Welcome to E-XFL.COM

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	416
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	4160
Total RAM Bits	53248
Number of I/O	93
Number of Gates	263000
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	144-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	144-TQFP (20x20)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep20k100fc144-2x

Table 5. APEX 20K FineLine BGA Package Options & I/O Count *Notes (1), (2)*

Device	144 Pin	324 Pin	484 Pin	672 Pin	1,020 Pin
EP20K30E	93	128			
EP20K60E	93	196			
EP20K100		252			
EP20K100E	93	246			
EP20K160E			316		
EP20K200			382		
EP20K200E			376	376	
EP20K300E				408	
EP20K400				502 *(3)*	
EP20K400E				488 *(3)*	
EP20K600E				508 *(3)*	588
EP20K1000E				508 *(3)*	708
EP20K1500E					808

Notes to Tables 4 and 5:

(1) I/O counts include dedicated input and clock pins.

(2) APEX 20K device package types include thin quad flat pack (TQFP), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), 1.27-mm pitch ball-grid array (BGA), 1.00-mm pitch FineLine BGA, and pin-grid array (PGA) packages.

(3) This device uses a thermally enhanced package, which is taller than the regular package. Consult the *Altera Device Package Information Data Sheet* for detailed package size information.

Table 6. APEX 20K QFP, BGA & PGA Package Sizes

Feature	144-Pin TQFP	208-Pin QFP	240-Pin QFP	356-Pin BGA	652-Pin BGA	655-Pin PGA
Pitch (mm)	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.27	1.27	–
Area (mm^2)	484	924	1,218	1,225	2,025	3,906
Length × Width (mm × mm)	22 × 22	30.4 × 30.4	34.9 × 34.9	35 × 35	45 × 45	62.5 × 62.5

Table 7. APEX 20K FineLine BGA Package Sizes

Feature	144 Pin	324 Pin	484 Pin	672 Pin	1,020 Pin
Pitch (mm)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Area (mm^2)	169	361	529	729	1,089
Length × Width (mm × mm)	13 × 13	19 × 19	23 × 23	27 × 27	33 × 33

General Description

APEX™ 20K devices are the first PLDs designed with the MultiCore architecture, which combines the strengths of LUT-based and product-term-based devices with an enhanced memory structure. LUT-based logic provides optimized performance and efficiency for data-path, register-intensive, mathematical, or digital signal processing (DSP) designs. Product-term-based logic is optimized for complex combinatorial paths, such as complex state machines. LUT- and product-term-based logic combined with memory functions and a wide variety of MegaCore and AMPP functions make the APEX 20K device architecture uniquely suited for system-on-a-programmable-chip designs. Applications historically requiring a combination of LUT-, product-term-, and memory-based devices can now be integrated into one APEX 20K device.

APEX 20KE devices are a superset of APEX 20K devices and include additional features such as advanced I/O standard support, CAM, additional global clocks, and enhanced ClockLock clock circuitry. In addition, APEX 20KE devices extend the APEX 20K family to 1.5 million gates. APEX 20KE devices are denoted with an "E" suffix in the device name (e.g., the EP20K1000E device is an APEX 20KE device). Table 8 compares the features included in APEX 20K and APEX 20KE devices.

Table 8. Comparison of APEX 20K & APEX 20KE Features

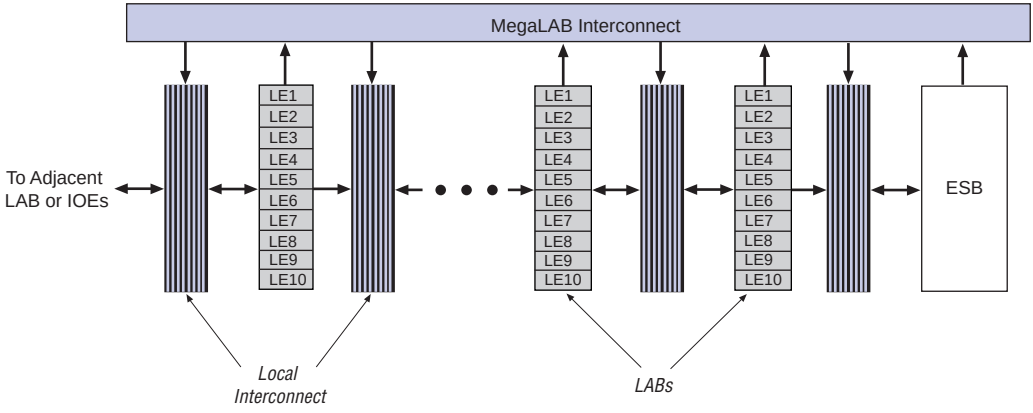
Feature	APEX 20K Devices	APEX 20KE Devices
MultiCore system integration	Full support	Full support
SignalTap logic analysis	Full support	Full support
32/64-Bit, 33-MHz PCI	Full compliance in -1, -2 speed grades	Full compliance in -1, -2 speed grades
32/64-Bit, 66-MHz PCI	-	Full compliance in -1 speed grade
MultiVolt I/O	2.5-V or 3.3-V V_{CCIO} V_{CCIO} selected for device Certain devices are 5.0-V tolerant	1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V V_{CCIO} V_{CCIO} selected block-by-block 5.0-V tolerant with use of external resistor
ClockLock support	Clock delay reduction 2× and 4× clock multiplication	Clock delay reduction $m/(n \times v)$ or $m/(n \times k)$ clock multiplication Drive ClockLock output off-chip External clock feedback ClockShift LVDS support Up to four PLLs ClockShift, clock phase adjustment
Dedicated clock and input pins	Six	Eight
I/O standard support	2.5-V, 3.3-V, 5.0-V I/O 3.3-V PCI Low-voltage complementary metal-oxide semiconductor (LVCMOS) Low-voltage transistor-to-transistor logic (LVTTL)	1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, 5.0-V I/O 2.5-V I/O 3.3-V PCI and PCI-X 3.3-V Advanced Graphics Port (AGP) Center tap terminated (CTT) GTL+ LVCMOS LVTTL True-LVDS and LVPECL data pins (in EP20K300E and larger devices) LVDS and LVPECL signaling (in all BGA and FineLine BGA devices) LVDS and LVPECL data pins up to 156 Mbps (in -1 speed grade devices) HSTL Class I PCI-X SSTL-2 Class I and II SSTL-3 Class I and II
Memory support	Dual-port RAM FIFO RAM ROM	CAM Dual-port RAM FIFO RAM ROM

APEX 20K devices provide two dedicated clock pins and four dedicated input pins that drive register control inputs. These signals ensure efficient distribution of high-speed, low-skew control signals. These signals use dedicated routing channels to provide short delays and low skews. Four of the dedicated inputs drive four global signals. These four global signals can also be driven by internal logic, providing an ideal solution for a clock divider or internally generated asynchronous clear signals with high fan-out. The dedicated clock pins featured on the APEX 20K devices can also feed logic. The devices also feature ClockLock and ClockBoost clock management circuitry. APEX 20KE devices provide two additional dedicated clock pins, for a total of four dedicated clock pins.

MegaLAB Structure

APEX 20K devices are constructed from a series of MegaLAB™ structures. Each MegaLAB structure contains a group of logic array blocks (LABs), one ESB, and a MegaLAB interconnect, which routes signals within the MegaLAB structure. The EP20K30E device has 10 LABs, EP20K60E through EP20K600E devices have 16 LABs, and the EP20K1000E and EP20K1500E devices have 24 LABs. Signals are routed between MegaLAB structures and I/O pins via the FastTrack Interconnect. In addition, edge LABs can be driven by I/O pins through the local interconnect. Figure 2 shows the MegaLAB structure.

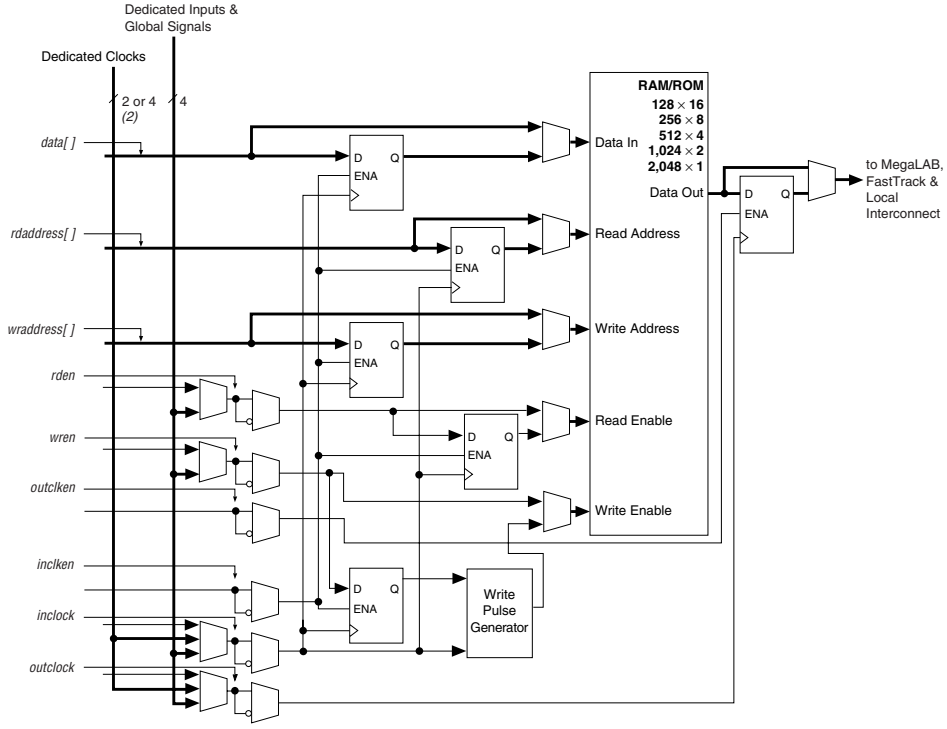
Figure 2. MegaLAB Structure



Input/Output Clock Mode

The input/output clock mode contains two clocks. One clock controls all registers for inputs into the ESB: data input, WE, RE, read address, and write address. The other clock controls the ESB data output registers. The ESB also supports clock enable and asynchronous clear signals; these signals also control the reading and writing of registers independently. Input/output clock mode is commonly used for applications where the reads and writes occur at the same system frequency, but require different clock enable signals for the input and output registers. Figure 21 shows the ESB in input/output clock mode.

Figure 21. ESB in Input/Output Clock Mode *Note (1)*



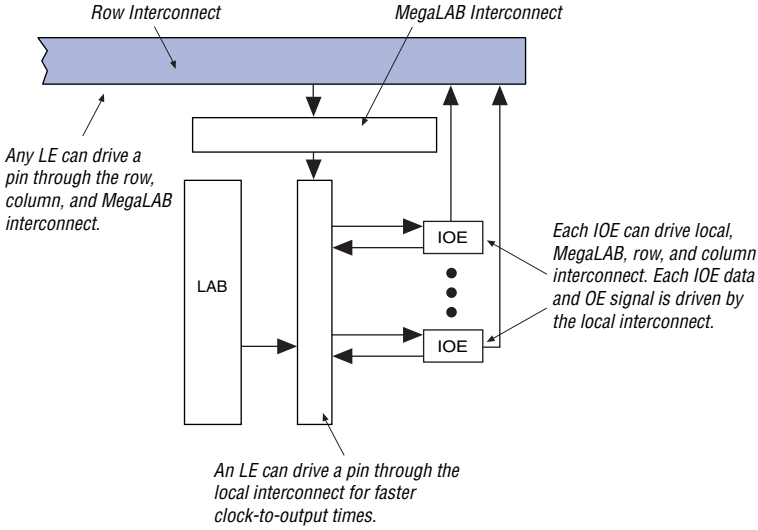
Notes to Figure 21:
(1) All registers can be cleared asynchronously by ESB local interconnect signals, global signals, or the chip-wide reset.
(2) APEX 20KE devices have four dedicated clocks.

Single-Port Mode

The APEX 20K ESB also supports a single-port mode, which is used when simultaneous reads and writes are not required. See Figure 22.

Each IOE drives a row, column, MegaLAB, or local interconnect when used as an input or bidirectional pin. A row IOE can drive a local, MegaLAB, row, and column interconnect; a column IOE can drive the column interconnect. Figure 27 shows how a row IOE connects to the interconnect.

Figure 27. Row IOE Connection to the Interconnect



APEX 20KE devices also support the MultiVolt I/O interface feature. The APEX 20KE VCCINT pins must always be connected to a 1.8-V power supply. With a 1.8-V V_{CCINT} level, input pins are 1.8-V, 2.5-V, and 3.3-V tolerant. The VCCIO pins can be connected to either a 1.8-V, 2.5-V, or 3.3-V power supply, depending on the I/O standard requirements. When the VCCIO pins are connected to a 1.8-V power supply, the output levels are compatible with 1.8-V systems. When VCCIO pins are connected to a 2.5-V power supply, the output levels are compatible with 2.5-V systems. When VCCIO pins are connected to a 3.3-V power supply, the output high is 3.3 V and compatible with 3.3-V or 5.0-V systems. An APEX 20KE device is 5.0-V tolerant with the addition of a resistor.

Table 13 summarizes APEX 20KE MultiVolt I/O support.

Table 13. APEX 20KE MultiVolt I/O Support *Note (1)*

V_{CCIO} (V)	Input Signals (V)				Output Signals (V)			
	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0	1.8	2.5	3.3	5.0
1.8	✓	✓	✓		✓			
2.5	✓	✓	✓			✓		
3.3	✓	✓	✓	*(2)*			✓ *(3)*	

Notes to Table 13:

(1) The PCI clamping diode must be disabled to drive an input with voltages higher than V_{CCIO}, except for the 5.0-V input case.

(2) An APEX 20KE device can be made 5.0-V tolerant with the addition of an external resistor. You also need a PCI clamp and series resistor.

(3) When V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, an APEX 20KE device can drive a 2.5-V device with 3.3-V tolerant inputs.

ClockLock & ClockBoost Features

APEX 20K devices support the ClockLock and ClockBoost clock management features, which are implemented with PLLs. The ClockLock circuitry uses a synchronizing PLL that reduces the clock delay and skew within a device. This reduction minimizes clock-to-output and setup times while maintaining zero hold times. The ClockBoost circuitry, which provides a clock multiplier, allows the designer to enhance device area efficiency by sharing resources within the device. The ClockBoost circuitry allows the designer to distribute a low-speed clock and multiply that clock on-device. APEX 20K devices include a high-speed clock tree; unlike ASICs, the user does not have to design and optimize the clock tree. The ClockLock and ClockBoost features work in conjunction with the APEX 20K device's high-speed clock to provide significant improvements in system performance and band-width. Devices with an X-suffix on the ordering code include the ClockLock circuit.

The ClockLock and ClockBoost features in APEX 20K devices are enabled through the Quartus II software. External devices are not required to use these features.

For designs that require both a multiplied and non-multiplied clock, the clock trace on the board can be connected to CLK2p. Table 14 shows the combinations supported by the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry. The CLK2p pin can feed both the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry in the APEX 20K device. However, when both circuits are used, the other clock pin (CLK1p) cannot be used.

Table 14. Multiplication Factor Combinations

Clock 1	Clock 2
×1	×1
×1, ×2	×2
×1, ×2, ×4	×4

APEX 20KE ClockLock Feature

APEX 20KE devices include an enhanced ClockLock feature set. These devices include up to four PLLs, which can be used independently. Two PLLs are designed for either general-purpose use or LVDS use (on devices that support LVDS I/O pins). The remaining two PLLs are designed for general-purpose use. The EP20K200E and smaller devices have two PLLs; the EP20K300E and larger devices have four PLLs.

The following sections describe some of the features offered by the APEX 20KE PLLs.

External PLL Feedback

The ClockLock circuit's output can be driven off-chip to clock other devices in the system; further, the feedback loop of the PLL can be routed off-chip. This feature allows the designer to exercise fine control over the I/O interface between the APEX 20KE device and another high-speed device, such as SDRAM.

Clock Multiplication

The APEX 20KE ClockBoost circuit can multiply or divide clocks by a programmable number. The clock can be multiplied by $m/(n \times k)$ or $m/(n \times v)$, where m and k range from 2 to 160, and n and v range from 1 to 16. Clock multiplication and division can be used for time-domain multiplexing and other functions, which can reduce design LE requirements.

The APEX 20K device instruction register length is 10 bits. The APEX 20K device USERCODE register length is 32 bits. Tables 20 and 21 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for APEX 20K devices.

Table 20. APEX 20K Boundary-Scan Register Length

Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EP20K30E	420
EP20K60E	624
EP20K100	786
EP20K100E	774
EP20K160E	984
EP20K200	1,176
EP20K200E	1,164
EP20K300E	1,266
EP20K400	1,536
EP20K400E	1,506
EP20K600E	1,806
EP20K1000E	2,190
EP20K1500E	1 *(1)*

Note to Table 20:
(1) This device does not support JTAG boundary scan testing.

Table 24. APEX 20K 5.0-V Tolerant Device Recommended Operating Conditions *Note (2)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	*(4), (5)*	2.375 (2.375)	2.625 (2.625)	V
V_{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	*(4), (5)*	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	*(4), (5)*	2.375 (2.375)	2.625 (2.625)	V
V_I	Input voltage	*(3), (6)*	–0.5	5.75	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	85	° C
		For industrial use	–40	100	° C
t_R	Input rise time			40	ns
t_F	Input fall time			40	ns

Table 25. APEX 20K 5.0-V Tolerant Device DC Operating Conditions (Part 1 of 2) *Notes (2), (7), (8)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		1.7, 0.5 × V_{CCIO} *(9)*		5.75	V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage		–0.5		0.8, 0.3 × V_{CCIO} *(9)*	V
V_{OH}	3.3-V high-level TTL output voltage	I_{OH} = –8 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(10)*	2.4			V
	3.3-V high-level CMOS output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(10)*	V_{CCIO} – 0.2			V
	3.3-V high-level PCI output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.5 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 to 3.60 V *(10)*	0.9 × V_{CCIO}			V
	2.5-V high-level output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(10)*	2.1			V
		I_{OH} = –1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(10)*	2.0			V
		I_{OH} = –2 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(10)*	1.7			V

Table 29. APEX 20KE Device DC Operating Conditions *Notes (7), (8), (9)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{IH}	High-level LVTTL, CMOS, or 3.3-V PCI input voltage		1.7, 0.5 × V_{CCIO} *(10)*		4.1	V
V_{IL}	Low-level LVTTL, CMOS, or 3.3-V PCI input voltage		–0.5		0.8, 0.3 × V_{CCIO} *(10)*	V
V_{OH}	3.3-V high-level LVTTL output voltage	I_{OH} = –12 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(11)*	2.4			V
	3.3-V high-level LVCMOS output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(11)*	V_{CCIO} – 0.2			V
	3.3-V high-level PCI output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.5 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 to 3.60 V *(11)*	0.9 × V_{CCIO}			V
	2.5-V high-level output voltage	I_{OH} = –0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(11)*	2.1			V
		I_{OH} = –1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(11)*	2.0			V
		I_{OH} = –2 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(11)*	1.7			V
V_{OL}	3.3-V low-level LVTTL output voltage	I_{OL} = 12 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(12)*			0.4	V
	3.3-V low-level LVCMOS output voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 V *(12)*			0.2	V
	3.3-V low-level PCI output voltage	I_{OL} = 1.5 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 3.00 to 3.60 V *(12)*			0.1 × V_{CCIO}	V
	2.5-V low-level output voltage	I_{OL} = 0.1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(12)*			0.2	V
		I_{OL} = 1 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(12)*			0.4	V
		I_{OL} = 2 mA DC, V_{CCIO} = 2.30 V *(12)*			0.7	V
I_I	Input pin leakage current	V_I = 4.1 to –0.5 V *(13)*	–10		10	µA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin leakage current	V_O = 4.1 to –0.5 V *(13)*	–10		10	µA
I_{CC0}	V_{CC} supply current (standby) (All ESBs in power-down mode)	V_I = ground, no load, no toggling inputs, -1 speed grade		10		mA
		V_I = ground, no load, no toggling inputs, -2, -3 speed grades		5		mA
R_{CONF}	Value of I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration	V_{CCIO} = 3.0 V *(14)*	20		50	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 2.375 V *(14)*	30		80	kΩ
		V_{CCIO} = 1.71 V *(14)*	60		150	kΩ

For DC Operating Specifications on APEX 20KE I/O standards, please refer to *Application Note 117 (Using Selectable I/O Standards in Altera Devices).*

Table 30. APEX 20KE Device Capacitance *Note (15)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
C_{IN}	Input capacitance	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF
C_{INCLK}	Input capacitance on dedicated clock pin	V_{IN} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		12	pF
C_{OUT}	Output capacitance	V_{OUT} = 0 V, f = 1.0 MHz		8	pF

Notes to Tables 27 through 30:

(1) See the *Operating Requirements for Altera Devices Data Sheet*.
(2) Minimum DC input is –0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to 5.75 V for input currents less than 100 mA and periods shorter than 20 ns.
(3) Numbers in parentheses are for industrial-temperature-range devices.
(4) Maximum V_{CC} rise time is 100 ms, and V_{CC} must rise monotonically.
(5) Minimum DC input is –0.5 V. During transitions, the inputs may undershoot to –2.0 V or overshoot to the voltage shown in the following table based on input duty cycle for input currents less than 100 mA. The overshoot is dependent upon duty cycle of the signal. The DC case is equivalent to 100% duty cycle.

Vin	Max. Duty Cycle
4.0V	100% (DC)
4.1	90%
4.2	50%
4.3	30%
4.4	17%
4.5	10%

(6) All pins, including dedicated inputs, clock, I/O, and JTAG pins, may be driven before V_{CCINT} and V_{CCIO} are powered.
(7) Typical values are for T_A = 25° C, V_{CCINT} = 1.8 V, and V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 2.5 V or 3.3 V.
(8) These values are specified under the APEX 20KE device recommended operating conditions, shown in Table 24 on page 60.
(9) Refer to *Application Note 117 (Using Selectable I/O Standards in Altera Devices)* for the V_{IH}, V_{IL}, V_{OH}, V_{OL}, and I_I parameters when VCCIO = 1.8 V.
(10) The APEX 20KE input buffers are compatible with 1.8-V, 2.5-V and 3.3-V (LVTTL and LVCMOS) signals. Additionally, the input buffers are 3.3-V PCI compliant. Input buffers also meet specifications for GTL+, CTT, AGP, SSTL-2, SSTL-3, and HSTL.
(11) The I_{OH} parameter refers to high-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current.
(12) The I_{OL} parameter refers to low-level TTL, PCI, or CMOS output current. This parameter applies to open-drain pins as well as output pins.
(13) This value is specified for normal device operation. The value may vary during power-up.
(14) Pin pull-up resistance values will be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than V_{CCIO}.
(15) Capacitance is sample-tested only.

Figure 33 shows the relationship between V_{CCIO} and V_{CCINT} for 3.3-V PCI compliance on APEX 20K devices.

Table 36. APEX 20KE Routing Timing Microparameters Note (1)	
Symbol	**Parameter**
t_{F1-4}	Fanout delay using Local Interconnect
t_{F5-20}	Fanout delay estimate using MegaLab Interconnect
t_{F20+}	Fanout delay estimate using FastTrack Interconnect

Note to Table 36:

(1) These parameters are worst-case values for typical applications. Post-compilation timing simulation and timing analysis are required to determine actual worst-case performance.

Table 37. APEX 20KE Functional Timing Microparameters	
Symbol	**Parameter**
TCH	Minimum clock high time from clock pin
TCL	Minimum clock low time from clock pin
TCLRP	LE clear Pulse Width
TPREP	LE preset pulse width
TESBCH	Clock high time for ESB
TESBCL	Clock low time for ESB
TESBWP	Write pulse width
TESBRP	Read pulse width

Tables 38 and 39 describe the APEX 20KE external timing parameters.

Table 38. APEX 20KE External Timing Parameters Note (1)		
Symbol	**Clock Parameter**	**Conditions**
t_{INSU}	Setup time with global clock at IOE input register	
t_{INH}	Hold time with global clock at IOE input register	
t_{OUTCO}	Clock-to-output delay with global clock at IOE output register	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{INSUPLL}$	Setup time with PLL clock at IOE input register	
t_{INHPLL}	Hold time with PLL clock at IOE input register	
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	Clock-to-output delay with PLL clock at IOE output register	C1 = 10 pF

Table 52. EP20K30E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CH}	0.55		0.78		1.15		ns
t_{CL}	0.55		0.78		1.15		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.22		0.31		0.46		ns
t_{PREP}	0.22		0.31		0.46		ns
t_{ESBCH}	0.55		0.78		1.15		ns
t_{ESBCL}	0.55		0.78		1.15		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.43		2.01		2.97		ns
t_{ESBRP}	1.15		1.62		2.39		ns

Table 53. EP20K30E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU}	2.02		2.13		2.24		ns
t_{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t_{OUTCO}	2.00	4.88	2.00	5.36	2.00	5.88	ns
$t_{INSUPLL}$	2.11		2.23		-		ns
t_{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	0.50	2.60	0.50	2.88	-	-	ns

Table 54. EP20K30E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	1.85		1.77		1.54		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	2.00	4.88	2.00	5.36	2.00	5.88	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$		7.48		8.46		9.83	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$		7.48		8.46		9.83	ns
$t_{INSUBIDIRPLL}$	4.12		4.24		-		ns
$t_{INHBIDIRPLL}$	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}$	0.50	2.60	0.50	2.88	-	-	ns
$t_{XZBIDIRPLL}$		5.21		5.99		-	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIRPLL}$		5.21		5.99		-	ns

Table 76. EP20K200E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t_{CL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t_{PREP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t_{ESBCH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t_{ESBCL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.18		1.48		1.76		ns
t_{ESBRP}	0.95		1.17		1.41		ns

Table 77. EP20K200E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU}	2.24		2.35		2.47		ns
t_{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t_{OUTCO}	2.00	5.12	2.00	5.62	2.00	6.11	ns
$t_{INSUPLL}$	2.13		2.07		-		ns
t_{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	0.50	3.01	0.50	3.36	-	-	ns

Table 82. EP20K300E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{CL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.19		0.26		0.35		ns
t_{PREP}	0.19		0.26		0.35		ns
t_{ESBCH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{ESBCL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.25		1.71		2.28		ns
t_{ESBRP}	1.01		1.38		1.84		ns

Table 83. EP20K300E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU}	2.31		2.44		2.57		ns
t_{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t_{OUTCO}	2.00	5.29	2.00	5.82	2.00	6.24	ns
$t_{INSUPLL}$	1.76		1.85		-		ns
t_{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	0.50	2.65	0.50	2.95	-	-	ns

Table 84. EP20K300E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	2.77		2.85		3.11		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	2.00	5.29	2.00	5.82	2.00	6.24	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$		7.59		8.30		9.09	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$		7.59		8.30		9.09	ns
$t_{INSUBIDIRPLL}$	2.50		2.76		-		ns
$t_{INHBIDIRPLL}$	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}$	0.50	2.65	0.50	2.95	-	-	ns
$t_{XZBIDIRPLL}$		5.00		5.43		-	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIRPLL}$		5.00		5.43		-	ns

Table 90. EP20K400E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	2.93		3.23		3.44		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	2.00	5.25	2.00	5.79	2.00	6.32	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$		5.95		6.77		7.12	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$		5.95		6.77		7.12	ns
$t_{INSUBIDIRPLL}$	4.31		4.76		-		ns
$t_{INHBIDIRPLL}$	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}$	0.50	2.25	0.50	2.45	-	-	ns
$t_{XZBIDIRPLL}$		2.94		3.43		-	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIRPLL}$		2.94		3.43		-	ns

Tables 91 through 96 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K600E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 91. EP20K600E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.16		0.16		0.17		ns
t_{H}	0.29		0.33		0.37		ns
t_{CO}		0.65		0.38		0.49	ns
t_{LUT}		0.70		1.00		1.30	ns

Table 98. EP20K1000E f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.78		2.02		1.95	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.52		2.91		3.14	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.52		4.11		4.40	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.23		3.84		4.16	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.62		0.67		0.61		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.77		0.79		0.81		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.74		1.92		1.85		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.01		0.23		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	2.07		2.28		2.41		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	0.25		0.27		0.29		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.11		0.04		0.11		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.14		0.11		0.16		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.29		1.50		1.63	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.55		2.99		3.22	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.12		3.57		3.85	ns
t_{PD}		1.84		2.13		2.32	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.08		1.19		1.32		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.31		1.53		1.66	ns

Table 99. EP20K1000E f_{MAX} Routing Delays

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{F1-4}		0.27		0.27		0.27	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.45		1.63		1.75	ns
t_{F20+}		4.15		4.33		4.97	ns

Table 100. EP20K1000E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{CL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.20		0.20		0.20		ns
t_{PREP}	0.20		0.20		0.20		ns
t_{ESBCH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{ESBCL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.28		1.51		1.65		ns
t_{ESBRP}	1.11		1.29		1.41		ns

Table 101. EP20K1000E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU}	2.70		2.84		2.97		ns
t_{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t_{OUTCO}	2.00	5.75	2.00	6.33	2.00	6.90	ns
$t_{INSUPLL}$	1.64		2.09		-		ns
t_{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	0.50	2.25	0.50	2.99	-	-	ns

Table 102. EP20K1000E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	3.22		3.33		3.51		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	2.00	5.75	2.00	6.33	2.00	6.90	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$		6.31		7.09		7.76	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$		6.31		7.09		7.76	ns
$t_{INSUBIDIRPLL}$	3.25		3.26				ns
$t_{INHBIDIRPLL}$	0.00		0.00				ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}$	0.50	2.25	0.50	2.99			ns
$t_{XZBIDIRPLL}$		2.81		3.80			ns
$t_{ZXBIDIRPLL}$		2.81		3.80			ns

Tables 103 through 108 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K1500E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 103. EP20K1500E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_{H}	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_{CO}		0.28		0.32		0.33	ns
t_{LUT}		0.80		0.95		1.13	ns