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Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2432
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	24320
Total RAM Bits	311296
Number of I/O	508
Number of Gates	1537000
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	672-BBGA
Supplier Device Package	672-FBGA (27x27)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep20k600efi672-3

- Flexible clock management circuitry with up to four phase-locked loops (PLLs)
 - Built-in low-skew clock tree
 - Up to eight global clock signals
 - ClockLock[®] feature reducing clock delay and skew
 - ClockBoost[®] feature providing clock multiplication and division
 - ClockShift[™] programmable clock phase and delay shifting
- Powerful I/O features
 - Compliant with peripheral component interconnect Special Interest Group (PCI SIG) *PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2* for 3.3-V operation at 33 or 66 MHz and 32 or 64 bits
 - Support for high-speed external memories, including DDR SDRAM and ZBT SRAM (ZBT is a trademark of Integrated Device Technology, Inc.)
 - Bidirectional I/O performance ($t_{CO} + t_{SU}$) up to 250 MHz
 - LVDS performance up to 840 Mbits per channel
 - Direct connection from I/O pins to local interconnect providing fast t_{CO} and t_{SU} times for complex logic
 - MultiVolt I/O interface support to interface with 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V devices (see [Table 3](#))
 - Programmable clamp to V_{CCIO}
 - Individual tri-state output enable control for each pin
 - Programmable output slew-rate control to reduce switching noise
 - Support for advanced I/O standards, including low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS), LVPECL, PCI-X, AGP, CTT, stub-series terminated logic (SSTL-3 and SSTL-2), Gunning transceiver logic plus (GTL+), and high-speed terminated logic (HSTL Class I)
 - Pull-up on I/O pins before and during configuration
- Advanced interconnect structure
 - Four-level hierarchical FastTrack[®] Interconnect structure providing fast, predictable interconnect delays
 - Dedicated carry chain that implements arithmetic functions such as fast adders, counters, and comparators (automatically used by software tools and megafunctions)
 - Dedicated cascade chain that implements high-speed, high-fan-in logic functions (automatically used by software tools and megafunctions)
 - Interleaved local interconnect allows one LE to drive 29 other LEs through the fast local interconnect
- Advanced packaging options
 - Available in a variety of packages with 144 to 1,020 pins (see [Tables 4 through 7](#))
 - FineLine BGA[®] packages maximize board space efficiency
- Advanced software support
 - Software design support and automatic place-and-route provided by the Altera[®] Quartus[®] II development system for

General Description

APEX™ 20K devices are the first PLDs designed with the MultiCore architecture, which combines the strengths of LUT-based and product-term-based devices with an enhanced memory structure. LUT-based logic provides optimized performance and efficiency for data-path, register-intensive, mathematical, or digital signal processing (DSP) designs. Product-term-based logic is optimized for complex combinatorial paths, such as complex state machines. LUT- and product-term-based logic combined with memory functions and a wide variety of MegaCore and AMPP functions make the APEX 20K device architecture uniquely suited for system-on-a-programmable-chip designs. Applications historically requiring a combination of LUT-, product-term-, and memory-based devices can now be integrated into one APEX 20K device.

APEX 20KE devices are a superset of APEX 20K devices and include additional features such as advanced I/O standard support, CAM, additional global clocks, and enhanced ClockLock clock circuitry. In addition, APEX 20KE devices extend the APEX 20K family to 1.5 million gates. APEX 20KE devices are denoted with an “E” suffix in the device name (e.g., the EP20K1000E device is an APEX 20KE device). [Table 8](#) compares the features included in APEX 20K and APEX 20KE devices.

All APEX 20K devices are reconfigurable and are 100% tested prior to shipment. As a result, test vectors do not have to be generated for fault coverage purposes. Instead, the designer can focus on simulation and design verification. In addition, the designer does not need to manage inventories of different application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) designs; APEX 20K devices can be configured on the board for the specific functionality required.

APEX 20K devices are configured at system power-up with data stored in an Altera serial configuration device or provided by a system controller. Altera offers in-system programmability (ISP)-capable EPC1, EPC2, and EPC16 configuration devices, which configure APEX 20K devices via a serial data stream. Moreover, APEX 20K devices contain an optimized interface that permits microprocessors to configure APEX 20K devices serially or in parallel, and synchronously or asynchronously. The interface also enables microprocessors to treat APEX 20K devices as memory and configure the device by writing to a virtual memory location, making reconfiguration easy.

After an APEX 20K device has been configured, it can be reconfigured in-circuit by resetting the device and loading new data. Real-time changes can be made during system operation, enabling innovative reconfigurable computing applications.

APEX 20K devices are supported by the Altera Quartus II development system, a single, integrated package that offers HDL and schematic design entry, compilation and logic synthesis, full simulation and worst-case timing analysis, SignalTap logic analysis, and device configuration. The Quartus II software runs on Windows-based PCs, Sun SPARCstations, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations.

The Quartus II software provides NativeLink interfaces to other industry-standard PC- and UNIX workstation-based EDA tools. For example, designers can invoke the Quartus II software from within third-party design tools. Further, the Quartus II software contains built-in optimized synthesis libraries; synthesis tools can use these libraries to optimize designs for APEX 20K devices. For example, the Synopsys Design Compiler library, supplied with the Quartus II development system, includes DesignWare functions optimized for the APEX 20K architecture.

Figure 12. APEX 20KE FastRow Interconnect

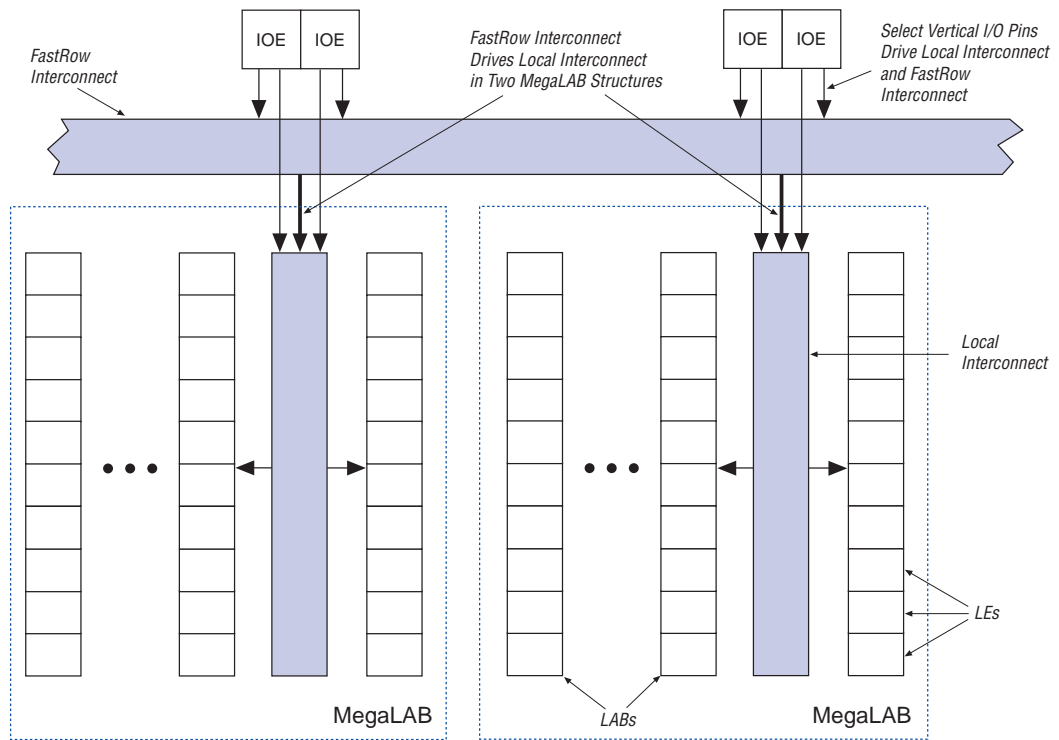
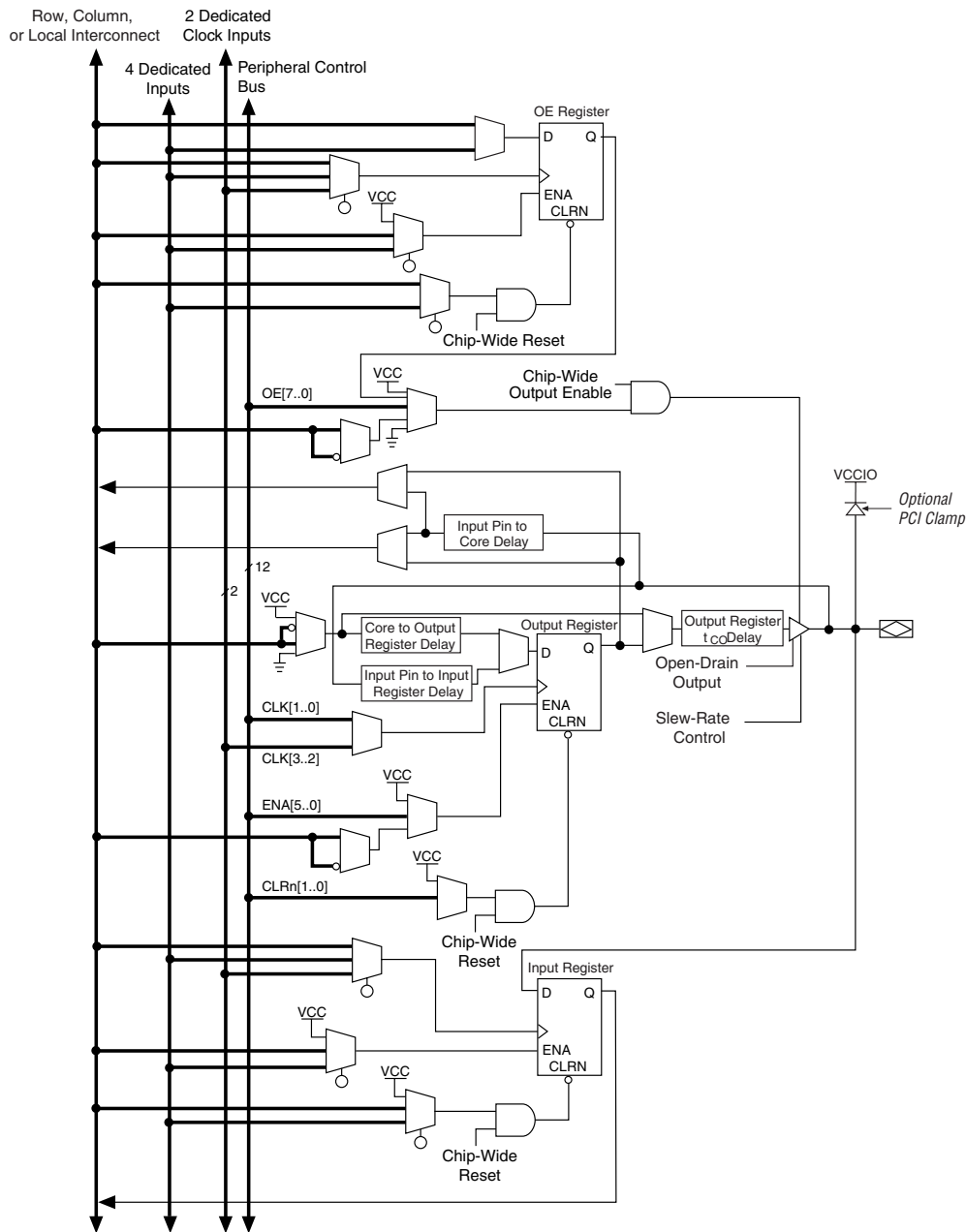


Table 9 summarizes how various elements of the APEX 20K architecture drive each other.

Figure 25. APEX 20K Bidirectional I/O Registers *Note (1)*



Note to Figure 25:

(1) The output enable and input registers are LE registers in the LAB adjacent to the bidirectional pin.

Table 15. APEX 20K ClockLock & ClockBoost Parameters for -1 Speed-Grade Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{SKEW}	Skew delay between related ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clocks		500	ps
t_{JITTER}	Jitter on ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clock (5)		200	ps
t_{INCLKSTB}	Input clock stability (measured between adjacent clocks)		50	ps

Notes to Table 15:

- (1) The PLL input frequency range for the EP20K100-1X device for 1x multiplication is 25 MHz to 175 MHz.
- (2) All input clock specifications must be met. The PLL may not lock onto an incoming clock if the clock specifications are not met, creating an erroneous clock within the device.
- (3) During device configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry is configured first. If the incoming clock is supplied during configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry locks during configuration, because the lock time is less than the configuration time.
- (4) The jitter specification is measured under long-term observation.
- (5) If the input clock stability is 100 ps, t_{JITTER} is 250 ps.

Table 16 summarizes the APEX 20K ClockLock and ClockBoost parameters for -2 speed grade devices.

Table 16. APEX 20K ClockLock & ClockBoost Parameters for -2 Speed Grade Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency	25	170	MHz
f_{CLK1}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 1)	25	170	MHz
f_{CLK2}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 2)	16	80	MHz
f_{CLK4}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 4)	10	34	MHz
t_{OUTDUTY}	Duty cycle for ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clock	40	60	%
f_{CLKDEV}	Input deviation from user specification in the Quartus II software (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals one) (1)		25,000 (2)	PPM
t_{R}	Input rise time		5	ns
t_{F}	Input fall time		5	ns
t_{LOCK}	Time required for ClockLock/ ClockBoost to acquire lock (3)		10	μs
t_{SKEW}	Skew delay between related ClockLock/ ClockBoost-generated clock	500	500	ps
t_{JITTER}	Jitter on ClockLock/ ClockBoost-generated clock (4)		200	ps
t_{INCLKSTB}	Input clock stability (measured between adjacent clocks)		50	ps

IEEE Std. 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Support

All APEX 20K devices provide JTAG BST circuitry that complies with the IEEE Std. 1149.1-1990 specification. JTAG boundary-scan testing can be performed before or after configuration, but not during configuration. APEX 20K devices can also use the JTAG port for configuration with the Quartus II software or with hardware using either Jam Files (.jam) or Jam Byte-Code Files (.jbc). Finally, APEX 20K devices use the JTAG port to monitor the logic operation of the device with the SignalTap embedded logic analyzer. APEX 20K devices support the JTAG instructions shown in Table 19. Although EP20K1500E devices support the JTAG BYPASS and SignalTap instructions, they do not support boundary-scan testing or the use of the JTAG port for configuration.

Table 19. APEX 20K JTAG Instructions

JTAG Instruction	Description
SAMPLE/PRELOAD	Allows a snapshot of signals at the device pins to be captured and examined during normal device operation, and permits an initial data pattern to be output at the device pins. Also used by the SignalTap embedded logic analyzer.
EXTEST	Allows the external circuitry and board-level interconnections to be tested by forcing a test pattern at the output pins and capturing test results at the input pins.
BYPASS (1)	Places the 1-bit bypass register between the TDI and TDO pins, which allows the BST data to pass synchronously through selected devices to adjacent devices during normal device operation.
USERCODE	Selects the 32-bit USERCODE register and places it between the TDI and TDO pins, allowing the USERCODE to be serially shifted out of TDO.
IDCODE	Selects the IDCODE register and places it between TDI and TDO, allowing the IDCODE to be serially shifted out of TDO.
ICR Instructions	Used when configuring an APEX 20K device via the JTAG port with a MasterBlaster™ or ByteBlasterMV™ download cable, or when using a Jam File or Jam Byte-Code File via an embedded processor.
SignalTap Instructions (1)	Monitors internal device operation with the SignalTap embedded logic analyzer.

Note to Table 19:

(1) The EP20K1500E device supports the JTAG BYPASS instruction and the SignalTap instructions.

The APEX 20K device instruction register length is 10 bits. The APEX 20K device USERCODE register length is 32 bits. [Tables 20 and 21](#) show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for APEX 20K devices.

Table 20. APEX 20K Boundary-Scan Register Length

Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EP20K30E	420
EP20K60E	624
EP20K100	786
EP20K100E	774
EP20K160E	984
EP20K200	1,176
EP20K200E	1,164
EP20K300E	1,266
EP20K400	1,536
EP20K400E	1,506
EP20K600E	1,806
EP20K1000E	2,190
EP20K1500E	1 (1)

Note to [Table 20](#):

- (1) This device does not support JTAG boundary scan testing.

Table 39. APEX 20KE External Bidirectional Timing Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions
$t_{\text{INSUBIDIR}}$	Setup time for bidirectional pins with global clock at LAB adjacent Input Register	
t_{INHBDIR}	Hold time for bidirectional pins with global clock at LAB adjacent Input Register	
$t_{\text{OUTCOBIDIR}}$	Clock-to-output delay for bidirectional pins with global clock at IOE output register	C1 = 10 pF
t_{XZBIDIR}	Synchronous Output Enable Register to output buffer disable delay	C1 = 10 pF
t_{ZXBIDIR}	Synchronous Output Enable Register output buffer enable delay	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{\text{INSUBIDIRPLL}}$	Setup time for bidirectional pins with PLL clock at LAB adjacent Input Register	
$t_{\text{INHBDIRPLL}}$	Hold time for bidirectional pins with PLL clock at LAB adjacent Input Register	
$t_{\text{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}}$	Clock-to-output delay for bidirectional pins with PLL clock at IOE output register	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{\text{XZBIDIRPLL}}$	Synchronous Output Enable Register to output buffer disable delay with PLL	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{\text{ZXBIDIRPLL}}$	Synchronous Output Enable Register output buffer enable delay with PLL	C1 = 10 pF

Note to Tables 38 and 39:

(1) These timing parameters are sample-tested only.

Table 43. EP20K100 External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU} (1)	2.3		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{INH} (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTCO} (1)	2.0	4.5	2.0	4.9	2.0	6.6	ns
t _{INSU} (2)	1.1		1.2		—		ns
t _{INH} (2)	0.0		0.0		—		ns
t _{OUTCO} (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	—	4.8	ns

Table 44. EP20K100 External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSUBIDIR} (1)	2.3		2.8		3.2		ns
t _{INHBIDIR} (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIR} (1)	2.0	4.5	2.0	4.9	2.0	6.6	ns
t _{XZBIDIR} (1)		5.0		5.9		6.9	ns
t _{ZXBIDIR} (1)		5.0		5.9		6.9	ns
t _{INSUBIDIR} (2)	1.0		1.2		—		ns
t _{INHBIDIR} (2)	0.0		0.0		—		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIR} (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	—	—	ns
t _{XZBIDIR} (2)		4.3		5.0		—	ns
t _{ZXBIDIR} (2)		4.3		5.0		—	ns

Table 45. EP20K200 External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU} (1)	1.9		2.3		2.6		ns
t _{INH} (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t _{OUTCO} (1)	2.0	4.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	6.8	ns
t _{INSU} (2)	1.1		1.2		—		ns
t _{INH} (2)	0.0		0.0		—		ns
t _{OUTCO} (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	—	—	ns

Notes to **Tables 43 through 48**:

- (1) This parameter is measured without using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.
- (2) This parameter is measured using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.

Tables 49 through 54 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K30E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 49. EP20K30E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters							
Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.01		0.02		0.02		ns
t_H	0.11		0.16		0.23		ns
t_{CO}		0.32		0.45		0.67	ns
t_{LUT}		0.85		1.20		1.77	ns

Table 62. EP20K100E t_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.61		1.84		1.97	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.57		2.97		3.20	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		0.52		4.09		4.39	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.17		3.78		4.09	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.56		6.41		0.63		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.48		0.54		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.71		0.80		0.81		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	.048		0.54		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.57		1.75		1.87		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.20		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.54		1.72		1.80		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	-0.16		-0.20		-0.20		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.12		0.08		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.17		0.15		0.19		ns
$t_{ESBDATAO1}$		1.20		1.39		1.52	ns
$t_{ESBDATAO2}$		2.54		2.99		3.22	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.06		3.56		3.85	ns
t_{PD}		1.73		2.02		2.20	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.11		1.26		1.38		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.19		1.40		1.08	ns

Table 63. EP20K100E t_{MAX} Routing Delays

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{F1-4}		0.24		0.27		0.29	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.04		1.26		1.52	ns
t_{F20+}		1.12		1.36		1.86	ns

Table 64. EP20K100E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{CH}	2.00		2.00		2.00		ns
t _{CL}	2.00		2.00		2.00		ns
t _{CLRP}	0.20		0.20		0.20		ns
t _{PREP}	0.20		0.20		0.20		ns
t _{ESBCH}	2.00		2.00		2.00		ns
t _{ESBCL}	2.00		2.00		2.00		ns
t _{ESBWP}	1.29		1.53		1.66		ns
t _{ESBRP}	1.11		1.29		1.41		ns

Table 65. EP20K100E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU}	2.23		2.32		2.43		ns
t _{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCO}	2.00	4.86	2.00	5.35	2.00	5.84	ns
t _{INSUPLL}	1.58		1.66		-		ns
t _{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOPLL}	0.50	2.96	0.50	3.29	-	-	ns

Table 66. EP20K100E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSUBIDIR}	2.74		2.96		3.19		ns
t _{INHBIDIR}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIR}	2.00	4.86	2.00	5.35	2.00	5.84	ns
t _{XZBIDIR}		5.00		5.48		5.89	ns
t _{ZXBIDIR}		5.00		5.48		5.89	ns
t _{INSUBIDIRPLL}	4.64		5.03		-		ns
t _{INHBIDIRPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}	0.50	2.96	0.50	3.29	-	-	ns
t _{XZBIDIRPLL}		3.10		3.42		-	ns
t _{ZXBIDIRPLL}		3.10		3.42		-	ns

Table 76. EP20K200E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{CH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{CL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{CLRP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t _{PREP}	0.18		0.19		0.21		ns
t _{ESBCH}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{ESBCL}	1.36		2.44		2.65		ns
t _{ESBWP}	1.18		1.48		1.76		ns
t _{ESBRP}	0.95		1.17		1.41		ns

Table 77. EP20K200E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU}	2.24		2.35		2.47		ns
t _{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCO}	2.00	5.12	2.00	5.62	2.00	6.11	ns
t _{INSUPLL}	2.13		2.07		-		ns
t _{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOPLL}	0.50	3.01	0.50	3.36	-	-	ns

Table 82. EP20K300E Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{CH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t _{CL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t _{CLRP}	0.19		0.26		0.35		ns
t _{PREP}	0.19		0.26		0.35		ns
t _{ESBCH}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t _{ESBCL}	1.25		1.43		1.67		ns
t _{ESBWP}	1.25		1.71		2.28		ns
t _{ESBRP}	1.01		1.38		1.84		ns

Table 83. EP20K300E External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSU}	2.31		2.44		2.57		ns
t _{INH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCO}	2.00	5.29	2.00	5.82	2.00	6.24	ns
t _{INSUPLL}	1.76		1.85		-		ns
t _{INHPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOPLL}	0.50	2.65	0.50	2.95	-	-	ns

Table 84. EP20K300E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INSUBIDIR}	2.77		2.85		3.11		ns
t _{INHBIDIR}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIR}	2.00	5.29	2.00	5.82	2.00	6.24	ns
t _{XZBIDIR}		7.59		8.30		9.09	ns
t _{ZXBIDIR}		7.59		8.30		9.09	ns
t _{INSUBIDIRPLL}	2.50		2.76		-		ns
t _{INHBIDIRPLL}	0.00		0.00		-		ns
t _{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}	0.50	2.65	0.50	2.95	-	-	ns
t _{XZBIDIRPLL}		5.00		5.43		-	ns
t _{ZXBIDIRPLL}		5.00		5.43		-	ns

Table 86. EP20K400E t_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.67		1.91		1.99	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.30		2.66		2.93	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.09		3.58		3.99	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.01		3.65		4.05	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.54		0.63		0.65		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.36		0.43		0.42		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.69		0.77		0.84		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.36		0.43		0.42		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.61		1.77		1.86		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.01		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.35		1.47		1.61		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	-0.18		-0.30		-0.27		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	-0.02		-0.11		-0.03		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.06		-0.01		-0.05		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.16		1.40		1.54	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.18		2.55		2.85	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.73		3.17		3.58	ns
t_{PD}		1.57		1.83		2.07	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	0.92		0.99		1.18		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.18		1.43		1.17	ns

Table 90. EP20K400E External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{\text{INSUBIDIR}}$	2.93		3.23		3.44		ns
t_{INHBIDIR}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{\text{OUTCOBIDIR}}$	2.00	5.25	2.00	5.79	2.00	6.32	ns
t_{XZBIDIR}		5.95		6.77		7.12	ns
t_{ZXBIDIR}		5.95		6.77		7.12	ns
$t_{\text{INSUBIDIRPLL}}$	4.31		4.76		-		ns
$t_{\text{INHBIDIRPLL}}$	0.00		0.00		-		ns
$t_{\text{OUTCOBIDIRPLL}}$	0.50	2.25	0.50	2.45	-	-	ns
$t_{\text{XZBIDIRPLL}}$		2.94		3.43		-	ns
$t_{\text{ZXBIDIRPLL}}$		2.94		3.43		-	ns

Tables 91 through 96 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K600E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 91. EP20K600E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.16		0.16		0.17		ns
t_{H}	0.29		0.33		0.37		ns
t_{CO}		0.65		0.38		0.49	ns
t_{LUT}		0.70		1.00		1.30	ns

Tables 97 through 102 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K1000E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 97. EP20K1000E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_H	0.25		0.25		0.25		ns
t_{CO}		0.28		0.32		0.33	ns
t_{LUT}		0.80		0.95		1.13	ns

Table 98. EP20K1000E f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.78		2.02		1.95	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.52		2.91		3.14	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.52		4.11		4.40	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.23		3.84		4.16	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.62		0.67		0.61		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.77		0.79		0.81		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.74		1.92		1.85		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.01		0.23		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	2.07		2.28		2.41		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	0.25		0.27		0.29		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.11		0.04		0.11		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.14		0.11		0.16		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.29		1.50		1.63	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.55		2.99		3.22	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.12		3.57		3.85	ns
t_{PD}		1.84		2.13		2.32	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.08		1.19		1.32		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.31		1.53		1.66	ns



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