



Welcome to [E-XFL.COM](#)

What is "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"?

"[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)" refer to small, integrated circuits designed to perform specific tasks within larger systems. These microcontrollers are essentially compact computers on a single chip, containing a processor core, memory, and programmable input/output peripherals. They are called "embedded" because they are embedded within electronic devices to control various functions, rather than serving as standalone computers. Microcontrollers are crucial in modern electronics, providing the intelligence and control needed for a wide range of applications.

Applications of "[Embedded - Microcontrollers](#)"

Details

Product Status	Discontinued at Digi-Key
Core Processor	ARM® Cortex®-M0+
Core Size	32-Bit Single-Core
Speed	25MHz
Connectivity	I ² C, IrDA, SmartCard, SPI, UART/USART, USB
Peripherals	Brown-out Detect/Reset, DMA, I ² S, POR, PWM, WDT
Number of I/O	35
Program Memory Size	64KB (64K x 8)
Program Memory Type	FLASH
EEPROM Size	-
RAM Size	8K x 8
Voltage - Supply (Vcc/Vdd)	1.98V ~ 3.8V
Data Converters	A/D 4x12b
Oscillator Type	Internal
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C (TA)
Mounting Type	Surface Mount
Package / Case	48-TQFP
Supplier Device Package	48-TQFP (7x7)
Purchase URL	https://www.e-xfl.com/product-detail/silicon-labs/efm32hg321f64g-b-qfp48r

Figure 3.7. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 21 MHz

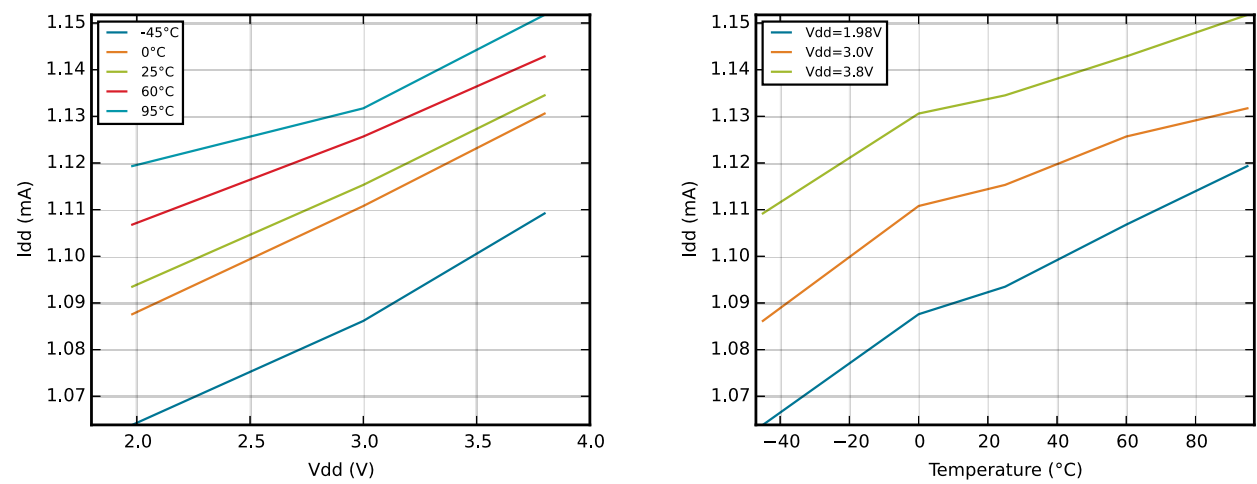
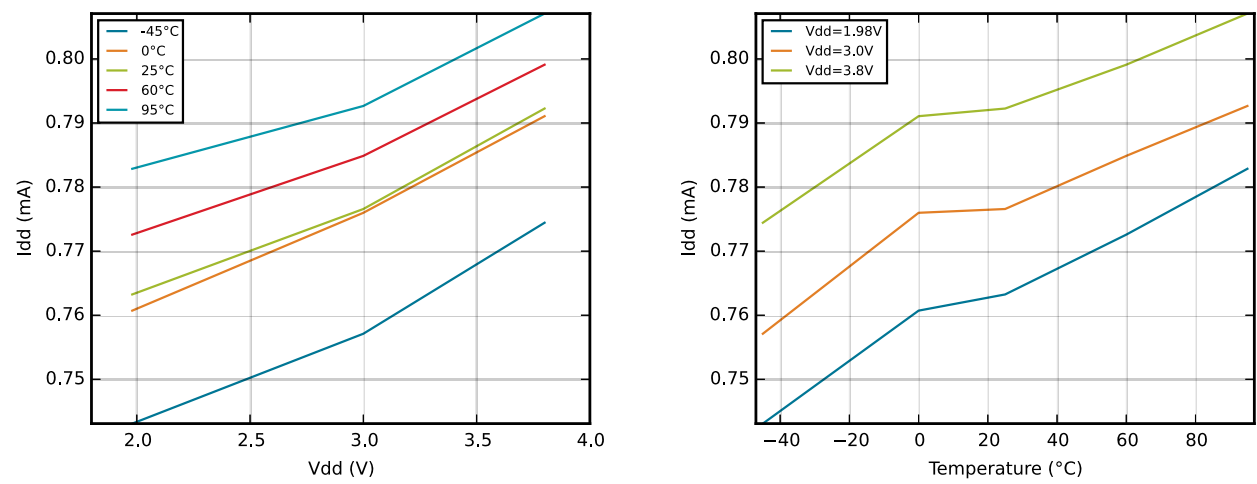
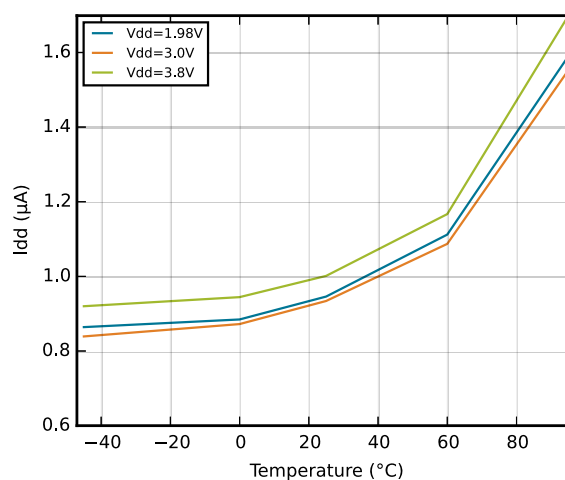
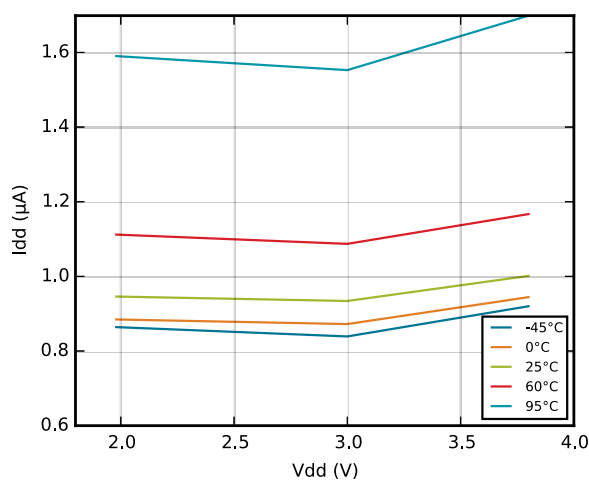


Figure 3.8. EM1 Current consumption with all peripheral clocks disabled and HFRCO running at 14 MHz



3.4.3 EM2 Current Consumption

Figure 3.11. EM2 current consumption. RTC prescaled to 1kHz, 32.768 kHz LFRCO.



3.4.4 EM3 Current Consumption

Figure 3.12. EM3 current consumption.

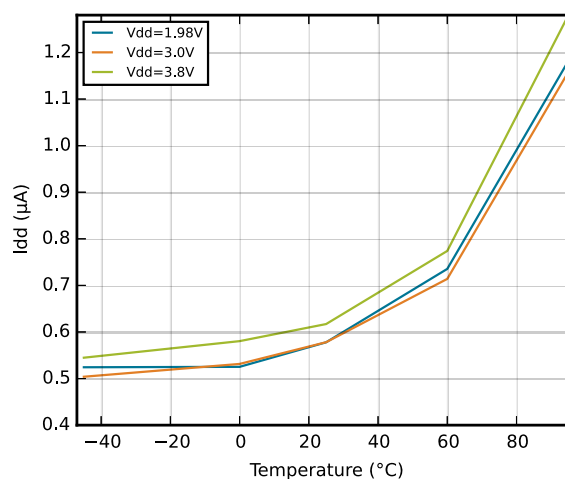
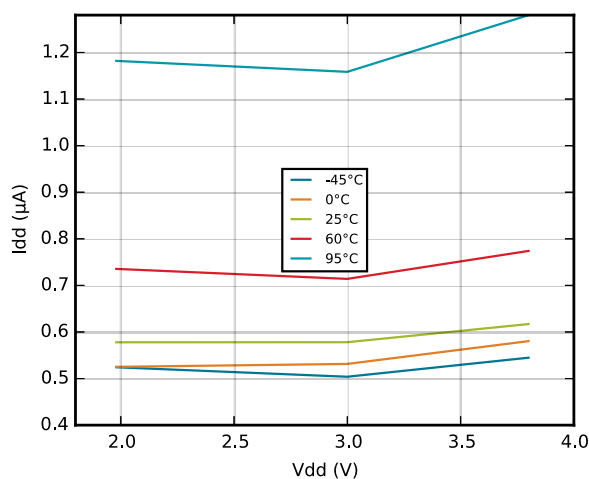


Table 3.5. Power Management

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{BODextthr-}	BOD threshold on falling external supply voltage	EM0	1.74		1.96	V
		EM2	1.71	1.86	1.98	V
V _{BODextthr+}	BOD threshold on rising external supply voltage			1.85		V
t _{RESET}	Delay from reset is released until program execution starts	Applies to Power-on Reset, Brown-out Reset and pin reset.		163		μs
C _{DECOUPLE}	Voltage regulator decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between DECOUPLE pin and GROUND		1		μF
C _{USB_VREGO}	USB voltage regulator out decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between USB_VREGO pin and GROUND		1		μF
C _{USB_VREGI}	USB voltage regulator in decoupling capacitor.	X5R capacitor recommended. Apply between USB_VREGI pin and GROUND		4.7		μF

3.7 Flash

Table 3.6. Flash

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
EC _{FLASH}	Flash erase cycles before failure		20000			cycles
RET _{FLASH}	Flash data retention	T _{AMB} <150°C	10000			h
		T _{AMB} <85°C	10			years
		T _{AMB} <70°C	20			years
t _{W_PROG}	Word (32-bit) programming time		20			μs
t _{P_ERASE}	Page erase time		20	20.4	20.8	ms
t _{D_ERASE}	Device erase time		40	40.8	41.6	ms
I _{ERASE}	Erase current				7 ¹	mA
I _{WRITE}	Write current				7 ¹	mA
V _{FLASH}	Supply voltage during flash erase and write		1.98		3.8	V

¹Measured at 25°C

3.8 General Purpose Input Output

Table 3.7. GPIO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{IOIL}	Input low voltage				0.30V _{DD}	V
V _{IOIH}	Input high voltage		0.70V _{DD}			V

3.9 Oscillators

3.9.1 LFXO

Table 3.8. LFXO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFXO}	Supported nominal crystal frequency			32.768		kHz
ESR_{LFXO}	Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)			30	120	kOhm
C_{LFXOL}	Supported crystal external load range		5		25	pF
I_{LFXO}	Current consumption for core and buffer after startup.	ESR=30 kOhm, C_L =10 pF, LFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL is 1		190		nA
t_{LFXO}	Start- up time.	ESR=30 kOhm, C_L =10 pF, 40% - 60% duty cycle has been reached, LFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL is 1		1100		ms

For safe startup of a given crystal, the Configurator tool in Simplicity Studio contains a tool to help users configure both load capacitance and software settings for using the LFXO. For details regarding the crystal configuration, the reader is referred to application note "AN0016 EFM32 Oscillator Design Consideration".

3.9.2 HFXO

Table 3.9. HFXO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{HFXO}	Supported frequency, any mode		4		25	MHz
ESR_{HFXO}	Supported crystal equivalent series resistance (ESR)	Crystal frequency 25 MHz		30	100	Ohm
		Crystal frequency 4 MHz		400	1500	Ohm
g_{mHFXO}	The transconductance of the HFXO input transistor at crystal startup	HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11	20			mS
C_{HFXOL}	Supported crystal external load range		5		25	pF
I_{HFXO}	Current consumption for HFXO after startup	4 MHz: ESR=400 Ohm, C_L =20 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		85		μ A
		25 MHz: ESR=30 Ohm, C_L =10 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		165		μ A
t_{HFXO}	Startup time	25 MHz: ESR=30 Ohm, C_L =10 pF, HFXOBOOST in CMU_CTRL equals 0b11		785		μ s

3.9.3 LFRCO

Table 3.10. LFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{LFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$		31.3	32.768	34.3	kHz
t_{LFRCO}	Startup time not including software calibration			150		μs
I_{LFRCO}	Current consumption			361	492	nA
TUNESTEP _{LFRCO}	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value			202		Hz

Figure 3.20. Calibrated LFRCO Frequency vs Temperature and Supply Voltage

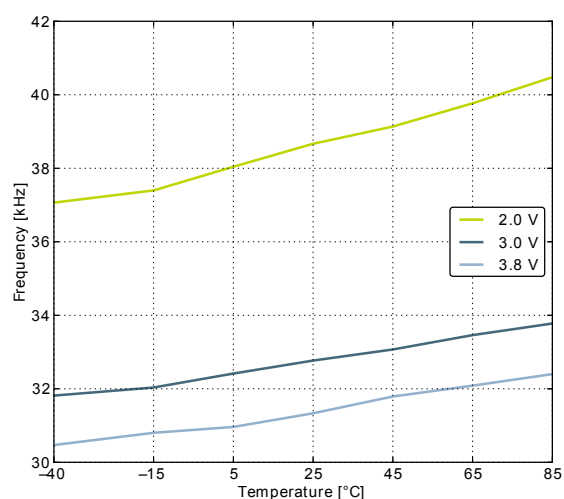
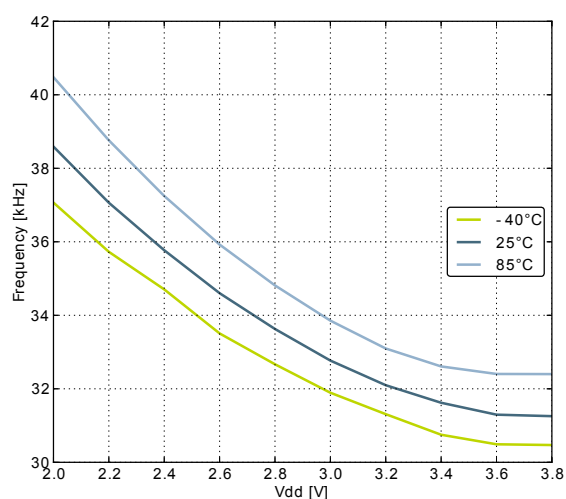
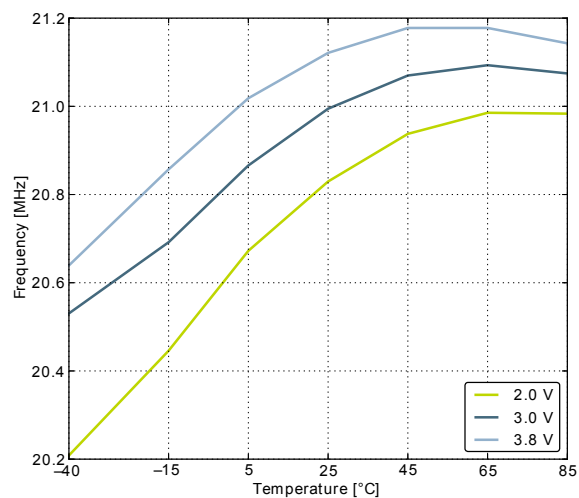
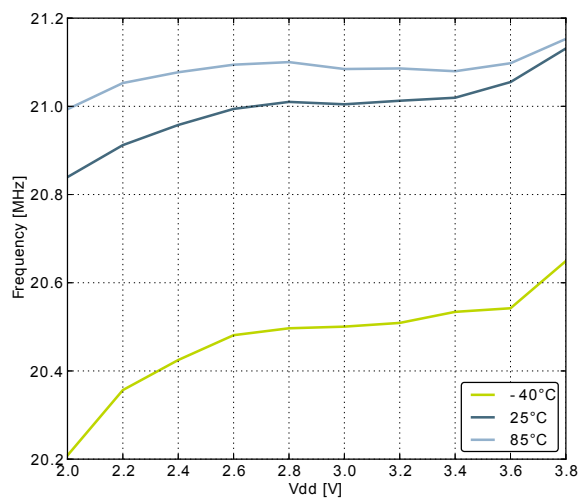


Figure 3.25. Calibrated HFRCO 21 MHz Band Frequency vs Supply Voltage and Temperature

3.9.5 AUXHFRCO

Table 3.12. AUXHFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{AUXHFRCO}	Oscillation frequency, $V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_{\text{AMB}} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	21 MHz frequency band	20.37	21.0	21.63	MHz
		14 MHz frequency band	13.58	14.0	14.42	MHz
		11 MHz frequency band	10.67	11.0	11.33	MHz
		7 MHz frequency band	6.40	6.60	6.80	MHz
		1 MHz frequency band	1.15	1.20	1.25	MHz
$t_{\text{AUXHFRCO_settling}}$	Settling time after start-up	$f_{\text{AUXHFRCO}} = 14 \text{ MHz}$		0.6		Cycles
$\text{TUNESTEP}_{\text{AUXHFRCO}}$	Frequency step for LSB change in TUNING value	21 MHz frequency band		52.8		kHz
		14 MHz frequency band		36.9		kHz
		11 MHz frequency band		30.1		kHz
		7 MHz frequency band		18.0		kHz
		1 MHz frequency band		3.4		kHz

3.9.6 USHFRCO

Table 3.13. USHFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{USHFRCO}	Oscillation frequency	No Clock Recovery, Full Temperature and Supply Range, 48 MHz band	47.10	48.00	48.90	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, Full Temperature and Supply Range, 24 MHz band	23.73	24.00	24.32	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, 25°C, 3.3V, 48 MHz band	47.50	48.00	48.50	MHz
		No Clock Recovery, 25°C, 3.3V, 24 MHz band	23.86	24.00	24.16	MHz
		USB Active with Clock Recovery, Full Temperature and Supply Range	47.88	48.00	48.12	MHz
TC_{USHFRCO}	Temperature coefficient	3.3V		0.0175		%/°C
VC_{USHFRCO}	Supply voltage coefficient	25°C		0.0045		%/V
I_{USHFRCO}	Current consumption	$f_{\text{USHFRCO}} = 48 \text{ MHz}$	1.21	1.36	1.48	mA
		$f_{\text{USHFRCO}} = 24 \text{ MHz}$	0.81	0.92	1.02	mA

3.9.7 ULFRCO

Table 3.14. ULFRCO

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
f_{ULFRCO}	Oscillation frequency	25°C, 3V	0.70		1.75	kHz
TC_{ULFRCO}	Temperature coefficient			0.05		%/°C
VC_{ULFRCO}	Supply voltage coefficient			-18.2		%/V

3.10 Analog Digital Converter (ADC)

Table 3.15. ADC

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_{ADCIN}	Input voltage range	Single ended	0		V_{REF}	V
		Differential	$-V_{\text{REF}}/2$		$V_{\text{REF}}/2$	V
V_{ADCREFIN}	Input range of external reference voltage, single ended and differential		1.25		V_{DD}	V
$V_{\text{ADCREFIN_CH7}}$	Input range of external negative reference voltage on channel 7	See V_{ADCREFIN}	0		$V_{\text{DD}} - 1.1$	V

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 1.25V reference		75		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, internal 2.5V reference		75		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, single ended, V_{DD} reference		76		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 1.25V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, internal 2.5V reference		79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, 5V reference		78		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, V_{DD} reference	68	79		dBc
		200 kSamples/s, 12 bit, differential, $2xV_{DD}$ reference		79		dBc
$V_{ADCOFFSET}$	Offset voltage	After calibration, single ended	-4	0.3	4	mV
		After calibration, differential		0.3		mV
$TGRAD_{ADCTH}$	Thermometer output gradient			-1.92		mV/°C
				-6.3		ADC Codes/°C
DNL_{ADC}	Differential non-linearity (DNL)	$V_{DD} = 3.0$ V, external 2.5V reference	-1	± 0.7	4	LSB
INL_{ADC}	Integral non-linearity (INL), End point method			± 1.6	± 3	LSB
MC_{ADC}	No missing codes		11.999 ¹	12		bits
$VREF_{ADC}$	ADC Internal Voltage Reference	Internal 1.25V, $V_{DD} = 3V$, 25°C	1.248	1.254	1.262	V
		Internal 1.25V, Full temperature and supply range	1.188	1.254	1.302	V
		Internal 2.5V, $V_{DD} = 3V$, 25°C	2.492	2.506	2.520	V
		Internal 2.5V, Full temperature and supply range	2.402	2.506	2.600	V

¹On the average every ADC will have one missing code, most likely to appear around $2048 \pm n \cdot 512$ where n can be a value in the set {-3, -2, -1, 1, 2, 3}. There will be no missing code around 2048, and in spite of the missing code the ADC will be monotonic at all times so that a response to a slowly increasing input will always be a slowly increasing output. Around the one code that is missing, the neighbour codes will look wider in the DNL plot. The spectra will show spurs on the level of -78dBc for a full scale input for chips that have the missing code issue.

The integral non-linearity (INL) and differential non-linearity parameters are explained in Figure 3.26 (p. 37) and Figure 3.27 (p. 37) , respectively.

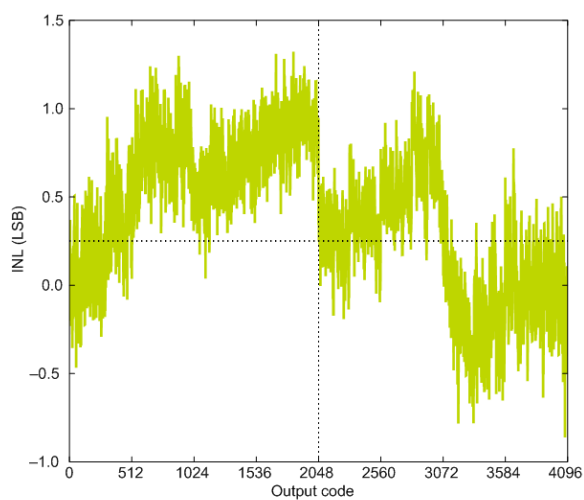
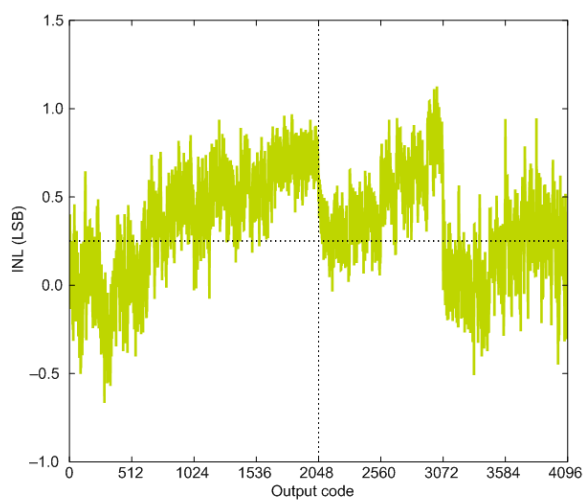
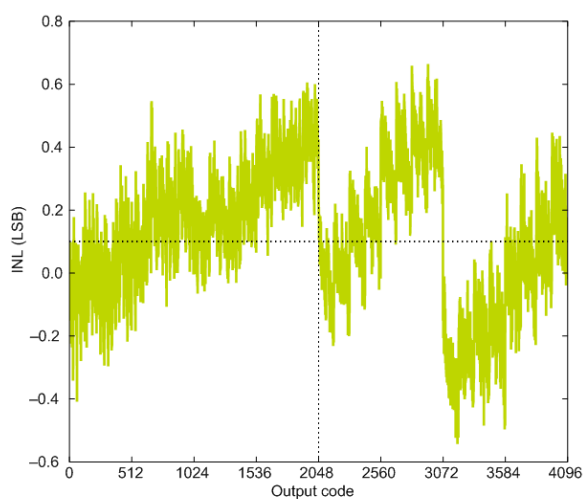
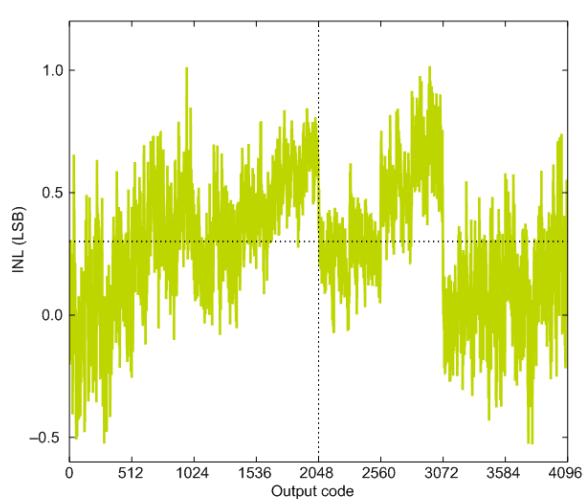
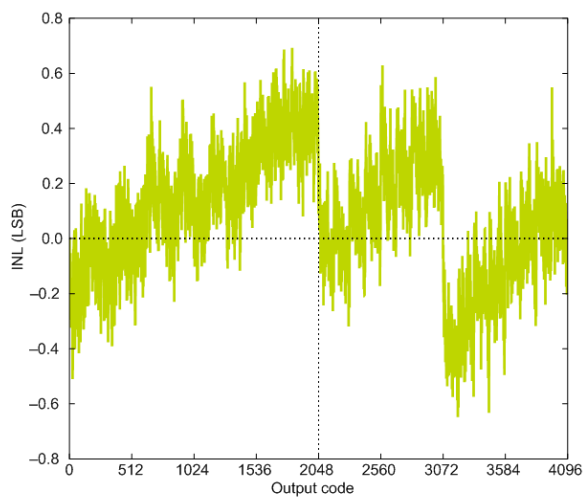
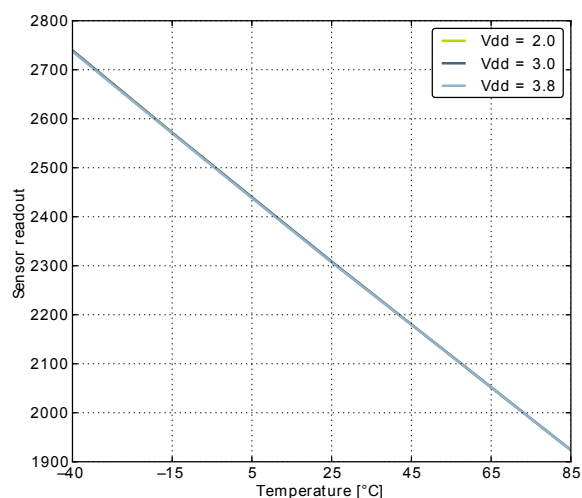
Figure 3.29. ADC Integral Linearity Error vs Code, Vdd = 3V, Temp = 25°C**1.25V Reference****2.5V Reference****2XVDDVSS Reference****5VDIFF Reference****VDD Reference**

Figure 3.33. ADC Temperature sensor readout

3.11 Current Digital Analog Converter (IDAC)

Table 3.16. IDAC Range 0 Source

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		13.0		μA
		Duty-cycled		10		nA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			0.85		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.05		μA
I_D	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{IDAC_OUT} = V_{DD} - 100mV$		0.79		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{DD} = 3.0V$, STEPSEL=0x10		0.3		nA/°C
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25\text{ }^{\circ}C$, STEPSEL=0x10		11.7		nA/V

Table 3.17. IDAC Range 0 Sink

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		15.1		μA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			0.85		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.05		μA
I_D	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{IDAC_OUT} = 200\text{ mV}$		0.30		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{DD} = 3.0\text{ V}$, STEPSEL=0x10		0.2		nA/°C
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25\text{ }^{\circ}C$, STEPSEL=0x10		12.5		nA/V

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			8.5		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			0.5		μA
I_{D}	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{\text{IDAC_OUT}} = 200 \text{ mV}$		0.62		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, STEPSEL=0x10		2.8		$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25^\circ\text{C}$, STEPSEL=0x10		94.4		nA/V

Table 3.22. IDAC Range 3 Source

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		18.7		μA
		Duty-cycled		10		nA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			33.9		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			2.0		μA
I_{D}	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{\text{IDAC_OUT}} = V_{\text{DD}} - 100 \text{ mV}$		3.54		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, STEPSEL=0x10		10.9		$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25^\circ\text{C}$, STEPSEL=0x10		159.5		nA/V

Table 3.23. IDAC Range 3 Sink

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I_{IDAC}	Active current with STEPSEL=0x10	EM0, default settings		62.5		μA
I_{0x10}	Nominal IDAC output current with STEPSEL=0x10			34.1		μA
I_{STEP}	Step size			2.0		μA
I_{D}	Current drop at high impedance load	$V_{\text{IDAC_OUT}} = 200 \text{ mV}$		1.75		%
TC_{IDAC}	Temperature coefficient	$V_{\text{DD}} = 3.0 \text{ V}$, STEPSEL=0x10		10.9		$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
VC_{IDAC}	Voltage coefficient	$T = 25^\circ\text{C}$, STEPSEL=0x10		148.6		nA/V

Table 3.24. IDAC

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
$t_{\text{IDACSTART}}$	Start-up time, from enabled to output settled		40		μs

Figure 3.35. IDAC Sink Current as a function of voltage from IDAC_OUT

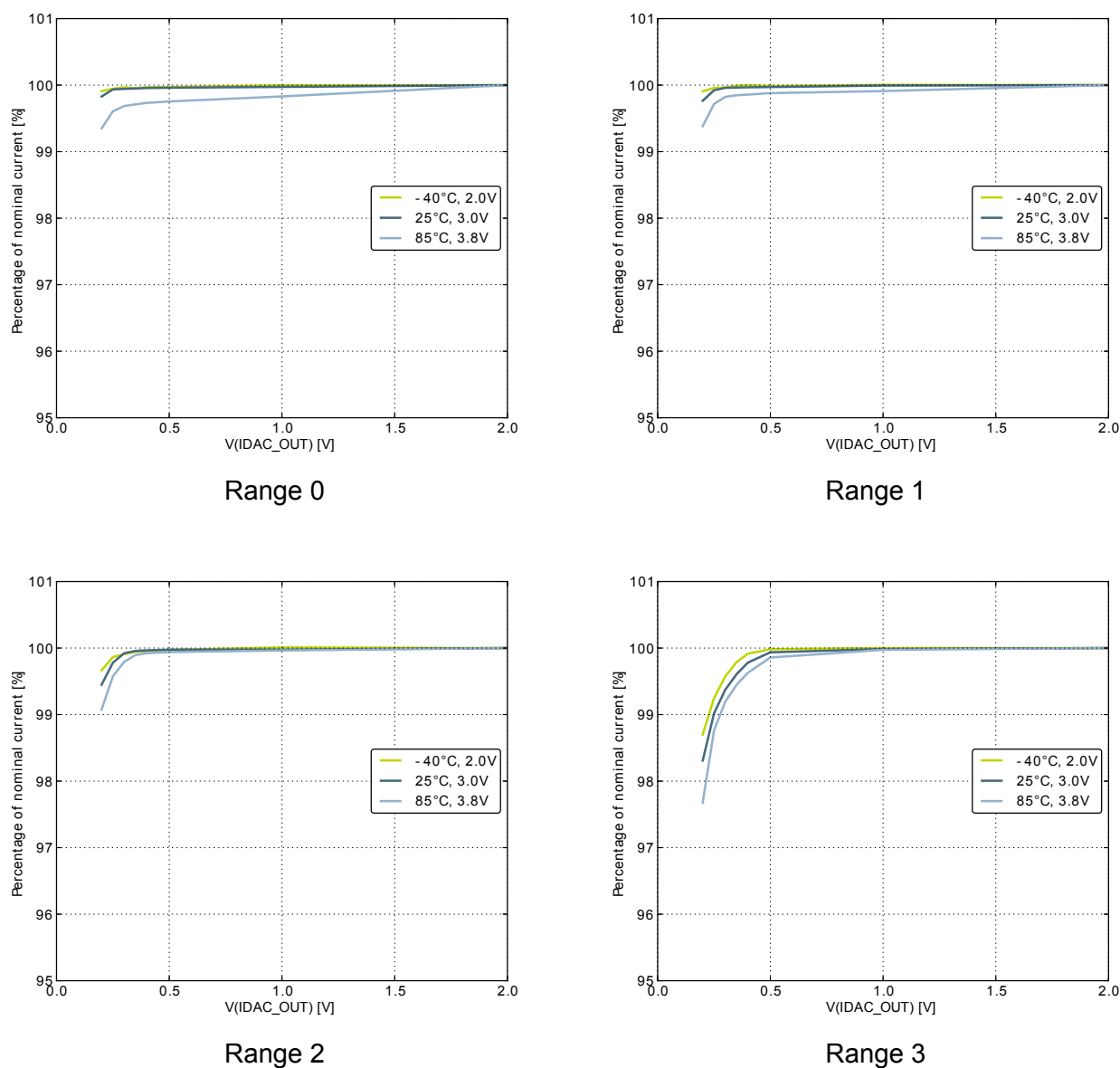


Figure 3.36. IDAC linearity

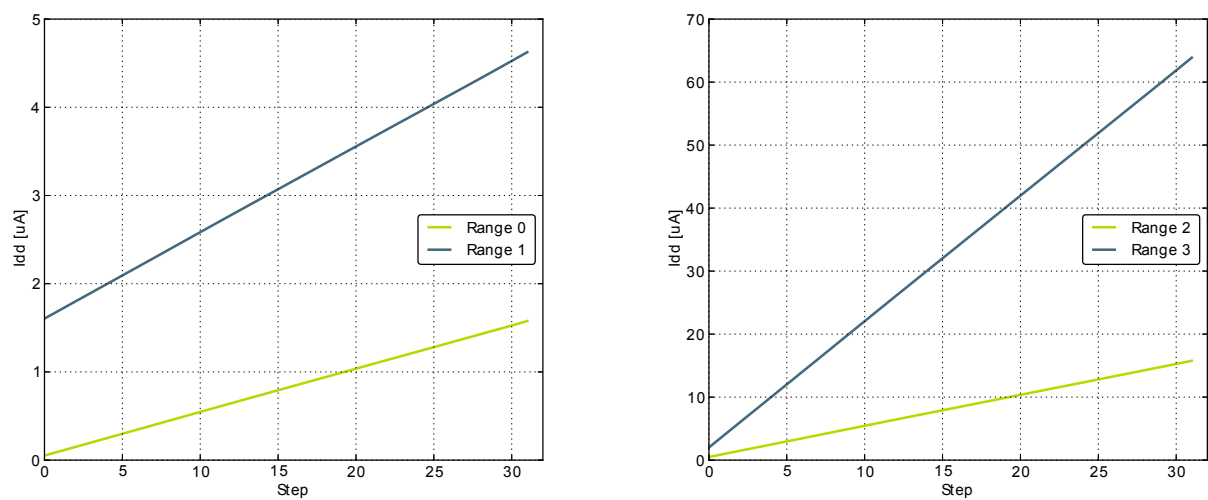
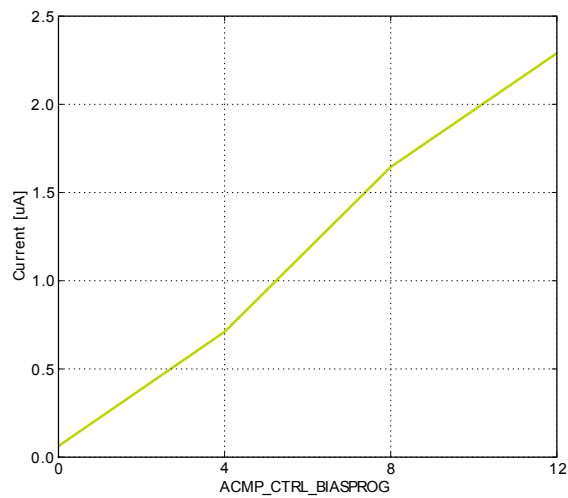
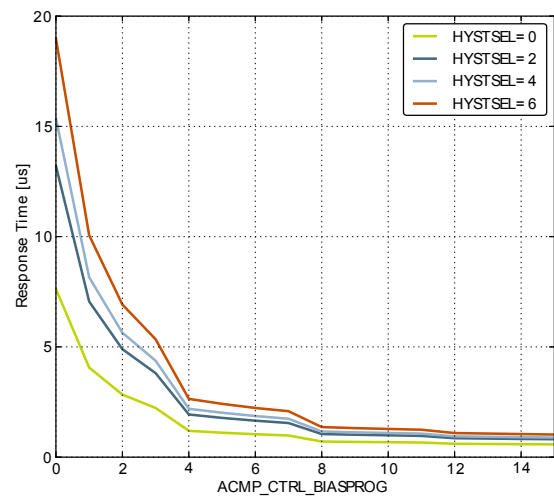


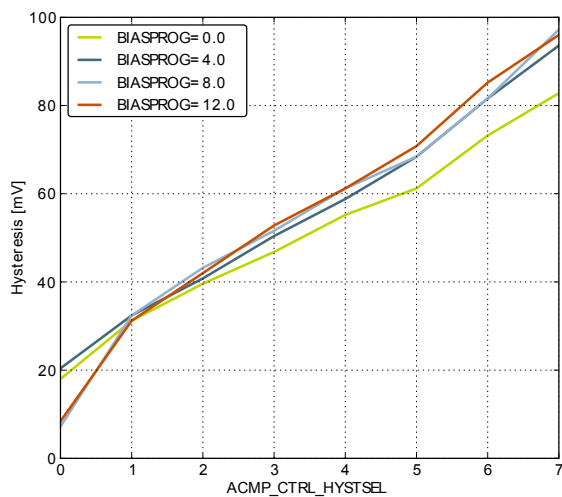
Figure 3.37. ACMP Characteristics, $V_{dd} = 3V$, Temp = 25°C, FULLBIAS = 0, HALFBIAS = 1



Current consumption, HYSTSEL = 4



Response time , $V_{cm} = 1.25V$, CP+ to CP- = 100mV



Hysteresis

3.16 Digital Peripherals

Table 3.31. Digital Peripherals

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
I _{USART}	USART current	USART idle current, clock enabled		7.5		μA/ MHz
I _{LEUART}	LEUART current	LEUART idle current, clock enabled		150		nA
I _{I2C}	I2C current	I2C idle current, clock enabled		6.25		μA/ MHz
I _{TIMER}	TIMER current	TIMER_0 idle current, clock enabled		8.75		μA/ MHz
I _{PCNT}	PCNT current	PCNT idle current, clock enabled		100		nA
I _{RTC}	RTC current	RTC idle current, clock enabled		100		nA
I _{GPIO}	GPIO current	GPIO idle current, clock enabled		5.31		μA/ MHz
I _{PRS}	PRS current	PRS idle current		2.81		μA/ MHz
I _{DMA}	DMA current	Clock enable		8.12		μA/ MHz

QFP48 Pin# and Name		Pin Alternate Functionality / Description			
Pin #	Pin Name	Analog	Timers	Communication	Other
3	PA2		TIM0_CC2 #0/1		CMU_CLK0 #0
4	IOVDD_0	Digital IO power supply 0.			
5	VSS	Ground.			
6	PC0	ACMP0_CH0	TIM0_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #2	US0_TX #5/6 US1_TX #0 US1_CS #5 I2C0_SDA #4	PRS_CH2 #0
7	PC1	ACMP0_CH1	TIM0_CC2 #4 PCNT0_S1IN #2	US0_RX #5/6 US1_TX #5 US1_RX #0 I2C0_SCL #4	PRS_CH3 #0
8	PC2	ACMP0_CH2	TIM0_CDTI0 #4	US1_RX #5	
9	PC3	ACMP0_CH3	TIM0_CDTI1 #4	US1_CLK #5	
10	PC4	ACMP0_CH4	TIM0_CDTI2 #4		GPIO_EM4WU6
11	PB7	LFXTAL_P	TIM1_CC0 #3	US0_TX #4 US1_CLK #0	
12	PB8	LFXTAL_N	TIM1_CC1 #3	US0_RX #4 US1_CS #0	
13	PA8		TIM2_CC0 #0		
14	PA9		TIM2_CC1 #0		
15	PA10		TIM2_CC2 #0		
16	RESETn	Reset input, active low. To apply an external reset source to this pin, it is required to only drive this pin low during reset, and let the internal pull-up ensure that reset is released.			
17	PB11	IDAC0_OUT	TIM1_CC2 #3 PCNT0_S1IN #4	US1_CLK #4	CMU_CLK1 #3 ACMP0_O #3
18	VSS	Ground.			
19	AVDD_1	Analog power supply 1.			
20	PB13	HFXTAL_P		US0_CLK #4/5 LEU0_TX #1	
21	PB14	HFXTAL_N		US0_CS #4/5 LEU0_RX #1	
22	IOVDD_3	Digital IO power supply 3.			
23	AVDD_0	Analog power supply 0.			
24	PD4	ADC0_CH4		LEU0_TX #0	
25	PD5	ADC0_CH5		LEU0_RX #0	
26	PD6	ADC0_CH6	TIM1_CC0 #4 PCNT0_S0IN #3	US1_RX #2/3 I2C0_SDA #1	ACMP0_O #2
27	PD7	ADC0_CH7	TIM1_CC1 #4 PCNT0_S1IN #3	US1_TX #2/3 I2C0_SCL #1	CMU_CLK0 #2
28	VDD_DREG	Power supply for on-chip voltage regulator.			
29	DECOUPLE	Decouple output for on-chip voltage regulator. An external capacitance of size C _{DECOUPLE} is required at this pin.			
30	PC8		TIM2_CC0 #2	US0_CS #2	
31	PC9		TIM2_CC1 #2	US0_CLK #2	GPIO_EM4WU2
32	PC10		TIM2_CC2 #2	US0_RX #2	
33	USB_VREGI				

Alternate	LOCATION							
Functionality	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	Description
TIM0_CC2	PA2	PA2			PC1	PF2	PF2	Timer 0 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM0_CDTI0					PC2	PF3		Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 0.
TIM0_CDTI1		PC14			PC3	PF4	PC14	Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 1.
TIM0_CDTI2		PC15			PC4	PF5	PC15	Timer 0 Complimentary Deat Time Insertion channel 2.
TIM1_CC0		PE10		PB7	PD6			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM1_CC1	PC14	PE11		PB8	PD7			Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM1_CC2	PC15	PE12		PB11				Timer 1 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
TIM2_CC0	PA8		PC8	PF2				Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 0.
TIM2_CC1	PA9		PC9	PE12				Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 1.
TIM2_CC2	PA10		PC10	PE13				Timer 2 Capture Compare input / output channel 2.
US0_CLK	PE12		PC9	PC15	PB13	PB13	PE12	USART0 clock input / output.
US0_CS	PE13		PC8	PC14	PB14	PB14	PE13	USART0 chip select input / output.
US0_RX	PE11		PC10	PE12	PB8	PC1	PC1	USART0 Asynchronous Receive. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US0_TX	PE10			PE13	PB7	PC0	PC0	USART0 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART0 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
US1_CLK	PB7		PF0	PC15	PB11	PC3		USART1 clock input / output.
US1_CS	PB8		PF1	PC14	PC14	PC0		USART1 chip select input / output.
US1_RX	PC1		PD6	PD6	PA0	PC2		USART1 Asynchronous Receive. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Input / Slave Output (MISO).
US1_TX	PC0		PD7	PD7	PF2	PC1		USART1 Asynchronous Transmit. Also used as receive input in half duplex communication. USART1 Synchronous mode Master Output / Slave Input (MOSI).
USB_DM	PC14							USB D- pin.
USB_DMPU	PA0							USB D- Pullup control.
USB_DP	PC15							USB D+ pin.
USB_VREGI	USB_VREGI							USB Input to internal 3.3 V regulator
USB_VREGO	USB_VREGO							USB Decoupling for internal 3.3 V USB regulator and regulator output

4.3 GPIO Pinout Overview

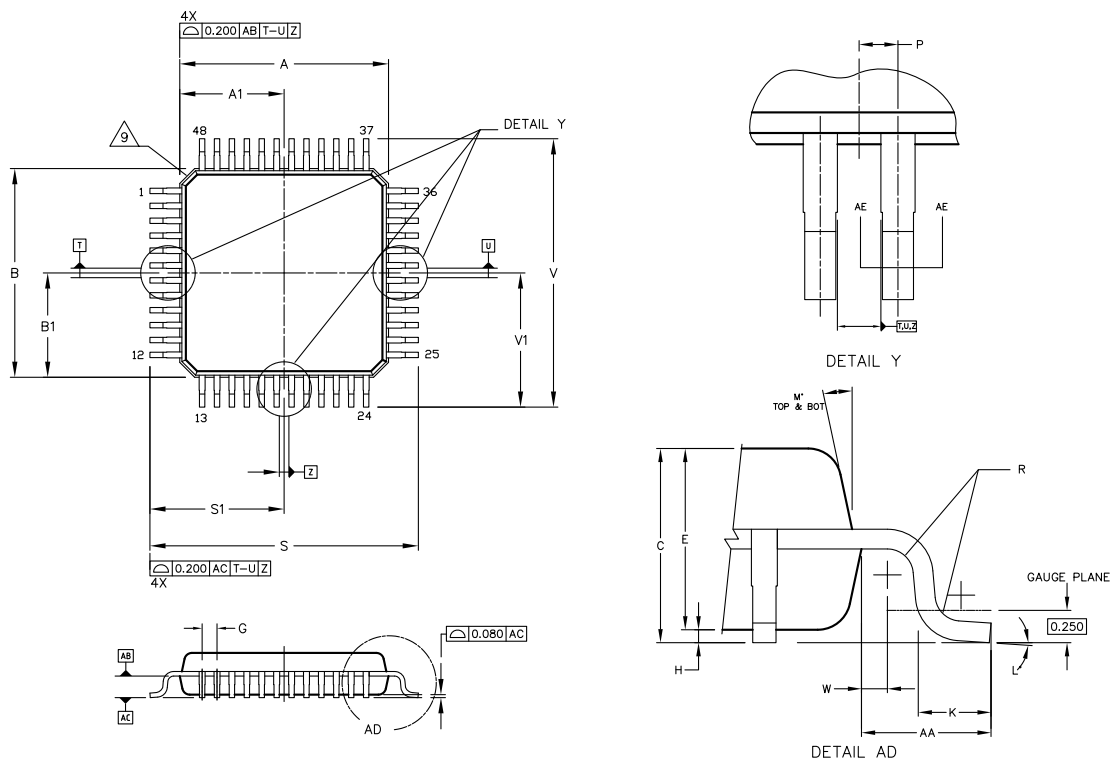
The specific GPIO pins available in *EFM32HG321* is shown in Table 4.3 (p. 57) . Each GPIO port is organized as 16-bit ports indicated by letters A through F, and the individual pin on this port is indicated by a number from 15 down to 0.

Table 4.3. GPIO Pinout

Port	Pin 15	Pin 14	Pin 13	Pin 12	Pin 11	Pin 10	Pin 9	Pin 8	Pin 7	Pin 6	Pin 5	Pin 4	Pin 3	Pin 2	Pin 1	Pin 0
Port A	-	-	-	-	-	PA10	PA9	PA8	-	-	-	-	-	PA2	PA1	PA0
Port B	-	PB14	PB13	-	PB11	-	-	PB8	PB7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port C	PC15	PC14	-	-	-	PC10	PC9	PC8	-	-	-	PC4	PC3	PC2	PC1	PC0
Port D	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PD7	PD6	PD5	PD4	-	-	-	-
Port E	-	-	PE13	PE12	PE11	PE10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Port F	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	PF5	PF4	PF3	PF2	PF1	PF0

4.4 TQFP48 Package

Figure 4.2. TQFP48



Rev: 98SP48097A_XO_30Mar11

Note:

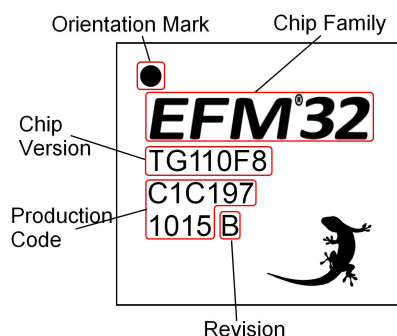
1. Dimensions and tolerance per ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. Control dimension: Millimeter.
3. Datum plane AB is located at bottom of lead and is coincident with the lead where the lead exists from the plastic body at the bottom of the parting line.
4. Datums T, U and Z to be determined at datum plane AB.
5. Dimensions S and V to be determined at seating plane AC.
6. Dimensions A and B do not include mold protrusion. Allowable protrusion is 0.250 per side. Dimensions A and B do include mold mismatch and are determined at datum AB.
7. Dimension D does not include dambar protrusion. Dambar protrusion shall not cause the D dimension to exceed 0.350.
8. Minimum solder plate thickness shall be 0.0076.

6 Chip Marking, Revision and Errata

6.1 Chip Marking

In the illustration below package fields and position are shown.

Figure 6.1. Example Chip Marking (top view)



6.2 Revision

The revision of a chip can be determined from the "Revision" field in Figure 6.1 (p. 62) .

6.3 Errata

Please see the errata document for EFM32HG321 for description and resolution of device erratas. This document is available in Simplicity Studio and online at:

<http://www.silabs.com/support/pages/document-library.aspx?p=MCUs--32-bit>

7 Revision History

7.1 Revision 1.00

December 4th, 2015

Updated all specs with results of full characterization.

Updated part number to revision B.

Added the USB electrical specifications table.

7.2 Revision 0.91

May 6th, 2015

Updated current consumption table for energy modes.

Updated GPIO max leakage current.

Updated startup time for HFXO and LFXO.

Updated current consumption for HFRCO and LFRCO.

Updated ADC current consumption.

Updated IDAC characteristics tables.

Updated ACMP internal resistance.

Updated VCMP current consumption.

7.3 Revision 0.90

March 16th, 2015

Note

This datasheet revision applies to a product under development. It's characteristics and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Corrected EM2 current consumption condition in Electrical Characteristics section.

Updated GPIO electrical characteristics.

Updated Max ESR_{HFXO} value for Crystal Frequency of 25 MHz.

Updated LFRCO plots.

Updated HFRCO table and plots.

Updated ADC table and temp sensor plot.

Added DMA current in Digital Peripherals section.

Updated block diagram.

Corrected leadframe type to matte-Sn.

7.4 Revision 0.20

December 11th, 2014

Preliminary Release.