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What are **Embedded - System On Chip (SoC)?** 

**System On Chip (SoC)** integrates multiple functions of a computer or electronic system onto a single chip. Unlike traditional multi-chip solutions. SoCs combine a central

Details	
Product Status	Active
Architecture	MCU, FPGA
Core Processor	Dual ARM® Cortex®-A9 MPCore™ with CoreSight™
Flash Size	-
RAM Size	64KB
Peripherals	DMA, POR, WDT
Connectivity	CANbus, EBI/EMI, Ethernet, I <sup>2</sup> C, MMC/SD/SDIO, SPI, UART/USART, USB OTG
Speed	800MHz
Primary Attributes	FPGA - 110K Logic Elements
Operating Temperature	0°C ~ 85°C (TJ)
Package / Case	896-BGA
Supplier Device Package	896-FBGA (31x31)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/intel/5csema6f31c7n

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### **Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions**

#### Table 5. Transceiver Power Supply Operating Conditions for Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices

Symbol	Description	Minimum <sup>(8)</sup>	Typical	Maximum <sup>(8)</sup>	Unit
V <sub>CCH_GXBL</sub>	Transceiver high voltage power (left side)	2.375	2.5	2.625	V
V <sub>CCE_GXBL</sub> (9)(10)	Transmitter and receiver power (left side)	1.07/1.17	1.1/1.2	1.13/1.23	V
V <sub>CCL_GXBL</sub> (9)(10)	Clock network power (left side)	1.07/1.17	1.1/1.2	1.13/1.23	V

#### **Related Information**

PCIe Supported Configurations and Placement Guidelines

Provides more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices which require full compliance to the PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter specification.

• 6.144-Gbps Support Capability in Cyclone V GT Devices

Provides more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices for CPRI 6.144 Gbps.

<sup>(8)</sup> The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.

<sup>(9)</sup> Intel recommends increasing the V<sub>CCE\_GXBL</sub> and V<sub>CCL\_GXBL</sub> typical value from 1.1 V to 1.2 V for Cyclone V GT and ST FPGA systems which require full compliance to the PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter specification. For more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices under this condition, refer to the *Transceiver Protocol Configurations in Cyclone V Devices* chapter.

<sup>(10)</sup> Intel recommends increasing the V<sub>CCE\_GXBL</sub> and V<sub>CCL\_GXBL</sub> typical value from 1.1 V to 1.2 V for full compliance to CPRI transmit jitter specification at 4.9152 Gbps (Cyclone V GT and ST devices) and 6.144Gbps (Cyclone V GT and ST devices only). For more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices for CPRI 6.144 Gbps, refer to the *Transceiver Protocol Configurations in Cyclone V Devices* chapter.



# Table 9. OCT Calibration Accuracy Specifications for Cyclone V Devices

Calibration accuracy for the calibrated on-chip series termination ( $R_S$  OCT) and on-chip parallel termination ( $R_T$  OCT) are applicable at the moment of calibration. When process, voltage, and temperature (PVT) conditions change after calibration, the tolerance may change.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	Ca	alibration Accura	cy	Unit
			-C6	-I7, -C7	-C8, -A7	
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%
34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination with calibration (34- $\Omega$ and 40- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%
48-Ω, 60-Ω, and 80-Ω $R_S$	Internal series termination with calibration (48- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 80- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%
50-Ω R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
20-Ω, 30-Ω, 40-Ω,60-Ω, and 120-Ω $R_T$	Internal parallel termination with calibration (20- $\Omega$ , 30- $\Omega$ , 40- $\Omega$ , 60- $\Omega$ , and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5, 1.35, 1.25	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ R <sub>T</sub>	Internal parallel termination with calibration (60- $\Omega$ and 120- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	-10 to +40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S_left_shift</sub>	Internal left shift series termination with calibration (25- $\Omega$ R <sub>S_left_shift</sub> setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5, 1.8, 1.5, 1.2	±15	±15	±15	%



# **OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications**

#### Table 10. OCT Without Calibration Resistance Tolerance Specifications for Cyclone V Devices

This table lists the Cyclone V OCT without calibration resistance tolerance to PVT changes.

Symbol	Description	Condition (V)	V) Resistance Tolerance		nce	Unit
			-C6	-I7, -C7	-C8, -A7	
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8, 1.5	±30	±40	±40	%
25-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (25- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2	±35	±50	±50	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0, 2.5	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8, 1.5	±30	±40	±40	%
50-Ω R <sub>S</sub>	Internal series termination without calibration (50- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2	±35	±50	±50	%
100-Ω R <sub>D</sub>	Internal differential termination (100- $\Omega$ setting)	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5	±25	±40	±40	%

# Figure 2. Equation for OCT Variation Without Recalibration

$$R_{OCT} = R_{SCAL} \left( 1 + \left| \frac{dR}{dT} \times \Delta T \right| \pm \left| \frac{dR}{dV} \times \Delta V \right| \right)$$

The definitions for the equation are as follows:

- ullet The R<sub>OCT</sub> value calculated shows the range of OCT resistance with the variation of temperature and V<sub>CCIO</sub>.
- R<sub>SCAL</sub> is the OCT resistance value at power-up.
- $\bullet$   $\;\;\Delta T$  is the variation of temperature with respect to the temperature at power up.



- $\Delta V$  is the variation of voltage with respect to the  $V_{CCIO}$  at power up.
- dR/dT is the percentage change of  $R_{SCAL}$  with temperature.
- $\bullet$  dR/dV is the percentage change of R<sub>SCAL</sub> with voltage.

# **OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration**

### Table 11. OCT Variation after Power-Up Calibration for Cyclone V Devices

This table lists OCT variation with temperature and voltage after power-up calibration. The OCT variation is valid for a  $V_{\text{CCIO}}$  range of  $\pm 5\%$  and a temperature range of  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

Symbol	Description	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)	Value	Unit
dR/dV	OCT variation with voltage without recalibration	3.0	0.100	%/mV
		2.5	0.100	
		1.8	0.100	
		1.5	0.100	
		1.35	0.150	
		1.25	0.150	
		1.2	0.150	
dR/dT	OCT variation with temperature without recalibration	3.0	0.189	%/°C
		2.5	0.208	
		1.8	0.266	
		1.5	0.273	
		1.35	0.200	
		1.25	0.200	
		1.2	0.317	



Table 14. Internal Weak Pull-Up Resistor Values for Cyclone V Devices

Symbol	Description	Condition (V) <sup>(16)</sup>	Value <sup>(17)</sup>	Unit
R <sub>PU</sub>	Value of the I/O pin pull-up resistor before and during configuration, as well	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.3 ±5%	25	kΩ
	as user mode if you have enabled the programmable pull-up resistor option.	V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 3.0 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 2.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.8 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.5 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.35 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.25 ±5%	25	kΩ
		V <sub>CCIO</sub> = 1.2 ±5%	25	kΩ

#### **Related Information**

Cyclone V Device Family Pin Connection Guidelines

Provides more information about the pins that support internal weak pull-up and internal weak pull-down features.

# I/O Standard Specifications

Tables in this section list the input voltage ( $V_{IH}$  and  $V_{IL}$ ), output voltage ( $V_{OH}$  and  $V_{OL}$ ), and current drive characteristics ( $I_{OH}$  and  $I_{OL}$ ) for various I/O standards supported by Cyclone V devices.

You must perform timing closure analysis to determine the maximum achievable frequency for general purpose I/O standards.

 $<sup>^{(16)}</sup>$  Pin pull-up resistance values may be lower if an external source drives the pin higher than  $V_{CCIO}$ .

 $<sup>^{(17)}</sup>$  Valid with  $\pm 10\%$  tolerances to cover changes over PVT.



### **Differential I/O Standard Specifications**

#### Table 20. Differential I/O Standard Specifications for Cyclone V Devices

Differential inputs are powered by  $V_{\text{CCPD}}$  which requires 2.5 V.

I/O Standard	,	V <sub>CCIO</sub> (V)		V <sub>ID</sub> (mV) <sup>(21)</sup>			V <sub>ICM(DC)</sub> (V)			V <sub>OD</sub> (V) <sup>(22)</sup>			V <sub>OCM</sub> (V) <sup>(22)(23)</sup>		
	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Condition	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max
PCML Transmitter, receiver, and input reference clock pins of high-speed transceivers use the PCML I/O standard. For transmitter, receiver, and reference clock I/O pin specifications, refer to Transceiver Specifications for Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices table.															
2.5 V LVDS <sup>(24)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> ≤ 700 Mbps	1.80	0.247	_	0.6	1.125	1.25	1.375
							1.05	D <sub>MAX</sub> > 700 Mbps	1.55						
BLVDS <sup>(25)(26)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
RSDS (HIO) <sup>(27)</sup>	2.375	2.5	2.625	100	V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.25 V	_	0.25	_	1.45	0.1	0.2	0.6	0.5	1.2	1.4
Mini-LVDS (HIO)	2.375	2.5	2.625	200	_	600	0.300	_	1.425	0.25	_	0.6	1	1.2	1.4
	•		•				•							cont	inued

 $<sup>^{(21)}</sup>$  The minimum  $V_{\text{ID}}$  value is applicable over the entire common mode range,  $V_{\text{CM}}.$ 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>(22)</sup>  $R_L$  range:  $90 \le R_L \le 110 \Omega$ .

<sup>(23)</sup> This applies to default pre-emphasis setting only.

<sup>(24)</sup> For optimized LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 1.0 V to 1.6 V for data rate above 700 Mbps and 0.00 V to 1.85 V for data rate below 700 Mbps.

<sup>(25)</sup> There are no fixed  $V_{ICM}$ ,  $V_{OD}$ , and  $V_{OCM}$  specifications for BLVDS. They depend on the system topology.

<sup>(26)</sup> For more information about BLVDS interface support in Intel devices, refer to AN522: Implementing Bus LVDS Interface in Supported Intel Device Families.

<sup>(27)</sup> For optimized RSDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 0.25 V to 1.45 V.

<sup>(28)</sup> For optimized mini-LVDS receiver performance, the receiver voltage input range must be within 0.300 V to 1.425 V.



Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 5 <sup>(30)</sup>			Transce	Transceiver Speed Grade 6			Transceiver Speed Grade 7			
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
Intra-differential pair skew	TX V <sub>CM</sub> = 0.65 V and slew rate of 15 ps	_	_	15	_	_	15	_	_	15	ps	
Intra-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	×6 PMA bonded mode	_	_	180	_	_	180	_	_	180	ps	
Inter-transceiver block transmitter channel-to- channel skew	×N PMA bonded mode	_	-	500	_	_	500	-	-	500	ps	

## Table 25. CMU PLL Specifications for Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 5 <sup>(30)</sup>			Transcei	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade 6</b>			Transceiver Speed Grade 7			
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
Supported data range	_	614	_	5000/614 4 <sup>(35)</sup>	614	_	3125	614	_	2500	Mbps	
fPLL supported data range	_	614	-	3125	614	_	3125	614	_	2500	Mbps	

### Table 26. Transceiver-FPGA Fabric Interface Specifications for Cyclone V GX, GT, SX, and ST Devices

Symbol/Description	Condition	Transceiver Speed Grade 5 <sup>(30)</sup>			Transce	<b>Transceiver Speed Grade 6</b>			Transceiver Speed Grade 7			
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max		
Interface speed (single-width mode)	_	25	_	187.5	25	_	187.5	25	_	163.84	MHz	
Interface speed (double- width mode)	_	25	_	163.84	25	_	163.84	25	_	156.25	MHz	

#### **Related Information**

- CTLE Response at Data Rates > 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 32
- CTLE Response at Data Rates ≤ 3.25 Gbps across Supported AC Gain and DC Gain on page 33
- PCIe Supported Configurations and Placement Guidelines

Provides more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices which require full compliance to the PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter specification.

#### Cyclone V Device Datasheet

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Protocol	Sub-protocol	Data Rate (Mbps)
	CPRI E12LV	1,228.8
	CPRI E12HV	1,228.8
	CPRI E12LVII	1,228.8
	CPRI E24LV	2,457.6
	CPRI E24LVII	2,457.6
	CPRI E30LV	3,072
	CPRI E30LVII	3,072
	CPRI E48LVII <sup>(51)</sup>	4,915.2
	CPRI E60LVII <sup>(51)</sup>	6,144
Gbps Ethernet (GbE)	GbE 1250	1,250
OBSAI	OBSAI 768	768
	OBSAI 1536	1,536
	OBSAI 3072	3,072
Serial digital interface (SDI)	SDI 270 SD	270
	SDI 1485 HD	1,485
	SDI 2970 3G	2,970
VbyOne	VbyOne 3750	3,750
HiGig+	HIGIG 3750	3,750

#### **Related Information**

• PCIe Supported Configurations and Placement Guidelines

Provides more information about the maximum full duplex channels recommended in Cyclone V GT and ST devices which require full compliance to the PCIe Gen2 transmit jitter specification.

<sup>(51)</sup> For CPRI E48LVII and E60LVII, Intel recommends increasing the V<sub>CCE\_GXBL</sub> and V<sub>CCL\_GXBL</sub> typical value from 1.1 V to 1.2 V for full compliance to CPRI transmit jitter specification at 4.9152 Gbps (Cyclone V GT and ST devices) and 6.144 Gbps (Cyclone V GT and ST devices for CPRI 6.144 Gbps, refer to the *Transceiver Protocol Configurations in Cyclone V Devices* chapter.

#### Cyclone V Device Datasheet



Symbol	Condition		-C6			-C7, -I7			-C8, -A7		Unit
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	
	SERDES factor J = 1 to 2, uses DDR registers	(65)	_	(66)	(65)	_	(66)	(65)	_	(66)	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks- f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate) <sup>(67)</sup>	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(65)	_	640	(65)	-	640	(65)	_	550	Mbps
Emulated Differential I/O Standards with One External Output Resistor Network - f <sub>HSDR</sub> (data rate)	SERDES factor J = 4 to 10	(65)	_	170	(65)	_	170	(65)	_	170	Mbps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> -True Differential I/O Standards <sup>(67)</sup>	Total Jitterfor Data Rate, 600 Mbps – 840 Mbps	_	_	350	_	_	380	_	_	500	ps
	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 600Mbps	_	_	0.21	_	_	0.23	_	_	0.30	UI
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> -Emulated Differential I/O Standards with Three External Output Resistor Networks	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 640Mbps	_	_	500	_	_	500	_	_	500	ps
t <sub>x Jitter</sub> -Emulated Differential I/O Standards with One External Output Resistor Network	Total Jitter for Data Rate < 640Mbps	_	_	0.15	_	_	0.15	_	_	0.15	UI
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	TX output clock duty cycle for both True and	45	50	55	45	50	55	45	50	55	%
<u> </u>					·	1	1		1	cont	inued

The maximum ideal data rate is the SERDES factor (J)  $\times$  PLL max output frequency ( $f_{out}$ ), provided you can close the design timing and the signal integrity simulation is clean. You can estimate the achievable maximum data rate by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter delay margin, and receiver sampling margin to determine the maximum data rate supported.

<sup>(67)</sup> You must calculate the leftover timing margin in the receiver by performing link timing closure analysis. You must consider the board skew margin, transmitter channel-to-channel skew, and receiver sampling margin to determine the leftover timing margin.



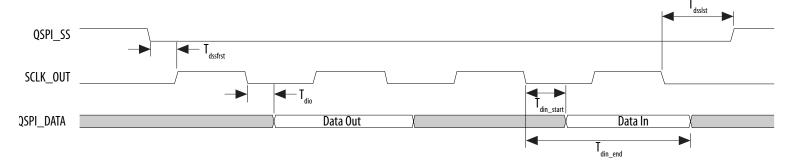
# **Quad SPI Flash Timing Characteristics**

Table 43. Quad Serial Peripheral Interface (SPI) Flash Timing Requirements for Cyclone V Devices

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
F <sub>clk</sub>	SCLK_OUT clock frequency (External clock)	_	_	108	MHz
T <sub>qspi_clk</sub>	QSPI_CLK clock period (Internal reference clock)	2.32	_	_	ns
T <sub>dutycycle</sub>	SCLK_OUT duty cycle	45	_	55	%
T <sub>dssfrst</sub>	Output delay QSPI_SS valid before first clock edge	-	1/2 cycle of SCLK_OUT	_	ns
T <sub>dsslst</sub>	Output delay QSPI_SS valid after last clock edge	-1	_	1	ns
T <sub>dio</sub>	I/O data output delay	-1	_	1	ns
T <sub>din_start</sub>	Input data valid start	_	_	$(2 + R_{delay}) \times T_{qspi\_clk} - 7.52$ (68)	ns
T <sub>din_end</sub>	Input data valid end		_	_	ns

Figure 6. Quad SPI Flash Timing Diagram

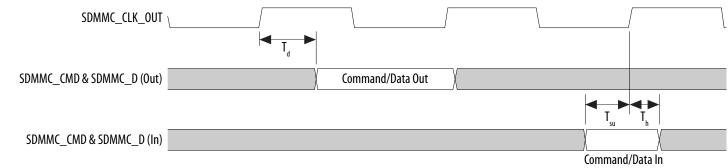
This timing diagram illustrates clock polarity mode 0 and clock phase mode 0.



 $R_{delay}$  is set by programming the register <code>qspiregs.rddatacap</code>. For the SoC EDS software version 13.1 and later, Intel provides automatic Quad SPI calibration in the preloader. For more information about  $R_{delay}$ , refer to the Quad SPI Flash Controller chapter in the Cyclone V Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual.







#### **Related Information**

Booting and Configuration Chapter, Cyclone V Hard Processor System Technical Reference Manual Provides more information about CSEL pin settings in the SD/MMC Controller CSEL Pin Settings table.

# **USB Timing Characteristics**

PHYs that support LPM mode may not function properly with the USB controller due to a timing issue. It is recommended that designers use the MicroChip USB3300 PHY device that has been proven to be successful on the development board.

**Table 47. USB Timing Requirements for Cyclone V Devices** 

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
T <sub>clk</sub>	USB CLK clock period	_	16.67	_	ns
T <sub>d</sub>	CLK to USB_STP/USB_DATA[7:0] output delay	4.4	_	11	ns
T <sub>su</sub>	Setup time for USB_DIR/USB_NXT/USB_DATA[7:0]	2	_	_	ns
T <sub>h</sub>	Hold time for USB_DIR/USB_NXT/USB_DATA[7:0]	1	_	_	ns



# **DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme**

# Table 61. DCLK Frequency Specification in the AS Configuration Scheme

This table lists the internal clock frequency specification for the AS configuration scheme. The DCLK frequency specification applies when you use the internal oscillator as the configuration clock source. The AS multi-device configuration scheme does not support DCLK frequency of 100 MHz.

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
DCLK frequency in AS configuration scheme	5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz
	10.6	15.7	25.0	MHz
	21.3	31.4	50.0	MHz
	42.6	62.9	100.0	MHz

# **Passive Serial (PS) Configuration Timing**

### Table 62. PS Timing Parameters for Cyclone V Devices

Symbol	Parameter	Minimum	Maximum	Unit
t <sub>CF2CD</sub>	nCONFIG low to CONF_DONE low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CF2ST0</sub>	nCONFIG low to nSTATUS low	_	600	ns
t <sub>CFG</sub>	nCONFIG low pulse width	2	_	μs
t <sub>STATUS</sub>	nstatus low pulse width	268	1506 <sup>(89)</sup>	μs
t <sub>CF2ST1</sub>	nCONFIG high to nSTATUS high	_	1506 <sup>(90)</sup>	μs
t <sub>CF2CK</sub> <sup>(91)</sup>	nCONFIG high to first rising edge on DCLK	1506	_	μs
t <sub>ST2CK</sub> <sup>(91)</sup>	nSTATUS high to first rising edge of DCLK	2	_	μs
t <sub>DSU</sub>	DATA[] setup time before rising edge on DCLK	5.5	_	ns
				continued

<sup>(89)</sup> You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by extending the nCONFIG or nSTATUS low pulse width.

 $<sup>^{(90)}</sup>$  You can obtain this value if you do not delay configuration by externally holding nSTATUS low.

<sup>(91)</sup> If nSTATUS is monitored, follow the  $t_{ST2CK}$  specification. If nSTATUS is not monitored, follow the  $t_{CF2CK}$  specification.



# **Configuration Files**

# Table 64. Uncompressed .rbf Sizes for Cyclone V Devices

Use this table to estimate the file size before design compilation. Different configuration file formats, such as a hexadecimal file (.hex) or tabular text file (.ttf) format, have different file sizes.

For the different types of configuration file and file sizes, refer to the Intel Quartus Prime software. However, for a specific version of the Intel Quartus Prime software, any design targeted for the same device has the same uncompressed configuration file size.

The IOCSR raw binary file (.rbf) size is specifically for the Configuration via Protocol (CvP) feature.

Variant	Member Code	Configuration .rbf Size (bits)	IOCSR .rbf Size (bits)	Recommended EPCQ Serial Configuration Device <sup>(94)</sup>
Cyclone V E <sup>(95)</sup>	A2	21,061,280	275,608	EPCQ64
	A4	21,061,280	275,608	EPCQ64
	A5	33,958,560	322,072	EPCQ128
	A7	56,167,552	435,288	EPCQ128
	A9	102,871,776	400,408	EPCQ256
Cyclone V GX	C3	14,510,912	320,280	EPCQ32
	C4	33,958,560	322,072	EPCQ128
	C5	33,958,560	322,072	EPCQ128
	C7	56,167,552	435,288	EPCQ128
	C9	102,871,776	400,408	EPCQ256
Cyclone V GT	D5	33,958,560	322,072	EPCQ128
	D7	56,167,552	435,288	EPCQ128
	D9	102,871,776	400,408	EPCQ256
Cyclone V SE (95)	A2	33,958,560	322,072	EPCQ128
·	,			continued

<sup>(94)</sup> The recommended EPCQ serial configuration devices are able to store more than one image.

<sup>(95)</sup> No PCIe hard IP, configuration via protocol (CvP) is not supported in this family.

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#### **Related Information**

Configuration Files on page 76

# **Remote System Upgrades**

#### Table 66. Remote System Upgrade Circuitry Timing Specifications for Cyclone V Devices

Parameter	Minimum	Unit
t <sub>RU_nCONFIG</sub> (98)	250	ns
t <sub>RU_nRSTIMER</sub> (99)	250	ns

#### **Related Information**

- Remote System Upgrade State Machine
   Provides more information about configuration reset (RU\_CONFIG) signal.
- User Watchdog Timer
   Provides more information about reset\_timer (RU\_nRSTIMER) signal.

# **User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specifications**

### Table 67. User Watchdog Internal Oscillator Frequency Specifications for Cyclone V Devices

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
User watchdog internal oscillator frequency	5.3	7.9	12.5	MHz

# I/O Timing

Intel offers two ways to determine I/O timing—the Excel-based I/O timing and the Intel Quartus Prime Timing Analyzer.

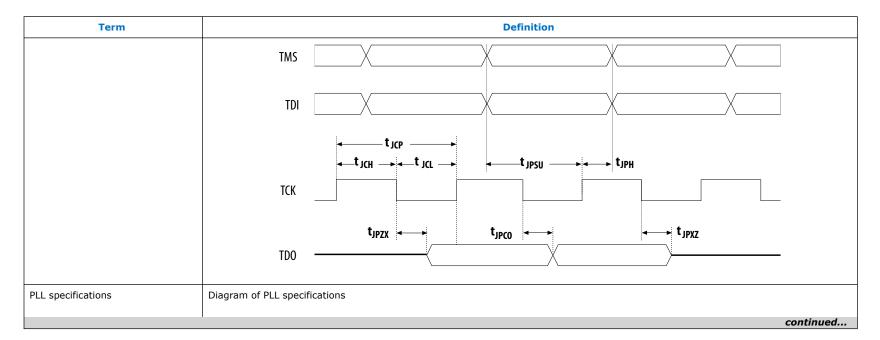
<sup>(98)</sup> This is equivalent to strobing the reconfiguration input of the Remote Update Intel FPGA IP core high for the minimum timing specification.

<sup>(99)</sup> This is equivalent to strobing the reset timer input of the Remote Update Intel FPGA IP core high for the minimum timing specification.

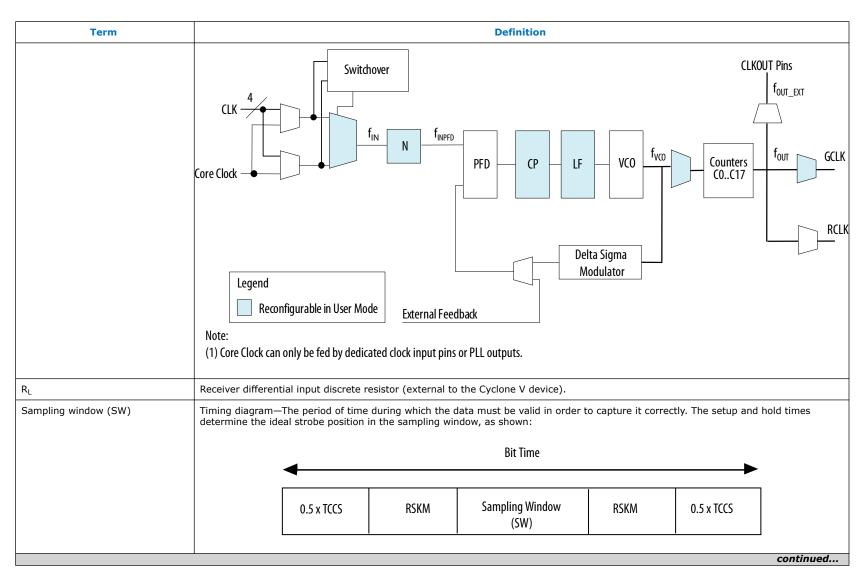


Term	Definition
	Single-Ended Waveform $V_{0D}$ Positive Channel (p) = $V_{0H}$ Negative Channel (n) = $V_{0L}$ Ground
	Differential Waveform
f <sub>HSCLK</sub>	Left/right PLL input clock frequency.
f <sub>HSDR</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Maximum/minimum LVDS data transfer rate (f <sub>HSDR</sub> =1/TUI).
J	High-speed I/O block—Deserialization factor (width of parallel data bus).
JTAG timing specifications	JTAG Timing Specifications
	continued











Term	Definition					
Single-ended voltage referenced I/O standard	levels at which the receiver must mee the receiver is unambiguously defined	et its timi I. After th d as long sence of		the voltage leve, the receiver	vels at which the final logic state or changes to the new logic state.	
					V <sub>CCI0</sub>	
		L				
	V <sub>0H</sub>				<b>V</b> <sub>IH</sub> (AC)	
			V.	<del>/</del>	/ <sub>IH(DC)</sub>	
			V <sub>REF</sub> /		V <sub>IL(DC)</sub>	
			\		<b>V</b> IL(AC)	
	$V_{0L}$		<b>\</b>			
					$\overline{V_{SS}}$	
t <sub>C</sub>	High-speed receiver/transmitter input	and out	put clock period.			
TCCS (channel-to-channel-skew)			slowest output edges, including the $t_{\text{CO}}$ vCCS measurement (refer to the Timing D			
t <sub>DUTY</sub>	High-speed I/O block—Duty cycle on high-speed transmitter output clock.					
t <sub>FALL</sub>	Signal high-to-low transition time (80–20%)					
t <sub>INCCJ</sub>	Cycle-to-cycle jitter tolerance on the	PLL clock	input			

### Cyclone V Device Datasheet



Date	Version	Changes
July 2014	3.9	Added a note in Table 3, Table 4, and Table 5: The power supply value describes the budget for the DC (static) power supply tolerance and does not include the dynamic tolerance requirements. Refer to the PDN tool for the additional budget for the dynamic tolerance requirements.
		Added a note in Table 19: Differential inputs are powered by V <sub>CCPD</sub> which requires 2.5 V.
		Updated "Minimum differential eye opening at the receiver serial input pins" specification in Table 20.
		Updated h2f_user2_clk specification for -C6, -C7, and -I7 speed grades in Table 34.
		Updated description in "HPS PLL Specifications" section.
		Updated VCO range maximum specification in Table 35.
		ullet Updated T <sub>d</sub> and T <sub>h</sub> specifications in Table 41.
		Added T <sub>h</sub> specification in Table 43 and Figure 10.
		Updated a note in Figure 17, Figure 18, and Figure 20 as follows: Do not leave DCLK floating after configuration. DCLK is ignored after configuration is complete. It can toggle high or low if required.
		Removed "Remote update only in AS mode" specification in Table 54.
		Added DCLK device initialization clock source specification in Table 56.
		• Added description in "Configuration Files" section: The IOCSR .rbf size is specifically for the Configuration via Protocol (CvP) feature.
		Added "Recommended EPCQ Serial Configuration Device" values in Table 57.
		Removed f <sub>MAX_RU_CLK</sub> specification in Table 59.
February 2014	3.8	Updated V <sub>CCRSTCLK HPS</sub> maximum specification in Table 1.
		Added V <sub>CC_AUX_SHARED</sub> specification in Table 1.
December 2013	3.7	• Updated Table 1, Table 3, Table 19, Table 20, Table 23, Table 25, Table 27, Table 34, Table 44, Table 51, Table 52, Table 55, and Table 61.
		• Removed Preliminary tags for Table 1, Table 2, Table 3, Table 4, Table 5, Table 6, Table 7, Table 9, Table 12, Table 13, Table 14, Table 15, Table 16, Table 17, Table 18, Table 19, Table 20, Table 24, Table 25, Table 26, Table 27, Table 28, Table 32, Table 33, Table 49, Table 50, Table 51, Table 52, Table 53, Table 54, Table 55, Table 57, Table 58, Table 59, Table 60, and Table 62.
November 2013	3.6	Updated Table 23, Table 30, and Table 31.
October 2013	3.5	Added "HPS PLL Specifications".
		Added Table 23, Table 35, and Table 36.
		• Updated Table 1, Table 5, Table 11, Table 19, Table 20, Table 21, Table 22, Table 25, Table 28, Table 34, Table 37, Table 38, Table 39, Table 40, Table 41, Table 42, Table 43, Table 44, Table 45, Table 46, Table 47, and Table 53.
		Updated Figure 1, Figure 2, Figure 4, Figure 10, Figure 12, Figure 13, and Figure 16.
		Removed table: GPIO Pulse Width for Cyclone V Devices.
		continued