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Understanding [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of [Embedded - Microprocessors](#)

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details

Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC e500
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	1.0GHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Signal Processing; SPE, Security; SEC
RAM Controllers	DDR, DDR2, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100/1000Mbps (4)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	Cryptography, Random Number Generator
Package / Case	783-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	783-FCPBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/nxp-semiconductors/mpc8547ecvtaqgd

- Up to 32 simultaneous open pages for DDR2
- Contiguous or discontiguous memory mapping
- Read-modify-write support for RapidIO atomic increment, decrement, set, and clear transactions
- Sleep mode support for self-refresh SDRAM
- On-die termination support when using DDR2
- Supports auto refreshing
- On-the-fly power management using CKE signal
- Registered DIMM support
- Fast memory access via JTAG port
- 2.5-V SSTL_2 compatible I/O (1.8-V SSTL_1.8 for DDR2)
- Support for battery-backed main memory
- Programmable interrupt controller (PIC)
 - Programming model is compliant with the OpenPIC architecture.
 - Supports 16 programmable interrupt and processor task priority levels
 - Supports 12 discrete external interrupts
 - Supports 4 message interrupts with 32-bit messages
 - Supports connection of an external interrupt controller such as the 8259 programmable interrupt controller
 - Four global high-resolution timers/counters that can generate interrupts
 - Supports a variety of other internal interrupt sources
 - Supports fully nested interrupt delivery
 - Interrupts can be routed to external pin for external processing.
 - Interrupts can be routed to the e500 core's standard or critical interrupt inputs.
 - Interrupt summary registers allow fast identification of interrupt source.
- Integrated security engine (SEC) optimized to process all the algorithms associated with IPSec, IKE, WTLS/WAP, SSL/TLS, and 3GPP
 - Four crypto-channels, each supporting multi-command descriptor chains
 - Dynamic assignment of crypto-execution units via an integrated controller
 - Buffer size of 256 bytes for each execution unit, with flow control for large data sizes
 - PKEU—public key execution unit
 - RSA and Diffie-Hellman; programmable field size up to 2048 bits
 - Elliptic curve cryptography with F_2m and $F(p)$ modes and programmable field size up to 511 bits
 - DEU—Data Encryption Standard execution unit
 - DES, 3DES
 - Two key (K1, K2) or three key (K1, K2, K3)
 - ECB and CBC modes for both DES and 3DES

- Memory prefetching of PCI read accesses
- Supports posting of processor-to-PCI and PCI-to-memory writes
- PCI 3.3-V compatible
- Selectable hardware-enforced coherency
- Serial RapidIO™ interface unit
 - Supports *RapidIO™ Interconnect Specification, Revision 1.2*
 - Both 1× and 4× LP-serial link interfaces
 - Long- and short-haul electricals with selectable pre-compensation
 - Transmission rates of 1.25, 2.5, and 3.125 Gbaud (data rates of 1.0, 2.0, and 2.5 Gbps) per lane
 - Auto detection of 1- and 4-mode operation during port initialization
 - Link initialization and synchronization
 - Large and small size transport information field support selectable at initialization time
 - 34-bit addressing
 - Up to 256 bytes data payload
 - All transaction flows and priorities
 - Atomic set/clr/inc/dec for read-modify-write operations
 - Generation of IO_READ_HOME and FLUSH with data for accessing cache-coherent data at a remote memory system
 - Receiver-controlled flow control
 - Error detection, recovery, and time-out for packets and control symbols as required by the RapidIO specification
 - Register and register bit extensions as described in part VIII (Error Management) of the RapidIO specification
 - Hardware recovery only
 - Register support is not required for software-mediated error recovery.
 - Accept-all mode of operation for fail-over support
 - Support for RapidIO error injection
 - Internal LP-serial and application interface-level loopback modes
 - Memory and PHY BIST for at-speed production test
- RapidIO-compatible message unit
 - 4 Kbytes of payload per message
 - Up to sixteen 256-byte segments per message
 - Two inbound data message structures within the inbox
 - Capable of receiving three letters at any mailbox
 - Two outbound data message structures within the outbox
 - Capable of sending three letters simultaneously
 - Single segment multicast to up to 32 devIDs
 - Chaining and direct modes in the outbox

Table 13 provides the recommended operating conditions for the DDR SDRAM controller when $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$.

Table 13. DDR SDRAM DC Electrical Characteristics for $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
I/O supply voltage	GV_{DD}	2.375	2.625	V	1
I/O reference voltage	MV_{REF}	$0.49 \times GV_{DD}$	$0.51 \times GV_{DD}$	V	2
I/O termination voltage	V_{TT}	$MV_{REF} - 0.04$	$MV_{REF} + 0.04$	V	3
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	$MV_{REF} + 0.15$	$GV_{DD} + 0.3$	V	—
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	-0.3	$MV_{REF} - 0.15$	V	—
Output leakage current	I_{OZ}	-50	50	μA	4
Output high current ($V_{OUT} = 1.95\text{ V}$)	I_{OH}	-16.2	—	mA	—
Output low current ($V_{OUT} = 0.35\text{ V}$)	I_{OL}	16.2	—	mA	—

Notes:

1. GV_{DD} is expected to be within 50 mV of the DRAM V_{DD} at all times.
2. MV_{REF} is expected to be equal to $0.5 \times GV_{DD}$, and to track GV_{DD} DC variations as measured at the receiver. Peak-to-peak noise on MV_{REF} may not exceed $\pm 2\%$ of the DC value.
3. V_{TT} is not applied directly to the device. It is the supply to which far end signal termination is made and is expected to be equal to MV_{REF} . This rail must track variations in the DC level of MV_{REF} .
4. Output leakage is measured with all outputs disabled, $0\text{ V} \leq V_{OUT} \leq GV_{DD}$.

Table 14 provides the DDR I/O capacitance when $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$.

Table 14. DDR SDRAM Capacitance for $GV_{DD}(typ) = 2.5\text{ V}$

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS	C_{IO}	6	8	pF	1
Delta input/output capacitance: DQ, DQS	C_{DIO}	—	0.5	pF	1

Note:

1. This parameter is sampled. $GV_{DD} = 2.5\text{ V} \pm 0.125\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{OUT} = GV_{DD}/2$, V_{OUT} (peak-to-peak) = 0.2 V.

This table provides the current draw characteristics for MV_{REF} .

Table 15. Current Draw Characteristics for MV_{REF}

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Current draw for MV_{REF}	I_{MVREF}	—	500	μA	1

Note:

1. The voltage regulator for MV_{REF} must be able to supply up to 500 μA current.

Figure 15 shows the TBI receive AC timing diagram.

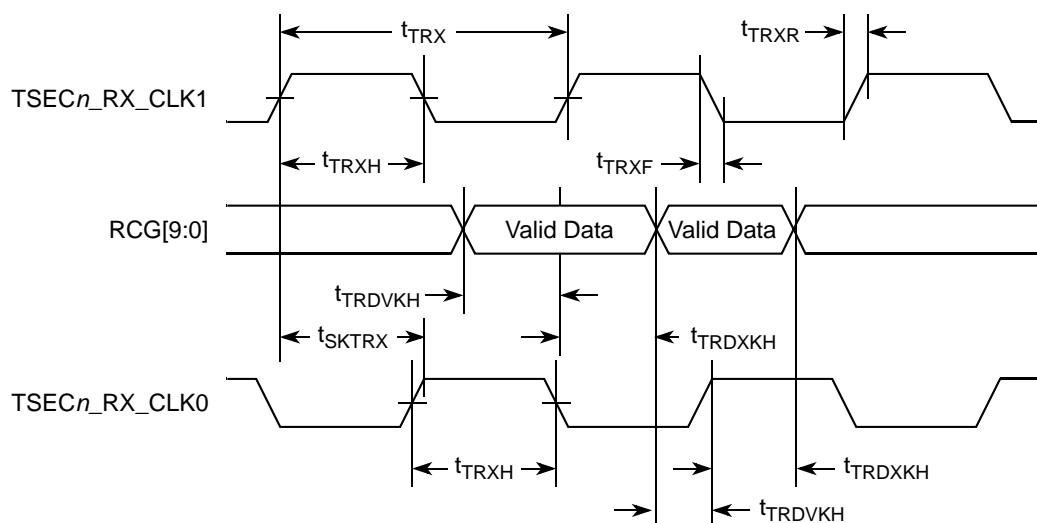


Figure 15. TBI Receive AC Timing Diagram

8.2.5 TBI Single-Clock Mode AC Specifications

When the eTSEC is configured for TBI modes, all clocks are supplied from external sources to the relevant eTSEC interface. In single-clock TBI mode, when TBICON[CLKSEL] = 1, a 125-MHz TBI receive clock is supplied on the TSEC_n_RX_CLK pin (no receive clock is used on TSEC_n_TX_CLK in this mode, whereas for the dual-clock mode this is the PMA1 receive clock). The 125-MHz transmit clock is applied on the TSEC_GTX_CLK125 pin in all TBI modes.

A summary of the single-clock TBI mode AC specifications for receive appears in Table 32.

Table 32. TBI single-clock Mode Receive AC Timing Specification

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
RX_CLK clock period	t_{TRRX}	7.5	8.0	8.5	ns
RX_CLK duty cycle	$t_{TRRH/TRRX}$	40	50	60	%
RX_CLK peak-to-peak jitter	t_{TRRJ}	—	—	250	ps
Rise time RX_CLK (20%–80%)	t_{TRRR}	—	—	1.0	ns
Fall time RX_CLK (80%–20%)	t_{TRRF}	—	—	1.0	ns
RCG[9:0] setup time to RX_CLK rising edge	$t_{TRRDVKH}$	2.0	—	—	ns
RCG[9:0] hold time to RX_CLK rising edge	$t_{TRRDVKH}$	1.0	—	—	ns

Figure 19 provides the AC test load for eTSEC.

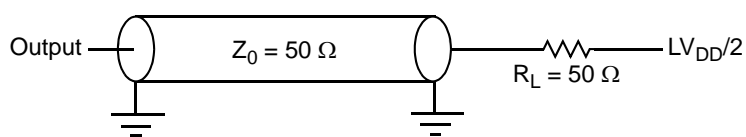


Figure 19. eTSEC AC Test Load

Figure 20 shows the RMMI receive AC timing diagram.

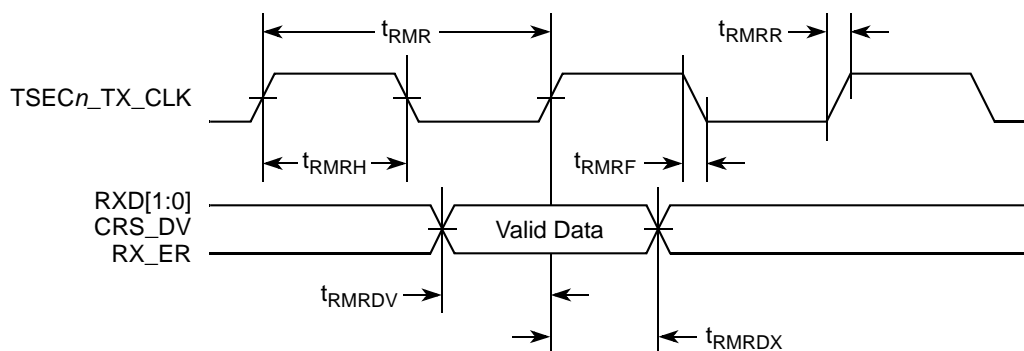


Figure 20. RMI Receive AC Timing Diagram

9 Ethernet Management Interface Electrical Characteristics

The electrical characteristics specified here apply to MII management interface signals MDIO (management data input/output) and MDC (management data clock). The electrical characteristics for GMII, RGMII, RMII, TBI, and RTBI are specified in “[Section 8, “Enhanced Three-Speed Ethernet \(eTSEC\).”](#)”

9.1 MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics

The MDC and MDIO are defined to operate at a supply voltage of 3.3 V. The DC electrical characteristics for MDIO and MDC are provided in this table.

Table 36. MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply voltage (3.3 V)	OV_{DD}	3.13	3.47	V
Output high voltage ($OV_{DD} = \text{Min}$, $I_{OH} = -1.0 \text{ mA}$)	V_{OH}	2.10	$OV_{DD} + 0.3$	V
Output low voltage ($OV_{DD} = \text{Min}$, $I_{OL} = 1.0 \text{ mA}$)	V_{OL}	GND	0.50	V
Input high voltage	V_{IH}	2.0	—	V
Input low voltage	V_{IL}	—	0.90	V
Input high current ($OV_{DD} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN}^1 = 2.1 \text{ V}$)	I_{IH}	—	40	μA
Input low current ($OV_{DD} = \text{Max}$, $V_{IN} = 0.5 \text{ V}$)	I_{IL}	-600	—	μA

Note:

1. Note that the symbol V_{IN} , in this case, represents the OV_{IN} symbol referenced in [Table 1](#) and [Table 2](#).

9.2 MII Management AC Electrical Specifications

This table provides the MII management AC timing specifications.

Table 37. MII Management AC Timing Specifications

At recommended operating conditions with OV_{DD} is 3.3 V \pm 5%.

Parameter	Symbol ¹	Min	Typ	Max	Unit	Notes
MDC frequency	f_{MDC}	0.72	2.5	8.3	MHz	2, 3, 4
MDC period	t_{MDC}	120.5	—	1389	ns	—
MDC clock pulse width high	t_{MDCH}	32	—	—	ns	—
MDC to MDIO valid	t_{MDKHDV}	$16 \times t_{CCB}$	—	—	ns	5
MDC to MDIO delay	t_{MDKHDX}	$(16 \times t_{CCB} \times 8) - 3$	—	$(16 \times t_{CCB} \times 8) + 3$	ns	5
MDIO to MDC setup time	t_{MDDVKH}	5	—	—	ns	—
MDIO to MDC hold time	t_{MDDXKH}	0	—	—	ns	—
MDC rise time	t_{MDCR}	—	—	10	ns	4

Table 41 describes the timing parameters of the local bus interface at $BV_{DD} = 2.5$ V.

Table 41. Local Bus Timing Parameters ($BV_{DD} = 2.5$ V)—PLL Enabled

Parameter	Symbol ¹	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Local bus cycle time	t_{LBK}	7.5	12	ns	2
Local bus duty cycle	t_{LBKH}/t_{LBK}	43	57	%	—
LCLK[n] skew to LCLK[m] or LSYNC_OUT	$t_{LBKSKEW}$	—	150	ps	7, 8
Input setup to local bus clock (except $\overline{LGTA}/UPWAIT$)	$t_{LBIVKH1}$	1.9	—	ns	3, 4
$\overline{LGTA}/LUPWAIT$ input setup to local bus clock	$t_{LBIVKH2}$	1.8	—	ns	3, 4
Input hold from local bus clock (except $\overline{LGTA}/LUPWAIT$)	$t_{LBIXKH1}$	1.1	—	ns	3, 4
$\overline{LGTA}/LUPWAIT$ input hold from local bus clock	$t_{LBIXKH2}$	1.1	—	ns	3, 4
LALE output transition to LAD/LDP output transition (LATCH hold time)	t_{LBOTOT}	1.5	—	ns	6
Local bus clock to output valid (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	$t_{LBKHOV1}$	—	2.1	ns	—
Local bus clock to data valid for LAD/LDP	$t_{LBKHOV2}$	—	2.3	ns	3
Local bus clock to address valid for LAD	$t_{LBKHOV3}$	—	2.4	ns	3
Local bus clock to LALE assertion	$t_{LBKHOV4}$	—	2.4	ns	3
Output hold from local bus clock (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	$t_{LBKHOX1}$	0.8	—	ns	3
Output hold from local bus clock for LAD/LDP	$t_{LBKHOX2}$	0.8	—	ns	3
Local bus clock to output high Impedance (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	$t_{LBKHOZ1}$	—	2.6	ns	5
Local bus clock to output high impedance for LAD/LDP	$t_{LBKHOZ2}$	—	2.6	ns	5

Notes:

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$ for inputs and $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$ for outputs. For example, $t_{LBIXKH1}$ symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the input (I) to go invalid (X) with respect to the time the t_{LBK} clock reference (K) goes high (H), in this case for clock one (1). Also, t_{LBKHOX} symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the t_{LBK} clock reference (K) to go high (H), with respect to the output (O) going invalid (X) or output hold time.
2. All timings are in reference to LSYNC_IN for PLL enabled and internal local bus clock for PLL bypass mode.
3. All signals are measured from $BV_{DD}/2$ of the rising edge of LSYNC_IN for PLL enabled or internal local bus clock for PLL bypass mode to $0.4 \times BV_{DD}$ of the signal in question for 3.3-V signaling levels.
4. Input timings are measured at the pin.
5. For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
6. t_{LBOTOT} is a measurement of the minimum time between the negation of LALE and any change in LAD. t_{LBOTOT} is programmed with the LBCR[AHD] parameter.
7. Maximum possible clock skew between a clock LCLK[m] and a relative clock LCLK[n]. Skew measured between complementary signals at $BV_{DD}/2$.
8. Guaranteed by design.

Figure 22 provides the AC test load for the local bus.

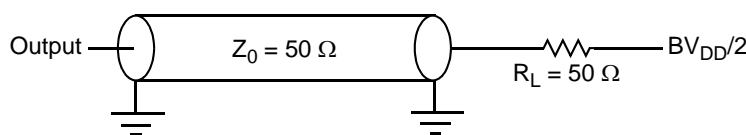


Figure 22. Local Bus AC Test Load

Table 42. Local Bus Timing Parameters—PLL Bypassed (continued)

Parameter	Symbol ¹	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
$\overline{\text{LGTA}}/\text{LUPWAIT}$ input hold from local bus clock	t_{LBIXKL2}	−1.3	—	ns	4, 5
LALE output transition to LAD/LDP output transition (LATCH hold time)	t_{LBOTOT}	1.5	—	ns	6
Local bus clock to output valid (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	t_{LBKLOV1}	—	−0.3	ns	—
Local bus clock to data valid for LAD/LDP	t_{LBKLOV2}	—	−0.1	ns	4
Local bus clock to address valid for LAD	t_{LBKLOV3}	—	0	ns	4
Local bus clock to LALE assertion	t_{LBKLOV4}	—	0	ns	4
Output hold from local bus clock (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	t_{LBKLOX1}	−3.7	—	ns	4
Output hold from local bus clock for LAD/LDP	t_{LBKLOX2}	−3.7	—	ns	4
Local bus clock to output high Impedance (except LAD/LDP and LALE)	t_{LBKLOZ1}	—	0.2	ns	7
Local bus clock to output high impedance for LAD/LDP	t_{LBKLOZ2}	—	0.2	ns	7

Notes:

1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{signal})(\text{state})(\text{reference})(\text{state})}$ for inputs and $t_{(\text{first two letters of functional block})(\text{reference})(\text{state})(\text{signal})(\text{state})}$ for outputs. For example, t_{LBIXKH1} symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the input (I) to go invalid (X) with respect to the time the t_{LBK} clock reference (K) goes high (H), in this case for clock one (1). Also, t_{LBKHOX} symbolizes local bus timing (LB) for the t_{LBK} clock reference (K) to go high (H), with respect to the output (O) going invalid (X) or output hold time.
2. All timings are in reference to local bus clock for PLL bypass mode. Timings may be negative with respect to the local bus clock because the actual launch and capture of signals is done with the internal launch/capture clock, which precedes LCLK by t_{LBKHKt} .
3. Maximum possible clock skew between a clock LCLK[m] and a relative clock LCLK[n]. Skew measured between complementary signals at $BV_{\text{DD}}/2$.
4. All signals are measured from $BV_{\text{DD}}/2$ of the rising edge of local bus clock for PLL bypass mode to $0.4 \times BV_{\text{DD}}$ of the signal in question for 3.3-V signaling levels.
5. Input timings are measured at the pin.
6. The value of t_{LBOTOT} is the measurement of the minimum time between the negation of LALE and any change in LAD.
7. For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
8. Guaranteed by characterization.
9. Guaranteed by design.

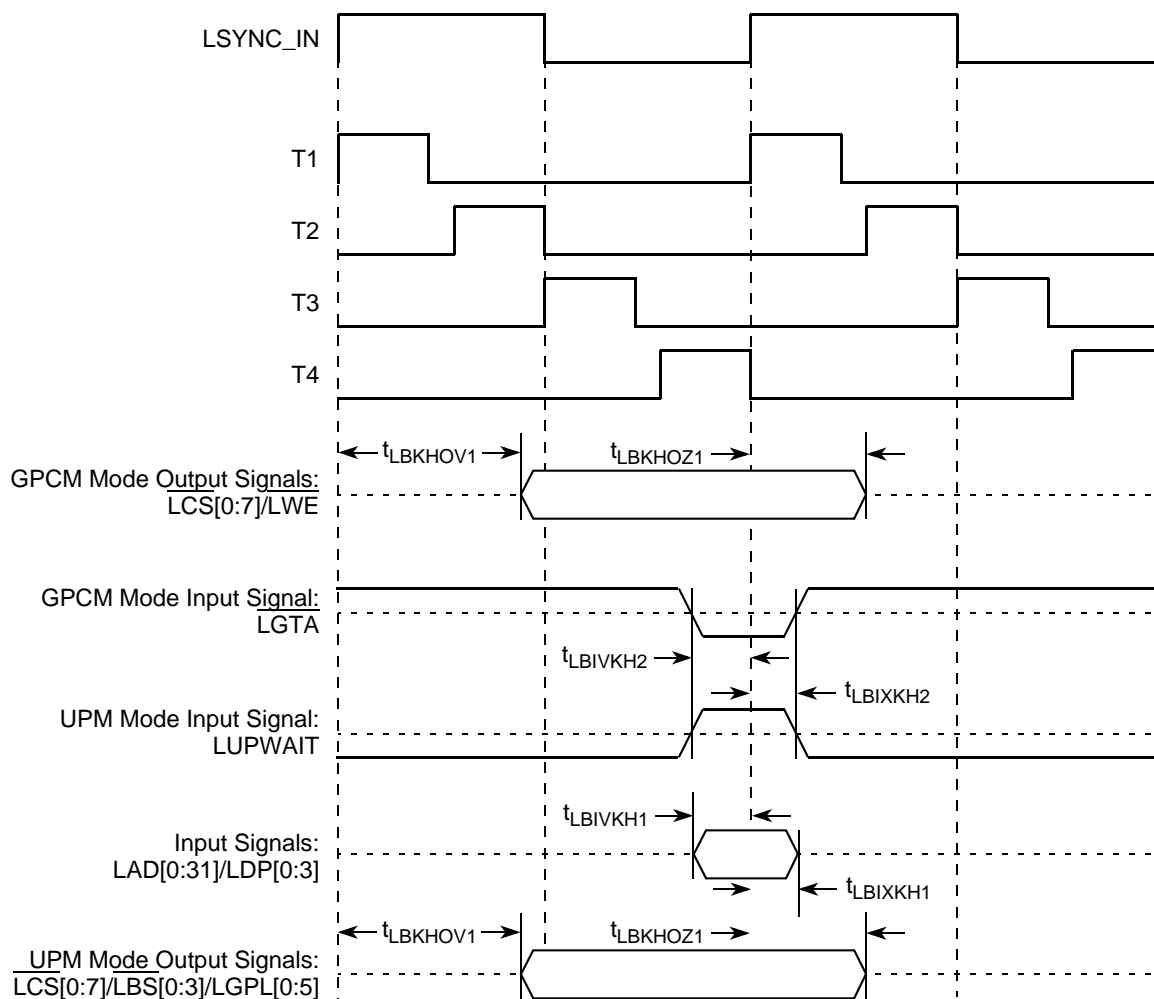


Figure 27. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for LCCR[CLKDIV] = 8 or 16 (PLL Enabled)

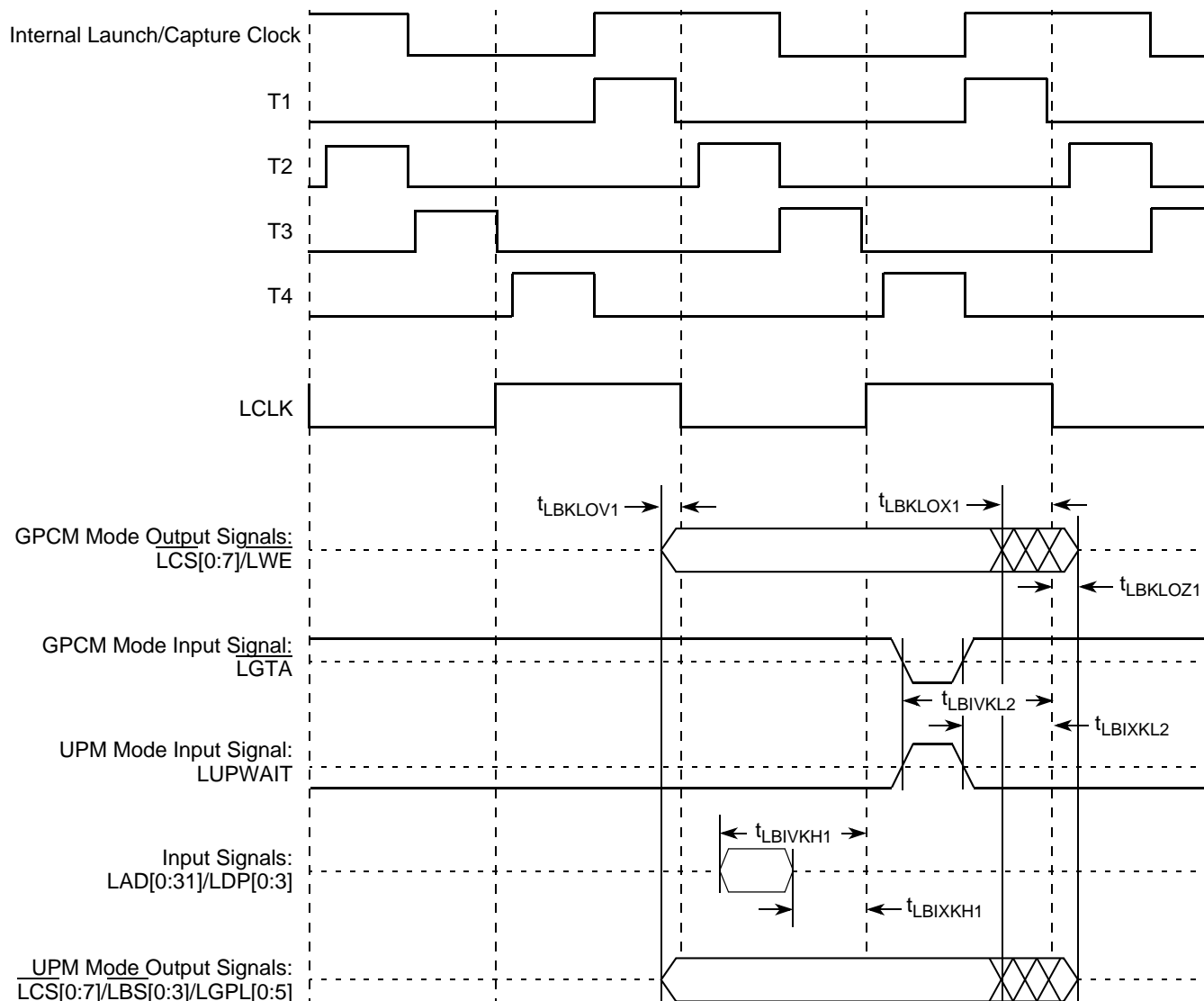


Figure 28. Local Bus Signals, GPCM/UPM Signals for LCCR[CLKDIV] = 8 or 16 (PLL Bypass Mode)

Table 63. Long Run Transmitter AC Timing Specifications—2.5 GBaud

Characteristic	Symbol	Range		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max		
Output voltage	V_O	-0.40	2.30	V	Voltage relative to COMMON of either signal comprising a differential pair
Differential output voltage	V_{DIFFPP}	800	1600	mVp-p	—
Deterministic jitter	J_D	—	0.17	UI p-p	—
Total jitter	J_T	—	0.35	UI p-p	—
Multiple output skew	S_{MO}	—	1000	ps	Skew at the transmitter output between lanes of a multilane link
Unit interval	UI	400	400	ps	±100 ppm

Table 64. Long Run Transmitter AC Timing Specifications—3.125 GBaud

Characteristic	Symbol	Range		Unit	Notes
		Min	Max		
Output voltage	V_O	-0.40	2.30	V	Voltage relative to COMMON of either signal comprising a differential pair
Differential output voltage	V_{DIFFPP}	800	1600	mVp-p	—
Deterministic jitter	J_D	—	0.17	UI p-p	—
Total jitter	J_T	—	0.35	UI p-p	—
Multiple output skew	S_{MO}	—	1000	ps	Skew at the transmitter output between lanes of a multilane link
Unit interval	UI	320	320	ps	±100 ppm

For each baud rate at which an LP-serial transmitter is specified to operate, the output eye pattern of the transmitter shall fall entirely within the unshaded portion of the transmitter output compliance mask shown in [Figure 52](#) with the parameters specified in [Table 65](#) when measured at the output pins of the device and the device is driving a $100\text{-}\Omega \pm 5\%$ differential resistive load. The output eye pattern of an LP-serial

19.2 Mechanical Dimensions of the HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA with Full Lid

The following figures show the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature for the MPC8548E HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA packages.

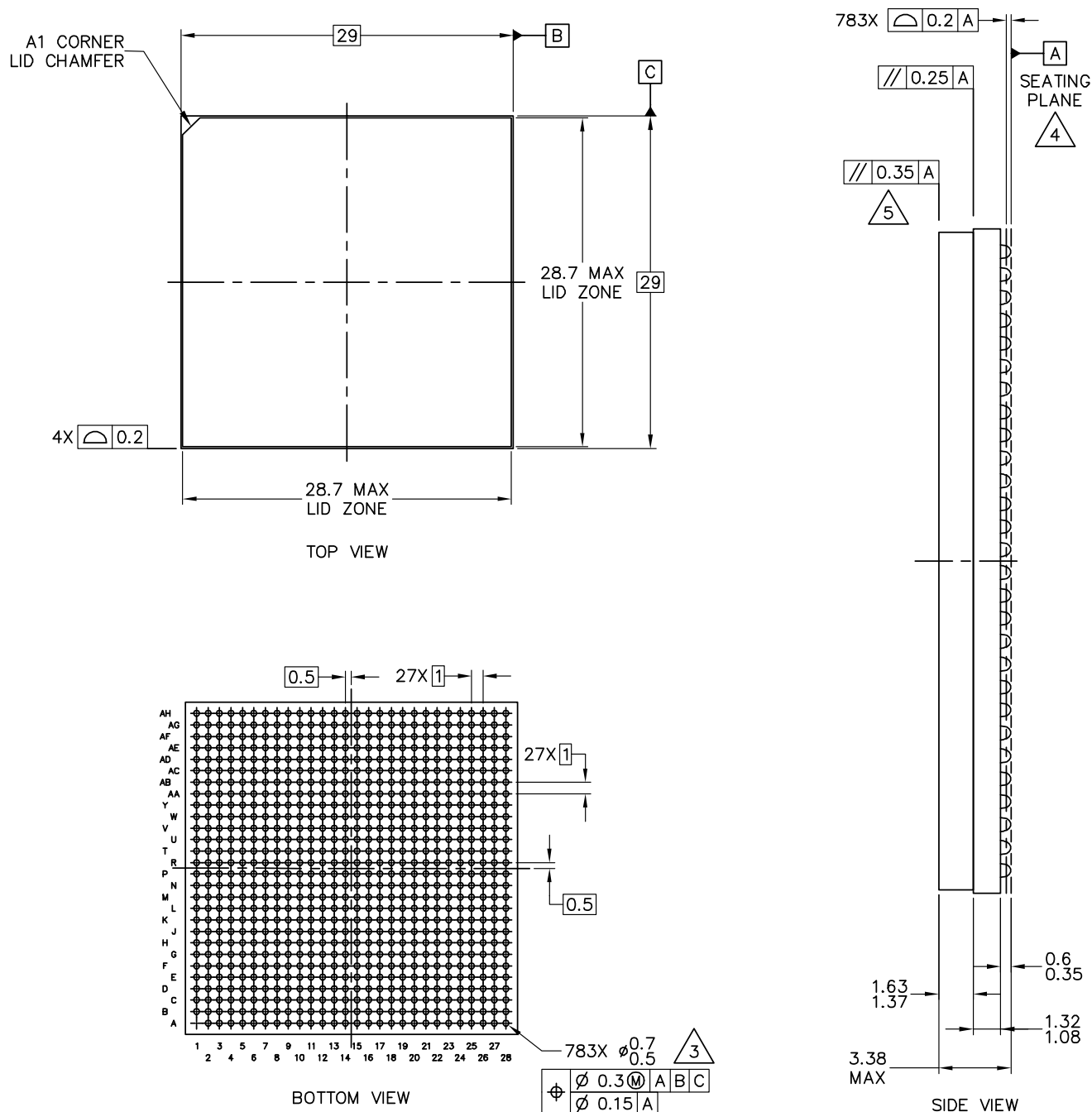


Figure 55. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA with Full Lid

Table 71. MPC8548E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
LV _{DD}	N8, R7, T9, U6	Power for TSEC1 and TSEC2 (2.5 V, 3.3 V)	LV _{DD}	—
TV _{DD}	W9, Y6	Power for TSEC3 and TSEC4 (2.5 V, 3.3 V)	TV _{DD}	—
GV _{DD}	B3, B11, C7, C9, C14, C17, D4, D6, D10, D15, E2, E8, E11, E18, F5, F12, F16, G3, G7, G9, G11, H5, H12, H15, H17, J10, K3, K12, K16, K18, L6, M4, M8, M13	Power for DDR1 and DDR2 DRAM I/O voltage (1.8 V, 2.5)	GV _{DD}	—
BV _{DD}	C21, C24, C27, E20, E25, G19, G23, H26, J20	Power for local bus (1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3.3 V)	BV _{DD}	—
V _{DD}	M19, N12, N14, N16, N18, P11, P13, P15, P17, P19, R12, R14, R16, R18, T11, T13, T15, T17, T19, U12, U14, U16, U18, V17, V19	Power for core (1.1 V)	V _{DD}	—
SV _{DD}	L25, L27, M24, N28, P24, P26, R24, R27, T25, V24, V26, W24, W27, Y25, AA28, AC27	Core Power for SerDes transceivers (1.1 V)	SV _{DD}	—
XV _{DD}	L20, L22, N23, P21, R22, T20, U23, V21, W22, Y20	Pad Power for SerDes transceivers (1.1 V)	XV _{DD}	—
AVDD_LBIU	J28	Power for local bus PLL (1.1 V)	—	26
AVDD_PCI1	AH21	Power for PCI1 PLL (1.1 V)	—	26
AVDD_PCI2	AH22	Power for PCI2 PLL (1.1 V)	—	26
AVDD_CORE	AH15	Power for e500 PLL (1.1 V)	—	26
AVDD_PLAT	AH19	Power for CCB PLL (1.1 V)	—	26
AVDD_SRDS	U25	Power for SRDSPLL (1.1 V)	—	26
SENSEVDD	M14	O	V _{DD}	13

Table 72. MPC8547E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
Reserved	U20, V22, W20, Y22	—	—	15
Reserved	U21, V23, W21, Y23	—	—	15
SD_PLL_TPD	U28	O	XV _{DD}	24
SD_REF_CLK	T28	I	XV _{DD}	—
$\overline{\text{SD_REF_CLK}}$	T27	I	XV _{DD}	—
Reserved	AC1, AC3	—	—	2
Reserved	M26, V28	—	—	32
Reserved	M25, V27	—	—	34
Reserved	M20, M21, T22, T23	—	—	38
General-Purpose Output				
GPOUT[24:31]	K26, K25, H27, G28, H25, J26, K24, K23	O	BV _{DD}	—
System Control				
$\overline{\text{HRESET}}$	AG17	I	OV _{DD}	—
$\overline{\text{HRESET_REQ}}$	AG16	O	OV _{DD}	29
$\overline{\text{SRESET}}$	AG20	I	OV _{DD}	—
$\overline{\text{CKSTP_IN}}$	AA9	I	OV _{DD}	—
$\overline{\text{CKSTP_OUT}}$	AA8	O	OV _{DD}	2, 4
Debug				
TRIG_IN	AB2	I	OV _{DD}	—
TRIG_OUT/READY/QUIESCE	AB1	O	OV _{DD}	6, 9, 19, 29
MSRCID[0:1]	AE4, AG2	O	OV _{DD}	5, 6, 9
MSRCID[2:4]	AF3, AF1, AF2	O	OV _{DD}	6, 19, 29
MDVAL	AE5	O	OV _{DD}	6
CLK_OUT	AE21	O	OV _{DD}	11
Clock				
RTC	AF16	I	OV _{DD}	—
SYSCLK	AH17	I	OV _{DD}	—
JTAG				
TCK	AG28	I	OV _{DD}	—
TDI	AH28	I	OV _{DD}	12
TDO	AF28	O	OV _{DD}	—
TMS	AH27	I	OV _{DD}	12
$\overline{\text{TRST}}$	AH23	I	OV _{DD}	12

20 Clocking

This section describes the PLL configuration of the device. Note that the platform clock is identical to the core complex bus (CCB) clock.

20.1 Clock Ranges

Table 75 through Table 77 provide the clocking specifications for the processor cores and Table 78, through Table 80 provide the clocking specifications for the memory bus.

Table 75. Processor Core Clocking Specifications (MPC8548E and MPC8547E)

Characteristic	Maximum Processor Core Frequency						Unit	Notes
	1000 MHz		1200 MHz		1333 MHz			
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
e500 core processor frequency	800	1000	800	1200	800	1333	MHz	1, 2

Notes:

1. **Caution:** The CCB to SYSCCLK ratio and e500 core to CCB ratio settings must be chosen such that the resulting SYSCCLK frequency, e500 (core) frequency, and CCB frequency do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies. See [Section 20.2, “CCB/SYSCCLK PLL Ratio,”](#) and [Section 20.3, “e500 Core PLL Ratio,”](#) for ratio settings.
- 2.)The minimum e500 core frequency is based on the minimum platform frequency of 333 MHz.

Table 76. Processor Core Clocking Specifications (MPC8545E)

Characteristic	Maximum Processor Core Frequency						Unit	Notes
	800 MHz		1000 MHz		1200 MHz			
	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max		
e500 core processor frequency	800	800	800	1000	800	1200	MHz	1, 2

Notes:

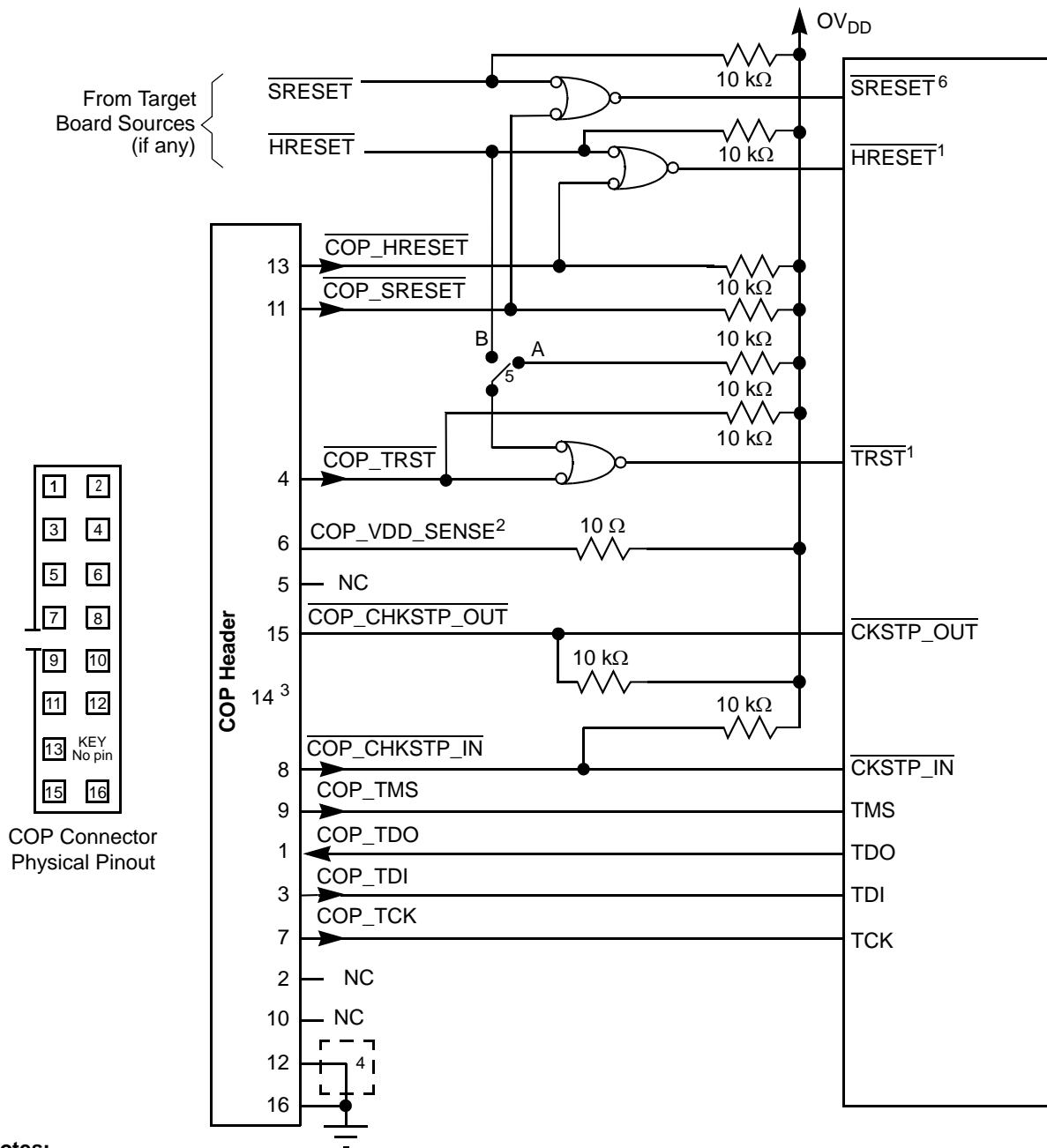
1. **Caution:** The CCB to SYSCCLK ratio and e500 core to CCB ratio settings must be chosen such that the resulting SYSCCLK frequency, e500 (core) frequency, and CCB frequency do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies. See [Section 20.2, “CCB/SYSCCLK PLL Ratio,”](#) and [Section 20.3, “e500 Core PLL Ratio,”](#) for ratio settings.
- 2.)The minimum e500 core frequency is based on the minimum platform frequency of 333 MHz.

as shown in Figure 63. If this is not possible, the isolation resistor allows future access to $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ in case a JTAG interface may need to be wired onto the system in future debug situations.

- No pull-up/pull-down is required for TDI, TMS, TDO, or TCK.

COP_TDO	1	2	NC
COP_TDI	3	4	$\overline{\text{COP_TRST}}$
COP_RUN/STOP	5	6	COP_VDD_SENSE
COP_TCK	7	8	$\overline{\text{COP_CHKSTP_IN}}$
COP_TMS	9	10	NC
$\overline{\text{COP_SRESET}}$	11	12	NC
$\overline{\text{COP_HRESET}}$	13	KEY No pin	
$\overline{\text{COP_CHKSTP_OUT}}$	15	16	GND

Figure 62. COP Connector Physical Pinout

**Notes:**

1. The COP port and target board must be able to independently assert $\overline{\text{HRESET}}$ and $\overline{\text{TRST}}$ to the processor in order to fully control the processor as shown here.
2. Populate this with a 10- Ω resistor for short-circuit/current-limiting protection.
3. The KEY location (pin 14) is not physically present on the COP header.
4. Although pin 12 is defined as a No-Connect, some debug tools may use pin 12 as an additional GND pin for improved signal integrity.
5. This switch is included as a precaution for BSDL testing. The switch must be closed to position A during BSDL testing to avoid accidentally asserting the TRST line. If BSDL testing is not being performed, this switch must be closed to position B.
6. Asserting $\overline{\text{SRESET}}$ causes a machine check interrupt to the e500 core.

Figure 63. JTAG Interface Connection

24 Document Revision History

The following table provides a revision history for this hardware specification.

Table 88. Document Revision History

Rev. Number	Date	Substantive Change(s)
9	02/2012	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Updated Section 21.2, "Thermal for Version 2.1.1, 2.1.2, and 2.1.3 Silicon FC-PBGA with Full Lid and Version 3.1.x Silicon with Stamped Lid," with version 3.0 silicon information. Added Figure 56, "Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the FC-PBGA with Stamped Lid." Updated Table 87, "Part Numbering Nomenclature," with version 3.0 silicon information. Removed Note from Section 5.1, "Power-On Ramp Rate". Changed the Table 10 title to "Power Supply Ramp Rate". Removed table 11. Updated the title of Section 21.2, "Thermal for Version 2.1.1, 2.1.2, and 2.1.3 Silicon FC-PBGA with Full Lid and Version 3.1.x Silicon with Stamped Lid" to include Thermal Version 2.1.3 and Version 3.1.x Silicon. Corrected the leaded Solder Ball composition in Table 70, "Package Parameters" Updated Table 87, "Part Numbering Nomenclature," with Version 3.1.x silicon information. Updated the Min and Max value of TDO in the valid times row of Table 44, "JTAG AC Timing Specifications (Independent of SYSCLK)"¹ from 4 and 25 to 2 and 10 respectively .
8	04/2011	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Added Section 14.1, "GPOUT/GPIN Electrical Characteristics." Updated Table 71, "MPC8548E Pinout Listing," Table 72, "MPC8547E Pinout Listing," Table 73, "MPC8545E Pinout Listing," and Table 74, "MPC8543E Pinout Listing," to reflect that the TDO signal is not driven during HRSET* assertion. Updated Table 87, "Part Numbering Nomenclature" with Ver. 2.1.3 silicon information.
7	09/2010	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Table 37, "MII Management AC Timing Specifications," modified the fifth row from "MDC to MDIO delay tMDKHDX (16 × tptb_clk × 8) – 3 — (16 × tptb_clk × 8) + 3" to "MDC to MDIO delay tMDKHDX (16 × tCCB × 8) – 3 — (16 × tCCB × 8) + 3." Updated Figure 55, "Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA with Full Lid and figure notes.
6	12/2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Section 5.1, "Power-On Ramp Rate" added explanation that Power-On Ramp Rate is required to avoid falsely triggering ESD circuitry. In Table 13 changed required ramp rate from 545 V/s for MVREF and VDD/XVDD/SVDD to 3500 V/s for MVREF and 4000 V/s for VDD. In Table 13 deleted ramp rate requirement for XVDD/SVDD. In Table 13 footnote 1 changed voltage range of concern from 0–400 mV to 20–500mV. In Table 13 added footnote 2 explaining that VDD voltage ramp rate is intended to control ramp rate of AVDD pins.
5	10/2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Table 27, "GMII Receive AC Timing Specifications," changed duty cycle specification from 40/60 to 35/75 for RX_CLK duty cycle. Updated tMDKHDX in Table 37, "MII Management AC Timing Specifications." Added a reference to Revision 2.1.2. Updated Table 55, "MII Management AC Timing Specifications." Added Section 5.1, "Power-On Ramp Rate."

Table 88. Document Revision History (continued)

Rev. Number	Date	Substantive Change(s)
4	04/2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Table 1, “Absolute Maximum Ratings ¹,” and in Table 2, “Recommended Operating Conditions,” moved text, “MII management voltage” from LV_{DD}/TV_{DD} to OV_{DD}, added “Ethernet management” to OVDD row of input voltage section. In Table 5, “SYSCLK AC Timing Specifications,” added notes 7 and 8 to SYSCLK frequency and cycle time. In Table 36, “MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics,” changed all instances of LV_{DD}/OV_{DD} to OV_{DD}. Modified Section 16, “High-Speed Serial Interfaces (HSSI),” to reflect that there is only one SerDes. Modified DDR clk rate min from 133 to 166 MHz. Modified note in Table 75, “Processor Core Clocking Specifications (MPC8548E and MPC8547E), “. ” In Table 56, “Differential Transmitter (TX) Output Specifications,” modified equations in Comments column, and changed all instances of “LO” to “L0.” Also added note 8. In Table 57, “Differential Receiver (RX) Input Specifications,” modified equations in Comments column, and in note 3, changed “TRX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER,” to “T_{RX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-MAX-JITTER}.” Modified Table 83, “Frequency Options of SYSCLK with Respect to Memory Bus Speeds.” Added a note on Section 4.1, “System Clock Timing,” to limit the SYSCLK to 100 MHz if the core frequency is less than 1200 MHz In Table 71, “MPC8548E Pinout Listing”Table 72, “MPC8547E Pinout Listing”Table 73, “MPC8545E Pinout Listing”Table 74, “MPC8543E Pinout Listing,” added note 5 to LA[28:31]. Added note to Table 83, “Frequency Options of SYSCLK with Respect to Memory Bus Speeds.”
3	01/2009	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> [Section 4.6, “Platform Frequency Requirements for PCI-Express and Serial RapidIO.” Changed minimum frequency equation to be 527 MHz for PCI x8. In Table 5, added note 7. Section 4.5, “Platform to FIFO Restrictions.” Changed platform clock frequency to 4.2. Section 8.1, “Enhanced Three-Speed Ethernet Controller (eTSEC) (10/100/1Gb Mbps)—GMII/MII/TBI/RGMII/RTBI/RMII Electrical Characteristics.” Added MII after GMII and add ‘or 2.5 V’ after 3.3 V. In Table 23, modified table title to include GMII, MII, RMII, and TBI. In Table 24 and Table 25, changed clock period minimum to 5.3. In Table 25, added a note. In Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, and Table 30, removed subtitle from table title. In Table 30 and Figure 15, changed all instances of PMA to TSEC_n. In Section 8.2.5, “TBI Single-Clock Mode AC Specifications.” Replaced first paragraph. In Table 34, Table 35, Figure 18, and Figure 20, changed all instances of REF_CLK to TSEC_n_TX_CLK. In Table 36, changed all instances of OV_{DD} to LV_{DD}/TV_{DD}. In Table 37, “MII Management AC Timing Specifications,” changed MDC minimum clock pulse width high from 32 to 48 ns. Added new section, Section 16, “High-Speed Serial Interfaces (HSSI).” Section 16.1, “DC Requirements for PCI Express SD_REF_CLK and SD_REF_CLK.” Added new paragraph. Section 17.1, “DC Requirements for Serial RapidIO SD_REF_CLK and SD_REF_CLK.” Added new paragraph. Added information to Figure 63, both in figure and in note. Section 22.3, “Decoupling Recommendations.” Modified the recommendation. Table 87, “Part Numbering Nomenclature.” In Silicon Version column added Ver. 2.1.2.

Table 88. Document Revision History (continued)

Rev. Number	Date	Substantive Change(s)
2	04/2008	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Removed 1:1 support on Table 82, “e500 Core to CCB Clock Ratio.” Removed MDM from Table 18, “DDR SDRAM Input AC Timing Specifications.” MDM is an Output. Figure 57, “PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit with PLAT Pins” (AVDD_PLAT). Figure 58, “PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit with CORE Pins” (AVDD_CORE). Split Figure 59, “PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit with PCI/LBIU Pins,” (formerly called just “PLL Power Supply Filter Circuit”) into three figures: the original (now specific for AVDD_PCI/AVDD_LBIU) and two new ones.
1	10/2007	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Adjusted maximum SYSCLK frequency down in Table 5, “SYSCLK AC Timing Specifications” per device erratum GEN-13. Clarified notes to Table 6, “EC_GTX_CLK125 AC Timing Specifications.” Added Section 4.4, “PCI/PCI-X Reference Clock Timing.” Clarified descriptions and added PCI/PCI-X to Table 9, “PLL Lock Times.” Removed support for 266 and 200 Mbps data rates per device erratum GEN-13 in Section 6, “DDR and DDR2 SDRAM.” Clarified Note 4 of Table 19, “DDR SDRAM Output AC Timing Specifications.” Clarified the reference clock used in Section 7.2, “DUART AC Electrical Specifications.” Corrected $V_{IH}(\text{min})$ in Table 22, “GMII, MII, RMII, and TBI DC Electrical Characteristics.” Corrected $V_{IL}(\text{max})$ in Table 23, “GMII, MII, RMII, TBI, RGMII, RTBI, and FIFO DC Electrical Characteristics.” Removed DC parameters from Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 29, Table 32, Table 34, and Table 35. Corrected $V_{IH}(\text{min})$ in Table 36, “MII Management DC Electrical Characteristics.” Corrected $t_{MDC}(\text{min})$ in Table 37, “MII Management AC Timing Specifications.” Updated parameter descriptions for $t_{LBIVKH1}$, $t_{LBIVKH2}$, $t_{LBIXKH1}$, and $t_{LBIXKH2}$ in Table 40, “Local Bus Timing Parameters (BV_{DD} = 3.3 V)—PLL Enabled” and Table 40, “Local Bus Timing Parameters (BV_{DD} = 2.5 V)—PLL Enabled.” Updated parameter descriptions for $t_{LBIVKH1}$, $t_{LBIVKL2}$, $t_{LBIXKH1}$, and $t_{LBIXKL2}$ in Table 42, “Local Bus Timing Parameters—PLL Bypassed.” Note that $t_{LBIVKL2}$ and $t_{LBIXKL2}$ were previously labeled $t_{LBIVKH2}$ and $t_{LBIXKH2}$. Added LUPWAIT signal to Figure 23, “Local Bus Signals (PLL Enabled)” and Figure 24, “Local Bus Signals (PLL Bypass Mode).” Added LGTA signal to Figure 25, Figure 26, Figure 27 and Figure 28. Corrected LUPWAIT assertion in Figure 26 and Figure 28. Clarified the PCI reference clock in Section 15.2, “PCI/PCI-X AC Electrical Specifications” Added Section 17.1, “Package Parameters.” Added PBGA thermal information in Section 21.2, “Thermal for Version 2.1.1, 2.1.2, and 2.1.3 Silicon FC-PBGA with Full Lid and Version 3.1.x Silicon with Stamped Lid.” Updated.” Updated Table 87, “Part Numbering Nomenclature.”
0	07/2007	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Initial Release