Intel - EP2OK60EQI208-2X Datasheet

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Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications,

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	2560
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	2560
Total RAM Bits	32768
Number of I/O	148
Number of Gates	162000
Voltage - Supply	1.71V ~ 1.89V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	208-BFQFP
Supplier Device Package	208-PQFP (28x28)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/ep2ok60eqi208-2x

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Table 2. Additional APEX 20K Device Features *Note (1)*

Feature	EP20K300E	EP20K400	EP20K400E	EP20K600E	EP20K1000E	EP20K1500E
Maximum system gates	728,000	1,052,000	1,052,000	1,537,000	1,772,000	2,392,000
Typical gates	300,000	400,000	400,000	600,000	1,000,000	1,500,000
LEs	11,520	16,640	16,640	24,320	38,400	51,840
ESBs	72	104	104	152	160	216
Maximum RAM bits	147,456	212,992	212,992	311,296	327,680	442,368
Maximum macrocells	1,152	1,664	1,664	2,432	2,560	3,456
Maximum user I/O pins	408	502	488	588	708	808

Note to Tables 1 and 2:

(1) The embedded IEEE Std. 1149.1 Joint Test Action Group (JTAG) boundary-scan circuitry contributes up to 57,000 additional gates.

Additional Features

- Designed for low-power operation
  - 1.8-V and 2.5-V supply voltage (see Table 3)
  - MultiVolt™ I/O interface support to interface with 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5.0-V devices (see Table 3)
  - ESB offering programmable power-saving mode

Table 3. APEX 20K Supply Voltages

Feature	Device	
	EP20K100 EP20K200 EP20K400	EP20K30E EP20K60E EP20K100E EP20K160E EP20K200E EP20K300E EP20K400E EP20K600E EP20K1000E EP20K1500E
Internal supply voltage (V_{CCINT})	2.5 V	1.8 V
MultiVolt I/O interface voltage levels (V_{CCIO})	2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V	1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V, 5.0 V *(1)*

Note to Table 3:

(1) APEX 20KE devices can be 5.0-V tolerant by using an external resistor.

Windows-based PCs, Sun SPARCstations, and HP 9000 Series 700/800 workstations

- Altera MegaCore® functions and Altera Megafunction Partners Program (AMPP℠) megafunctions
- NativeLink™ integration with popular synthesis, simulation, and timing analysis tools
- Quartus II SignalTap® embedded logic analyzer simplifies in-system design evaluation by giving access to internal nodes during device operation
- Supports popular revision-control software packages including PVCS, Revision Control System (RCS), and Source Code Control System (SCCS)

Table 4. APEX 20K QFP, BGA & PGA Package Options & I/O Count *Notes (1), (2)*

Device	144-Pin TQFP	208-Pin PQFP RQFP	240-Pin PQFP RQFP	356-Pin BGA	652-Pin BGA	655-Pin PGA
EP20K30E	92	125				
EP20K60E	92	148	151	196		
EP20K100	101	159	189	252		
EP20K100E	92	151	183	246		
EP20K160E	88	143	175	271		
EP20K200		144	174	277		
EP20K200E		136	168	271	376	
EP20K300E			152		408	
EP20K400					502	502
EP20K400E					488	
EP20K600E					488	
EP20K1000E					488	
EP20K1500E					488	

LE Operating Modes

The APEX 20K LE can operate in one of the following three modes:

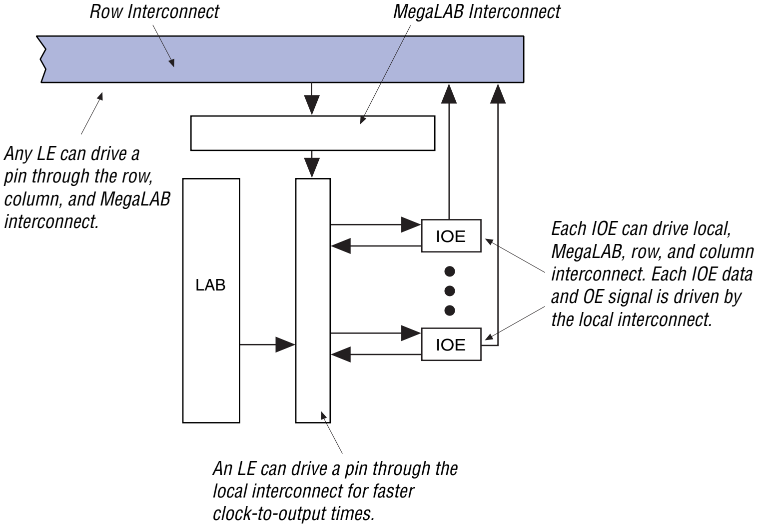
- Normal mode
- Arithmetic mode
- Counter mode

Each mode uses LE resources differently. In each mode, seven available inputs to the LE—the four data inputs from the LAB local interconnect, the feedback from the programmable register, and the carry-in and cascade-in from the previous LE—are directed to different destinations to implement the desired logic function. LAB-wide signals provide clock, asynchronous clear, asynchronous preset, asynchronous load, synchronous clear, synchronous load, and clock enable control for the register. These LAB-wide signals are available in all LE modes.

The Quartus II software, in conjunction with parameterized functions such as LPM and DesignWare functions, automatically chooses the appropriate mode for common functions such as counters, adders, and multipliers. If required, the designer can also create special-purpose functions that specify which LE operating mode to use for optimal performance. Figure 8 shows the LE operating modes.

Each IOE drives a row, column, MegaLAB, or local interconnect when used as an input or bidirectional pin. A row IOE can drive a local, MegaLAB, row, and column interconnect; a column IOE can drive the column interconnect. Figure 27 shows how a row IOE connects to the interconnect.

Figure 27. Row IOE Connection to the Interconnect



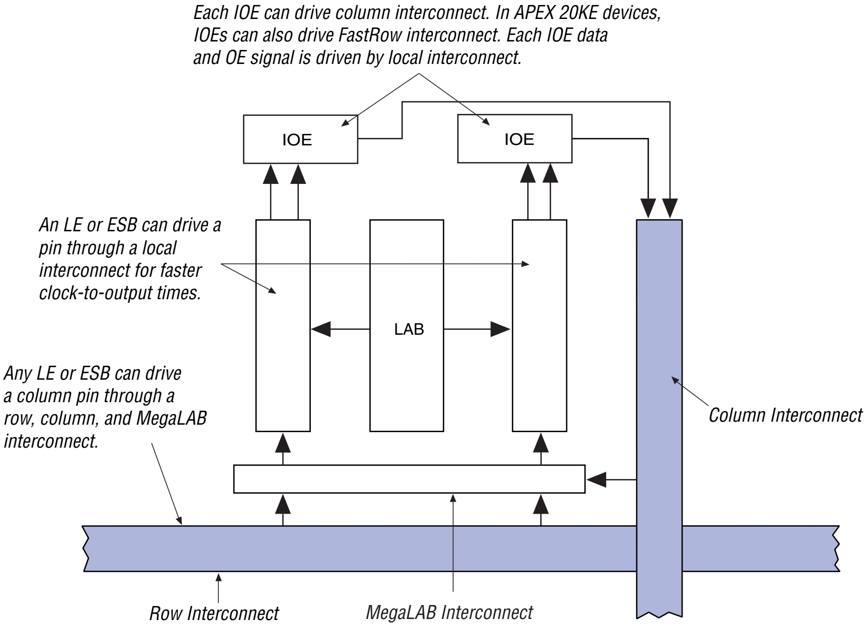
Any LE can drive a pin through the row, column, and MegaLAB interconnect.

Each IOE can drive local, MegaLAB, row, and column interconnect. Each IOE data and OE signal is driven by the local interconnect.

An LE can drive a pin through the local interconnect for faster clock-to-output times.

Figure 28 shows how a column IOE connects to the interconnect.

Figure 28. Column IOE Connection to the Interconnect



Dedicated Fast I/O Pins

APEX 20KE devices incorporate an enhancement to support bidirectional pins with high internal fanout such as PCI control signals. These pins are called Dedicated Fast I/O pins (`FAST1`, `FAST2`, `FAST3`, and `FAST4`) and replace dedicated inputs. These pins can be used for fast clock, clear, or high fanout logic signal distribution. They also can drive out. The Dedicated Fast I/O pin data output and tri-state control are driven by local interconnect from the adjacent MegaLAB for high speed.

Table 15. APEX 20K ClockLock & ClockBoost Parameters for -1 Speed-Grade Devices (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{SKEW}	Skew delay between related ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clocks		500	ps
t_{JITTER}	Jitter on ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clock *(5)*		200	ps
$t_{INCLKSTB}$	Input clock stability (measured between adjacent clocks)		50	ps

Notes to Table 15:

(1) The PLL input frequency range for the EP20K100-1X device for 1x multiplication is 25 MHz to 175 MHz.

(2) All input clock specifications must be met. The PLL may not lock onto an incoming clock if the clock specifications are not met, creating an erroneous clock within the device.

(3) During device configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry is configured first. If the incoming clock is supplied during configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry locks during configuration, because the lock time is less than the configuration time.

(4) The jitter specification is measured under long-term observation.

(5) If the input clock stability is 100 ps, t_{JITTER} is 250 ps.

Table 16 summarizes the APEX 20K ClockLock and ClockBoost parameters for -2 speed grade devices.

Table 16. APEX 20K ClockLock & ClockBoost Parameters for -2 Speed Grade Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
f_{OUT}	Output frequency	25	170	MHz
f_{CLK1}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 1)	25	170	MHz
f_{CLK2}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 2)	16	80	MHz
f_{CLK4}	Input clock frequency (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals 4)	10	34	MHz
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for ClockLock/ClockBoost-generated clock	40	60	%
f_{CLKDEV}	Input deviation from user specification in the Quartus II software (ClockBoost clock multiplication factor equals one) *(1)*		25,000 *(2)*	PPM
t_R	Input rise time		5	ns
t_F	Input fall time		5	ns
t_{LOCK}	Time required for ClockLock/ ClockBoost to acquire lock *(3)*		10	µs
t_{SKEW}	Skew delay between related ClockLock/ ClockBoost-generated clock	500	500	ps
t_{JITTER}	Jitter on ClockLock/ ClockBoost-generated clock *(4)*		200	ps
$t_{INCLKSTB}$	Input clock stability (measured between adjacent clocks)		50	ps

Notes to Table 16:

(1) To implement the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry with the Quartus II software, designers must specify the input frequency. The Quartus II software tunes the PLL in the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry to this frequency. The f_{CLKDEV} parameter specifies how much the incoming clock can differ from the specified frequency during device operation. Simulation does not reflect this parameter.

(2) Twenty-five thousand parts per million (PPM) equates to 2.5% of input clock period.

(3) During device configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry is configured before the rest of the device. If the incoming clock is supplied during configuration, the ClockLock and ClockBoost circuitry locks during configuration because the t_{LOCK} value is less than the time required for configuration.

(4) The t_{JITTER} specification is measured under long-term observation.

Tables 17 and 18 summarize the ClockLock and ClockBoost parameters for APEX 20KE devices.

Table 17. APEX 20KE ClockLock & ClockBoost Parameters *Note (1)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_R	Input rise time				5	ns
t_F	Input fall time				5	ns
t_{INDUTY}	Input duty cycle		40		60	%
$t_{INJITTER}$	Input jitter peak-to-peak				2% of input period	peak-to-peak
$t_{OUTJITTER}$	Jitter on ClockLock or ClockBoost-generated clock				0.35% of output period	RMS
$t_{OUTDUTY}$	Duty cycle for ClockLock or ClockBoost-generated clock		45		55	%
t_{LOCK} *(2)*, *(3)*	Time required for ClockLock or ClockBoost to acquire lock				40	µs

The APEX 20K device instruction register length is 10 bits. The APEX 20K device USERCODE register length is 32 bits. Tables 20 and 21 show the boundary-scan register length and device IDCODE information for APEX 20K devices.

Table 20. APEX 20K Boundary-Scan Register Length

Device	Boundary-Scan Register Length
EP20K30E	420
EP20K60E	624
EP20K100	786
EP20K100E	774
EP20K160E	984
EP20K200	1,176
EP20K200E	1,164
EP20K300E	1,266
EP20K400	1,536
EP20K400E	1,506
EP20K600E	1,806
EP20K1000E	2,190
EP20K1500E	1 *(1)*

Note to Table 20:

(1) This device does not support JTAG boundary scan testing.

Table 22 shows the JTAG timing parameters and values for APEX 20K devices.

Table 22. APEX 20K JTAG Timing Parameters & Values

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
t_{JCP}	`TCK` clock period	100		ns
t_{JCH}	`TCK` clock high time	50		ns
t_{JCL}	`TCK` clock low time	50		ns
t_{JPSU}	JTAG port setup time	20		ns
t_{JPH}	JTAG port hold time	45		ns
t_{JPCO}	JTAG port clock to output		25	ns
t_{JPZX}	JTAG port high impedance to valid output		25	ns
t_{JPXZ}	JTAG port valid output to high impedance		25	ns
t_{JSSU}	Capture register setup time	20		ns
t_{JSH}	Capture register hold time	45		ns
t_{JSCO}	Update register clock to output		35	ns
t_{JSZX}	Update register high impedance to valid output		35	ns
t_{JSXZ}	Update register valid output to high impedance		35	ns

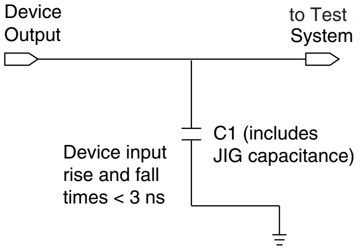
For more information, see the following documents:

- *Application Note 39 (IEEE Std. 1149.1 (JTAG) Boundary-Scan Testing in Altera Devices)*
- *Jam Programming & Test Language Specification*

Generic Testing

Each APEX 20K device is functionally tested. Complete testing of each configurable static random access memory (SRAM) bit and all logic functionality ensures 100% yield. AC test measurements for APEX 20K devices are made under conditions equivalent to those shown in Figure 32. Multiple test patterns can be used to configure devices during all stages of the production flow.

Figure 32. APEX 20K AC Test Conditions *Note (1)*



Note to Figure 32:

(1) Power supply transients can affect AC measurements. Simultaneous transitions of multiple outputs should be avoided for accurate measurement. Threshold tests must not be performed under AC conditions. Large-amplitude, fast-ground-current transients normally occur as the device outputs discharge the load capacitances. When these transients flow through the parasitic inductance between the device ground pin and the test system ground, significant reductions in observable noise immunity can result.

Operating Conditions

Tables 23 through 26 provide information on absolute maximum ratings, recommended operating conditions, DC operating conditions, and capacitance for 2.5-V APEX 20K devices.

Table 23. APEX 20K 5.0-V Tolerant Device Absolute Maximum Ratings *Notes (1), (2)*

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage	With respect to ground *(3)*	–0.5	3.6	V
V_{CCIO}			–0.5	4.6	V
V_I	DC input voltage		–2.0	5.75	V
I_{OUT}	DC output current, per pin		–25	25	mA
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	No bias	–65	150	° C
T_{AMB}	Ambient temperature	Under bias	–65	135	° C
T_J	Junction temperature	PQFP, RQFP, TQFP, and BGA packages, under bias		135	° C
		Ceramic PGA packages, under bias		150	° C

Table 28. APEX 20KE Device Recommended Operating Conditions					
Symbol	**Parameter**	**Conditions**	**Min**	**Max**	**Unit**
V_{CCINT}	Supply voltage for internal logic and input buffers	*(3)*, *(4)*	1.71 (1.71)	1.89 (1.89)	V
V_{CCIO}	Supply voltage for output buffers, 3.3-V operation	*(3)*, *(4)*	3.00 (3.00)	3.60 (3.60)	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 2.5-V operation	*(3)*, *(4)*	2.375 (2.375)	2.625 (2.625)	V
	Supply voltage for output buffers, 1.8-V operation	*(3)*, *(4)*	1.71 (1.71)	1.89 (1.89)	V
V_I	Input voltage	*(5)*, *(6)*	–0.5	4.0	V
V_O	Output voltage		0	V_{CCIO}	V
T_J	Junction temperature	For commercial use	0	85	° C
		For industrial use	–40	100	° C
t_R	Input rise time			40	ns
t_F	Input fall time			40	ns

Figure 33. Relationship between V_{CCIO} & V_{CCINT} for 3.3-V PCI Compliance

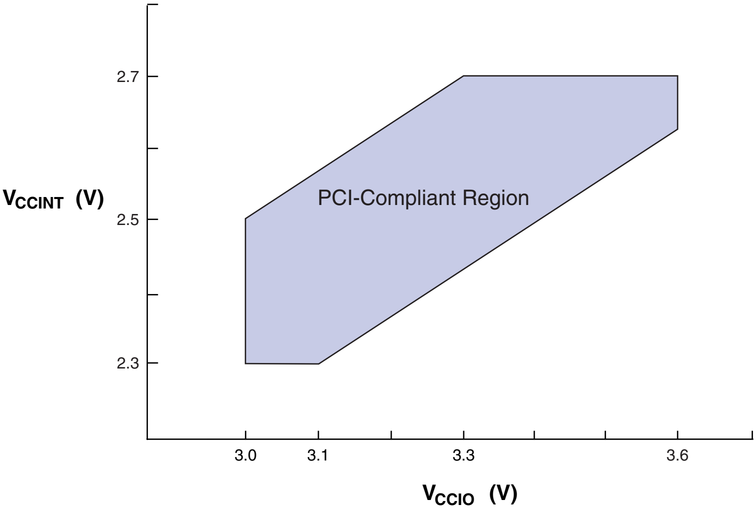
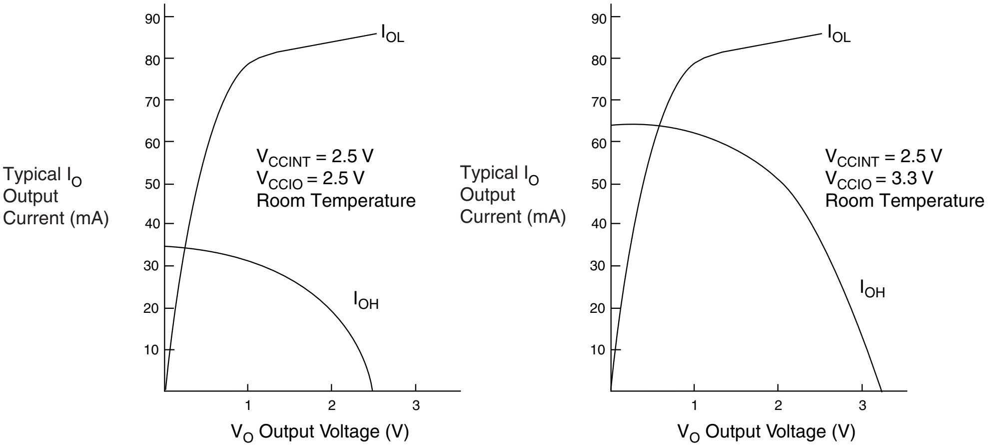


Figure 34 shows the typical output drive characteristics of APEX 20K devices with 3.3-V and 2.5-V V_{CCIO}. The output driver is compatible with the 3.3-V ***PCI Local Bus Specification, Revision 2.2*** (when `VCCIO` pins are connected to 3.3 V). 5-V tolerant APEX 20K devices in the -1 speed grade are 5-V PCI compliant over all operating conditions.

Figure 34. Output Drive Characteristics of APEX 20K Device *Note (1)*



Note to Figure 34:

(1) These are transient (AC) currents.

Table 31. APEX 20K f_{MAX} Timing Parameters (Part 2 of 2)

Symbol	Parameter
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$	ESB clock-to-output delay without output registers
t_{ESBDD}	ESB data-in to data-out delay for RAM mode
t_{PD}	ESB macrocell input to non-registered output
$t_{PTERMSU}$	ESB macrocell register setup time before clock
$t_{PTERMCO}$	ESB macrocell register clock-to-output delay
t_{F1-4}	Fanout delay using local interconnect
t_{F5-20}	Fanout delay using MegaLab Interconnect
t_{F20+}	Fanout delay using FastTrack Interconnect
t_{CH}	Minimum clock high time from clock pin
t_{CL}	Minimum clock low time from clock pin
t_{CLRP}	LE clear pulse width
t_{PREP}	LE preset pulse width
t_{ESBCH}	Clock high time
t_{ESBCL}	Clock low time
t_{ESBWP}	Write pulse width
t_{ESBRP}	Read pulse width

Tables 32 and 33 describe APEX 20K external timing parameters.

Table 32. APEX 20K External Timing Parameters Note (1)

Symbol	Clock Parameter
t_{INSU}	Setup time with global clock at IOE register
t_{INH}	Hold time with global clock at IOE register
t_{OUTCO}	Clock-to-output delay with global clock at IOE register

Table 33. APEX 20K External Bidirectional Timing Parameters Note (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$	Setup time for bidirectional pins with global clock at same-row or same-column LE register	
$t_{INHBIDIR}$	Hold time for bidirectional pins with global clock at same-row or same-column LE register	
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$	Clock-to-output delay for bidirectional pins with global clock at IOE register	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{XZBIDIR}$	Synchronous IOE output buffer disable delay	C1 = 10 pF
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$	Synchronous IOE output buffer enable delay, slow slew rate = off	C1 = 10 pF

Tables 40 through 42 show the f_{MAX} timing parameters for EP20K100, EP20K200, and EP20K400 APEX 20K devices.

Table 40. EP20K100 f_{MAX} Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Units
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t_{H}	0.7		0.8		1.0		ns
t_{CO}		0.3		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{LUT}		0.8		1.0		1.3	ns
t_{ESBRC}		1.7		2.1		2.4	ns
t_{ESBWC}		5.7		6.9		8.1	ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	3.3		3.9		4.6		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	2.2		2.7		3.1		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.6		0.8		0.9		ns
$t_{ESBADDRSU}$	2.4		2.9		3.3		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.3		1.6		1.8	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.6		3.1		3.6	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.5		3.3		3.6	ns
t_{PD}		2.5		3.0		3.6	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	2.3		2.6		3.2		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.5		1.8		2.1	ns
t_{F1-4}		0.5		0.6		0.7	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.6		1.7		1.8	ns
t_{F20+}		2.2		2.2		2.3	ns
t_{CH}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{CL}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
t_{PREP}	0.5		0.5		0.5		ns
t_{ESBCH}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{ESBCL}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.6		1.9		2.2		ns
t_{ESBRP}	1.0		1.3		1.4		ns

Table 41. EP20K200 f_{MAX} Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Units
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.5		0.6		0.8		ns
t_{H}	0.7		0.8		1.0		ns
t_{CO}		0.3		0.4		0.5	ns
t_{LUT}		0.8		1.0		1.3	ns
t_{ESBRC}		1.7		2.1		2.4	ns
t_{ESBWC}		5.7		6.9		8.1	ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	3.3		3.9		4.6		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	2.2		2.7		3.1		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.6		0.8		0.9		ns
$t_{ESBADDRSU}$	2.4		2.9		3.3		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.3		1.6		1.8	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.6		3.1		3.6	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.5		3.3		3.6	ns
t_{PD}		2.5		3.0		3.6	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	2.3		2.7		3.2		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.5		1.8		2.1	ns
t_{F1-4}		0.5		0.6		0.7	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.6		1.7		1.8	ns
t_{F20+}		2.2		2.2		2.3	ns
t_{CH}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{CL}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{CLRP}	0.3		0.4		0.4		ns
t_{PREP}	0.4		0.5		0.5		ns
t_{ESBCH}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{ESBCL}	2.0		2.5		3.0		ns
t_{ESBWP}	1.6		1.9		2.2		ns
t_{ESBRP}	1.0		1.3		1.4		ns

Table 43. EP20K100 External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU} (1)	2.3		2.8		3.2		ns
t_{INH} (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTCO} (1)	2.0	4.5	2.0	4.9	2.0	6.6	ns
t_{INSU} (2)	1.1		1.2		–		ns
t_{INH} (2)	0.0		0.0		–		ns
t_{OUTCO} (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	–	4.8	ns

Table 44. EP20K100 External Bidirectional Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$ (1)	2.3		2.8		3.2		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$ (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$ (1)	2.0	4.5	2.0	4.9	2.0	6.6	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$ (1)		5.0		5.9		6.9	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$ (1)		5.0		5.9		6.9	ns
$t_{INSUBIDIR}$ (2)	1.0		1.2		–		ns
$t_{INHBIDIR}$ (2)	0.0		0.0		–		ns
$t_{OUTCOBIDIR}$ (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	–	–	ns
$t_{XZBIDIR}$ (2)		4.3		5.0		–	ns
$t_{ZXBIDIR}$ (2)		4.3		5.0		–	ns

Table 45. EP20K200 External Timing Parameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{INSU} (1)	1.9		2.3		2.6		ns
t_{INH} (1)	0.0		0.0		0.0		ns
t_{OUTCO} (1)	2.0	4.6	2.0	5.6	2.0	6.8	ns
t_{INSU} (2)	1.1		1.2		–		ns
t_{INH} (2)	0.0		0.0		–		ns
t_{OUTCO} (2)	0.5	2.7	0.5	3.1	–	–	ns

Notes to Tables 43 through 48:
(1) This parameter is measured without using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.
(2) This parameter is measured using ClockLock or ClockBoost circuits.

Tables 49 through 54 describe f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters, f_{MAX} Routing Delays, Minimum Pulse Width Timing Parameters, External Timing Parameters, and External Bidirectional Timing Parameters for EP20K30E APEX 20KE devices.

Table 49. EP20K30E f_{MAX} LE Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{SU}	0.01		0.02		0.02		ns
t_{H}	0.11		0.16		0.23		ns
t_{CO}		0.32		0.45		0.67	ns
t_{LUT}		0.85		1.20		1.77	ns

Table 56. EP20K60E f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.83		2.57		3.79	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.46		3.26		4.61	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.50		4.90		7.23	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.77		4.90		6.79	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	1.59		2.23		3.29		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	1.75		2.46		3.62		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.76		2.47		3.64		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.68		2.49		3.87		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	0.08		0.43		1.04		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.29		0.72		1.46		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.36		0.81		1.58		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.06		1.24		1.55	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.39		3.35		4.94	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.50		4.90		7.23	ns
t_{PD}		1.72		2.41		3.56	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	0.99		1.56		2.55		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.07		1.26		1.08	ns

Table 68. EP20K160E f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1		-2		-3		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.65		2.02		2.11	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.21		2.70		3.11	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.04		3.79		4.42	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		2.81		3.56		4.10	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.54		0.66		0.73		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.36		0.45		0.47		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.68		0.81		0.94		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.36		0.45		0.47		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.58		1.87		2.06		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.00		0.01		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	1.41		1.71		2.00		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	-0.02		-0.03		0.09		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.14		0.17		0.35		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.21		0.27		0.43		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.04		1.30		1.46	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.15		2.70		3.16	ns
t_{ESBDD}		2.69		3.35		3.97	ns
t_{PD}		1.55		1.93		2.29	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.01		1.23		1.52		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.06		1.32		1.04	ns

Table 104. EP20K1500E f_{MAX} ESB Timing Microparameters

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{ESBARC}		1.78		2.02		1.95	ns
t_{ESBSRC}		2.52		2.91		3.14	ns
t_{ESBAWC}		3.52		4.11		4.40	ns
t_{ESBSWC}		3.23		3.84		4.16	ns
$t_{ESBWASU}$	0.62		0.67		0.61		ns
t_{ESBWAH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBWDSU}$	0.77		0.79		0.81		ns
t_{ESBWDH}	0.41		0.55		0.55		ns
$t_{ESBRASU}$	1.74		1.92		1.85		ns
t_{ESBRAH}	0.00		0.01		0.23		ns
$t_{ESBWESU}$	2.07		2.28		2.41		ns
t_{ESBWEH}	0.00		0.00		0.00		ns
$t_{ESBDATASU}$	0.25		0.27		0.29		ns
$t_{ESBDATAH}$	0.13		0.13		0.13		ns
$t_{ESBWADDRSU}$	0.11		0.04		0.11		ns
$t_{ESBRADDRSU}$	0.14		0.11		0.16		ns
$t_{ESBDATACO1}$		1.29		1.50		1.63	ns
$t_{ESBDATACO2}$		2.55		2.99		3.22	ns
t_{ESBDD}		3.12		3.57		3.85	ns
t_{PD}		1.84		2.13		2.32	ns
$t_{PTERMSU}$	1.08		1.19		1.32		ns
$t_{PTERMCO}$		1.31		1.53		1.66	ns

Table 105. EP20K1500E f_{MAX} Routing Delays

Symbol	-1 Speed Grade		-2 Speed Grade		-3 Speed Grade		Unit
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{F1-4}		0.28		0.28		0.28	ns
t_{F5-20}		1.36		1.50		1.62	ns
t_{F20+}		4.43		4.48		5.07	ns