



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](https://www.e-xfl.com)

## Understanding [Embedded - FPGAs \(Field Programmable Gate Array\)](#)

Embedded - FPGAs, or Field Programmable Gate Arrays, are advanced integrated circuits that offer unparalleled flexibility and performance for digital systems. Unlike traditional fixed-function logic devices, FPGAs can be programmed and reprogrammed to execute a wide array of logical operations, enabling customized functionality tailored to specific applications. This reprogrammability allows developers to iterate designs quickly and implement complex functions without the need for custom hardware.

## Applications of Embedded - FPGAs

The versatility of Embedded - FPGAs makes them indispensable in numerous fields. In telecommunications.

### Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Number of LABs/CLBs	440
Number of Logic Elements/Cells	3520
Total RAM Bits	81920
Number of I/O	12
Number of Gates	-
Voltage - Supply	1.14V ~ 1.26V
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 100°C (TJ)
Package / Case	20-UFBGA, WLCSP
Supplier Device Package	20-WLCSP (1.71x2.06)
Purchase URL	<a href="https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/ice5lp4k-uwg20itr1k">https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/lattice-semiconductor/ice5lp4k-uwg20itr1k</a>

## General Description

iCE40 Ultra family is an ultra-low power FPGA and sensor manager designed for ultra-low power mobile applications, such as smartphones, tablets and hand-held devices. The iCE40 Ultra family includes integrated SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C blocks to interface with virtually all mobile sensors and application processors. The iCE40 Ultra family also features two on-chip oscillators, 10 kHz and 48 MHz. The LFOSC (10 kHz) is ideal for low power function in always-on applications, while HFOSC (48 MHz) can be used for awaken activities.

The iCE40 Ultra family also features DSP functional block to off-load Application Processor to pre-process information sent from the mobile sensors. The embedded RGB PWM IP, with the three 24 mA constant current RGB outputs on the iCE40 Ultra provides all the necessary logic to directly drive the service LED, without the need of external MOSFET or buffer.

The 500 mA constant current IR driver output provides a direct interface to external LED for application such as IrDA functions. Users simply implement the modulation logic that meets his needs, and connect the IR driver directly to the LED, without the need of external MOSFET or buffer. This high current IR driver can also be used as Barcode Emulation, sending barcode information to external Barcode Reader.

The iCE40 Ultra family of devices are targeting for mobile applications to perform functions such as IrDA, Service LED, Barcode Emulation, GPIO Expander, SDIO Level Shift, and other custom functions.

The iCE40 Ultra family features three device densities, from 1100 to 3520 Look Up Tables (LUTs) of logic with programmable I/Os that can be used as either SPI/I<sup>2</sup>C interface ports or general purpose I/O's. It also has up to 80 kbits of Block RAMs to work with user logic.

## Features

- **Flexible Logic Architecture**
  - Three devices with 1100 to 3520 LUTs
  - Offered in WLCS, ucfBGA and QFN packages
- **Ultra-low Power Devices**
  - Advanced 40 nm ultra-low power process
  - As low as 71  $\mu$ A standby current typical
- **Embedded Memory**
  - Up to 80 kbits sysMEM™ Embedded Block RAM
- **Two Hardened I<sup>2</sup>C Interfaces**
- **Two Hardened SPI Interfaces**
- **Two On-Chip Oscillators**
  - Low Frequency Oscillator – 10 kHz
  - High Frequency Oscillator – 48 MHz
- **24 mA Current Drive RGB LED Outputs**
  - Three drive outputs in each device
  - User selectable sink current up to 24 mA
- **500 mA Current Drive IR LED Output**
  - One IR drive output in each device
  - User selectable sink current up to 500 mA
- **On-chip DSP**
  - Signed and unsigned 8-bit or 16-bit functions
  - Functions include Multiplier, Accumulator, and Multiply-Accumulate (MAC)
- **Flexible On-Chip Clocking**
  - Eight low skew global signal resource, six can be directly driven from external pins
  - One PLL with dynamic interface per device
- **Flexible Device Configuration**
  - SRAM is configured through:
    - Standard SPI Interface
    - Internal Nonvolatile Configuration Memory (NVCM)
- **Ultra-Small Form Factor**
  - As small as 2.078 mm x 2.078 mm
- **Applications**
  - Smartphones
  - Tablets and Consumer Handheld Devices
  - Handheld Commercial and Industrial Devices
  - Multi Sensor Management Applications
  - Sensor Pre-processing and Sensor Fusion
  - Always-On Sensor Applications
  - USB 3.1 Type C Cable Detect / Power Delivery Applications

**Table 1-1. iCE40 Ultra Family Selection Guide**

Part Number	iCE5LP1K	iCE5LP2K	iCE5LP4K
<b>Logic Cells (LUT + Flip-Flop)</b>	<b>1100</b>	<b>2048</b>	<b>3520</b>
EBR Memory Blocks	16	20	20
EBR Memory Bits	64 k	80 k	80 k
PLL Block	1	1	1
NVCM	Yes	Yes	Yes
DSP Blocks (MULT16 with 32-bit Accumulator)	2	4	4
Hardened I2C, SPI	1,1	2,2	2,2
HF Oscillator (48 MHz)	1	1	1
LF Oscillator (10 kHz)	1	1	1
24 mA LED Sink	3	3	3
500 mA LED Sink	1	1	1
Embedded PWM IP	Yes	Yes	No
<b>Packages, ball pitch, dimension</b>	<b>Total User I/O Count</b>		
36-ball WLCSP, 0.35 mm, 2.078 mm x 2.078 mm	26	26	26
36-ball ucfBGA, 0.40 mm, 2.5 mm x 2.5 mm	26	26	26
48-ball QFN Package, 0.5 mm, 7.0 mm x 7.0 mm	39	39	39

## Introduction

The iCE40 Ultra family of ultra-low power FPGAs has three devices with densities ranging from 1100 to 3520 Look-Up Tables (LUTs) fabricated in a 40 nm Low Power CMOS process. In addition to LUT-based, low-cost programmable logic, these devices also feature Embedded Block RAM (EBR), on-chip Oscillators (LFOSC, HFOSC), two hardened I<sup>2</sup>C Controllers, two hardened SPI Controllers, three 24 mA RGB LED open-drain drivers, a 500 mA IR LED open-drain drivers, and DSP blocks. These features allow the devices to be used in low-cost, high-volume consumer and mobile applications.

The iCE40 Ultra FPGAs are available in very small form factor packages, as small as 2.078 mm x 2.078 mm. The small form factor allows the device to easily fit into a lot of mobile applications, where space can be limited. Table 1-1 shows the LUT densities, package and I/O pin count.

The iCE40 Ultra devices offer I/O features such as pull-up resistors. Pull-up features are controllable on a “per-pin” basis.

The iCE40 Ultra devices also provide flexible, reliable and secure configuration from on-chip NVCM. These devices can also configure themselves from external SPI Flash, or be configured by an external master such as a CPU.

Lattice provides a variety of design tools that allow complex designs to be efficiently implemented using the iCE40 Ultra family of devices. Popular logic synthesis tools provide synthesis library support for iCE40 Ultra. Lattice design tools use the synthesis tool output along with the user-specified preferences and constraints to place and route the design in the iCE40 Ultra device. These tools extract the timing from the routing and back-annotate it into the design for timing verification.

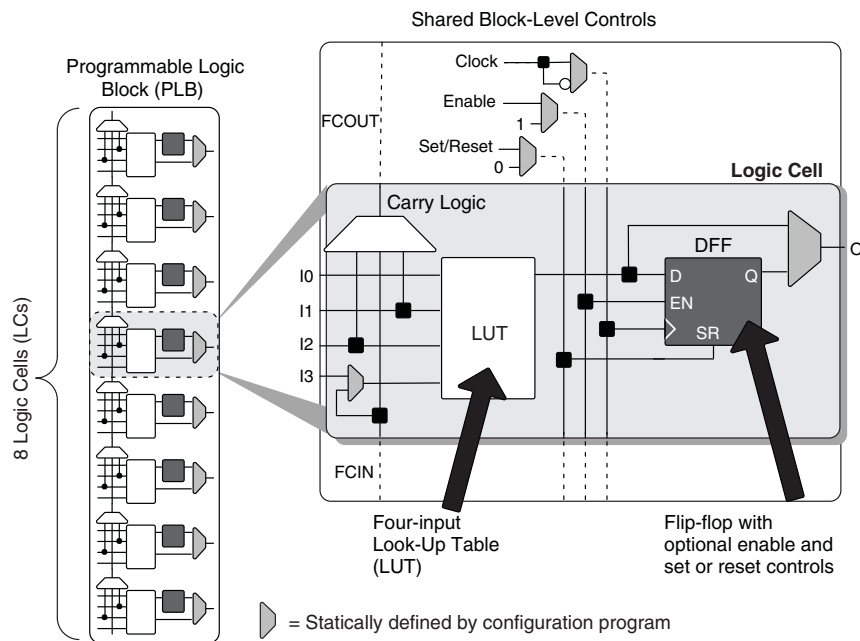
Lattice provides in the iCE40 Ultra 1K and 2K device the embedded RGB PWM IP at no extra cost of LUT available to the user, to perform controlling the RGB LED function. This embedded IP allow users to control color, LED ON/OFF time, and breathe rate of the LED. For more information, please refer to Usage Guide in Lattice Design Software.

Lattice provides many pre-engineered IP (Intellectual Property) modules, including a number of reference designs, licensed free of charge, optimized for the iCE40 Ultra FPGA family. Lattice also can provide fully verified bitstream for some of the widely used target functions in mobile device applications, such as ultra-low power sensor management, gesture recognition, IR remote, barcode emulator functions. Users can use these functions as offered by Lattice, or they can use the design to create their own unique required functions. For more information regarding Lattice's reference designs or fully-verified bitstreams, please contact your local Lattice representative.

### PLB Blocks

The core of the iCE40 Ultra device consists of Programmable Logic Blocks (PLB) which can be programmed to perform logic and arithmetic functions. Each PLB consists of eight interconnected Logic Cells (LC) as shown in Figure 2-2. Each LC contains one LUT and one register.

**Figure 2-2. PLB Block Diagram**



### Logic Cells

Each Logic Cell includes three primary logic elements shown in Figure 2-2.

- A four-input Look-Up Table (LUT) builds any combinational logic function, of any complexity, requiring up to four inputs. Similarly, the LUT element behaves as a 16x1 Read-Only Memory (ROM). Combine and cascade multiple LUTs to create wider logic functions.
- A 'D'-style Flip-Flop (DFF), with an optional clock-enable and reset control input, builds sequential logic functions. Each DFF also connects to a global reset signal that is automatically asserted immediately following device configuration.
- Carry Logic boosts the logic efficiency and performance of arithmetic functions, including adders, subtracters, comparators, binary counters and some wide, cascaded logic functions.

**Table 2-1. Logic Cell Signal Descriptions**

Function	Type	Signal Names	Description
Input	Data signal	I0, I1, I2, I3	Inputs to LUT
Input	Control signal	Enable	Clock enable shared by all LCs in the PLB
Input	Control signal	Set/Reset <sup>1</sup>	Asynchronous or synchronous local set/reset shared by all LCs in the PLB.
Input	Control signal	Clock	Clock one of the eight Global Buffers, or from the general-purpose interconnects fabric shared by all LCs in the PLB
Input	Inter-PLB signal	FCIN	Fast carry in
Output	Data signals	O	LUT or registered output
Output	Inter-PFU signal	FCOUT	Fast carry out

1. If Set/Reset is not used, then the flip-flop is never set/reset, except when cleared immediately after configuration.

**Table 2-3. PLL Signal Descriptions**

Signal Name	Direction	Description
REFERENCECLK	Input	Input reference clock
BYPASS	Input	The BYPASS control selects which clock signal connects to the PLL-OUT output. 0 = PLL generated signal 1 = REFERENCECLK
EXTFEEDBACK	Input	External feedback input to PLL. Enabled when the FEEDBACK_PATH attribute is set to EXTERNAL.
DYNAMICDELAY[7:0]	Input	Fine delay adjustment control inputs. Enabled when DELAY_ADJUSTMENT_MODE is set to DYNAMIC.
LATCHINPUTVALUE	Input	When enabled, puts the PLL into low-power mode; PLL output is held static at the last input clock value. Set ENABLE ICEGATE_PORTA and PORTB to '1' to enable.
PLLOUTGLOBAL	Output	Output from the Phase-Locked Loop (PLL). Drives a global clock network on the FPGA. The port has optimal connections to global clock buffers GBUF4 and GBUF5.
PLLOUTCORE	Output	Output clock generated by the PLL, drives regular FPGA routing. The frequency generated on this output is the same as the frequency of the clock signal generated on the PLLOUTGLOBAL port.
LOCK	Output	When High, indicates that the PLL output is phase aligned or locked to the input reference clock.
RESET	Input	Active low reset.
SCLK	Input	Input, Serial Clock used for re-programming PLL settings.
SDI	Input	Input, Serial Data used for re-programming PLL settings.

### sysMEM Embedded Block RAM Memory

Larger iCE40 Ultra device includes multiple high-speed synchronous sysMEM Embedded Block RAMs (EBRs), each 4 kbit in size. This memory can be used for a wide variety of purposes including data buffering, and FIFO.

#### sysMEM Memory Block

The sysMEM block can implement single port, pseudo dual port, or FIFO memories with programmable logic resources. Each block can be used in a variety of depths and widths as shown in Table 2-4.

**Table 2-4. sysMEM Block Configurations<sup>1</sup>**

Block RAM Configuration	Block RAM Configuration and Size	WADDR Port Size (Bits)	WDATA Port Size (Bits)	RADDR Port Size (Bits)	RDATA Port Size (Bits)	MASK Port Size (Bits)
SB_RAM256x16 SB_RAM256x16NR SB_RAM256x16NW SB_RAM256x16NRNW	256x16 (4 k)	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	8 [7:0]	16 [15:0]	16 [15:0]
SB_RAM512x8 SB_RAM512x8NR SB_RAM512x8NW SB_RAM512x8NRNW	512x8 (4 k)	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	9 [8:0]	8 [7:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM1024x4 SB_RAM1024x4NR SB_RAM1024x4NW SB_RAM1024x4NRNW	1024x4 (4 k)	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	10 [9:0]	4 [3:0]	No Mask Port
SB_RAM2048x2 SB_RAM2048x2NR SB_RAM2048x2NW SB_RAM2048x2NRNW	2048x2 (4 k)	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	11 [10:0]	2 [1:0]	No Mask Port

1. For iCE40 Ultra, the primitive name without "Nxx" uses rising-edge Read and Write clocks. "NR" uses rising-edge Write clock, falling-edge Read clock. "NW" uses falling-edge Write clock and rising-edge Read clock. "NRNW" uses falling-edge clocks on both Read and Write.

## RAM Initialization and ROM Operation

If desired, the contents of the RAM can be pre-loaded during device configuration.

By preloading the RAM block during the chip configuration cycle and disabling the write controls, the sysMEM block can also be utilized as a ROM.

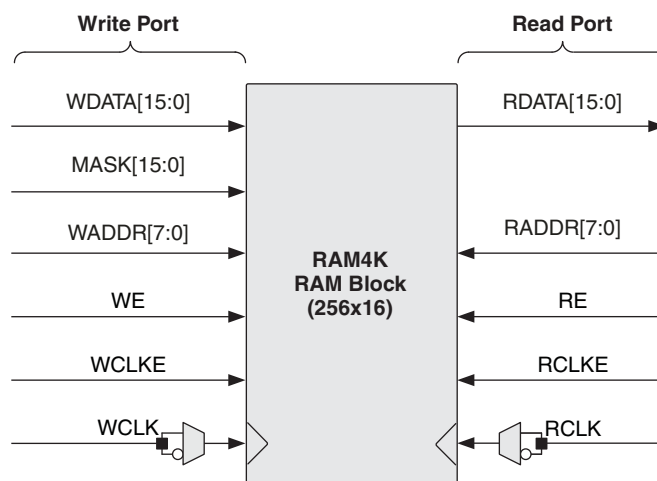
## Memory Cascading

Larger and deeper blocks of RAM can be created using multiple EBR sysMEM Blocks.

## RAM4k Block

Figure 2-4 shows the 256x16 memory configurations and their input/output names. In all the sysMEM RAM modes, the input data and addresses for the ports are registered at the input of the memory array.

**Figure 2-4. sysMEM Memory Primitives**



**Table 2-5. EBR Signal Descriptions**

Signal Name	Direction	Description
WDATA[15:0]	Input	Write Data input.
MASK[15:0]	Input	Masks write operations for individual data bit-lines. 0 = write bit 1 = do not write bit
WADDR[7:0]	Input	Write Address input. Selects one of 256 possible RAM locations.
WE	Input	Write Enable input.
WCLKE	Input	Write Clock Enable input.
WCLK	Input	Write Clock input. Default rising-edge, but with falling-edge option.
RDATA[15:0]	Output	Read Data output.
RADDR[7:0]	Input	Read Address input. Selects one of 256 possible RAM locations.
RE	Input	Read Enable input.
RCLKE	Input	Read Clock Enable input.
RCLK	Input	Read Clock input. Default rising-edge, but with falling-edge option.

For further information on the sysMEM EBR block, please refer to TN1250, [Memory Usage Guide for iCE40 Devices](#).

**Table 2-6. sysDSP Input/Output List**

Signal	Primitive Port Name	Width	Input / Output	Function	Default
CLK	CLK	1	Input	Clock Input. Applies to all clocked elements in the sysDSP block	
ENA	CE	1	Input	Clock Enable Input. Applies to all clocked elements in the sysDSP block. 0 = Not Enabled 1 = Enabled	0: Enabled
A[15:0]	A[15:0]	16	Input	Input to the A Register. Feeds the Multiplier or is a direct input to the Adder Accumulator	16'b0
B[15:0]	B[15:0]	16	Input	Input to the B Register. Feeds the Multiplier or is a direct input to the Adder Accumulator	16'b0
C[15:0]	C[15:0]	16	Input	Input to the C Register. It is a direct input to the Adder Accumulator	16'b0
D[15:0]	D[15:0]	16	Input	Input to the D Register. It is a direct input to the Adder Accumulator	16'b0
AHLD	AHOLD	1	Input	A Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
BHLD	BHOLD	1	Input	B Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
CHLD	CHOLD	1	Input	C Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
DHLD	DHOLD	1	Input	D Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
IHRST	IRSTTOP	1	Input	Reset input to A and C input registers, and the pipeline registers in the upper half of the Multiplier Section. 0 = No Reset 1 = Reset	0: No Reset
ILRST	IRSTBOT	1	Input	Reset input to B and D input registers, and the pipeline registers in the lower half of the Multiplier Section. It also resets the Multiplier result pipeline register. 0 = No Reset 1 = Reset	0: No Reset
O[31:0]	O[31:0]	32	Output	Output of the sysDSP block. This output can be: — O[31:0] — 32-bit result of 16x16 Multiplier or MAC — O[31:16] — 16-bit result of 8x8 upper half Multiplier or MAC — O[15:0] — 16-bit result of 8x8 lower half Multiplier or MAC	
OHHLD	OHOLDTOP	1	Input	High-order (upper half) Accumulator Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
OHRST	ORSTTOP	1	Input	Reset input to high-order (upper half) bits of the Accumulator Register. 0 = No Reset 1 = Reset	0: No Reset



Signal	Primitive Port Name	Width	Input / Output	Function	Default
OHLDA	OLOADTOP	1	Input	High-order (upper half) Accumulator Register Accumulate/Load control. 0 = Accumulate, register is loaded with Adder/Subtractor results 1 = Load, register is loaded with Input C or C Register	0: Accumulate
OHADS	ADDSUBTOP	1	Input	High-order (upper half) Accumulator Add or Subtract select. 0 = Add 1 = Subtract	0: Add
OLHLD	OHOLDBOT	1	Input	Low-order (lower half) Accumulator Register Hold. 0 = Update 1 = Hold	0: Update
OLRST	ORSTBOT	1	Input	Reset input to Low-order (lower half) bits of the Accumulator Register. 0 = No Reset 1 = Reset	0: No Reset
OLLDA	OLOADBOT	1	Input	Low-order (lower half) Accumulator Register Accumulate/Load control. 0 = Accumulate, register is loaded with Adder/Subtractor results 1 = Load, register is loaded with Input C or C Register	0: Accumulate
OLADS	ADDSUBBOT	1	Input	Low-order (lower half) Accumulator Add or Subtract select. 0 = Add 1 = Subtract	0: Add
CICAS	ACCUMCI	1	Input	Cascade Carry/Borrow input from previous sysDSP block	
CI	CI	1	Input	Carry/Borrow input from lower logic tile	
COCAS	ACCUMCO	1	Output	Cascade Carry/Borrow output to next sysDSP block	
CO	CO	1	Output	Carry/Borrow output to higher logic tile	
SIGNEXTIN	SIGNEXTIN	1	Input	Sign extension input from previous sysDSP block	
SIGNEXTOUT	SIGNEXTOUT	1	Output	Sign extension output to next sysDSP block	

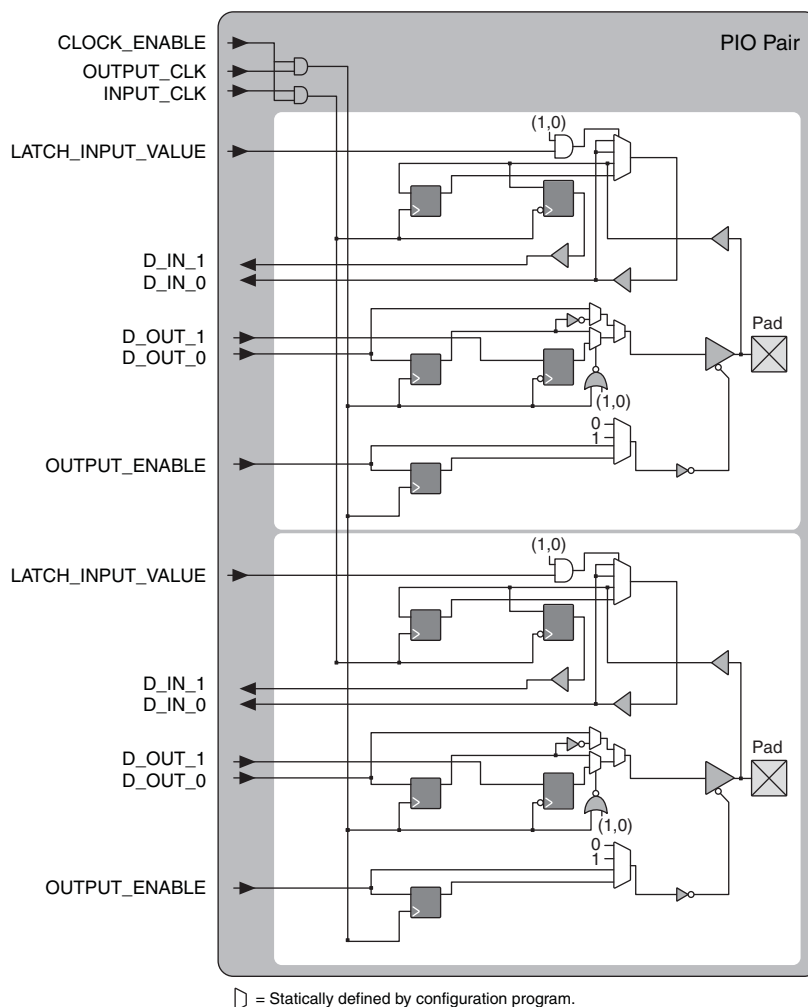
The iCE40 Ultra sysDSP can support the following functions:

- 8-bit x 8-bit Multiplier
- 16-bit x 16-bit Multiplier
- 16-bit Adder/Subtractor
- 32-bit Adder/Subtractor
- 16-bit Accumulator
- 32-bit Accumulator
- 8-bit x 8-bit Multiply-Accumulate
- 16-bit x 16-bit Multiply-Accumulate

Figure 2-6 shows the path for an 8-bit x 8-bit Multiplier using the upper half of sysDSP block.



**Figure 2-9. iCE I/O Register Block Diagram**



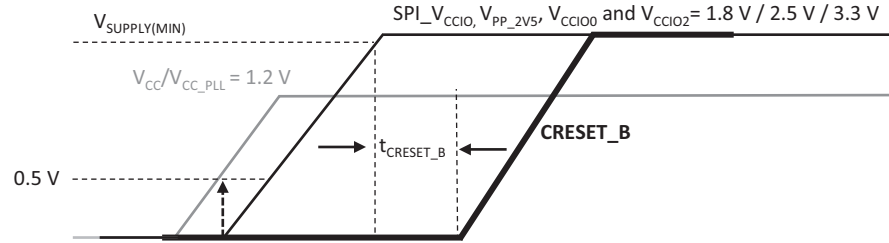
**Table 2-7. PIO Signal List**

Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
OUTPUT_CLK	Input	Output register clock
CLOCK_ENABLE	Input	Clock enable
INPUT_CLK	Input	Input register clock
OUTPUT_ENABLE	Input	Output enable
D_OUT_0/1	Input	Data from the core
D_IN_0/1	Output	Data to the core
LATCH_INPUT_VALUE	Input	Latches/holds the Input Value

## sysIO Buffer

Each I/O is associated with a flexible buffer referred to as a sysIO buffer. These buffers are arranged around the periphery of the device in groups referred to as banks. The sysIO buffers allow users to implement a wide variety of standards that are found in today's systems with LVCMOS interfaces.

**Figure 3-2. Power Up Sequence with All Supplies Connected Together**



## Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels<sup>1</sup>

Symbol	Parameter		Min.	Max.	Units
V <sub>PORUP</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp-up trip point (circuit monitoring V <sub>CC</sub> , SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> , V <sub>PP_2V5</sub> )	V <sub>CC</sub>	0.62	0.92	V
		SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub>	0.87	1.50	V
		V <sub>PP_2V5</sub>	0.90	1.53	V
V <sub>PORDN</sub>	Power-On-Reset ramp-down trip point (circuit monitoring V <sub>CC</sub> , SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> , V <sub>PP_2V5</sub> )	V <sub>CC</sub>	—	0.79	V
		SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub>	—	1.50	V
		V <sub>PP_2V5</sub>	—	1.53	V

1. These POR trip points are only provided for guidance. Device operation is only characterized for power supply voltages specified under recommended operating conditions.

## ESD Performance

Please contact Lattice Semiconductor for additional information.

## DC Electrical Characteristics

### Over Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$I_{IL}$ , $I_{IH}$ <sup>1, 3, 4</sup>	Input or I/O Leakage	$0V < V_{IN} < V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	—	+/-10	$\mu A$
$C_1$	I/O Capacitance, excluding LED Drivers <sup>2</sup>	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V, 1.8 V$ $V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	6	—	pF
$C_2$	Global Input Buffer Capacitance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 2.5 V, 1.8 V$ $V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } V_{CCIO} + 0.2 V$	—	6	—	pF
$C_3$	RGB Pin Capacitance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.5 V$	—	15	—	pF
$C_4$	IRLED Pin Capacitance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{CC} = Typ., V_{IO} = 0 \text{ to } 3.5 V$	—	53	—	pF
$V_{HYST}$	Input Hysteresis	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V$	—	200	—	mV
$I_{PU}$	Internal PIO Pull-up Current	$V_{CCIO} = 1.8 V, 0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-3	—	-31	$\mu A$
		$V_{CCIO} = 2.5 V, 0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-8	—	-72	$\mu A$
		$V_{CCIO} = 3.3 V, 0 \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.65 V_{CCIO}$	-11	—	-128	$\mu A$

1. Input or I/O leakage current is measured with the pin configured as an input or as an I/O with the output driver tri-stated. It is not measured with the output driver active. Internal pull-up resistors are disabled.

2.  $T_J$  25 °C,  $f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$ .

3. Please refer to  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$  in the sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics table of this document.

4. Input pins are clamped to  $V_{CCIO}$  and GND by a diode. When input is higher than  $V_{CCIO}$  or lower than GND, the Input Leakage current will be higher than the  $I_{IL}$  and  $I_{IH}$ .

## Internal Oscillators (HFOSC, LFOSC)<sup>1</sup>

Parameter		Parameter Description	Spec/Recommended			Units
Symbol	Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	
$f_{CLKHF}$	Commercial Temp	HFOSC clock frequency ( $t_J = 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} - 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	-10%	48	10%	MHz
	Industrial Temp	HFOSC clock frequency ( $t_J = -40\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} - 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	-20%	48	20%	MHz
$f_{CLKLF}$		LFOSC CLKK clock frequency	-10%	10	10%	kHz
$DCH_{CLKHF}$	Commercial Temp	HFOSC clock frequency ( $t_J = 0\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} - 85\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	45	50	55	%
	Industrial Temp	HFOSC clock frequency ( $t_J = -45\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C} - 100\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ )	40	50	60	%
$DCH_{CLKLF}$		LFOSC Duty Cycle (Clock High Period)	45	50	55	%
$T_{sync\_on}$		Oscillator output synchronizer delay	—	—	5	Cycles
$T_{sync\_off}$		Oscillator output disable delay	—	—	5	Cycles

1. Glitchless enabling and disabling OSC clock outputs.

## sysIO Recommended Operating Conditions

Standard	$V_{CCIO}$ (V)		
	Min.	Typ.	Max.
LVC MOS 3.3	3.14	3.3	3.46
LVC MOS 2.5	2.37	2.5	2.62
LVC MOS 1.8	1.71	1.8	1.89

## sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics

Input/ Output Standard	$V_{IL}$		$V_{IH}$		$V_{OL}$ Max. (V)	$V_{OH}$ Min. (V)	$I_{OL}$ Max. (mA)	$I_{OH}$ Max. (mA)
	Min. (V)	Max. (V)	Min. (V)	Max. (V)				
LVC MOS 3.3	-0.3	0.8	2.0	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2V$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	8	-8
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVC MOS 2.5	-0.3	0.7	1.7	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2V$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	6	-6
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1
LVC MOS 1.8	-0.3	$0.35V_{CCIO}$	$0.65V_{CCIO}$	$V_{CCIO} + 0.2V$	0.4	$V_{CCIO} - 0.4$	4	-4
					0.2	$V_{CCIO} - 0.2$	0.1	-0.1

## Differential Comparator Electrical Characteristics

Parameter Symbol	Parameter Description	Test Conditions	Min.	Max.	Units
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage to compare, on $V_{INM}$	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	0.25	$V_{CCIO} - 0.25\text{ V}$	V
$V_{DIFFIN\_H}$	Differential input HIGH ( $V_{INP} - V_{INM}$ )	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	250	—	mV
$V_{DIFFIN\_L}$	Differential input LOW ( $V_{INP} - V_{INM}$ )	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	—	-250	mV
$I_{IN}$	Input Current, $V_{INP}$ and $V_{INM}$	$V_{CCIO} = 2.5\text{ V}$	-10	10	$\mu\text{A}$

## Typical Building Block Function Performance<sup>1, 2</sup>

### Pin-to-Pin Performance (LVCMOS25)

Function	Timing	Units
<b>Basic Functions</b>		
16-bit decoder	16.5	ns
4:1 MUX	18.0	ns
16:1 MUX	19.5	ns

### Register-to-Register Performance

Function	Timing	Units
<b>Basic Functions</b>		
16:1 MUX	110	MHz
16-bit adder	100	MHz
16-bit counter	100	MHz
64-bit counter	40	MHz
<b>Embedded Memory Functions</b>		
256x16 Pseudo-Dual Port RAM	150	MHz

1. The above timing numbers are generated using the Lattice Design Software tool. Exact performance may vary with device and tool version. The tool uses internal parameters that have been characterized but are not tested on every device.
2. Under worst case operating conditions.

## Derating Logic Timing

Logic timing provided in the following sections of the data sheet and the Lattice design tools are worst case numbers in the operating range. Actual delays may be much faster. Lattice design tools can provide logic timing numbers at a particular temperature and voltage.

## Maximum sysIO Buffer Performance<sup>1</sup>

I/O Standard	Max. Speed	Units
<b>Inputs</b>		
LVCMOS33	250	MHz
LVCMOS25	250	MHz
LVCMOS18	250	MHz
<b>Outputs</b>		
LVCMOS33	250	MHz
LVCMOS25	250	MHz
LVCMOS18	155	MHz

1. Measured with a toggling pattern

### SPI Master or NVCM Configuration Time<sup>1, 2</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max.	Units
t <sub>CONFIG</sub>	POR/CRESET_B to Device I/O Active	All devices – Low Frequency (Default)	95	ms
		All devices – Medium frequency	35	ms
		All devices – High frequency	18	ms

1. Assumes sysMEM Block is initialized to an all zero pattern if they are used.

2. The NVCM download time is measured with a fast ramp rate starting from the maximum voltage of POR trip point.

### sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
<b>All Configuration Modes</b>						
t <sub>CRESET_B</sub>	Minimum CRESET_B LOW pulse width required to restart configuration, from falling edge to rising edge		200	—	—	ns
t <sub>DONE_IO</sub>	Number of configuration clock cycles after CDONE goes HIGH before the PIO pins are activated		49	—	—	Clock Cycles
<b>Slave SPI</b>						
t <sub>CR_SCK</sub>	Minimum time from a rising edge on CRESET_B until the first SPI WRITE operation, first SPI_XCK clock. During this time, the iCE40 Ultra device is clearing its internal configuration memory		1200	—	—	μs
f <sub>MAX</sub>	CCLK clock frequency	Write	1	—	25	MHz
		Read <sup>1</sup>	—	15	—	MHz
t <sub>CCLKH</sub>	CCLK clock pulsewidth HIGH		20	—	—	ns
t <sub>CCLKL</sub>	CCLK clock pulsewidth LOW		20	—	—	ns
t <sub>STSU</sub>	CCLK setup time		12	—	—	ns
t <sub>STH</sub>	CCLK hold time		12	—	—	ns
t <sub>STCO</sub>	CCLK falling edge to valid output		13	—	—	ns
<b>Master SPI<sup>3</sup></b>						
f <sub>MCLK</sub>	MCLK clock frequency	Low Frequency (Default)	7.0	12.0	17.0	MHz
		Medium Frequency <sup>2</sup>	21.0	33.0	45.0	MHz
		High Frequency <sup>2</sup>	33.0	53.0	71.0	MHz
t <sub>MCLK</sub>	CRESET_B HIGH to first MCLK edge		1200	—	—	μs
t <sub>SU</sub>	CCLK setup time <sup>4</sup>		9.9	—	—	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	CCLK hold time		1	—	—	ns

1. Supported with 1.2 V Vcc and at 25 °C.

2. Extended range f<sub>MAX</sub> Write operations support up to 53 MHz with 1.2 V Vcc and at 25 °C.

3. t<sub>SU</sub> and t<sub>HD</sub> timing must be met for all MCLK frequency choices.

4. For considerations of SPI Master Configuration Mode, please refer to TN1248, [iCE40 Programming and Configuration](#).

### Signal Descriptions

Signal Name		Function	I/O	Description
Power Supplies				
V <sub>CC</sub>		Power	—	Core Power Supply
V <sub>CCIO_0</sub> , SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> , V <sub>CCIO_2</sub>		Power	—	Power for I/Os in Bank 0, 1 and 2.
V <sub>PP_2V5</sub>		Power	—	Power for NVCM programming and operations.
V <sub>CCPLL</sub>		Power	—	Power for PLL
GND		GROUND	—	Ground
GND_LED		GROUND	—	Ground for LED drivers. Should connect to GND on board.
Configuration				
CRESETB		Configuration	I	Configuration Reset, active LOW. No internal pull-up resistor. Either actively driven externally or connect an 10 kOhm pull-up to V <sub>CCIO_1</sub> .
CDONE	Configuration	I/O	Configuration Done. Includes a weak pull-up resistor to SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> .	
	General I/O	I/O	In user mode, after configuration, this pin can be programmed as general I/O in user function.	
Config SPI				
Primary	Secondary			
CRESETB	—	Configuration	I	Configuration Reset, active LOW. No internal pull-up resistor. Either actively driven externally or connect an 10 kOhm pull-up to SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> .
PIOB_xx	CDONE	Configuration	I/O	Configuration Done. Includes a weak pull-up resistor to SPI_V <sub>CCIO1</sub> .
		General I/O	I/O	In user mode, after configuration, this pin can be programmed as general I/O in user function.
Config SPI				
Primary	Secondary			
PIOB_34a	SPI_SCK	Configuration	I/O	This pin is shared with device configuration. During configuration: In Master SPI mode, this pin outputs the clock to external SPI memory. In Slave SPI mode, this pin inputs the clock from external processor.
		General I/O	I/O	In user mode, after configuration, this pin can be programmed as general I/O in user function
PIOB_32a	SPI_SDO	Configuration	Output	This pin is shared with device configuration. During configuration: In Master SPI mode, this pin outputs the command data to external SPI memory. In Slave SPI mode, this pin connects to the MISO pin of the external processor.
		General I/O	I/O	In user mode, after configuration, this pin can be programmed as general I/O in user function.



## For Further Information

A variety of technical notes for the iCE40 Ultra family are available on the Lattice web site.

- TN1248, [iCE40 Programming and Configuration](#)
- TN1274, [iCE40 SPI/I2C Hardened IP Usage Guide](#)
- TN1276, [Advanced iCE40 SPI/I2C Hardened IP Usage Guide](#)
- TN1250, [Memory Usage Guide for iCE40 Devices](#)
- TN1251, [iCE40 sysCLOCK PLL Design and Usage Guide](#)
- TN1252, [iCE40 Hardware Checklist](#)
- TN1288, [iCE40 LED Driver Usage Guide](#)
- TN1295, [DSP Function Usage Guide for iCE40 Devices](#)
- TN1296, [iCE40 Oscillator Usage Guide](#)
- iCE40 Ultra Pinout Files
- iCE40 Ultra Pin Migration Files
- [Thermal Management](#) document
- [Lattice design tools](#)
- [Schematic Symbols](#)

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
			<p>Updated <a href="#">Supply Current</a> section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Corrected <math>I_{PP2V5STDBY}</math> parameter.</li> <li>— Added Typ. <math>V_{CC} = 1.2</math> V values for <math>I_{CCPEAK}</math>, <math>I_{PP\_2V5PEAK}</math>, <math>I_{SPI\_VCCIO1PEAK}</math>, and <math>I_{CCIOPEAK}</math>.</li> <li>— Added footnote 5.</li> <li>— Corrected <math>S_{PI\_VCCIO1}</math> character format.</li> </ul> <p>Updated <a href="#">User SPI Specifications</a> section. Removed parameters and added footnotes.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Internal Oscillators (HFOSC, LFOSC)</a> section. Added Commercial and Industrial Temp values for <math>DCH_{CLKHF}</math>.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics</a> section. Removed footnote.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Register-to-Register Performance</a> section. Modified footnotes.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">iCE40 Ultra External Switching Characteristics</a> section. Modified footnote.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">sysCLOCK PLL Timing</a> section. Reversed <math>t_{OPJIT}</math> conditions.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications</a> section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Modified <math>t_{CR\_SCK}</math> Min. value.</li> <li>— Added footnote 4 to <math>t_{SU}</math> parameter.</li> <li>— Modified <math>t_{SU}</math> Min. value.</li> <li>— Modified <math>t_{HD}</math> parameter.</li> </ul> <p>Updated section heading to <a href="#">RGB LED and IR LED Drive</a>. Modified <math>I_{LED\_ACCURACY}</math> and <math>I_{IR\_ACCURACY}</math> parameters, Min. and Max. values.</p>
		Pinout Information	<p>Updated <a href="#">Signal Descriptions</a> section. Changed <math>V_{CCIO\_1}</math> to <math>SPI\_V_{CCIO1}</math> in the CDONE, CRESETB and PIOB_xx descriptions.</p> <p>Updated <a href="#">Pin Information Summary</a> section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Corrected symbol character format.</li> <li>— Corrected <math>V_{CPP\_2V5}</math> to <math>V_{PP\_2V5}</math>.</li> </ul>
	1.9	Introduction	Updated Features section. Updated BGA package to ucfBGA.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Differential Comparator Electrical Characteristics section. Corrected typo in $V_{REF}$ Max. value.
		Pinout Information	<p>Updated Signal Descriptions section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Changed PIOB_12a to PIOB_xx</li> <li>— Changed SPI_CSN to SPI_SS_B and revised description when in Slave SPI mode.</li> <li>— Corrected minor typo errors.</li> </ul> <p>Updated Pin Information Summary section. Added footnote to SG48.</p>
		Ordering Information	<p>Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section. Updated BGA package to ucfBGA.</p> <p>Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Updated BGA package to ucfBGA.</p>
June 2015	1.8	DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Internal Oscillators (HFOSC, LFOSC) section. Removed decimals.
		Ordering Information	<p>Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>— Added TR items.</li> <li>— Corrected formatting errors.</li> </ul> <p>Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Updated CM36 and SG48 packages.</p>

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
April 2015	1.7	Architecture	Updated sysDSP section. Revised the following figures: — Figure 2-5, sysDSP Functional Block Diagram (16-bit x 16-bit Multiply-Accumulate) — Figure 2-6, sysDSP 8-bit x 8-bit Multiplier — Figure 2-7, DSP 16-bit x 16-bit Multiplier
		Ordering Information	Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section. Added TR items.
			Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Added CM36, SW36 and SG48 part numbers.
March 2015	1.6	Introduction	Updated Features section. — Added BGA and QFN packages in Flexible Logic Architecture. — Added USB 3.1 Type C Cable Detect / Power Delivery Applications in Applications. — Updated Table 1-1, iCE40 Ultra Family Selection Guide. Added 36-ball ucFBGA and 48-ball QFN packages. Changed subheading to Total User I/O Count. Changed RBW IP to PWM IP. Deleted footnotes.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Power-up Sequence section. Indicated all devices in second paragraph.
			Updated sysIO Single-Ended DC Electrical Characteristics section. Changed LVCMOS 3.3 and LVCMOS 2.5 V <sub>OH</sub> Min. (V) from 0.5 to 0.4.
			Replaced the Differential Comparator Electrical Characteristics table.
		Pinout Information	Updated Pin Information Summary section. — Added CM36 and SG48 values. — Changed CRESET_B to Dedicated Config Pins.
		Ordering Information	Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section. — Added CM36 and SG48 package. — Added TR items.
			Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Added CM36, SW36 and SG48 part numbers.
October 2014	1.5	Introduction	Updated Features section. — Removed 26 I/O pins for 36-pin WLCSP under Flexible Logic Architecture. — Changed form factor to 2.078 mm x 2.078 mm. — Updated Table 1-1, iCE40 Ultra Family Selection Guide. Removed 20-Ball WLCSP.
			Updated Introduction section. Changed form factor to 2.078 mm x 2.078 mm.
		Architecture	Updated sysCLOCK Phase Locked Loops (PLLs) section. Removed note in heading regarding sysCLOCK PLL support.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Recommended Operating Conditions section. Removed footnote on sysCLOCK PLL support.
			Updated Power-up Sequence section. Removed information on 20-pin WLCSP.
		Pinout Information	Updated Signal Descriptions section. Removed references 20-pin WLCSP.
			Updated Pin Information Summary section. Removed references to UWG20 values.
		Ordering Information	Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section. Removed 20-ball WLCSP.
			Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Removed UWG20 part numbers.
		Further Information	Added technical note references.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
August 2014	1.4	All	Removed Preliminary document status.
		Introduction	Updated General Description section. Added information on high current driver.
			Updated Features section. — Changed standby current typical to as low as 71 $\mu$ A. — Changed feature to Embedded Memory. — Updated Table 1-1, iCE40 Ultra Family Selection Guide. Added NVCM and Embedded PWM IP rows. Added (MULT16 with 32-bit Accumulator) to DSP Block. Added Total I/O (Dedicated I/O) Count data.
			General update to Introduction section.
		Architecture	Updated Architecture Overview section. — Revised and added information on sysIO banks. — Updated reference for embedded PWM IP.  Updated iCE40 Ultra Programming and Configuration section. — Changed SPI1 to SPI. — Changed VCCIO_1 to SPI_VCCIO1.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings section. Changed PLL Supply Voltage VCCPLL value.
			Updated Recommended Operating Conditions section. Added footnote to VCCPLL.
			Updated Power-up Sequence section. General update.
			Updated Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels section. Changed the V <sub>PORUP</sub> V <sub>CC</sub> Max. value.
			Updated DC Electrical Characteristics section. Added C <sub>3</sub> and C <sub>4</sub> information.
			Updated Supply Current section. — Completed Typ. VCC = 1.2 V4 data. — Changed symbols to I <sub>SPI_VCCIO1STDBY</sub> and I <sub>SPI_VCCIO1PEAK</sub> . — Added information to footnote 3.
			Updated Internal Oscillators (HFOSC, LFOSC) section. General update.
			Updated iCE40 Ultra External Switching Characteristics section. Added Max. value for t <sub>COPLL</sub> . Added Min. values for t <sub>SUPLL</sub> and t <sub>HPLL</sub> .
			Updated sysCLOCK PLL Timing section. Added Max. value for t <sub>OPJIT</sub> .
			Updated sysCONFIG Port Timing Specifications section. — Added T <sub>SU</sub> and T <sub>HD</sub> information. — Added footnote 3 to Master SPI.
			Updated High Current LED and IR LED Drive section. Updated Min. value.
July 2014	1.3	All	Changed document status from Advance to Preliminary.
		Introduction	Updated Features section. Adjusted Ultra-low Power Devices standby current.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated AC/DC specifications numbers.

Date	Version	Section	Change Summary
June 2014	1.2	All	Product name changed to iCE40 Ultra.
		Introduction	Updated Table 1-1, iCE40 Ultra Family Selection Guide. Removed 30-ball WLCSP.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Updated values in the following sections: — Supply Current — Internal Oscillators (HFOSC, LFOSC) — Power Supply Ramp Rates — Power-On-Reset Voltage Levels — SPI Master or NVCM Configuration Time
			Indicated TBD for values to be determined.
		Pinout Information	Updated Signal Descriptions section. Removed 30-pin WLCSP.
			Updated Pin Information Summary section. Removed SWG30 values.
		Ordering Information	Updated iCE5LP Part Number Description section. Removed 30-ball WLCSP.
			Updated Ordering Part Numbers section. Removed SWG30 and UWG30 part numbers.
May 2014	01.1	Introduction	Updated General Description, Features, and Introduction sections. Removed hardened RGB PWM IP information.
		Architecture	Updated Architecture Overview section. Removed the RGB IP block in Figure 2-1, iCE5LP-4K Device, Top View, Figure 2-8, I/O Bank and Programmable I/O, and in the text content.
			Updated High Current Drive I/O Pins section. Removed hardened RGB PWM IP information.
			Updated Power On Reset section. Removed content on Vccio_2 power down option.
			Replaced RGB PWM Block section with Embedded PWM IP section.
		DC and Switching Characteristics	Removed RGB PWM Block Timing section.
April 2014	01.0	All	Initial release.