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"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

#### Details

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I <sup>2</sup> C, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	14
Program Memory Size	12KB (12K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	20-LSSOP (0.173", 4.40mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	20-LSSOP
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f10369asp-v0

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## 1.2 List of Part Numbers



#### Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G12

Notes 1. For details about the differences between the R5F102 products and the R5F103 products of RL78/G12, see 1.1 Differences between the R5F102 Products and the R5F103 Products.

2. Products only for "A: Consumer applications ( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ )" and "D: Industrial applications ( $T_A = -40$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ )"



## 1.4.2 24-pin products

<R> • 24-pin plastic HWQFN (4 × 4 mm, 0.5 mm pitch)



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.

Remarks 1. For pin identification, see 1.5 Pin Identification.

- 2. Functions in parentheses in the above figure can be assigned via settings in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR). See Figure 4-8 Format of Peripheral I/O Redirection Register (PIOR).
- 3. It is recommended to connect an exposed die pad to Vss.



## 1.5 Pin Identification

ANI0 to ANI3,		REGC:	Regulator Capacitance
ANI16 to ANI22:	Analog input	RESET:	Reset
AVREFM:	Analog Reference Voltage Minus	RxD0 to RxD2:	Receive Data
AVREFP:	Analog reference voltage plus	SCK00, SCK01, SCK11,	
EXCLK:	External Clock Input	SCK20:	Serial Clock Input/Output
	(Main System Clock)	SCL00, SCL01,	
INTP0 to INTP5	Interrupt Request From Peripheral	SCL11, SCL20, SCLA0:	Serial Clock Input/Output
KR0 to KR9:	Key Return	SDA00, SDA01, SDA11,	
P00 to P03:	Port 0	SDA20, SDAA0:	Serial Data Input/Output
P10 to P17:	Port 1	SI00, SI01, SI11, SI20:	Serial Data Input
P20 to P23:	Port 2	SO00, SO01, SO11,	
P30 to P31:	Port 3	SO20:	Serial Data Output
P40 to P42:	Port 4	TI00 to TI07:	Timer Input
P50, P51:	Port 5	TO00 to TO07:	Timer Output
P60, P61:	Port 6	TOOL0:	Data Input/Output for Tool
P120 to P122, P125:	Port 12	TOOLRxD, TOOLTxD:	Data Input/Output for External
P137:	Port 13		Device
P147:	Port 14	TxD0 to TxD2:	Transmit Data
PCLBUZ0, PCLBUZ1:	Programmable Clock Output/	VDD:	Power supply
	Buzzer Output	Vss:	Ground
		X1, X2:	Crystal Oscillator (Main System Clock)
			Olocky



# 1.6 Block Diagram







# 1.6.2 24-pin products



Note Provided only in the R5F102 products.



# 2.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

## Absolute Maximum Ratings (TA = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbols		Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD			-0.5 to + 6.5	V
REGC terminal input voltage <sup>Note1</sup>	VIREGC	REGC		-0.3 to +2.8 and -0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 <sub>Note 2</sub>	V
Input Voltage	VI1	Other than P60, F	261	$-0.3$ to V <sub>DD</sub> + $0.3^{Note 3}$	V
	VI2	P60, P61 (N-ch o	pen drain)	-0.3 to 6.5	V
Output Voltage	Vo			-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3 <sup>Note 3</sup>	V
Analog input voltage	VAI	20-, 24-pin produ	cts: ANI0 to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI22	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
		30-pin products: A	ANIO to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI19	and –0.3 to AVREF(+)+0.3 <sup>Notes 3, 4</sup>	
Output current, high	Іон1	Per pin	Other than P20 to P23	-40	mA
		Total of all pins	All the terminals other than P20 to P23	-170	mA
			20-, 24-pin products: P40 to P42	-70	mA
			30-pin products: P00, P01, P40, P120		
			20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03 <sup>Note 5</sup> , P10 to P14 30-pin products: P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P147	-100	mA
	Іон2	Per pin	P20 to P23	-0.5	mA
		Total of all pins		-2	mA
Output current, low	IOL1	Per pin	Other than P20 to P23	40	mA
		Total of all pins	All the terminals other than P20 to P23	170	mA
			20-, 24-pin products: P40 to P42 30-pin products: P00, P01, P40, P120	70	mA
			20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P03 <sup>Note 5</sup> , P10 to P14, P60, P61 30-pin products: P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P60, P61, P147	100	mA
	IOL2	Per pin	P20 to P23	1	mA
		Total of all pins	7	5	mA
Operating ambient temperature	TA			-40 to +85	°C
Storage temperature	Tstg			-65 to +150	°C

Notes 1. 30-pin product only.

- 2. Connect the REGC pin to Vss via a capacitor (0.47 to 1  $\mu$ F). This value determines the absolute maximum rating of the REGC pin. Do not use it with voltage applied.
- **3.** Must be 6.5 V or lower.
- 4. Do not exceed AVREF(+) + 0.3 V in case of A/D conversion target pin.
- **5.** 24-pin products only.
- **Caution** Product quality may suffer if the absolute maximum rating is exceeded even momentarily for any parameter. That is, the absolute maximum ratings are rated values at which the product is on the verge of suffering physical damage, and therefore the product must be used under conditions that ensure that the absolute maximum ratings are not exceeded.
- **Remarks 1.** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.
  - **2.** AVREF(+) : + side reference voltage of the A/D converter.
  - 3. Vss : Reference voltage



Parameter	Symbol		Conditio	ons	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output voltage, low	Vol1			$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 20.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			1.3	V
		P40 to P42 30-pin products: P0		$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 8.5 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.7	V
		P10 to P17, P30, F P50, P51, P120, P		$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.6	V
				$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 1.5 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V
				$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \mbox{ V} \leq V_{\mbox{DD}} \leq 5.5 \mbox{ V}, \\ I_{\mbox{DL1}} = 0.6 \mbox{ mA} \end{array}$			0.4	V
	Vol2	P20 to P23	P20 to P23				0.4	v
	Vol3	-		$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 15.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			2.0	V
				$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 5.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V
				$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 3.0 \ mA \end{array} \label{eq:DD}$			0.4	V
				$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OL1}} = 2.0 \ mA \end{array}$			0.4	V
nput leakage current, nigh	Ішні	Other than P121, P122	$V_{\text{I}} = V_{\text{DD}}$				1	μA
	Ішна	P121, P122 (X1, X2/EXCLK)	$V_{\text{I}} = V_{\text{DD}}$	Input port or external clock input			1	μA
				When resonator connected			10	μA
nput leakage current, ow	ILIL1	Other than P121, P122	VI = Vss				-1	μA
	ILIL2	P121, P122 (X1, X2/EXCLK)	$V_I = V_{SS}$	Input port or external clock input			-1	μA
				When resonator connected			-10	μA
Dn-chip pull-up resistance	Ru	20-, 24-pin product: P00 to P03 <sup>Note</sup> , P10 P40 to P42, P125, 30-pin products: P0 P10 to P17, P30, F	0 to P14, RESET 00, P01,	VI = Vss, input port	10	20	100	kΩ
		P10 to P17, P30, F P50, P51, P120, P						

#### $40 \text{ to } 185^{\circ}$ 18V < Vpp < 55 V Vcc -0 1/1

Note 24-pin products only.

Remark Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



#### (1) 20-, 24-pin products

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol			Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Supply	DD2 Note 2	HALT	HS (High-speed	$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		440	1210	μA		
current Note 1		mode	main) mode <sup>Note 6</sup>		$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		440	1210			
		$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$ V	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		400	950	μA				
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		400	950			
			LS (Low-speed	$f_{IH} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		270	542	μA		
			main) mode <sup>Note 6</sup>		V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.0 V		270	542			
			HS (High-speed	$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		280	1000	μA		
			main) mode <sup>Note 6</sup>	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	1170			
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		280	1000	μA		
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	1170			
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		190	590	μA		
				$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$	Resonator connection		260	660			
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		190	590	μA		
						$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		260	660	
			LS (Low-speed	$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		110	360	μA		
			main) mode <sup>Note 6</sup>	$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		150	416			
				$f_{MX} = 8 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		110	360	μA		
				$V_{DD} = 2.0 V$	Resonator connection		150	416			
	DD3 Note 5	STOP	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$				0.19	0.50	μA		
		mode $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$				0.24	0.50				
	TA =	$T_A = +50^{\circ}C$				0.32	0.80				
			$T_A = +70^{\circ}C$				0.48	1.20			
			T <sub>A</sub> = +85°C				0.74	2.20			

Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD or Vss. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

- 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is stopped.
- 4. When high-speed system clock is stopped.
- 5. Not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- 6. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as follows.

HS(High speed main) mode: VDD = 2.7 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 24 MHz VDD = 2.4 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 16 MHz

LS(Low speed main) mode: VDD = 1.8 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 8 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
  - 2. fin: high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
  - 3. Except temperature condition of the TYP. value is  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ , other than STOP mode



#### (3) Peripheral functions (Common to all products)

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Low-speed onchip oscillator operating current	FiL Note 1				0.20		μA
12-bit interval timer operating current	ITMKA Notes 1, 2, 3				0.02		μA
Watchdog timer operating current	WDT Notes 1, 2, 4	fı∟ = 15 kHz			0.22		μA
A/D converter	ADC Notes 1, 5	When conversion at	Normal mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		1.30	1.70	mA
operating current		maximum speed	Low voltage mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		0.50	0.70	mA
A/D converter reference voltage operating current	ADREF Note 1				75.0		μA
Temperature sensor operating current	TMPS <sup>Note 1</sup>				75.0		μA
LVD operating current	LVD Notes 1, 6				0.08		μA
Self- programming operating current	FSP Notes 1, 8				2.00	12.20	mA
BGO operating current	IBGO Notes 1, 7				2.00	12.20	mA
SNOOZE	ISNOZ Note 1	ADC operation	The mode is performed Note 9		0.50	0.60	mA
operating current			The A/D conversion operations are performed, Low voltage mode, $AV_{REFP} = V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		1.20	1.44	mA
		CSI/UART operation			0.70	0.84	mA

Notes 1. Current flowing to the VDD.

- 2. When high speed on-chip oscillator and high-speed system clock are stopped.
- 3. Current flowing only to the 12-bit interval timer (excluding the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator). The current value of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3, and IFIL and ITMKA when the 12-bit interval timer operates.
- 4. Current flowing only to the watchdog timer (including the operating current of the low-speed on-chip oscillator). The current value of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and IWDT when the watchdog timer operates.
- 5. Current flowing only to the A/D converter. The current value of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1 or IDD2 and IADC when the A/D converter operates in an operation mode or the HALT mode.
- 6. Current flowing only to the LVD circuit. The current value of the RL78 microcontrollers is the sum of IDD1, IDD2 or IDD3 and ILVD when the LVD circuit operates.
- 7. Current flowing only during data flash rewrite.
- 8. Current flowing only during self programming.
- 9. For shift time to the SNOOZE mode, see 17.3.3 SNOOZE mode.

Remarks 1. fil: Low-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency

**2.** Temperature condition of the TYP. value is  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 



#### Minimum Instruction Execution Time during Main System Clock Operation



When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected During self programming When high-speed system clock is selected \_\_\_

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TCY vs VDD (LS (low-speed main) mode)



When the high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is selected

--- During self programming ---. When high-speed system clock is selected



# 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Temperature sensor output voltage	VTMPS25	Setting ADS register = 80H, TA = +25°C		1.05		V
Internal reference voltage	VBGR	Setting ADS register = 81H	1.38	1.45	1.50	V
Temperature coefficient	Fvtmps	Temperature sensor output voltage that depends on the temperature		-3.6		mV/°C
Operation stabilization wait time	tamp		5			μs

## (T<sub>A</sub> = -40 to +85°C, 2.4 V $\leq$ V<sub>DD</sub> $\leq$ 5.5 V, V<sub>SS</sub> = 0 V, HS (high-speed main) mode

# 2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics

## $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	,		TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Detection voltage	VPOR	Power supply rise time	1.47	1.51	1.55	V
	VPDR	Power supply fall time	1.46	1.50	1.54	V
Minimum pulse width Note	TPW		300			μS

**Note** Minimum time required for a POR reset when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds below V<sub>PDR</sub>. This is also the minimum time required for a POR reset from when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds below 0.7 V to when V<sub>DD</sub> exceeds V<sub>POR</sub> while STOP mode is entered or the main system clock is stopped through setting bit 0 (HIOSTOP) and bit 7 (MSTOP) in the clock operation status control register (CSC).





Parameter	Symbol	Condition	s	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Input voltage, high	VIH1	Normal input buffer 20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P0	)3 <sup>№te 2</sup> , P10 to P14,	0.8VDD		Vdd	V
		P40 to P42					
		30-pin products: P00, P01, P1 P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	0 to P17, P30, P31,		YDD VDD   YDD 0.01   YDD 0.2   YDD 0.32   YDD 0.3   YDD 0.3   YDD 0.2   YDD 0.3   YDD <td< td=""><td></td></td<>		
	VIH2	TTL input buffer	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	2.2		V	
		20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11	$3.3~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$	2.0		VDD	V
		30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V$	1.5		VDD	V
	VIH3	Normal input buffer		0.7V <sub>DD</sub> 0.7V <sub>DD</sub> SET 0.8V <sub>DD</sub> 0		VDD	V
		P20 to P23					
	VIH4	P60, P61	0.7VDD		6.0	V	
	V <sub>IH5</sub>	P121, P122, P125 <sup>Note 1</sup> , P137, I	0.8Vdd		VDD	V	
Input voltage, low	VIL1	Normal input buffer		0		0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P00 to P0 P40 to P42					
		30-pin products: P00, P01, P10 P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	) to P17, P30, P31,				
	VIL2	TTL input buffer	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	0		0.8	V
		20-, 24-pin products: P10, P11	$3.3~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$	0		0.5	V
		30-pin products: P01, P10, P11, P13 to P17	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V$	0		0.32	V
	VIL3	P20 to P23		0		0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	VIL4	P60, P61		0		0.3V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	VIL5	P121, P122, P125 <sup>Note 1</sup> , P137, B	EXCLK, RESET	0		0.2V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Output voltage, high	V <sub>OH1</sub>	20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,$	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.7			V
		P00 to P03 <sup>Note 2</sup> , P10 to P14,	loн1 = -3.0 mA				
		P40 to P42 30-pin products:	$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OH1}} = -2.0 \ mA \end{array} \end{array} \label{eq:VDD}$	VDD-0.6			V
		P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147	$\begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \\ I_{\text{OH1}} = -1.5 \ mA \end{array}$	VDD-0.5			V
	Vон2	P20 to P23	Іон2 = -100 <i>µ</i> А	Vdd-0.5			V

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

(3/4)

Notes 1. 20, 24-pin products only.

- **2.** 24-pin products only.
- CautionThe maximum value of VIH of pins P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-<br/>pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products is VDD even in N-ch open-drain mode.High level is not output in the N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



#### **TI/TO Timing**



#### Interrupt Request Input Timing



#### Key Interrupt Input Timing



## **RESET** Input Timing





#### UART mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



#### UART mode bit width (during communication at different potential) (reference)





- **Remarks 1.** R<sub>b</sub>[Ω]: Communication line (TxDq) pull-up resistance, C<sub>b</sub>[F]: Communication line (TxDq) load capacitance, V<sub>b</sub>[V]: Communication line voltage
  - **2.** q: UART number (q = 0 to 2), g: PIM and POM number (g = 0, 1)
  - fmck: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).

m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10, 11))

**4.** UART0 of the 20- and 24-pin products supports communication at different potential only when the peripheral I/O redirection function is not used.



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (2/3)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-spee	ed main) Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	
SIp setup time (to SCKp↑) <sub>Note</sub>	tsik1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	162		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	354		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	958		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) <sup>Note</sup>	tksi1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns
Delay time from SCKp↓ to SOp output <sup>Note</sup>	tkso1	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_b = 30 \ pF, \ R_b = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		200	ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		390	ns
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		966	ns

## $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V})$

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.

(Cautions and Remarks are listed on the next page.)



(7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp external clock input)
(T₄ = –40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol		Conditions	HS (high-spe Mod	,	Unit
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1	<b>t</b> кСY2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,$	20 MHz < fmck $\leq$ 24 MHz	<b>24/f</b> мск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq V_b \leq 4.0~V$	8 MHz < fмск ≤ 20 MHz	<b>20/f</b> мск		ns
			$4 \text{ MHz} < f_{MCK} \le 8 \text{ MHz}$	<b>16/f</b> мск		ns
			fмск $\leq$ 4 MHz	<b>12/</b> fмск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V,$	20 MHz < fмск ≤ 24 MHz	<b>32/</b> fмск		ns
		$2.3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	16 MHz < fмск $\leq$ 20 MHz	<b>28/</b> fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмск $\leq$ 16 MHz	24/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмск $\leq$ 8 MHz	<b>16/</b> fмск		ns
			fмск $\leq$ 4 MHz	12/fмск		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V,$	20 MHz < fмск $\leq$ 24 MHz	72/fмск		ns
		$1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V$	16 MHz < fмск ≤ 20 MHz	<b>6</b> 4/fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмск $\leq$ 16 MHz	<b>52/</b> fмск		ns
			$4 \text{ MHz} < f_{MCK} \le 8 \text{ MHz}$	32/fмск		ns
			fмск $\leq$ 4 MHz	20/fмск		ns
SCKp high-/low-level	tкн2,	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7$	$7~V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0~V$	tkcy2/2 – 24		ns
width	tĸ∟2	$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	$3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	tkcy2/2 – 36		ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, 1.0 \text{ V}$	$6 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \text{ V}$	tkcy2/2 - 100		ns
SIp setup time	tsik2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7$	$7 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 4.0 \text{ V}$	1/fмск + 40		ns
(to SCKp↑) Note 2		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	$3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	1/fмск + 40		ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, 1.0 \text{ V}$	$6 \text{ V} \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 2.0 \text{ V}$	1/fмск + 60		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) <sup>№ote 3</sup>	tksi2			1/fмск + 62		ns
Delay time from SCKp $\downarrow$ to	tĸso2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7$	$7 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \text{ V},$		2/fмск +	ns
SOp output Note 4		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_b = 1.4 \text{ km}$	2		240	
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	$3 V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 V,$		2/fмск +	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ ks}$	2		428	
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ < $3.3 \text{ V}$ , $1.0 \text{ C}$	$6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{b} \leq 2.0 \text{ V},$		2/fмск +	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ kg}$	2		1146	

**Notes 1.** Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

- 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- **4.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp<sup>↑</sup>" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp and SCKp pins and the N-ch open drain output (Vbb tolerance) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.
  - 2. CSI01 and CSI11 cannot communicate at different potential.



Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-speed main) Mode		
			MIN.	MAX.		
SCLr clock frequency	fsc∟	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \; V,  2.7 \; V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_{b} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{b} = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{array}$		100 <sup>Note1</sup>	kHz	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 4.0 \; V,  2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{array}$		100 <sup>Note1</sup>	kHz	
		$\begin{array}{l} 2.4 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \; V, \; 1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{array}$		100 <sup>Note1</sup>	kHz	
Hold time when SCLr = "L"	tLOW	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 \; V,  2.7 \; V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	4600		ns	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 100 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	4600		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ \\ C_b = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	4650		ns	
Hold time when SCLr = "H"	tніgн	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \; V,  2.7 \; V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_{b} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{b} = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	2700		ns	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 4.0 \; V,  2.3 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	2400		ns	
		$\begin{array}{l} 2.4 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \; V, \; 1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	1830		ns	
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \; V,  2.7 \; V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_{b} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{b} = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	1/fмск + 760 <sup>Note3</sup>		ns	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \; V,  2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	1/fмск + 760 <sup>Note3</sup>		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \; V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \; V,  1.6 \; V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \; V, \\ \\ C_b = 100 \; pF, \; R_b = 5.5 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	1/fмск + 570 <sup>Note3</sup>		ns	
Data hold time (transmission)	thd:dat	$\begin{array}{l} 4.0 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \; V,  2.7 \; V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0 \; V, \\ C_{b} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{b} = 2.8 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	0	1420	ns	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \; V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \; V,  2.3 \; V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \; V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 100 \; pF, \; R_{\text{b}} = 2.7 \; k\Omega \end{array}$	0	1420	ns	
		$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{DD} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ \\ C_b = 100 \ pF, \ R_b = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	0	1215	ns	

# (8) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (simplified $l^2C$ mode)

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

**Notes 1.** The value must also be equal to or less than  $f_{MCK}/4$ .

2. Set  $t_{SU:DAT}$  so that it will not exceed the hold time when SCLr = "L" or SCLr = "H".

- Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance) mode for the SDAr pin and the N-ch open drain output (V<sub>DD</sub> tolerance) mode for the SCLr pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For V<sub>IH</sub> and V<sub>IL</sub>, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.
  - 2. IIC01 and IIC11 cannot communicate at different potential.

(Remarks are listed on the next page.)



## 3.6 Analog Characteristics

## 3.6.1 A/D converter characteristics

Classification of A/D converter characteristics

Input channel	Reference Voltage							
	Reference voltage (+) = AVREFP Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM	Reference voltage (+) = VDD Reference voltage (-) = Vss	Reference voltage (+) = VBGR Reference voltage (-) = AVREFM					
ANI0 to ANI3	Refer to 29.6.1 (1).	Refer to 29.6.1 (3).	Refer to <b>29.6.1 (4)</b> .					
ANI16 to ANI22	Refer to <b>29.6.1 (2)</b> .							
Internal reference voltage	Refer to 29.6.1 (1).		-					
Temperature sensor output voltage								

(1) When reference voltage (+) = AV<sub>REFP</sub>/ANI0 (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AV<sub>REFM</sub>/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI2, ANI3, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AV}_{REFP} \le \text{VDD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{Vss} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{AV}_{REFP}, \text{Reference voltage (-)} = \text{AV}_{REFM} = 0 \text{ V})$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Cor	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Resolution	RES			8		10	bit
Overall error <sup>Note 1</sup>	AINL	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>			1.2	±3.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCONV	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V\text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μS
		Target pin: ANI2, ANI3	$2.7~V \leq V\text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
			$2.4~V \leq V\text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
		10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V\text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.375		39	μS
		Target pin: Internal	$2.7~V \leq V\text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.5625		39	μS
		reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	$2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	EZS	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±0.25	%FSR
Full-scale error <sup>Notes 1, 2</sup>	EFS	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±0.25	%FSR
Integral linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	ILE	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±2.5	LSB
Differential linearity error	DLE	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±1.5	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI2, ANI3	ANI2, ANI3			AVREFP	V
		Internal reference voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)		VBGR <sup>Note 4</sup>			V
		Temperature sensor outp (HS (high-speed main) m		VTMPS25 <sup>Note 4</sup>	l	V	

(Notes are listed on the next page.)



- **Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error ( $\pm 1/2$  LSB).
  - **2.** This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.
  - 3. When AV<sub>REFP</sub> < V<sub>DD</sub>, the MAX. values are as follows. Overall error: Add  $\pm 1.0$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>. Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add  $\pm 0.05\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>. Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add  $\pm 0.5$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>.
  - 4. Refer to 29.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.
- (2) When reference voltage (+) = AVREFP/ANIO (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 1), reference voltage (-) = AVREFM/ANI1 (ADREFM = 1), target pin: ANI16 to ANI22

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V}, \text{Reference voltage (+)} = \text{AV}_{\text{REFP}}, \text{Reference voltage (-)} = 100^{\circ}\text{C}, 1$	
AVREFM = 0 V)	

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Resolution	Res			8		10	bit
Overall error Note 1	AINL	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>			1.2	±5.0	LSB
Conversion time	<b>t</b> CONV	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μS
		Target ANI pin: ANI16 to ANI22	$2.7~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μS
			$2.4~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Zero-scale error Notes 1, 2	EZS	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±0.35	%FSR
Full-scale error Notes 1, 2	EFS	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±0.35	%FSR
Integral linearity error Note 1	ILE	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±3.5	LSB
Differential linearity error <sup>Note 1</sup>	DLE	10-bit resolution AV <sub>REFP</sub> = V <sub>DD</sub> <sup>Note 3</sup>				±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI16 to ANI22		0		AVREFP and VDD	V

**Notes 1.** Excludes quantization error ( $\pm 1/2$  LSB).

**2.** This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

**3.** When  $AV_{REFP} \leq V_{DD}$ , the MAX. values are as follows.

Overall error: Add  $\pm 4.0$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>.

Zero-scale error/Full-scale error: Add  $\pm 0.20\%$ FSR to the MAX. value when AV\_{REFP} = V\_{DD}.

Integral linearity error/ Differential linearity error: Add  $\pm 2.0$  LSB to the MAX. value when AV<sub>REFP</sub> = V<sub>DD</sub>.



## 3.9 Dedicated Flash Memory Programmer Communication (UART)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit		
Transfer rate		During serial programming	115,200		1,000,000	bps		

## $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

## 3.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory Programming Modes

#### $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Time to complete the communication for the initial setting after the external reset is released	tsuinit	POR and LVD reset are released before external release			100	ms
Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level	tsu	POR and LVD reset are released before external release	10			μS
Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released	tно	POR and LVD reset are released before external release	1			ms
(excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)						



- <1> The low level is input to the TOOL0 pin.
- <2> The external reset is released (POR and LVD reset must be released before the external reset is released.).
- <3> The TOOL0 pin is set to the high level.
- <4> Setting of the flash memory programming mode by UART reception and complete the baud rate setting.
- **Remark** tsuinit: Communication for the initial setting must be completed within 100 ms after the external reset is released during this period.
  - $t_{\text{su:}}$  Time to release the external reset after the TOOL0 pin is set to the low level
  - the: Time to hold the TOOL0 pin at the low level after the external reset is released (excluding the processing time of the firmware to control the flash memory)

