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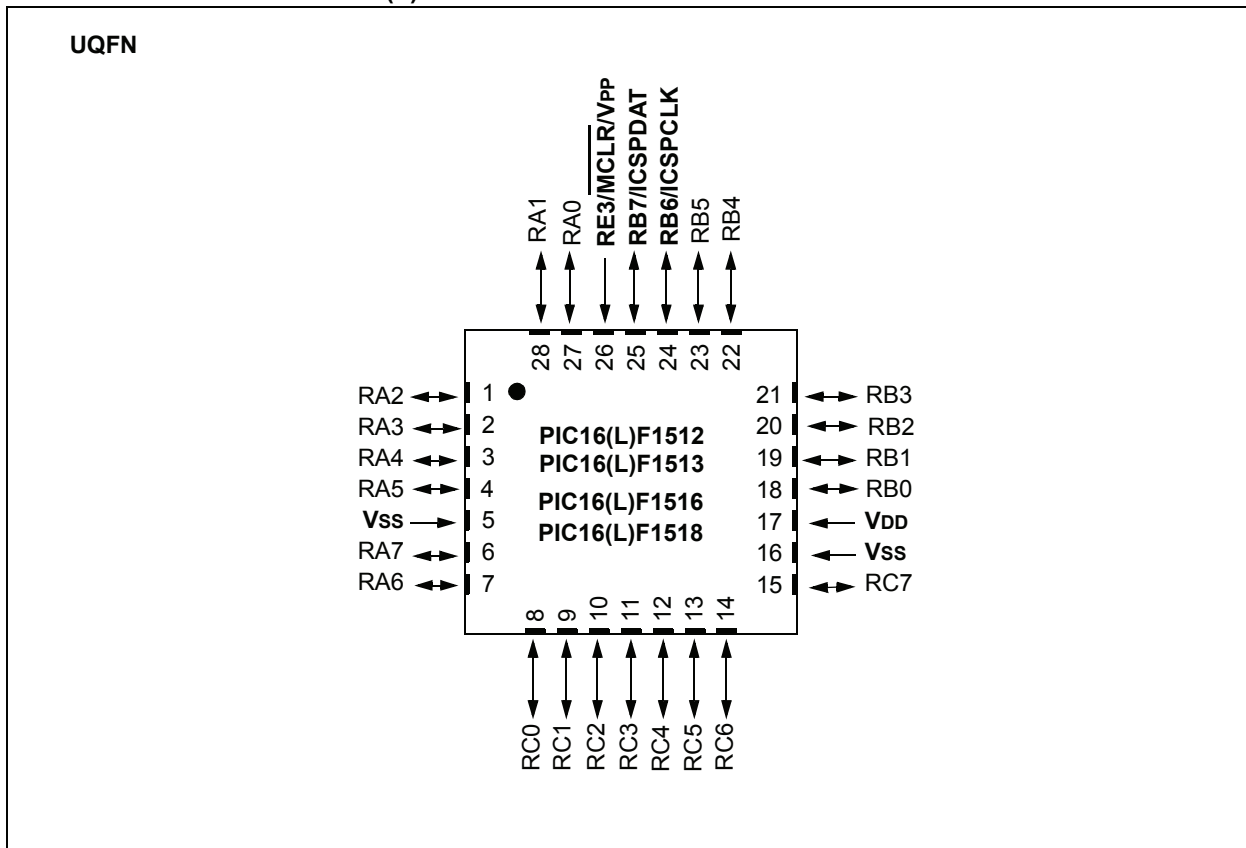
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Details

Product Status	Active
Core Processor	PIC
Core Size	8-Bit
Speed	20MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, LINbus, SPI, UART/USART
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	25
Program Memory Size	28KB (16K x 14)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	1K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	2.3V ~ 5.5V
Data Converters	A/D 17x10b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	28-SOIC (0.295", 7.50mm Width)
Supplier Device Package	28-SOIC
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/microchip-technology/pic16f1518-i-so

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

FIGURE 2-2: 28-PIN UQFN DIAGRAM FOR PIC16(L)F1512, PIC16(L)F1513, PIC16(L)F1516 AND PIC16(L)F1518



PIC16(L)F151X/152X

FIGURE 2-3: 40-PIN PDIP DIAGRAM FOR PIC16(L)F1517 AND PIC16(L)F1519

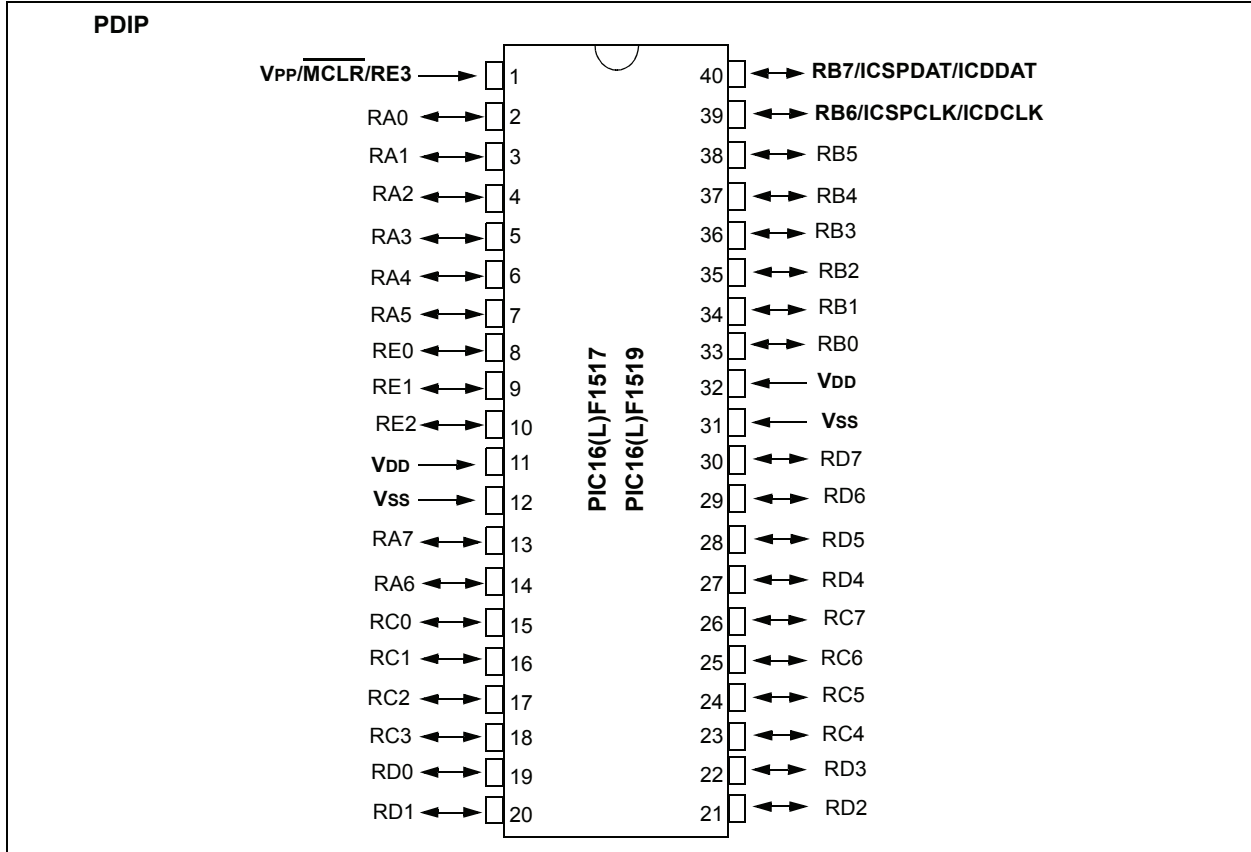
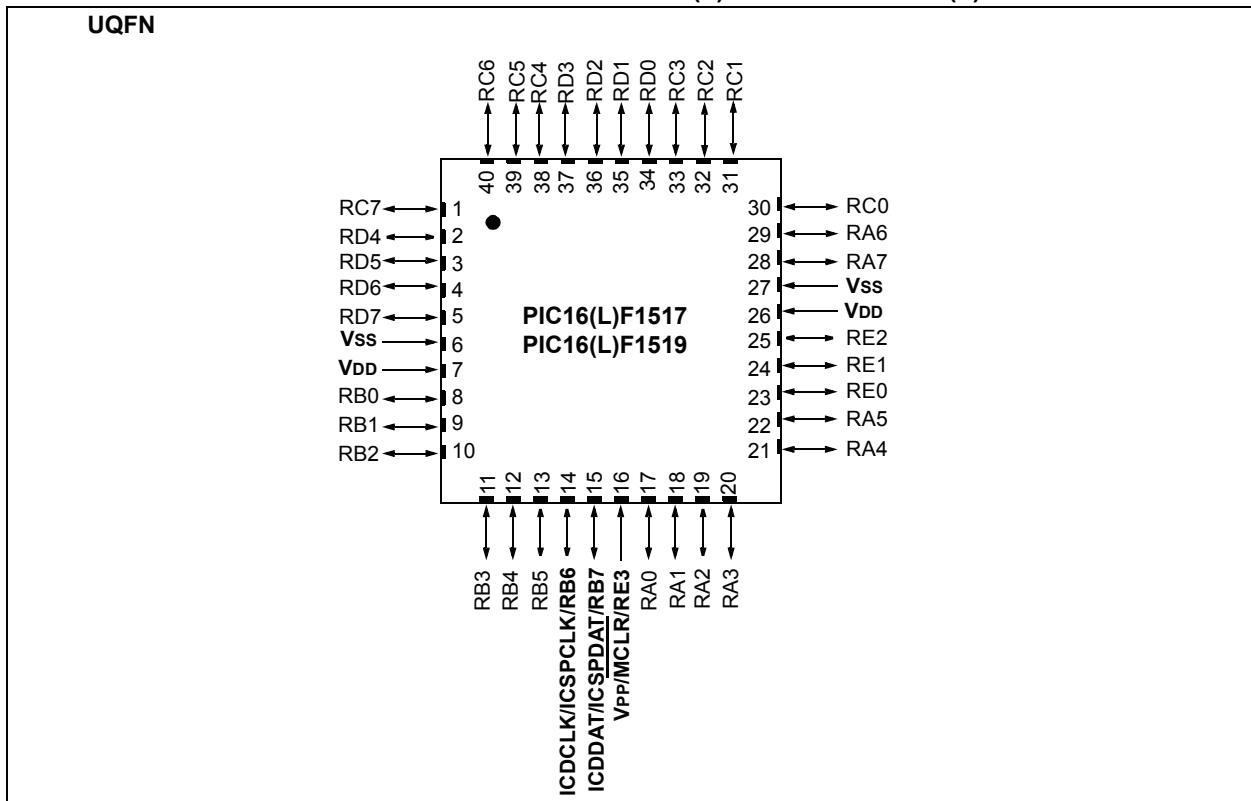
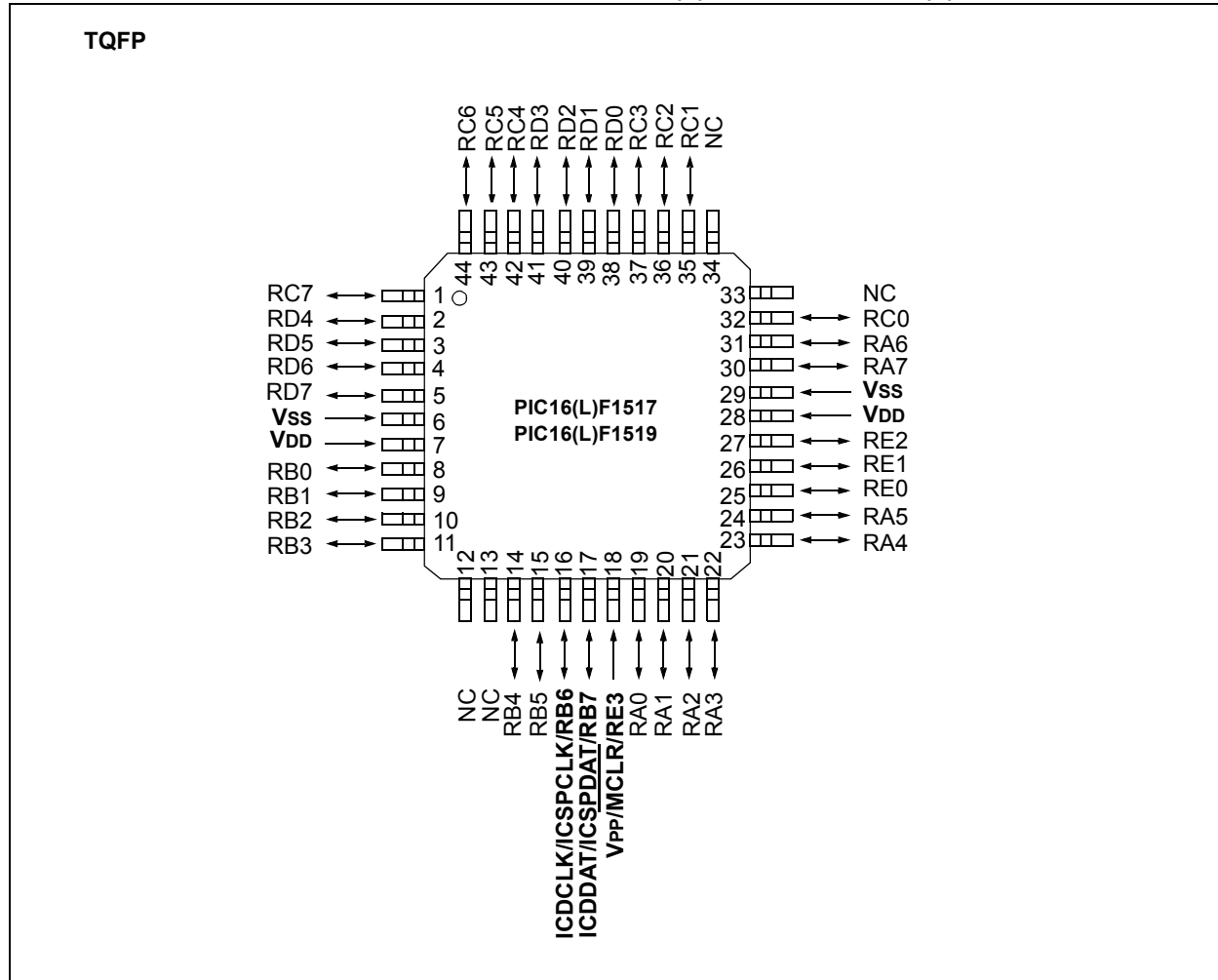


FIGURE 2-4: 40-PIN UQFN DIAGRAM FOR PIC16(L)F1517 AND PIC16(L)F1519



PIC16(L)F151X/152X

FIGURE 2-5: 44-PIN TQFP DIAGRAM FOR PIC16(L)F1517 AND PIC16(L)F1519



PIC16(L)F151X/152X

3.0 MEMORY MAP

The memory for the PIC16(L)F151X/152X devices is broken into two sections: program memory and configuration memory. Only the size of the program memory changes between devices, the configuration memory remains the same.

FIGURE 3-1: PIC16(L)F1512 PROGRAM MEMORY MAPPING

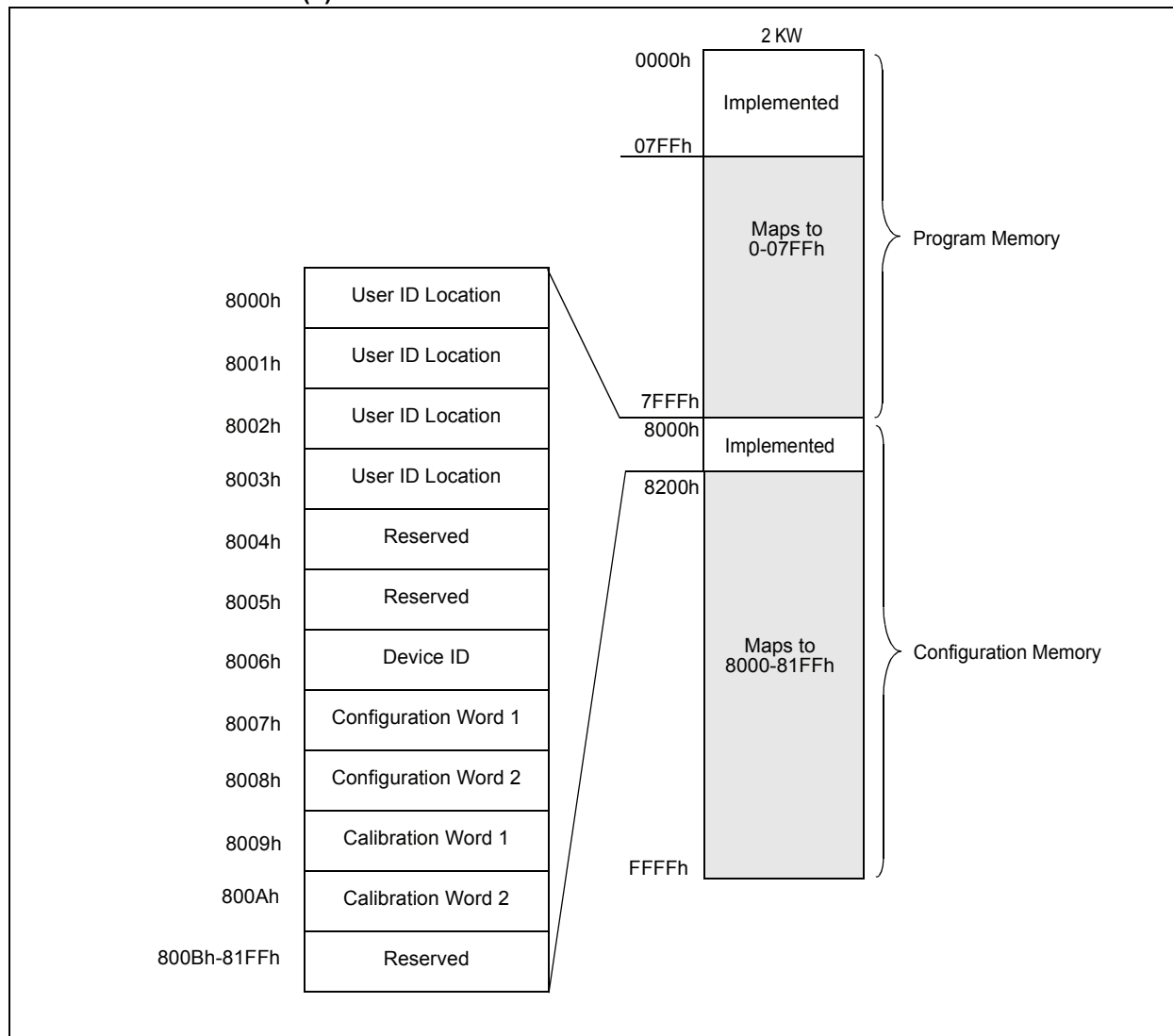


FIGURE 3-4: PIC16(L)F1527, PIC16(L)F1518 AND PIC16(L)F1519 PROGRAM MEMORY MAPPING

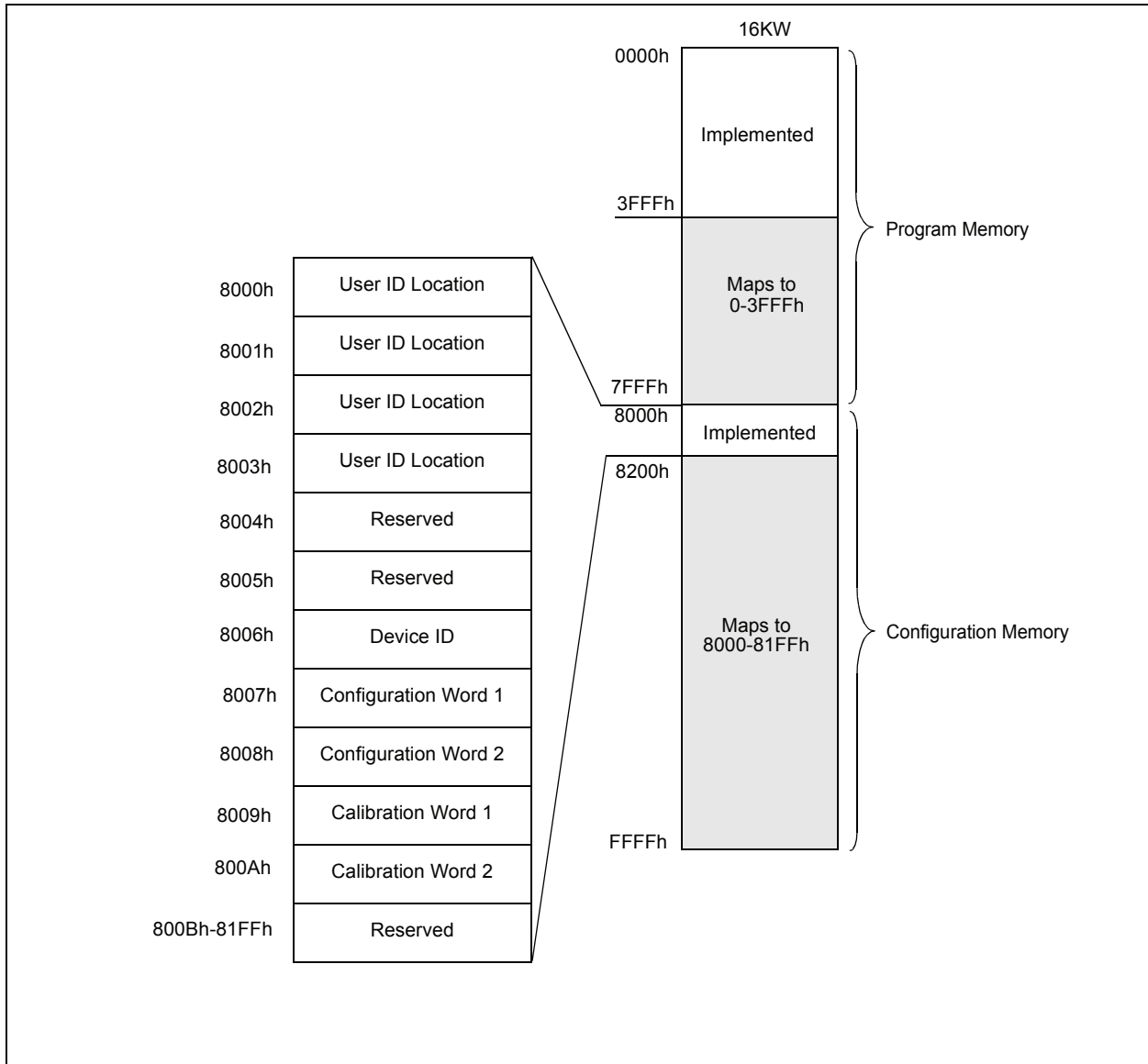


TABLE 3-1: DEVICE ID VALUES

DEVICE	DEVICE ID VALUES	
	DEV	REV
PIC16F1527	0001 0101 101	x xxxxx
PIC16F1526	0001 0101 100	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1527	0001 0101 111	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1526	0001 0101 110	x xxxxx
PIC16F1519	0001 0110 111	x xxxxx
PIC16F1518	0001 0110 110	x xxxxx
PIC16F1517	0001 0110 101	x xxxxx
PIC16F1516	0001 0110 100	x xxxxx
PIC16F1513	0001 0110 010	x xxxxx
PIC16F1512	0001 0111 000	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1519	0001 0111 111	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1518	0001 0111 110	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1517	0001 0111 101	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1516	0001 0111 100	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1513	0001 0111 010	x xxxxx
PIC16LF1512	0001 0111 001	x xxxxx

3.3 Configuration Words

There are two Configuration Words, Configuration Word 1 (8007h) and Configuration Word 2 (8008h). The individual bits within these Configuration Words are used to enable or disable device functions such as the Brown-out Reset, code protection and Power-up Timer.

3.4 Calibration Words

The internal calibration values are factory calibrated and stored in Calibration Words 1 and 2 (8009h, 800Ah).

The Calibration Words do not participate in erase operations. The device can be erased without affecting the Calibration Words.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

REGISTER 3-2: CONFIGURATION WORD 1

R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	U-1
FCMEN	IESO	CLKOUTEN	BOREN<1:0>		—
bit 13					bit 8

R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1
CP	MCLRE	PWRTE	WDTE<1:0>		FOSC<2:0>		
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit P = Programmable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '1'
 '0' = Bit is cleared '1' = Bit is set -n = Value when blank or after Bulk Erase

- bit 13 **FCMEN:** Fail-Safe Clock Monitor Enable bit
 1 = Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is enabled
 0 = Fail-Safe Clock Monitor is disabled
- bit 12 **IESO:** Internal External Switchover bit
 1 = Internal/External Switchover mode is enabled
 0 = Internal/External Switchover mode is disabled
- bit 11 **CLKOUTEN:** Clock Out Enable bit
 1 = CLKOUT function is disabled. I/O or oscillator function on CLKOUT pin.
 0 = CLKOUT function is enabled on CLKOUT pin
- bit 10-9 **BOREN<1:0>:** Brown-out Reset Enable bits⁽¹⁾
 11 = BOR enabled
 10 = BOR enabled during operation and disabled in Sleep
 01 = BOR controlled by SBOREN bit of the PCON register
 00 = BOR disabled
- bit 8 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 7 **CP:** Code Protection bit⁽²⁾
 1 = Program memory code protection is disabled
 0 = Program memory code protection is enabled
- bit 6 **MCLRE:** $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ /VPP Pin Function Select bit
 If LVP bit = 1:
 This bit is ignored.
 If LVP bit = 0:
 1 = $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ /VPP pin function is $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$; Weak pull-up enabled.
 0 = $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ /VPP pin function is digital input; $\overline{\text{MCLR}}$ internally disabled; Weak pull-up under control of WPUA register.
- bit 5 **PWRTE:** Power-up Timer Enable bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = PWRT disabled
 0 = PWRT enabled
- bit 4-3 **WDTE<1:0>:** Watchdog Timer Enable bit
 11 = WDT enabled
 10 = WDT enabled while running and disabled in Sleep
 01 = WDT controlled by the SWDTEN bit in the WDTCON register
 00 = WDT disabled
- bit 2-0 **FOSC<2:0>:** Oscillator Selection bits
 111 = ECH: External Clock, High-Power mode: on CLKIN pin
 110 = ECM: External Clock, Medium-Power mode: on CLKIN pin
 101 = ECL: External Clock, Low-Power mode: on CLKIN pin
 100 = INTOSC oscillator: I/O function on OSC1 pin
 011 = EXTRC oscillator: RC function on OSC1 pin
 010 = HS oscillator: High-speed crystal/resonator on OSC2 pin and OSC1 pin
 001 = XT oscillator: Crystal/resonator on OSC2 pin and OSC1 pin
 000 = LP oscillator: Low-power crystal on OSC2 pin and OSC1 pin

- Note 1:** Enabling Brown-out Reset does not automatically enable Power-up Timer.
Note 2: The entire program memory will be erased when the code protection is turned off.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

REGISTER 3-3: CONFIGURATION WORD 2

R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	R/P-1	U-1
LVP	DEBUG	LPBOR	BORV	STVREN	—
bit 13					bit 8

U-1	U-1	U-1	R/P-1	U-1	U-1	R/P-1	R/P-1
—	—	—	VCAPEN ⁽²⁾	—	—	WRT<1:0>	
bit 7							bit 0

Legend:

R = Readable bit P = Programmable bit U = Unimplemented bit, read as '1'
 '0' = Bit is cleared '1' = Bit is set -n = Value when blank or after Bulk Erase

- bit 13 **LVP:** Low-Voltage Programming Enable bit⁽¹⁾
 1 = Low-voltage programming enabled
 0 = HV on MCLR/VPP must be used for programming
- bit 12 **DEBUG:** In-Circuit Debugger Mode bit
 1 = In-Circuit Debugger disabled, ICSPCLK and ICSPDAT are general purpose I/O pins
 0 = In-Circuit Debugger enabled, ICSPCLK and ICSPDAT are dedicated to the debugger
- bit 11 **LPBOR:** Low-Power BOR
 1 = Low-Power BOR is disabled
 0 = Low-Power BOR is enabled
- bit 10 **BORV:** Brown-out Reset Voltage Selection bit
 1 = Brown-out Reset voltage (VBOR), low trip point selected
 0 = Brown-out Reset voltage (VBOR), high trip point selected
- bit 9 **STVREN:** Stack Overflow/Underflow Reset Enable bit
 1 = Stack Overflow or Underflow will cause a Reset
 0 = Stack Overflow or Underflow will not cause a Reset
- bit 8-5 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 4 **VCAPEN:** Voltage Regulator Capacitor Enable bits⁽¹⁾
 0 = VCAP functionality is enabled on VCAP pin
 1 = All VCAP pin functions are disabled
- bit 3-2 **Unimplemented:** Read as '1'
- bit 1-0 **WRT<1:0>:** Flash Memory Self-Write Protection bits
2 kW Flash memory (PIC16(L)F1512):
 11 = Write protection off
 10 = 000h to 1FFh write-protected, 200h to 7FFh may be modified by PMCON control
 01 = 000h to FFFh write-protected, 400h to 7FFh may be modified by PMCON control
 00 = 000h to 7FFh write-protected, no addresses may be modified by PMCON control
4 kW Flash memory (PIC16(L)F1513):
 11 = Write protection off
 10 = 000h to 1FFh write-protected, 200h to FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 01 = 000h to 7FFh write-protected, 800h to FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 00 = 000h to FFFh write-protected, no addresses may be modified by PMCON control
8 kW Flash memory (PIC16F/LF1516/1517/1526):
 11 = Write protection off
 10 = 000h to 1FFh write-protected, 200h to 1FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 01 = 000h to FFFh write-protected, 1000h to 1FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 00 = 000h to 1FFFh write-protected, no addresses may be modified by PMCON control
16 kW Flash memory (PIC16F/LF1518/1519/1527):
 11 = Write protection off
 10 = 000h to 1FFh write-protected, 200h to 3FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 01 = 000h to 1FFFh write-protected, 2000h to 3FFFh may be modified by PMCON control
 00 = 000h to 3FFFh write-protected, no addresses may be modified by PMCON control

- Note 1:** The LVP bit cannot be programmed to '0' when Programming mode is entered via LVP.
Note 2: Applies to PIC16F151X/152X devices only. On PIC16LF151X/152X, the VCAPEN bit is unimplemented.

4.3 Program/Verify Commands

The PIC16(L)F151X/152X implements 10 programming commands; each six bits in length. The commands are summarized in Table 4-1.

Commands that have data associated with them are specified to have a minimum delay of TDLY between the command and the data. After this delay 16 clocks are required to either clock in or clock out the 14-bit data word. The first clock is for the Start bit and the last clock is for the Stop bit.

TABLE 4-1: COMMAND MAPPING

Command	Mapping		Data/Note
	Binary (MSb ... LSb)	Hex	
Load Configuration	x 0 0 0 0 0	00h	0, data (14), 0
Load Data For Program Memory	x 0 0 0 1 0	02h	0, data (14), 0
Read Data From Program Memory	x 0 0 1 0 0	04h	0, data (14), 0
Increment Address	x 0 0 1 1 0	06h	—
Reset Address	x 1 0 1 1 0	16h	—
Begin Internally Timed Programming	x 0 1 0 0 0	08h	—
Begin Externally Timed Programming	x 1 1 0 0 0	18h	—
End Externally Timed Programming	x 0 1 0 1 0	0Ah	—
Bulk Erase Program Memory	x 0 1 0 0 1	09h	Internally Timed
Row Erase Program Memory	x 1 0 0 0 1	11h	Internally Timed

4.3.1 LOAD CONFIGURATION

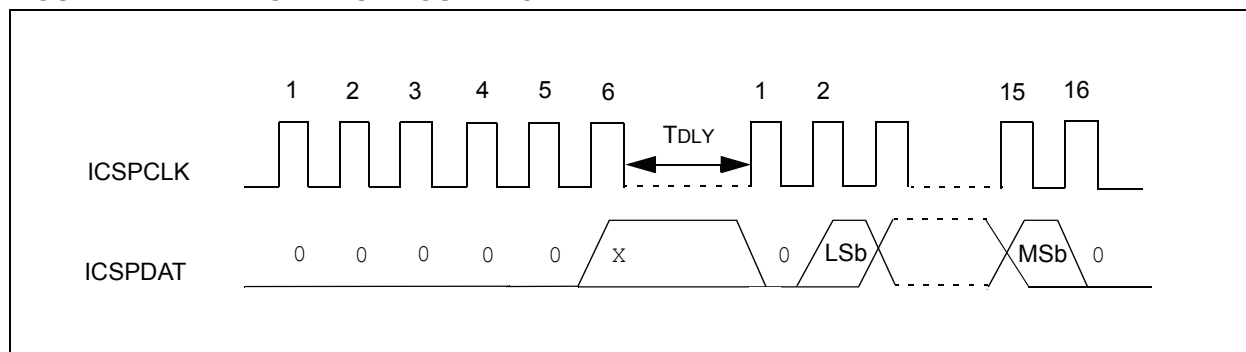
The Load Configuration command is used to access the configuration memory (User ID Locations, Configuration Words, Calibration Words). The Load Configuration command sets the address to 8000h and loads the data latches with one word of data (see Figure 4-1).

After issuing the Load Configuration command, use the Increment Address command until the proper address to be programmed is reached. The address is then programmed by issuing either the Begin Internally Timed Programming or Begin Externally Timed Programming command.

Note: Externally timed writes are not supported for Configuration and Calibration bits. Any externally timed write to the Configuration or Calibration Word will have no effect on the targeted word.

The only way to get back to the program memory (address 0) is to exit Program/Verify mode or issue the Reset Address command after the configuration memory has been accessed by the Load Configuration command.

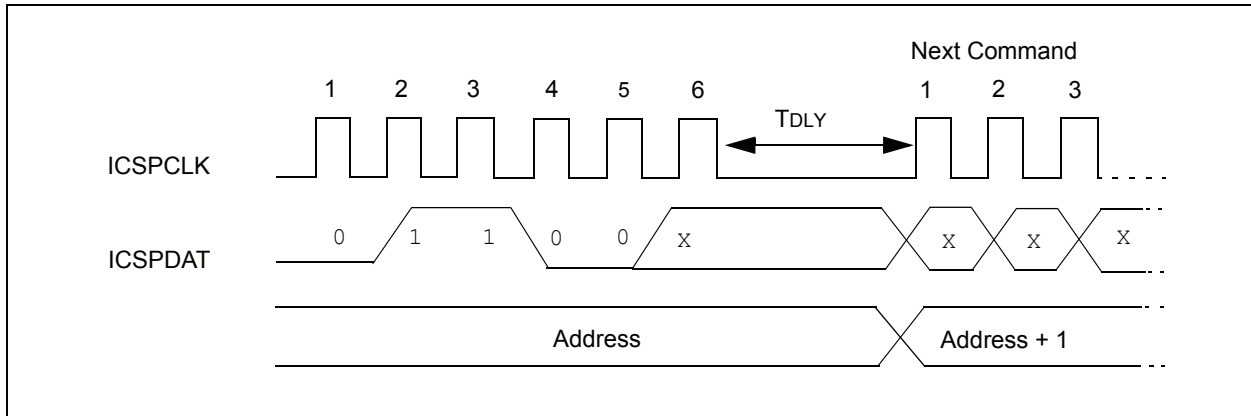
FIGURE 4-1: LOAD CONFIGURATION



4.3.4 INCREMENT ADDRESS

The address is incremented when this command is received. It is not possible to decrement the address. To reset this counter, the user must use the Reset Address command or exit Program/Verify mode and re-enter it. If the address is incremented from address 7FFFh, it will wrap-around to location 0000h. If the address is incremented from FFFFh, it will wrap-around to location 8000h.

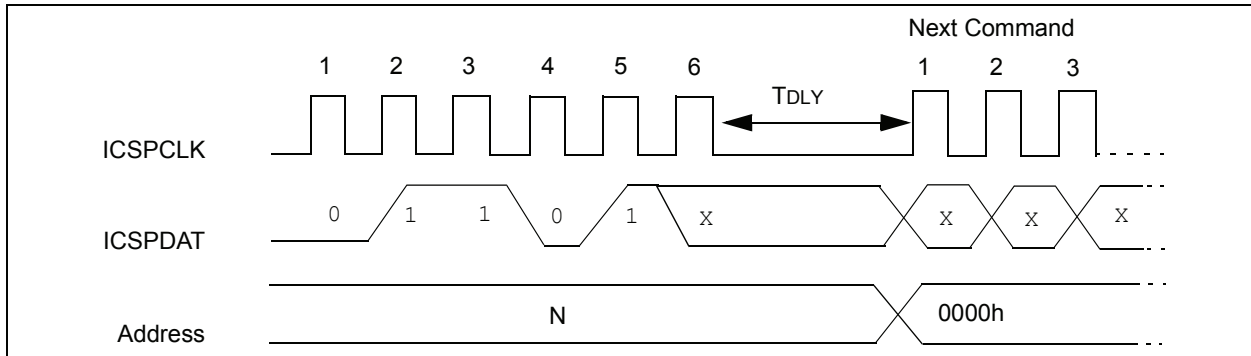
FIGURE 4-4: INCREMENT ADDRESS



4.3.5 RESET ADDRESS

The Reset Address command will reset the address to 0000h, regardless of the current value. The address is used in program memory or the configuration memory.

FIGURE 4-5: RESET ADDRESS

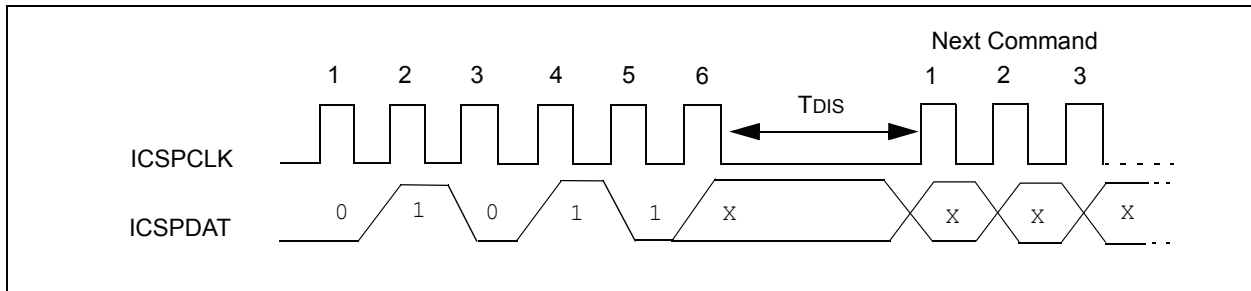


4.3.8 END EXTERNALLY TIMED PROGRAMMING

This command is required after a Begin Externally Timed Programming command is given. This command must be sent within the time window specified by TPEXT after the Begin Externally Timed Programming command is sent.

After sending the End Externally Timed Programming command, an additional delay (TDIS) is required before sending the next command. This delay is longer than the delay ordinarily required between other commands (see Figure 4-8).

FIGURE 4-8: END EXTERNALLY TIMED PROGRAMMING



4.3.9 BULK ERASE PROGRAM MEMORY

The Bulk Erase Program Memory command performs two different functions dependent on the current state of the address.

Address 0000h-7FFFh:

- Program Memory is erased
- Configuration Words are erased

Address 8000h-8008h:

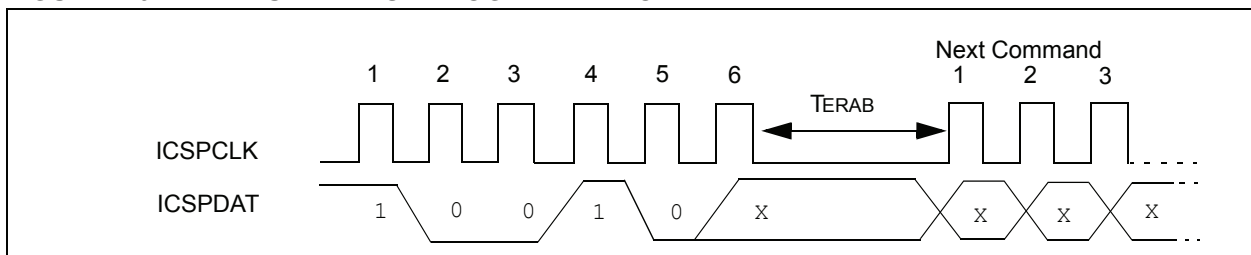
- Program Memory is erased
- Configuration Words are erased
- User ID Locations are erased

A Bulk Erase Program Memory command should not be issued when the address is greater than 8008h.

After receiving the Bulk Erase Program Memory command the erase will not complete until the time interval, TERAB, has expired.

Note: The code protection Configuration bit (CP) has no effect on the Bulk Erase Program Memory command.

FIGURE 4-9: BULK ERASE PROGRAM MEMORY



5.0 PROGRAMMING ALGORITHMS

The devices use internal latches to temporarily store the 14-bit words used for programming. Refer to [Table 4-2](#) for specific latch information. The data latches allow the user to write the program words with a single Begin Externally Timed Programming or Begin Internally Timed Programming command. The Load Program Data or the Load Configuration command is used to load a single data latch. The data latch will hold the data until the Begin Externally Timed Programming or Begin Internally Timed Programming command is given.

The data latches are aligned with the LSbs of the address. The PC's address at the time the Begin Externally Timed Programming or Begin Internally Timed Programming command is given will determine which location(s) in memory are written. Writes cannot cross the physical boundary. For example, with the PIC16F1527, attempting to write from address 0002h-0009h will result in data being written to 0008h-000Fh.

If more than the maximum number of data latches are written without a Begin Externally Timed Programming or Begin Internally Timed Programming command, the data in the data latches will be overwritten. The following figures show the recommended flowcharts for programming.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

FIGURE 5-3: ONE-WORD PROGRAM CYCLE

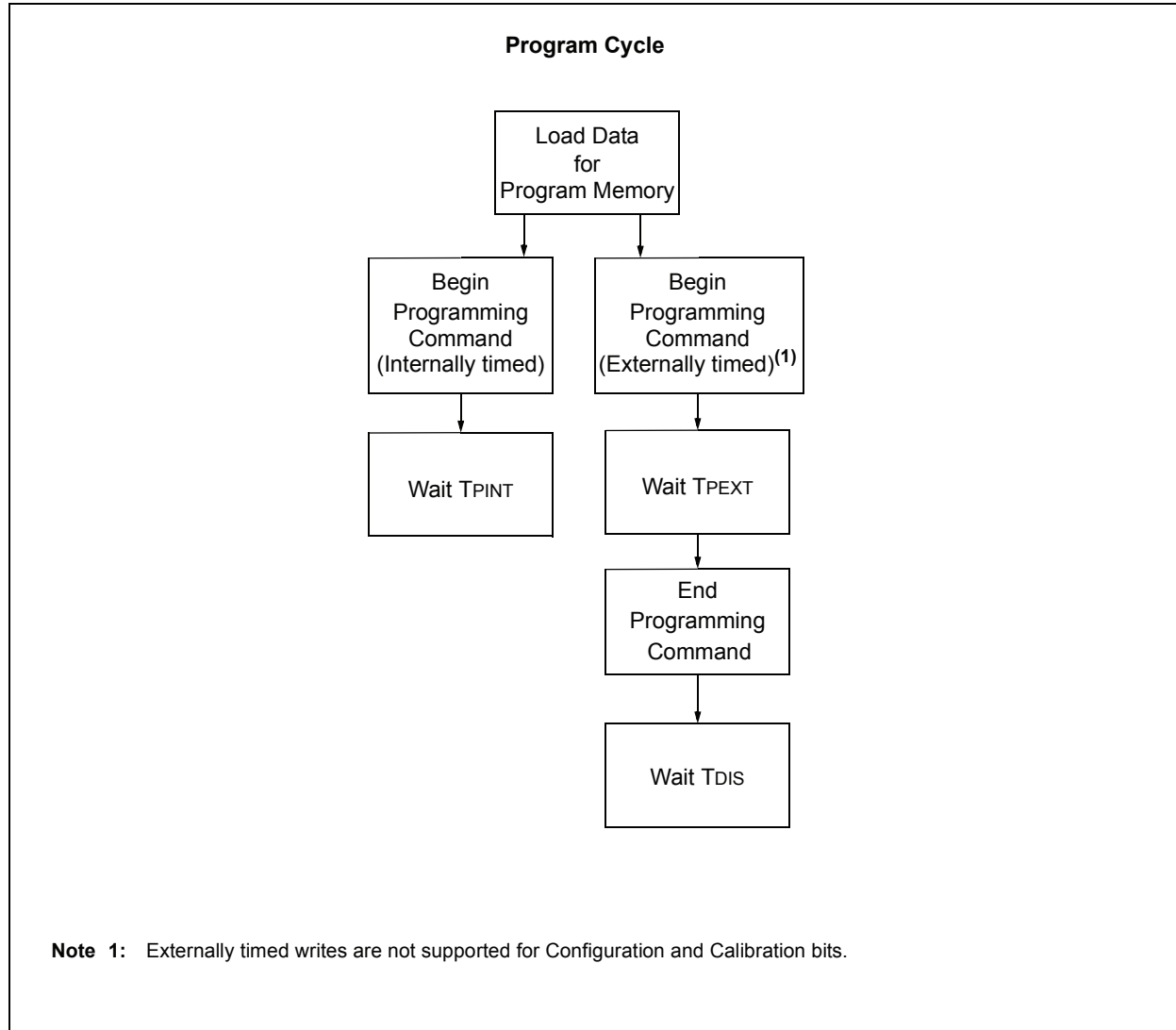


FIGURE 5-4: MULTIPLE-WORD PROGRAM CYCLE

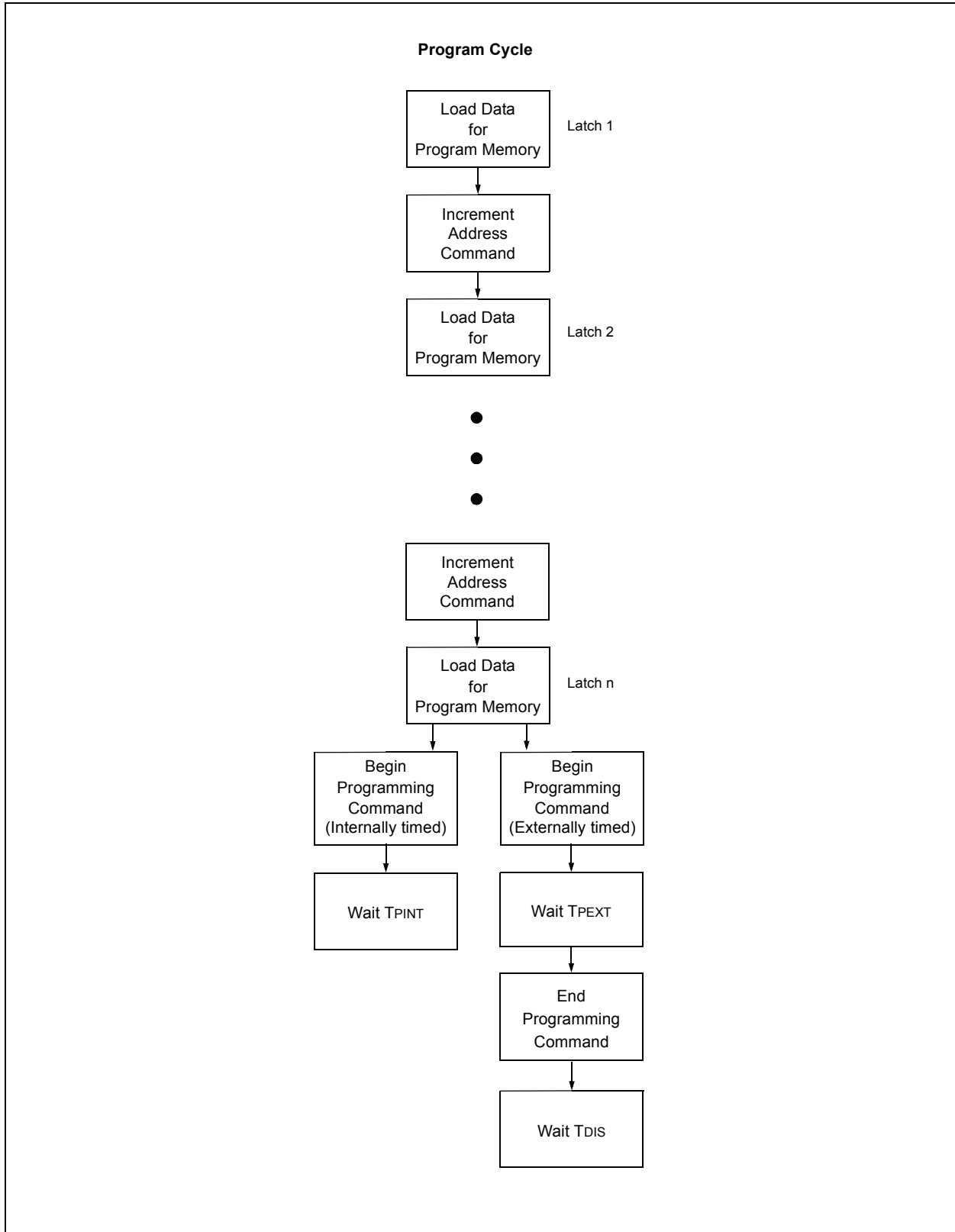
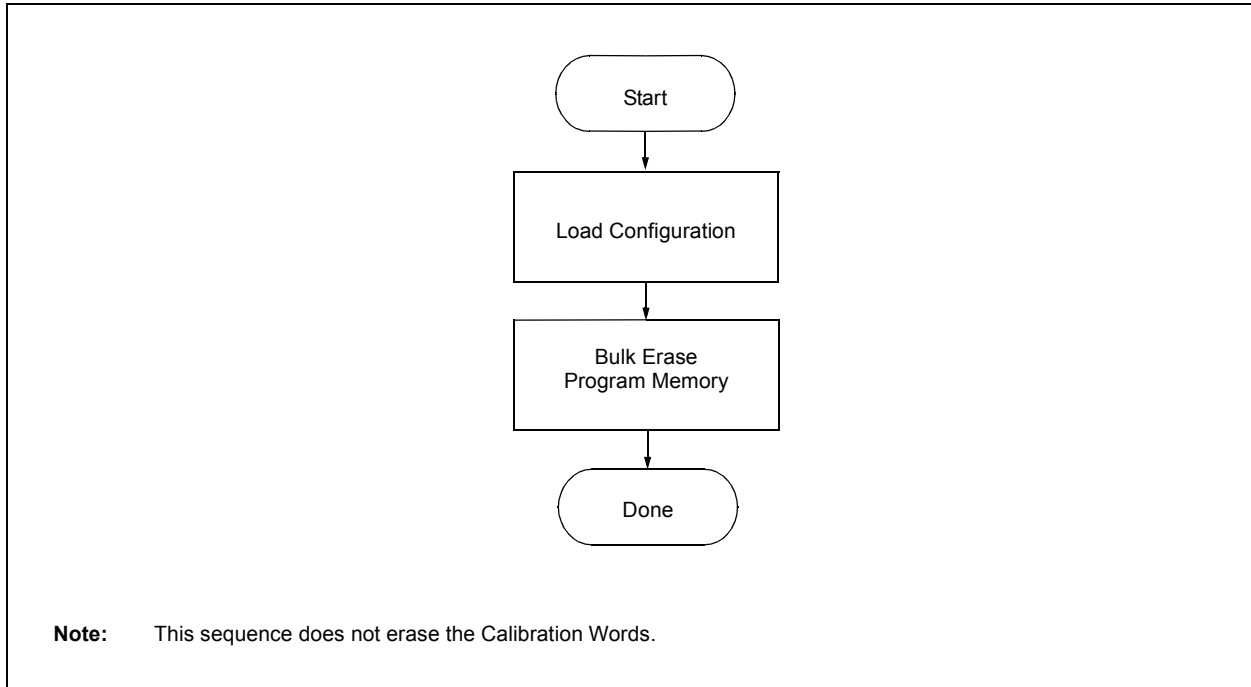


FIGURE 5-6: ERASE FLOWCHART



7.3 Checksum Computation

The checksum is calculated by two different methods dependent on the setting of the \overline{CP} Configuration bit.

TABLE 7-1: CONFIGURATION WORD MASK VALUES

Device	Config. Word 1 Mask	Config. Word 2 Mask
PIC16F1512	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1513	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1516	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1517	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1518	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1519	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16LF1512	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1513	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1516	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1517	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1518	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1519	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16F1526	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16F1527	3EFFh	3E13h
PIC16LF1526	3EFFh	3E03h
PIC16LF1527	3EFFh	3E03h

7.3.1 PROGRAM CODE PROTECTION DISABLED

With the program code protection disabled, the checksum is computed by reading the contents of the PIC16(L)F151X/152X program memory locations and adding up the program memory data starting at address 0000h, up to the maximum user addressable location. Any Carry bit exceeding 16 bits are ignored. Additionally, the relevant bits of the Configuration Words are added to the checksum. All unimplemented Configuration bits are masked to '0'.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

EXAMPLE 7-4: CHECKSUM COMPUTED WITH PROGRAM CODE PROTECTION ENABLED PIC16LF1527, 00AAh AT FIRST AND LAST ADDRESS

PIC16LF1527	Configuration Word 1 ⁽²⁾	3F7Fh
	Configuration Word 1 mask ⁽³⁾	3EFFh
	Configuration Word 2 ⁽²⁾	3FFFh
	Configuration Word 2 mask ^{(3), (5)}	3E03h
	User ID (8000h) ⁽¹⁾	000Eh
	User ID (8001h) ⁽¹⁾	0008h
	User ID (8002h) ⁽¹⁾	0005h
	User ID (8003h) ⁽¹⁾	0008h
	Sum of User IDs ⁽⁴⁾	= (000Eh and 000Fh) << 12 + (0008h and 000Fh) << 8 + (0005h and 000Fh) << 4 + (0008h and 000Fh) = E000h + 0800h + 0050h + 0008h = E858h
	Checksum	= (3F7Fh and 3EFFh) + (3FFFh and 3E03h) + Sum of User IDs = 3E7Fh + 3E03h + E858h = 64DAh

- Note 1:** User ID values in this example are random values.
- 2:** Configuration Word 1 and 2 = all bits are '1' except the code-protect enable bit.
- 3:** Configuration Word 1 and 2 Mask = all Configuration Word bits are set to '1', except for unimplemented bits which read '0'.
- 4:** << = shift left, thus the LSb of the first user ID value is the MSb of the sum of user IDs and so on, until the LSb of the last user ID value becomes the LSb of the sum of user IDs.
- 5:** On the PIC16LF1527 device, the VCAPEN bit is not implemented in Configuration Word 2; thus, all unimplemented bits are '0'.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

8.0 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Refer to device specific data sheet for absolute maximum ratings.

TABLE 8-1: AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS TIMING REQUIREMENTS FOR PROGRAM/VERIFY MODE

AC/DC CHARACTERISTICS			Standard Operating Conditions Production tested at 25°C				
Sym.	Characteristics	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions/Comments	
Supply Voltages and Currents							
VDD	Supply Voltage (VDDMIN, VDDMAX)	PIC16F151X	2.3	—	5.5	V	
		PIC16F152X	1.8	—	3.6	V	
VPEW	Read/Write and Row Erase operations	VDDMIN	—	VDDMAX	V		
VPBE	Bulk Erase operations	2.7	—	VDDMAX	V		
IDDI	Current on VDD, Idle	—	—	1.0	mA		
IDDP	Current on VDD, Programming	—	—	3.0	mA		
VPP							
IPP	Current on MCLR/VPP	—	—	600	μA		
VIHH	High voltage on MCLR/VPP for Program/Verify mode entry	8.0	—	9.0	V		
TVHHR	MCLR rise time (VIL to VIHH) for Program/Verify mode entry	—	—	1.0	μs		
I/O pins							
VIH	(ICSPCLK, ICSPDAT, MCLR/VPP) input high level	0.8 VDD	—	—	V		
VIL	(ICSPCLK, ICSPDAT, MCLR/VPP) input low level	—	—	0.2 VDD	V		
VOH	ICSPDAT output high level	VDD-0.7 VDD-0.7 VDD-0.7	—	—	V	IOH = 3.5 mA, VDD = 5V IOH = 3 mA, VDD = 3.3V IOH = 2 mA, VDD = 1.8V	
VOL	ICSPDAT output low level	—	—	VSS+0.6 VSS+0.6 VSS+0.6	V	IOH = 8 mA, VDD = 5V IOH = 6 mA, VDD = 3.3V IOH = 3 mA, VDD = 1.8V	
Programming Mode Entry and Exit							
TENTS	Programing mode entry setup time: ICSPCLK, ICSPDAT setup time before VDD or MCLR↑	100	—	—	ns		
TENTH	Programing mode entry hold time: ICSPCLK, ICSPDAT hold time after VDD or MCLR↑	250	—	—	μs		
Serial Program/Verify							
TCKL	Clock Low Pulse Width	100	—	—	ns		
TCKH	Clock High Pulse Width	100	—	—	ns		
Tds	Data in setup time before clock↓	100	—	—	ns		
TDH	Data in hold time after clock↓	100	—	—	ns		
TCO	Clock↑ to data out valid (during a Read Data command)	0	—	80	ns		
TLZD	Clock↓ to data low-impedance (during a Read Data command)	0	—	80	ns		
THZD	Clock↓ to data high-impedance (during a Read Data command)	0	—	80	ns		
TDLY	Data input not driven to next clock input (delay required between command/data or command/command)	1.0	—	—	μs		
TERAB	Bulk Erase cycle time	—	—	5	ms		
TERAR	Row Erase cycle time	—	—	2.5	ms		

Note 1: Externally timed writes are not supported for Configuration and Calibration bits.

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision A (08/2010)

Original release of this document.

Revision B (09/2011)

Added PIC16(L)F1512/1513 devices; Added new Figures 3-1 and 3-2; Updated Registers 3-1, 3-2 and 3-3 to new format; Updated Register 3-3 to add 2 kW and 4 kW Flash memory; Added Notes to Examples 7-1 to 7-4; Updated Table 8-1; Other minor corrections.

PIC16(L)F151X/152X

NOTES: