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What is "Embedded - Microcontrollers"?

"Embedded - Microcontrollers" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

XF

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	RL78
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	24MHz
Connectivity	CSI, I²C, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	18
Program Memory Size	8KB (8K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	768 x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.8V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 11x8/10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	24-WFQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	24-HWQFN (4x4)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/renesas-electronics-america/r5f10378ana-w5

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

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1.2 List of Part Numbers

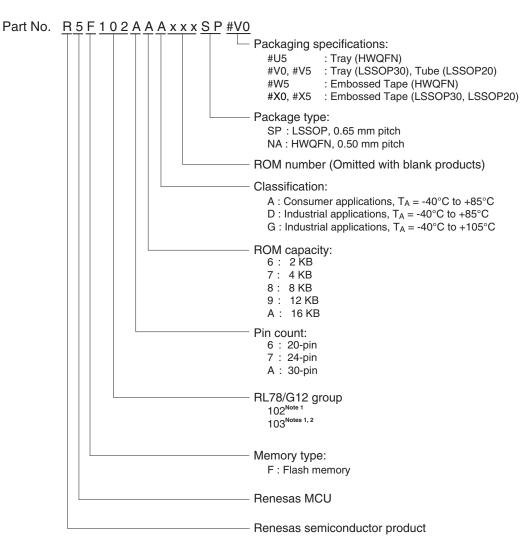


Figure 1-1. Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G12

Notes 1. For details about the differences between the R5F102 products and the R5F103 products of RL78/G12, see 1.1 Differences between the R5F102 Products and the R5F103 Products.

2. Products only for "A: Consumer applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$)" and "D: Industrial applications ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}C$)"



1.3.2 On-chip oscillator characteristics

(1) High-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency of the R5F102 products

Oscillator	Condition	MIN	MAX	Unit
High-speed on-chip	T _A = -20 to +85 °C	-1.0	+1.0	%
oscillator oscillation	T _A = -40 to -20 °C	-1.5	+1.5	
frequency accuracy	T _A = +85 to +105 °C	-2.0	+2.0	

(2) High-speed on-chip oscillator oscillation frequency of the R5F103 products

Oscillator	Condition	MIN	MAX	Unit
High-speed on-chip	T _A = -40 to + 85 °C	-5.0	+5.0	%
oscillator oscillation				
frequency accuracy				

1.3.3 Peripheral Functions

The following are differences in peripheral functions between the R5F102 products and the R5F103 products.

	R5F102	product	R5F103 product			
RL78/G12	20, 24 pin	30 pin product	20, 24 pin	30 pin		
		product		product	product	
Serial interface	UART	1 channel	3 channels	1 channel		
	CSI	2 channels	3 channels	1 channel		
	Simplified I ² C	2 channels	3 channels	None		
DMA function		2 channels		None		
Safety function	CRC operation	Yes		None		
	RAM guard	Yes		None		
	SFR guard	Yes		None		



1.7 Outline of Functions

This outline describes the function at the time when Peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is set to 00H.

	Item	20-pin		24-pin		30-pin			
		R5F1026x	R5F1036x	R5F1027x	R5F1037x	R5F102Ax	R5F103Ax		
Code flas	h memory	2 to 16	2 to 16 KB Note 1 4 to 16 KB						
Data flash	n memory	2 KB	-	2 KB	-	2 KB	-		
RAM		256 B to	o 1.5 KB	512 B to	o 1.5 KB	512 B	to 2KB		
Address s	space			11	MB				
Main system clock	High-speed system clock	HS (High-spee HS (High-spee	ed main) mode : ed main) mode :	n, external main s 1 to 20 MHz (Vc 1 to 16 MHz (Vc 1 to 8 MHz (Vc	D = 2.7 to 5.5 V D = 2.4 to 5.5 V	,			
	High-speed on-chip oscillator clock	HS (High-spee	HS (High-speed main) mode : 1 to 24 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.7 to 5.5 V), HS (High-speed main) mode : 1 to 16 MHz (V_{DD} = 2.4 to 5.5 V), LS (Low-speed main) mode : 1 to 8 MHz (V_{DD} = 1.8 to 5.5 V)						
Low-spee	d on-chip oscillator clock	15 kHz (TYP)							
General-p	ourpose register	(8-bit register \times 8) \times 4 banks							
Minimum	instruction execution time	0.04167 μ s (High-speed on-chip oscillator clock: f _{IH} = 24 MHz operation)							
		0.05 μ s (High-speed system clock: f _{MX} = 20 MHz operation)							
Instruction	n set	Data transfer (8/16 bits)							
		Adder and subtractor/logical operation (8/16 bits)							
		Multiplication (8 bits × 8 bits)							
	1	Rotate, barrel shift, and bit manipulation (set, reset, test, and Boolean operation), etc.							
I/O port	Total	1	8	2	2	2	6		
	CMOS I/O	(N-ch C	2 D.D. I/O nd voltage]: 4)	(N-ch C	6 D.D. I/O id voltage]: 5)		1 D.D. I/O d voltage]: 9)		
	CMOS input		4	4		3			
	N-ch open-drain I/O (6 V tolerance)			:	2				
Timer	16-bit timer		4 cha	annels		8 cha	nnels		
	Watchdog timer			1 cha	annel				
	12-bit Interval timer			1 cha	annel				
-	Timer output		4 cha (PWM outp	nnels outs: 3 ^{№ te 3})		8 cha (PWM outpu			

Notes 1. The self-programming function cannot be used in the R5F10266 and R5F10366.

2. The maximum number of channels when PIOR0 is set to 1.

3. The number of PWM outputs varies depending on the setting of channels in use (the number of masters and slaves). (See **6.9.3 Operation as multiple PWM output function**.)

Caution When the flash memory is rewritten via a user program, the code flash area and RAM area are used because each library is used. When using the library, refer to RL78 Family Flash Self Programming Library Type01 User's Manual and RL78 Family Data Flash Library Type04 User's Manual.



2.3 DC Characteristics

2.3.1 Pin characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high ^{Note 1}	Іон1	20-, 24-pin products: Per pin for P00 to P03 ^{Note 4} , P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: Per pin for P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147				-10.0 Note 2	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-30.0	mA
		Total of P40 to P42	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-6.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P00, P01, P40, P120 (When duty \leq 70% ^{Note 3})	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			-4.5	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-80.0	mA
		Total of P00 to P03 ^{Note 4} , P10 to P14	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-18.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P147 (When duty \leq 70% ^{Note 3})	$1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 2.7 \text{ V}$			-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{Note 3}$)				-100	mA
	Іон2	Per pin for P20 to P23				-0.1	mA
		Total of all pins				-0.4	mA

Notes 1. value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the VDD pin to an output pin.

- 2. However, do not exceed the total current value.
- 3. The output current value under conditions where the duty factor \leq 70%. If duty factor > 70%: The output current value can be calculated with the following expression (where n represents the duty factor as a percentage).
 - Total output current of pins = $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ <Example> Where n = 80% and IOH = -10.0 mA
 - Total output current of pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx -8.7$ mA

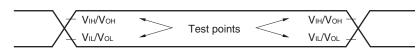
However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

- 4. 24-pin products only.
- Caution P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



2.5 Peripheral Functions Characteristics

AC Timing Test Point



2.5.1 Serial array unit

(1) During communication at same potential (UART mode) ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, 1.8 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

(1A = 10.10	,						
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		h-speed Mode	•	/-speed Mode	Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate				fмск/6		fмск/6	bps
Note 1		Theoretical value of the maximum transfer rate $f_{\text{CLK}} = f_{\text{MCK}}{}^{\text{Note2}}$		4.0		1.3	Mbps

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

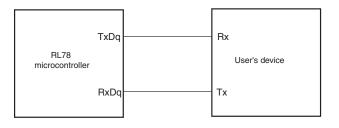
2. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fcLK) are: HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V \leq VDD \leq 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V
$$\leq$$
 VDD \leq 5.5 V)

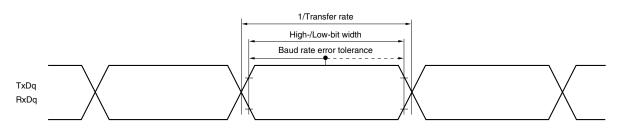
LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V
$$\leq$$
 VDD \leq 5.5 V)

Caution Select the normal input buffer for the RxDq pin and the normal output mode for the TxDq pin by using port input mode register g (PIMg) and port output mode register g (POMg).

UART mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



UART mode bit width (during communication at same potential) (reference)



Remarks 1. q: UART number (q = 0 to 2), g: PIM, POM number (g = 0, 1)

2. fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn).

m: Unit number, n: Channel number (mn = 00 to 03, 10, 11))



(2) During communication at same potential (CSI mode) (master mode, SCK00... internal clock output, corresponding CSI00 only)

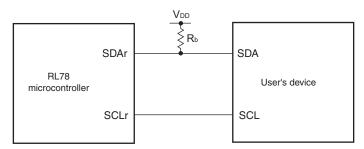
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-spe Mod	,	, , , ,		Unit
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCK00 cycle time	tксү1	tκcγ1 ≥ 2/fc∟κ	83.3		250		ns
SCK00 high-/low-	tкнı,	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	tксү1/ 2 –7		tксү1/2–50		ns
level width	t ĸ∟1	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	tксү1/2–10		tксү1/2–50		ns
SI00 setup time	tsik1	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	23		110		ns
(to SCK00↑) ^{Note 1}		$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	33		110		ns
SI00 hold time (from SCK00↑) ^{Note2}	tksi1		10		10		ns
Delay time from SCK00↓ to SO00 output ^{Note 3}	tkso1	C = 20 pF ^{Note 4}		10		10	ns

 $(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

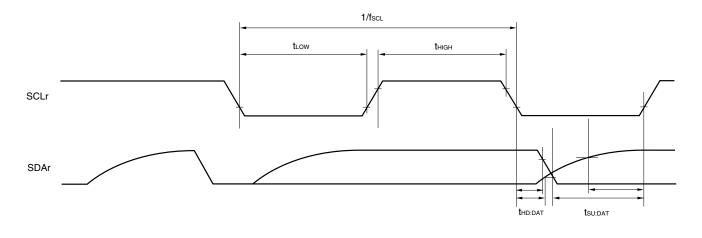
- **Notes 1.** When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The SI00 setup time becomes "to $SCK00\downarrow$ " when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.
 - 2. When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The SI00 hold time becomes "from SCK00↓" when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.
 - **3.** When DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 0, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 1. The delay time to SO00 output becomes "from SCK00∱" when DAP00 = 0 and CKP00 = 1, or DAP00 = 1 and CKP00 = 0.
 - 4. C is the load capacitance of the SCK00 and SO00 output lines.
- **Caution** Select the normal input buffer for the SI00 pin and the normal output mode for the SO00 and SCK00 pins by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1).
- Remarks 1. This specification is valid only when CSI00's peripheral I/O redirect function is not used.
 - 2. fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency
 - (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register 0 (SPS0) and the CKS00 bit of serial mode register 00 (SMR00).)



Simplified I²C mode connection diagram (during communication at same potential)



Simplified I²C mode serial transfer timing (during communication at same potential)



- 2. r: IIC number (r = 00, 01, 11, 20), h: = POM number (h = 0, 1, 4, 5)
- fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn). m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (0, 1, 3))
- **4.** Simplified I²C mode is supported only by the R5F102 products.



Parameter	Symbol		Condition	ns	```	igh-speed n) Mode	LS (low-speed main) Mode		Unit
					MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
Transfer rate ^{№0te4}		Reception	$4.0 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$, $2.7 V \le V_b \le 4.0 V$			fмск/6 Note1		fмск/6 Note1	bps
			Theor	retical value of the maximum ier rate f _{CLK}		4.0		1.3	Mbps
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V \end{array}$			fмск/6 Note1		fмск/6 Note1	bps
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate f _{CLK} ^{Note3}		4.0		1.3	Mbps
			$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V \end{array}$			fмск/6 Notes1, 2		fмск/6 Notes1, 2	bps
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate f _{CLK} ^{Note3}		4.0		1.3	Mbps
		Transmission	$4.0 V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 V$, $2.7 V \le V_b \le 4.0 V$			Note4		Note4	bps
			Theor transf	retical value of the maximum er rate 50 pF, $R_b = 1.4 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_b = 2.7 \text{ V}$		2.8 Note5		2.8 Note5	Mbps
			$\begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \\ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \ V, \end{array}$			Note6		Note6	bps
			Theor transf	retical value of the maximum er rate 50 pF, $R_b = 2.7 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_b = 2.3 \text{ V}$		1.2 Note7		1.2 Note7	Mbps
			$\label{eq:VDD} \begin{array}{l} 1.8 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \\ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V \end{array}$			Notes 2, 8		Notes 2, 8	bps
			transf	retical value of the maximum er rate 50 pF, $R_b = 5.5 \text{ k}\Omega$, $V_b = 1.6 \text{ V}$		0.43 Note9		0.43 Note9	Mbps

(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (UART mode) ($T_A = -40$ to $+85^{\circ}$ C, 1.8 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V)

Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode is 4800 bps only.

- $\textbf{2.} \quad \textbf{Use it with } V_{\text{DD}} \geq V_{\text{b}}.$
- 3. The maximum operating frequencies of the CPU/peripheral hardware clock (fcLk) are: HS (high-speed main) mode: 24 MHz (2.7 V \leq V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

16 MHz (2.4 V
$$\leq$$
 V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V)

LS (low-speed main) mode: 8 MHz (1.8 V \leq V_DD \leq 5.5 V)

4. The smaller maximum transfer rate derived by using fMck/6 or the following expression is the valid maximum transfer rate.

Expression for calculating the transfer rate when 4.0 V \leq V_DD \leq 5.5 V and 2.7 V \leq V_b \leq 4.0 V

Maximum transfer rate =

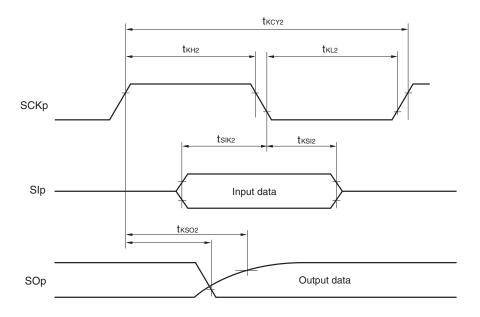
$$\frac{1}{\{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\} \times 3}$$
 [bps]

Baud rate error (theoretical value) =

 $\frac{1}{\text{Transfer rate} \times 2} - \{-C_b \times R_b \times \ln (1 - \frac{2.2}{V_b})\}$ $(\frac{1}{(\text{Transfer rate})} \times \text{Number of transferred bits} \times 100 [\%]$

* This value is the theoretical value of the relative difference between the transmission and reception sides.





CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.)

Remark p: CSI number (p = 00, 20), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0)



3.3 DC Characteristics

3.3.1 Pin characteristics

Γ _A = –40 to +105°C,	2.4 V ≤	$V_{DD} \leq 5.5 V, V_{SS} = 0 V$					(1/4)
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions			TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Output current, high ^{№ote 1}	Іонı	20-, 24-pin products: Per pin for P00 to P03 ^{Note 4} , P10 to P14, P40 to P42 30-pin products: Per pin for P00, P01, P10 to P17, P30, P31, P40, P50, P51, P120, P147				-3.0 Note 2	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-9.0	mA
		Total of P40 to P42	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-6.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P00, P01, P40, P120 (When duty $\leq 70\%^{\text{Note 3}}$)	$2.4~V \leq V_{DD} < 2.7~V$			-4.5	mA
		20-, 24-pin products:	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$			-27.0	mA
		Total of P00 to P03 ^{Note 4} , P10 to P14	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V$			-18.0	mA
		30-pin products: Total of P10 to P17, P30, P31, P50, P51, P147 (When duty \leq 70% ^{Note 3})	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$			-10.0	mA
		Total of all pins (When duty $\leq 70\%^{Note 3}$)				-36.0	mA
	Іон2	Per pin for P20 to P23				-0.1	mA
		Total of all pins				-0.4	mA

Notes 1. value of current at which the device operation is guaranteed even if the current flows from the VDD pin to an output pin.

- 2. However, do not exceed the total current value.
- 3. The output current value under conditions where the duty factor \leq 70%. If duty factor > 70%: The output current value can be calculated with the following expression (where n represents the duty factor as a percentage).
 - Total output current of pins = $(IOH \times 0.7)/(n \times 0.01)$ <Example> Where n = 80% and $I_{OH} = -10.0$ mA
 - Total output current of pins = $(-10.0 \times 0.7)/(80 \times 0.01) \approx -8.7$ mA

However, the current that is allowed to flow into one pin does not vary depending on the duty factor. A current higher than the absolute maximum rating must not flow into one pin.

- 4. 24-pin products only.
- Caution P10 to P12 and P41 for 20-pin products, P01, P10 to P12, and P41 for 24-pin products, and P00, P10 to P15, P17, and P50 for 30-pin products do not output high level in N-ch open-drain mode.
- **Remark** Unless specified otherwise, the characteristics of alternate-function pins are the same as those of the port pins.



(1) 20-, 24-pin products

(IA = -40 tO)	$-40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{\text{SS}} = 0 \text{ V} $							(2/2)	
Parameter	Symbol			Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	DD2 Note 2	HALT	HS (High-speed	$f_{IH} = 24 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	V _{DD} = 5.0 V		440	2230	μA
current ^{Note 1}		mode	main) mode ^{Note 6}		V _{DD} = 3.0 V		440	2230	
				$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		400	1650	μA
					V _{DD} = 3.0 V		400	1650	
				fмх = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} ,	Square wave input		280	1900	μA
				$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	2000	
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3},$	Square wave input		280	1900	μA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	2000	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$ $V_{DD} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		190	1010	μA
					Resonator connection		260	1090	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$,	Square wave input		190	1010	μA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		260	1090	
	DD3 Note 5	STOP	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$				0.19	0.50	μA
		mode	de $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = +50^{\circ}C$ $T_A = +70^{\circ}C$ $T_A = +85^{\circ}C$				0.24	0.50	
							0.32	0.80	
							0.48	1.20	
							0.74	2.20	
			T _A = +105°C				1.50	10.20	

Notes 1. Total current flowing into V_{DD}, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to V_{DD} or V_{SS}. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

- 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- **3.** When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is stopped.
- 4. When high-speed system clock is stopped.
- 5. Not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer.
- 6. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as follows.

HS (High speed main) mode: $V_{DD} = 2.7$ V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 24 MHz $V_{DD} = 2.4$ V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 16 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fill: high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. Except temperature condition of the TYP. value is $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, other than STOP mode



(2/2)

(2) 30-pin products

<u>(Ta = -40 to</u>	+105°C,	2.4 V ≤ V	DD \leq 5.5 V, Vss =	= 0 V)		_	-		(2/2)
Parameter	Symbol			Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit
Supply	DD2 Note 2	HALT	HS (High-speed		$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		440	2300	μA
current Note 1		mode	main) mode ^{№066}		$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		440	2300	
				$f_{IH} = 16 \text{ MHz}^{Note 4}$	$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$		400	1700	μA
					$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$		400	1700	
				$f_{MX} = 20 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$,	Square wave input		280	1900	μA
				$V_{DD} = 5.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	2000	
		fm>	fмx = 20 MHz ^{Note 3} , Squa	Square wave input		280	1900	μA	
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		450	2000	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{\text{Note 3}},$ $V_{\text{DD}} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	Square wave input		190	1020	μA
					Resonator connection		260	1100	
				$f_{MX} = 10 \text{ MHz}^{Note 3}$,	Square wave input		190	1020	μA
				$V_{DD} = 3.0 V$	Resonator connection		260	1100	
	DD3 Note 5	STOP	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C$				0.18	0.50	μA
		mode	T _A = +25°C				0.23	0.50	
			T _A = +50°C	$T_{A} = +50^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = +70^{\circ}C$ $T_{A} = +85^{\circ}C$			0.30	1.10	
			T _A = +70°C				0.46	1.90	
			T _A = +85°C				0.75	3.30	
			T _A = +105°C				2.94	15.30	

Notes 1. Total current flowing into VDD, including the input leakage current flowing when the level of the input pin is fixed to VDD or Vss. The values below the MAX. column include the peripheral operation current. However, not including the current flowing into the A/D converter, LVD circuit, I/O port, and on-chip pull-up/pull-down resistors and the current flowing during data flash rewrite.

- 2. During HALT instruction execution by flash memory.
- 3. When high-speed on-chip oscillator clock is stopped.
- 4. When high-speed system clock is stopped.
- Not including the current flowing into the 12-bit interval timer and watchdog timer. 5.
- 6. Relationship between operation voltage width, operation frequency of CPU and operation mode is as follows.

HS (High speed main) mode: VDD = 2.7 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 24 MHz VDD = 2.4 V to 5.5 V @1 MHz to 16 MHz

- Remarks 1. fmx: High-speed system clock frequency (X1 clock oscillation frequency or external main system clock frequency)
 - 2. fin: high-speed on-chip oscillator clock frequency
 - 3. Except STOP mode, temperature condition of the TYP. value is TA = 25°C.



3.4 AC Characteristics

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}C, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Items	Symbol	Conditions		MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Instruction cycle (minimum	Тсч	Main system	HS (High-	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	0.04167		1	μs
instruction execution time)		clock (fMAIN) operation	speed main) mode	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$	0.0625		1	μs
		During self	HS (High-	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V$	0.04167		1	μs
		programming	speed main) mode	$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.7~V$	0.0625		1	μS
External main system clock	fex	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.4$.5 V		1.0		20.0	MHz
frequency		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2$.7 V		1.0		16.0	MHz
External main system clock	texh, texl	$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5$.5 V		24			ns
input high-level width, low- level width		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2.4$.7 V		30			ns
TI00 to TI07 input high-level width, low-level width	t⊓н, tт⊾				1/fмск + 10			ns
TO00 to TO07 output	f _{то}	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5$.5 V				12	MHz
frequency		$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.4$.0 V				8	MHz
		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2$.7 V				4	MHz
PCLBUZ0, or PCLBUZ1	f PCL	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5$.5 V				16	MHz
output frequency		$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4$.0 V				8	MHz
		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 2$.7 V				4	MHz
INTP0 to INTP5 input high- level width, low-level width	tinth, tintl				1			μs
KR0 to KR9 input available width	tкя				250			ns
RESET low-level width	tRSL				10			μs

Remark fmck: Timer array unit operation clock frequency

(Operation clock to be set by the timer clock select register 0 (TPS0) and the CKS0n bit of timer mode register 0n (TMR0n). n: Channel number (n = 0 to 7))



(6) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (master mode, SCKp... internal clock output) (3/3)

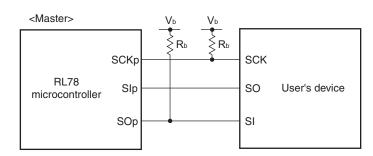
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	HS (high-speed	HS (high-speed main) Mode		
			MIN.	MAX.		
SIp setup time (to SCKp \downarrow)	tsıкı	$ \begin{array}{l} \label{eq:VDD} 4.0 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5 \ V, \ 2.7 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 4.0 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 1.4 \ k\Omega \end{array} $	88		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	88		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	220		ns	
Slp hold time (from SCKp↓) ^{№te}	tksii		38		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ p\text{F}, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$	38		ns	
Delay time from SCKp↑ to SOp output ^{№0®}	tkso1			50	ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.7 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.7 \ V, \\ C_{b} = 30 \ pF, \ R_{b} = 2.7 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		50	ns	
		$\label{eq:VD} \begin{array}{l} 2.4 \ V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \ V, \ 1.6 \ V \leq V_{\text{b}} \leq 2.0 \ V, \\ C_{\text{b}} = 30 \ p\text{F}, \ R_{\text{b}} = 5.5 \ k\Omega \end{array}$		50	ns	

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le V_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Note When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

- Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp pin and the N-ch open drain output (V_{DD} tolerance) mode for the SOp pin and SCKp pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For V_{IH} and V_{IL}, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.
 - 2. CSI01 and CSI11 cannot communicate at different potential.
- **Remarks 1.** R_b [Ω]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) pull-up resistance, C_b [F]: Communication line (SCKp, SOp) load capacitance, V_b [V]: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 20), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0)

CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)





(7) Communication at different potential (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V) (CSI mode) (slave mode, SCKp external clock input)
(T _A = −40 to +105°C, 2.4 V ≤ V _{DD} ≤ 5.5 V, V _{SS} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions		HS (high-spe Mod	Unit	
				MIN.	MAX.	
SCKp cycle time Note 1	t кСY2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,$	20 MHz < fmck \leq 24 MHz	24/f мск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq V_b \leq 4.0~V$	8 MHz < fмск ≤ 20 MHz	20/f мск		ns
			$4 \text{ MHz} < f_{MCK} \le 8 \text{ MHz}$	16/f мск		ns
			fмск \leq 4 MHz	12/ fмск		ns
		$2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0~V,$	20 MHz < fmck \leq 24 MHz	32/ fмск		ns
		$2.3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	16 MHz < fмск \leq 20 MHz	28/ fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмск \leq 16 MHz	24/fмск		ns
			4 MHz < fмск \leq 8 MHz	16/ fмск		ns
			fмск \leq 4 MHz	12/fмск		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V,$	20 MHz < fмск \leq 24 MHz	72/fмск		ns
		$1.6~V \leq V_b \leq 2.0~V$	16 MHz < fмск \leq 20 MHz	6 4/fмск		ns
			8 MHz < fмск \leq 16 MHz	52/ fмск		ns
			$4 \text{ MHz} < f_{MCK} \le 8 \text{ MHz}$	32/fмск		ns
			fмск \leq 4 MHz	20/fмск		ns
SCKp high-/low-level	tkh2, tkl2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7$	tkcy2/2 – 24		ns	
width		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	$3~V \leq V_b \leq 2.7~V$	tkcy2/2 – 36		ns
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 3.3 \text{ V}, 1.0 \text{ V}$	$6~V \leq V_{b} \leq 2.0~V$	tkcy2/2 – 100		ns
SIp setup time	tsik2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 4.0~V$		1/fмск + 40		ns
(to SCKp↑) Note 2		$2.7 \ V \le V_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \ V, \ 2.3 \ V \le V_{\text{b}} \le 2.7 \ V$		1/fмск + 40		ns
		$2.4~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} < 3.3~V,~1.6~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 2.0~V$		1/fмск + 60		ns
SIp hold time (from SCKp↑) ^{№ote 3}	tksi2			1/fмск + 62		ns
Delay time from SCKp \downarrow to	tĸso2	$4.0~V \leq V_{\text{DD}} \leq 5.5~V,~2.7$	$7 \text{ V} \leq V_b \leq 4.0 \text{ V},$		2/fмск +	ns
SOp output Note 4		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, \text{ R}_b = 1.4 \text{ km}$	2		240	
		$2.7 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}} < 4.0 \text{ V}, 2.3 \text{ V}$	$3 \text{ V} \leq \overline{\text{V}_{\text{b}} \leq 2.7 \text{ V}},$		2/fмск +	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 2.7 \text{ ks}$	2		428	
		$2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{\text{DD}}$ < 3.3 V , 1.0 C	$6 V \leq V_b \leq 2.0 V,$		2/fмск +	ns
		$C_b = 30 \text{ pF}, R_b = 5.5 \text{ kg}$	2		1146	

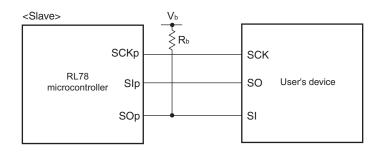
Notes 1. Transfer rate in the SNOOZE mode: MAX. 1 Mbps

2. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp setup time becomes "to SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.

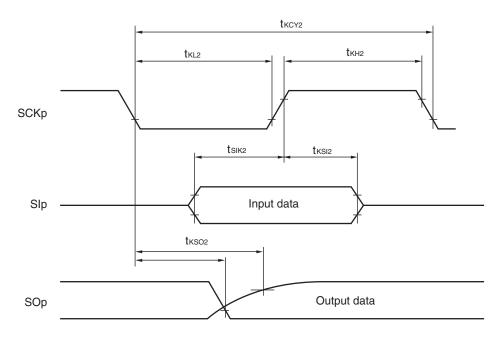
- 3. When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The SIp hold time becomes "from SCKp↓" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- **4.** When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1. The delay time to SOp output becomes "from SCKp[↑]" when DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 1, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 0.
- Cautions 1. Select the TTL input buffer for the SIp and SCKp pins and the N-ch open drain output (Vbb tolerance) mode for the SOp pin by using port input mode register 1 (PIM1) and port output mode register 1 (POM1). For VIH and VIL, see the DC characteristics with TTL input buffer selected.
 - 2. CSI01 and CSI11 cannot communicate at different potential.



CSI mode connection diagram (during communication at different potential)



CSI mode serial transfer timing (slave mode) (during communication at different potential) (When DAPmn = 0 and CKPmn = 0, or DAPmn = 1 and CKPmn = 1.)



- Remarks 1.Rb [Ω]: Communication line (SOp) pull-up resistance, Cb [F]: Communication line (SOp) load capacitance,
Vb [V]: Communication line voltage
 - **2.** p: CSI number (p = 00, 20), m: Unit number (m = 0, 1), n: Channel number (n = 0)
 - fMCK: Serial array unit operation clock frequency (Operation clock to be set by the serial clock select register m (SPSm) and the CKSmn bit of serial mode register mn (SMRmn))



3.5.2 Serial interface IICA

Parameter Symbol		Conditions	HS (high-speed main) mode			Unit	
			Standa	rd Mode	Fast	Mode	
			MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
SCLA0 clock frequency	fsc∟	Fast mode: fclk≥ 3.5 MHz			0	400	kHz
		Normal mode: fcLK≥ 1 MHz	0	100			kHz
Setup time of restart condition	tsu:sta		4.7		0.6		μS
Hold time ^{Note 1}	thd:sta		4.0		0.6		μS
Hold time when SCLA0 = "L"	t∟ow		4.7		1.3		μS
Hold time when SCLA0 = "H"	tніgн		4.0		0.6		μS
Data setup time (reception)	tsu:dat		250		100		ns
Data hold time (transmission)Note 2	thd:dat		0	3.45	0	0.9	μS
Setup time of stop condition	tsu:sto		4.0		0.6		μS
Bus-free time	t BUF		4.7		1.3		μS

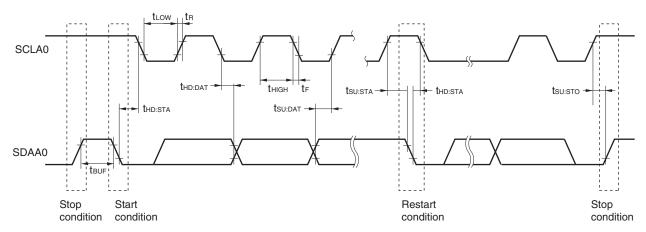
$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V}, \text{V}_{SS} = 0 \text{ V})$

Notes 1. The first clock pulse is generated after this period when the start/restart condition is detected.

2. The maximum value (MAX.) of the during normal transfer and a wait state is inserted in the ACK (acknowledge) timing.

- **Caution** Only in the 30-pin products, the values in the above table are applied even when bit 2 (PIOR2) in the peripheral I/O redirection register (PIOR) is 1. At this time, the pin characteristics (IOH1, IOL1, VOH1, VOL1) must satisfy the values in the redirect destination.
- **Remark** The maximum value of Cb (communication line capacitance) and the value of Rb (communication line pull-up resistor) at that time in each mode are as follows.

 $\label{eq:cb} \begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Normal mode:} & C_b = 400 \mbox{ pF}, \mbox{ Rb} = 2.7 \mbox{ } k\Omega \\ \mbox{Fast mode:} & C_b = 320 \mbox{ pF}, \mbox{ Rb} = 1.1 \mbox{ } k\Omega \end{array}$



IICA serial transfer timing



<R>

(3) When reference voltage (+) = V_{DD} (ADREFP1 = 0, ADREFP0 = 0), reference voltage (-) = V_{ss} (ADREFM = 0), target pin: ANI0 to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI22, internal reference voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	Unit	
Resolution	Res			8		10	bit
Overall error ^{Note 1}	AINL	10-bit resolution			1.2	±7.0	LSB
Conversion time	t CONV	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.125		39	μs
		Target pin: ANI0 to ANI3,	$2.7~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	3.1875		39	μs
		ANI16 to ANI22	$2.4~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	17		39	μs
Conversion time	tconv	10-bit resolution	$3.6~V \leq V \text{DD} \leq 5.5~V$	2.375		39	μs
		Target pin: internal reference	$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vdd} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$	3.5625		39	μs
		voltage, and temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)	$2.4~V \le V_{DD} \le 5.5~V$	17		39	μS
Zero-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	EZS	10-bit resolution				±0.60	%FSR
Full-scale error ^{Notes 1, 2}	EFS	10-bit resolution				±0.60	%FSR
Integral linearity error ^{Note 1}	ILE	10-bit resolution				±4.0	LSB
Differential linearity error Note 1	DLE	10-bit resolution				±2.0	LSB
Analog input voltage	VAIN	ANI0 to ANI3, ANI16 to ANI2	2	0		VDD	V
	Internal reference voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)		VBGR Note 3		V		
Temperature sensor output voltage (HS (high-speed main) mode)			VTMPS25 Note 3		V		

$(T_A = -40 \text{ to } +105^{\circ}\text{C}, 2.4 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} \le 5.5 \text{ V})$	$V_{ee} = 0 V Beference voltage (+) = V_{ee}$	Reference voltage (_) – Vee)
$(1A = -40 \ 10 \ +105 \ 0; \ 2.4 \ V \ -5 \ V \ -5 \ 0; \ 5.5 \ V$	$v_{SS} = 0 v$, herefore voltage (+) = v_{DD}	, melerence vonage (=) = vooj

Notes 1. Excludes quantization error ($\pm 1/2$ LSB).

2. This value is indicated as a ratio (%FSR) to the full-scale value.

3. Refer to 29.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics.



			Description
Rev.	Date	Page	Summary
2.00	Sep 06, 2013	55	Modification of description and Notes 3 and 4 in 2.6.1 (3)
		56	Modification of description and Notes 3 and 4 in 2.6.1 (4)
		57	Modification of table in 2.6.2 Temperature sensor/internal reference voltage characteristics
		57	Modification of table and Note in 2.6.3 POR circuit characteristics
		58	Modification of table in 2.6.4 LVD circuit characteristics
		59	Modification of table of LVD detection voltage of interrupt & reset mode
		59	Modification of number and title to 2.6.5 Power supply voltage rising slope characteristics
		61	Modification of table, figure, and Remark in 2.10 Timing of Entry to Flash Memory
			Programming Modes
		62 to 103	Addition of products of industrial applications (G: $T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}C$)
		104 to 106	Addition of products of industrial applications (G: $T_A = -40$ to $+105^{\circ}C$)
2.10	Mar 25, 2016	6	Modification of Figure 1-1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of RL78/G12
		7	Modification of Table 1-1 List of Ordering Part Numbers
		8	Addition of product name (RL78/G12) and description (Top View) in 1.4.1 20-pin products
		9	Addition of product name (RL78/G12) and description (Top View) in 1.4.2 24-pin products
		10	Addition of product name (RL78/G12) and description (Top View) in 1.4.3 30-pin products
		15	Modification of description in 1.7 Outline of Functions
		16	Modification of description, and addition of target products
		52	Modification of note 2 in 2.5.2 Serial interface IICA
		60	Modification of title and note, and addition of caution in 2.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics
		60	Modification of conditions in 2.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics
		62	Modification of description, and addition of target products and remark
		94	Modification of note 2 in 3.5.2 Serial interface IICA
		102	Modification of title and note in 3.7 RAM Data Retention Characteristics
		102	Modification of conditions in 3.8 Flash Memory Programming Characteristics
		104 to 106	Addition of package name

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