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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	MIPS32® M4K™
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	40MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, PMP, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	81
Program Memory Size	256KB (256K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	32K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 48x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	100-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	100-TQFP (14x14)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic32mx550f256l-i-pf

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

Device Pin Tables

TABLE 2: PIN NAMES FOR 64-PIN GENERAL PURPOSE DEVICES

64-PIN QFN ⁽⁴⁾ AND TQFP (TOP VIEW)			
PIC32MX120F064H PIC32MX130F128H PIC32MX150F256H PIC32MX170F512H			
		64	1
		64	1
		QFN⁽⁴⁾	TQFP
Pin #	Full Pin Name	Pin #	Full Pin Name
1	AN22/RPE5/PMD5/RE5	33	RPF3/RF3
2	AN23/PMD6/RE6	34	RPF2/RF2
3	AN27/PMD7/RE7	35	RPF6/SCK1/INT0/RF6
4	AN16/C1IND/RPG6/SCK2/PMA5/RG6	36	SDA1/RG3
5	AN17/C1INC/RPG7/PMA4/RG7	37	SCL1/RG2
6	AN18/C2IND/RPG8/PMA3/RG8	38	VDD
7	MCLR	39	OSC1/CLK1/RC12
8	AN19/C2INC/RPG9/PMA2/RG9	40	OSC2/CLK0/RC15
9	VSS	41	VSS
10	VDD	42	RPD8/RTCC/RD8
11	AN5/C1INA/RPB5/RB5	43	RPD9/RD9
12	AN4/C1INB/RB4	44	RPD10/PMA15/RD10
13	PGED3/AN3/C2INA/RPB3/RB3	45	RPD11/PMA14/RD11
14	PGEC3/AN2/CTCMP/C2INB/RPB2/CTED13/RB2	46	RPD0/RD0
15	PGEC1/VREF-/AN1/RPB1/CTED12/RB1	47	SOSCI/RPC13/RC13
16	PGED1/VREF+/AN0/RPB0/PMA6/RB0	48	SOSCO/RPC14/T1CK/RC14
17	PGEC2/AN6/RPB6/RB6	49	AN24/RPD1/RD1
18	PGED2/AN7/RPB7/CTED3/RB7	50	AN25/RPD2/RD2
19	AVDD	51	AN26/C3IND/RPD3/RD3
20	AVSS	52	RPD4/PMWR/RD4
21	AN8/RPB8/CTED10/RB8	53	RPD5/PMRD/RD5
22	AN9/RPB9/CTED4/PMA7/RB9	54	C3INC/RD6
23	TMS/CVREFOUT/AN10/RPB10/CTED11/PMA13/RB10	55	C3INB/RD7
24	TDO/AN11/PMA12/RB11	56	VCAP
25	VSS	57	VDD
26	VDD	58	C3INA/RPF0/RF0
27	TCK/AN12/PMA11/RB12	59	RPF1/RF1
28	TDI/AN13/PMA10/RB13	60	PMD0/RE0
29	AN14/RPB14/SCK3/CTED5/PMA1/RB14	61	PMD1/RE1
30	AN15/RPB15/OCFB/CTED6/PMA0/RB15	62	AN20/PMD2/RE2
31	RPF4/SDA2/PMA9/RF4	63	RPE3/CTPLS/PMD3/RE3
32	RPF5/SCL2/PMA8/RF5	64	AN21/PMD4/RE4

- Note**
- 1: The RPN pins can be used by remappable peripherals. See Table 1 for the available peripherals and **Section 11.3 “Peripheral Pin Select”** for restrictions.
 - 2: Every I/O port pin (RBx-RGx) can be used as a change notification pin (CNBx-CNGx). See **Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”** for more information.
 - 3: Shaded pins are 5V tolerant.
 - 4: The metal plane at the bottom of the device is not connected to any pins and is recommended to be connected to VSS externally.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 4-3: BMXDUDBA: DATA RAM USER DATA BASE ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0
	BMXDUDBA<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	BMXDUDBA<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15-10 **BMXDUDBA<15:10>:** DRM User Data Base Address bits

When non-zero, the value selects the relative base address for User mode data space in RAM, the value must be greater than BMXDKPBA.

bit 9-0 **BMXDUDBA<9:0>:** Read-Only bits

Value is always '0', which forces 1 KB increments

- Note 1:** At Reset, the value in this register is forced to zero, which causes all of the RAM to be allocated to Kernel mode data usage.
- 2:** The value in this register must be less than or equal to BMXDRMSZ.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 5-1: INTERRUPT IRQ, VECTOR AND BIT LOCATION (CONTINUED)

Interrupt Source ⁽¹⁾	IRQ #	Vector #	Interrupt Bit Location				Persistent Interrupt
			Flag	Enable	Priority	Sub-priority	
CNA – PORTA Input Change Interrupt	44	33	IFS1<12>	IEC1<12>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CNB – PORTB Input Change Interrupt	45	33	IFS1<13>	IEC1<13>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CNC – PORTC Input Change Interrupt	46	33	IFS1<14>	IEC1<14>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CND – PORTD Input Change Interrupt	47	33	IFS1<15>	IEC1<15>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CNE – PORTE Input Change Interrupt	48	33	IFS1<16>	IEC1<16>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CNF – PORTF Input Change Interrupt	49	33	IFS1<17>	IEC1<17>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
CNG – PORTG Input Change Interrupt	50	33	IFS1<18>	IEC1<18>	IPC8<12:10>	IPC8<9:8>	Yes
PMP – Parallel Master Port	51	34	IFS1<19>	IEC1<19>	IPC8<20:18>	IPC8<17:16>	Yes
PMPE – Parallel Master Port Error	52	34	IFS1<20>	IEC1<20>	IPC8<20:18>	IPC8<17:16>	Yes
SPI2E – SPI2 Fault	53	35	IFS1<21>	IEC1<21>	IPC8<28:26>	IPC8<25:24>	Yes
SPI2RX – SPI2 Receive Done	54	35	IFS1<22>	IEC1<22>	IPC8<28:26>	IPC8<25:24>	Yes
SPI2TX – SPI2 Transfer Done	55	35	IFS1<23>	IEC1<23>	IPC8<28:26>	IPC8<25:24>	Yes
U2E – UART2 Error	56	36	IFS1<24>	IEC1<24>	IPC9<4:2>	IPC9<1:0>	Yes
U2RX – UART2 Receiver	57	36	IFS1<25>	IEC1<25>	IPC9<4:2>	IPC9<1:0>	Yes
U2TX – UART2 Transmitter	58	36	IFS1<26>	IEC1<26>	IPC9<4:2>	IPC9<1:0>	Yes
I2C2B – I2C2 Bus Collision Event	59	37	IFS1<27>	IEC1<27>	IPC9<12:10>	IPC9<9:8>	Yes
I2C2S – I2C2 Slave Event	60	37	IFS1<28>	IEC1<28>	IPC9<12:10>	IPC9<9:8>	Yes
I2C2M – I2C2 Master Event	61	37	IFS1<29>	IEC1<29>	IPC9<12:10>	IPC9<9:8>	Yes
U3E – UART3 Error	62	38	IFS1<30>	IEC1<30>	IPC9<20:18>	IPC9<17:16>	Yes
U3RX – UART3 Receiver	63	38	IFS1<31>	IEC1<31>	IPC9<20:18>	IPC9<17:16>	Yes
U3TX – UART3 Transmitter	64	38	IFS2<0>	IEC2<0>	IPC9<20:18>	IPC9<17:16>	Yes
U4E – UART4 Error	65	39	IFS2<1>	IEC2<1>	IPC9<28:26>	IPC9<25:24>	Yes
U4RX – UART4 Receiver	66	39	IFS2<2>	IEC2<2>	IPC9<28:26>	IPC9<25:24>	Yes
U4TX – UART4 Transmitter	67	39	IFS2<3>	IEC2<3>	IPC9<28:26>	IPC9<25:24>	Yes
U5E – UART5 Error ⁽²⁾	68	40	IFS2<4>	IEC2<4>	IPC10<4:2>	IPC10<1:0>	Yes
U5RX – UART5 Receiver ⁽²⁾	69	40	IFS2<5>	IEC2<5>	IPC10<4:2>	IPC10<1:0>	Yes
U5TX – UART5 Transmitter ⁽²⁾	70	40	IFS2<6>	IEC2<6>	IPC10<4:2>	IPC10<1:0>	Yes
CTMU – CTMU Event ⁽²⁾	71	41	IFS2<7>	IEC2<7>	IPC10<12:10>	IPC10<9:8>	Yes
DMA0 – DMA Channel 0	72	42	IFS2<8>	IEC2<8>	IPC10<20:18>	IPC10<17:16>	No
DMA1 – DMA Channel 1	73	43	IFS2<9>	IEC2<9>	IPC10<28:26>	IPC10<25:24>	No
DMA2 – DMA Channel 2	74	44	IFS2<10>	IEC2<10>	IPC11<4:2>	IPC11<1:0>	No
DMA3 – DMA Channel 3	75	45	IFS2<11>	IEC2<11>	IPC11<12:10>	IPC11<9:8>	No
CMP3 – Comparator 3 Interrupt	76	46	IFS2<12>	IEC2<12>	IPC11<20:18>	IPC11<17:16>	No
CAN1 – CAN1 Event	77	47	IFS2<13>	IEC2<13>	IPC11<28:26>	IPC11<25:24>	Yes
SPI3E – SPI3 Fault	78	48	IFS2<14>	IEC2<14>	IPC12<4:2>	IPC12<1:0>	Yes
SPI3RX – SPI3 Receive Done	79	48	IFS2<15>	IEC2<15>	IPC12<4:2>	IPC12<1:0>	Yes
SPI3TX – SPI3 Transfer Done	80	48	IFS2<16>	IEC2<16>	IPC12<4:2>	IPC12<1:0>	Yes
SPI4E – SPI4 Fault ⁽²⁾	81	49	IFS2<17>	IEC2<17>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>	Yes
SPI4RX – SPI4 Receive Done ⁽²⁾	82	49	IFS2<18>	IEC2<18>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>	Yes
SPI4TX – SPI4 Transfer Done ⁽²⁾	83	49	IFS2<19>	IEC2<19>	IPC12<12:10>	IPC12<9:8>	Yes

Lowest Natural Order Priority

Note 1: Not all interrupt sources are available on all devices. See **TABLE 1: “PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-pin Controller Family Features”** for the list of available peripherals.

2: This interrupt source is not available on 64-pin devices.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 6-1: NVMCON: PROGRAMMING CONTROL REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
23:16	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
15:8	R/W-0 WR	R/W-0 WREN ⁽¹⁾	R-0 WRERR ⁽²⁾	R-0 LVDERR ⁽²⁾	R-0 LVDSTAT ⁽²⁾	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —
7:0	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	U-0 —	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
NVMOP<3:0>								

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 15 **WR:** Write Control bit

This bit is writable when WREN = 1 and the unlock sequence is followed.

1 = Initiate a Flash operation. Hardware clears this bit when the operation completes

0 = Flash operation complete or inactive

bit 14 **WREN:** Write Enable bit⁽¹⁾

1 = Enable writes to WR bit and enables LVD circuit

0 = Disable writes to WR bit and disables LVD circuit

This is the only bit in this register reset by a device Reset.

bit 13 **WRERR:** Write Error bit⁽²⁾

This bit is read-only and is automatically set by hardware.

1 = Program or erase sequence did not complete successfully

0 = Program or erase sequence completed normally

bit 12 **LVDERR:** Low-Voltage Detect Error bit (LVD circuit must be enabled)⁽²⁾

This bit is read-only and is automatically set by hardware.

1 = Low-voltage detected (possible data corruption, if WRERR is set)

0 = Voltage level is acceptable for programming

bit 11 **LVDSTAT:** Low-Voltage Detect Status bit (LVD circuit must be enabled)⁽²⁾

This bit is read-only and is automatically set, and cleared, by hardware.

1 = Low-voltage event active

0 = Low-voltage event NOT active

bit 10-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3-0 **NVMOP<3:0>:** NVM Operation bits

These bits are writable when WREN = 0.

1111 =Reserved

.

.

.

0111 = Reserved

0110 =No operation

0101 =Program Flash (PFM) erase operation: erases PFM, if all pages are not write-protected

0100 =Page erase operation: erases page selected by NVMADDR, if it is not write-protected

0011 =Row program operation: programs row selected by NVMADDR, if it is not write-protected

0010 =No operation

0001 =Word program operation: programs word selected by NVMADDR, if it is not write-protected

0000 = No operation

Note 1: This bit is cleared by any reset (i.e., POR, BOR, WDT, $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$, SWR).

2: This bit is only cleared by setting NVMOP = 0000, and initiating a Flash WR operation or a POR. Any other kind of reset (i.e., BOR, WDT, $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$) does not clear this bit.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 9-2: DMASTAT: DMA STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
7:0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	—	—	RDWR	DMACH<2:0>		

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-4 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 3 **RDWR:** Read/Write Status bit

1 = Last DMA bus access was a read

0 = Last DMA bus access was a write

bit 2-0 **DMACH<2:0>:** DMA Channel bits

These bits contain the value of the most recent active DMA channel.

REGISTER 9-3: DMAADDR: DMA ADDRESS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<31:24>							
23:16	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<23:16>							
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<15:8>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	DMAADDR<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 31-0 **DMAADDR<31:0>:** DMA Module Address bits

These bits contain the address of the most recent DMA access.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

NOTES:

TABLE 10-1: USB REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(s)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
5390	U1EP9	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53A0	U1EP10	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53B0	U1EP11	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53C0	U1EP12	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53D0	U1EP13	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53E0	U1EP14	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000
53F0	U1EP15	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	EPCONDIS	EPRXEN	EPTXEN	EPSTALL	EPHSHK	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note** 1: With the exception of those noted, all registers in this table (except as noted) have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.
- 2: This register does not have associated SET and INV registers.
- 3: This register does not have associated CLR, SET and INV registers.
- 4: Reset value for this bit is undefined.

TABLE 11-6: PORTC REGISTER MAP FOR 64-PIN DEVICES ONLY

Virtual Address (BF88_#)	Register Name(s)	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
6200	ANSELC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ANSELC3	ANSELC2	ANSELC1	—	000E
6210	TRISC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	TRISC15	TRISC14	TRISC13	TRISC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	F000
6220	PORTC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	RC15	RC14	RC13	RC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6230	LATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	LATC15	LATC14	LATC13	LATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	xxxx
6240	ODCC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ODCC15	ODCC14	ODCC13	ODCC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6250	CNPUC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPUC15	CNPUC14	CNPUC13	CNPUC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6260	CNPDC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNPDC15	CNPDC14	CNPDC13	CNPDC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6270	CNCONC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6280	CNENC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNIEC15	CNIEC14	CNIEC13	CNIEC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
6290	CNSTATC	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	CNSTATC15	CNSTATC14	CNSTATC13	CNSTATC12	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = Unknown value on Reset; — = Unimplemented, read as '0'; Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: All registers in this table have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at its virtual address, plus an offset of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.

TABLE 11-18: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
FB88	RPC2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC2<3:0>				0000	
FB8C	RPC3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC3<3:0>				0000	
FB90	RPC4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC4<3:0>				0000	
FBB4	RPC13R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC13<3:0>				0000	
FBB8	RPC14R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPC14<3:0>				0000	
FBC0	RPD0R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD0<3:0>				0000	
FBC4	RPD1R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD1<3:0>				0000	
FBC8	RPD2R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD2<3:0>				0000	
FBCC	RPD3R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD3<3:0>				0000	
FBD0	RPD4R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD4<3:0>				0000	
FBD4	RPD5R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD5<3:0>				0000	
FBE0	RPD8R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD8<3:0>				0000	
FBE4	RPD9R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD9<3:0>				0000	
FBE8	RPD10R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD10<3:0>				0000	
FBEC	RPD11R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD11<3:0>				0000	
FBF0	RPD12R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD12<3:0>				0000	
FBF8	RPD14R	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RPD14<3:0>				0000	

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

Note 1: This register is not available if the associated RPx function is not present on the device. Refer to the pin table for the specific device to determine availability.

TABLE 17-1: SPI1 THROUGH SPI4 REGISTER MAP (CONTINUED)

Virtual Address (BF80_#)	Register Name ⁽¹⁾	Bit Range	Bits																All Resets
			31/15	30/14	29/13	28/12	27/11	26/10	25/9	24/8	23/7	22/6	21/5	20/4	19/3	18/2	17/1	16/0	
5C40	SPI3CON2	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	SPI SGNEXT	—	—	FRM ERREN	SPI ROVEN	SPI TUREN	IGNROV	IGNTUR	AUDEN	—	—	—	AUD MONO	—	AUDMOD<1:0>		0000
5E00	SPI4CON ⁽²⁾	31:16	FRMEN	FRMSYNC	FRMPOL	MSSSEN	FRMSYPW	FRMCNT<2:0>			MCLKSEL	—	—	—	—	—	SPIFE	ENHBUF	0000
		15:0	ON	—	SIDL	DISSDO	MODE32	MODE16	SMP	CKE	SSEN	CKP	MSTEN	DISSDI	STXISEL<1:0>		SRXISEL<1:0>		0000
5E10	SPI4STAT ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	RXBUFELM<4:0>					—	—	—	TXBUFELM<4:0>					0000
		15:0	—	—	—	FRMERR	SPIBUSY	—	—	SPITUR	SRMT	SPIROV	SPIRBE	—	SPLITBE	—	SPITBF	SPIRBF	19EB
5E20	SPI4BUF ⁽²⁾	31:16	DATA<31:0>																0000
		15:0																	0000
5E30	SPI4BRG ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	BRG<8:0>									0000
5E40	SPI4CON2 ⁽²⁾	31:16	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
		15:0	SPI SGNEXT	—	—	FRM ERREN	SPI ROVEN	SPI TUREN	IGNROV	IGNTUR	AUDEN	—	—	—	AUD MONO	—	AUDMOD<1:0>		0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset; — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

- Note 1:** All registers in this table except SPIxBUF have corresponding CLR, SET and INV registers at their virtual addresses, plus offsets of 0x4, 0x8 and 0xC, respectively. See **Section 11.2 “CLR, SET, and INV Registers”** for more information.
- 2:** This register is only available on 100-pin devices.

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REGISTER 20-2: PMMODE: PARALLEL PORT MODE REGISTER (CONTINUED)

bit 5-2 **WAITM<3:0>**: Data Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾

1111 = Wait of 16 TPB

•
•
•

0001 = Wait of 2 TPB

0000 = Wait of 1 TPB (default)

bit 1-0 **WAITE<1:0>**: Data Hold After Read/Write Strobe Wait States bits⁽¹⁾

11 = Wait of 4 TPB

10 = Wait of 3 TPB

01 = Wait of 2 TPB

00 = Wait of 1 TPB (default)

For Read operations:

11 = Wait of 3 TPB

10 = Wait of 2 TPB

01 = Wait of 1 TPB

00 = Wait of 0 TPB (default)

Note 1: Whenever WAITM<3:0> = 0000, WAITB and WAITE bits are ignored and forced to 1 TPBCLK cycle for a write operation; WAITB = 1 TPBCLK cycle, WAITE = 0 TPBCLK cycles for a read operation.

2: Address bits, A15 and A14, are not subject to automatic increment/decrement if configured as Chip Select CS2 and CS1.

3: These pins are active when MODE16 = 1 (16-bit mode).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

22.0 10-BIT ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERTER (ADC)

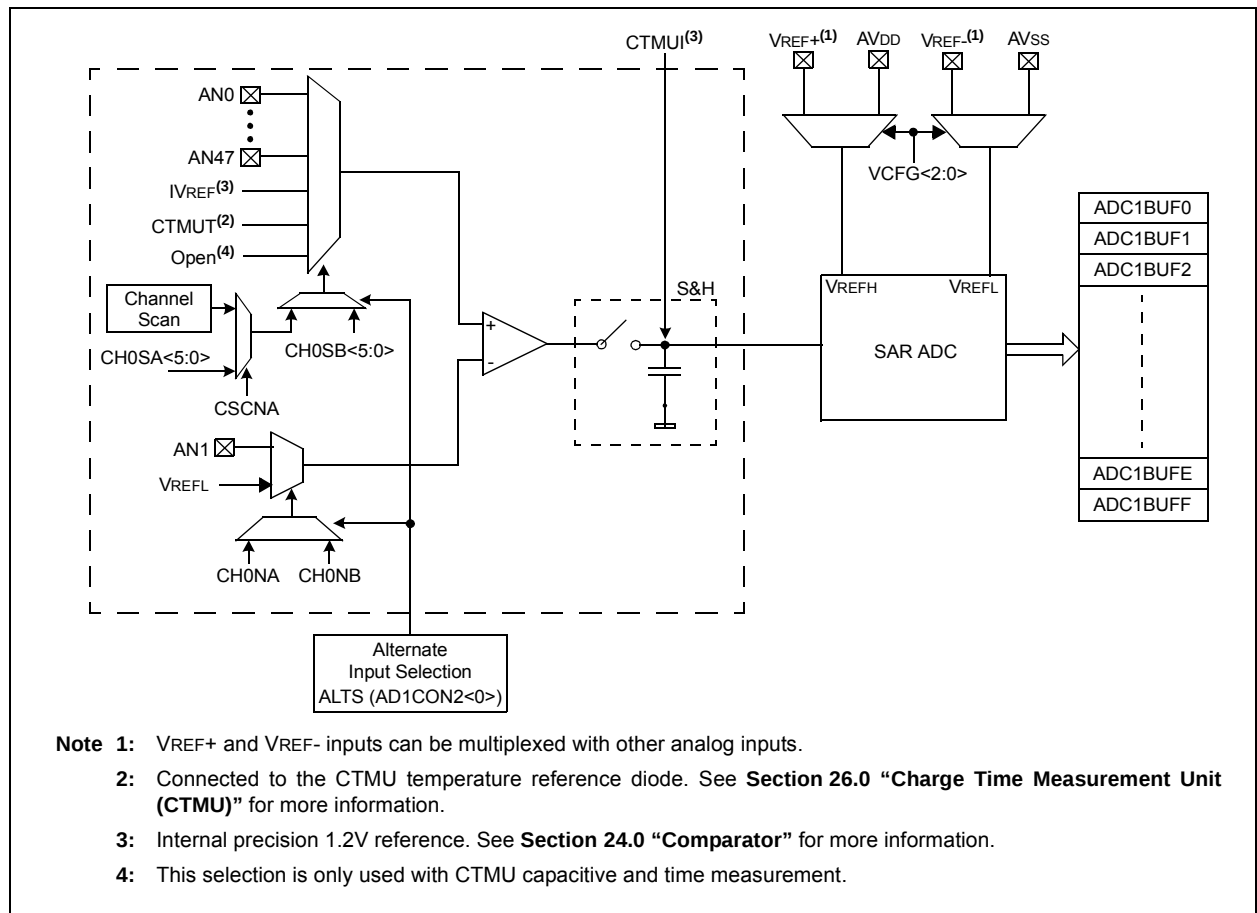
Note: This data sheet summarizes the features of the PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-pin family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 17. “10-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”** (DS60001104) in the “PIC32 Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip web site (www.microchip.com/PIC32).

The 10-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC) includes the following features:

- Successive Approximation Register (SAR) conversion
- Up to 1 Msps conversion speed
- Up to 48 analog input pins
- External voltage reference input pins
- One unipolar, differential Sample and Hold Amplifier (SHA)
- Automatic Channel Scan mode
- Selectable conversion trigger source
- 16-word conversion result buffer
- Selectable buffer fill modes
- Eight conversion result format options
- Operation during CPU Sleep and Idle modes

A block diagram of the 10-bit ADC is illustrated in Figure 22-1. The 10-bit ADC has up to 28 analog input pins, designated AN0-AN27. In addition, there are two analog input pins for external voltage reference connections. These voltage reference inputs may be shared with other analog input pins and may be common to other analog module references.

FIGURE 22-1: ADC1 MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 23-5: C1TREC: CAN TRANSMIT/RECEIVE ERROR COUNT REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	—	—	TXBO	TXBP	RXBP	TXWARN	RXWARN	EWARN
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	TERRCNT<7:0>							
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	RERRCNT<7:0>							

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31-22 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 21 **TXBO:** Transmitter in Error State Bus OFF (TERRCNT ≥ 256)
- bit 20 **TXBP:** Transmitter in Error State Bus Passive (TERRCNT ≥ 128)
- bit 19 **RXBP:** Receiver in Error State Bus Passive (RERRCNT ≥ 128)
- bit 18 **TXWARN:** Transmitter in Error State Warning (128 > TERRCNT ≥ 96)
- bit 17 **RXWARN:** Receiver in Error State Warning (128 > RERRCNT ≥ 96)
- bit 16 **EWARN:** Transmitter or Receiver is in Error State Warning
- bit 15-8 **TERRCNT<7:0>:** Transmit Error Counter
- bit 7-0 **RERRCNT<7:0>:** Receive Error Counter

REGISTER 23-6: C1FSTAT: CAN FIFO STATUS REGISTER

Bit Range	Bit 31/23/15/7	Bit 30/22/14/6	Bit 29/21/13/5	Bit 28/20/12/4	Bit 27/19/11/3	Bit 26/18/10/2	Bit 25/17/9/1	Bit 24/16/8/0
31:24	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
23:16	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
15:8	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	FIFOIP15	FIFOIP14	FIFOIP13	FIFOIP12	FIFOIP11	FIFOIP10	FIFOIP9	FIFOIP8
7:0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
	FIFOIP7	FIFOIP6	FIFOIP5	FIFOIP4	FIFOIP3	FIFOIP2	FIFOIP1	FIFOIP0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 31-16 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 15-0 **FIFOIP<15:0>:** FIFOx Interrupt Pending bits
 1 = One or more enabled FIFO interrupts are pending
 0 = No FIFO interrupts are pending

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

REGISTER 23-17: C1FIFOINTn: CAN FIFO INTERRUPT REGISTER 'n' ('n' = 0 THROUGH 15) (CONTINUED)

- bit 9 **TXHALFIF**: FIFO Transmit FIFO Half Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 1 = FIFO is $\leq$ half full
 0 = FIFO is $>$ half full

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'
- bit 8 **TXEMPTYIF**: Transmit FIFO Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 1 = FIFO is empty
 0 = FIFO is not empty, at least 1 message queued to be transmitted

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'
- bit 7-4 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 3 **RXOVFLIF**: Receive FIFO Overflow Interrupt Flag bit
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 1 = Overflow event has occurred
 0 = No overflow event occurred
- bit 2 **RXFULLIF**: Receive FIFO Full Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 1 = FIFO is full
 0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 1 **RXHALFIF**: Receive FIFO Half Full Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 1 = FIFO is $\geq$ half full
 0 = FIFO is $<$ half full
- bit 0 **RXEMPTYIF**: Receive Buffer Not Empty Interrupt Flag bit⁽¹⁾
 TXEN = 1: (FIFO configured as a transmit buffer)
 Unused, reads '0'

 TXEN = 0: (FIFO configured as a receive buffer)
 1 = FIFO is not empty, has at least 1 message
 0 = FIFO is empty

Note 1: This bit is read-only and reflects the status of the FIFO.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 31-6: TIMER1, 2, 3, 4, 5 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

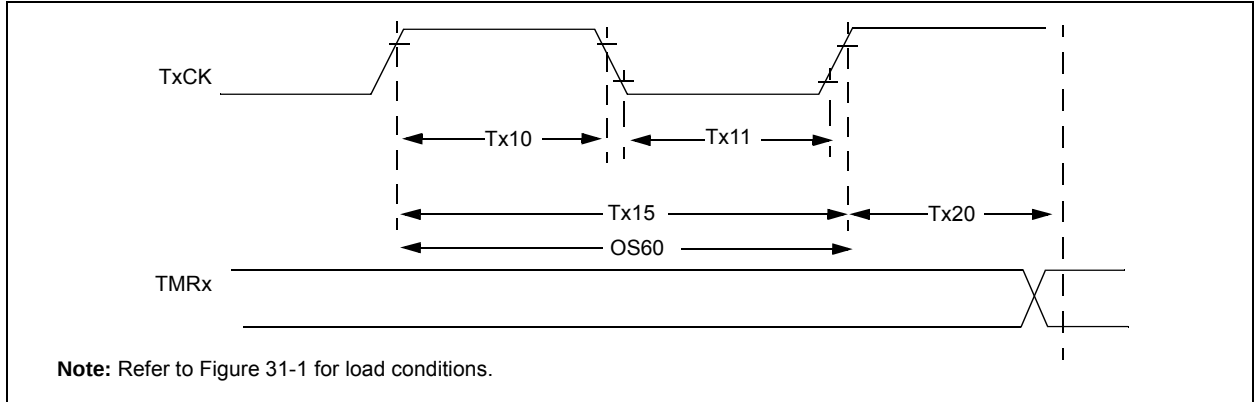


TABLE 31-23: TIMER1 EXTERNAL CLOCK TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS ⁽¹⁾				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp				
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽²⁾		Min.	Typical	Max.	Units	Conditions
TA10	TtxH	TxCK High Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	—	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TA15
			Asynchronous, with prescaler	10	—	—	ns	—
TA11	TtxL	TxCK Low Time	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(12.5 ns or 1 TPB)/N] + 25 ns	—	—	ns	Must also meet parameter TA15
			Asynchronous, with prescaler	10	—	—	ns	—
TA15	TtxP	TxCK Input Period	Synchronous, with prescaler	[(Greater of 25 ns or 2 TPB)/N] + 30 ns	—	—	ns	VDD > 2.7V
				[(Greater of 25 ns or 2 TPB)/N] + 50 ns	—	—	ns	VDD < 2.7V
			Asynchronous, with prescaler	20	—	—	ns	VDD > 2.7V (Note 3)
				50	—	—	ns	VDD < 2.7V (Note 3)
OS60	Ft1	SOSC1/T1CK Oscillator Input Frequency Range (oscillator enabled by setting the TCS (T1CON<1>) bit)		32	—	100	kHz	—
TA20	TckEXTMRL	Delay from External TxCK Clock Edge to Timer Increment		—		1	TPB	—

Note 1: Timer1 is a Type A timer.

2: This parameter is characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

3: N = Prescale Value (1, 8, 64, 256).

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 31-11: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

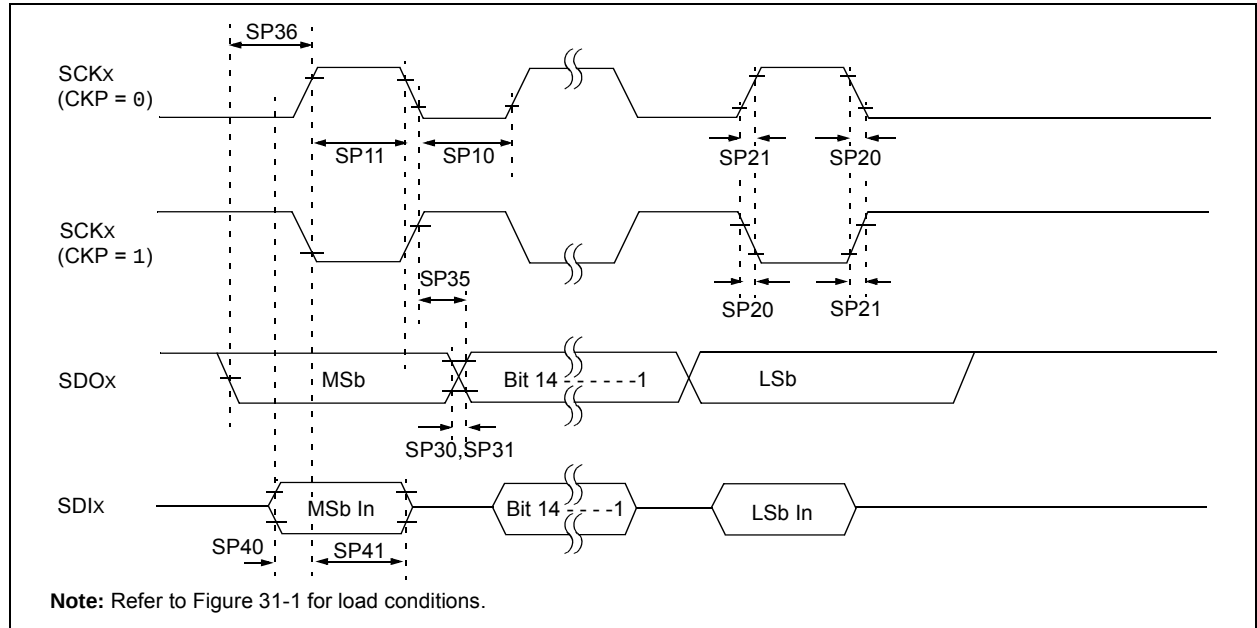


TABLE 31-29: SPIx MODULE MASTER MODE (CKE = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics ⁽¹⁾	Min.	Typ. ⁽²⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscL	SCKx Output Low Time (Note 3)	T _{SCK} /2	—	—	ns	—
SP11	Tsch	SCKx Output High Time (Note 3)	T _{SCK} /2	—	—	ns	—
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time (Note 4)	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	—	15	ns	V _{DD} > 2.7V
			—	—	20	ns	V _{DD} < 2.7V
SP36	TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	15	—	—	ns	—
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	15	—	—	ns	V _{DD} > 2.7V
			20	—	—	ns	V _{DD} < 2.7V
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	15	—	—	ns	V _{DD} > 2.7V
			20	—	—	ns	V _{DD} < 2.7V

Note 1: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

Note 2: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated. Parameters are for design guidance only and are not tested.

Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 50 ns. Therefore, the clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.

Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

TABLE 31-32: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE) (CONTINUED)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 2.3V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +105°C for V-temp			
Param. No.	Symbol	Characteristics		Min. ⁽¹⁾	Max.	Units	Conditions
IM40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid from Clock	100 kHz mode	—	3500	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	—
			1 MHz mode (Note 2)	—	350	ns	—
IM45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	The amount of time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode (Note 2)	0.5	—	μs	
IM50	CB	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	—
IM51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay		52	312	ns	See Note 3

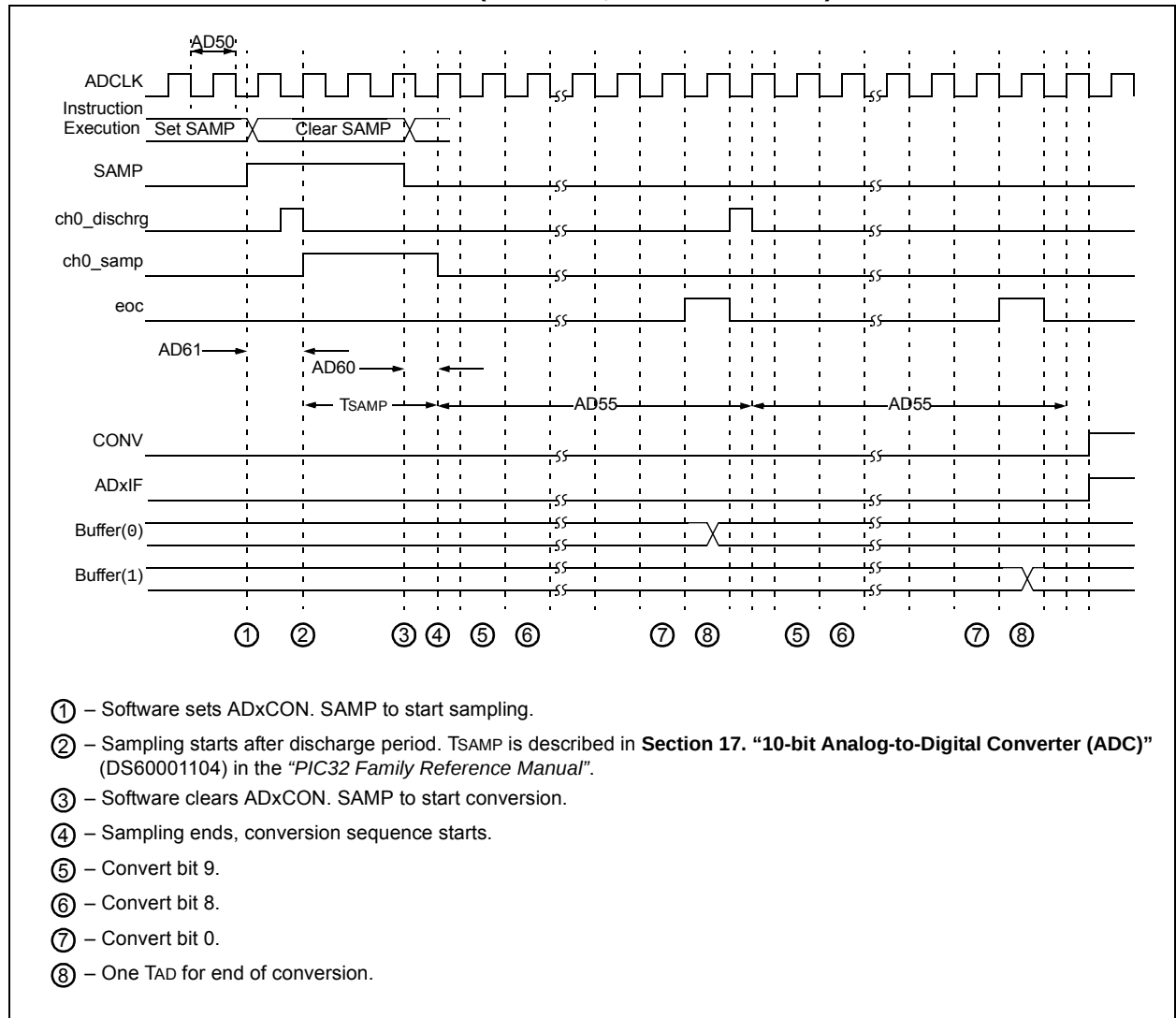
Note 1: BRG is the value of the I²C Baud Rate Generator.

2: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

3: The typical value for this parameter is 104 ns.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

FIGURE 31-18: ANALOG-TO-DIGITAL CONVERSION (10-BIT MODE) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS (ASAM = 0, SSRC<2:0> = 000)

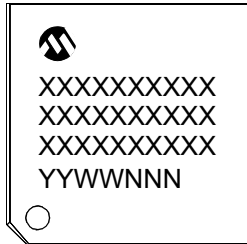


PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

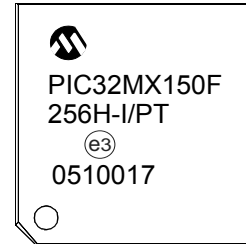
34.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

34.1 Package Marking Information

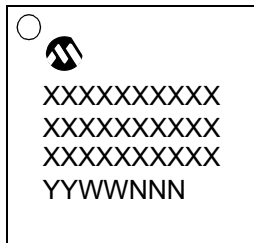
64-Lead TQFP (10x10x1 mm)



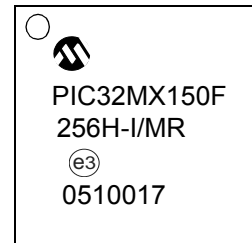
Example



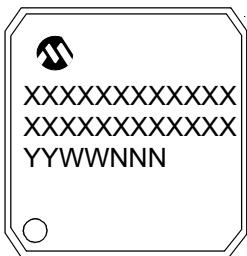
64-Lead QFN (9x9x0.9 mm)



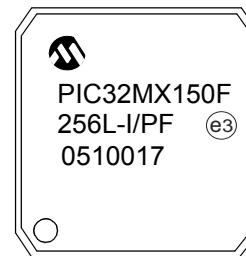
Example



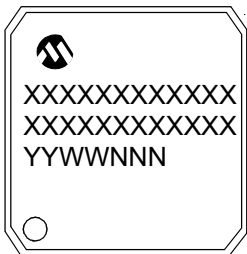
100-Lead TQFP (14x14x1 mm)



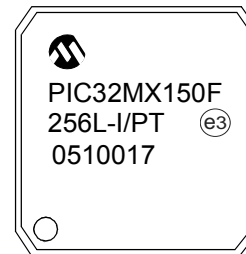
Example



100-Lead TQFP (12x12x1 mm)



Example



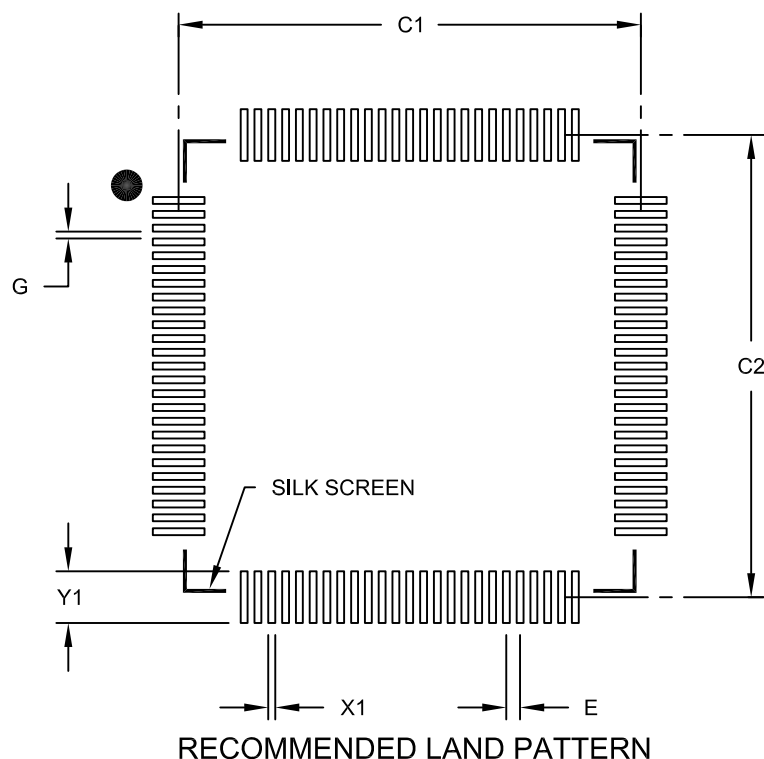
Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	*	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
		This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator (e3) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.

Note: In the event the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it will be carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.

PIC32MX1XX/2XX/5XX 64/100-PIN FAMILY

100-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT)-12x12x1mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Dimension Limits				
Contact Pitch	E		0.40 BSC	
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		13.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		13.40	
Contact Pad Width (X100)	X1			0.20
Contact Pad Length (X100)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2100B