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#### What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

#### Details

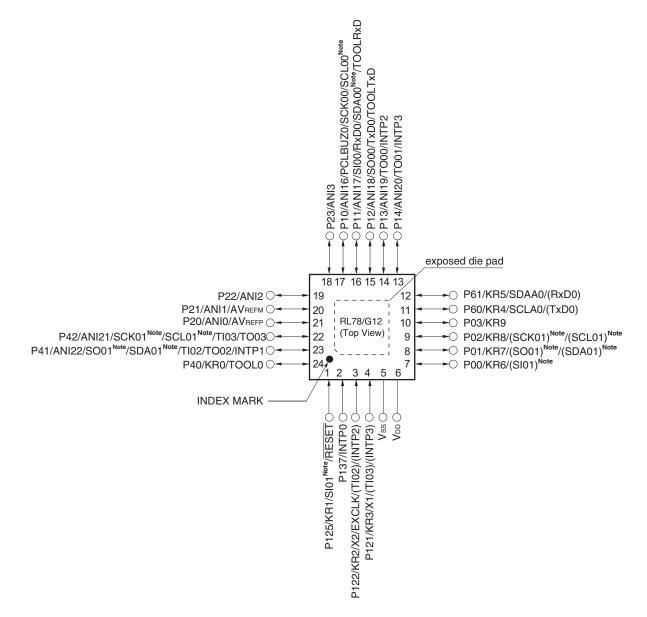
Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	2KB (2K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	256 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f10366asp-v0

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

## 1.4.2 24-pin products

<R> • 24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.

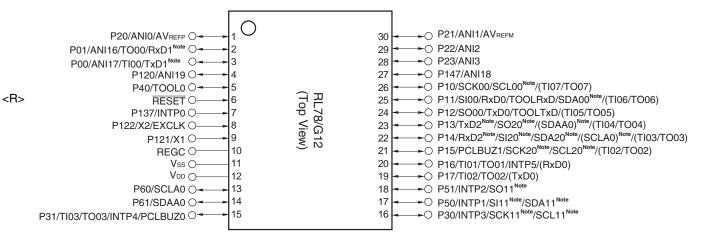
Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.5 Pin Identification.

- 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). See Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR).
- 3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to Vss.



## 1.4.3 30-pin products

• 30-pin plastic LSSOP (7.62 mm (300), 0.65 mm pitch)



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.

**Caution** Connect the REGC pin to Vss via capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F).

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.5 Pin Identification.

2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). See Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR).

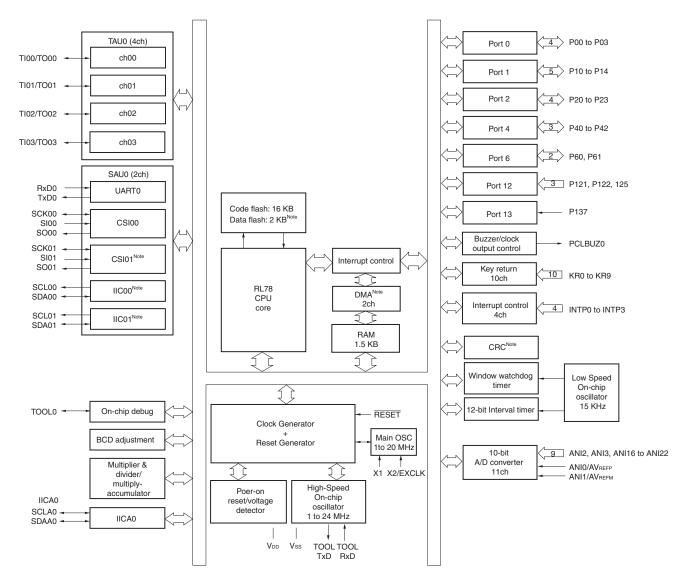


## 1.5 Pin Identification

ANI0 to ANI3,		REGC:	Regulator Capacitance
ANI16 to ANI22:	Analog input	RESET:	Reset
AVREFM:	Analog Reference Voltage Minus	RxD0 to RxD2:	Receive Data
AVREFP:	Analog reference voltage plus	SCK00, SCK01, SCK11,	
EXCLK:	External Clock Input	SCK20:	Serial Clock Input/Output
	(Main System Clock)	SCL00, SCL01,	
INTP0 to INTP5	Interrupt Request From Peripheral	SCL11, SCL20, SCLA0:	Serial Clock Input/Output
KR0 to KR9:	Key Return	SDA00, SDA01, SDA11,	
P00 to P03:	Port 0	SDA20, SDAA0:	Serial Data Input/Output
P10 to P17:	Port 1	SI00, SI01, SI11, SI20:	Serial Data Input
P20 to P23:	Port 2	SO00, SO01, SO11,	
P30 to P31:	Port 3	SO20:	Serial Data Output
P40 to P42:	Port 4	TI00 to TI07:	Timer Input
P50, P51:	Port 5	TO00 to TO07:	Timer Output
P60, P61:	Port 6	TOOL0:	Data Input/Output for Tool
P120 to P122, P125:	Port 12	TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD:	Data Input/Output for External
P137:	Port 13		Device
P147:	Port 14	TxD0 to TxD2:	Transmit Data
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1:	Programmable Clock Output/	VDD:	Power supply
	Buzzer Output	Vss:	Ground
		X1, X2:	Crystal Oscillator (Main System Clock)
			Olocky



## 1.6.2 24-pin products



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.



TA = -40 10 + 00 C,	1.0 V \(\sigma\)	/DD ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)			1	1	(2/4
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Dutput current, low <sup>Note 1</sup>	lol1	20-, 24-pin products: Per pin for P00 to P03 <sup>Note 4</sup> , P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: Per pin for P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147				20.0 Note 2	mA
		Per pin for P60, P61				15.0 Note 2	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			60.0	mA
		Total of P40 to P42	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			9.0	mA
	30-pin products: Total of P00, P01, P40, P120 (When duty ≤ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	$1.8~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$			1.8	mA	
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			80.0	mA
		Total of P00 to P03 <sup>Note 4</sup> ,	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			27.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P60, P61, P147 (When duty $\leq$ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			5.4	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{Note 3}$ )				140	mA
	IOL2	Per pin for P20 to P23				0.4	mA
		2.7 V $\leq$ Vbb $<$ 4.0 V     30-pin products:     Total of P00, P01, P40, P120     (When duty $\leq$ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )     20-, 24-pin products:     Total of P00 to P03 <sup>Note 4</sup> ,     P10 to P14, P60, P61     30-pin products:     Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50,     P51, P60, P61, P147     (When duty $\leq$ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )     Total of all pins (When duty $\leq$ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )			1.6	mA	

## 

(0.14)

Notes 1. Value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from an output pin to the Vss pin.

2. However, do not exceed the total current value.

**3.** The output current value under conditions where the duty factor  $\leq$  70%.

If duty factor > 70%: The output current value can be calculated with the following expression (where n represents the duty factor as a percentage).

• Total output current of pins =  $(I_{OL} \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ 

<Example> Where n = 80% and  $I_{OL} = 10.0$  mA

Total output current of pins =  $(10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \cong 8.7$  mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

- 4. 24-pin products only.
- Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

(3/4)

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	S	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	VIH1	Normal input buffer		0.8Vpp		VDD	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P0 P40 to P42	)3 <sup>№te 2</sup> , P10 to P14,				
		30-pin products: P00, P01, P1 P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	0 to P17, P30, P31,				
	VIH2	TTL input buffer	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	2.2		Vdd	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11	$3.3~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$	2.0		VDD	V
		30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	$1.8~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V$	1.5		VDD	V
	VIH3	P20 to P23		0.7Vdd		VDD	V
	VIH4	P60, P61		0.7Vdd		6.0	V
	VIH5	P121, P122, P125 <sup>Note 1</sup> , P137, I	EXCLK, RESET	0.8VDD		VDD	V
Input voltage, low	VIL1	Normal input buffer		0		0.2VDD	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P0 P40 to P42					
		30-pin products: P00, P01, P10 P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	) to P17, P30, P31,				
	VIL2	TTL input buffer	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	0		0.8	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11	$3.3~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$	0		0.5	V
		30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	$1.8~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V$	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P23		0		0.3VDD	V
	VIL4	P60, P61		0		0.3VDD	V
	VIL5	P121, P122, P125 <sup>Note 1</sup> , P137, I	EXCLK, RESET	0		0.2VDD	V
Output voltage, high	V <sub>OH1</sub>	20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03 <sup>№ete 2</sup> , P10 to P14,	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OH1}} = -10.0 \ \text{mA} \end{array}$	VDD-1.5			V
		P40 to P42 30-pin products:	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V},$ IOH1 = -3.0 mA	VDD-0.7			V
		P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120,	$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ \text{V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ \text{V}, \\ \text{I}_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0 \ \text{mA} \end{array}$	Vdd-0.6			V
		P147	$\begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OH1}} = -1.5 \ mA \end{array}$	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.5			V
	V <sub>OH2</sub>	P20 to P23	Іон2 = -100 <i>µ</i> А	VDD-0.5			V

**Notes 1.** 20, 24-pin products only.

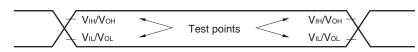
2. 24-pin products only.

- Caution The maximum value of V<sub>H</sub> of pins P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products is V<sub>DD</sub> even in N-ch open-drain mode. High level is not output in the N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



## 2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

#### **AC Timing Test Point**



## 2.5.1 Serial array unit

#### (1) During communication at same potential (UART mode) ( $T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, 1.8 V $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V)

(1A = 10.10	,						
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	、 U	h-speed Mode	•	/-speed Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate				fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
Note 1		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{\text{CLK}} = f_{\text{MCK}}{}^{\text{Note2}}$		4.0		1.3	Mbps

**Notes 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

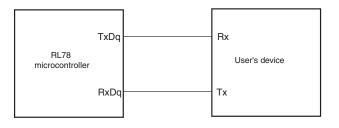
2. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fcLK) are: HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V  $\leq$  VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V 
$$\leq$$
 VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

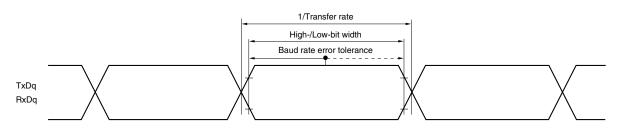
LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V 
$$\leq$$
 VDD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

**Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

#### UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



#### UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



**Remarks 1.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 2), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1)

2. fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).

m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10, 11))



Parameter	Symbol		Condition	ns	```	igh-speed n) Mode		w-speed ) Mode	Unit
					MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate <sup>№0te4</sup>		Reception	$4.0 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$ , $2.7 V \le V_b \le 4.0 V$			fмск/6 Note1		fмск/6 Note1	bps
			Theor	retical value of the maximum ier rate f <sub>CLK</sub>		4.0		1.3	Mbps
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V \end{array}$			fмск/6 Note1		fмск/6 Note1	bps
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate f <sub>CLK</sub> <sup>Note3</sup>		4.0		1.3	Mbps
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V \end{array}$			fмск/6 Notes1, 2		fмск/6 Notes1, 2	bps	
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate f <sub>CLK</sub> <sup>Note3</sup>		4.0		1.3	Mbps
		Transmission	$4.0 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$ , $2.7 V \le V_b \le 4.0 V$			Note4		Note4	bps
			Theor transf	retical value of the maximum er rate 50 pF, $R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_b = 2.7 \text{ V}$		2.8 Note5		2.8 Note5	Mbps
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \end{array}$			Note6		Note6	bps
			Theor transf	retical value of the maximum er rate $50 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega, \text{ V}_{\text{b}} = 2.3 \text{ V}$		1.2 Note7		1.2 Note7	Mbps
			$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V \end{array}$			Notes 2, 8		Notes 2, 8	bps
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate 50 pF, $R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$ , $V_b = 1.6 \text{ V}$		0.43 Note9		0.43 Note9	Mbps

## (6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) ( $T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, 1.8 V $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V)

**Notes 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

- $\textbf{2.} \quad \textbf{Use it with } V_{\text{DD}} \geq V_{\text{b}}.$
- 3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fcLk) are: HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V  $\leq$  V<sub>DD</sub>  $\leq$  5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V 
$$\leq$$
 V<sub>DD</sub>  $\leq$  5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V  $\leq$  V\_DD  $\leq$  5.5 V)

**4.** The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fMck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 4.0 V  $\leq$  V\_DD  $\leq$  5.5 V and 2.7 V  $\leq$  V\_b  $\leq$  4.0 V

Maximum transfer rate =

$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
 [bps]

Baud rate error (theoretical value) =

 $\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}$   $(\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits} \times 100 [\%]$ 

\* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.



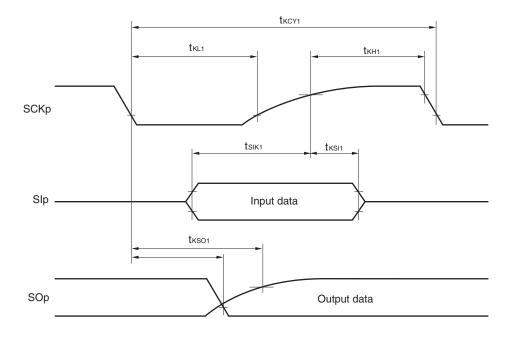
# (7) Communication at different potential (2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCK00... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	HS (hig main)	•	LS (low main)		Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCK00 cycle time	tксү1	tĸcy1≥2/fCLK		200		1150		ns
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 4.0 \; V, \\ 2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ C_b = 20 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	300		1150		ns
SCK00 high-level width	tкнı	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.8$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 10 \text{ pF}$	5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ Vb $\leq$ 4.0 V, $\approx$ 1.4 k\Omega	tксү1/2 – 50		tксү1/2– 50		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}$	0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, $.2.7$ kΩ	tксү1/2 – 120		tксү1/2 – 120		ns
SCK00 low-level width	tĸ∟ı	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.8 \\ C_b = 20 \ pF, \ R_b = \end{array}$	5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ Vb $\leq$ 4.0 V, $\approx$ 1.4 k\Omega	tксү1/2 – 7		tксү1/2 – 50		ns
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{DD} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ \\ C_b = 20 \ pF, \ R_b = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		tксү1/2 – 10		tксү1/2 – 50		ns
SI00 setup time tsiк1 (to SCK00↑) <sup>Note 1</sup>		$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.8$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}$	58		479		ns	
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ F}$	$0$ V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, $\approx$ 2.7 kΩ	121		479		ns
SI00 hold time (from SCK00↑) <sup>Note 1</sup>	tksi1	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.8$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ F}$	$5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_b \leq 4.0~V,$ : 1.4 kΩ	10		10		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}$	0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, $.2.7$ kΩ	10		10		ns
Delay time from SCK00↓ to SO00 output <sup>Note 1</sup>	tkso1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \; V, \; 2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ \\ C_b = 20 \; pF, \; R_b = 1.4 \; k\Omega \end{array}$			60		60	ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ F}$	0 V, 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>b</sub> ≤ 2.7 V, : 2.7 kΩ		130		130	ns
SI00 setup time (to SCK00↓) <sup>Note 2</sup>	tsıĸı	$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.8$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ pF}$	5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ Vb $\leq$ 4.0 V, $\approx$ 1.4 k\Omega	23		110		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ F}$	0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, : 2.7 kΩ	33		110		ns
SI00 hold time t <sub>KSI1</sub> (from SCK00↓) <sup>Note 2</sup>		$4.0 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{b}} \le 4.0 \text{ V},$ C <sub>b</sub> = 20 pF, R <sub>b</sub> = 1.4 kΩ		10		10		ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 100 \text{ F}$	0 V, 2.3 V $\leq$ V <sub>b</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V, : 2.7 kΩ	10		10		ns
Delay time from SCK00↑ to SO00 output <sup>Note 2</sup>	t <sub>KSO1</sub>	$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.8$ $C_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 10 \text{ pF}$	5 V, 2.7 V $\leq$ V_b $\leq$ 4.0 V, : 1.4 k\Omega		10		10	ns
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ C}_{\text{b}} = 20 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_{\text{b}} = 10 \text{ pF}$	$\label{eq:Vb} \begin{array}{l} V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ \mathfrak{c}. \ 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		10		10	ns

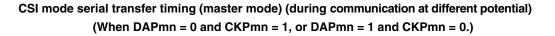
#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

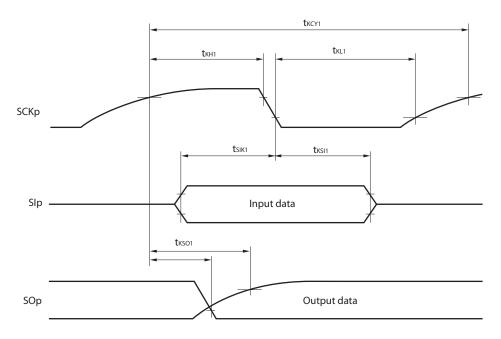
(Notes, Caution, and Remarks are listed on the next page.)





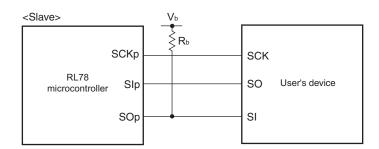
## CSI mode serial transfer timing (master mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1)







#### CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)

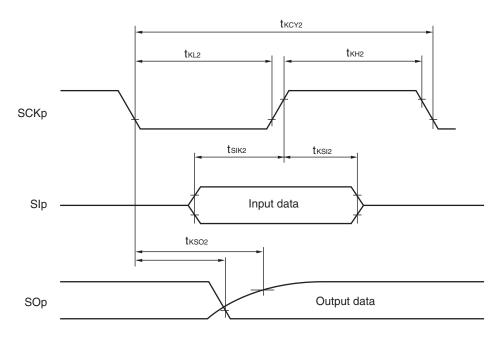


**Remarks 1.** R<sub>b</sub> [Ω]: Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub> [F]: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub> [V]: Communication line voltage

**2.** p: CSI number (
$$p = 00, 20$$
), m: Unit number ( $m = 0, 1$ ), n: Channel number ( $n = 0$ )

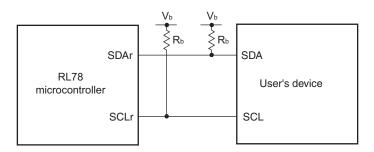
 fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00, 10))

CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)

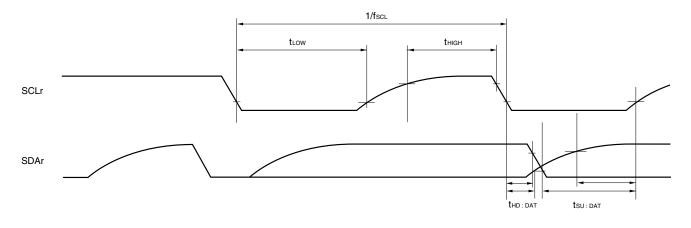




## Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



#### Simplified I<sup>2</sup>C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at different potential)



- **Remarks 1.** R<sub>b</sub> [Ω]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub> [F]: Communication line (SDAr, SCLr) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub> [V]: Communication line voltage
  - **2.** r: IIC Number (r = 00, 20)
  - fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).
    m: Unit number (m = 0,1), n: Channel number (n = 0))
  - 4. Simplified  $l^2$ C mode is supported only by the R5F102 products.



## (4) When reference voltage (+) = Internal reference voltage (ADREFP1 = 1, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = AV<sub>REFM</sub> (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI0, ANI2, ANI3, and ANI16 to ANI22

(TA = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V  $\leq$  V<sub>DD</sub>  $\leq$  5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, Reference voltage (+) = V<sub>BGR</sub><sup>Note 3</sup>, Reference voltage (-) = AV<sub>REFM</sub> Note <sup>4</sup> = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	Res			8		bit
Conversion time	<b>t</b> CONV	8-bit resolution	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	EZS	8-bit resolution			±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	ILE	8-bit resolution			±2.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	8-bit resolution			±1.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN		0		$V_{\text{BGR}}{}^{\text{Note 3}}$	V

**Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error ( $\pm 1/2$  LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

#### 3. Refer to 28.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.

4. When reference voltage (-) = Vss, the MAX. values are as follows.

Zero-scale error: Add  $\pm 0.35\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV<sub>REFM</sub>. Integral linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.5$  LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV<sub>REFM</sub>. Differential linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.2$  LSB to the MAX. value when reference voltage (–) = AV<sub>REFM</sub>.



## 2.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

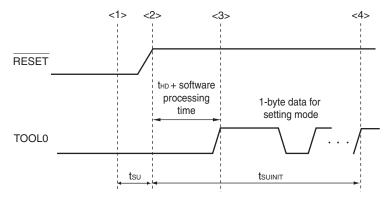
(1x = 40.0000, 1.0003)									
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN. TYP.		MAX.	Unit			
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps			

## $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

## 2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset are released before external reset release			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	ts∪	POR and LVD reset are released before external reset release	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)	tно	POR and LVD reset are released before external reset release	1			ms



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.
- **Remark** tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.
  - $t_{\text{SU}}$ : Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level
  - the: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)



## 3.2 Oscillator Characteristics

#### 3.2.1 X1 oscillator characteristics

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Resonator	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
X1 clock oscillation frequency (fx) <sup>Note</sup>	Ceramic resonator /	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	1.0		20.0	MHz
	crystal oscillator	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$	1.0		8.0	

**Note** Indicates only permissible oscillator frequency ranges. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time. Request evaluation by the manufacturer of the oscillator circuit mounted on a board to check the oscillator characteristics.

- **Caution** Since the CPU is started by the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock after a reset release, check the X1 clock oscillation stabilization time using the oscillation stabilization time counter status register (OSTC) by the user. Determine the oscillation stabilization time of the OSTC register and the oscillation stabilization time select register (OSTS) after sufficiently evaluating the oscillation stabilization time with the resonator to be used.
- Remark When using the X1 oscillator, refer to 5.4 System Clock Oscillator.

#### 3.2.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Oscillators	Parameters	Сог	nditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
High-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency Notes 1, 2	fін			1		24	MHz
High-speed on-chip oscillator		R5F102 products	T <sub>A</sub> = -20 to +85°C	-1.0		+1.0	%
clock frequency accuracy			$T_A = -40$ to $-20^{\circ}C$	-1.5		+1.5	%
			T <sub>A</sub> = +85 to +105°C	-2.0		+2.0	%
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency	fı∟				15		kHz
Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency accuracy				-15		+15	%

Notes 1. High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency is selected by bits 0 to 3 of option byte (000C2H) and bits 0 to 2 of HOCODIV register.

2. This only indicates the oscillator characteristics. Refer to AC Characteristics for instruction execution time.



## 3.3 DC Characteristics

## 3.3.1 Pin characteristics

Γ <sub>A</sub> = –40 to +105°C,	2.4 V ≤	$V \leq V D D \leq 5.5 V$ , $V s s = 0 V$ )					(1/4)
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high <sup>Note 1</sup>	Іон1	20-, 24-pin products: Per pin for P00 to P03 <sup>Note 4</sup> , P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: Per pin for P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147				-3.0 Note 2	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-9.0	mA
		Total of P40 to P42	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-6.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P00, P01, P40, P120 (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$ )	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7~V$			-4.5	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-27.0	mA
		Total of P00 to P03 <sup>Note 4</sup> , P10 to P14	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-18.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P147 (When duty $\leq$ 70% <sup>Note 3</sup> )	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$			-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{Note 3}$ )				-36.0	mA
	Іон2	Per pin for P20 to P23				-0.1	mA
		Total of all pins				-0.4	mA

Notes 1. value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the VDD pin to an output pin.

- 2. However, do not exceed the total current value.
- 3. The output current value under conditions where the duty factor  $\leq$  70%. If duty factor > 70%: The output current value can be calculated with the following expression (where n represents the duty factor as a percentage).
  - Total output current of pins =  $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ <Example> Where n = 80% and  $I_{OH} = -10.0$  mA
    - Total output current of pins =  $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx -8.7$  mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

- 4. 24-pin products only.
- Caution P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

(4/4)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, low	V <sub>OL1</sub>	P00 to P03 <sup>Note</sup> , P10 to P14, 10 P40 to P42 30-pin products: P00, P01, 10 P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, 2 P50, P51, P120, P147		$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 8.5 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.7	V
				$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0 \ mA \end{array}$			0.6	V
				$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 1.5 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V
				$\begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 0.6 \ mA \end{array} \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V
	V <sub>OL2</sub>	P20 to P23		lol2 = 400 μA			0.4	V
	Vol3	P60, P61	P60, P61 4				2.0	V
			$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 5.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V	
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V	
				$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 2.0 \ mA \end{array}$			0.4	V
Input leakage current, high	Іцні	Other than P121, P122	VI = VDD				1	μA
	Ilih2	P121, P122 (X1, X2/EXCLK)	VI = VDD	Input port or external clock input			1	μA
				When resonator connected			10	μA
Input leakage current, low	ILIL1	Other than P121, P122	VI = Vss				-1	μA
	Ilile	P121, P122 (X1, X2/EXCLK)	VI = Vss	Input port or external clock input			-1	μA
				When resonator connected			-10	μA
On-chip pull-up resistance	Rυ	20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03 <sup>№00</sup> , P10 to P14, P40 to P42, P125, RESET		VI = Vss, input port	10	20	100	kΩ
		30-pin products: P0 P10 to P17, P30, F P50, P51, P120, P	P31, P40,					

Note 24-pin products only.

**Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (2/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-spee	Unit	
			MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) <sub>Note</sub>	tsik1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	162		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	354		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	958		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) <sup>№te</sup>	tksii	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output <sup>Note</sup>	tкso1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		200	ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		390	ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		966	ns

## $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

(Cautions and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



## 3.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

		/ <b>\                              </b>				
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	VTMPS25	Setting ADS register = 80H, TA = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	VBGR	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.50	V
Temperature coefficient	Fvtmps	Temperature sensor output voltage that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	tамр		5			μs

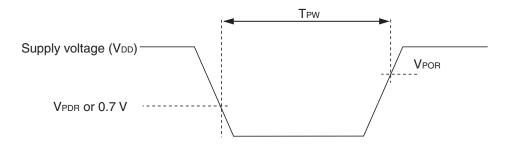
### (T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to $+105^{\circ}$ C, 2.4 V $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode

## 3.6.3 POR circuit characteristics

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	VPOR	Power supply rise time	1.45	1.51	1.57	V
	VPDR	Power supply fall time	1.44	1.50	1.56	V
Minimum pulse width Note	TPW		300			μs

**Note** Minimum time required for a POR reset when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds below V<sub>PDR</sub>. This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds below 0.7 V to when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds V<sub>POR</sub> while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).





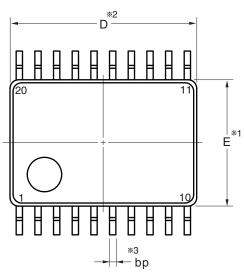
## 4. PACKAGE DRAWINGS

### 4.1 20-pin products

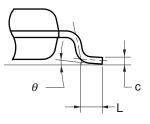
R5F1026AASP, R5F10269ASP, R5F10268ASP, R5F10267ASP, R5F10266ASP R5F1036AASP, R5F10369ASP, R5F10368ASP, R5F10367ASP, R5F10366ASP R5F1026ADSP, R5F10269DSP, R5F10268DSP, R5F10267DSP, R5F10266DSP R5F1036ADSP, R5F10369DSP, R5F10368DSP, R5F10367DSP, R5F10366DSP R5F1026AGSP, R5F10269GSP, R5F10268GSP, R5F10267GSP, R5F10266GSP

<R>

JEITA Package Code	RENESAS Code	Previous Code	MASS (TYP.) [g]	
P-LSSOP20-4.4x6.5-0.65	PLSP0020JB-A	P20MA-65-NAA-1	0.1	



 detail of lead end





	(UNIT:mm)
ITEM	DIMENSIONS
D	6.50±0.10
E	4.40±0.10
HE	6.40±0.20
А	1.45 MAX.
A1	0.10±0.10
A2	1.15
е	0.65±0.12
bp	0.22 + 0.10 - 0.05
С	0.15 + 0.05 - 0.02
L	0.50±0.20
У	0.10
θ	0° to 10°

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1.Dimensions "%1" and "%2" do not include mold flash.

2.Dimension "X3" does not include trim offset.

