

Welcome to **E-XFL.COM**

Understanding Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are specialized computing chips designed to perform specific tasks within an embedded system. Unlike general-purpose microprocessors found in personal computers, embedded microprocessors are tailored for dedicated functions within larger systems, offering optimized performance, efficiency, and reliability. These microprocessors are integral to the operation of countless electronic devices, providing the computational power necessary for controlling processes, handling data, and managing communications.

Applications of Embedded - Microprocessors

Embedded microprocessors are utilized across a broad spectrum of applications, making them indispensable in

Details	
Product Status	Obsolete
Core Processor	PowerPC e500
Number of Cores/Bus Width	1 Core, 32-Bit
Speed	1.5GHz
Co-Processors/DSP	Signal Processing; SPE
RAM Controllers	DDR, DDR2, SDRAM
Graphics Acceleration	No
Display & Interface Controllers	-
Ethernet	10/100/1000Mbps (4)
SATA	-
USB	-
Voltage - I/O	1.8V, 2.5V, 3.3V
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 105°C (TA)
Security Features	-
Package / Case	783-BBGA, FCBGA
Supplier Device Package	783-FCPBGA (29x29)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/pro/item?MUrl=&PartUrl=mpc8548vtavhd

Email: info@E-XFL.COM

Address: Room A, 16/F, Full Win Commercial Centre, 573 Nathan Road, Mongkok, Hong Kong

Overview

- Up to 32 simultaneous open pages for DDR2
- Contiguous or discontiguous memory mapping
- Read-modify-write support for RapidIO atomic increment, decrement, set, and clear transactions
- Sleep mode support for self-refresh SDRAM
- On-die termination support when using DDR2
- Supports auto refreshing
- On-the-fly power management using CKE signal
- Registered DIMM support
- Fast memory access via JTAG port
- 2.5-V SSTL_2 compatible I/O (1.8-V SSTL_1.8 for DDR2)
- Support for battery-backed main memory
- Programmable interrupt controller (PIC)
 - Programming model is compliant with the OpenPIC architecture.
 - Supports 16 programmable interrupt and processor task priority levels
 - Supports 12 discrete external interrupts
 - Supports 4 message interrupts with 32-bit messages
 - Supports connection of an external interrupt controller such as the 8259 programmable interrupt controller
 - Four global high-resolution timers/counters that can generate interrupts
 - Supports a variety of other internal interrupt sources
 - Supports fully nested interrupt delivery
 - Interrupts can be routed to external pin for external processing.
 - Interrupts can be routed to the e500 core's standard or critical interrupt inputs.
 - Interrupt summary registers allow fast identification of interrupt source.
- Integrated security engine (SEC) optimized to process all the algorithms associated with IPSec, IKE, WTLS/WAP, SSL/TLS, and 3GPP
 - Four crypto-channels, each supporting multi-command descriptor chains
 - Dynamic assignment of crypto-execution units via an integrated controller
 - Buffer size of 256 bytes for each execution unit, with flow control for large data sizes
 - PKEU—public key execution unit
 - RSA and Diffie-Hellman; programmable field size up to 2048 bits
 - Elliptic curve cryptography with F₂m and F(p) modes and programmable field size up to 511 bits
 - DEU—Data Encryption Standard execution unit
 - DES, 3DES
 - Two key (K1, K2) or three key (K1, K2, K3)
 - ECB and CBC modes for both DES and 3DES

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

Input Clocks

4 Input Clocks

This section discusses the timing for the input clocks.

4.1 System Clock Timing

The following table provides the system clock (SYSCLK) AC timing specifications for the device.

Table 5. SYSCLK AC Timing Specifications

At recommended operating conditions (see Table 2) with $OV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 165 \text{ mV}$.

Parameter/Condition	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
SYSCLK frequency	f _{SYSCLK}	16	_	133	MHz	1, 6, 7, 8
SYSCLK cycle time	t _{SYSCLK}	7.5	_	60	ns	6, 7, 8
SYSCLK rise and fall time	t _{KH} , t _{KL}	0.6	1.0	1.2	ns	2
SYSCLK duty cycle	t _{KHK} /t _{SYSCLK}	40	_	60	%	3
SYSCLK jitter	_	_	_	±150	ps	4, 5

Notes:

- 1. Caution: The CCB clock to SYSCLK ratio and e500 core to CCB clock ratio settings must be chosen such that the resulting SYSCLK frequency, e500 (core) frequency, and CCB clock frequency do not exceed their respective maximum or minimum operating frequencies. See Section 20.2, "CCB/SYSCLK PLL Ratio," and Section 20.3, "e500 Core PLL Ratio," for ratio settings.
- 2. Rise and fall times for SYSCLK are measured at 0.6 and 2.7 V.
- 3. Timing is guaranteed by design and characterization.
- 4. This represents the total input jitter—short term and long term—and is guaranteed by design.
- 5. The SYSCLK driver's closed loop jitter bandwidth must be <500 kHz at -20 dB. The bandwidth must be set low to allow cascade-connected PLL-based devices to track SYSCLK drivers with the specified jitter.
- 6. This parameter has been adjusted slower according to the workaround for device erratum GEN 13.
- 7. For spread spectrum clocking, Guidelines are + 0% to -1% down spread at modulation rate between 20 and 60 kHz on SYSCLK.
- 8. System with operating core frequency less than 1200 MHz must limit SYSCLK frequency to 100 MHz maximum.

4.2 **Real Time Clock Timing**

The RTC input is sampled by the platform clock (CCB clock). The output of the sampling latch is then used as an input to the counters of the PIC and the TimeBase unit of the e500. There is no jitter specification. The minimum pulse width of the RTC signal must be greater than 2x the period of the CCB clock. That is, minimum clock high time is $2 \times t_{CCB}$, and minimum clock low time is $2 \times t_{CCB}$. There is no minimum RTC frequency; RTC may be grounded if not needed.

Enhanced Three-Speed Ethernet (eTSEC)

Figure 13 shows the MII receive AC timing diagram.

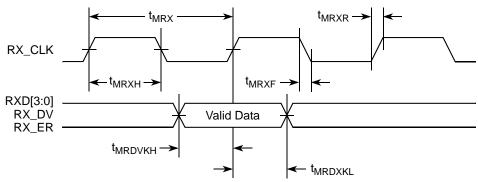


Figure 13. MII Receive AC Timing Diagram

8.2.4 TBI AC Timing Specifications

This section describes the TBI transmit and receive AC timing specifications.

8.2.4.1 TBI Transmit AC Timing Specifications

This table provides the TBI transmit AC timing specifications.

Parameter/Condition	Symbol ¹	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TCG[9:0] setup time GTX_CLK going high	t _{TTKHDV}	2.0	_	_	ns
TCG[9:0] hold time from GTX_CLK going high	t _{TTKHDX}	1.0	_	_	ns
GTX_CLK rise (20%-80%)	t _{TTXR} ²	_	_	1.0	ns
GTX_CLK fall time (80%–20%)	t _{TTXF} ²	_	_	1.0	ns

Table 30. TBI Transmit AC Timing Specifications

Notes:

34

- 1. The symbols used for timing specifications follow the pattern of t_{(first two letters of functional block)(signal)(state)} for inputs and t_(first two letters of functional block)(reference)(state)(signal)(state)</sub> for outputs. For example, t_{TTKHDV} symbolizes the TBI transmit timing (TT) with respect to the time from t_{TTX} (K) going high (H) until the referenced data signals (D) reach the valid state (V) or setup time. Also, t_{TTKHDX} symbolizes the TBI transmit timing (TT) with respect to the time from t_{TTX} (K) going high (H) until the referenced data signals (D) reach the invalid state (X) or hold time. Note that, in general, the clock reference symbol representation is based on three letters representing the clock of a particular functional. For example, the subscript of t_{TTX} represents the TBI (T) transmit (TX) clock. For rise and fall times, the latter convention is used with the appropriate letter: R (rise) or F (fall).
- 2. Guaranteed by design.

NOTE

PLL bypass mode is required when LBIU frequency is at or below 83 MHz. When LBIU operates above 83 MHz, LBIU PLL is recommended to be enabled.

Figure 23 through Figure 28 show the local bus signals.

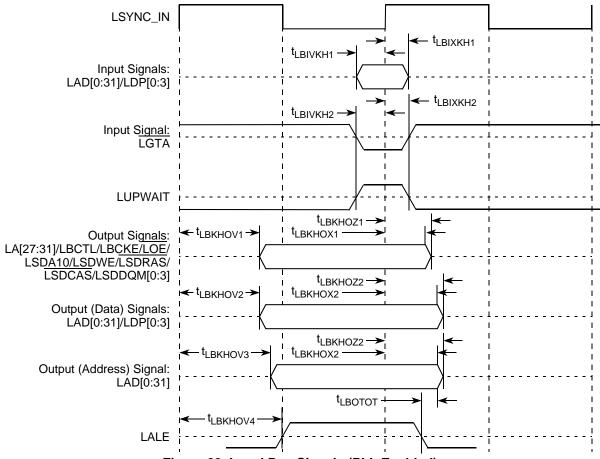


Figure 23. Local Bus Signals (PLL Enabled)

This table describes the timing parameters of the local bus interface at $BV_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ with PLL disabled.

Table 42. Local Bus Timing Parameters—PLL Bypassed

Parameter	Symbol ¹	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Local bus cycle time	t _{LBK}	12	_	ns	2
Local bus duty cycle	t _{LBKH} /t _{LBK}	43	57	%	_
Internal launch/capture clock to LCLK delay	t _{LBKHKT}	2.3	4.4	ns	8
Input setup to local bus clock (except LGTA/LUPWAIT)	t _{LBIVKH1}	6.2	_	ns	4, 5
LGTA/LUPWAIT input setup to local bus clock	t _{LBIVKL2}	6.1	_	ns	4, 5
Input hold from local bus clock (except LGTA/LUPWAIT)	t _{LBIXKH1}	-1.8	_	ns	4, 5

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

PCI/PCI-X

Table 54. PCI-X AC Timing Specifications at 133 MHz (continued)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
HRESET to PCI-X initialization pattern hold time	t _{PCRHIX}	0	50	ns	6, 12

Notes:

- 1. See the timing measurement conditions in the PCI-X 1.0a Specification.
- 2. Minimum times are measured at the package pin (not the test point). Maximum times are measured with the test point and load circuit.
- 3. Setup time for point-to-point signals applies to REQ and GNT only. All other signals are bused.
- 4. For purposes of active/float timing measurements, the Hi-Z or off state is defined to be when the total current delivered through the component pin is less than or equal to the leakage current specification.
- 5. Setup time applies only when the device is not driving the pin. Devices cannot drive and receive signals at the same time.
- 6. Maximum value is also limited by delay to the first transaction (time for HRESET high to first configuration access, t_{PCRHFV}). The PCI-X initialization pattern control signals after the rising edge of HRESET must be negated no later than two clocks before the first FRAME and must be floated no later than one clock before FRAME is asserted.
- 7. A PCI-X device is permitted to have the minimum values shown for t_{PCKHOV} and t_{CYC} only in PCI-X mode. In conventional mode, the device must meet the requirements specified in PCI 2.2 for the appropriate clock frequency.
- 8. Device must meet this specification independent of how many outputs switch simultaneously.
- 9. The timing parameter tpcIVKH is a minimum of 1.4 ns rather than the minimum of 1.2 ns in the PCI-X 1.0a Specification.
- 10. The timing parameter t_{PCRHFV} is a minimum of 10 clocks rather than the minimum of 5 clocks in the *PCI-X 1.0a* Specification.
- 11. Guaranteed by characterization.
- 12. Guaranteed by design.

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

- The SD_REF_CLK and SD_REF_CLK are internally AC-coupled differential inputs as shown in Figure 39. Each differential clock input (SD_REF_CLK or SD_REF_CLK) has a 50-Ω termination to SGND_SRDSn (xcorevss) followed by on-chip AC-coupling.
- The external reference clock driver must be able to drive this termination.
- The SerDes reference clock input can be either differential or single-ended. See the differential mode and single-ended mode description below for further detailed requirements.
- The maximum average current requirement that also determines the common mode voltage range:
 - When the SerDes reference clock differential inputs are DC coupled externally with the clock driver chip, the maximum average current allowed for each input pin is 8 mA. In this case, the exact common mode input voltage is not critical as long as it is within the range allowed by the maximum average current of 8 mA (see the following bullet for more detail), since the input is AC-coupled on-chip.
 - This current limitation sets the maximum common mode input voltage to be less than 0.4 V (0.4 V/50 = 8 mA) while the minimum common mode input level is 0.1 V above SGND_SRDSn (xcorevss). For example, a clock with a 50/50 duty cycle can be produced by a clock driver with output driven by its current source from 0 to 16 mA (0–0.8 V), such that each phase of the differential input has a single-ended swing from 0 V to 800 mV with the common mode voltage at 400 mV.
 - If the device driving the SD_REF_CLK and $\overline{\text{SD_REF_CLK}}$ inputs cannot drive 50 Ω to SGND_SRDS*n* (xcorevss) DC, or it exceeds the maximum input current limitations, then it must be AC-coupled off-chip.
- The input amplitude requirement:
 - This requirement is described in detail in the following sections.

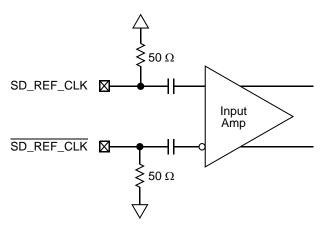


Figure 39. Receiver of SerDes Reference Clocks

16.2.2 DC Level Requirement for SerDes Reference Clocks

The DC level requirement for the SerDes reference clock inputs is different depending on the signaling mode used to connect the clock driver chip and SerDes reference clock inputs as described below:

Differential mode

PCI Express

Table 56. Differential Transmitter (TX) Output Specifications

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Nom	Max	Unit	Comments
UI	Unit interval	399.88	400	400.12	ps	Each UI is 400 ps ± 300 ppm. UI does not account for spread spectrum clock dictated variations. See Note 1.
V _{TX-DIFFp-p}	Differential peak-to-peak output voltage	0.8	_	1.2	V	$V_{TX-DIFFp-p} = 2 \times V_{TX-D+} - V_{TX-D-} $. See Note 2.
V _{TX-DE-RATIO}	De- emphasized differential output voltage (ratio)	-3.0	-3.5	-4.0	dB	Ratio of the $V_{TX-DIFFp-p}$ of the second and following bits after a transition divided by the $V_{TX-DIFFp-p}$ of the first bit after a transition. See Note 2.
T _{TX-EYE}	Minimum TX eye width	0.70	_	_	UI	The maximum transmitter jitter can be derived as $T_{TX-MAX-JITTER} = 1 - T_{TX-EYE} = 0.3$ UI. See Notes 2 and 3.
T _{TX-EYE-MEDIAN-to-} MAX-JITTER	Maximum time between the jitter median and maximum deviation from the median.	_	-	0.15	UI	Jitter is defined as the measurement variation of the crossing points ($V_{TX-DIFFp-p} = 0$ V) in relation to a recovered TX UI. A recovered TX UI is calculated over 3500 consecutive unit intervals of sample data. Jitter is measured using all edges of the 250 consecutive UI in the center of the 3500 UI used for calculating the TX UI. See Notes 2 and 3.
T _{TX-RISE} , T _{TX-FALL}	D+/D-TX output rise/fall time	0.125	_	_	UI	See Notes 2 and 5.
V _{TX-CM-ACp}	RMS AC peak common mode output voltage	_	_	20	mV	$\begin{split} &V_{\text{TX-CM-ACp}} = \text{RMS}(V_{\text{TXD+}} + V_{\text{TXD-}} /2 - \\ &V_{\text{TX-CM-DC}})\\ &V_{\text{TX-CM-DC}} = \text{DC}_{(\text{avg})} \text{ of } V_{\text{TX-D+}} + V_{\text{TX-D-}} /2.\\ &\text{See Note 2}. \end{split}$
VTX-CM-DC-ACTIVE- IDLE-DELTA	Absolute delta of dc common mode voltage during L0 and electrical idle	0	_	100	mV	$\begin{split} & V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC} \text{ (during L0)} + V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}Idle\text{-}DC} \text{ (during electrical idle)} \leq 100 \text{ mV} \\ &V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of } V_{TX\text{-}D+} + V_{TX\text{-}D-} /2 \text{ [L0]} \\ &V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}Idle\text{-}DC} = DC_{(avg)} \text{ of } V_{TX\text{-}D+} + V_{TX\text{-}D-} /2 \\ &\text{[electrical idle]} \\ &\text{See Note 2.} \end{split}$
VTX-CM-DC-LINE-DELTA	Absolute delta of DC common mode between D+ and D-	0	_	25	mV	$\begin{split} V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC\text{-}D\text{+}} - V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC\text{-}D\text{-}} &\leq 25 \text{ mV} \\ V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC\text{-}D\text{+}} &= DC_{(avg)} \text{ of } V_{TX\text{-}D\text{+}} \\ V_{TX\text{-}CM\text{-}DC\text{-}D\text{-}} &= DC_{(avg)} \text{ of } V_{TX\text{-}D\text{-}} . \\ \text{See Note 2}. \end{split}$
V _{TX-IDLE-DIFFp}	Electrical idle differential peak output voltage	0	_	20	mV	$V_{TX-IDLE-DIFFp} = V_{TX-IDLE-D+} - V_{TX-IDLE-D-} $ $\leq 20 \text{ mV}.$ See Note 2.
V _{TX-RCV-DETECT}	The amount of voltage change allowed during receiver detection	_	_	600	mV	The total amount of voltage change that a transmitter can apply to sense whether a low impedance receiver is present. See Note 6.

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

PCI Express

The eye diagram must be valid for any 250 consecutive UIs.

A recovered TX UI is calculated over 3500 consecutive unit intervals of sample data. The eye diagram is created using all edges of the 250 consecutive UI in the center of the 3500 UI used for calculating the TX UI.

NOTE

The reference impedance for return loss measurements is 50. to ground for both the D+ and D- line (that is, as measured by a vector network analyzer with $50-\Omega$ probes—see Figure 50). Note that the series capacitors, CTX, are optional for the return loss measurement.

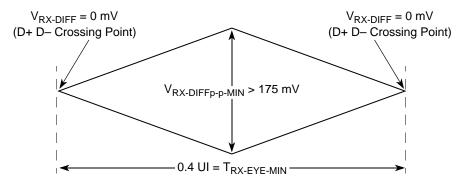


Figure 49. Minimum Receiver Eye Timing and Voltage Compliance Specification

17.5.1 Compliance Test and Measurement Load

The AC timing and voltage parameters must be verified at the measurement point, as specified within 0.2 inches of the package pins, into a test/measurement load shown in Figure 50.

NOTE

The allowance of the measurement point to be within 0.2 inches of the package pins is meant to acknowledge that package/board routing may benefit from D+ and D- not being exactly matched in length at the package pin boundary.

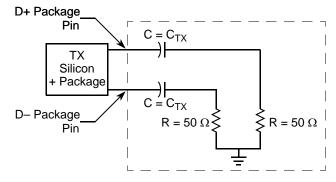


Figure 50. Compliance Test/Measurement Load

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

Serial RapidIO

transmitter that implements pre-emphasis (to equalize the link and reduce inter-symbol interference) need only comply with the transmitter output compliance mask when pre-emphasis is disabled or minimized.

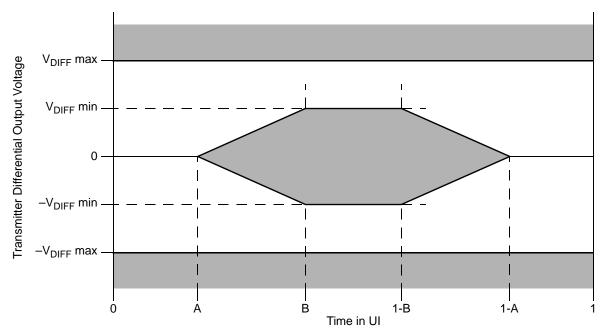


Figure 52. Transmitter Output Compliance Mask

Table 65. Transmitter Differential Output Eye Diagram Parameters

Transmitter Type	V _{DIFF} min (mV)	V _{DIFF} max (mV)	A (UI)	B (UI)
1.25 GBaud short range	250	500	0.175	0.39
1.25 GBaud long range	400	800	0.175	0.39
2.5 GBaud short range	250	500	0.175	0.39
2.5 GBaud long range	400	800	0.175	0.39
3.125 GBaud short range	250	500	0.175	0.39
3.125 GBaud long range	400	800	0.175	0.39

18.7 Receiver Specifications

LP-serial receiver electrical and timing specifications are stated in the text and tables of this section.

Receiver input impedance shall result in a differential return loss better that 10 dB and a common mode return loss better than 6 dB from 100 MHz to $(0.8) \times$ (baud frequency). This includes contributions from on-chip circuitry, the chip package, and any off-chip components related to the receiver. AC coupling

19.2 Mechanical Dimensions of the HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA with Full Lid

The following figures show the mechanical dimensions and bottom surface nomenclature for the MPC8548E HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA packages.

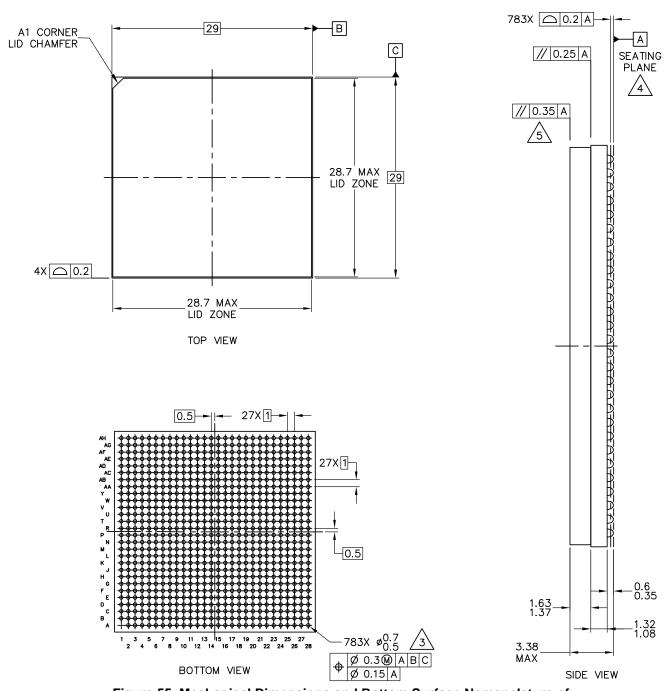
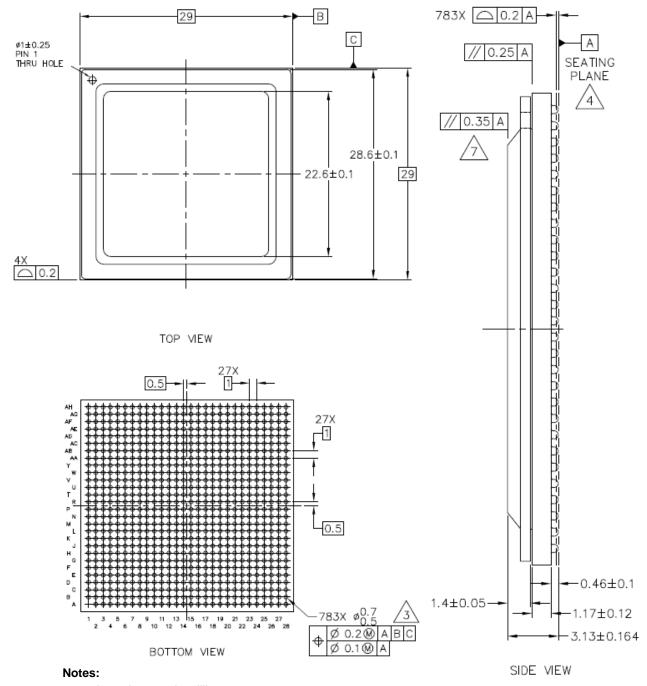


Figure 55. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the HiCTE FC-CBGA and FC-PBGA with Full Lid

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

Package Description



- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters.
- 2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 3. Maximum solder ball diameter measured parallel to datum A.
- 4. Datum A, the seating plane, is determined by the spherical crowns of the solder balls.
- 5. Capacitors may not be present on all devices.
- 6. Caution must be taken not to short capacitors or exposed metal capacitor pads on package top.
- 7. Parallelism measurement shall exclude any effect of mark on top surface of package.
- 8. All dimensions are symmetric across the package center lines unless dimensioned otherwise.

Figure 56. Mechanical Dimensions and Bottom Surface Nomenclature of the FC-PBGA with Stamped Lid

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

19.3 Pinout Listings

NOTE

The DMA_DACK[0:1] and TEST_SEL/TEST_SEL pins must be set to a proper state during POR configuration. See the pinlist table of the individual device for more details.

For MPC8548/47/45, GPIOs are still available on PCI1_AD[63:32]/PC2_AD[31:0] pins if they are not used for PCI functionality.

For MPC8545/43, eTSEC does not support 16 bit FIFO mode.

Table 71 provides the pinout listing for the MPC8548E 783 FC-PBGA package.

Table 71. MPC8548E Pinout Listing

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes				
PCI1 and PCI2 (One 64-Bit or Two 32-Bit)								
PCI1_AD[63:32]/PCI2_AD[31:0]	AB14, AC15, AA15, Y16, W16, AB16, AC16, AA16, AE17, AA18, W18, AC17, AD16, AE16, Y17, AC18, AB18, AA19, AB19, AB21, AA20, AC20, AB20, AB22, AC22, AD21, AB23, AF23, AD23, AE23, AC23, AC24	I/O	OV _{DD}	17				
PCI1_AD[31:0]	AH6, AE7, AF7, AG7, AH7, AF8, AH8, AE9, AH9, AC10, AB10, AD10, AG10, AA10, AH10, AA11, AB12, AE12, AG12, AH12, AB13, AA12, AC13, AE13, Y14, W13, AG13, V14, AH13, AC14, Y15, AB15	I/O	OV _{DD}	17				
PCI1_C_BE[7:4]/PCI2_C_BE[3:0]	AF15, AD14, AE15, AD15	I/O	OV_{DD}	17				
PCI1_C_BE[3:0]	AF9, AD11, Y12, Y13	I/O	OV _{DD}	17				
PCI1_PAR64/PCI2_PAR	W15	I/O	OV _{DD}					
PCI1_GNT[4:1]	AG6, AE6, AF5, AH5	0	OV _{DD}	5, 9, 35				
PCI1_GNT0	AG5	I/O	OV_{DD}	_				
PCI1_IRDY	AF11	I/O	OV_{DD}	2				
PCI1_PAR	AD12	I/O	OV_{DD}	_				
PCI1_PERR	AC12	I/O	OV_{DD}	2				
PCI1_SERR	V13	I/O	OV_{DD}	2, 4				
PCI1_STOP	W12	I/O	OV_{DD}	2				
PCI1_TRDY	AG11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2				

Table 71. MPC8548E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
MWE	E7	0	GV _{DD}	_
MCAS	H7	0	GV _{DD}	_
MRAS	L8	0	GV _{DD}	_
MCKE[0:3]	F10, C10, J11, H11	0	GV _{DD}	11
MCS[0:3]	K8, J8, G8, F8	0	GV _{DD}	_
MCK[0:5]	H9, B15, G2, M9, A14, F1	0	GV _{DD}	<u> </u>
MCK[0:5]	J9, A15, G1, L9, B14, F2	0	GV _{DD}	<u> </u>
MODT[0:3]	E6, K6, L7, M7	0	GV _{DD}	<u> </u>
MDIC[0:1]	A19, B19	I/O	GV _{DD}	36
	Local Bus Controller Interface			
LAD[0:31]	E27, B20, H19, F25, A20, C19, E28, J23, A25, K22, B28, D27, D19, J22, K20, D28, D25, B25, E22, F22, F21, C25, C22, B23, F20, A23, A22, E19, A21, D21, F19, B21	I/O	BV _{DD}	_
LDP[0:3]	K21, C28, B26, B22	I/O	BV _{DD}	<u> </u>
LA[27]	H21	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LA[28:31]	H20, A27, D26, A28	0	BV _{DD}	5, 7, 9
LCS[0:4]	J25, C20, J24, G26, A26	0	BV _{DD}	
LCS5/DMA_DREQ2	D23	I/O	BV _{DD}	1
LCS6/DMA_DACK2	G20	0	BV _{DD}	1
LCS7/DMA_DDONE2	E21	0	BV _{DD}	1
LWE0/LBS0/LSDDQM[0]	G25	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LWE1/LBS1/LSDDQM[1]	C23	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LWE2/LBS2/LSDDQM[2]	J21	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LWE3/LBS3/LSDDQM[3]	A24	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LALE	H24	0	BV _{DD}	5, 8, 9
LBCTL	G27	0	BV _{DD}	5, 8, 9
LGPL0/LSDA10	F23	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LGPL1/LSDWE	G22	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LGPL2/LOE/LSDRAS	B27	0	BV _{DD}	5, 8, 9
LGPL3/LSDCAS	F24	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LGPL4/LGTA/LUPWAIT/LPBSE	H23	I/O	BV _{DD}	_
LGPL5	E26	0	BV _{DD}	5, 9
LCKE	E24	0	BV _{DD}	_
LCLK[0:2]	E23, D24, H22	0	BV _{DD}	_

Table 71. MPC8548E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
Three	-Speed Ethernet Controller (Gigabit Ethe	ernet 2)	I	
TSEC2_RXD[7:0]	P2, R2, N1, N2, P3, M2, M1, N3	I	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_TXD[7:0]	N9, N10, P8, N7, R9, N5, R8, N6	0	LV _{DD}	5, 9, 33
TSEC2_COL	P1	I	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_CRS	R6	I/O	LV _{DD}	20
TSEC2_GTX_CLK	P6	0	LV _{DD}	
TSEC2_RX_CLK	N4	I	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_RX_DV	P5	ı	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_RX_ER	R1	ı	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_TX_CLK	P10	I	LV _{DD}	_
TSEC2_TX_EN	P7	0	LV _{DD}	30
TSEC2_TX_ER	R10	0	LV _{DD}	5, 9, 33
Three	-Speed Ethernet Controller (Gigabit Ethe	ernet 3)	•	
TSEC3_TXD[3:0]	V8, W10, Y10, W7	0	TV _{DD}	5, 9, 29
TSEC3_RXD[3:0]	Y1, W3, W5, W4	I	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_GTX_CLK	W8	0	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_RX_CLK	W2	I	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_RX_DV	W1	I	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_RX_ER	Y2	I	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_TX_CLK	V10	I	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC3_TX_EN	V9	0	TV _{DD}	30
Three	-Speed Ethernet Controller (Gigabit Ethe	ernet 4)		
TSEC4_TXD[3:0]/TSEC3_TXD[7:4]	AB8, Y7, AA7, Y8	0	TV _{DD}	1, 5, 9, 29
TSEC4_RXD[3:0]/TSEC3_RXD[7:4]	AA1, Y3, AA2, AA4	I	TV _{DD}	1
TSEC4_GTX_CLK	AA5	0	TV _{DD}	_
TSEC4_RX_CLK/TSEC3_COL	Y5	I	TV _{DD}	1
TSEC4_RX_DV/TSEC3_CRS	AA3	I/O	TV _{DD}	1, 31
TSEC4_TX_EN/TSEC3_TX_ER	AB6	0	TV _{DD}	1, 30
	DUART			'
UART_CTS[0:1]	AB3, AC5	I	OV_{DD}	_
UART_RTS[0:1]	AC6, AD7	0	OV _{DD}	_
UART_SIN[0:1]	AB5, AC7	I	OV _{DD}	_
UART_SOUT[0:1]	AB7, AD8	0	OV _{DD}	_

Table 72 provides the pin-out listing for the MPC8547E 783 FC-PBGA package.

NOTE

All note references in the following table use the same numbers as those for Table 71. See Table 71 for the meanings of these notes.

Table 72. MPC8547E Pinout Listing

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
	PCI1 (One 64-Bit or One 32-Bit)			•
PCI1_AD[63:32]	AB14, AC15, AA15, Y16, W16, AB16, AC16, AA16, AE17, AA18, W18, AC17, AD16, AE16, Y17, AC18, AB18, AA19, AB19, AB21, AA20, AC20, AB20, AB22, AC22, AD21, AB23, AF23, AD23, AE23, AC23, AC24	1/O	OV _{DD}	17
PCI1_AD[31:0]	AH6, AE7, AF7, AG7, AH7, AF8, AH8, AE9, AH9, AC10, AB10, AD10, AG10, AA10, AH10, AA11, AB12, AE12, AG12, AH12, AB13, AA12, AC13, AE13, Y14, W13, AG13, V14, AH13, AC14, Y15, AB15	I/O	OV _{DD}	17
PCI1_C_BE[7:4]	AF15, AD14, AE15, AD15	I/O	OV _{DD}	17
PCI1_C_BE[3:0]	AF9, AD11, Y12, Y13	I/O	OV _{DD}	17
PCI1_PAR64	W15	I/O	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_GNT[4:1]	AG6, AE6, AF5, AH5	0	OV _{DD}	5, 9, 35
PCI1_GNT0	AG5	I/O	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_IRDY	AF11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_PAR	AD12	I/O	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_PERR	AC12	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_SERR	V13	I/O	OV _{DD}	2, 4
PCI1_STOP	W12	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_TRDY	AG11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_REQ[4:1]	AH2, AG4, AG3, AH4	I	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_REQ0	AH3	I/O	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_CLK	AH26	I	OV _{DD}	39
PCI1_DEVSEL	AH11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_FRAME	AE11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_IDSEL	AG9	ļ	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_REQ64	AF14	I/O	OV _{DD}	2, 5,10
PCI1_ACK64	V15	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
Reserved	AE28	_	_	2
Reserved	AD26	_	_	2
Reserved	AD25	_	_	2

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

Package Description

Table 74. MPC8543E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
PCI1_TRDY	AG11	I/O	OV _{DD}	2
PCI1_REQ[4:1]	AH2, AG4, AG3, AH4	I	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_REQ0	AH3	I/O	OV _{DD}	_
PCI1_CLK	AH26	I	OV_{DD}	39
PCI1_DEVSEL	AH11	I/O	OV_{DD}	2
PCI1_FRAME	AE11	I/O	OV_{DD}	2
PCI1_IDSEL	AG9	I	OV_{DD}	_
cfg_pci1_width	AF14	I/O	OV_{DD}	112
Reserved	V15	_	_	110
Reserved	AE28	_	_	2
Reserved	AD26	_	_	110
Reserved	AD25	_	_	110
Reserved	AE26	_	_	110
cfg_pci1_clk	AG24	1	OV _{DD}	5
Reserved	AF25	_	_	101
Reserved	AE25	_	_	110
Reserved	AG25	_	_	110
Reserved	AD24	_	_	110
Reserved	AF24	_	_	110
Reserved	AD27	_	_	110
Reserved	AD28, AE27, W17, AF26	_	_	110
Reserved	AH25	_	_	110
	DDR SDRAM Memory Interface	•		•
MDQ[0:63]	L18, J18, K14, L13, L19, M18, L15, L14, A17, B17, A13, B12, C18, B18, B13, A12, H18, F18, J14, F15, K19, J19, H16, K15, D17, G16, K13, D14, D18, F17, F14, E14, A7, A6, D5, A4, C8, D7, B5, B4, A2, B1, D1, E4, A3, B2, D2, E3, F3, G4, J5, K5, F6, G5, J6, K4, J1, K2, M5, M3, J3, J2, L1, M6	I/O	GV _{DD}	_
MECC[0:7]	H13, F13, F11, C11, J13, G13, D12, M12	I/O	GV _{DD}	_
MDM[0:8]	M17, C16, K17, E16, B6, C4, H4, K1, E13	0	GV _{DD}	
MDQS[0:8]	M15, A16, G17, G14, A5, D3, H1, L2, C13	I/O	GV _{DD}	_
MDQS[0:8]	L17, B16, J16, H14, C6, C2, H3, L4, D13	I/O	GV _{DD}	_
MA[0:15]	A8, F9, D9, B9, A9, L10, M10, H10, K10, G10, B8, E10, B10, G6, A10, L11	0	GV _{DD}	_
MBA[0:2]	F7, J7, M11	0	GV _{DD}	_

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

Package Description

Table 74. MPC8543E Pinout Listing (continued)

Signal	Package Pin Number	Pin Type	Power Supply	Notes
IIC1_SDA	AG21	I/O	OV_{DD}	4, 27
IIC2_SCL	AG15	I/O	OV _{DD}	4, 27
IIC2_SDA	AG14	I/O	OV _{DD}	4, 27
	SerDes			
SD_RX[0:7]	M28, N26, P28, R26, W26, Y28, AA26, AB28	I	XV_{DD}	_
SD_RX[0:7]	M27, N25, P27, R25, W25, Y27, AA25, AB27	ļ	XV_{DD}	_
SD_TX[0:7]	M22, N20, P22, R20, U20, V22, W20, Y22	0	XV_{DD}	_
SD_TX[0:7]	M23, N21, P23, R21, U21, V23, W21, Y23	0	XV_{DD}	_
SD_PLL_TPD	U28	0	XV_{DD}	24
SD_REF_CLK	T28	I	XV_{DD}	_
SD_REF_CLK	T27	I	XV_{DD}	_
Reserved	AC1, AC3	_	_	2
Reserved	M26, V28	_	_	32
Reserved	M25, V27	_	_	34
Reserved	M20, M21, T22, T23	_	_	38
	General-Purpose Output			1
GPOUT[24:31]	K26, K25, H27, G28, H25, J26, K24, K23	0	BV_DD	_
	System Control			
HRESET	AG17	I	OV_{DD}	_
HRESET_REQ	AG16	0	OV _{DD}	29
SRESET	AG20	I	OV _{DD}	_
CKSTP_IN	AA9	I	OV _{DD}	_
CKSTP_OUT	AA8	0	OV _{DD}	2, 4
	Debug			
TRIG_IN	AB2	I	OV_{DD}	_
TRIG_OUT/READY/QUIESCE	AB1	0	OV _{DD}	6, 9, 19, 29
MSRCID[0:1]	AE4, AG2	0	OV _{DD}	5, 6, 9
MSRCID[2:4]	AF3, AF1, AF2	0	OV_{DD}	6, 19, 29
MDVAL	AE5	0	OV_DD	6
CLK_OUT	AE21	0	OV_DD	11
	Clock			•
RTC	AF16	I	OV_DD	_
SYSCLK	AH17	I	OV _{DD}	_

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

as shown in Figure 63. If this is not possible, the isolation resistor allows future access to \overline{TRST} in case a JTAG interface may need to be wired onto the system in future debug situations.

• No pull-up/pull-down is required for TDI, TMS, TDO, or TCK.

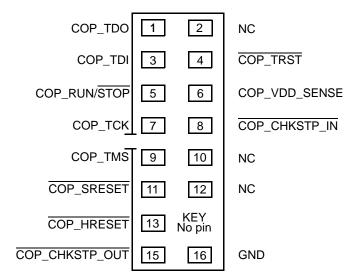
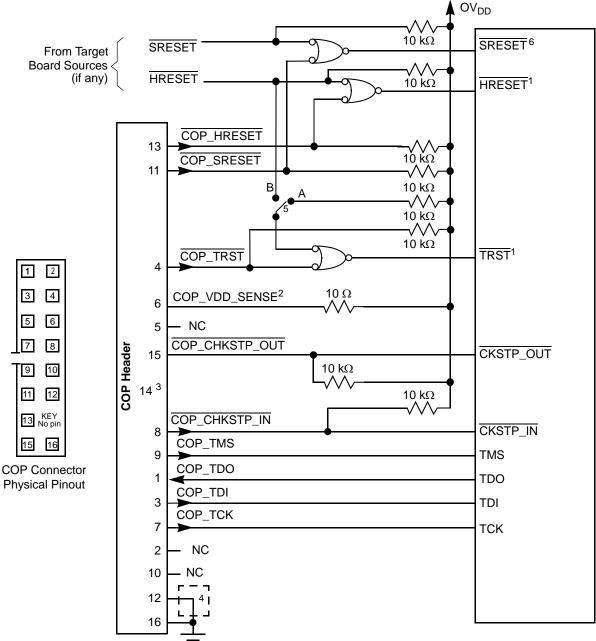


Figure 62. COP Connector Physical Pinout



Notes:

- 1. The COP port and target board must be able to independently assert HRESET and TRST to the processor in order to fully control the processor as shown here.
- 2. Populate this with a $10-\Omega$ resistor for short-circuit/current-limiting protection.
- 3. The KEY location (pin 14) is not physically present on the COP header.
- 4. Although pin 12 is defined as a No-Connect, some debug tools may use pin 12 as an additional GND pin for improved signal integrity.
- 5. This switch is included as a precaution for BSDL testing. The switch must be closed to position A during BSDL testing to avoid accidentally asserting the TRST line. If BSDL testing is not being performed, this switch must be closed to position B.
- 6. Asserting SRESET causes a machine check interrupt to the e500 core.

Figure 63. JTAG Interface Connection

MPC8548E PowerQUICC III Integrated Processor Hardware Specifications, Rev. 9

How to Reach Us:

Home Page:

www.freescale.com

Web Support:

http://www.freescale.com/support

USA/Europe or Locations Not Listed: Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Technical Information Center, EL516 2100 East Elliot Road

Tempe, Arizona 85284 1-800-521-6274 or +1-480-768-2130 www.freescale.com/support

Europe, Middle East, and Africa:

Freescale Halbleiter Deutschland GmbH Technical Information Center Schatzbogen 7 81829 Muenchen, Germany +44 1296 380 456 (English)

+46 8 52200080 (English)

+49 89 92103 559 (German) +33 1 69 35 48 48 (French)

www.freescale.com/support

Japan:

Freescale Semiconductor Japan Ltd. Headquarters ARCO Tower 15F 1-8-1, Shimo-Meguro, Meguro-ku, Tokyo 153-0064 Japan 0120 191014 or +81 3 5437 9125 support.japan@freescale.com

Asia/Pacific:

Freescale Semiconductor China Ltd. Exchange Building 23F No. 118 Jianguo Road Chaoyang District Beijing 100022 China +86 10 5879 8000 support.asia@freescale.com

Information in this document is provided solely to enable system and software implementers to use Freescale Semiconductor products. There are no express or implied copyright licenses granted hereunder to design or fabricate any integrated circuits or integrated circuits based on the information in this document.

Freescale Semiconductor reserves the right to make changes without further notice to any products herein. Freescale Semiconductor makes no warranty, representation or guarantee regarding the suitability of its products for any particular purpose, nor does Freescale Semiconductor assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit, and specifically disclaims any and all liability, including without limitation consequential or incidental damages. "Typical" parameters that may be provided in Freescale Semiconductor data sheets and/or specifications can and do vary in different applications and actual performance may vary over time. All operating parameters, including "Typicals", must be validated for each customer application by customer's technical experts. Freescale Semiconductor does not convey any license under its patent rights nor the rights of others. Freescale Semiconductor products are not designed, intended, or authorized for use as components in systems intended for surgical implant into the body, or other applications intended to support or sustain life. or for any other application in which the failure of the Freescale Semiconductor product could create a situation where personal injury or death may occur. Should Buyer purchase or use Freescale Semiconductor products for any such unintended or unauthorized application, Buyer shall indemnify and hold Freescale Semiconductor and its officers, employees, subsidiaries, affiliates, and distributors harmless against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, and reasonable attorney fees arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use, even if such claim alleges that Freescale Semiconductor was negligent regarding the design or manufacture of the part.

Freescale, the Freescale logo, CodeWarrior, ColdFire, PowerQUICC, QorIQ, StarCore, and Symphony are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. Reg., U.S. Pat. & Tm. Off. CoreNet, QorIQ Qonverge, QUICC Engine, and VortiQa are trademarks of Freescale Semiconductor, Inc. All other product or service names are the property of their respective owners. © 2012 Freescale Semiconductor, Inc.

Document Number: MPC8548EEC

Rev. 9 02/2012



