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"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	dsPIC
Core Size	16-Bit
Speed	40 MIPS
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DCI, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	21
Program Memory Size	32KB (32K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	4K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	3V ~ 3.6V
Data Converters	A/D 10x10b/12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-VQFN Exposed Pad
Supplier Device Package	28-QFN-S (6x6)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/dspic33fj32gp302-i-mm

3.6 CPU Control Registers

REGISTER 3-1: SR: CPU STATUS REGISTER

R-0	R-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/C-0	R-0	R/W-0
OA	OB	SA ⁽¹⁾	SB ⁽¹⁾	OAB	SAB ⁽⁴⁾	DA	DC
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R/W-0 ⁽³⁾	R-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IPL<2:0> ⁽²⁾			RA	N	OV	Z	C
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

C = Clear only bit	R = Readable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
S = Set only bit	W = Writable bit	-n = Value at POR
'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **OA:** Accumulator A Overflow Status bit
 1 = Accumulator A overflowed
 0 = Accumulator A has not overflowed
- bit 14 **OB:** Accumulator B Overflow Status bit
 1 = Accumulator B overflowed
 0 = Accumulator B has not overflowed
- bit 13 **SA:** Accumulator A Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Accumulator A is saturated or has been saturated at some time
 0 = Accumulator A is not saturated
- bit 12 **SB:** Accumulator B Saturation 'Sticky' Status bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Accumulator B is saturated or has been saturated at some time
 0 = Accumulator B is not saturated
- bit 11 **OAB:** OA || OB Combined Accumulator Overflow Status bit
 1 = Accumulators A or B have overflowed
 0 = Neither Accumulators A or B have overflowed
- bit 10 **SAB:** SA || SB Combined Accumulator (Sticky) Status bit⁽⁴⁾
 1 = Accumulators A or B are saturated or have been saturated at some time in the past
 0 = Neither Accumulator A or B are saturated
- bit 9 **DA:** DO Loop Active bit
 1 = DO loop in progress
 0 = DO loop not in progress
- bit 8 **DC:** MCU ALU Half Carry/Borrow bit
 1 = A carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred
 0 = No carry-out from the 4th low-order bit (for byte-sized data) or 8th low-order bit (for word-sized data) of the result occurred

- Note 1:** This bit can be read or cleared (not set).
- 2:** The IPL<2:0> bits are concatenated with the IPL<3> bit (CORCON<3>) to form the CPU Interrupt Priority Level. The value in parentheses indicates the IPL if IPL<3> = 1. User interrupts are disabled when IPL<3> = 1.
- 3:** The IPL<2:0> Status bits are read only when the NSTDIS bit (INTCON1<15>) = 1.
- 4:** This bit can be read or cleared (not set). Clearing this bit clears SA and SB.

TABLE 4-26: REAL-TIME CLOCK AND CALENDAR REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets	
ALRMVAL	0620	Alarm Value Register Window based on APTR<1:0>																xxxx	
ALCFGRPT	0622	ALRMEN	CHIME	AMASK<3:0>				ALRMPTR<1:0>			ARPT<7:-0>						0000		
RTCVAL	0624	RTCC Value Register Window based on RTCPTR<1:0>																xxxx	
RCFGCAL	0626	RTCEN	—	RTCWREN	RTCSYNC	HALFSEC	RTCOE	RTCPTR<1:0>			CAL<7:0>						0000		
PADCFG1	02FC	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RTSECSSEL	PMPTTL	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-27: CRC REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CRCCON	0640	—	—	CSIDL	VWORD<4:0>				CRCFUL	CRCMPT	—	CRCGO	PLEN<3:0>					0000
CRCXOR	0642	X<15:0>																0000
CRCDAT	0644	CRC Data Input Register																0000
CRCWDAT	0646	CRC Result Register																0000

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-28: DUAL COMPARATOR REGISTER MAP

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
CMCON	0630	CMIDL	—	C2EVT	C1EVT	C2EN	C1EN	C2OUTEN	C1OUTEN	C2OUT	C1OUT	C2INV	C1INV	C2NEG	C2POS	C1NEG	C1POS	0000
CVRCON	0632	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	CVREN	CVROE	CVRR	CVRSS	CVR<3:0>			0000	

Legend: — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

TABLE 4-29: PORTA REGISTER MAP FOR dsPIC33FJ128GP202/802, dsPIC33FJ64GP202/802 AND dsPIC33FJ32GP302

File Name	Addr	Bit 15	Bit 14	Bit 13	Bit 12	Bit 11	Bit 10	Bit 9	Bit 8	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	All Resets
TRISA	02C0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	TRISA4	TRISA3	TRISA2	TRISA1	TRISA0	001F
PORTA	02C2	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	RA4	RA3	RA2	RA1	RA0	xxxx
LATA	02C4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	LATA4	LATA3	LATA2	LATA1	LATA0	xxxx
ODCA	02C6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	0000

Legend: x = unknown value on Reset, — = unimplemented, read as '0'. Reset values are shown in hexadecimal.

REGISTER 7-6: IFS1: INTERRUPT FLAG STATUS REGISTER 1

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
U2TXIF	U2RXIF	INT2IF	T5IF	T4IF	OC4IF	OC3IF	DMA2IF
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
IC8IF	IC7IF	—	INT1IF	CNIF	CMIF	MI2C1IF	SI2C1IF
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **U2TXIF:** UART2 Transmitter Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 14 **U2RXIF:** UART2 Receiver Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 13 **INT2IF:** External Interrupt 2 Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 12 **T5IF:** Timer5 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 11 **T4IF:** Timer4 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 10 **OC4IF:** Output Compare Channel 4 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 9 **OC3IF:** Output Compare Channel 3 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 8 **DMA2IF:** DMA Channel 2 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 7 **IC8IF:** Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 6 **IC7IF:** Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **INT1IF:** External Interrupt 1 Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred
- bit 3 **CNIF:** Input Change Notification Interrupt Flag Status bit
 1 = Interrupt request has occurred
 0 = Interrupt request has not occurred

REGISTER 7-12: IEC2: INTERRUPT ENABLE CONTROL REGISTER 2

U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	DMA4IE	PMPIE	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	DMA3IE	C1IE ⁽¹⁾	C1RXIE ⁽¹⁾	SPI2IE	SPI2EIE
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14 **DMA4IE:** DMA Channel 4 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 13 **PMPIE:** Parallel Master Port Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 12-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4 **DMA3IE:** DMA Channel 3 Data Transfer Complete Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request has enabled
- bit 3 **C1IE:** ECAN1 Event Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 2 **C1RXIE:** ECAN1 Receive Data Ready Interrupt Enable bit⁽¹⁾
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 1 **SPI2IE:** SPI2 Event Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled
- bit 0 **SPI2EIE:** SPI2 Error Interrupt Enable bit
1 = Interrupt request enabled
0 = Interrupt request not enabled

Note 1: Interrupts are disabled on devices without ECAN™ modules.

REGISTER 7-20: IPC5: INTERRUPT PRIORITY CONTROL REGISTER 5

U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	IC8IP<2:0>			—	IC7IP<2:0>		
bit 15				bit 8			

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	INT1IP<2:0>		
bit 7				bit 0			

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14-12 **IC8IP<2:0>:** Input Capture Channel 8 Interrupt Priority bits
 - 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 -
 -
 -
 - 001 = Interrupt is priority 1
 - 000 = Interrupt source is disabled
- bit 11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10-8 **IC7IP<2:0>:** Input Capture Channel 7 Interrupt Priority bits
 - 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 -
 -
 -
 - 001 = Interrupt is priority 1
 - 000 = Interrupt source is disabled
- bit 7-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2-0 **INT1IP<2:0>:** External Interrupt 1 Priority bits
 - 111 = Interrupt is priority 7 (highest priority interrupt)
 -
 -
 -
 - 001 = Interrupt is priority 1
 - 000 = Interrupt source is disabled

REGISTER 11-7: RPINR11: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT INPUT REGISTER 11

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1	R/W-1
—	—	—	OCFAR<4:0>				
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'

bit 4-0 **OCFAR<4:0>:** Assign Output Compare A (OCFA) to the corresponding RPN pin

11111 = Input tied to Vss

11001 = Input tied to RP25

•

•

•

00001 = Input tied to RP1

00000 = Input tied to RP0

REGISTER 11-17: RPOR0: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 0

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP1R<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP0R<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:							
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'					
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown				

- bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8 **RP1R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP1 Output Pin bits (see [Table 11-2](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0 **RP0R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP0 Output Pin bits (see [Table 11-2](#) for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 11-18: RPOR1: PERIPHERAL PIN SELECT OUTPUT REGISTER 1

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP3R<4:0>				
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	RP2R<4:0>				
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:							
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'					
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown				

- bit 15-13 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 12-8 **RP3R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP3 Output Pin bits (see [Table 11-2](#) for peripheral function numbers)
- bit 7-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 4-0 **RP2R<4:0>:** Peripheral Output Function is Assigned to RP2 Output Pin bits (see [Table 11-2](#) for peripheral function numbers)

REGISTER 17-1: I2CxCON: I2Cx CONTROL REGISTER (CONTINUED)

- bit 5 **ACKDT:** Acknowledge Data bit (when operating as I²C master, applicable during master receive)
Value that is transmitted when the software initiates an Acknowledge sequence.
1 = Send NACK during Acknowledge
0 = Send ACK during Acknowledge
- bit 4 **ACKEN:** Acknowledge Sequence Enable bit
(when operating as I²C master, applicable during master receive)
1 = Initiate Acknowledge sequence on SDAx and SCLx pins and transmit ACKDT data bit.
Hardware clear at end of master Acknowledge sequence
0 = Acknowledge sequence not in progress
- bit 3 **RCEN:** Receive Enable bit (when operating as I²C master)
1 = Enables Receive mode for I²C. Hardware clear at end of eighth bit of master receive data byte
0 = Receive sequence not in progress
- bit 2 **PEN:** Stop Condition Enable bit (when operating as I²C master)
1 = Initiate Stop condition on SDAx and SCLx pins. Hardware clear at end of master Stop sequence
0 = Stop condition not in progress
- bit 1 **RSEN:** Repeated Start Condition Enable bit (when operating as I²C master)
1 = Initiate Repeated Start condition on SDAx and SCLx pins. Hardware clear at end of
master Repeated Start sequence
0 = Repeated Start condition not in progress
- bit 0 **SEN:** Start Condition Enable bit (when operating as I²C master)
1 = Initiate Start condition on SDAx and SCLx pins. Hardware clear at end of master Start sequence
0 = Start condition not in progress

**REGISTER 19-16: C_iRXF_nSID: ECAN™ ACCEPTANCE FILTER STANDARD IDENTIFIER REGISTER
n (n = 0-15)**

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID10	SID9	SID8	SID7	SID6	SID5	SID4	SID3
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x
SID2	SID1	SID0	—	EXIDE	—	EID17	EID16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set
	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
	'0' = Bit is cleared
	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-5 **SID<10:0>**: Standard Identifier bits
 - 1 = Message address bit SID_x must be '1' to match filter
 - 0 = Message address bit SID_x must be '0' to match filter
- bit 4 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 3 **EXIDE**: Extended Identifier Enable bit
 - If MIDE = 1:
 - 1 = Match only messages with extended identifier addresses
 - 0 = Match only messages with standard identifier addresses
 - If MIDE = 0:
 - Ignore EXIDE bit.
- bit 2 **Unimplemented**: Read as '0'
- bit 1-0 **EID<17:16>**: Extended Identifier bits
 - 1 = Message address bit EID_x must be '1' to match filter
 - 0 = Message address bit EID_x must be '0' to match filter

**REGISTER 19-17: C_iRXF_nEID: ECAN™ ACCEPTANCE FILTER EXTENDED IDENTIFIER REGISTER
n (n = 0-15)**

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID15	EID14	EID13	EID12	EID11	EID10	EID9	EID8
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
EID7	EID6	EID5	EID4	EID3	EID2	EID1	EID0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **EID<15:0>**: Extended Identifier bits
 1 = Message address bit EID_x must be '1' to match filter
 0 = Message address bit EID_x must be '0' to match filter

REGISTER 19-18: C_iFMSKSEL1: ECAN™ FILTER 7-0 MASK SELECTION REGISTER

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F7MSK<1:0>		F6MSK<1:0>		F5MSK<1:0>		F4MSK<1:0>	
bit 15							bit 8

R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
F3MSK<1:0>		F2MSK<1:0>		F1MSK<1:0>		F0MSK<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-14 **F7MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 7 bit
 11 = No mask
 10 = Acceptance Mask 2 registers contain mask
 01 = Acceptance Mask 1 registers contain mask
 00 = Acceptance Mask 0 registers contain mask

bit 13-12 **F6MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 6 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 11-10 **F5MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 5 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 9-8 **F4MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 4 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 7-6 **F3MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 3 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 5-4 **F2MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 2 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 3-2 **F1MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 1 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

bit 1-0 **F0MSK<1:0>**: Mask Source for Filter 0 bit (same values as bit 15-14)

REGISTER 19-24: CIRXOVF1: ECAN™ RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 1

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF15	RXOVF14	RXOVF13	RXOVF12	RXOVF11	RXOVF10	RXOVF9	RXOVF8
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF7	RXOVF6	RXOVF5	RXOVF4	RXOVF3	RXOVF2	RXOVF1	RXOVF0
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXOVF<15:0>**: Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
 1 = Module attempted to write to a full buffer (set by module)
 0 = No overflow condition

REGISTER 19-25: CIRXOVF2: ECAN™ RECEIVE BUFFER OVERFLOW REGISTER 2

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF31	RXOVF30	RXOVF29	RXOVF28	RXOVF27	RXOVF26	RXOVF25	RXOVF24
bit 15							bit 8

R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0	R/C-0
RXOVF23	RXOVF22	RXOVF21	RXOVF20	RXOVF19	RXOVF18	RXOVF17	RXOVF16
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:	C = Writable bit, but only '0' can be written to clear the bit
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

bit 15-0 **RXOVF<31:16>**: Receive Buffer n Overflow bits
 1 = Module attempted to write to a full buffer (set by module)
 0 = No overflow condition

REGISTER 22-2: DAC1STAT: DAC STATUS REGISTER

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0
LOEN	—	LMVOEN	—	—	LITYPE	LFULL	LEMPY
bit 15						bit 8	

R/W-0	U-0	R/W-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R-0	R-0
ROEN	—	RMVOEN	—	—	RITYPE	RFULL	REMPY
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:			
R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'	
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared	x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **LOEN:** Left Channel DAC Output Enable bit
 1 = Positive and negative DAC outputs are enabled
 0 = DAC outputs are disabled
- bit 14 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 13 **LMVOEN:** Left Channel Midpoint DAC Output Voltage Enable bit
 1 = Midpoint DAC output is enabled
 0 = Midpoint output is disabled
- bit 12-11 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 10 **LITYPE:** Left Channel Type of Interrupt bit
 1 = Interrupt if FIFO is Empty
 0 = Interrupt if FIFO is not Full
- bit 9 **LFULL:** Status, Left Channel Data Input FIFO is Full bit
 1 = FIFO is Full
 0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 8 **LEMPY:** Status, Left Channel Data Input FIFO is Empty bit
 1 = FIFO is Empty
 0 = FIFO is not Empty
- bit 7 **ROEN:** Right Channel DAC Output Enable bit
 1 = Positive and negative DAC outputs are enabled
 0 = DAC outputs are disabled
- bit 6 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 5 **RMVOEN:** Right Channel Midpoint DAC Output Voltage Enable bit
 1 = Midpoint DAC output is enabled
 0 = Midpoint output is disabled
- bit 4-3 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 2 **RITYPE:** Right Channel Type of Interrupt bit
 1 = Interrupt if FIFO is Empty
 0 = Interrupt if FIFO is not Full
- bit 1 **RFULL:** Status, Right Channel Data Input FIFO is Full bit
 1 = FIFO is Full
 0 = FIFO is not full
- bit 0 **REMPY:** Status, Right Channel Data Input FIFO is Empty bit
 1 = FIFO is Empty
 0 = FIFO is not Empty

REGISTER 24-10: ALRMVAL (WHEN ALRMPTR<1:0> = 00): ALARM MINUTES AND SECONDS VALUE REGISTER

U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	MINTEN<2:0>			MINONE<3:0>			
bit 15							bit 8

U-0	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x	R/W-x
—	SECTEN<2:0>			SECCONE<3:0>			
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit	W = Writable bit	U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
-n = Value at POR	'1' = Bit is set	'0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 14-12 **MINTEN<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Minute's Tens Digit; contains a value from 0 to 5
- bit 11-8 **MINONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Minute's Ones Digit; contains a value from 0 to 9
- bit 7 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 6-4 **SECTEN<2:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Second's Tens Digit; contains a value from 0 to 5
- bit 3-0 **SECCONE<3:0>:** Binary Coded Decimal Value of Second's Ones Digit; contains a value from 0 to 9

26.0 PARALLEL MASTER PORT (PMP)

Note 1: This data sheet summarizes the features of the dsPIC33FJ32GP302/304, dsPIC33FJ64GPX02/X04, and dsPIC33FJ128GPX02/X04 families of devices. It is not intended to be a comprehensive reference source. To complement the information in this data sheet, refer to **Section 35. “Parallel Master Port (PMP)”** (DS70299) of the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”, which is available from the Microchip website (www.microchip.com).

2: Some registers and associated bits described in this section may not be available on all devices. Refer to **Section 4.0 “Memory Organization”** in this data sheet for device-specific register and bit information.

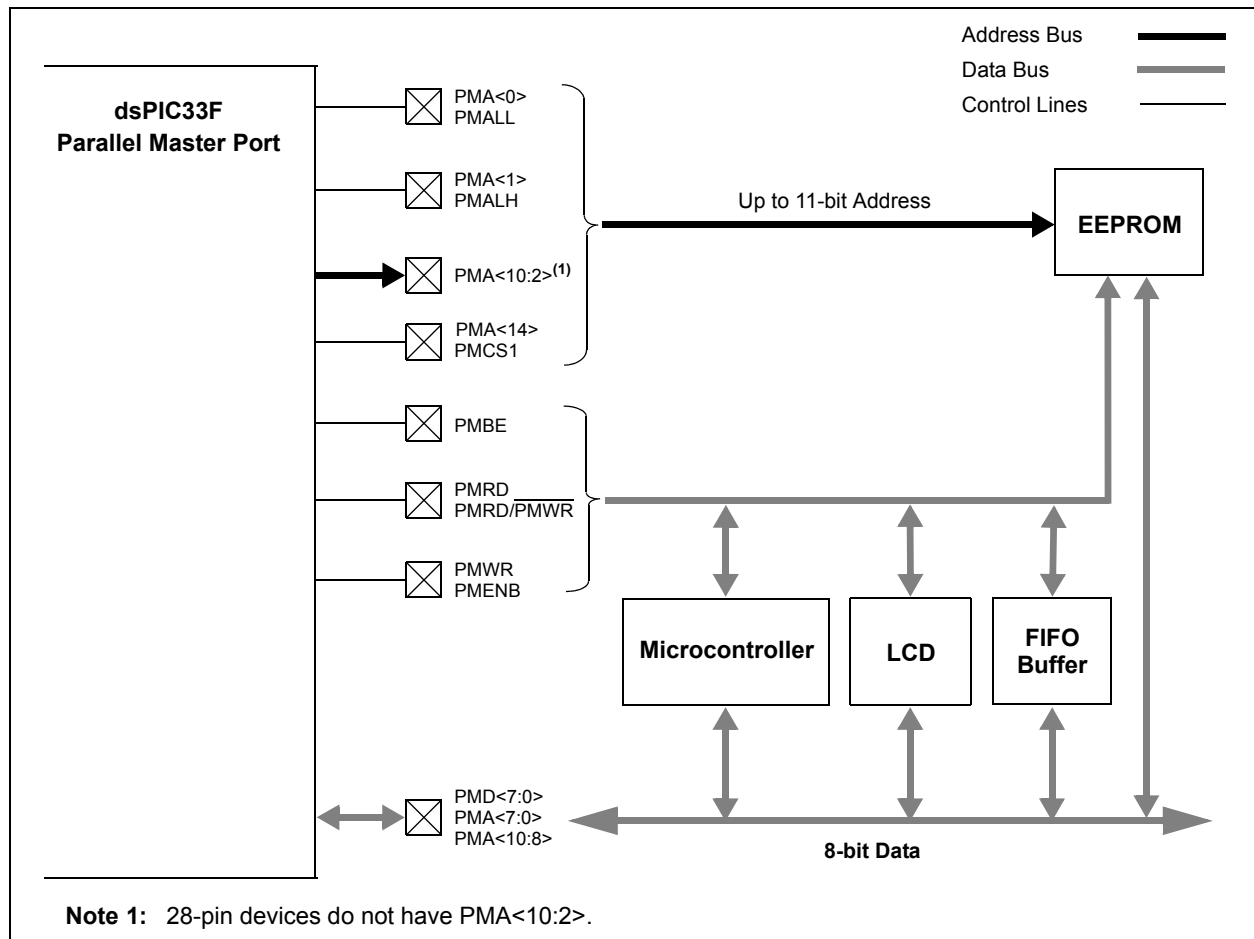
The Parallel Master Port (PMP) module is a parallel 8-bit I/O module, specifically designed to communicate with a wide variety of parallel devices, such as communication peripherals, LCDs, external memory

devices and microcontrollers. Because the interface to parallel peripherals varies significantly, the PMP is highly configurable.

Key features of the PMP module include:

- Fully multiplexed address/data mode
- Demultiplexed or partially multiplexed address/data mode:
 - Up to 11 address lines with single chip select
 - Up to 12 address lines without chip select
- One Chip Select Line
- Programmable Strobe Options
 - Individual Read and Write Strobes or;
 - Read/Write Strobe with Enable Strobe
- Address Auto-Increment/Auto-Decrement
- Programmable Address/Data Multiplexing
- Programmable Polarity on Control Signals
- Legacy Parallel Slave Port Support
- Enhanced Parallel Slave Support:
 - Address Support
 - 4-Byte Deep Auto-Incrementing Buffer
- Programmable Wait States
- Selectable Input Voltage Levels

FIGURE 26-1: PMP MODULE OVERVIEW



REGISTER 26-6: PADCFG1: PAD CONFIGURATION CONTROL REGISTER

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
bit 15						bit 8	

U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	U-0	R/W-0	R/W-0
—	—	—	—	—	—	RTSECSEL ⁽¹⁾	PMPTTL
bit 7						bit 0	

Legend:

R = Readable bit W = Writable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '0'
 -n = Value at POR '1' = Bit is set '0' = Bit is cleared x = Bit is unknown

- bit 15-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '0'
- bit 1 **RTSECSEL:** RTCC Seconds Clock Output Select bit⁽¹⁾
 - 1 = RTCC seconds clock is selected for the RTCC pin
 - 0 = RTCC alarm pulse is selected for the RTCC pin
- bit 0 **PMPTTL:** PMP Module TTL Input Buffer Select bit
 - 1 = PMP module uses TTL input buffers
 - 0 = PMP module uses Schmitt Trigger input buffers

Note 1: To enable the actual RTCC output, the RTCOE bit (RCFGCAL<10>) needs to be set.

FIGURE 30-11: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

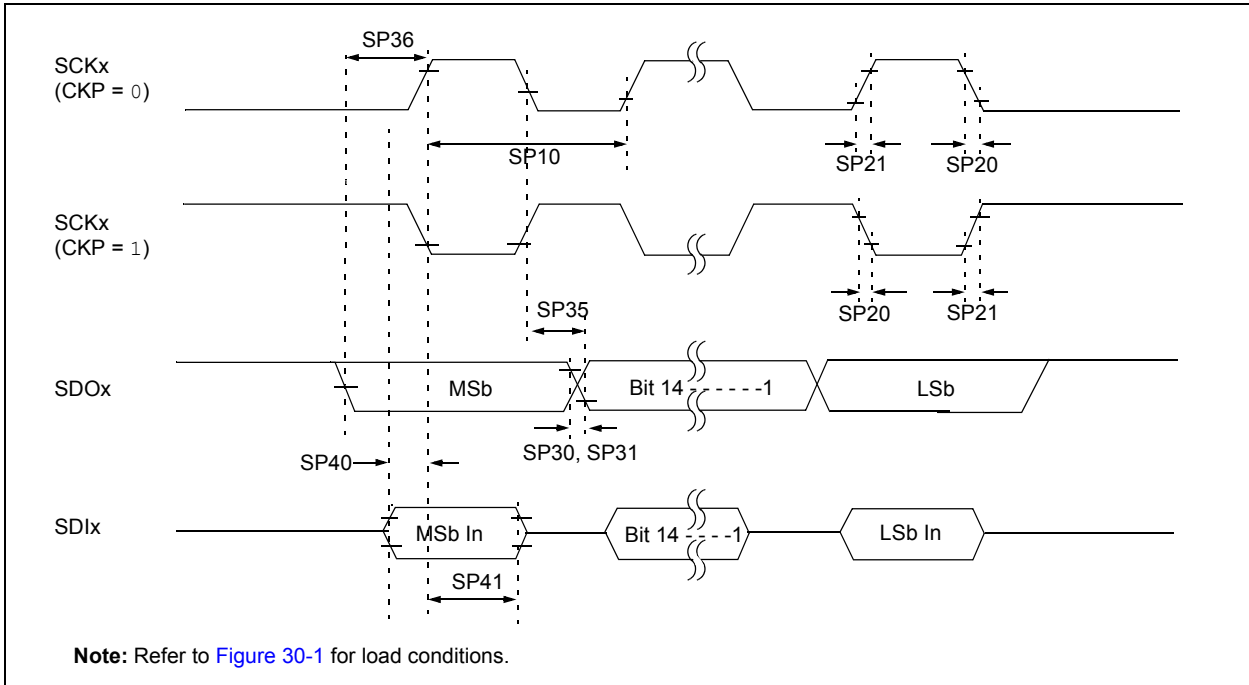


TABLE 30-30: SPIx MASTER MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = x, SMP = 1) TIMING REQUIREMENTS

AC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤TA ≤+85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤TA ≤+125°C for Extended				
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic ⁽¹⁾	Min	Typ ⁽²⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
SP10	TscP	Maximum SCK Frequency	—	—	9	MHz	See Note 3
SP20	TscF	SCKx Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP21	TscR	SCKx Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP30	TdoF	SDOx Data Output Fall Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO32 and Note 4
SP31	TdoR	SDOx Data Output Rise Time	—	—	—	ns	See parameter DO31 and Note 4
SP35	Tsch2doV, TscL2doV	SDOx Data Output Valid after SCKx Edge	—	6	20	ns	—
SP36	TdoV2sc, TdoV2scL	SDOx Data Output Setup to First SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP40	TdiV2sch, TdiV2scL	Setup Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—
SP41	Tsch2diL, TscL2diL	Hold Time of SDIx Data Input to SCKx Edge	30	—	—	ns	—

- Note 1:** These parameters are characterized, but are not tested in manufacturing.
Note 2: Data in “Typ” column is at 3.3V, 25°C unless otherwise stated.
Note 3: The minimum clock period for SCKx is 111 ns. The clock generated in Master mode must not violate this specification.
Note 4: Assumes 50 pF load on all SPIx pins.

FIGURE 30-13: SPIx SLAVE MODE (FULL-DUPLEX, CKE = 1, CKP = 0, SMP = 0) TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

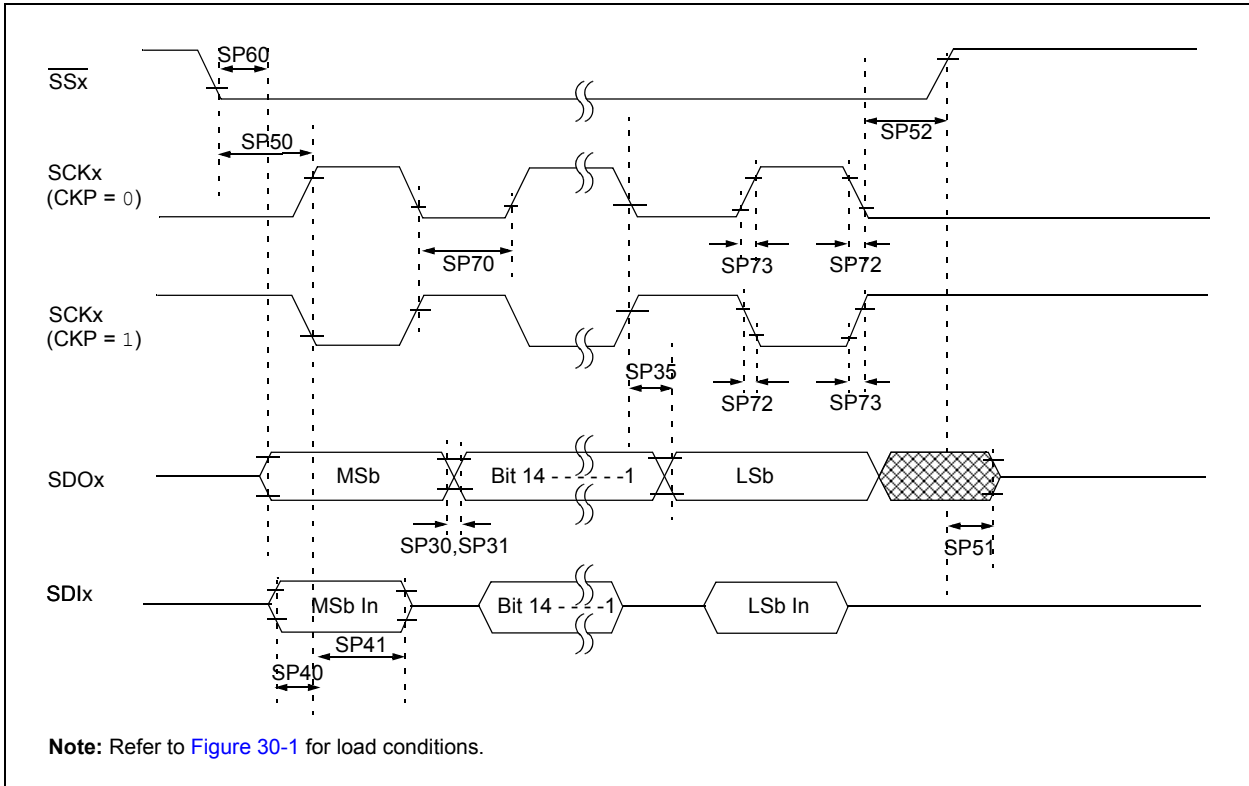


TABLE 30-36: I2Cx BUS DATA TIMING REQUIREMENTS (MASTER MODE)

AC CHARACTERISTICS				Standard Operating Conditions: 3.0V to 3.6V (unless otherwise stated) Operating temperature -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +85°C for Industrial -40°C ≤ TA ≤ +125°C for Extended			
Param No.	Symbol	Characteristic		Min ⁽¹⁾	Max	Units	Conditions
IM10	TLO:SCL	Clock Low Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
IM11	THI:SCL	Clock High Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
IM20	TF:SCL	SDAx and SCLx Fall Time	100 kHz mode	—	300	ns	CB is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 CB	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	100	ns	
IM21	TR:SCL	SDAx and SCLx Rise Time	100 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	CB is specified to be from 10 to 400 pF
			400 kHz mode	20 + 0.1 CB	300	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	300	ns	
IM25	TSU:DAT	Data Input Setup Time	100 kHz mode	250	—	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	100	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	40	—	ns	
IM26	THD:DAT	Data Input Hold Time	100 kHz mode	0	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	0	0.9	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0.2	—	μs	
IM30	TSU:STA	Start Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	Only relevant for Repeated Start condition
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
IM31	THD:STA	Start Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	After this period the first clock pulse is generated
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
IM33	TSU:STO	Stop Condition Setup Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	—
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	μs	
IM34	THD:STO	Stop Condition Hold Time	100 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	T _{cy} /2 (BRG + 1)	—	ns	
IM40	TAA:SCL	Output Valid From Clock	100 kHz mode	—	3500	ns	—
			400 kHz mode	—	1000	ns	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	—	400	ns	
IM45	TBF:SDA	Bus Free Time	100 kHz mode	4.7	—	μs	Time the bus must be free before a new transmission can start
			400 kHz mode	1.3	—	μs	
			1 MHz mode ⁽²⁾	0.5	—	μs	
IM50	CB	Bus Capacitive Loading		—	400	pF	—
IM51	TPGD	Pulse Gobbler Delay		65	390	ns	See Note 3

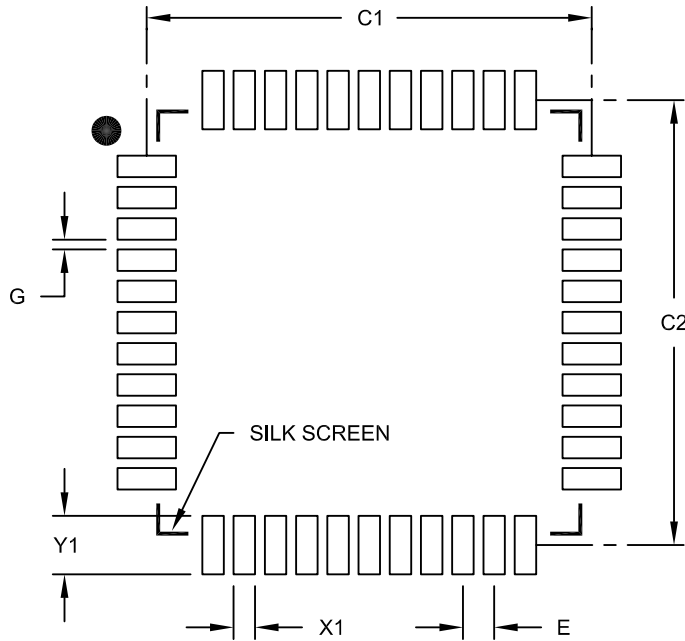
Note 1: BRG is the value of the I²C Baud Rate Generator. Refer to **Section 19. “Inter-Integrated Circuit™ (I²C™)”** (DS70195) in the “dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual”. Please see the Microchip website (www.microchip.com) for the latest dsPIC33F/PIC24H Family Reference Manual chapters.

2: Maximum pin capacitance = 10 pF for all I2Cx pins (for 1 MHz mode only).

3: Typical value for this parameter is 130 ns.

44-Lead Plastic Thin Quad Flatpack (PT) 10X10X1 mm Body, 2.00 mm Footprint [TQFP]

Note: For the most current package drawings, please see the Microchip Packaging Specification located at <http://www.microchip.com/packageing>



RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN

Dimension Limits	Units	MILLIMETERS		
		MIN	NOM	MAX
Contact Pitch	E	0.80 BSC		
Contact Pad Spacing	C1		11.40	
Contact Pad Spacing	C2		11.40	
Contact Pad Width (X44)	X1			0.55
Contact Pad Length (X44)	Y1			1.50
Distance Between Pads	G	0.25		

Notes:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M

BSC: Basic Dimension. Theoretically exact value shown without tolerances.

Microchip Technology Drawing No. C04-2076B

Revision D (November 2009)

The revision includes the following global update:

- Added Note 2 to the shaded table that appears at the beginning of each chapter. This new note provides information regarding the availability of registers and their associated bits

This revision also includes minor typographical and formatting changes throughout the data sheet text.

All other major changes are referenced by their respective section in the following table.

TABLE A-3: MAJOR SECTION UPDATES

Section Name	Update Description
“High-Performance, 16-bit Digital Signal Controllers”	Added information on high temperature operation (see “Operating Range:”).
Section 11.0 “I/O Ports”	Changed the reference to digital-only pins to 5V tolerant pins in the second paragraph of Section 11.2 “Open-Drain Configuration” .
Section 18.0 “Universal Asynchronous Receiver Transmitter (UART)”	Updated the two baud rate range features to: 10 Mbps to 38 bps at 40 MIPS.
Section 21.0 “10-bit/12-bit Analog-to-Digital Converter (ADC)”	Updated the ADC block diagrams (see Figure 21-1 and Figure 21-2).
Section 22.0 “Audio Digital-to-Analog Converter (DAC)”	Removed last sentence of the first paragraph in the section. Added a shaded note to Section 22.2 “DAC Module Operation” . Updated Figure 22-2: “Audio DAC Output for Ramp Input (Unsigned)”.
Section 27.0 “Special Features”	Updated the second paragraph and removed the fourth paragraph in Section 27.1 “Configuration Bits” . Updated the Device Configuration Register Map (see Table 27-1).
Section 30.0 “Electrical Characteristics”	Updated the Absolute Maximum Ratings for high temperature and added Note 4. Removed parameters DI26, DI28, and DI29 from the I/O Pin Input Specifications (see Table 30-9). Updated the SPIx Module Slave Mode (CKE = 1) Timing Characteristics (see Figure 30-12). Removed Table 30-43: Audio DAC Module Specifications. Original contents were updated and combined with Table 30-42 of the same name.
Section 31.0 “High Temperature Electrical Characteristics”	Added new chapter with high temperature specifications.
“Product Identification System”	Added the “H” definition for high temperature.