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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	S08
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	LVD, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	37
Program Memory Size	16KB (16K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	256 x 8
RAM Size	2K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.7V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 12x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	44-LQFP
Supplier Device Package	44-LQFP (10x10)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mc9s08pa16avld

- Input/Output
 - Up to 37 GPIOs including one output-only pin
 - One 8-bit keyboard interrupt module (KBI)
 - Two true open-drain output pins
 - Four, ultra-high current sink pins supporting 20 mA source/sink current
- Package options
 - 44-pin LQFP
 - 32-pin LQFP
 - 20-pin SOIC; 20-pin TSSOP
 - 16-pin TSSOP

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1 Ordering parts

1.1 Determining valid orderable parts

Valid orderable part numbers are provided on the web. To determine the orderable part numbers for this device, go to freescale.com and perform a part number search for the following device numbers: PA16 and PA8.

2 Part identification

2.1 Description

Part numbers for the chip have fields that identify the specific part. You can use the values of these fields to determine the specific part you have received.

2.2 Format

Part numbers for this device have the following format:

MC 9 S08 PA AA (V) B CC

2.3 Fields

This table lists the possible values for each field in the part number (not all combinations are valid):

Field	Description	Values
MC	Qualification status	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • MC = fully qualified, general market flow
9	Memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 9 = flash based
S08	Core	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • S08 = 8-bit CPU
PA	Device family	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PA
AA	Approximate flash size in KB	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 16 = 16 KB • 8 = 8 KB
(V)	Mask set version	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • (blank) = Any version • A = Rev. 2 or later version, this is recommended for new design

Table continues on the next page...

Field	Description	Values
B	Operating temperature range (°C)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • V = -40 to 105
CC	Package designator	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LD = 44-LQFP • LC = 32-LQFP • TJ = 20-TSSOP • WJ = 20-SOIC • TG = 16-TSSOP

2.4 Example

This is an example part number:

MC9S08PA16VLD

3 Parameter Classification

The electrical parameters shown in this supplement are guaranteed by various methods. To give the customer a better understanding, the following classification is used and the parameters are tagged accordingly in the tables where appropriate:

Table 1. Parameter Classifications

P	Those parameters are guaranteed during production testing on each individual device.
C	Those parameters are achieved by the design characterization by measuring a statistically relevant sample size across process variations.
T	Those parameters are achieved by design characterization on a small sample size from typical devices under typical conditions unless otherwise noted. All values shown in the typical column are within this category.
D	Those parameters are derived mainly from simulations.

NOTE

The classification is shown in the column labeled “C” in the parameter tables where appropriate.

4 Ratings

4.1 Thermal handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	-55	150	°C	1
T_{SDR}	Solder temperature, lead-free	—	260	°C	2

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A103, *High Temperature Storage Life*.
2. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, *Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices*.

4.2 Moisture handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
MSL	Moisture sensitivity level	—	3	—	1

1. Determined according to IPC/JEDEC Standard J-STD-020, *Moisture/Reflow Sensitivity Classification for Nonhermetic Solid State Surface Mount Devices*.

4.3 ESD handling ratings

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Notes
V_{HBM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, human body model	-6000	+6000	V	1
V_{CDM}	Electrostatic discharge voltage, charged-device model	-500	+500	V	2
I_{LAT}	Latch-up current at ambient temperature of 105°C	-100	+100	mA	

1. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-A114, *Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Sensitivity Testing Human Body Model (HBM)*.
2. Determined according to JEDEC Standard JESD22-C101, *Field-Induced Charged-Device Model Test Method for Electrostatic-Discharge-Withstand Thresholds of Microelectronic Components*.

4.4 Voltage and current operating ratings

Absolute maximum ratings are stress ratings only, and functional operation at the maxima is not guaranteed. Stress beyond the limits specified in below table may affect device reliability or cause permanent damage to the device. For functional operating conditions, refer to the remaining tables in this document.

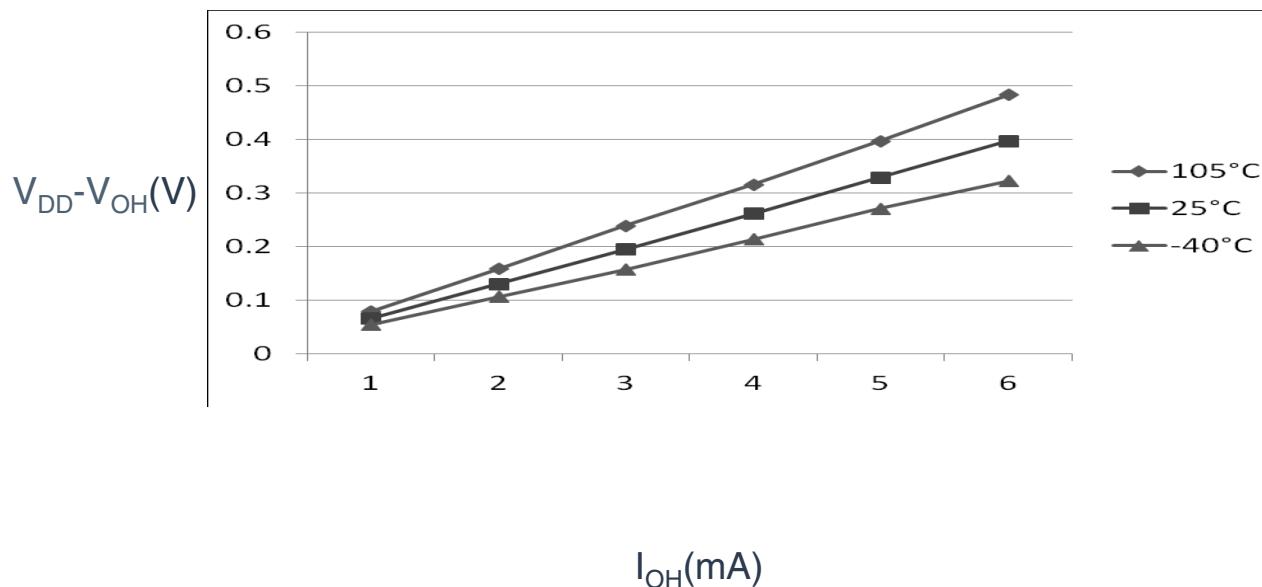


Figure 1. Typical I_{OH} Vs. $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$ (standard drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 5$ V)

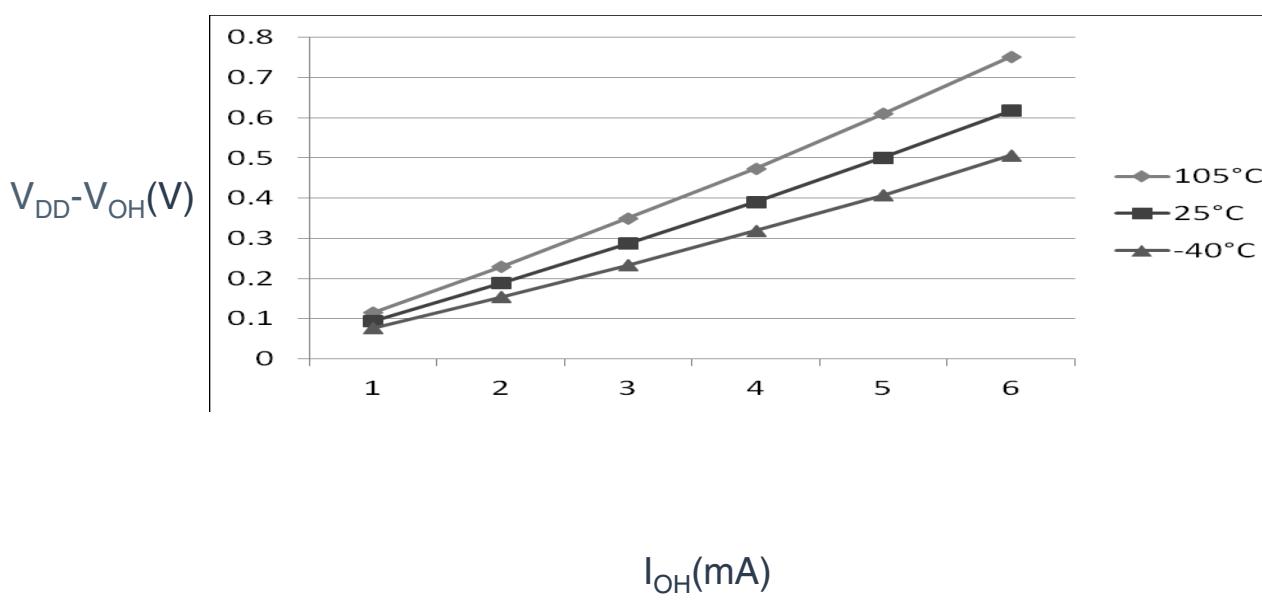


Figure 2. Typical I_{OH} Vs. $V_{DD} - V_{OH}$ (standard drive strength) ($V_{DD} = 3$ V)

5.1.2 Supply current characteristics

This section includes information about power supply current in various operating modes.

Table 4. Supply current characteristics

Num	C	Parameter	Symbol	Bus Freq	V _{DD} (V)	Typical ¹	Max	Unit	Temp
1	C	Run supply current FEI mode, all modules on; run from flash	RI _{DD}	20 MHz	5	7.60	—	mA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			10 MHz		4.65	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.90	—		
	C			20 MHz	3	7.05	—		
	C			10 MHz		4.40	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.85	—		
2	C	Run supply current FBE mode, all modules off & gated; run from flash	RI _{DD}	20 MHz	5	5.88	—	mA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			10 MHz		3.70	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.85	—		
	C			20 MHz	3	5.35	—		
	C			10 MHz		3.42	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.80	—		
3	P	Run supply current FBE mode, all modules on; run from RAM	RI _{DD}	20 MHz	5	10.9	14.0	mA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			10 MHz		6.10	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.69	—		
	P			20 MHz	3	8.18	—		
	C			10 MHz		5.14	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.44	—		
4	P	Run supply current FBE mode, all modules off & gated; run from RAM	RI _{DD}	20 MHz	5	8.50	13.0	mA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			10 MHz		5.07	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.59	—		
	P			20 MHz	3	6.11	—		
	C			10 MHz		4.10	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.34	—		
5	P	Wait mode current FEI mode, all modules on	WI _{DD}	20 MHz	5	5.95	—	mA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			10 MHz		3.50	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.24	—		
	P			20 MHz	3	5.45	—		
	C			10 MHz		3.25	—		
	C			1 MHz		1.20	—		
6	C	Stop3 mode supply current no clocks active (except 1kHz LPO clock) ^{2, 3}	S3I _{DD}	—	5	4.6	—	µA	-40 to 105 °C
	C			—	3	4.5	—		-40 to 105 °C
7	C	ADC adder to stop3	—	—	5	40	—	µA	-40 to 105 °C

Table continues on the next page...

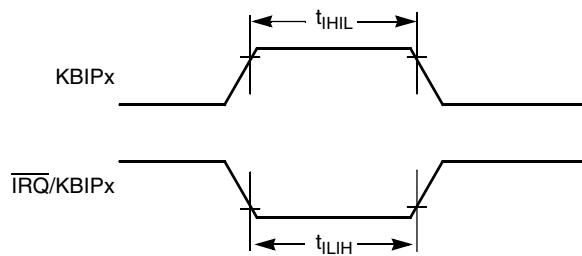


Figure 10. IRQ/KBIPx timing

5.2.2 Debug trace timing specifications

Table 7. Debug trace operating behaviors

Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit
t_{cyc}	Clock period		Frequency dependent	MHz
t_{wl}	Low pulse width	2	—	ns
t_{wh}	High pulse width	2	—	ns
t_r	Clock and data rise time	—	3	ns
t_f	Clock and data fall time	—	3	ns
t_s	Data setup	3	—	ns
t_h	Data hold	2	—	ns

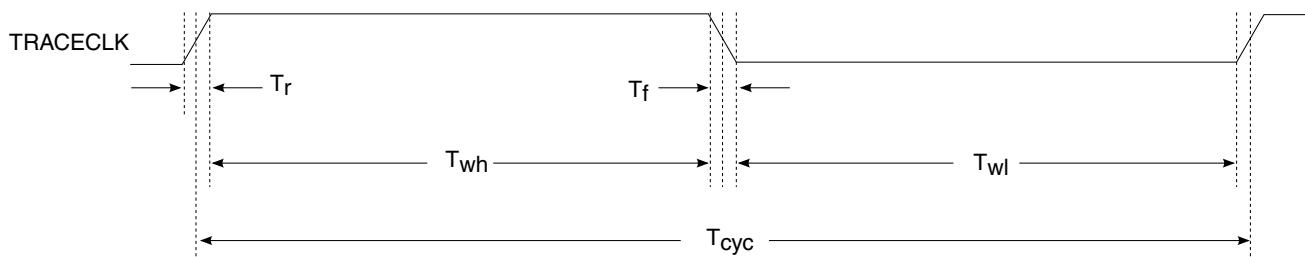


Figure 11. TRACE_CLKOUT specifications

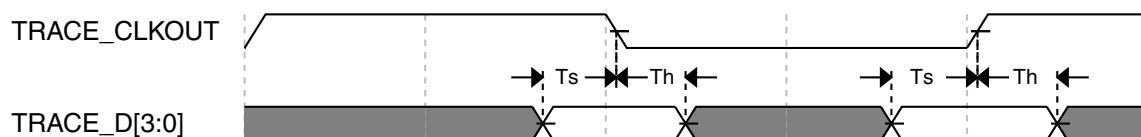


Figure 12. Trace data specifications

5.2.3 FTM module timing

Synchronizer circuits determine the shortest input pulses that can be recognized or the fastest clock that can be used as the optional external source to the timer counter. These synchronizers operate from the current bus rate clock.

Table 8. FTM input timing

No.	C	Function	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
1	D	External clock frequency	f_{TCLK}	0	$f_{Bus}/4$	Hz
2	D	External clock period	t_{TCLK}	4	—	t_{cyc}
3	D	External clock high time	t_{clkh}	1.5	—	t_{cyc}
4	D	External clock low time	t_{clkl}	1.5	—	t_{cyc}
5	D	Input capture pulse width	t_{ICPW}	1.5	—	t_{cyc}

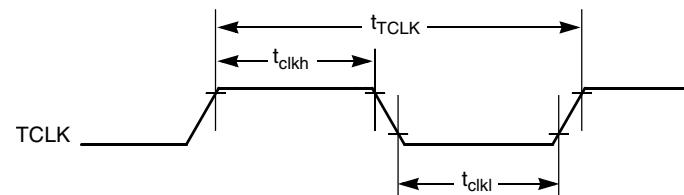


Figure 13. Timer external clock

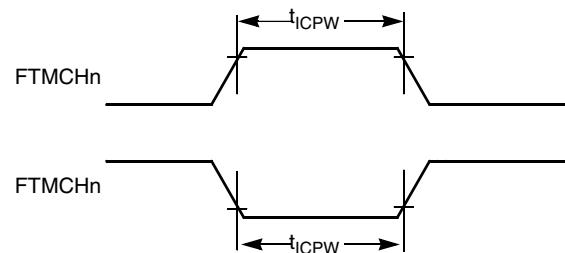


Figure 14. Timer input capture pulse

**Table 10. XOSC and ICS specifications (temperature range = -40 to 105 °C ambient)
(continued)**

Num	C	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical ¹	Max	Unit
13	C	Long term jitter of DCO output clock (averaged over 2 ms interval) ⁸	C_{Jitter}	—	0.02	0.2	% f_{dco}

1. Data in Typical column was characterized at 5.0 V, 25 °C or is typical recommended value.
2. When ICS is configured for FEE or FBE mode, input clock source must be divisible using RDIV to within the range of 31.25 kHz to 39.0625 kHz.
3. See crystal or resonator manufacturer's recommendation.
4. Load capacitors (C_1, C_2), feedback resistor (R_F) and series resistor (R_S) are incorporated internally when RANGE = HGO = 0.
5. This parameter is characterized and not tested on each device.
6. Proper PC board layout procedures must be followed to achieve specifications.
7. This specification applies to any time the FLL reference source or reference divider is changed, trim value changed, or changing from FLL disabled (FBELP, FBILP) to FLL enabled (FEI, FEE, FBE, FBI). If a crystal/resonator is being used as the reference, this specification assumes it is already running.
8. Jitter is the average deviation from the programmed frequency measured over the specified interval at maximum f_{Bus} . Measurements are made with the device powered by filtered supplies and clocked by a stable external clock signal. Noise injected into the FLL circuitry via V_{DD} and V_{SS} and variation in crystal oscillator frequency increase the C_{Jitter} percentage for a given interval.

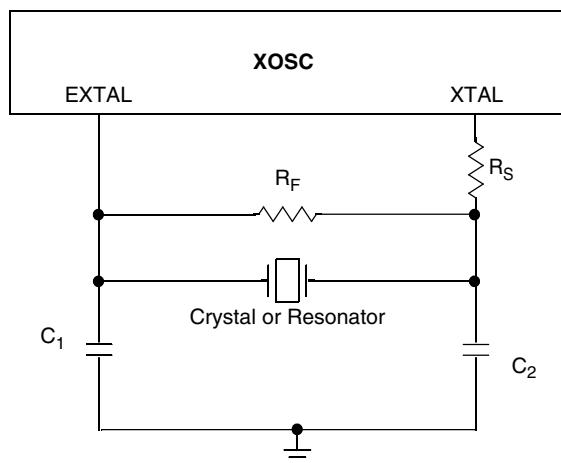


Figure 15. Typical crystal or resonator circuit

6.2 NVM specifications

This section provides details about program/erase times and program/erase endurance for the flash and EEPROM memories.

Table 11. Flash characteristics

C	Characteristic	Symbol	Min ¹	Typical ²	Max ³	Unit ⁴
D	Supply voltage for program/erase -40 °C to 105 °C	$V_{\text{prog/erase}}$	2.7	—	5.5	V
D	Supply voltage for read operation	V_{Read}	2.7	—	5.5	V

Table continues on the next page...

Table 11. Flash characteristics (continued)

C	Characteristic	Symbol	Min ¹	Typical ²	Max ³	Unit ⁴
D	NVM Bus frequency	f _{NVMBUS}	1	—	25	MHz
D	NVM Operating frequency	f _{NVMOP}	0.8	1	1.05	MHz
D	Erase Verify All Blocks	t _{VFYALL}	—	—	17338	t _{cyc}
D	Erase Verify Flash Block	t _{RD1BLK}	—	—	16913	t _{cyc}
D	Erase Verify EEPROM Block	t _{RD1BLK}	—	—	810	t _{cyc}
D	Erase Verify Flash Section	t _{RD1SEC}	—	—	484	t _{cyc}
D	Erase Verify EEPROM Section	t _{DRD1SEC}	—	—	555	t _{cyc}
D	Read Once	t _{RDONCE}	—	—	450	t _{cyc}
D	Program Flash (2 word)	t _{PGM2}	0.12	0.12	0.29	ms
D	Program Flash (4 word)	t _{PGM4}	0.20	0.21	0.46	ms
D	Program Once	t _{PGMONCE}	0.20	0.21	0.21	ms
D	Program EEPROM (1 Byte)	t _{DPGM1}	0.10	0.10	0.27	ms
D	Program EEPROM (2 Byte)	t _{DPGM2}	0.17	0.18	0.43	ms
D	Program EEPROM (3 Byte)	t _{DPGM3}	0.25	0.26	0.60	ms
D	Program EEPROM (4 Byte)	t _{DPGM4}	0.32	0.33	0.77	ms
D	Erase All Blocks	t _{ERSALL}	96.01	100.78	101.49	ms
D	Erase Flash Block	t _{ERSBLK}	95.98	100.75	101.44	ms
D	Erase Flash Sector	t _{ERSPG}	19.10	20.05	20.08	ms
D	Erase EEPROM Sector	t _{DERSPG}	4.81	5.05	20.57	ms
D	Unsecure Flash	t _{UNSECU}	96.01	100.78	101.48	ms
D	Verify Backdoor Access Key	t _{VFYKEY}	—	—	464	t _{cyc}
D	Set User Margin Level	t _{MLOADU}	—	—	407	t _{cyc}
C	FLASH Program/erase endurance T _L to T _H = -40 °C to 105 °C	n _{FLPE}	10 k	100 k	—	Cycles
C	EEPROM Program/erase endurance TL to TH = -40 °C to 105 °C	n _{FLPE}	50 k	500 k	—	Cycles
C	Data retention at an average junction temperature of T _{Javg} = 85°C after up to 10,000 program/erase cycles	t _{D_ret}	15	100	—	years

1. Minimum times are based on maximum f_{NVMOP} and maximum f_{NVMBUS}

2. Typical times are based on typical f_{NVMOP} and maximum f_{NVMBUS}

3. Maximum times are based on typical f_{NVMOP} and typical f_{NVMBUS} plus aging

4. t_{cyc} = 1 / f_{NVMBUS}

Program and erase operations do not require any special power sources other than the normal V_{DD} supply. For more detailed information about program/erase operations, see the Memory section.

Table 13. 12-bit ADC Characteristics ($V_{REFH} = V_{DDA}$, $V_{REFL} = V_{SSA}$) (continued)

Characteristic	Conditions	C	Symb	Min	Typ ¹	Max	Unit
	Low power (ADLPC = 1)			1.25	2	3.3	
Conversion time (including sample time)	Short sample (ADLSMP = 0)	T	t_{ADC}	—	20	—	ADCK cycles
	Long sample (ADLSMP = 1)			—	40	—	
Sample time	Short sample (ADLSMP = 0)	T	t_{ADS}	—	3.5	—	ADCK cycles
	Long sample (ADLSMP = 1)			—	23.5	—	
Total unadjusted Error ²	12-bit mode	T	E_{TUE}	—	± 5.0	—	LSB ³
	10-bit mode	P		—	± 1.5	± 2.0	
	8-bit mode	P		—	± 0.7	± 1.0	
Differential Non-Linearity	12-bit mode	T	DNL	—	± 1.0	—	LSB ³
	10-bit mode ⁴	P		—	± 0.25	± 0.5	
	8-bit mode ⁴	P		—	± 0.15	± 0.25	
Integral Non-Linearity	12-bit mode	T	INL	—	± 1.0	—	LSB ³
	10-bit mode	T		—	± 0.3	± 0.5	
	8-bit mode	T		—	± 0.15	± 0.25	
Zero-scale error ⁵	12-bit mode	C	E_{ZS}	—	± 2.0	—	LSB ³
	10-bit mode	P		—	± 0.25	± 1.0	
	8-bit mode	P		—	± 0.65	± 1.0	
Full-scale error ⁶	12-bit mode	T	E_{FS}	—	± 2.5	—	LSB ³
	10-bit mode	T		—	± 0.5	± 1.0	
	8-bit mode	T		—	± 0.5	± 1.0	
Quantization error	≤ 12 bit modes	D	E_Q	—	—	± 0.5	LSB ³
Input leakage error ⁷	all modes	D	E_{IL}	$I_{In} * R_{AS}$			mV
Temp sensor slope	-40°C– 25°C	D	m	—	3.266	—	mV/°C
	25°C– 125°C			—	3.638	—	
Temp sensor voltage	25°C	D	V_{TEMP25}	—	1.396	—	V

1. Typical values assume $V_{DDA} = 5.0$ V, Temp = 25°C, $f_{ADCK}=1.0$ MHz unless otherwise stated. Typical values are for reference only and are not tested in production.
2. Includes quantization.
3. 1 LSB = $(V_{REFH} - V_{REFL})/2^N$
4. Monotonicity and no-missing-codes guaranteed in 10-bit and 8-bit modes
5. $V_{ADIN} = V_{SSA}$
6. $V_{ADIN} = V_{DDA}$
7. I_{In} = leakage current (refer to DC characteristics)

6.3.2 Analog comparator (ACMP) electricals

Table 14. Comparator electrical specifications

C	Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
D	Supply voltage	V_{DDA}	2.7	—	5.5	V
T	Supply current (Operation mode)	I_{DDA}	—	10	20	μA
D	Analog input voltage	V_{AIN}	$V_{SS} - 0.3$	—	V_{DDA}	V
P	Analog input offset voltage	V_{AIO}	—	—	40	mV
C	Analog comparator hysteresis ($HYST=0$)	V_H	—	15	20	mV
C	Analog comparator hysteresis ($HYST=1$)	V_H	—	20	30	mV
T	Supply current (Off mode)	I_{DDAOFF}	—	60	—	nA
C	Propagation Delay	t_D	—	0.4	1	μs

6.4 Communication interfaces

6.4.1 SPI switching specifications

The serial peripheral interface (SPI) provides a synchronous serial bus with master and slave operations. Many of the transfer attributes are programmable. The following tables provide timing characteristics for classic SPI timing modes. Refer to the SPI chapter of the chip's reference manual for information about the modified transfer formats used for communicating with slower peripheral devices. All timing is shown with respect to 20% V_{DD} and 70% V_{DD} , unless noted, and 100 pF load on all SPI pins. All timing assumes high drive strength is enabled for SPI output pins.

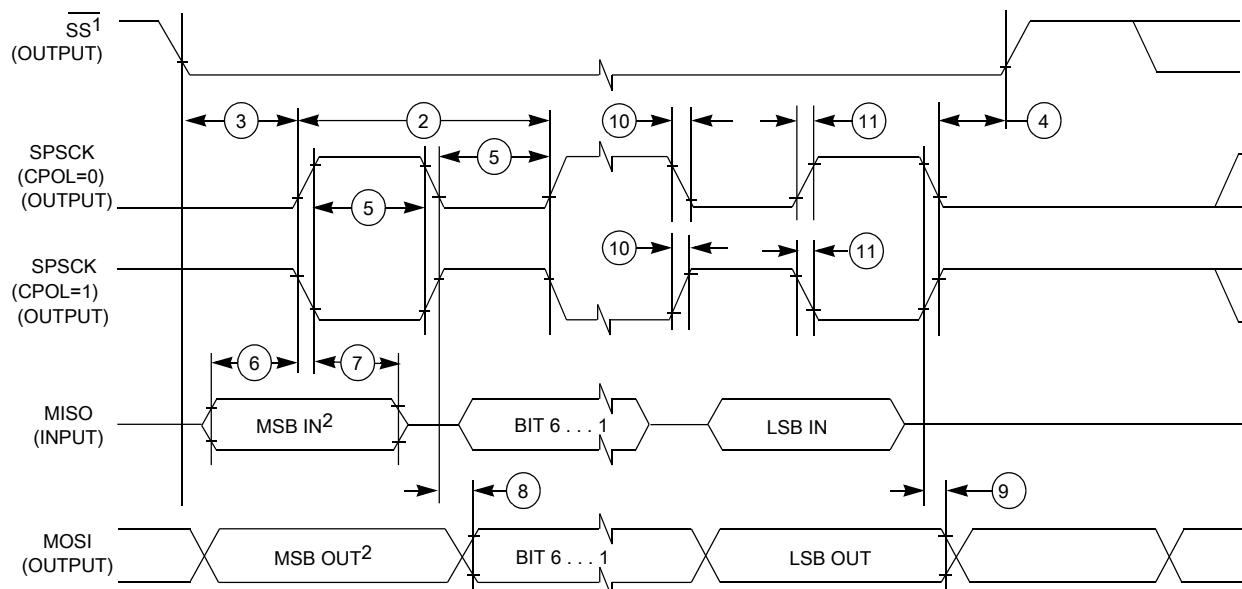
Table 15. SPI master mode timing

Nu. m.	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Comment
1	f_{op}	Frequency of operation	$f_{Bus}/2048$	$f_{Bus}/2$	Hz	f_{Bus} is the bus clock
2	t_{SPSCK}	SPSCK period	$2 \times t_{Bus}$	$2048 \times t_{Bus}$	ns	$t_{Bus} = 1/f_{Bus}$
3	t_{Lead}	Enable lead time	1/2	—	t_{SPSCK}	—
4	t_{Lag}	Enable lag time	1/2	—	t_{SPSCK}	—
5	t_{WSPSCK}	Clock (SPSCK) high or low time	$t_{Bus} - 30$	$1024 \times t_{Bus}$	ns	—
6	t_{SU}	Data setup time (inputs)	15	—	ns	—
7	t_{HI}	Data hold time (inputs)	0	—	ns	—
8	t_v	Data valid (after SPSCK edge)	—	25	ns	—
9	t_{HO}	Data hold time (outputs)	0	—	ns	—
10	t_{RI}	Rise time input	—	$t_{Bus} - 25$	ns	—

Table continues on the next page...

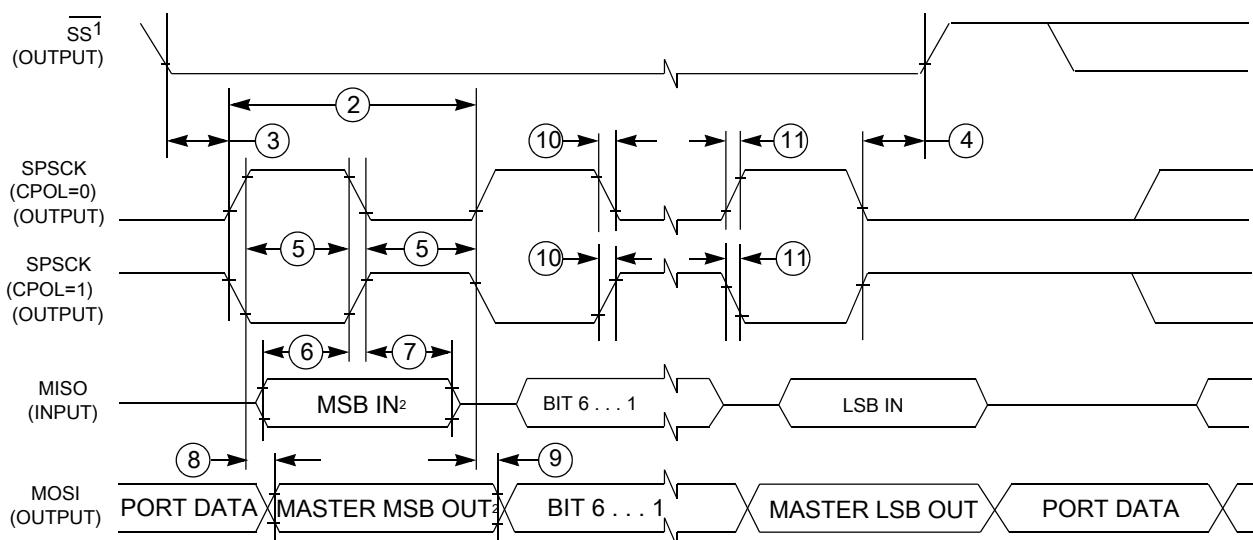
Table 15. SPI master mode timing (continued)

Nu. m.	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Comment
	t_{FI}	Fall time input				
11	t_{RO}	Rise time output	—	25	ns	—
	t_{FO}	Fall time output				



1. If configured as an output.

2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 17. SPI master mode timing (CPHA=0)

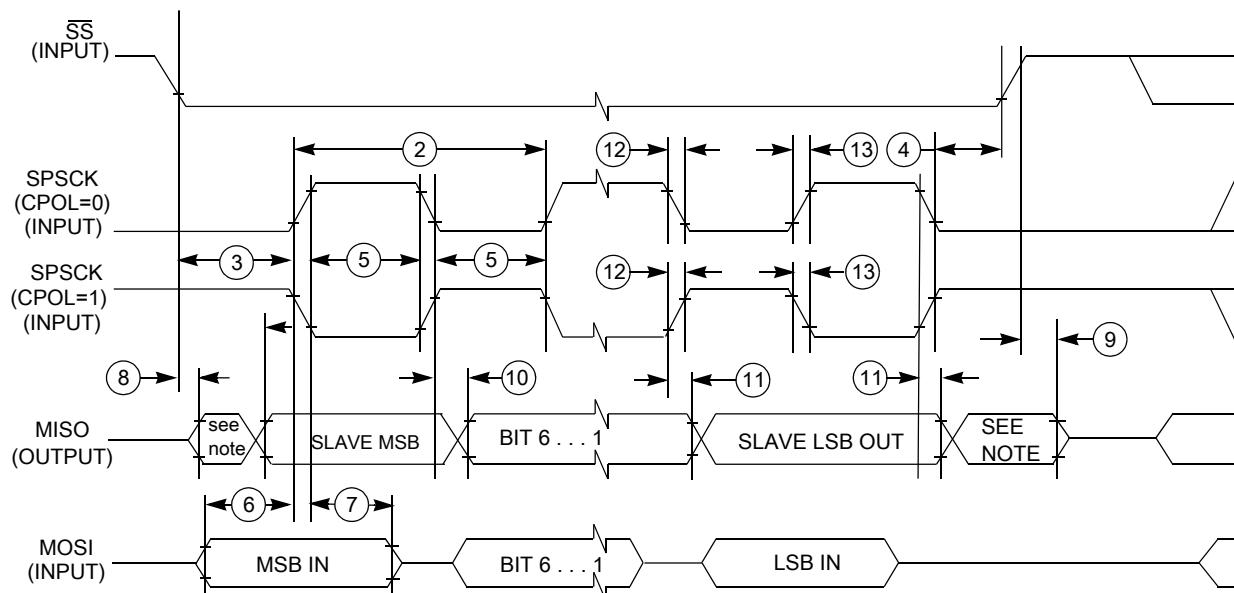
1. If configured as output

2. LSBF = 0. For LSBF = 1, bit order is LSB, bit 1, ..., bit 6, MSB.

Figure 18. SPI master mode timing (CPHA=1)

Table 16. SPI slave mode timing

Nu. m.	Symbol	Description	Min.	Max.	Unit	Comment
1	f_{op}	Frequency of operation	0	$f_{Bus}/4$	Hz	f_{Bus} is the bus clock as defined in .
2	t_{SPSCK}	SPSCK period	$4 \times t_{Bus}$	—	ns	$t_{Bus} = 1/f_{Bus}$
3	t_{Lead}	Enable lead time	1	—	t_{Bus}	—
4	t_{Lag}	Enable lag time	1	—	t_{Bus}	—
5	t_{WSPSCK}	Clock (SPSCK) high or low time	$t_{Bus} - 30$	—	ns	—
6	t_{SU}	Data setup time (inputs)	15	—	ns	—
7	t_{HI}	Data hold time (inputs)	25	—	ns	—
8	t_a	Slave access time	—	t_{Bus}	ns	Time to data active from high-impedance state
9	t_{dis}	Slave MISO disable time	—	t_{Bus}	ns	Hold time to high-impedance state
10	t_v	Data valid (after SPSCK edge)	—	25	ns	—
11	t_{HO}	Data hold time (outputs)	0	—	ns	—
12	t_{RI}	Rise time input	—	$t_{Bus} - 25$	ns	—
	t_{FI}	Fall time input	—	—	—	—
13	t_{RO}	Rise time output	—	25	ns	—
	t_{FO}	Fall time output	—	—	—	—

**Figure 19. SPI slave mode timing (CPHA = 0)**

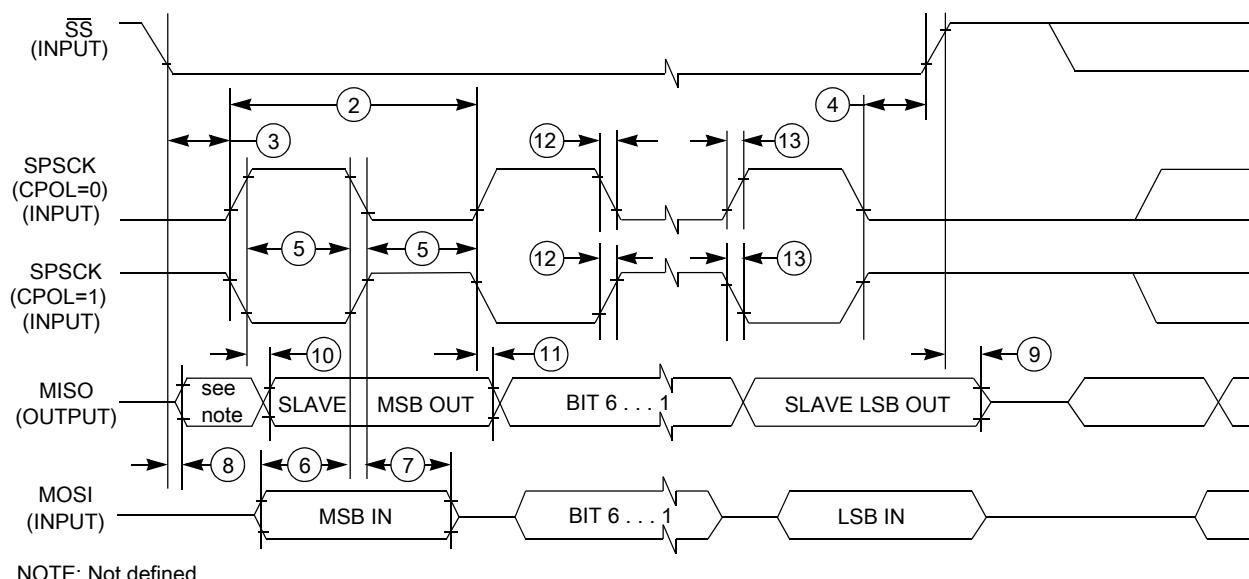


Figure 20. SPI slave mode timing (CPHA=1)

7 Dimensions

7.1 Obtaining package dimensions

Package dimensions are provided in package drawings.

To find a package drawing, go to freescale.com and perform a keyword search for the drawing's document number:

If you want the drawing for this package	Then use this document number
16-pin TSSOP	98ASH70247A
20-pin SOIC	98ASB42343B
20-pin TSSOP	98ASH70169A
32-pin LQFP	98ASH70029A
44-pin LQFP	98ASS23225W

8 Pinout

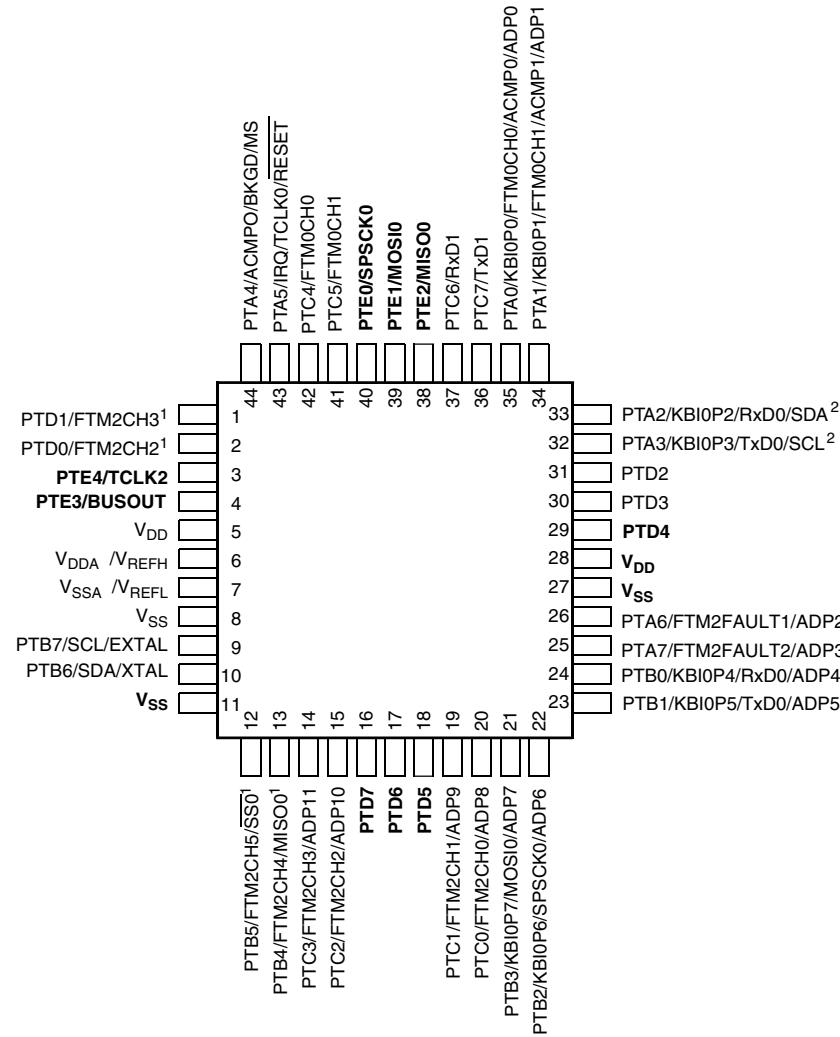
8.1 Signal multiplexing and pin assignments

The following table shows the signals available on each pin and the locations of these pins on the devices supported by this document. The Port Control Module is responsible for selecting which ALT functionality is available on each pin.

Table 17. Pin availability by package pin-count

Pin Number				Lowest Priority <--> Highest				
44-LQFP	32-LQFP	20-TSSOP	16-TSSOP	Port Pin	Alt 1	Alt 2	Alt 3	Alt 4
1	1	—	—	PTD1 ¹	—	FTM2CH3	—	—
2	2	—	—	PTD0 ¹	—	FTM2CH2	—	—
3	—	—	—	PTE4	—	TCLK2	—	—
4	—	—	—	PTE3	—	BUSOUT	—	—
5	3	3	3	—	—	—	—	V _{DD}
6	4	—	—	—	—	—	V _{DDA}	V _{REFH}
7	5	—	—	—	—	—	V _{SSA}	V _{REFL}
8	6	4	4	—	—	—	—	V _{SS}
9	7	5	5	PTB7	—	—	SCL	EXTAL
10	8	6	6	PTB6	—	—	SDA	XTAL
11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	V _{ss}
12	9	7	7	PTB5 ¹	—	FTM2CH5	SS0	—
13	10	8	8	PTB4 ¹	—	FTM2CH4	MISO0	—
14	11	9	—	PTC3	—	FTM2CH3	ADP11	—
15	12	10	—	PTC2	—	FTM2CH2	ADP10	—
16	—	—	—	PTD7	—	—	—	—
17	—	—	—	PTD6	—	—	—	—
18	—	—	—	PTD5	—	—	—	—
19	13	11	—	PTC1	—	FTM2CH1	ADP9	—
20	14	12	—	PTC0	—	FTM2CH0	ADP8	—
21	15	13	9	PTB3	KBI0P7	MOSI0	ADP7	—
22	16	14	10	PTB2	KBI0P6	SPSCK0	ADP6	—
23	17	15	11	PTB1	KBI0P5	TXD0	ADP5	—
24	18	16	12	PTB0	KBI0P4	RXD0	ADP4	—
25	19	—	—	PTA7	—	FTM2FAULT2	ADP3	—
26	20	—	—	PTA6	—	FTM2FAULT1	ADP2	—
27	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	V _{ss}
28	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	V _{DD}

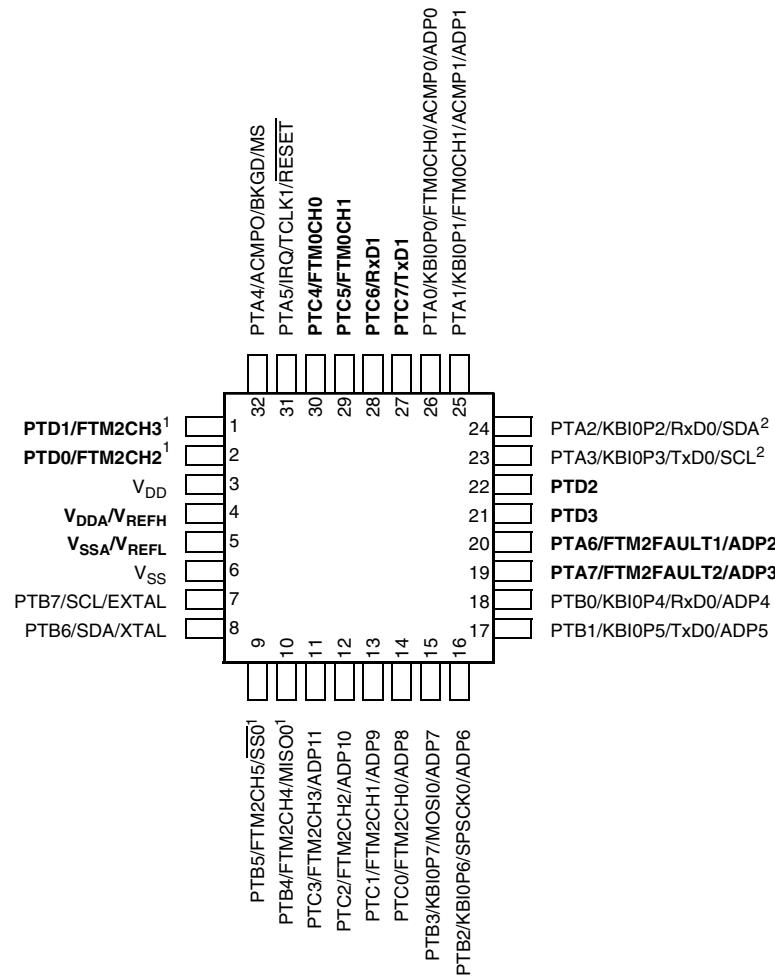
Table continues on the next page...



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

1. High source/sink current pins
2. True open drain pins

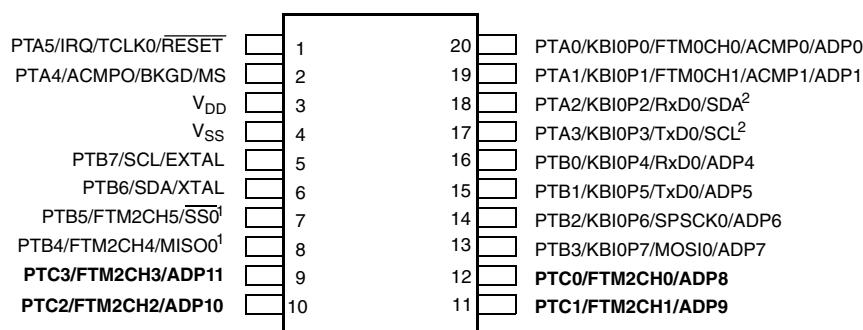
Figure 21. MC9S08PA16 44-pin LQFP package



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

1. High source/sink current pins
2. True open drain pins

Figure 22. MC9S08PA16 32-pin LQFP package



Pins in **bold** are not available on less pin-count packages.

1. High source/sink current pins
2. True open drain pins

Figure 23. MC9S08PA16 20-pin SOIC and TSSOP package

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