfers:
 - PCI-to-60x to 60x-to-PCI
 - 60x-to-PCI to PCI-to-60x
 - 60x-to-PCI to 60x-to-PCI

- Includes all of the configuration registers (which are automatically loaded from the EPROM and used to configure the MPC8280) required by the PCI standard as well as message and doorbell registers
- Supports the I₂O standard
- Hot-swap friendly (supports the hot swap specification as defined by PICMG 2.1 R1.0 August 3, 1998)
- Support for 66.67/83.33/100 MHz, 3.3 V specification
- 60x-PCI bus core logic that uses a buffer pool to allocate buffers for each port
- Uses the local bus signals, removing need for additional pins
- System interface unit (SIU)
 - Clock synthesizer
 - Reset controller
 - Real-time clock (RTC) register
 - Periodic interrupt timer
 - Hardware bus monitor and software watchdog timer
 - IEEE 1149.1 JTAG test access port
- 12-bank memory controller
 - Glueless interface to SRAM, page mode SDRAM, DRAM, EPROM, Flash, and other user-definable peripherals
 - Byte write enables and selectable parity generation
 - 32-bit address decodes with programmable bank size
 - Three user-programmable machines, general-purpose chip-select machine, and page mode pipeline SDRAM machine
 - Byte selects for 64-bit bus width (60x) and byte selects for 32-bit bus width (local)
 - Dedicated interface logic for SDRAM
- CPU core can be disabled and the device can be used in slave mode to an external core
- Communications processor module (CPM)
 - Embedded 32-bit communications processor (CP) uses a RISC architecture for flexible support for communications protocols
 - Interfaces to G2_LE core through an on-chip 32 KB dual-port data RAM, an on-chip 32 KB dual-port instruction RAM and DMA controller
 - Serial DMA channels for receive and transmit on all serial channels
 - Parallel I/O registers with open-drain and interrupt capability
 - Virtual DMA functionality executing memory-to-memory and memory-to-I/O transfers
 - Three fast communications controllers supporting the following protocols:
 - 10/100-Mbit Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS interface through media independent interface (MII) or reduced media independent interface (RMII)

- ATM—Full-duplex SAR protocols at 155 Mbps, through UTOPIA interface, AAL5, AAL1, AAL0 protocols, TM 4.0 CBR, VBR, UBR, ABR traffic types, up to 64 K external connections (no ATM support for the MPC8270)
 - Transparent
 - HDLC—Up to T3 rates (clear channel)
 - FCC2 can also be connected to the TC layer (MPC8280 only)
- Two multichannel controllers (MCCs) (one MCC on the MPC8270)
 - Each MCC handles 128 serial, full-duplex, 64-Kbps data channels. Each MCC can be split into four subgroups of 32 channels each.
 - Almost any combination of subgroups can be multiplexed to single or multiple TDM interfaces up to four TDM interfaces per MCC
- Four serial communications controllers (SCCs) identical to those on the MPC860, supporting the digital portions of the following protocols:
 - Ethernet/IEEE 802.3 CDMA/CS
 - HDLC/SDLC and HDLC bus
 - Universal asynchronous receiver transmitter (UART)
 - Synchronous UART
 - Binary synchronous (BISYNC) communications
 - Transparent
- Universal serial bus (USB) controller
 - Supports USB 2.0 full/low rate compatible
 - USB host mode
 - Supports control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - Supports both 12- and 1.5-Mbps data rates (automatic generation of preamble token and data rate configuration). Note that low-speed operation requires an external hub.
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Supports local loopback mode for diagnostics (12 Mbps only)
 - Supports USB slave mode
 - Four independent endpoints support control, bulk, interrupt, and isochronous data transfers
 - CRC16 generation and checking
 - CRC5 checking
 - NRZI encoding/decoding with bit stuffing
 - 12- or 1.5-Mbps data rate
 - Flexible data buffers with multiple buffers per frame
 - Automatic retransmission upon transmit error
 - Two serial management controllers (SMCs), identical to those of the MPC860

3 DC Electrical Characteristics

This table shows DC electrical characteristics.

Table 5. DC Electrical Characteristics¹

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input high voltage—all inputs except TCK, $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ and $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ ²	V_{IH}	2.0	3.465	V
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	GND	0.8	V
CLKIN input high voltage	V_{IHC}	2.4	3.465	V
CLKIN input low voltage	V_{ILC}	GND	0.4	V
Input leakage current, $V_{IN} = V_{DDH}$ ³	I_{IN}	—	10	μA
Hi-Z (off state) leakage current, $V_{IN} = V_{DDH}$ ³	I_{OZ}	—	10	μA
Signal low input current, $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ ⁴	I_L	—	1	μA
Signal high input current, $V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$	I_H	—	1	μA
Output high voltage, $I_{OH} = -2 \text{ mA}$ except UTOPIA mode, and open drain pins In UTOPIA mode ⁵ (UTOPIA pins only): $I_{OH} = -8.0 \text{ mA}$ PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	V_{OH}	2.4	—	V
In UTOPIA mode ⁵ (UTOPIA pins only): $I_{OL} = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ PA[0-31] PB[4-31] PC[0-31] PD[4-31]	V_{OL}	—	0.5	V

5 Power Dissipation

This table provides preliminary, estimated power dissipation for various configurations. Note that suitable thermal management is required to ensure the junction temperature does not exceed the maximum specified value. Also note that the I/O power should be included when determining whether to use a heat sink. For a complete list of possible clock configurations, see [Section 7, “Clock Configuration Modes.”](#)

Table 7. Estimated Power Dissipation for Various Configurations¹

Bus (MHz)	CPM Multiplication Factor	CPM (MHz)	CPU Multiplication Factor	CPU (MHz)	P _{INT} (W) ^{2,3}	
					V _{DDI} 1.5 Volts	
					Nominal	Maximum
66.67	2.5	166	3.5	233	0.95	1.0
66.67	2.5	166	4	266	1.0	1.05
66.67	3	200	4	266	1.05	1.1
66.67	3.5	233	4.5	300	1.05	1.15
83.33	3	250	4	333	1.25	1.35
83.33	3	250	4.5	375	1.3	1.4
83.33	3.5	292	5	417	1.45	1.55
100	3	300	4	400	1.5	1.6
100	3	300	4.5	450	1.55	1.65

¹ Test temperature = 105° C

² P_{INT} = I_{DD} × V_{DD} Watts

³ Values do not include I/O. Add the following estimates for active I/O based on the following bus speeds:

66.7 MHz = 0.45 W (nominal), 0.5 W (maximum)

83.3 MHz = 0.5W (nominal), 0.6 W (maximum)

100 MHz = 0.6 W (nominal), 0.7 W (maximum)

This table lists CPM input characteristics.

NOTE: Rise/Fall Time on CPM Input Pins

It is recommended that the rise/fall time on CPM input pins should not exceed 5 ns. This should be enforced especially on clock signals. Rise time refers to signal transitions from 10% to 90% of VCC; fall time refers to transitions from 90% to 10% of VCC.

Table 10. AC Characteristics for CPM Inputs¹

Spec Number		Characteristic	Value (ns)					
Setup	Hold		Setup			Hold		
			66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz	66 MHz	83 MHz	100 MHz
sp16a	sp17a	FCC inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	6	6	0	0	0
sp16b	sp17b	FCC inputs—external clock (NMSI)	2.5	2.5	2.5	2	2	2
sp18a	sp19a	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—internal clock (NMSI)	6	6	6	0	0	0
sp18b	sp19b	SCC/SMC/SPI/I2C inputs—external clock (NMSI)	4	4	4	2	2	2
sp20	sp21	TDM inputs/SI	5	5	5	2.5	2.5	2.5
sp22	sp23	PIO/TIMER/IDMA inputs	8	8	8	0.5	0.5	0.5

¹ Input specifications are measured from the 50% level of the signal to the 50% level of the rising edge of CLKIN. Timings are measured at the pin.

NOTE

Although the specifications generally reference the rising edge of the clock, the following AC timing diagrams also apply when the falling edge is the active edge.

This figure shows the FCC internal clock.

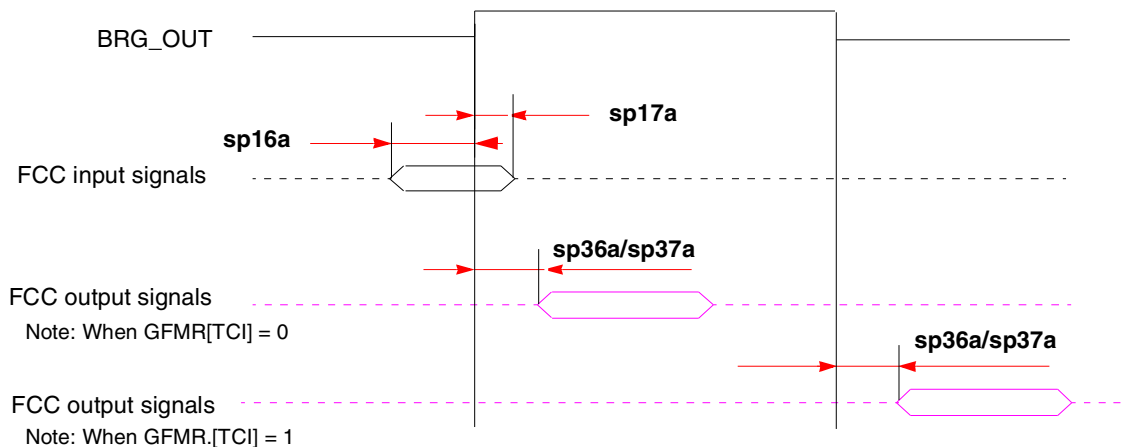
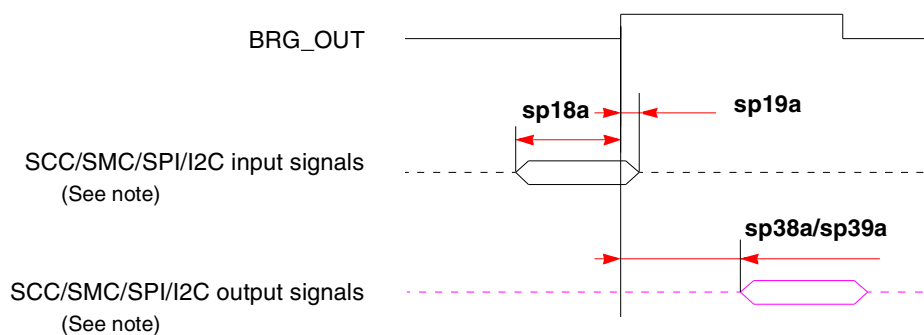


Figure 3. FCC Internal Clock Diagram

This figure shows the SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C internal clock.

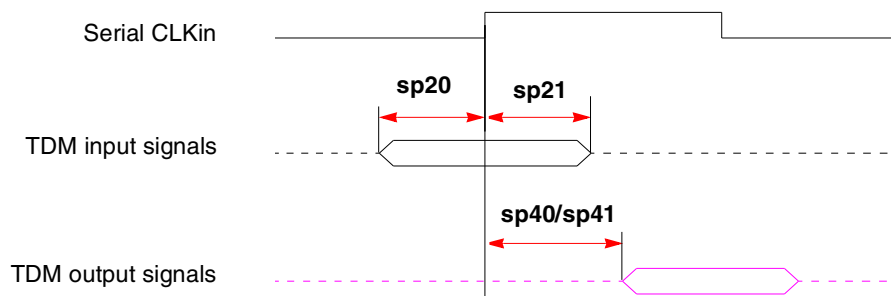


Note: There are four possible timing conditions for SCC and SPI:

1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 6. SCC/SMC/SPI/I²C Internal Clock Diagram

This figure shows TDM input and output signals.



Note: There are four possible TDM timing conditions:

1. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the rising edge (shown).
2. Input sampled on the rising edge and output driven on the falling edge.
3. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the falling edge.
4. Input sampled on the falling edge and output driven on the rising edge.

Figure 7. TDM Signal Diagram

This figure shows the interaction of several bus signals.

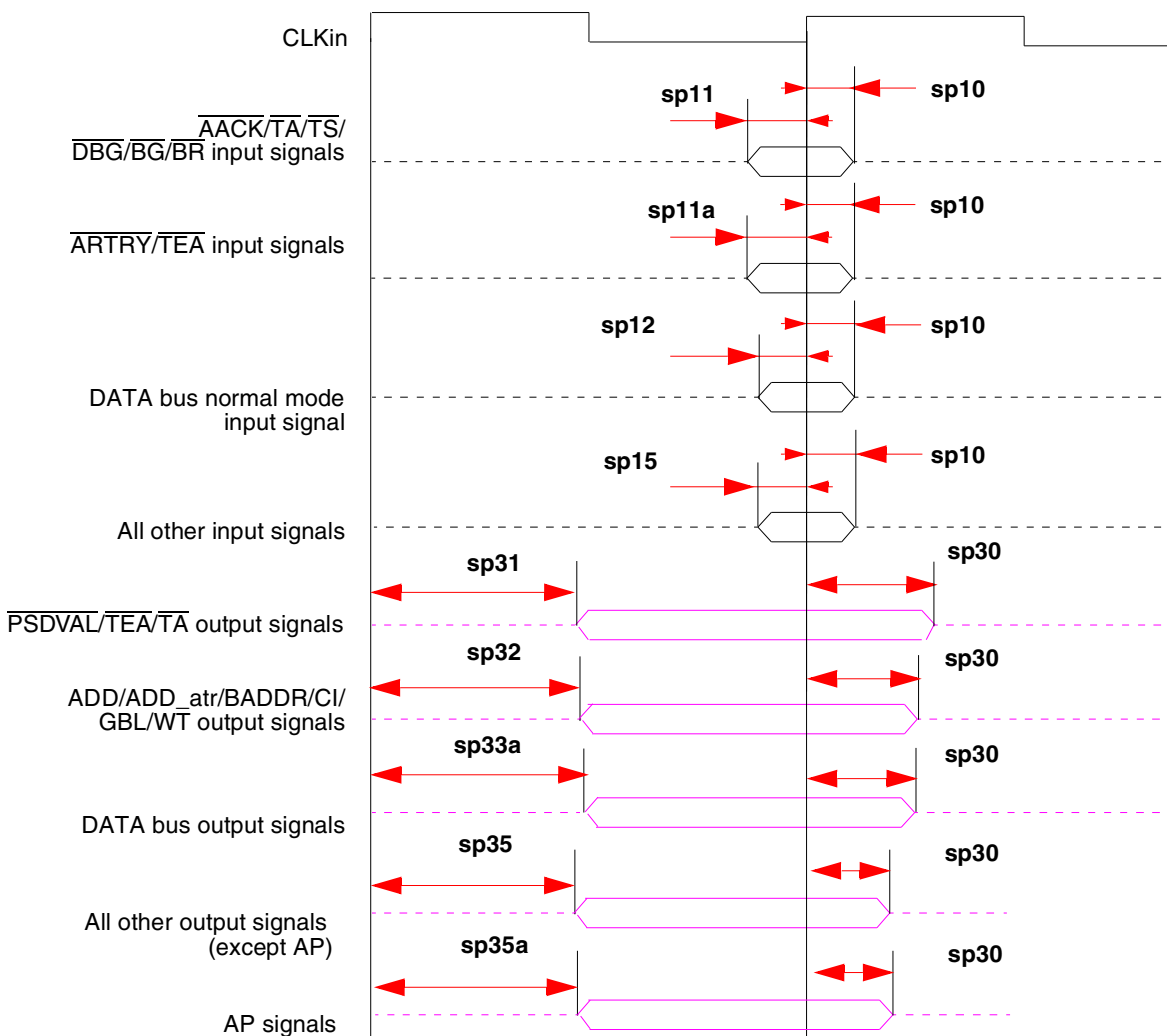


Figure 9. Bus Signals

Table 20. Clock Configurations for PCI Host Mode (PCI_MODCK=1)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	Bus Clock ⁴ (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁶	CPU Clock (MHz)		PCI Division Factor	PCI Clock (MHz)	
MODCK_H- MODCK[1-3]	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
1000_000	Reserved										
1000_001	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	3	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_010	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	3.5	233.3	466.7	8	25.0	50.0
1000_011	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4	266.7	533.3	8	25.0	50.0
1000_100	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	4.5	300.0	600.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_101	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6	400.0	800.0	8	25.0	50.0
1000_110	66.7	133.3	3	200.0	400.0	6.5	433.3	866.7	8	25.0	50.0
1001_000	Reserved										
1001_001	Reserved										
1001_010	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	3.5	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1001_011	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	4	228.6	457.1	8	25.0	50.0
1001_100	57.1	114.3	3.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	257.1	514.3	8	25.0	50.0
1001_101	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	5	214.3	428.6	6	25.0	50.0
1001_110	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	5.5	235.7	471.4	6	25.0	50.0
1001_111	42.9	85.7	3.5	150.0	300.0	6	257.1	514.3	6	25.0	50.0
1010_000	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2	150.0	300.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_001	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	2.5	187.5	375.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_010	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3	225.0	450.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_011	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	3.5	262.5	525.0	6	25.0	50.0
1010_100	75.0	150.0	2	150.0	300.0	4	300.0	600.0	6	25.0	50.0
1011_000	Reserved										
1011_001	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_010	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3	240.0	480.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_011	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	3.5	280.0	560.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_100	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4	320.0	640.0	8	25.0	50.0
1011_101	80.0	160.0	2.5	200.0	400.0	4.5	360.0	720.0	8	25.0	50.0
1101_000	50.0	100.0	2.5	125.0	250.0	3	150.0	300.0	5	25.0	50.0

Table 21. Clock Configurations for PCI Agent Mode (PCI_MODCK=0)^{1,2} (continued)

Mode ³	PCI Clock (MHz)		CPM Multiplication Factor ⁴	CPM Clock (MHz)		CPU Multiplication Factor ⁵	CPU Clock (MHz)		Bus Division Factor	Bus Clock (MHz)	
	Low	High		Low	High		Low	High		Low	High
MODCK_H-MODCK[1-3]											
0100_000	Reserved										
0100_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	150.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0100_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3.5	175.0	200.0	3	50.0	66.7
0100_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4	200.0	266.6	3	50.0	66.7
0100_100	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4.5	225.0	300.0	3	50.0	66.7
0101_000	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	2.5	250.0	333.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_001	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3	300.0	400.0	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_010	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	3.5	350.0	466.6	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_011	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4	400.0	533.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_100	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	4.5	450.0	599.9	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_101	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5	500.0	666.6	2.5	100.0	133.3
0101_110	50.0	66.7	5	250.0	333.3	5.5	550.0	733.3	2.5	100.0	133.3
0110_000	Reserved										
0110_001	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3	200.0	266.6	3	66.7	88.9
0110_010	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	3.5	233.3	311.1	3	66.7	88.9
0110_011	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4	266.7	355.5	3	66.7	88.9
0110_100	50.0	66.7	4	200.0	266.6	4.5	300.0	400.0	3	66.7	88.9
0111_000	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2	150.0	200.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2.5	187.5	250.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	225.0	300.0	2	75.0	100.0
0111_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3.5	262.5	350.0	2	75.0	100.0
1000_000	Reserved										
1000_001	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	2.5	150.0	166.7	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_010	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3	180.0	240.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_011	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	3.5	210.0	280.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_100	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4	240.0	320.0	2.5	60.0	80.0
1000_101	50.0	66.7	3	150.0	200.0	4.5	270.0	360.0	2.5	60.0	80.0

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
ABB/IRQ2		E2
TS		E3
A0		G1
A1		H5
A2		H2
A3		H1
A4		J5
A5		J4
A6		J3
A7		J2
A8		J1
A9		K4
A10		K3
A11		K2
A12		K1
A13		L5
A14		L4
A15		L3
A16		L2
A17		L1
A18		M5
A19		N5
A20		N4
A21		N3
A22		N2
A23		N1
A24		P4
A25		P3
A26		P2
A27		P1
A28		R1
A29		R3
A30		R5

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
D18		D15
D19		C13
D20		B11
D21		A8
D22		A5
D23		C5
D24		C19
D25		C17
D26		C15
D27		D13
D28		C11
D29		B8
D30		A4
D31		E6
D32		E18
D33		B17
D34		A15
D35		A12
D36		D11
D37		C8
D38		E7
D39		A3
D40		D18
D41		A17
D42		A14
D43		B12
D44		A10
D45		D8
D46		B6
D47		C4
D48		C18
D49		E16
D50		B14

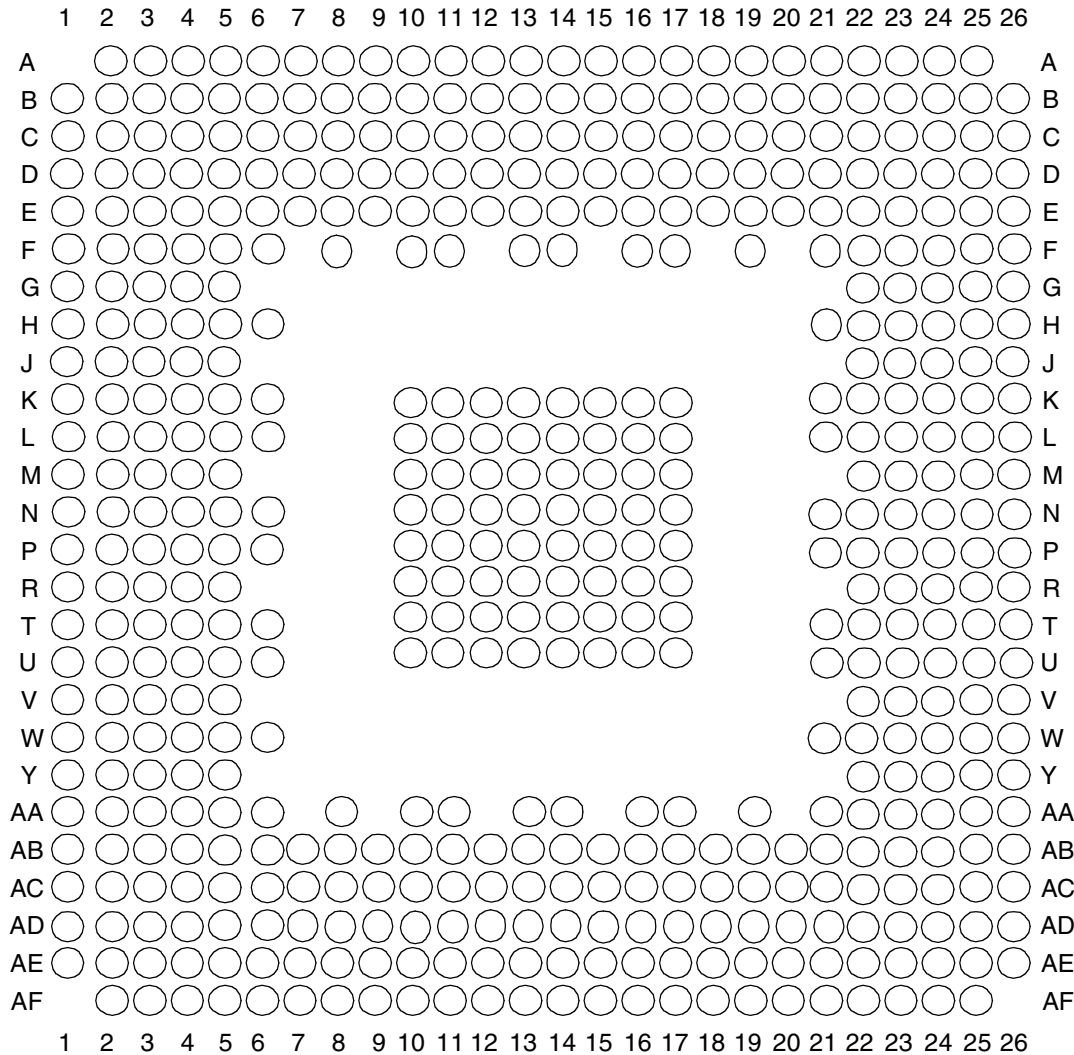
Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
$\overline{CS2}$		E27
$\overline{CS3}$		E28
$\overline{CS4}$		F26
$\overline{CS5}$		F27
$\overline{CS6}$		F28
$\overline{CS7}$		G25
$\overline{CS8}$		D29
$\overline{CS9}$		E29
$\overline{CS10/BCTL1}$		F29
$\overline{CS11/AP0}$		G28
BADDR27		T5
BADDR28		U1
ALE		T2
$\overline{BCTL0}$		A27
$\overline{PWE0/PSDDQM0/PBS0}$		C25
$\overline{PWE1/PSDDQM1/PBS1}$		E24
$\overline{PWE2/PSDDQM2/PBS2}$		D24
$\overline{PWE3/PSDDQM3/PBS3}$		C24
$\overline{PWE4/PSDDQM4/PBS4}$		B26
$\overline{PWE5/PSDDQM5/PBS5}$		A26
$\overline{PWE6/PSDDQM6/PBS6}$		B25
$\overline{PWE7/PSDDQM7/PBS7}$		A25
PSDA10/PGPL0		E23
$\overline{PSDWE/PGPL1}$		B24
$\overline{POE/PSDRAS/PGPL2}$		A24
$\overline{PSDCAS/PGPL3}$		B23
$\overline{PGTA/PUPMWAIT/PGPL4/PPBS}$		A23
$\overline{PSDAMUX/PGPL5}$		D22
$\overline{LWE0/LSDDQM0/LBS0/PCI_CFG0}$		H28
$\overline{LWE1/LSDDQM1/LBS1/PCI_CFG1}$		H27
$\overline{LWE2/LSDDQM2/LBS2/PCI_CFG2}$		H26
$\overline{LWE3/LSDDQM3/LBS3/PCI_CFG3}$		G29
$\overline{LSDA10/LGPL0/PCI_MODCKH0}$		D27

Table 23. MPC8280 and MPC8270 (ZU and VV Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8280/MPC8270	MPC8280 only	
PD20/ $\overline{\text{RTS4}}$ /TENA4/L1RSYNCA2/ USB_TP	FCC1_UT16_RXD2	AJ14 ²
PD21/TXD4/L1RXD0A2/L1RXDA2/ USB_TN	FCC1_UT16_RXD3	AH13 ²
PD22/RXD4/L1TXD0A2/L1TXDA2/ USB_RXD	FCC1_UT16_TXD5	AJ12 ²
PD23/ $\overline{\text{RTS3}}$ /TENA3	FCC1_UT16_RXD4/L1RSYNCD1	AE12 ²
PD24/TXD3	FCC1_UT16_RXD5/L1RXDD1	AF10 ²
PD25/RXD3	FCC1_UT16_TXD6/L1TXDD1	AG9 ²
PD26/ $\overline{\text{RTS2}}$ /TENA2	FCC1_UT16_RXD6/L1RSYNCC1	AH8 ²
PD27/TXD2	FCC1_UT16_RXD7/L1RXDC1	AG7 ²
PD28/RXD2	FCC1_UT16_TXD7/L1TXDC1	AE4 ²
PD29/ $\overline{\text{RTS1}}$ /TENA1	FCC1_UTM_RXADDR3/ FCC1_UTS_RXADDR3/ FCC1_UTM_RXCLAV2/ FCC2_UTM_RXADDR4/ FCC2_UTS_RXADDR1	AG1 ²
PD30/TXD1	FCC2_UTM_TXENB/ FCC2_UTS_TXENB	AD4 ²
PD31/RXD1		AD2 ²
VCCSYN		AB3
VCCSYN1		B9
CLKIN2		AE11
SPARE4 ³		U5
PCI_MODE ⁴		AF25
SPARE6 ³		V4
No connect ⁵		AA1, AG4
I/O power		AG21, AG14, AG8, AJ1, AJ2, AH1, AH2, AG3, AF4, AE5, AC27, Y27, T27, P27, K26, G27, AE25, AF26, AG27, AH28, AH29, AJ28, AJ29, C7, C14, C16, C20, C23, E10, A28, A29, B28, B29, C27, D26, E25, H3, M4, T3, AA4, A1, A2, B1, B2, C3, D4, E5

This figure shows the pinout of the VR and ZQ packages as viewed from the top surface.



Not to Scale

Figure 14. Pinout of the 516 PBGA Package (View from Top)

This table shows the pinout list of the MPC8275 and MPC8270. [Table 24](#) defines conventions and acronyms used in [Table 25](#).

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
$\overline{\text{BR}}$		C16
$\overline{\text{BG}}$		D2
$\overline{\text{ABB/IRQ2}}$		C1
$\overline{\text{TS}}$		D1

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
A0		D5
A1		E8
A2		C4
A3		B4
A4		A4
A5		D7
A6		D8
A7		C6
A8		B5
A9		B6
A10		C7
A11		C8
A12		A6
A13		D9
A14		F11
A15		B7
A16		B8
A17		C9
A18		A7
A19		B9
A20		E11
A21		A8
A22		D11
A23		B10
A24		C11
A25		A9
A26		B11
A27		C12
A28		D12
A29		A10
A30		B12
A31		B13
TT0		E7

Table 25. MPC8275 and MPC8270 (VR and ZQ Packages) Pinout List (continued)

Pin Name		Ball
MPC8275/MPC8270	MPC8275 only	
PORESET ²		B25
HRESET		D24
SRESET		E23
QREQ		D18
RSTCONF		E24
MODCK1/AP1/TC0/BNKSEL0		B16
MODCK2/AP2/TC1/BNKSEL1		F16
MODCK3/AP3/TC2/BNKSEL2		A15
CLKIN1		G22
PA0/RESTART1/DREQ3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR2	AC20 ²
PA1/REJECT1/DONE3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR1	AC21 ²
PA2/CLK20/DACK3	FCC2_UTM_TXADDR0	AF25 ²
PA3/CLK19/DACK4/L1RXD1A2	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR0	AE24 ²
PA4/REJECT2/DONE4	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR1	AA21 ²
PA5/RESTART2/DREQ4	FCC2_UTM_RXADDR2	AD25 ²
PA6	FCC2_UT_RXADDR3	AC24 ²
PA7/SMSYN2	FCC2_UT_TXADDR3	AA22 ²
PA8/SMRXD2	FCC2_UT_TXADDR4	AA23 ²
PA9/SMTXD2		Y26 ²
PA10/MSNUM5	FCC1_UT8_RXD0/FCC1_UT16_RXD8	W22 ²
PA11/MSNUM4	FCC1_UT8_RXD1/FCC1_UT16_RXD9	W23 ²
PA12/MSNUM3	FCC1_UT8_RXD2/ FCC1_UT16_RXD10	V26 ²
PA13/MSNUM2	FCC1_UT8_RXD3/ FCC1_UT16_RXD11	V25 ²
PA14/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD3	FCC1_UT8_RXD4/ FCC1_UT16_RXD12	T22 ²
PA15/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD2	/FCC1_UT8_RXD5/ FCC1_UT16_RXD13	T25 ²
PA16/FCC1_MII_HDLC_RXD1/ FCC1_RMII_RXD1	FCC1_UT8_RXD6/ FCC1_UT16_RXD14	R24 ²
PA17/FCC_MII_HDLC_RXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_RXD/ FCC1_RMII_RXD0	FCC1_UT8_RXD7/ FCC1_UT16_RXD15	P22 ²
PA18/FCC1_MII_HDLC_TXD0/ FCC1_MII_TRAN_TXD/ FCC1_RMII_TXD0	FCC1_UT8_TXD7/FCC1_UT16_TXD15	N26 ²

Table 27. Document Revision History (continued)

Revision	Date	Substantive Changes
1.0	2/2004	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removal of "Advance Information" and "Preliminary." The MPC8280 is fully qualified. Table 2: New Figure 1: Modification to note 2 Section 1.1: Core frequency range is 166–450 MHz Addition of ZQ (516 PBGA with Lead spheres) package references Table 4: VDD and VCCSYN modified to 1.45–1.60 V Note following Table 4: Modified Table 5: Addition of note 2 regarding $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ and $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ (see VIH row of Table 5) Table 5: Changed I_{OL} for 60x signals to 6.0 mA Table 5: Moved QREQ to V_{OL}: $I_{OL} = 3.2$ mA Table 5: Addition of critical interrupt ($\overline{\text{CINT}}$) to $\overline{\text{IRQ5}}$ for V_{OL} ($I_{OL} = 6.0$ mA) Table 10: Addition of Ψ_{JT} and note 4 Sections 4.1–4.5: New Table 12: Modified power values (+ 150mW to each) Table 14: Addition of note 2. Changed PCI impedance to 27 Ω. Table 9: Changes to sp36b, SP38a, sp38b, sp37a, sp39a, sp40 and sp41 Table 20: Changes to sp16a, sp18a, sp20 and sp21 Section 6.2: Addition of Note: CLKIN Jitter and Duty Cycle Table 11: Changes to sp13 @ 66 and 83 MHz, sp14 @ 83 MHz Table 12: Change to sp30 (data bus signals). Changes to sp33b. Removal of note 2. Table 18 through Table 37: Modification of note 1 regarding CPU and CPM Fmin. Modification to corresponding values in tables. Table 23: Addition of note 1 to $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ (AH3) and $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ (AG6) Table 23: Addition of RXD3 to CPM port pin PB14. Previously omitted. Table 23: Addition of critical interrupt ($\overline{\text{CINT}}$) to B21 and U4. Previously omitted. Table 23: Addition of note 5 to 'No connect' (AA1, AG4) Addition of "Note: Temperature Reflow for the VR Package" on page 76 Table 25: Addition of note 1 to $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ (F22) and $\overline{\text{PORESET}}$ (B25) Table 25: Addition of previously omitted signals that are multiplexed with CPM port pins: PA6—FCC2_UT_RXADDR3 PA7—FCC2_UT_TXADDR3 PA8—FCC2_UT_TXADDR4 PB14—RXD3 PC19—SPICLK PC22—FCC1_UT_TXPRTY PC28—FCC2_UT_RXADDR4 Table 25: Removal of serial interface 1 (SI1) signals from port pins (see note 2 in Figure 1): PA[6–9], PB[8–17, 20–25], PC[6–7, 10–13], PD[4, 10–13, 16, 23–28] Table 25: Addition of critical interrupt ($\overline{\text{CINT}}$) to AC1 and B14. Previously omitted. Table 25: Addition of note 5 to 'No connect' (E17, C23)

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