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Applications of "<u>Embedded -</u> <u>Microcontrollers</u>"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M4
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	100MHz
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, I ² C, IrDA, SD, SPI, UART/USART, USB, USB OTG
Peripherals	DMA, I ² S, LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	100
Program Memory Size	512KB (512K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	128K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.71V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 42x16b; D/A 2x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	144-LBGA
Supplier Device Package	144-MAPBGA (13x13)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mk20dn512vmd10

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong



3.4 Definition: Rating

A *rating* is a minimum or maximum value of a technical characteristic that, if exceeded, may cause permanent chip failure:

- Operating ratings apply during operation of the chip.
- *Handling ratings* apply when the chip is not powered.

3.4.1 Example

This is an example of an operating rating:

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	1.0 V core supply voltage	-0.3	1.2	V

3.5 Result of exceeding a rating





Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
t _{POR}	After a POR event, amount of time from the point V_{DD} reaches 1.71 V to execution of the first instruction across the operating temperature range of the chip. • V_{DD} slew rate ≥ 5.7 kV/s • V_{DD} slew rate < 5.7 kV/s		300 1.7 V / (V _{DD} slew rate)	μs	1
	• VLLS1 → RUN	_	130	μs	
	• VLLS2 \rightarrow RUN		92	μs	
	• VLLS3 → RUN	_	92	μs	
	• LLS → RUN	—	5.9	μs	
	• VLPS → RUN		5.0	μs	
	• STOP \rightarrow RUN		5.0	μs	

Table 5. Power mode transition operating behaviors

1. Normal boot (FTFL_OPT[LPBOOT]=1)

5.2.5 Power consumption operating behaviors

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA}	Analog supply current	—	—	See note	mA	1
I _{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks disabled, code executing from flash • @ 1.8V	_	37	63	mA	2
	• @ 3.0V		38	64	mA	
I _{DD_RUN}	Run mode current — all peripheral clocks enabled, code executing from flash		46	77		3, 4
	• @ 1.8V		40		ma	
	• @ 3.0V	_	47	63	mA	
	• @ 25°C • @ 125°C	_	58	79	mA	
I _{DD_WAIT}	Wait mode high frequency current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled		20	—	mA	2
I _{DD_WAIT}	Wait mode reduced frequency current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled	—	9	—	mA	5
I _{DD_VLPR}	Very-low-power run mode current at 3.0 V — all peripheral clocks disabled		1.12	_	mA	6

Table continues on the next page...



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DD_VBAT}	Average current when CPU is not accessing RTC registers					10
	• @ 1.8V					
	• @ -40 to 25°C	_	0.57	0.67	μA	
	• @ 70°C	_	0.90	1.2	μA	
	• @ 105°C		2.4	3.5	μA	
	• @ 3.0V					
	 @ -40 to 25°C 		0.67	0.94	μA	
	• @ 70°C		1.0	1.4	μA	
	• @ 105°C	_	2.7	3.9	μA	

Table 6. Power consumption operating behaviors (continued)

- 1. The analog supply current is the sum of the active or disabled current for each of the analog modules on the device. See each module's specification for its supply current.
- 2. 100MHz core and system clock, 50MHz bus and FlexBus clock, and 25MHz flash clock . MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
- 3. 100MHz core and system clock, 50MHz bus and FlexBus clock, and 25MHz flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode. All peripheral clocks enabled.
- 4. Max values are measured with CPU executing DSP instructions.
- 5. 25MHz core and system clock, 25MHz bus clock, and 12.5MHz FlexBus and flash clock. MCG configured for FEI mode.
- 6. 4 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled. Code executing from flash.
- 7. 4 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks enabled but peripherals are not in active operation. Code executing from flash.
- 8. 4 MHz core, system, FlexBus, and bus clock and 1MHz flash clock. MCG configured for BLPE mode. All peripheral clocks disabled.
- Data reflects devices with 128 KB of RAM. For devices with 64 KB of RAM, power consumption is reduced by 2 μA. For devices with 32 KB of RAM, power consumption is reduced by 3 μA.
- 10. Includes 32kHz oscillator current and RTC operation.

5.2.5.1 Diagram: Typical IDD_RUN operating behavior

The following data was measured under these conditions:

- MCG in FBE mode for 50 MHz and lower frequencies. MCG in FEE mode at greater than 50 MHz frequencies.
- USB regulator disabled
- No GPIOs toggled
- Code execution from flash with cache enabled
- For the ALLOFF curve, all peripheral clocks are disabled except FTFL



General



Figure 2. Run mode supply current vs. core frequency

5.2.6 EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors

Table 7. EMC radiated emissions operating behaviors for 144LQFP and144MAPBGA

Symbol	Description	Frequency band (MHz)	144LQFP	144MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
V _{RE1}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 1	0.15–50	23	12	dBµV	1, 2
V _{RE2}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 2	50–150	27	24	dBµV	
V _{RE3}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 3	150–500	28	27	dBµV	
V _{RE4}	Radiated emissions voltage, band 4	500–1000	14	11	dBµV	
V _{RE_IEC}	IEC level	0.15–1000	К	К		2, 3

 Determined according to IEC Standard 61967-1, Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 1: General Conditions and Definitions and IEC Standard 61967-2, Integrated Circuits - Measurement of Electromagnetic Emissions, 150 kHz to 1 GHz Part 2: Measurement of Radiated Emissions – TEM Cell and Wideband TEM Cell Method. Measurements were made while the microcontroller was running basic application code. The reported emission level is the value of the maximum measured emission, rounded up to the next whole number, from among the measured orientations in each frequency range.

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Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
f _{ERCLK}	External reference clock	—	16	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_pin}	LPTMR clock		25	MHz	
f _{LPTMR_ERCLK}	LPTMR external reference clock	_	16	MHz	
f _{FlexCAN_ERCLK}	FlexCAN external reference clock	_	8	MHz	
f _{I2S_MCLK}	I2S master clock	_	12.5	MHz	
f _{I2S_BCLK}	I2S bit clock	_	4	MHz	

Table 9. Device clock specifications (continued)

1. The frequency limitations in VLPR mode here override any frequency specification listed in the timing specification for any other module.

5.3.2 General switching specifications

These general purpose specifications apply to all signals configured for GPIO, UART, CAN, CMT, and I²C signals.

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled) — Synchronous path	1.5	_	Bus clock cycles	1, 2
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter enabled) — Asynchronous path	100	_	ns	3
	GPIO pin interrupt pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled, analog filter disabled) — Asynchronous path		_	ns	3
	External reset pulse width (digital glitch filter disabled)	100	—	ns	3
	Mode select (EZP_CS) hold time after reset deassertion		_	Bus clock cycles	
	Port rise and fall time (high drive strength)				4
	Slew disabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$	—	12	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	—	6	ns	
	Slew enabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$		36	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$		24	ns	

Table 10. General switching specifications

Table continues on the next page...



Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Port rise and fall time (low drive strength)				5
	Slew disabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$	—	12	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	—	6	ns	
	Slew enabled				
	• $1.71 \le V_{DD} \le 2.7V$	—	36	ns	
	• $2.7 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	—	24	ns	

Table 10. General switching specifications (continued)

- 1. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to pass through the pin synchronization circuitry. Shorter pulses may or may not be recognized. In Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes, the synchronizer is bypassed so shorter pulses can be recognized in that case.
- 2. The greater synchronous and asynchronous timing must be met.
- 3. This is the minimum pulse width that is guaranteed to be recognized as a pin interrupt request in Stop, VLPS, LLS, and VLLSx modes.
- 4. 75 pF load
- 5. 15 pF load

5.4 Thermal specifications

5.4.1 Thermal operating requirements

Table 11. Thermal operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
TJ	Die junction temperature	-40	125	°C
T _A	Ambient temperature	-40	105	°C

5.4.2 Thermal attributes

Board type	Symbol	Description	144 LQFP	144 MAPBGA	Unit	Notes
Single-layer (1s)	R _{θJA}	Thermal resistance, junction to ambient (natural convection)	45	48	°C/W	1

Table continues on the next page ...

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6.1.1 Debug trace timing specifications

Table 12. Debu	g trace operating	behaviors
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Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
T _{cyc}	Clock period	Frequency	MHz	
T _{wl}	Low pulse width	2	—	ns
T _{wh}	High pulse width	2	_	ns
Tr	Clock and data rise time	—	3	ns
T _f	Clock and data fall time	—	3	ns
Ts	Data setup	3	—	ns
T _h	Data hold	2	—	ns



Figure 3. TRACE_CLKOUT specifications



Figure 4. Trace data specifications

6.1.2 JTAG electricals



Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
J1	TCLK frequency of operation			MHz
	Boundary Scan	0	10	
	JTAG and CJTAG	0	25	
	Serial Wire Debug	0	50	
J2	TCLK cycle period	1/J1		ns

Table continues on the next page ...



Figure 12. FlexBus write timing diagram

6.5 Security and integrity modules

There are no specifications necessary for the device's security and integrity modules.

6.6 Analog

Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
C _{rate}	ADC conversion	16-bit mode					5
	rate	No ADC hardware averaging	37.037	_	461.467	Ksps	
		Continuous conversions enabled, subsequent conversion time					

 Table 27.
 16-bit ADC operating conditions (continued)

- 1. Typical values assume V_{DDA} = 3.0 V, Temp = 25 °C, f_{ADCK} = 1.0 MHz, unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only, and are not tested in production.
- 2. DC potential difference.
- 3. This resistance is external to MCU. To achieve the best results, the analog source resistance must be kept as low as possible. The results in this data sheet were derived from a system that had < 8 Ω analog source resistance. The R_{AS}/C_{AS} time constant should be kept to < 1 ns.
- 4. To use the maximum ADC conversion clock frequency, CFG2[ADHSC] must be set and CFG1[ADLPC] must be clear.
- 5. For guidelines and examples of conversion rate calculation, download the ADC calculator tool.



Figure 13. ADC input impedance equivalency diagram

6.6.1.2 16-bit ADC electrical characteristics Table 28. 16-bit ADC characteristics (V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}, V_{REFL} = V_{SSA})

Symbol	Description	Conditions ¹ .	Min.	Typ. ²	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA_ADC}	Supply current		0.215		1.7	mA	3

Table continues on the next page ...



Table 28.	16-bit ADC characteristics	$(V_{REFH} = V_{DC})$	_{DA} , V _{REFL} = ^v	V _{SSA}) (continued)
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Symbol	Description	Conditions ¹ .	Min.	Typ. ²	Max.	Unit	Notes
	ADC	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 0	1.2	2.4	3.9	MHz	t _{ADACK} = 1/
	asynchronous clock source	• ADLPC = 1, ADHSC = 1	2.4	4.0	6.1	MHz	f _{ADACK}
f _{ADACK}		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 0	3.0	5.2	7.3	MHz	
		• ADLPC = 0, ADHSC = 1	4.4	6.2	9.5	MHz	
	Sample Time	See Reference Manual chapter	for sample t	imes	11		
TUE	Total unadjusted	12-bit modes	_	±4	±6.8	LSB ⁴	5
	error	 <12-bit modes 	—	±1.4	±2.1		
DNL	Differential non-	12-bit modes		±0.7	-1.1 to +1.9	LSB ⁴	5
	linearity				-0.3 to 0.5		
		 <12-bit modes 	—	±0.2			
INL	Integral non-	12-bit modes	—	±1.0	-2.7 to +1.9	LSB ⁴	5
	linearity				-0.7 to +0.5		
		 <12-bit modes 		±0.5			
E _{FS}	Full-scale error	12-bit modes	—	-4	-5.4	LSB ⁴	V _{ADIN} =
		<12-bit modes	_	-1.4	-1.8		V DDA
Fo	Quantization	16-bit modes		-1 to 0		LSB ⁴	,
	error	 <13-bit modes 	_	_	+0.5	200	
	Effective sumber	16 hit differential mode					6
ENOD	of bits		10.0	145		hito	o
		• $Avg = 32$	12.0	14.0	_	Dits	
		• Avg = 4	11.9	13.0		DIIS	
		16-bit single-ended mode					
		• Avg = 32	12.2	13.0		hite	
		• Avg = 4	11 /	13.1		bite	
	Signal-to-noise	See ENOB	11.7	10.1		Dito	
SINAD	plus distortion		6.02	2 × ENOB +	1.76	dB	
THD	Total harmonic	16-bit differential mode					7
	distortion	• Avg = 32	—	-94	—	dB	
		16-bit single-ended mode					
		• Avg - 32	_	-85	—	dB	
SFDR	Spurious free dvnamic range	16-bit differential mode					7
	,	• Avg = 32	82	95		dB	
		16-bit single-ended mode	70			-10	
		• Avg = 32	78	90		aВ	
	1	-					

Table continues on the next page ...



Symbol	Description	Conditions	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
SFDR	Spurious free dynamic range	• Gain=1 • Gain=64	85 53	105 88		dB dB	16-bit differential mode, Average=32, f _{in} =100Hz
ENOB	Effective number	Gain=1. Average=4	11.6	13.4		bits	16-bit
	of bits	Gain=1, Average=8	8.0	13.6	—	bits	differential
		• Gain=64, Average=4	7.2	9.6	—	bits	
		Gain=64, Average=8	6.3	9.6	—	bits	
		• Gain=1, Average=32	12.8	14.5	—	bits	
		Gain=2, Average=32	11.0	14.3	—	bits	
		• Gain=4, Average=32	7.9	13.8	—	bits	
		Gain=8, Average=32	7.3	13.1	—	bits	
		Gain=16, Average=32	6.8	12.5	—	bits	
		• Gain=32, Average=32	6.8	11.5	—	bits	
		• Gain=64, Average=32	7.5	10.6	—	bits	
SINAD	Signal-to-noise plus distortion ratio	See ENOB	6.02	× ENOB +	1.76	dB	

Table 30. 16-bit ADC with PGA characteristics (continued)

- 1. Typical values assume V_{DDA} =3.0V, Temp=25°C, f_{ADCK} =6MHz unless otherwise stated.
- 2. This current is a PGA module adder, in addition to ADC conversion currents.
- Between IN+ and IN-. The PGA draws a DC current from the input terminals. The magnitude of the DC current is a strong function of input common mode voltage (V_{CM}) and the PGA gain.
- 4. Gain = 2^{PGAG}
- 5. After changing the PGA gain setting, a minimum of 2 ADC+PGA conversions should be ignored.
- 6. Limit the input signal swing so that the PGA does not saturate during operation. Input signal swing is dependent on the PGA reference voltage and gain setting.

6.6.2 CMP and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications Table 31. Comparator and 6-bit DAC electrical specifications

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V _{DD}	Supply voltage	1.71	—	3.6	V
I _{DDHS}	Supply current, High-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=1)	—	—	200	μA
I _{DDLS}	Supply current, low-speed mode (EN=1, PMODE=0)	—	—	20	μA
V _{AIN}	Analog input voltage	V _{SS} – 0.3	_	V _{DD}	V
V _{AIO}	Analog input offset voltage	—	—	20	mV

Table continues on the next page...

6.6.3.2 12-bit DAC operating behaviors Table 33. 12-bit DAC operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{DDA_DACL}	Supply current — low-power mode	_	—	330	μΑ	
I _{DDA_DACH} P	Supply current — high-speed mode	_	—	1200	μΑ	
tDACLP	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — low-power mode	_	100	200	μs	1
t _{DACHP}	Full-scale settling time (0x080 to 0xF7F) — high-power mode	—	15	30	μs	1
t _{CCDACLP}	Code-to-code settling time (0xBF8 to 0xC08) — low-power mode and high-speed mode	_	0.7	1	μs	1
V _{dacoutl}	DAC output voltage range low — high-speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0x000	—	—	100	mV	
V _{dacouth}	DAC output voltage range high — high- speed mode, no load, DAC set to 0xFFF	V _{DACR} -100	—	V _{DACR}	mV	
INL	Integral non-linearity error — high speed mode	—	—	±8	LSB	2
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} > 2 V	—	—	±1	LSB	3
DNL	Differential non-linearity error — V _{DACR} = VREF_OUT	—	—	±1	LSB	4
V _{OFFSET}	Offset error	_	±0.4	±0.8	%FSR	5
E _G	Gain error	_	±0.1	±0.6	%FSR	5
PSRR	Power supply rejection ratio, $V_{DDA} > = 2.4 \text{ V}$	60	—	90	dB	
T _{CO}	Temperature coefficient offset voltage	_	3.7	_	μV/C	6
T _{GE}	Temperature coefficient gain error	_	0.000421		%FSR/C	
Rop	Output resistance load = $3 \text{ k}\Omega$	_	—	250	Ω	
SR	Slew rate -80h \rightarrow F7Fh \rightarrow 80h				V/µs	
	 High power (SP_{HP}) 	1.2	1.7	_		
	Low power (SP _{LP})	0.05	0.12	—		
СТ	Channel to channel cross talk	_	—	-80	dB	
BW	3dB bandwidth				kHz	
	 High power (SP_{HP}) 	550	_	_		
	Low power (SP _{LP})	40	_	—		

1. Settling within ±1 LSB

- 2. The INL is measured for 0+100mV to V_{DACR} -100 mV
- 3. The DNL is measured for 0+100 mV to $V_{\text{DACR}}\text{--}100 \text{ mV}$
- 4. The DNL is measured for 0+100mV to $V_{DACR}\mbox{--}100$ mV with $V_{DDA}\mbox{-}2.4V$
- 5. Calculated by a best fit curve from $V_{SS}\text{+}100\mbox{ mV}$ to $V_{DACR}\text{-}100\mbox{ mV}$
- 6. VDDA = 3.0V, reference select set for VDDA (DACx_CO:DACRFS = 1), high power mode(DACx_CO:LPEN = 0), DAC set to 0x800, Temp range from -40C to 105C



Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{out}	Voltage reference output with factory trim at nominal V_{DDA} and temperature=25C	1.1915	1.195	1.1977	V	
V _{out}	Voltage reference output — factory trim	1.1584	—	1.2376	V	
V _{out}	Voltage reference output — user trim	1.193	—	1.197	V	
V _{step}	Voltage reference trim step	—	0.5	—	mV	
V _{tdrift}	Temperature drift (Vmax -Vmin across the full temperature range)	—	_	80	mV	
I _{bg}	Bandgap only current	—	—	80	μA	1
I _{lp}	Low-power buffer current	—	—	360	uA	1
I _{hp}	High-power buffer current	_	—	1	mA	1
ΔV_{LOAD}	Load regulation				μV	1, 2
	• current = ± 1.0 mA		200	—		
T _{stup}	Buffer startup time			100	μs	
V _{vdrift}	Voltage drift (Vmax -Vmin across the full voltage range)		2		mV	1

Table 35. VREF full-range operating behaviors

1. See the chip's Reference Manual for the appropriate settings of the VREF Status and Control register.

2. Load regulation voltage is the difference between the VREF_OUT voltage with no load vs. voltage with defined load

Table 36. VREF limited-range operating requirements

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T _A	Temperature	0	50	°C	

Table 37. VREF limited-range operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V _{out}	Voltage reference output with factory trim	1.173	1.225	V	

6.7 Timers

See General switching specifications.

6.8 Communication interfaces



Table 39. USB VREG electrical specifications (continued)

Symbol	Description	Min.	Typ. ¹	Max.	Unit	Notes
I _{LIM}	Short circuit current	—	290	—	mA	

1. Typical values assume VREGIN = 5.0 V, Temp = 25 °C unless otherwise stated.

2. Operating in pass-through mode: regulator output voltage equal to the input voltage minus a drop proportional to I_{Load}.

6.8.4 CAN switching specifications

See General switching specifications.

6.8.5 DSPI switching specifications (limited voltage range)

The DMA Serial Peripheral Interface (DSPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The tables below provide DSPI timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the DSPI chapter of the Reference Manual for information on the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices.

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V	
	Frequency of operation	_	25	MHz	
DS1	DSPI_SCK output cycle time	2 x t _{BUS}	_	ns	
DS2	DSPI_SCK output high/low time	(t _{SCK} /2) – 2	(t _{SCK} /2) + 2	ns	
DS3	DSPI_PCSn valid to DSPI_SCK delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 2	_	ns	1
DS4	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_PCS <i>n</i> invalid delay	(t _{BUS} x 2) – 2	_	ns	2
DS5	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid	_	8	ns	
DS6	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns	
DS7	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	14	_	ns	
DS8	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	0		ns	

Table 40. Master mode DSPI timing (limited voltage range)

1. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PSSCK] and SPIx_CTARn[CSSCK].

2. The delay is programmable in SPIx_CTARn[PASC] and SPIx_CTARn[ASC].





Figure 20. DSPI classic SPI timing — master mode

Num	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
	Frequency of operation		12.5	MHz
DS9	DSPI_SCK input cycle time	4 x t _{BUS}	_	ns
DS10	DSPI_SCK input high/low time	(t _{SCK} /2) – 2	(t _{SCK} /2) + 2	ns
DS11	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT valid		20	ns
DS12	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SOUT invalid	0	—	ns
DS13	DSPI_SIN to DSPI_SCK input setup	2	—	ns
DS14	DSPI_SCK to DSPI_SIN input hold	7	_	ns
DS15	DSPI_SS active to DSPI_SOUT driven		14	ns
DS16	DSPI_SS inactive to DSPI_SOUT not driven		14	ns

Table 41. Slave mode DSPI timing (limited voltage range)



Figure 21. DSPI classic SPI timing — slave mode



6.8.9 SDHC specifications

The following timing specs are defined at the chip I/O pin and must be translated appropriately to arrive at timing specs/constraints for the physical interface.

Num	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	
		Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V	
	Card input clock					
SD1	fpp	Clock frequency (low speed)	0	400	kHz	
	fpp	Clock frequency (SD\SDIO full speed\high speed)	0	25\50	MHz	
	fpp	Clock frequency (MMC full speed\high speed)	0	20\50	MHz	
	f _{OD}	Clock frequency (identification mode)	0	400	kHz	
SD2	t _{WL}	Clock low time	7	—	ns	
SD3	t _{WH}	Clock high time	7	—	ns	
SD4	t _{TLH}	Clock rise time	_	3	ns	
SD5	t _{THL}	Clock fall time	—	3	ns	
	SDHC output / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD6	t _{OD}	SDHC output delay (output valid)	-5	8.3	ns	
	SDHC input / card inputs SDHC_CMD, SDHC_DAT (reference to SDHC_CLK)					
SD7	t _{ISU}	SDHC input setup time	5	—	ns	
SD8	t _{IH}	SDHC input hold time	0	—	ns	

Table 45. SDHC switching specifications



Figure 25. SDHC timing



6.8.10 I2S/SAI switching specifications

This section provides the AC timing for the I2S/SAI module in master mode (clocks are driven) and slave mode (clocks are input). All timing is given for noninverted serial clock polarity (TCR2[BCP] is 0, RCR2[BCP] is 0) and a noninverted frame sync (TCR4[FSP] is 0, RCR4[FSP] is 0). If the polarity of the clock and/or the frame sync have been inverted, all the timing remains valid by inverting the bit clock signal (BCLK) and/or the frame sync (FS) signal shown in the following figures.

6.8.10.1 Normal Run, Wait and Stop mode performance over a limited operating voltage range

This section provides the operating performance over a limited operating voltage for the device in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes.

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	40	_	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	80	_	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	—	15	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	0	-	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	15	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	_	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	15	-	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	_	ns

 Table 46. I2S/SAI master mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (limited voltage range)





Figure 26. I2S/SAI timing — master modes

Table 47. I2S/SAI slave mode timing in Normal Run, Wait and Stop modes (limited voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	2.7	3.6	V
S11	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (input)	80	—	ns
S12	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low (input)	45%	55%	MCLK period
S13	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	4.5	—	ns
S14	I2S_TX_FS/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK	2	_	ns
S15	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output valid Multiple SAI Synchronous mode 	_	21	ns
	All other modes	_	15	
S16	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD/I2S_TX_FS output invalid	0	—	ns
S17	I2S_RXD setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	4.5	—	ns
S18	I2S_RXD hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	2	—	ns
S19	I2S_TX_FS input assertion to I2S_TXD output valid ¹	_	25	ns

1. Applies to first bit in each frame and only if the TCR4[FSE] bit is clear



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Figure 29. I2S/SAI timing — slave modes

6.8.10.3 VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS mode performance over the full operating voltage range

This section provides the operating performance over the full operating voltage for the device in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes.

Table 50.I2S/SAI master mode timing in VLPR, VLPW, and VLPS modes
(full voltage range)

Num.	Characteristic	Min.	Max.	Unit
	Operating voltage	1.71	3.6	V
S1	I2S_MCLK cycle time	62.5	_	ns
S2	I2S_MCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	MCLK period
S3	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK cycle time (output)	250	_	ns
S4	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK pulse width high/low	45%	55%	BCLK period
S5	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output valid	_	45	ns
S6	I2S_TX_BCLK/I2S_RX_BCLK to I2S_TX_FS/ I2S_RX_FS output invalid	0	-	ns
S7	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD valid	—	45	ns
S8	I2S_TX_BCLK to I2S_TXD invalid	0	—	ns
S9	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input setup before I2S_RX_BCLK	45	_	ns
S10	I2S_RXD/I2S_RX_FS input hold after I2S_RX_BCLK	0	—	ns



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