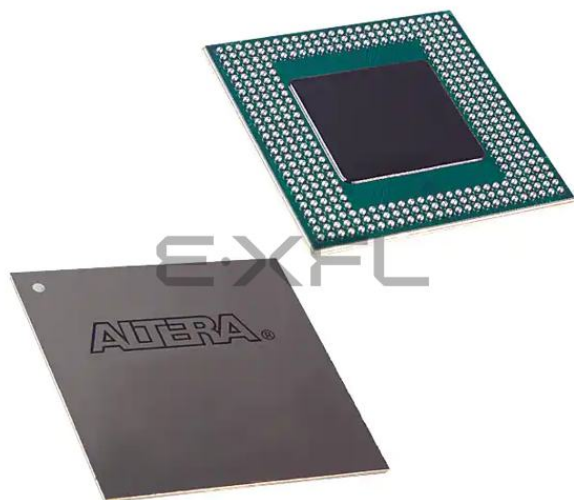




Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

Understanding Embedded - FPGAs (Field Programmable Gate Array)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	832
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	8320
Total RAM Bits	106496
Number of I/O	277
Number of Gates	526000
Voltage - Supply	2.375V ~ 2.625V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	356-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	356-BGA (35x35)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep20k200bi356-2

Table 2. Additional APEX 20K Device Features *Note (1)*

Feature	EP20K300E	EP20K400	EP20K400E	EP20K600E	EP20K1000E	EP20K1500E
Maximum system gates	728,000	1,052,000	1,052,000	1,537,000	1,772,000	2,392,000
Typical gates	300,000	400,000	400,000	600,000	1,000,000	1,500,000
LEs	11,520	16,640	16,640	24,320	38,400	51,840
ESBs	72	104	104	152	160	216
Maximum RAM bits	147,456	212,992	212,992	311,296	327,680	442,368
Maximum macrocells	1,152	1,664	1,664	2,432	2,560	3,456
Maximum user I/O pins	408	502	488	588	708	808

Note to Tables 1 and 2:

- (1) The embedded IEEE Std. 1149.1 Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) boundary-scan circuitry contributes up to 57,000 additional gates.

Additional Features

- Designed for low-power operation
 - 1.8-V and 2.5-V supply voltage (see Table 3)
 - MultiVolt™ I/O interface support to interface with 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V devices (see Table 3)
 - ESB offering programmable power-saving mode

Table 3. APEX 20K Supply Voltages

Feature	Device	
	EP20K100 EP20K200 EP20K400	EP20K30E EP20K60E EP20K100E EP20K160E EP20K200E EP20K300E EP20K400E EP20K600E EP20K1000E EP20K1500E
Internal supply voltage (V_{CCINT})	2.5 V	1.8 V
MultiVolt I/O interface voltage levels (V_{CCIO})	2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V	1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V (1)

Note to Table 3:

- (1) APEX 20KE devices can be 5.0-V tolerant by using an external resistor.

Table 5. APEX 20K FineLine BGA Package Options & I/O Count *Notes (1), (2)*

Device	144 Pin	324 Pin	484 Pin	672 Pin	1,020 Pin
EP20K30E	93	128			
EP20K60E	93	196			
EP20K100		252			
EP20K100E	93	246			
EP20K160E			316		
EP20K200			382		
EP20K200E			376	376	
EP20K300E				408	
EP20K400				502 (3)	
EP20K400E				488 (3)	
EP20K600E				508 (3)	588
EP20K1000E				508 (3)	708
EP20K1500E					808

Notes to Tables 4 and 5:

- (1) I/O counts include dedicated input and clock pins.
- (2) APEX 20K device package types include thin quad flat pack (TQFP), plastic quad flat pack (PQFP), power quad flat pack (RQFP), 1.27-mm pitch ball-grid array (BGA), 1.00-mm pitch FineLine BGA, and pin-grid array (PGA) packages.
- (3) This device uses a thermally enhanced package, which is taller than the regular package. Consult the *Altera Device Package Information Data Sheet* for detailed package size information.

Table 6. APEX 20K QFP, BGA & PGA Package Sizes

Feature	144-Pin TQFP	208-Pin QFP	240-Pin QFP	356-Pin BGA	652-Pin BGA	655-Pin PGA
Pitch (mm)	0.50	0.50	0.50	1.27	1.27	—
Area (mm ²)	484	924	1,218	1,225	2,025	3,906
Length × Width (mm × mm)	22 × 22	30.4 × 30.4	34.9 × 34.9	35 × 35	45 × 45	62.5 × 62.5

Table 7. APEX 20K FineLine BGA Package Sizes

Feature	144 Pin	324 Pin	484 Pin	672 Pin	1,020 Pin
Pitch (mm)	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Area (mm ²)	169	361	529	729	1,089
Length × Width (mm × mm)	13 × 13	19 × 19	23 × 23	27 × 27	33 × 33

All APEX 20K devices are reconfigurable and are 100% tested prior to shipment. As a result, test vectors do not have to be generated for fault coverage purposes. Instead, the designer can focus on simulation and design verification. In addition, the designer does not need to manage inventories of different application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) designs; APEX 20K devices can be configured on the board for the specific functionality required.

APEX 20K devices are configured at system power-up with data stored in an Altera serial configuration device or provided by a system controller. Altera offers in-system programmability (ISP)-capable EPC1, EPC2, and EPC16 configuration devices, which configure APEX 20K devices via a serial data stream. Moreover, APEX 20K devices contain an optimized interface that permits microprocessors to configure APEX 20K devices serially or in parallel, and synchronously or asynchronously. The interface also enables microprocessors to treat APEX 20K devices as memory and configure the device by writing to a virtual memory location, making reconfiguration easy.

After an APEX 20K device has been configured, it can be reconfigured in-circuit by resetting the device and loading new data. Real-time changes can be made during system operation, enabling innovative reconfigurable computing applications.

APEX 20K devices are supported by the Altera Quartus II development system, a single, integrated package that offers HDL and schematic design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, full simulation and worst-case timing analysis, SignalTap logic analysis, and device configuration. The Quartus II software runs on Windows-based PCs, Sun SPARCstations, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.

The Quartus II software provides NativeLink interfaces to other industry-standard PC- and UNIX workstation-based EDA tools. For example, designers can invoke the Quartus II software from within third-party design tools. Further, the Quartus II software contains built-in optimized synthesis libraries; synthesis tools can use these libraries to optimize designs for APEX 20K devices. For example, the Synopsys Design Compiler library, supplied with the Quartus II development system, includes DesignWare functions optimized for the APEX 20K architecture.

APEX 20K devices provide two dedicated clock pins and four dedicated input pins that drive register control inputs. These signals ensure efficient distribution of high-speed, low-skew control signals. These signals use dedicated routing channels to provide short delays and low skews. Four of the dedicated inputs drive four global signals. These four global signals can also be driven by internal logic, providing an ideal solution for a clock divider or internally generated asynchronous clear signals with high fan-out. The dedicated clock pins featured on the APEX 20K devices can also feed logic. The devices also feature ClockLock and ClockBoost clock management circuitry. APEX 20KE devices provide two additional dedicated clock pins, for a total of four dedicated clock pins.

MegaLAB Structure

APEX 20K devices are constructed from a series of MegaLAB™ structures. Each MegaLAB structure contains a group of logic array blocks (LABs), one ESB, and a MegaLAB interconnect, which routes signals within the MegaLAB structure. The EP20K30E device has 10 LABs, EP20K60E through EP20K600E devices have 16 LABs, and the EP20K1000E and EP20K1500E devices have 24 LABs. Signals are routed between MegaLAB structures and I/O pins via the FastTrack Interconnect. In addition, edge LABs can be driven by I/O pins through the local interconnect. Figure 2 shows the MegaLAB structure.

Figure 2. MegaLAB Structure

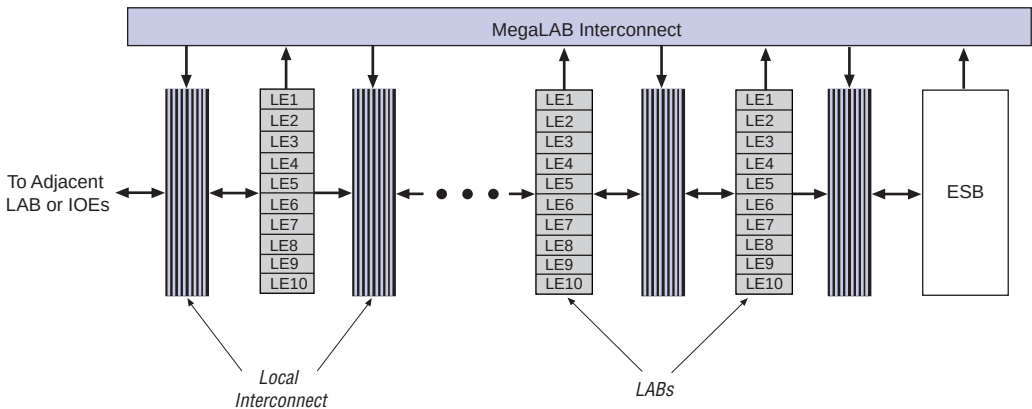


Figure 12. APEX 20KE FastRow Interconnect

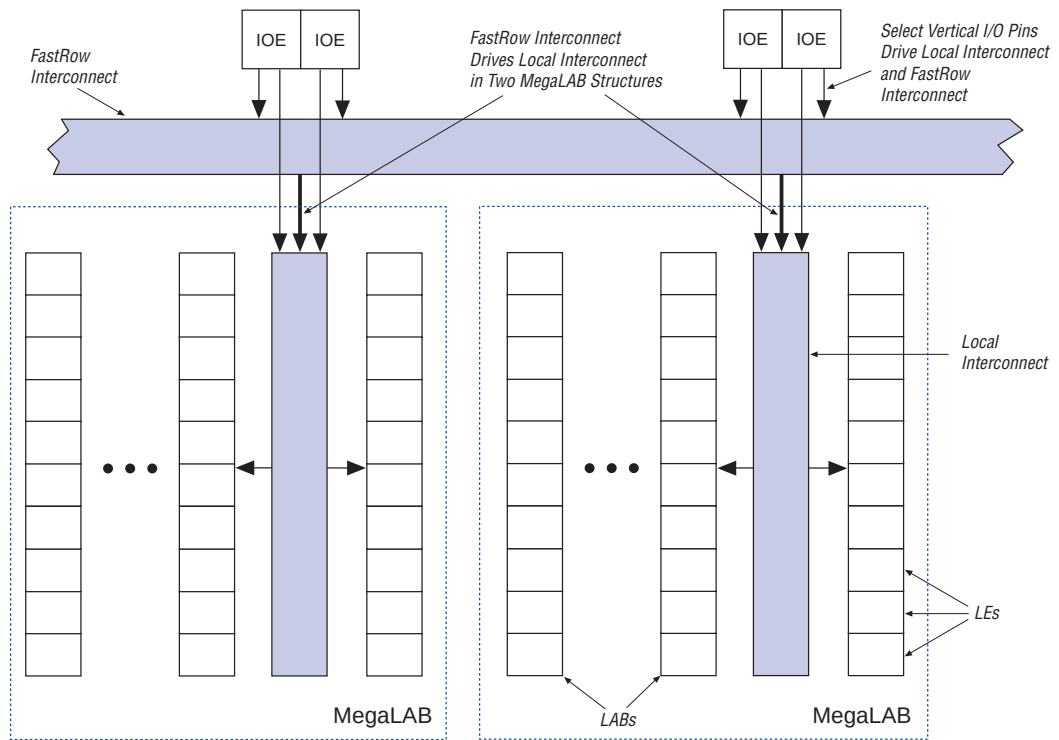
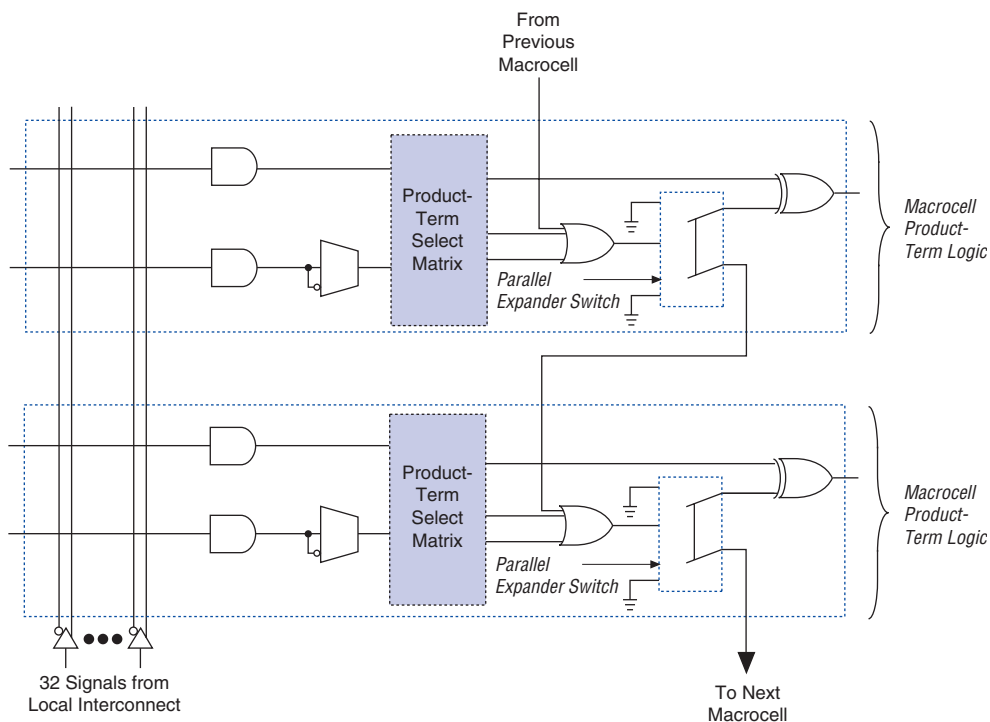


Table 9 summarizes how various elements of the APEX 20K architecture drive each other.

Figure 16. APEX 20K Parallel Expanders



Embedded System Block

The ESB can implement various types of memory blocks, including dual-port RAM, ROM, FIFO, and CAM blocks. The ESB includes input and output registers; the input registers synchronize writes, and the output registers can pipeline designs to improve system performance. The ESB offers a dual-port mode, which supports simultaneous reads and writes at two different clock frequencies. Figure 17 shows the ESB block diagram.

Figure 17. ESB Block Diagram

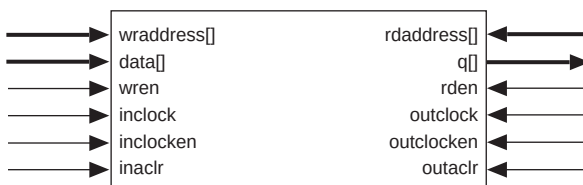


Table 21. 32-Bit APEX 20K Device IDCODE

Device	IDCODE (32 Bits) ⁽¹⁾			
	Version (4 Bits)	Part Number (16 Bits)	Manufacturer Identity (11 Bits)	1 (1 Bit) ⁽²⁾
EP20K30E	0000	1000 0000 0011 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K60E	0000	1000 0000 0110 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K100	0000	0000 0100 0001 0110	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K100E	0000	1000 0001 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K160E	0000	1000 0001 0110 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K200	0000	0000 1000 0011 0010	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K200E	0000	1000 0010 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K300E	0000	1000 0011 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K400	0000	0001 0110 0110 0100	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K400E	0000	1000 0100 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K600E	0000	1000 0110 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1
EP20K1000E	0000	1001 0000 0000 0000	000 0110 1110	1

Notes to Table 21:

- (1) The most significant bit (MSB) is on the left.
 (2) The IDCODE's least significant bit (LSB) is always 1.

Figure 31 shows the timing requirements for the JTAG signals.

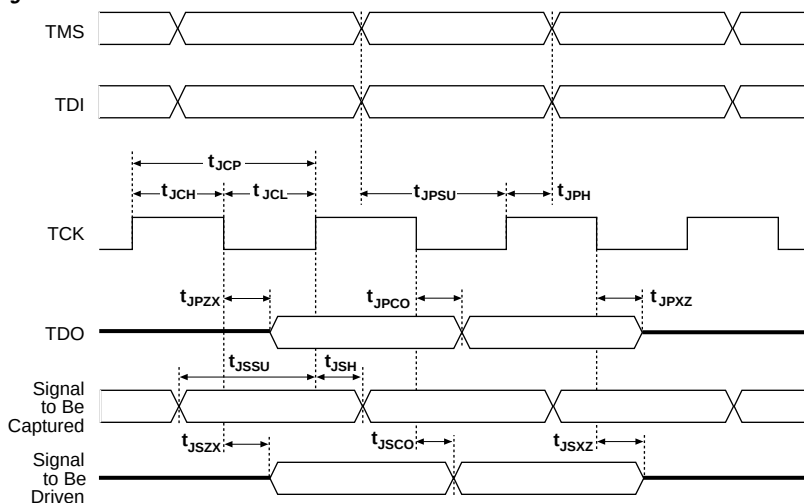
Figure 31. APEX 20K JTAG Waveforms

Table 25. APEX 20K 5.0-V Tolerant Device DC Operating Conditions (Part 2 of 2) Notes (2), (7), (8)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{OL}	3.3-V low-level TTL output voltage	$I_{OL} = 12 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 3.00 \text{ V}$ (11)			0.45	V
	3.3-V low-level CMOS output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 3.00 \text{ V}$ (11)			0.2	V
	3.3-V low-level PCI output voltage	$I_{OL} = 1.5 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 3.00 \text{ to } 3.60 \text{ V}$ (11)			$0.1 \times V_{CCIO}$	V
	2.5-V low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = 0.1 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 2.30 \text{ V}$ (11)			0.2	V
		$I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 2.30 \text{ V}$ (11)			0.4	V
		$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA DC}$, $V_{CCIO} = 2.30 \text{ V}$ (11)			0.7	V
I_I	Input pin leakage current	$V_I = 5.75 \text{ to } -0.5 \text{ V}$	-10		10	μA
I_{OZ}	Tri-stated I/O pin leakage current	$V_O = 5.75 \text{ to } -0.5 \text{ V}$	-10		10	μA
I_{CC0}	V_{CC} supply current (standby) (All ESBs in power-down mode)	$V_I = \text{ground}$, no load, no toggling inputs, -1 speed grade (12)		10		mA
		$V_I = \text{ground}$, no load, no toggling inputs, -2, -3 speed grades (12)		5		mA
R_{CONF}	Value of I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration	$V_{CCIO} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ (13)	20		50	W
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.375 \text{ V}$ (13)	30		80	W

Figures 38 and 39 show the asynchronous and synchronous timing waveforms, respectively, for the ESB macroparameters in Table 31.

Figure 38. ESB Asynchronous Timing Waveforms

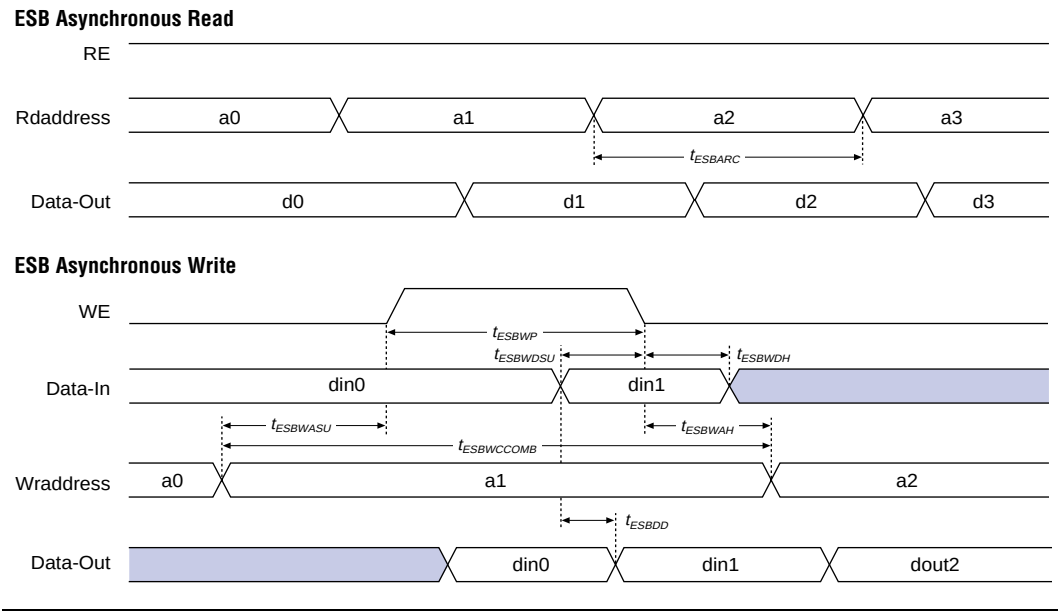


Table 31. APEX 20K t_{MAX} Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter
$t_{ESB\text{DATA}CO2}$	ESB clock-to-output delay without output registers
t_{ESBDD}	ESB data-in to data-out delay for RAM mode
t_{PD}	ESB macrocell input to non-registered output
$t_{PTERMSU}$	ESB macrocell register setup time before clock
$t_{PTERMCO}$	ESB macrocell register clock-to-output delay
t_{F1-4}	Fanout delay using local interconnect
t_{F5-20}	Fanout delay using MegaLab Interconnect
t_{F20+}	Fanout delay using FastTrack Interconnect
t_{CH}	Minimum clock high time from clock pin
t_{CL}	Minimum clock low time from clock pin
t_{CLRP}	LE clear pulse width
t_{PREP}	LE preset pulse width
t_{ESBCH}	Clock high time
t_{ESBCL}	Clock low time
t_{ESBWP}	Write pulse width
t_{ESBRP}	Read pulse width

Tables 32 and 33 describe APEX 20K external timing parameters.

Table 32. APEX 20K External Timing Parameters Note (1)

Symbol	Clock Parameter
t_{INSU}	Setup time with global clock at IOE register
t_{INH}	Hold time with global clock at IOE register
t_{OUTCO}	Clock-to-output delay with global clock at IOE register

Table 33. APEX 20K External Bidirectional Timing Parameters Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	Setup time for bidirectional pins with global clock at same-row or same-column LE register	
$t_{INH\text{BIDIR}}$	Hold time for bidirectional pins with global clock at same-row or same-column LE register	
$t_{OUTCO\text{BIDIR}}$	Clock-to-output delay for bidirectional pins with global clock at IOE register	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{XZ\text{BIDIR}}$	Synchronous IOE output buffer disable delay	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$	Synchronous IOE output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off	C1 = 10 pF

Note to [Tables 32 and 33](#):

(1) These timing parameters are sample-tested only.

[Tables 34 through 37](#) show APEX 20KE LE, ESB, routing, and functional timing microparameters for the f_{MAX} timing model.

Table 34. APEX 20KE LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	Parameter
t_{SU}	LE register setup time before clock
t_H	LE register hold time after clock
t_{CO}	LE register clock-to-output delay
t_{LUT}	LUT delay for data-in to data-out

Table 35. APEX 20KE ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	Parameter
t_{ESBARC}	ESB Asynchronous read cycle time
t_{ESBSRC}	ESB Synchronous read cycle time
t_{ESBAWC}	ESB Asynchronous write cycle time
t_{ESBSWC}	ESB Synchronous write cycle time
$t_{ESBWASU}$	ESB write address setup time with respect to WE
t_{ESBWAH}	ESB write address hold time with respect to WE
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	ESB data setup time with respect to WE
t_{ESBWDH}	ESB data hold time with respect to WE
$t_{ESBRASU}$	ESB read address setup time with respect to RE
t_{ESBRAH}	ESB read address hold time with respect to RE
$t_{ESBWESU}$	ESB WE setup time before clock when using input register
t_{ESBWEH}	ESB WE hold time after clock when using input register
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	ESB data setup time before clock when using input register
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	ESB data hold time after clock when using input register
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	ESB write address setup time before clock when using input registers
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	ESB read address setup time before clock when using input registers
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$	ESB clock-to-output delay when using output registers
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$	ESB clock-to-output delay without output registers
t_{ESBDD}	ESB data-in to data-out delay for RAM mode
t_{PD}	ESB Macrocell input to non-registered output
$t_{PTERMSU}$	ESB Macrocell register setup time before clock
$t_{PTERMCO}$	ESB Macrocell register clock-to-output delay

Notes to **Tables 43 through 48**:

- (1) This parameter is measured without using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.
- (2) This parameter is measured using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.

Tables 49 through 54 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K30E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 49. EP20K30E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters							
Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.01		0.02		0.02		ns
t_H	0.11		0.16		0.23		ns
t_{CO}		0.32		0.45		0.67	ns
t_{LUT}		0.85		1.20		1.77	ns

Tables 67 through 72 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K160E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 67. EP20K160E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.22		0.24		0.26		ns
t_H	0.22		0.24		0.26		ns
t_{CO}		0.25		0.31		0.35	ns
t_{LUT}		0.69		0.88		1.12	ns

Table 68. EP20K160E t_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.65		2.02		2.11	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.21		2.70		3.11	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.04		3.79		4.42	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		2.81		3.56		4.10	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.54		0.66		0.73		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.36		0.45		0.47		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.68		0.81		0.94		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.36		0.45		0.47		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.58		1.87		2.06		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.01		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.41		1.71		2.00		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	-0.02		-0.03		0.09		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.14		0.17		0.35		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.21		0.27		0.43		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.04		1.30		1.46	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.15		2.70		3.16	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.69		3.35		3.97	ns
t_{PD}		1.55		1.93		2.29	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.01		1.23		1.52		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.06		1.32		1.04	ns

Table 76. EP20K200E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{CH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{CL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{CLRP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t _{PREP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t _{ESBCH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{ESBCL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{ESBWP}	1.18		1.48		1.76		ns
t _{ESBRP}	0.95		1.17		1.41		ns

Table 77. EP20K200E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU}	2.24		2.35		2.47		ns
t _{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCO}	2.00	5.12	2.00	5.62	2.00	6.11	ns
t _{INSUPLL}	2.13		2.07		-		ns
t _{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOPLL}	0.50	3.01	0.50	3.36	-	-	ns

Table 80. EP20K300E t_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.79		2.44		3.25	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.40		3.12		4.01	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.41		4.65		6.20	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.68		4.68		5.93	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	1.55		2.12		2.83		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	1.71		2.33		3.11		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.72		2.34		3.13		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.63		2.36		3.28		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	0.07		0.39		0.80		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.27		0.67		1.17		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.34		0.75		1.28		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.03		1.20		1.40	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.33		3.18		4.24	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.41		4.65		6.20	ns
t_{PD}		1.68		2.29		3.06	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	0.96		1.48		2.14		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.05		1.22		1.42	ns

Table 81. EP20K300E t_{MAX} Routing Delays

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{F1-4}		0.22		0.24		0.26	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.33		1.43		1.58	ns
t_{F20+}		3.63		3.93		4.35	ns

Table 86. EP20K400E t_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.67		1.91		1.99	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.30		2.66		2.93	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.09		3.58		3.99	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.01		3.65		4.05	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.54		0.63		0.65		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.36		0.43		0.42		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.69		0.77		0.84		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.36		0.43		0.42		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.61		1.77		1.86		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.01		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.35		1.47		1.61		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	-0.18		-0.30		-0.27		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	-0.02		-0.11		-0.03		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.06		-0.01		-0.05		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.16		1.40		1.54	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.18		2.55		2.85	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.73		3.17		3.58	ns
t_{PD}		1.57		1.83		2.07	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	0.92		0.99		1.18		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.18		1.43		1.17	ns

Table 87. EP20K400E t_{MAX} Routing Delays

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{F1-4}		0.25		0.25		0.26	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.01		1.12		1.25	ns
t_{F20+}		3.71		3.92		4.17	ns

Table 88. EP20K400E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{CH}	1.36		2.22		2.35		ns
t_{CL}	1.36		2.26		2.35		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.18		0.18		0.19		ns
t_{PREP}	0.18		0.18		0.19		ns
t_{ESBCH}	1.36		2.26		2.35		ns
t_{ESBCL}	1.36		2.26		2.35		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.17		1.38		1.56		ns
t_{ESBRP}	0.94		1.09		1.25		ns

Table 89. EP20K400E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU}	2.51		2.64		2.77		ns
t_{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t_{OUTCO}	2.00	5.25	2.00	5.79	2.00	6.32	ns
$t_{INSUPLL}$	3.221		3.38		-		ns
t_{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{OUTCOPLL}$	0.50	2.25	0.50	2.45	-	-	ns

Tables 97 through 102 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K1000E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 97. EP20K1000E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_H	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_{CO}		0.28		0.32		0.33	ns
t_{LUT}		0.80		0.95		1.13	ns

Version 4.1

APEX 20K Programmable Logic Device Family Data Sheet version 4.1 contains the following changes:

- t_{ESBWEH} added to [Figure 37](#) and [Tables 35, 50, 56, 62, 68, 74, 86, 92, 97, and 104](#).
- Updated EP20K300E device internal and external timing numbers in [Tables 79 through 84](#).