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What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	I²C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I²S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 4x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-TQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32hg350f32g-b-qfp48

3 Electrical Characteristics

3.1 Test Conditions

3.1.1 Typical Values

The typical data are based on $T_{AMB}=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ and $V_{DD}=3.0\text{ V}$, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 8), unless otherwise specified.

3.1.2 Minimum and Maximum Values

The minimum and maximum values represent the worst conditions of ambient temperature, supply voltage and frequencies, as defined in Table 3.2 (p. 8) , unless otherwise specified.

3.2 Absolute Maximum Ratings

The absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings, and functional operation under such conditions are not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in Table 3.1 (p. 8) may affect the device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operating conditions are given in Table 3.2 (p. 8) .

Table 3.1. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{STG}	Storage temperature range		-40		150 ¹	°C
T_S	Maximum soldering temperature	Latest IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 Standard			260	°C
V_{DDMAX}	External main supply voltage		0		3.8	V
V_{IOPIN}	Voltage on any I/O pin		-0.3		$V_{DD}+0.3$	V

¹Based on programmed devices tested for 10000 hours at 150°C. Storage temperature affects retention of preprogrammed calibration values stored in flash. Please refer to the Flash section in the Electrical Characteristics for information on flash data retention for different temperatures.

3.3 General Operating Conditions

3.3.1 General Operating Conditions

Table 3.2. General Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature range	-40		85	°C
V_{DDOP}	Operating supply voltage	1.98		3.8	V
f_{APB}	Internal APB clock frequency			25	MHz
f_{AHB}	Internal AHB clock frequency			25	MHz

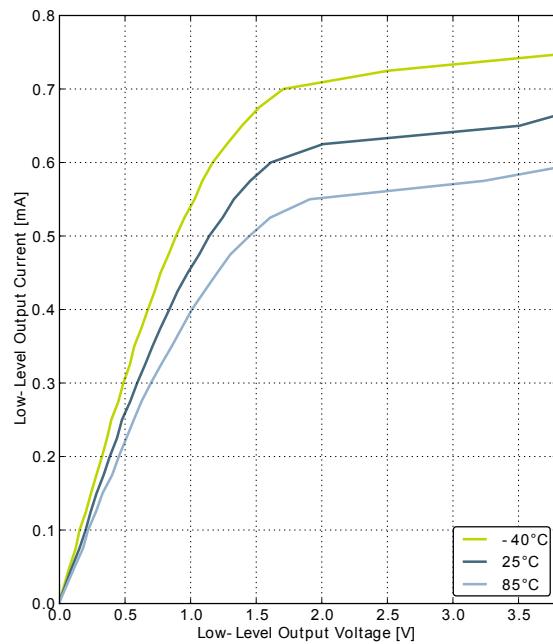
3.3.2 Environmental

WLCSP devices can be handled and soldered using industry standard surface mount assembly techniques. However, because WLCSP devices are essentially a piece of silicon and are not encapsulated

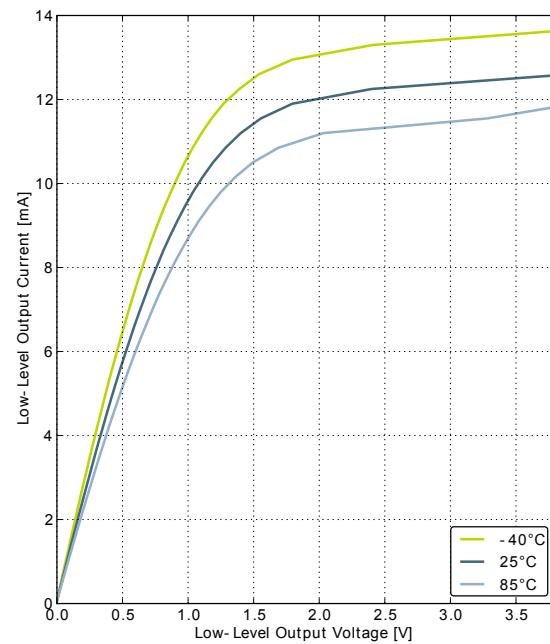
3.8 General Purpose Input Output

Table 3.7. GPIO

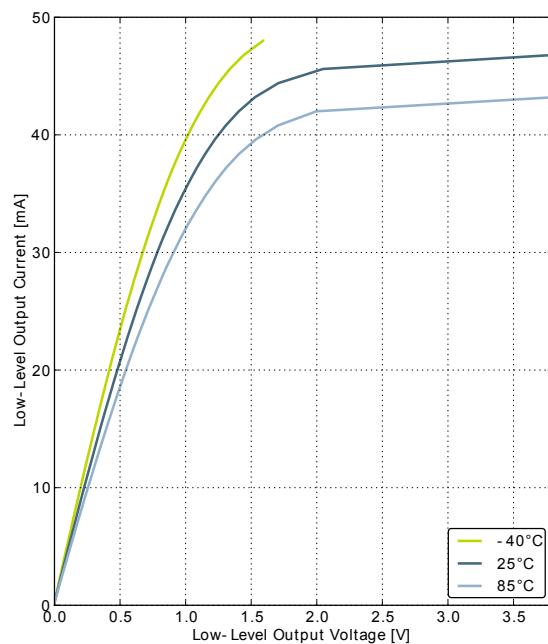
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IOIL}	Input low voltage				$0.30V_{DD}$	V
V_{IOIH}	Input high voltage		$0.70V_{DD}$			V
V_{IOOH}	Output high voltage (Production test condition = 3.0V, DRIVEMODE = STANDARD)	Sourcing 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		$0.80V_{DD}$		V
		Sourcing 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		$0.90V_{DD}$		V
		Sourcing 1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		$0.85V_{DD}$		V
		Sourcing 1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		$0.90V_{DD}$		V
		Sourcing 6 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	$0.75V_{DD}$			V
		Sourcing 6 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD	$0.85V_{DD}$			V
		Sourcing 20 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	$0.60V_{DD}$			V
		Sourcing 20 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH	$0.80V_{DD}$			V
V_{IOOL}	Output low voltage (Production test condition = 3.0V, DRIVEMODE = STANDARD)	Sinking 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		$0.20V_{DD}$		V
		Sinking 0.1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST		$0.10V_{DD}$		V
		Sinking 1 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		$0.10V_{DD}$		V
		Sinking 1 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW		$0.05V_{DD}$		V
		Sinking 6 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD			$0.30V_{DD}$	V
		Sinking 6 mA, $V_{DD}=3.0$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD			$0.20V_{DD}$	V
		Sinking 20 mA, $V_{DD}=1.98$ V, GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH			$0.35V_{DD}$	V

Figure 3.18. Typical Low-Level Output Current, 3.8V Supply Voltage

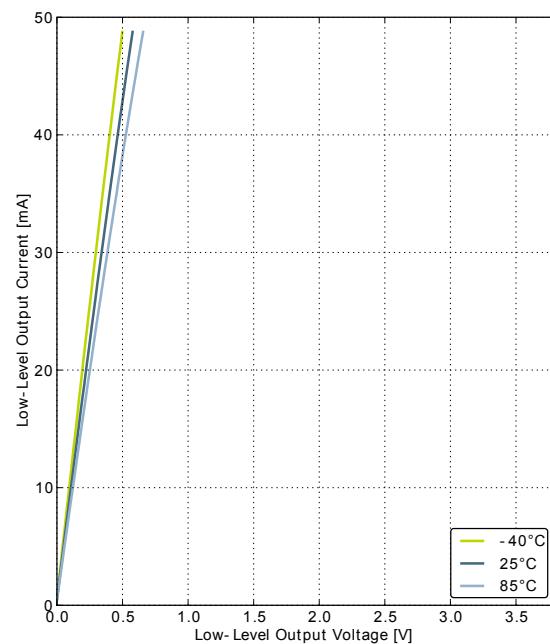
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOWEST



GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = LOW



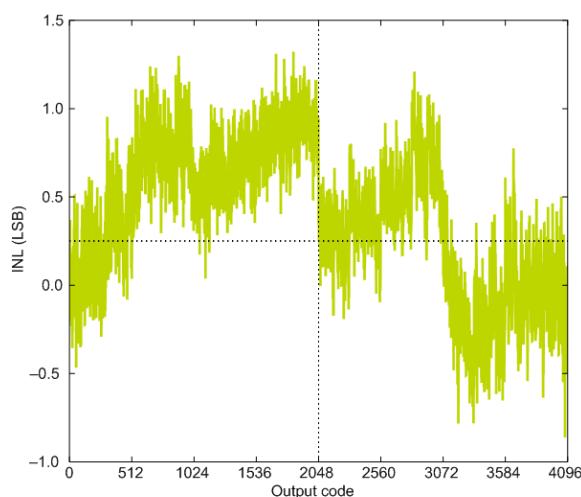
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = STANDARD



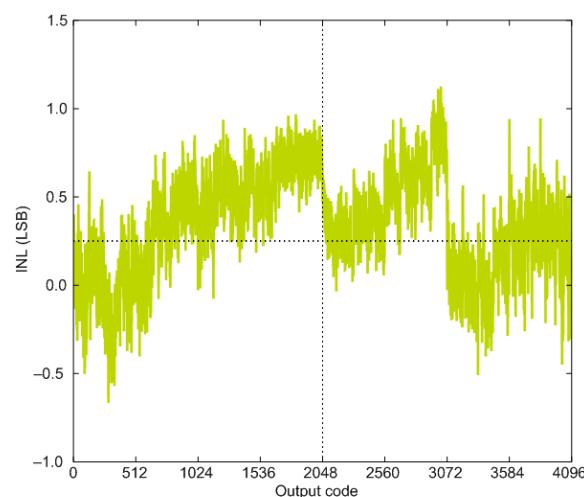
GPIO_Px_CTRL DRIVEMODE = HIGH

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$V_{ADCREFIN_CH6}$	Input range of external positive reference voltage on channel 6	See $V_{ADCREFIN}$	0.625		V_{DD}	V
$V_{ADCCMIN}$	Common mode input range		0		V_{DD}	V
I_{ADCIN}	Input current	2pF sampling capacitors		<100		nA
$CMRR_{ADC}$	Analog input common mode rejection ratio			65		dB
I_{ADC}	Average active current	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, external reference		392	510	μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b00		67		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b01		63		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b10		64		μA
		10 kSamples/s 12 bit, internal 1.25 V reference, WARMUP-MODE in ADCn_CTRL set to 0b11		244		μA
I_{ADCREF}	Current consumption of internal voltage reference	Internal voltage reference		65		μA
C_{ADCIN}	Input capacitance			2		pF
R_{ADCIN}	Input ON resistance		1			MΩ
$R_{ADCfilt}$	Input RC filter resistance			10		kΩ
$C_{ADCfilt}$	Input RC filter/de-coupling capacitance			250		fF
f_{ADCCLK}	ADC Clock Frequency				13	MHz
$t_{ADCCONV}$	Conversion time	6 bit	7			ADC-CLK Cycles
		8 bit	11			ADC-CLK Cycles
		12 bit	13			ADC-CLK Cycles
t_{ADCACQ}	Acquisition time	Programmable	1		256	ADC-CLK Cycles

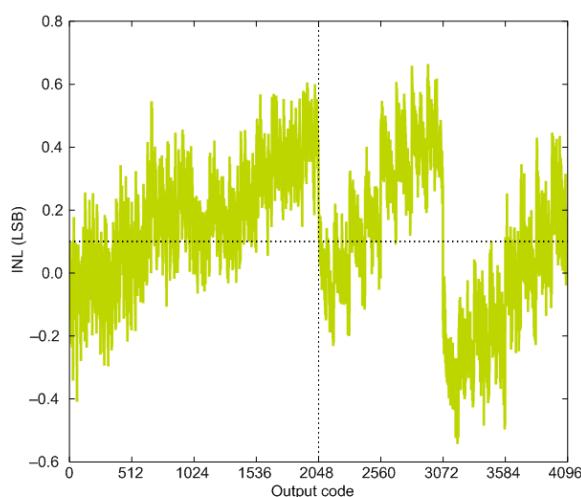
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		62		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		60		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		64		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		54		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference		66		dB
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		68		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		61		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		65		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		63		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference	62	66		dB
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		69		dB
SFDR _{ADC}	Spurious-Free Dynamic Range (SF-DR)	1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		64		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		76		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V _{DD} reference		73		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		66		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		77		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V _{DD} reference		76		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 2xV _{DD} reference		75		dBc
		1 MSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		69		dBc

Figure 3.29. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C

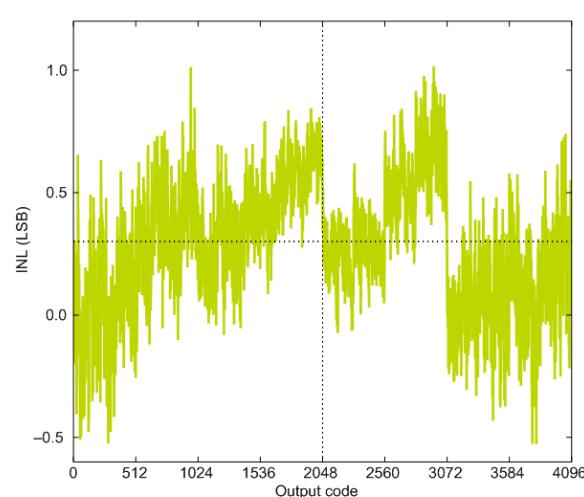
1.25V Reference



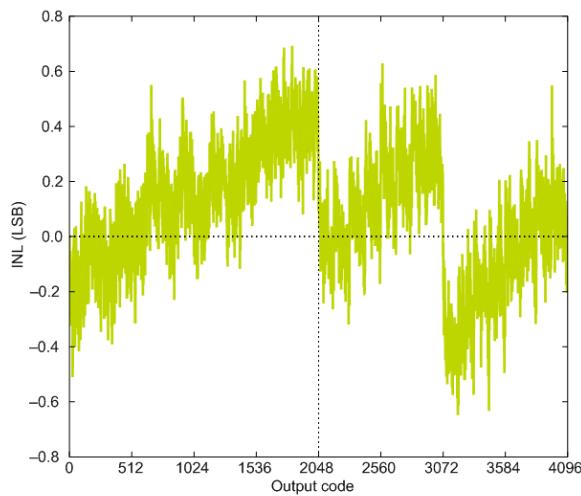
2.5V Reference



2XVDDVSS Reference



5VDIFF Reference



VDD Reference

Table 3.18. IDAC Range 1 Source

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		14.4		μA
		Duty-cycled		10		nA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			3.2		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.1		μA
I_D	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{IDAC_OUT} = V_{DD} - 100mV$		0.75		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$, STEPSEL=0x10		0.7		nA/ $^{\circ}C$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25 ^{\circ}C$, STEPSEL=0x10		38.4		nA/V

Table 3.19. IDAC Range 1 Sink

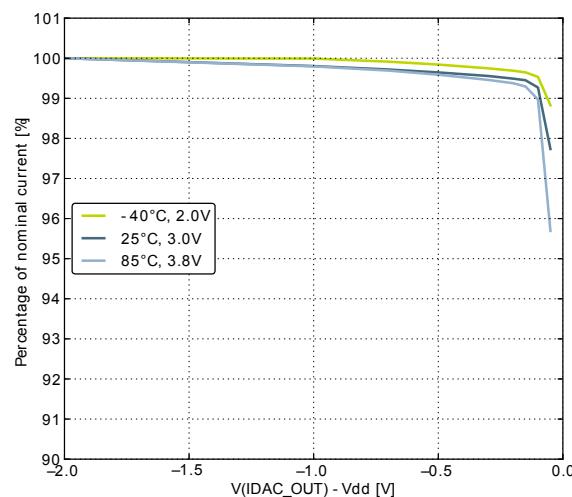
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		19.4		μA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			3.2		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.1		μA
I_D	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{IDAC_OUT} = 200 mV$		0.32		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$, STEPSEL=0x10		0.7		nA/ $^{\circ}C$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25 ^{\circ}C$, STEPSEL=0x10		40.9		nA/V

Table 3.20. IDAC Range 2 Source

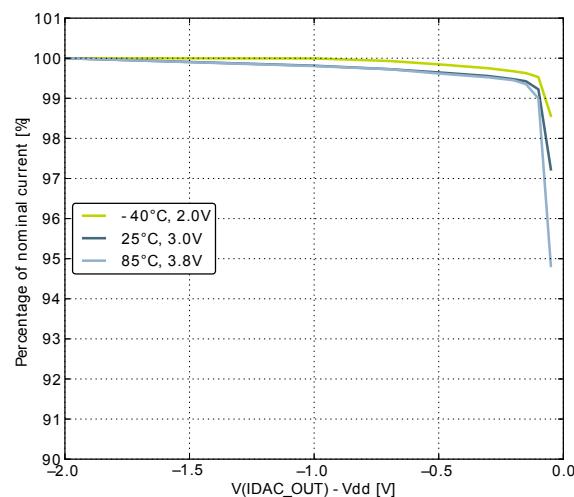
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		17.3		μA
		Duty-cycled		10		nA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			8.5		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.5		μA
I_D	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{IDAC_OUT} = V_{DD} - 100mV$		1.22		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$, STEPSEL=0x10		2.8		nA/ $^{\circ}C$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25 ^{\circ}C$, STEPSEL=0x10		96.6		nA/V

Table 3.21. IDAC Range 2 Sink

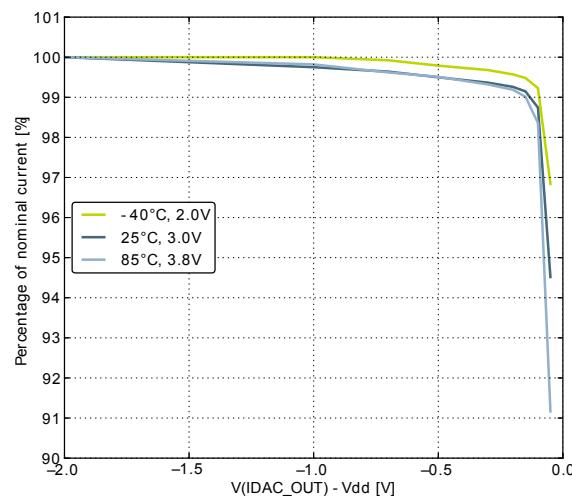
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		29.3		μA

Figure 3.34. IDAC Source Current as a function of voltage on IDAC_OUT

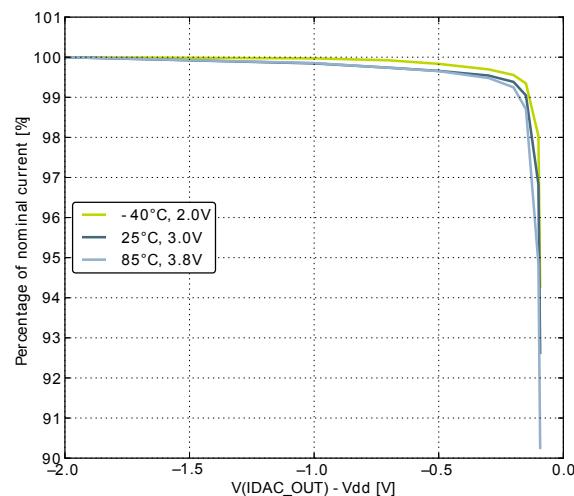
Range 0



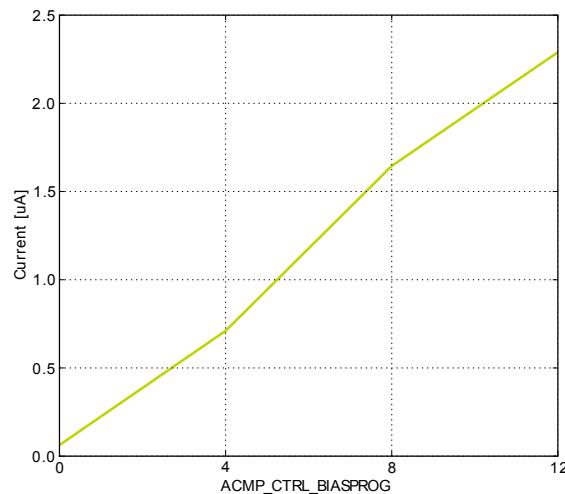
Range 1



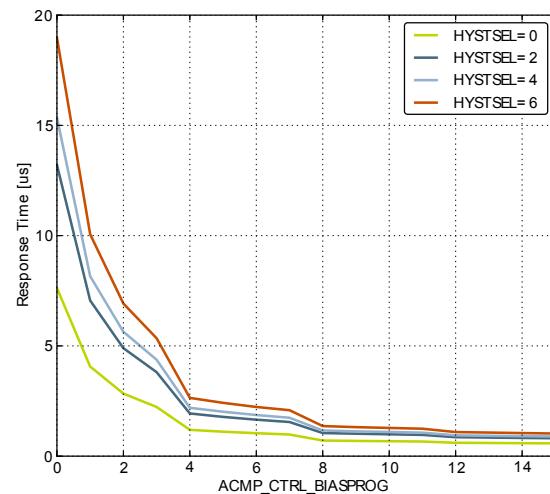
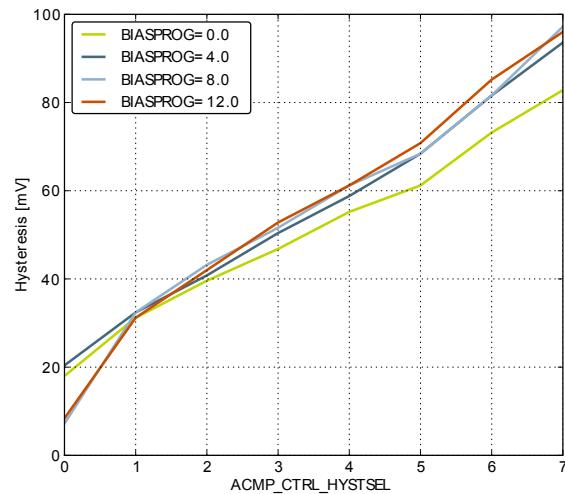
Range 2



Range 3

Figure 3.37. ACMP Characteristics, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1

Current consumption, HYSTSEL = 4

Response time , $V_{cm} = 1.25V$, CP+ to CP- = 100mV

Hysteresis

3.13 Voltage Comparator (VCMP)

Table 3.26. VCMP

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{VCMPIN}	Input voltage range			V _{DD}		V
V _{VCMPCM}	VCMP Common Mode voltage range			V _{DD}		V
I _{VCMP}	Active current	BIASPROG=0b0000 and HALFBIAS=1 in VCMPn_CTRL register		0.2	0.8	µA
		BIASPROG=0b1111 and HALFBIAS=0 in VCMPn_CTRL register. LPREF=0.		22	35	µA
t _{VCMPREF}	Startup time reference generator	NORMAL		10		µs
V _{VCMPOFFSET}	Offset voltage	Single ended		10		mV
		Differential		10		mV
V _{VCMPHYST}	VCMP hysteresis			17		mV
t _{VCMPSTART}	Startup time				10	µs

The V_{DD} trigger level can be configured by setting the TRIGLEVEL field of the VCMP_CTRL register in accordance with the following equation:

VCMP Trigger Level as a Function of Level Setting

$$V_{DD \text{ Trigger Level}} = 1.667V + 0.034 \times \text{TRIGLEVEL} \quad (3.2)$$

3.14 I2C

Table 3.27. I2C Standard-mode (Sm)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f _{SCL}	SCL clock frequency	0		100 ¹	kHz
t _{LOW}	SCL clock low time	4.7			µs
t _{HIGH}	SCL clock high time	4.0			µs
t _{SU,DAT}	SDA set-up time	250			ns
t _{HD,DAT}	SDA hold time	8		3450 ^{2,3}	ns
t _{SU,STA}	Repeated START condition set-up time	4.7			µs
t _{HD,STA}	(Repeated) START condition hold time	4.0			µs
t _{SU,STO}	STOP condition set-up time	4.0			µs
t _{BUF}	Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7			µs

¹For the minimum HFPERCLK frequency required in Standard-mode, see the I2C chapter in the EFM32HG Reference Manual.

²The maximum SDA hold time (t_{HD,DAT}) needs to be met only when the device does not stretch the low time of SCL (t_{LOW}).

³When transmitting data, this number is guaranteed only when I2Cn_CLKDIV < ((3450*10⁻⁹ [s] * f_{HFPERCLK} [Hz]) - 5).

3.16 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.31. Digital Peripherals

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		7.5		µA/MHz
I _{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		150		nA
I _{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		6.25		µA/MHz
I _{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		8.75		µA/MHz
I _{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		100		nA
I _{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		100		nA
I _{AES}	AES current	AES idle current, clock enabled		2.5		µA/MHz
I _{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		5.31		µA/MHz
I _{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		2.81		µA/MHz
I _{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		8.12		µA/MHz

CSP36 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description				
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers		Communication	Other
		To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.				
E6	PB7	LFXTAL_P	TIM1_CC0 #3		US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
F1	PD5	ADC0_CH5			LEU0_RX #0	
F2	PB14	HFXTAL_N			US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
F3	PB13	HFXTAL_P			US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
F4	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.				
F5	PB11	IDAC0_OUT	TIM1_CC2 #3 PCNT0_S1IN #4		US1_CLK #4	CMU_CLK1 #3 ACMP0_O #3
F6	PB8	LFXTAL_N	TIM1_CC1 #3		US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	

4.2 Alternate Functionality Pinout

A wide selection of alternate functionality is available for multiplexing to various pins. This is shown in Table 4.2 (p. 54). The table shows the name of the alternate functionality in the first column, followed by columns showing the possible LOCATION bitfield settings.

Note

Some functionality, such as analog interfaces, do not have alternate settings or a LOCATION bitfield. In these cases, the pinout is shown in the column corresponding to LOCATION 0.

Table 4.2. Alternate functionality overview

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
ACMP0_CH0	PC0							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 0.
ACMP0_CH1	PC1							Analog comparator ACMP0, channel 1.
ACMP0_O	PE13		PD6	PB11				Analog comparator ACMP0, digital output.
ADC0_CH0	PE12							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 0.
ADC0_CH1	PE13							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 1.
ADC0_CH5	PD5							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 5.
ADC0_CH6	PD6							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 6.
ADC0_CH7	PD7							Analog to digital converter ADC0, input channel number 7.
BOOT_RX	PF1							Bootloader RX.
BOOT_TX	PF0							Bootloader TX.
CMU_CLK0	PA2		PD7	PF2				Clock Management Unit, clock output number 0.
CMU_CLK1	PA1		PE12	PB11				Clock Management Unit, clock output number 1.
DBG_SWCLK	PF0							Debug-interface Serial Wire clock input. Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull down.
DBG_SWDIO	PF1							Debug-interface Serial Wire data input / output.

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
								Note that this function is enabled to pin out of reset, and has a built-in pull up.
GPIO_EM4WU0	PA0							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU3	PF1							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU4	PF2							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
GPIO_EM4WU5	PE13							Pin can be used to wake the system up from EM4
HFXTAL_N	PB14							High Frequency Crystal negative pin. Also used as external optional clock input pin.
HFXTAL_P	PB13							High Frequency Crystal positive pin.
I2C0_SCL	PA1	PD7		PC1	PF1	PE13		I2C0 Serial Clock Line input / output.
I2C0_SDA	PA0	PD6		PC0	PF0	PE12		I2C0 Serial Data input / output.
IDAC0_OUT	PB11							IDAC0 output.
LEU0_RX	PD5	PB14	PF1	PA0	PC15			LEUART0 Receive input.
LEU0_TX		PB13	PF0	PF2	PC14			LEUART0 Transmit output. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication.
LFXTAL_N	PB8							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) negative pin. Also used as an optional external clock input pin.
LFXTAL_P	PB7							Low Frequency Crystal (typically 32.768 kHz) positive pin.
PCNT0_S0IN		PC0	PD6	PA0				Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 0.
PCNT0_S1IN	PC14		PC1	PD7	PB11			Pulse Counter PCNT0 input number 1.
PRS_CH0	PA0		PC14	PF2				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 0.
PRS_CH1	PA1		PC15	PE12				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 1.
PRS_CH2	PC0		PE10	PE13				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 2.
PRS_CH3	PC1		PE11	PA0				Peripheral Reflex System PRS, channel 3.
TIM0_CC0	PA0	PA0		PA0	PF0	PA1		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM0_CC1	PA1	PA1		PC0	PF1	PA0		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM0_CC2	PA2	PA2		PC1	PF2	PF2		Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI1		PC14				PC14		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2		PC15				PC15		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0		PE10	PB7	PD6				Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	PC14	PE11	PB8	PD7				Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	PC15	PE12	PB11					Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM2_CC0			PF2					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM2_CC1			PE12					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM2_CC2			PE13					Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
US0_CLK	PE12		PC15	PB13	PB13	PE12		USART0 clock input / output.
US0_CS	PE13		PC14	PB14	PB14	PE13		USART0 chip select input / output.
US0_RX	PE11		PE12	PB8	PC1	PC1		USART0 Asynchronous Receive. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US0_TX	PE10		PE13	PB7	PC0	PC0		USART0 Asynchronous Transmit.Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US1_CLK	PB7	PF0	PC15	PB11				USART1 clock input / output.

Alternate	LOCATION													
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description						
US1_CS	PB8		PF1	PC14	PC14	PC0		USART1 chip select input / output.						
US1_RX	PC1		PD6	PD6	PA0			USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).						
US1_TX	PC0		PD7	PD7	PF2	PC1		USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).						
USB_DM	PC14							USB D- pin.						
USB_DMPU	PA0							USB D- Pullup control.						
USB_DP	PC15							USB D+ pin.						
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator						
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output						

4.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

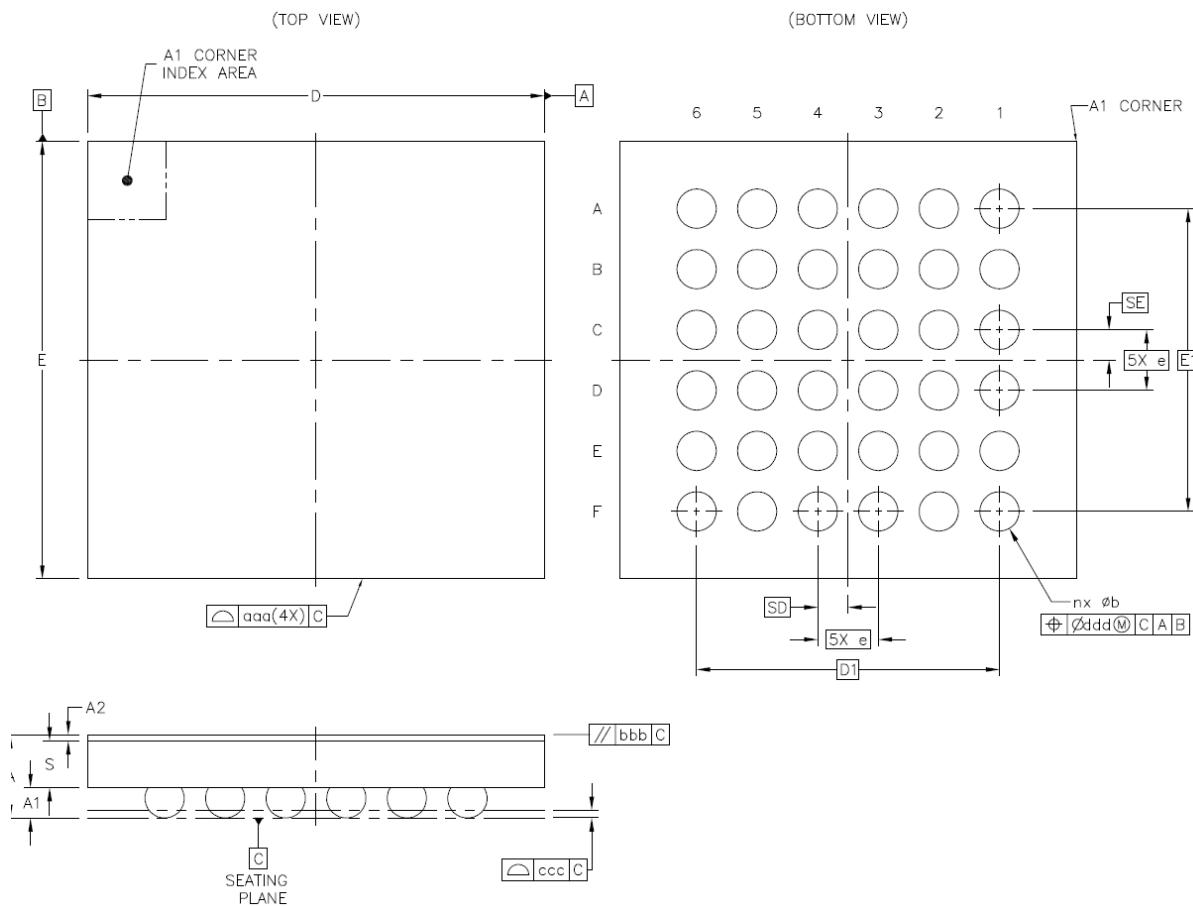
The specific GPIO pins available in *EFM32HG350* is shown in Table 4.3 (p. 56) . Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 4.3. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	-	PB14	PB13	-	PB11	-	-	PB8	PB7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port C	PC15	PC14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PC1	PC0
Port D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PD7	PD6	PD5	-	-	-	-	-
Port E	-	-	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PF2	PF1	PF0

4.4 CSP36 Package

Figure 4.2. CSP36



Note:

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.
2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
3. Primary datum "C" and seating plane are defined by the spherical crowns of the solder balls.
4. Dimension "b" is measured at the maximum solder bump diameter, parallel to primary datum "C".
5. Recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020C specification for Small Body Components.

Table 4.4. CSP36 (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	A	A1	A2	b	S	D	E	e	D1	E1	SD	SE	n	aaa	bbb	ccc	ddd
Min	0.491	0.17	0.036	0.23	0.3075												
Nom	0.55	-	0.040	-	0.31	3.016 BSC.	2.891 BSC.	0.40 BSC.	2.00 BSC.	2.00 BSC.	0.2	0.2	36	0.03	0.06	0.05	0.015
Max	0.609	0.23	0.044	0.29	0.3125												

All EFM32 packages are RoHS compliant and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb).

For additional Quality and Environmental information, please see:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/quality/pages/default.aspx>

5 PCB Layout and Soldering

5.1 Recommended PCB Layout

Figure 5.1. CSP36 PCB Land Pattern

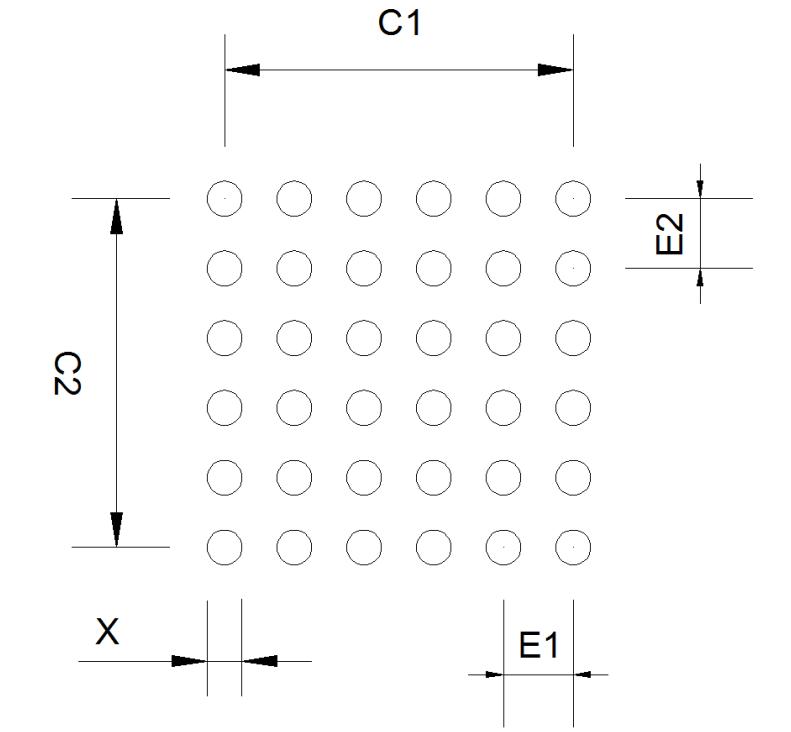
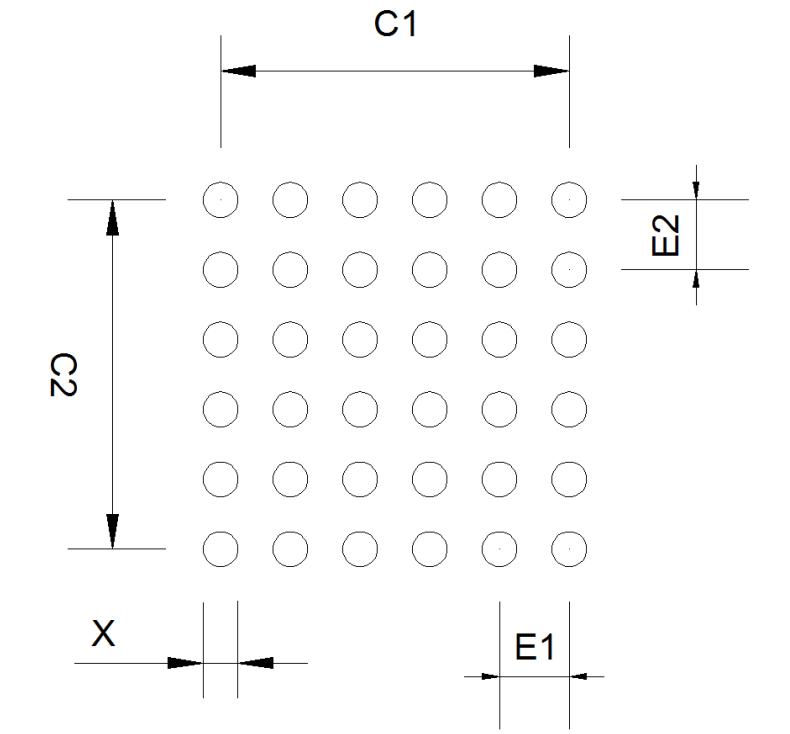
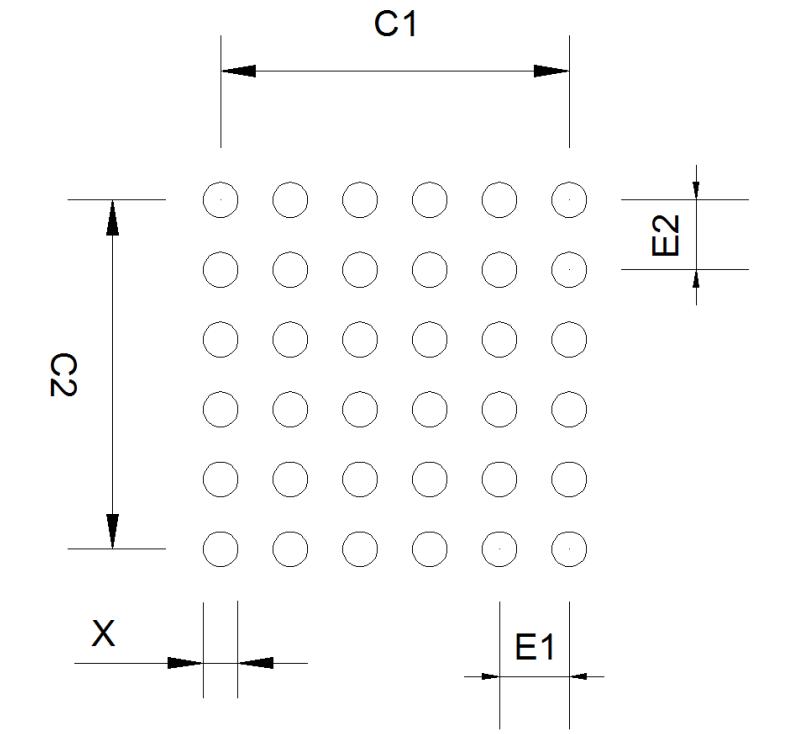


Table 5.1. CSP36 PCB Land Pattern Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
X	0.20
C1	2.00
C2	2.00
E1	0.40
E2	0.40

Figure 5.2. CSP36 PCB Solder Mask**Table 5.2. CSP36 PCB Solder Mask Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)**

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
X	0.26
C1	2.00
C2	2.00
E1	0.40
E2	0.40

Figure 5.3. CSP36 PCB Stencil Design**Table 5.3. CSP36 PCB Stencil Design Dimensions (Dimensions in mm)**

Symbol	Dim. (mm)
X	0.20
C1	2.00
C2	2.00
E1	0.40
E2	0.40

1. The drawings are not to scale.
2. All dimensions are in millimeters.
3. All drawings are subject to change without notice.
4. The PCB Land Pattern drawing is in compliance with IPC-7351B.
5. Stencil thickness 0.075 mm (3 mils).
6. For detailed pin-positioning, see Figure 4.2 (p. 57) .

5.2 Soldering Information

The latest IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 recommendations for Pb-Free reflow soldering should be followed.

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