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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, Motor Control PWM, QEI, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	12KB (12K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 6x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SSOP (0.209", 5.30mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj12mc202-i-ss

dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202

3.4 CPU Control Registers

REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER

R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0
OA	OB	SA ⁽¹⁾	SB ⁽¹⁾	OAB	SAB	DA	DC
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0 ⁽²⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IPL<2:0> ⁽²⁾			RA	N	OV	Z	C
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

C = Clear only bit	R = Readable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
S = Set only bit	W = Writable bit	-n = Value at POR
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **OA:** Accumulator A Overflow Status bit
1 = Accumulator A overflowed
0 = Accumulator A has not overflowed
- bit 14 **OB:** Accumulator B Overflow Status bit
1 = Accumulator B overflowed
0 = Accumulator B has not overflowed
- bit 13 **SA:** Accumulator A Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Accumulator A is saturated or has been saturated at some time
0 = Accumulator A is not saturated
- bit 12 **SB:** Accumulator B Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Accumulator B is saturated or has been saturated at some time
0 = Accumulator B is not saturated
- bit 11 **OAB:** OA || OB Combined Accumulator Overflow Status bit
1 = Accumulators A or B have overflowed
0 = Neither Accumulators A or B have overflowed
- bit 10 **SAB:** SA || SB Combined Accumulator 'Sticky' Status bit
1 = Accumulators A or B are saturated or have been saturated at some time in the past
0 = Neither Accumulator A or B are saturated
This bit may be read or cleared (not set). *Clearing this bit will clear SA and SB.*
- bit 9 **DA:** DO Loop Active bit
1 = DO loop in progress
0 = DO loop not in progress
- bit 8 **DC:** MCU ALU Half Carry/Borrow bit
1 = A carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred
0 = No carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

Note 1: This bit can be read or cleared (not set).

2: The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.

3: The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when NSTDIS = 1 (INTCON1<15>).

TABLE 4-19: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ12MC201

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
RPOR0	06C0	—	—	—	RP1R<4:0>				—	—	—	RP0R<4:0>				—	—	0000
RPOR2	06C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RP4R<4:0>				—	—	0000
RPOR3	06C6	—	—	—	RP7R<4:0>				—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000
RPOR4	06C8	—	—	—	RP9R<4:0>				—	—	—	RP8R<4:0>				—	—	0000
RPOR6	06CC	—	—	—	RP13R<4:0>				—	—	—	RP12R<4:0>				—	—	0000
RPOR7	06CE	—	—	—	RP15R<4:0>				—	—	—	RP14R<4:0>				—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-20: PORTA REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	02C0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	001F
PORTA	02C2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	xxxxx
LATA	02C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LATA1	LATA0	xxxxx
ODCA	02C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	ODCA4	ODCA3	ODCA2	ODCA1	ODCA0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-21: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ12MC202

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	02C8	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	TRISB11	TRISB10	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	TRISB6	TRISB5	TRISB4	TRISB3	TRISB2	TRISB1	TRISB0	FFFF
PORTB	02CA	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	RB11	RB10	RB9	RB8	RB7	RB6	RB5	RB4	RB3	RB2	RB1	RB0	xxxxx
LATB	02CC	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	LATB11	LATB10	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	LATB6	LATB5	LATB4	LATB3	LATB2	LATB1	LATB0	xxxxx
ODCB	02CE	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	ODCB11	ODCB10	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	ODCB6	ODCB5	ODCB4	ODCB3	ODCB2	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-22: PORTB REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ12MC201

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISB	02C8	TRISB15	TRISB14	TRISB13	TRISB12	—	—	TRISB9	TRISB8	TRISB7	—	—	TRISB4	—	—	TRISB1	TRISB0	F393
PORTB	02CA	RB15	RB14	RB13	RB12	—	—	RB9	RB8	RB7	—	—	RB4	—	—	RB1	RB0	xxxxx
LATB	02CC	LATB15	LATB14	LATB13	LATB12	—	—	LATB9	LATB8	LATB7	—	—	LATB4	—	—	LATB1	LATB0	xxxxx
ODCB	02CE	ODCB15	ODCB14	ODCB13	ODCB12	—	—	ODCB9	ODCB8	ODCB7	—	—	ODCB4	—	—	ODCB1	ODCB0	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 6-1: RCON: RESET CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾ (CONTINUED)

- bit 1 **BOR:** Brown-out Reset Flag bit
 1 = A Brown-out Reset has occurred
 0 = A Brown-out Reset has not occurred
- bit 0 **POR:** Power-on Reset Flag bit
 1 = A Power-on Reset has occurred
 0 = A Power-on Reset has not occurred

- Note 1:** All of the Reset status bits can be set or cleared in software. Setting one of these bits in software does not cause a device Reset.
- 2:** If the FWDTEN Configuration bit is '1' (unprogrammed), the WDT is always enabled, regardless of the SWDTEN bit setting.

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REGISTER 7-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER⁽¹⁾

R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0
OA	OB	SA	SB	OAB	SAB	DA	DC
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IPL2 ⁽²⁾	IPL1 ⁽²⁾	IPL0 ⁽²⁾	RA	N	OV	Z	C
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

C = Clear only bit	R = Readable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
S = Set only bit	W = Writable bit	-n = Value at POR
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

bit 7-5 **IPL<2:0>**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bits⁽¹⁾

- 111 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 7 (15), user interrupts disabled
- 110 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 6 (14)
- 101 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 5 (13)
- 100 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 4 (12)
- 011 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 3 (11)
- 010 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 2 (10)
- 001 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 1 (9)
- 000 = CPU Interrupt Priority Level is 0 (8)

Note 1: For complete register details, see **Register 3-1: “SR: CPU Status Register”**.

2: The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.

3: The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read-only when NSTDIS (INTCON1<15>) = 1.

REGISTER 7-2: CORCON: CORE CONTROL REGISTER⁽¹⁾

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0	R-0
—	—	—	US	EDT	DL<2:0>		
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/C-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SATA	SATB	SATDW	ACCSAT	IPL3 ⁽²⁾	PSV	RND	IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

C = Clear only bit	R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
'0' = Bit is cleared	'x' = Bit is unknown	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'		

bit 3 **IPL3**: CPU Interrupt Priority Level Status bit⁽²⁾

- 1 = CPU interrupt priority level is greater than 7
- 0 = CPU interrupt priority level is 7 or less

Note 1: For complete register details, see **Register 3-2: “CORCON: Core Control Register”**.

2: The IPL3 bit is concatenated with the IPL<2:0> bits (SR<7:5>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level.

REGISTER 7-3: INTCON1: INTERRUPT CONTROL REGISTER 1

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
NSTDIS	OVAERR	OVBERR	COVAERR	COVBERR	OVATE	OVATE	COVTE
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
SFTACERR	DIV0ERR	—	MATHERR	ADDRERR	STKERR	OSCFAIL	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **NSTDIS:** Interrupt Nesting Disable bit
1 = Interrupt nesting is disabled
0 = Interrupt nesting is enabled
- bit 14 **OVAERR:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 13 **OVBERR:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap was not caused by overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 12 **COVAERR:** Accumulator A Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A
- bit 11 **COVBERR:** Accumulator B Catastrophic Overflow Trap Flag bit
1 = Trap was caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap was not caused by catastrophic overflow of Accumulator B
- bit 10 **OVATE:** Accumulator A Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator A
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 9 **OVATE:** Accumulator B Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap overflow of Accumulator B
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 8 **COVTE:** Catastrophic Overflow Trap Enable bit
1 = Trap on catastrophic overflow of Accumulator A or B enabled
0 = Trap disabled
- bit 7 **SFTACERR:** Shift Accumulator Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap was caused by an invalid accumulator shift
0 = Math error trap was not caused by an invalid accumulator shift
- bit 6 **DIV0ERR:** Arithmetic Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap was caused by a divide by zero
0 = Math error trap was not caused by a divide by zero
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **MATHERR:** Arithmetic Error Status bit
1 = Math error trap has occurred
0 = Math error trap has not occurred
- bit 3 **ADDRERR:** Address Error Trap Status bit
1 = Address error trap has occurred
0 = Address error trap has not occurred

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REGISTER 8-1: OSCCON: OSCILLATOR CONTROL REGISTER^(1,3) (CONTINUED)

bit 3	CF: Clock Fail Detect bit (read/clear by application) 1 = FSCM has detected clock failure 0 = FSCM has not detected clock failure
bit 2	Unimplemented: Read as '0'
bit 1	LPOSCEN: Secondary (LP) Oscillator Enable bit 1 = Enable secondary oscillator 0 = Disable secondary oscillator
bit 0	OSWEN: Oscillator Switch Enable bit 1 = Request oscillator switch to selection specified by NOSC<2:0> bits 0 = Oscillator switch is complete

- Note 1:** Writes to this register require an unlock sequence. Refer to **Section 7. “Oscillator”** (DS70186) in the *“dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”* (available from the Microchip web site) for details.
- 2:** Direct clock switches between any primary oscillator mode with PLL and FRCPLL mode are not permitted. This applies to clock switches in either direction. In these instances, the application must switch to FRC mode as a transition clock source between the two PLL modes.
- 3:** This register is reset only on a Power-on Reset (POR).

9.0 POWER-SAVING FEATURES

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 9. “Watchdog Timer and Power-Saving Modes”** (DS70196) of the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip website (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 devices provide the ability to manage power consumption by selectively managing clocking to the CPU and the peripherals. In general, a lower clock frequency and a reduction in the number of circuits being clocked constitutes lower consumed power. dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 devices can manage power consumption in four different ways:

- Clock frequency
- Instruction-based Sleep and Idle modes
- Software-controlled Doze mode
- Selective peripheral control in software

Combinations of these methods can be used to selectively tailor an application's power consumption while still maintaining critical application features, such as timing-sensitive communications.

9.1 Clock Frequency and Clock Switching

dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 devices allow a wide range of clock frequencies to be selected under application control. If the system clock configuration is not locked, users can choose low-power or high-precision oscillators by simply changing the NOSC bits (OSCCON<10:8>). The process of changing a system clock during operation, as well as limitations to the process, are discussed in more detail in **Section 8.0 “Oscillator Configuration”**.

9.2 Instruction-Based Power-Saving Modes

dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 devices have two special power-saving modes that are entered through the execution of a special PWRSAV instruction. Sleep mode stops clock operation and halts all code execution. Idle mode halts the CPU and code execution, but allows peripheral modules to continue operation. The assembler syntax of the PWRSAV instruction is shown in Example 9-1.

Note: SLEEP_MODE and IDLE_MODE are constants defined in the assembler include file for the selected device.

Sleep and Idle modes can be exited as a result of an enabled interrupt, WDT time-out or a device Reset. When the device exits these modes, it is said to wake-up.

9.2.1 SLEEP MODE

The following occur in Sleep mode:

- The system clock source is shut down. If an on-chip oscillator is used, it is turned off.
- The device current consumption is reduced to a minimum, provided that no I/O pin is sourcing current
- The Fail-Safe Clock Monitor does not operate, since the system clock source is disabled
- The LPRC clock continues to run in Sleep mode if the WDT is enabled
- The WDT, if enabled, is automatically cleared prior to entering Sleep mode
- Some device features or peripherals may continue to operate. This includes items such as the input change notification on the I/O ports, or peripherals that use an external clock input.
- Any peripheral that requires the system clock source for its operation is disabled

The device will wake-up from Sleep mode on any of the these events:

- Any interrupt source that is individually enabled
- Any form of device Reset
- A WDT time-out

On wake-up from Sleep mode, the processor restarts with the same clock source that was active when Sleep mode was entered.

EXAMPLE 9-1: PWRSAV INSTRUCTION SYNTAX

```
PWRSAV #SLEEP_MODE    ; Put the device into Sleep mode
PWRSAV #IDLE_MODE      ; Put the device into Idle mode
```

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REGISTER 9-3: PMD3: PERIPHERAL MODULE DISABLE CONTROL REGISTER 3

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	PWM2MD	—	—	—	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4 **PWM2MD:** PWM2 Module Disable bit

1 = PWM2 module is disabled

0 = PWM2 module is enabled

bit 3-0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

REGISTER 10-2: RPNR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	INT2R<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5

Unimplemented: Read as '0'

bit 4-0

INT2R<4:0>: Assign External Interrupt 2 (INTR2) to the corresponding RPN pin

11111 = Input tied Vss

01111 = Input tied to RP15

.

.

.

00001 = Input tied to RP1

00000 = Input tied to RP0

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REGISTER 11-1: T1CON: TIMER1 CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
TON	—	TSIDL	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0
—	TGATE	TCKPS<1:0>		—	TSYNC	TCS	—
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **TON:** Timer1 On bit
 1 = Starts 16-bit Timer1
 0 = Stops 16-bit Timer1
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **TSIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit
 1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode
 0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode
- bit 12-7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6 **TGATE:** Timer1 Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit
 When TCS = 1:
 This bit is ignored.
 When TCS = 0:
 1 = Gated time accumulation enabled
 0 = Gated time accumulation disabled
- bit 5-4 **TCKPS<1:0>:** Timer1 Input Clock Prescale Select bits
 11 = 1:256
 10 = 1:64
 01 = 1:8
 00 = 1:1
- bit 3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **TSYNC:** Timer1 External Clock Input Synchronization Select bit
 When TCS = 1:
 1 = Synchronize external clock input
 0 = Do not synchronize external clock input
 When TCS = 0:
 This bit is ignored.
- bit 1 **TCS:** Timer1 Clock Source Select bit
 1 = External clock from pin T1CK (on the rising edge)
 0 = Internal clock (Fcy)
- bit 0 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

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REGISTER 16-1: QEIxCON: QEI CONTROL REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
CNTERR	—	QEISIDL	INDEX	UPDN	QEIM<2:0>		
bit 15				bit 8			

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
SWPAB	PCDOUT	TQGATE	TQCKPS<1:0>		POSRES	TQCS	UPDN_SRC
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:

R = Readable bit

W = Writable bit

U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'

-n = Value at POR

'1' = Bit is set

'0' = Bit is cleared

x = Bit is unknown

bit 15 **CNTERR:** Count Error Status Flag bit

1 = Position count error has occurred

0 = No position count error has occurred

Note: CNTERR flag only applies when QEIM<2:0> = '110' or '100'.

bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 13 **QEISIDL:** Stop in Idle Mode bit

1 = Discontinue module operation when device enters Idle mode

0 = Continue module operation in Idle mode

bit 12 **INDEX:** Index Pin State Status bit (Read-Only)

1 = Index pin is High

0 = Index pin is Low

bit 11 **UPDN:** Position Counter Direction Status bit

1 = Position Counter Direction is positive (+)

0 = Position Counter Direction is negative (-)

(Read-only bit when QEIM<2:0> = '1xx')

(Read/Write bit when QEIM<2:0> = '001')

bit 10-8 **QEIM<2:0>:** Quadrature Encoder Interface Mode Select bits

111 = Quadrature Encoder Interface enabled (x4 mode) with position counter reset by match (MAXCNT)

110 = Quadrature Encoder Interface enabled (x4 mode) with Index Pulse reset of position counter

101 = Quadrature Encoder Interface enabled (x2 mode) with position counter reset by match (MAXCNT)

100 = Quadrature Encoder Interface enabled (x2 mode) with Index Pulse reset of position counter

011 = Unused (Module disabled)

010 = Unused (Module disabled)

001 = Starts 16-bit Timer

000 = Quadrature Encoder Interface/Timer off

bit 7 **SWPAB:** Phase A and Phase B Input Swap Select bit

1 = Phase A and Phase B inputs swapped

0 = Phase A and Phase B inputs not swapped

bit 6 **PCDOUT:** Position Counter Direction State Output Enable bit

1 = Position Counter Direction Status Output Enable (QEI logic controls state of I/O pin)

0 = Position Counter Direction Status Output Disabled (Normal I/O pin operation)

bit 5 **TQGATE:** Timer Gated Time Accumulation Enable bit

1 = Timer gated time accumulation enabled

0 = Timer gated time accumulation disabled

17.0 SERIAL PERIPHERAL INTERFACE (SPI)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202 family of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 18. “Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI)”** (DS70206) of the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, which is available on the Microchip website (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

The Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) module is a synchronous serial interface useful for communicating with other peripheral or microcontroller devices. These peripheral devices can be serial EEPROMs, shift registers, display drivers, analog-to-digital converters, etc. The SPI module is compatible with SPI and SIO[®] from Motorola[®].

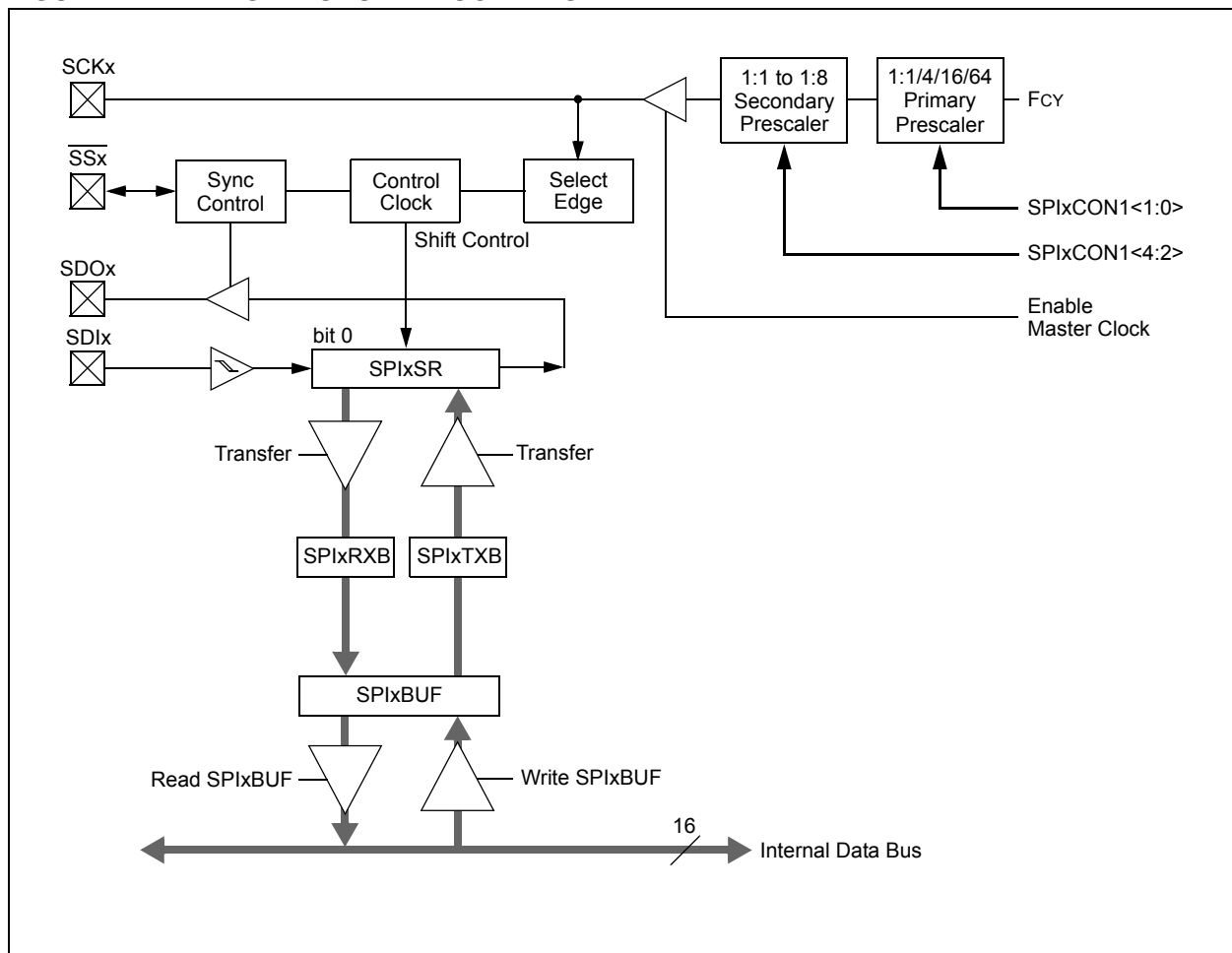
Each SPI module consists of a 16-bit shift register, SPIxSR (where x = 1 or 2), used for shifting data in and out, and a buffer register, SPIxBUF. A control register, SPIxCON, configures the module. Additionally, a status register, SPIxSTAT, indicates status conditions.

The serial interface consists of four pins:

- SDIx (serial data input)
- SDOx (serial data output)
- SCKx (shift clock input or output)
- SSx (active low slave select).

In Master mode operation, SCK is a clock output. In Slave mode, it is a clock input.

FIGURE 17-1: SPI MODULE BLOCK DIAGRAM



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REGISTER 17-2: SPIxCON1: SPIx CONTROL REGISTER 1 (CONTINUED)

bit 4-2 **SPRE<2:0>**: Secondary Prescale bits (Master mode)⁽³⁾

111 = Secondary prescale 1:1

110 = Secondary prescale 2:1

.

.

.

000 = Secondary prescale 8:1

bit 1-0 **PPRE<1:0>**: Primary Prescale bits (Master mode)⁽³⁾

11 = Primary prescale 1:1

10 = Primary prescale 4:1

01 = Primary prescale 16:1

00 = Primary prescale 64:1

Note 1: The CKE bit is not used in the Framed SPI modes. Program this bit to '0' for the Framed SPI modes (FRMEN = 1).

2: This bit must be cleared when FRMEN = 1.

3: Do not set both Primary and Secondary prescalers to a value of 1:1.

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TABLE 22-2: INSTRUCTION SET OVERVIEW (CONTINUED)

Base Instr #	Assembly Mnemonic	Assembly Syntax	Description	# of Words	# of Cycles	Status Flags Affected
66	RRNC	RRNC f	f = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC f, WREG	WREG = Rotate Right (No Carry) f	1	1	N,Z
		RRNC Ws, Wd	Wd = Rotate Right (No Carry) Ws	1	1	N,Z
67	SAC	SAC Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Accumulator	1	1	None
		SAC.R Acc, #Slit4, Wdo	Store Rounded Accumulator	1	1	None
68	SE	SE Ws, Wnd	Wnd = sign-extended Ws	1	1	C,N,Z
69	SETM	SETM f	f = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM WREG	WREG = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
		SETM Ws	Ws = 0xFFFF	1	1	None
70	SFTAC	SFTAC Acc, Wn	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by (Wn)	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SFTAC Acc, #Slit6	Arithmetic Shift Accumulator by Slit6	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
71	SL	SL f	f = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL f, WREG	WREG = Left Shift f	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Ws, Wd	Wd = Left Shift Ws	1	1	C,N,OV,Z
		SL Wb, Wns, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by Wns	1	1	N,Z
		SL Wb, #lit5, Wnd	Wnd = Left Shift Wb by lit5	1	1	N,Z
72	SUB	SUB Acc	Subtract Accumulators	1	1	OA,OB,OAB,SA,SB,SAB
		SUB f	f = f - WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB f, WREG	WREG = f - WREG	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn - lit10	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb - Ws	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb - lit5	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
73	SUBB	SUBB f	f = f - WREG - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB f, WREG	WREG = f - WREG - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB #lit10, Wn	Wn = Wn - lit10 - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb - Ws - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBB Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb - lit5 - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
74	SUBR	SUBR f	f = WREG - f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG - f	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws - Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 - Wb	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
75	SUBBR	SUBBR f	f = WREG - f - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR f, WREG	WREG = WREG - f - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Ws - Wb - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
		SUBBR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = lit5 - Wb - (\bar{C})	1	1	C,DC,N,OV,Z
76	SWAP	SWAP.b Wn	Wn = nibble swap Wn	1	1	None
		SWAP Wn	Wn = byte swap Wn	1	1	None
77	TBLRDH	TBLRDH Ws, Wd	Read Prog<23:16> to Wd<7:0>	1	2	None
78	TBLRDL	TBLRDL Ws, Wd	Read Prog<15:0> to Wd	1	2	None
79	TBLWTH	TBLWTH Ws, Wd	Write Ws<7:0> to Prog<23:16>	1	2	None
80	TBLWTL	TBLWTL Ws, Wd	Write Ws to Prog<15:0>	1	2	None
81	ULNK	ULNK	Unlink Frame Pointer	1	1	None
82	XOR	XOR f	f = f .XOR. WREG	1	1	N,Z
		XOR f, WREG	WREG = f .XOR. WREG	1	1	N,Z
		XOR #lit10, Wn	Wd = lit10 .XOR. Wd	1	1	N,Z
		XOR Wb, Ws, Wd	Wd = Wb .XOR. Ws	1	1	N,Z
		XOR Wb, #lit5, Wd	Wd = Wb .XOR. lit5	1	1	N,Z
83	ZE	ZE Ws, Wnd	Wnd = Zero-extend Ws	1	1	C,Z,N

TABLE 24-6: DC CHARACTERISTICS: IDLE CURRENT (IDLE)

DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended		
Parameter No.	Typical ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units	Conditions	
Idle Current (IDLE): Core OFF Clock ON Base Current ⁽²⁾					
DC40d	3	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 10 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC40a	3	25	mA	+25°C	
DC40b	3	25	mA	+85°C	
DC40c	3	25	mA	+125°C	
DC41d	4	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 16 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC41a	4	25	mA	+25°C	
DC41b	5	25	mA	+85°C	
DC41c	5	25	mA	+125°C	
DC42d	6	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 20 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC42a	6	25	mA	+25°C	
DC42b	7	25	mA	+85°C	
DC42c	7	25	mA	+125°C	
DC43a	9	25	mA	+25°C	3.3V 30 MIPS ⁽³⁾
DC43d	9	25	mA	-40°C	
DC43b	9	25	mA	+85°C	
DC43c	9	25	mA	+125°C	
DC44d	10	25	mA	-40°C	3.3V 40 MIPS
DC44a	10	25	mA	+25°C	
DC44b	10	25	mA	+85°C	
DC44c	10	25	mA	+125°C	

Note 1: Data in "Typical" column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.

2: Base IDLE current is measured with core off, clock on and all modules turned off. Peripheral Module Disable SFR registers are zeroed. All I/O pins are configured as inputs and pulled to Vss.

3: These parameters are characterized, but not tested in manufacturing.

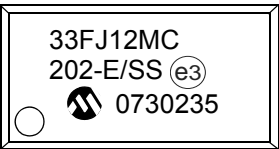
dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202

25.1 Package Marking Information (Continued)

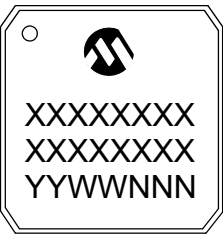
28-Lead SSOP



Example



28-Lead QFN



Example

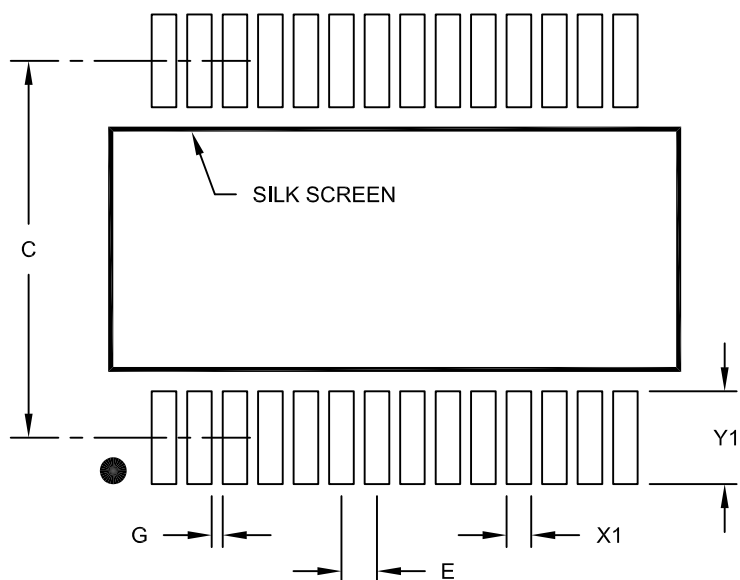


Legend:	XX...X	Customer-specific information
	Y	Year code (last digit of calendar year)
	YY	Year code (last 2 digits of calendar year)
	WW	Week code (week of January 1 is week '01')
	NNN	Alphanumeric traceability code
	(e3)	Pb-free JEDEC designator for Matte Tin (Sn)
	*	This package is Pb-free. The Pb-free JEDEC designator ((e3)) can be found on the outer packaging for this package.
Note:	If the full Microchip part number cannot be marked on one line, it is carried over to the next line, thus limiting the number of available characters for customer-specific information.	

dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202

28-Lead Plastic Shrink Small Outline (SS) - 5.30 mm Body [SSOP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Units		MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.65 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C		7.20	
Contact Pad Width (X28)	X1			0.45
Contact Pad Length (X28)	Y1			1.75
Distance Between Pads	G	0.20		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

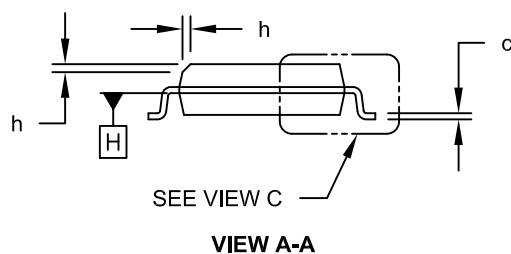
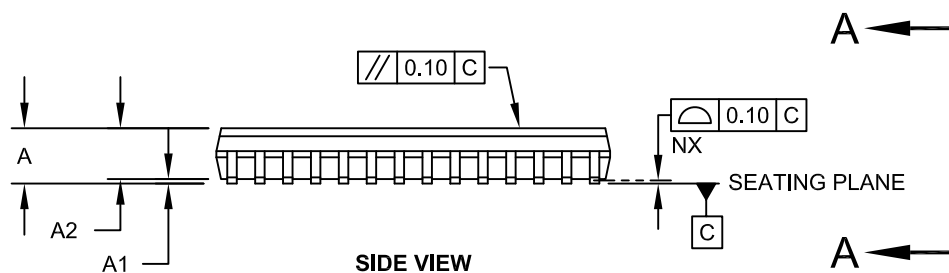
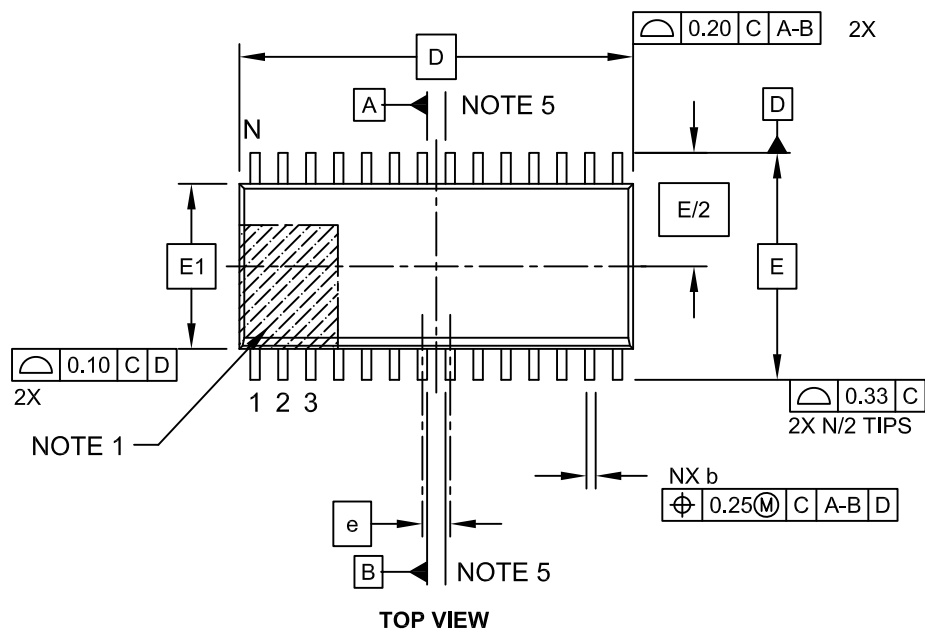
BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2073A

dsPIC33FJ12MC201/202

28-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SO) - Wide, 7.50 mm Body [SOIC]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packaging>



Microchip Technology Drawing C04-052C Sheet 1 of 2

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