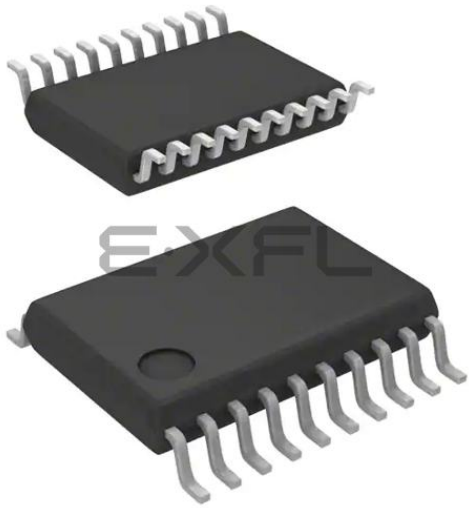
Renesas Electronics America Inc - R5F1026AASP#V0 Datasheet



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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "Embedded - Microcontrollers"

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I²C, UART/USART
Peripherals	DMA, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	2K x 8
RAM Size	1.5K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f1026aasp-v0

○ ROM, RAM capacities

Code flash	Data flash	RAM	20 pins	24 pins	30 pins
16 KB	2 KB	2 KB	—	—	R5F102AA
	—		—	—	R5F103AA
	2 KB	1.5 KB	R5F1026A Note 1	R5F1027A Note 1	—
	—		R5F1036A Note 1	R5F1037A Note 1	—
12 KB	2KB	1 KB	R5F10269 Note 1	R5F10279 Note 1	R5F102A9
	—		R5F10369 Note 1	R5F10379 Note 1	R5F103A9
8 KB	2 KB	768 B	R5F10268 Note 1	R5F10278 Note 1	R5F102A8
	—		R5F10368 Note 1	R5F10378 Note 1	R5F103A8
4 KB	2KB	512 B	R5F10267	R5F10277	R5F102A7
	—		R5F10367	R5F10377	R5F103A7
2 KB	2 KB	256 B	R5F10266 Note 2	—	—
	—		R5F10366 Note 2	—	—

Notes 1. This is 640 bytes when the self-programming function or data flash function is used. (For details, see **CHAPTER 3 CPU ARCHITECTURE**.)

2. The self-programming function cannot be used for R5F10266 and R5F10366.

Caution When the flash memory is rewritten via a user program, the code flash area and RAM area are used because each library is used. When using the library, refer to RL78 Family Flash Self Programming Library Type01 User's Manual and RL78 Family Data Flash Library Type04 User's Manual.

Table 1-1. List of Ordering Part Numbers

Pin count	Package	Data flash	Fields of Application	Part Number
<R> 20 pins	20-pin plastic LSSOP (4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F1026AASP#V5, R5F10269ASP#V5, R5F10268ASP#V5, R5F10267ASP#V5, R5F10266ASP#V5 R5F1026AASP#X5, R5F10269ASP#X5, R5F10268ASP#X5, R5F10267ASP#X5, R5F10266ASP#X5
			D	R5F1026ADSP#V5, R5F10269DSP#V5, R5F10268DSP#V5, R5F10267DSP#V5, R5F10266DSP#V5 R5F1026ADSP#X5, R5F10269DSP#X5, R5F10268DSP#X5, R5F10267DSP#X5, R5F10266DSP#X5
			G	R5F1026AGSP#V5, R5F10269GSP#V5, R5F10268GSP#V5, R5F10267GSP#V5, R5F10266GSP#V5 R5F1026AGSP#X5, R5F10269GSP#X5, R5F10268GSP#X5, R5F10267GSP#X5, R5F10266GSP#X5
		Not mounted	A	R5F1036AASP#V5, R5F10369ASP#V5, R5F10368ASP#V5, R5F10367ASP#V5, R5F10366ASP#V5 R5F1036AASP#X5, R5F10369ASP#X5, R5F10368ASP#X5, R5F10367ASP#X5, R5F10366ASP#X5
			D	R5F1036ADSP#V5, R5F10369DSP#V5, R5F10368DSP#V5, R5F10367DSP#V5, R5F10366DSP#V5 R5F1036ADSP#X5, R5F10369DSP#X5, R5F10368DSP#X5, R5F10367DSP#X5, R5F10366DSP#X5
<R> 24 pins	24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F1027AANA#U5, R5F10279ANA#U5, R5F10278ANA#U5, R5F10277ANA#U5 R5F1027AANA#W5, R5F10279ANA#W5, R5F10278ANA#W5, R5F10277ANA#W5
			D	R5F1027ADNA#U5, R5F10279DNA#U5, R5F10278DNA#U5, R5F10277DNA#U5 R5F1027ADNA#W5, R5F10279DNA#W5, R5F10278DNA#W5, R5F10277DNA#W5
			G	R5F1027AGNA#U5, R5F10279GNA#U5, R5F10278GNA#U5, R5F10277GNA#U5 R5F1027AGNA#W5, R5F10279GNA#W5, R5F10278GNA#W5, R5F10277GNA#W5
		Not mounted	A	R5F1037AANA#V5, R5F10379ANA#V5, R5F10378ANA#V5, R5F10377ANA#V5 R5F1037AANA#X5, R5F10379ANA#X5, R5F10378ANA#X5, R5F10377ANA#X5
			D	R5F1037ADNA#V5, R5F10379DNA#V5, R5F10378DNA#V5, R5F10377DNA#V5 R5F1037ADNA#X5, R5F10379DNA#X5, R5F10378DNA#X5, R5F10377DNA#X5
30 pins	30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)	Mounted	A	R5F102AAASP#V0, R5F102A9ASP#V0, R5F102A8ASP#V0, R5F102A7ASP#V0 R5F102AAASP#X0, R5F102A9ASP#X0, R5F102A8ASP#X0, R5F102A7ASP#X0
			D	R5F102AADSP#V0, R5F102A9DSP#V0, R5F102A8DSP#V0, R5F102A7DSP#V0 R5F102AADSP#X0, R5F102A9DSP#X0, R5F102A8DSP#X0, R5F102A7DSP#X0
			G	R5F102AAGSP#V0, R5F102A9GSP#V0, R5F102A8GSP#V0, R5F102A7GSP#V0 R5F102AAGSP#X0, R5F102A9GSP#X0, R5F102A8GSP#X0, R5F102A7GSP#X0
		Not mounted	A	R5F103AAASP#V0, R5F103A9ASP#V0, R5F103A8ASP#V0, R5F103A7ASP#V0 R5F103AAASP#X0, R5F103A9ASP#X0, R5F103A8ASP#X0, R5F103A7ASP#X0
			D	R5F103AADSP#V0, R5F103A9DSP#V0, R5F103A8DSP#V0, R5F103A7DSP#V0 R5F103AADSP#X0, R5F103A9DSP#X0, R5F103A8DSP#X0, R5F103A7DSP#X0

Note For fields of application, see **Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G12**.

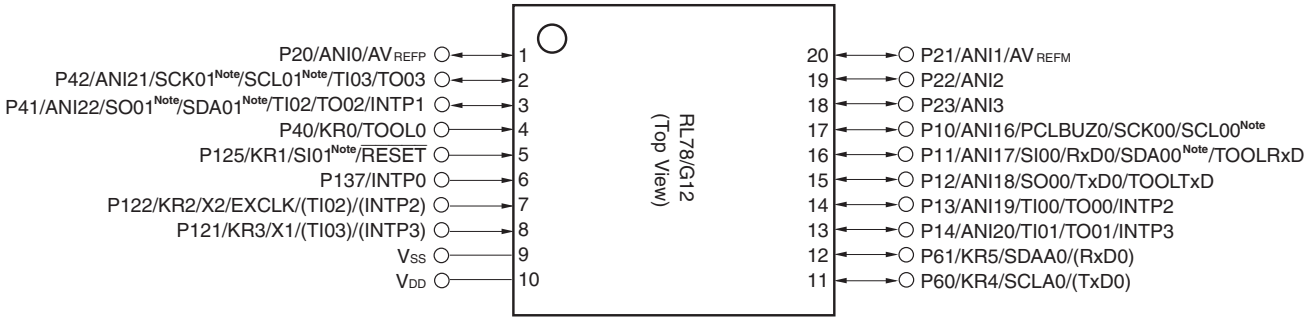
Caution The ordering part numbers represent the numbers at the time of publication. For the latest ordering part numbers, refer to the target product page of the Renesas Electronics website.

1.4 Pin Configuration (Top View)

1.4.1 20-pin products

- 20-pin plastic LSSOP (4.4 × 6.5 mm, 0.65 mm pitch)

<R>



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see **1.5 Pin Identification**.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). See **Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR)**.

2.2 Oscillator Characteristics

2.2.1 X1 oscillator characteristics

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (f_X)[Note]	Ceramic resonator / crystal oscillator	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	1.0		20.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V	1.0		8.0	

Note Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

Caution Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.

Remark When using the X1 oscillator, refer to **5.4 System Clock Oscillator**.

2.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Oscillators	Parameters	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency [Notes 1, 2]	f_{IH}			1		24	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy		R5F102 products	T_A = −20 to +85°C	-1.0		+1.0	%
			T_A = −40 to −20°C	-1.5		+1.5	%
		R5F103 products		-5.0		+5.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	f_{IL}				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Notes 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 3 of option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of HOCODIV register.

2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V) (3/4)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	V_{IH1}	Normal input buffer 20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03[Note 2], P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147		0.8V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH2}	TTL input buffer 20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11 30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.2		V_{DD}	V
			3.3 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V	2.0		V_{DD}	V
			1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V	1.5		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH3}	P20 to P23		0.7V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
	V_{IH4}	P60, P61		0.7V_{DD}		6.0	V
	V_{IH5}	P121, P122, P125[Note 1], P137, EXCLK, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0.8V_{DD}		V_{DD}	V
Input voltage, low	V_{IL1}	Normal input buffer 20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03[Note 2], P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147		0		0.2V_{DD}	V
	V_{IL2}	TTL input buffer 20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11 30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.8	V
			3.3 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V	0		0.5	V
			1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V	0		0.32	V
	V_{IL3}	P20 to P23		0		0.3V_{DD}	V
	V_{IL4}	P60, P61		0		0.3V_{DD}	V
	V_{IL5}	P121, P122, P125[Note 1], P137, EXCLK, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$		0		0.2V_{DD}	V
Output voltage, high	V_{OH1}	20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03[Note 2], P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I_{OH1} = −10.0 mA	V_{DD}−1.5			V
			4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I_{OH1} = −3.0 mA	V_{DD}−0.7			V
			2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I_{OH1} = −2.0 mA	V_{DD}−0.6			V
			1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, I_{OH1} = −1.5 mA	V_{DD}−0.5			V
	V_{OH2}	P20 to P23	I_{OH2} = −100 μA	V_{DD}−0.5			V

Notes 1. 20, 24-pin products only.

2. 24-pin products only.

Caution The maximum value of V_{IH} of pins P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products is V_{DD} even in N-ch open-drain mode. High level is not output in the N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

(1) 20-, 24-pin products

(T_A = –40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V) **(2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	I_{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (High-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{IH} = 24 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 5.0 V		440	1210	μA
					V_{DD} = 3.0 V		440	1210	
				f_{IH} = 16 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 5.0 V		400	950	μA
					V_{DD} = 3.0 V		400	950	
			LS (Low-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{IH} = 8 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 3.0 V		270	542	μA
					V_{DD} = 2.0 V		270	542	
			HS (High-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		280	1000	μA
					Resonator connection		450	1170	
				f_{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		280	1000	μA
					Resonator connection		450	1170	
				f_{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		190	590	μA
					Resonator connection		260	660	
				f_{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		190	590	μA
					Resonator connection		260	660	
			LS (Low-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		110	360	μA
					Resonator connection		150	416	
				f_{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 2.0 V	Square wave input		110	360	μA
					Resonator connection		150	416	
	I_{DD3} Note 5	STOP mode	T_A = –40°C				0.19	0.50	μA
			T_A = +25°C				0.24	0.50	
			T_A = +50°C				0.32	0.80	
			T_A = +70°C				0.48	1.20	
			T_A = +85°C				0.74	2.20	

Notes 1. Total current flowing into V_{DD}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.

3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is stopped.

4. When high-speed system clock is stopped.

5. Not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.

6. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as follows.

HS(High speed main) mode: V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 24 MHz
V_{DD} = 2.4 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 16 MHz

LS(Low speed main) mode: V_{DD} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 8 MHz

Remarks 1. f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

2. f_{IH}: high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency

3. Except temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C, other than STOP mode

(2) 30-pin products

(T_A = –40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V) **(2/2)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions				MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply current Note 1	I_{DD2} Note 2	HALT mode	HS (High-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{IH} = 24 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 5.0 V		440	1280	μA
					V_{DD} = 3.0 V		440	1280	
				f_{IH} = 16 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 5.0 V		400	1000	μA
					V_{DD} = 3.0 V		400	1000	
			LS (Low-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{IH} = 8 MHz Note 4	V_{DD} = 3.0 V		260	530	μA
					V_{DD} = 2.0 V		260	530	
			HS (High-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		280	1000	μA
					Resonator connection		450	1170	
				f_{MX} = 20 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		280	1000	μA
					Resonator connection		450	1170	
				f_{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 5.0 V	Square wave input		190	600	μA
					Resonator connection		260	670	
				f_{MX} = 10 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		190	600	μA
					Resonator connection		260	670	
			LS (Low-speed main) mode Note 6	f_{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3, V_{DD} = 3.0 V	Square wave input		95	330	μA
					Resonator connection		145	380	
				f_{MX} = 8 MHz Note 3 V_{DD} = 2.0 V	Square wave input		95	330	μA
					Resonator connection		145	380	
	I_{DD3} Note 5	STOP mode	T_A = –40°C				0.18	0.50	μA
			T_A = +25°C				0.23	0.50	
			T_A = +50°C				0.30	1.10	
			T_A = +70°C				0.46	1.90	
			T_A = +85°C				0.75	3.30	

Notes 1. Total current flowing into V_{DD}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.

3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is stopped.

4. When high-speed system clock is stopped.

5. Not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.

6. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as follows.

HS (High speed main) mode: V_{DD} = 2.7 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 24 MHz
V_{DD} = 2.4 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 16 MHz

LS (Low speed main) mode: V_{DD} = 1.8 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 8 MHz

Remarks 1. f_{MX}: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)

2. f_{IH}: high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency

3. Except STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is T_A = 25°C.

2.4 AC Characteristics

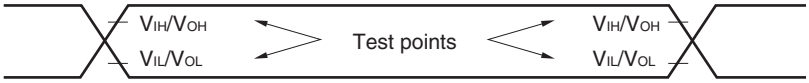
(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Items	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Instruction cycle (minimum instruction execution time)	T_{CY}	Main system clock (f_{MAIN}) operation	HS (High-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.04167		1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625		1	μs
			LS (Low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125		1	μs
		During self programming	HS (High-speed main) mode	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.04167		1	μs
				2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V	0.0625		1	μs
			LS (Low-speed main) mode	1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	0.125		1	μs
External main system clock frequency	f_{EX}	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			1.0		20.0	MHz
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V			1.0		16.0	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.4 V			1.0		8.0	MHz
External main system clock input high-level width, low-level width	t_{EXH}, t_{EXL}	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			24			ns
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V			30			ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.4 V			60			ns
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	t_{TIH}, t_{TIL}				1/f_{MCK} + 10			ns
TO00 to TO07 output frequency	f_{TO}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V					12	MHz
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V					8	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V					4	MHz
PCLBUZ0, or PCLBUZ1 output frequency	f_{PCL}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V					16	MHz
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V					8	MHz
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V					4	MHz
INTP0 to INTP5 input high-level width, low-level width	t_{INTH}, t_{INTL}				1			μs
KR0 to KR9 input available width	t_{KR}				250			ns
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low-level width	t_{RSL}				10			μs

Remark f_{MCK}: Timer array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n bit of timer mode register 0n (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))

2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Point



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode)

(T_A = –40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

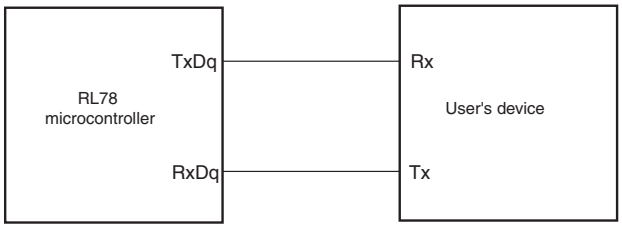
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate Note 1				f_{MCK}/6		f_{MCK}/6	bps
		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{CLK} = f_{MCK}$ Note2		4.0		1.3	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

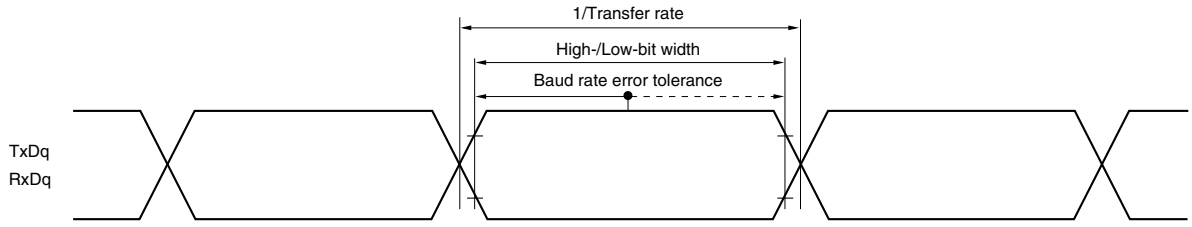
2. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (f_{CLK}) are:
HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
16 MHz (2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)
LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 2), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1)

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10, 11))

(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCK00... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCK00 cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{KCY1} \geq 2/f_{CLK}$	83.3		250		ns
SCK00 high-/low-level width	t_{KH1}, t_{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	$t_{KCY1}/2-7$		$t_{KCY1}/2-50$		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	$t_{KCY1}/2-10$		$t_{KCY1}/2-50$		ns
SI00 setup time (to SCK00↑) Note 1	t_{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	23		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	33		110		ns
SI00 hold time (from SCK00↑) Note2	t_{KSI1}		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCK00↓ to SO00 output Note 3	t_{KSO1}	C = 20 pF Note 4		10		10	ns

Notes 1. When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The SI00 setup time becomes "to SCK00↓" when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.

2. When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The SI00 hold time becomes "from SCK00↓" when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.

3. When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The delay time to SO00 output becomes "from SCK00↑" when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.

4. C is the load capacitance of the SCK00 and SO00 output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SI00 pin and the normal output mode for the SO00 and SCK00 pins by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1).

Remarks 1. This specification is valid only when CSI00's peripheral I/O redirect function is not used.

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS00 bit of serial mode register 00 (SMR00).)

(3) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output)

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{KCY1} \geq 4/f_{CLK}$	2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	167		500		ns
			2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	250		500		ns
			1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	–		500		ns
SCKp high-/low-level width	t_{KH1}, t_{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t_{KCY1}/2−12		t_{KCY1}/2−50		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t_{KCY1}/2−18		t_{KCY1}/2−50		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		t_{KCY1}/2−38		t_{KCY1}/2−50		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		–		t_{KCY1}/2−50		ns
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) Note 1	t_{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		44		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		44		110		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		75		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V		–		110		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) Note 2	t_{KSI1}			19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output Note 3	t_{KSO1}	C = 30 pF Note4			25		25	ns

Notes 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp↑" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

4. C is the load capacitance of the SCKp and SOp output lines.

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the SIp pin and the normal output mode for the SOp and SCKp pins by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode registers 0, 1, 4 (POM0, POM1, POM4).

Remarks 1. p: CSI number (p = 00, 01, 11, 20), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1, 3: "1, 3" is only for the R5F102 products)

2. f_{MCK}: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
(Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0, 1, 3: "1, 3" is only for the R5F102 products.))

5. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 4** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

6. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.
Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [\%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

7. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 6** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

8. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.
Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3} \text{ [bps]}$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100 \text{ [\%]}$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

9. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 8** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). **For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.**

(8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (3/3)

(T_A = −40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed main) Mode		LS (low-speed main) Mode		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time (to SCKp↓) Note 1	t_{SIK1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ	44		110		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ	44		110		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ	110		110		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↓) Note 1	t_{KSI1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ	19		19		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ	19		19		ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ	19		19		ns
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output Note 1	t_{KSO1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ		25		25	ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ		25		25	ns
		1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V Note 2, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ		25		25	ns

Notes 1. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

2. Use it with $V_{DD} \geq V_b$.

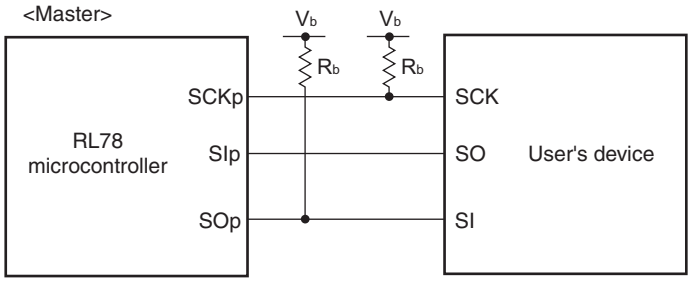
Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

2. CSI01 and CSI11 cannot communicate at different potential.

Remarks 1. R_b [Ω]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b [F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V_b [V]: Communication line voltage

2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 20), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} < V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.
Overall error: Add ±1.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.05%FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±0.5 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. Values when the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

5. Refer to **28.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics**.

(2) When reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM}/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI16 to ANI22

(T_A = –40 to +85°C, 1.8 V ≤ AV_{REFP} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = AV_{REFP}, Reference voltage (–) = AV_{REFM} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Note 3			1.2	±5.0	LSB
					1.2	±8.5 Note 4	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution Target ANI pin: ANI16 to ANI22	3.6 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	2.125		39	μs
			2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	3.1875		39	μs
			1.8 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V	17		39	μs
				57		95	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	EZS	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Note 3				±0.35	%FSR
						±0.60 Note 4	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	EFS	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Note 3				±0.35	%FSR
						±0.60 Note 4	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Note 3				±3.5	LSB
						±6.0 Note 4	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$ Note 3				±2.0	LSB
						±2.5 Note 4	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI16 to ANI22		0		AV_{REFP} and V_{DD}	V

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error (±1/2 LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. When $AV_{REFP} \leq V_{DD}$, the MAX. values are as follows.
Overall error: Add ±4.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add ±0.20%FSR to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.
Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add ±2.0 LSB to the MAX. value when $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD}$.

4. When the conversion time is set to 57 μs (min.) and 95 μs (max.).

3.3 DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

(T_A = –40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V) **(1/4)**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high[Note 1]	I_{OH1}	20-, 24-pin products: Per pin for P00 to P03[Note 4], P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: Per pin for P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147				–3.0 [Note 2]	mA
		20-, 24-pin products: Total of P40 to P42 30-pin products: Total of P00, P01, P40, P120 (When duty ≤ 70% [Note 3])	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			–9.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V			–6.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V			–4.5	mA
		20-, 24-pin products: Total of P00 to P03[Note 4], P10 to P14 30-pin products: Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P147 (When duty ≤ 70% [Note 3])	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V			–27.0	mA
			2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V			–18.0	mA
			2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 2.7 V			–10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty ≤ 70%[Note 3])				–36.0	mA
	I_{OH2}	Per pin for P20 to P23				–0.1	mA
		Total of all pins				–0.4	mA

Notes 1. value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the V_{DD} pin to an output pin.

2. However, do not exceed the total current value.

3. The output current value under conditions where the duty factor ≤ 70%.
If duty factor > 70%: The output current value can be calculated with the following expression (where n represents the duty factor as a percentage).

- Total output current of pins = (I_{OH} × 0.7)/(n × 0.01)

<Example> Where n = 80% and I_{OH} = –10.0 mA
Total output current of pins = (–10.0 × 0.7)/(80 × 0.01) ≅ –8.7 mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

4. 24-pin products only.

Caution P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100\ [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

4. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 3** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

5. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.
Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V and 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\} \times 3}\ [\text{bps}]$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{2.0}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100\ [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

6. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 5** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

7. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using f_{MCK}/12 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.
Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V

$$\text{Maximum transfer rate} = \frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\} \times 3}\ [\text{bps}]$$

$$\text{Baud rate error (theoretical value)} = \frac{\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln(1 - \frac{1.5}{V_b})\}}{(\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate}}) \times \text{Number of transferred bits}} \times 100\ [\%]$$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.

8. This value as an example is calculated when the conditions described in the “Conditions” column are met. Refer to **Note 7** above to calculate the maximum transfer rate under conditions of the customer.

Caution Select the TTL input buffer for the RxDq pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg). **For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.**

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (1/3)

(T_A = –40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time	t_{KCY1}	$t_{KCY1} \geq 4/f_{CLK}$	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ	600		ns
			2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ	1000		ns
			2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ	2300		ns
SCKp high-level width	t_{KH1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –150		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –340		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –916		ns
SCKp low-level width	t_{KL1}	4.0 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, 2.7 V ≤ V_b ≤ 4.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 1.4 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –24		ns
		2.7 V ≤ V_{DD} < 4.0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.7 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 2.7 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –36		ns
		2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} < 3.3 V, 1.6 V ≤ V_b ≤ 2.0 V, C_b = 30 pF, R_b = 5.5 kΩ		t_{KCY1}/2 –100		ns

Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.

2. CSI01 and CSI11 cannot communicate at different potential.

Remarks 1. R_b [Ω]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b [F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V_b [V]: Communication line voltage

2. p: CSI number (p = 00, 20)

3.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics

LVD Detection Voltage of Reset Mode and Interrupt Mode

(T_A = –40 to +105°C, $V_{PDR} \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5$ V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection supply voltage	V_{LVD0}	Power supply rise time	3.90	4.06	4.22	V
		Power supply fall time	3.83	3.98	4.13	V
	V_{LVD1}	Power supply rise time	3.60	3.75	3.90	V
		Power supply fall time	3.53	3.67	3.81	V
	V_{LVD2}	Power supply rise time	3.01	3.13	3.25	V
		Power supply fall time	2.94	3.06	3.18	V
	V_{LVD3}	Power supply rise time	2.90	3.02	3.14	V
		Power supply fall time	2.85	2.96	3.07	V
	V_{LVD4}	Power supply rise time	2.81	2.92	3.03	V
		Power supply fall time	2.75	2.86	2.97	V
	V_{LVD5}	Power supply rise time	2.70	2.81	2.92	V
		Power supply fall time	2.64	2.75	2.86	V
	V_{LVD6}	Power supply rise time	2.61	2.71	2.81	V
		Power supply fall time	2.55	2.65	2.75	V
	V_{LVD7}	Power supply rise time	2.51	2.61	2.71	V
		Power supply fall time	2.45	2.55	2.65	V
Minimum pulse width	t_{LW}		300			μs
Detection delay time					300	μs

3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

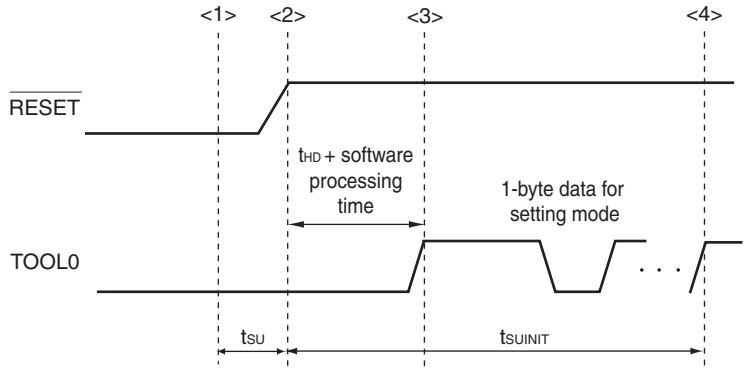
(T_A = –40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps

3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

(T_A = –40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V_{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	t_{SUINIT}	POR and LVD reset are released before external release			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	t_{SU}	POR and LVD reset are released before external release	10			μs
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	t_{HD}	POR and LVD reset are released before external release	1			ms



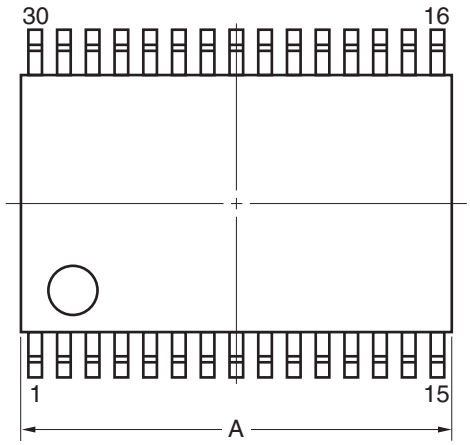
<1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
<2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
<3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
<4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.

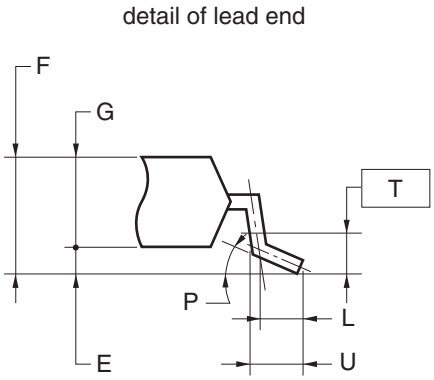
Remark t_{SUINIT}: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.
t_{SU}: Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level
t_{HD}: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

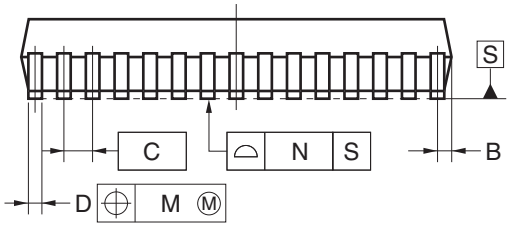
4.3 30-pin products

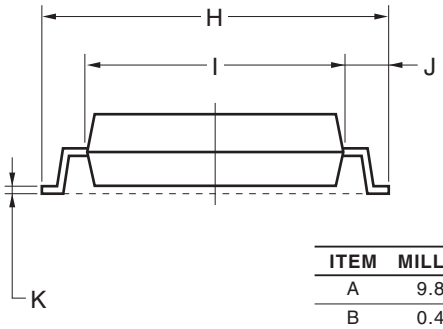
R5F102AAASP, R5F102A9ASP, R5F102A8ASP, R5F102A7ASP
R5F103AAASP, R5F103A9ASP, R5F103A8ASP, R5F103A7ASP
R5F102AADSP, R5F102A9DSP, R5F102A8DSP, R5F102A7DSP
R5F103AADSP, R5F103A9DSP, R5F103A8DSP, R5F103A7DSP
<R> R5F102AAGSP, R5F102A9GSP, R5F102A8GSP, R5F102A7GSP

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]
P-LSSOP30-0300-0.65	PLSP0030JB-B	S30MC-65-5A4-3	0.18









NOTE
Each lead centerline is located within 0.13 mm of its true position (T.P.) at maximum material condition.

ITEM	MILLIMETERS
A	9.85±0.15
B	0.45 MAX.
C	0.65 (T.P.)
D	$0.24^{+0.08}_{-0.07}$
E	0.1±0.05
F	1.3±0.1
G	1.2
H	8.1±0.2
I	6.1±0.2
J	1.0±0.2
K	0.17±0.03
L	0.5
M	0.13
N	0.10
P	$3^{\circ}{}^{+5^{\circ}}_{-3^{\circ}}$
T	0.25
U	0.6±0.15